Programming Project 1: Uninformed Search

1. Your name and CSM Campus Wide ID (CWID).

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2. What programming language and its version are used for developing your source codes?

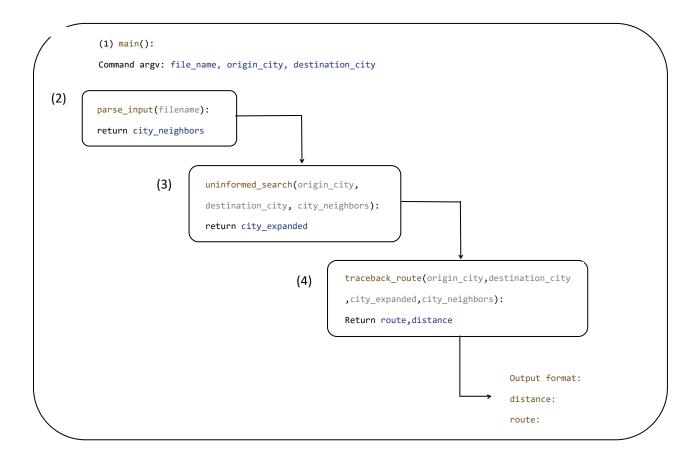
Programming language: Python Python version: Python 3.6

3. What OS and its version are used to compile and run the codes?

OS version: Window 11

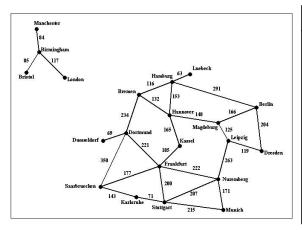
4. How the code is structured.

There are 4 functions in my code as below:



(1) main(): Parse Command argv: file_name, origin_city, destination_city

(2) **parse_input(filename):** Using a dictionary data structure named city_neighbors to store all the neighbors for each city. The key point is each city is the key of the dictionary, and the value of the dictionary is a data structure, which key is the city neighbor and the value is the cost between the two cities. The return of this function is a dictionary as below:



Dictionary: Key	Dictionary: Value	
City 1	Dictionary: Key (city neighbor)	Dictionary: Value (the cost between the two cities)
	City neighbor 1	Cost value 1
	City neighbor 2	Cost value 2
	City neighbor 3	Cost value 3
	City neighbor n	Cost value n

- (3) uninformed_search(origin_city, destination_city, city_neighbors): Using dictionary data structure to build the tree search framework named city_expanded. There are several steps in this procedure.
- Using Priority Queue pop the smallest value (the smallest path cost) in the queue.
- Using a dictionary data structure named city_expanded to build the search by loops of the key of the city_neighbors.
- Updating the cost value in the search path, and putting the path cost value into the Priority Queue.
- Do the steps above by a while loop until the Priority Queue is empty.
- (4) traceback_route(origin_city,destination_city,city_expanded,city_neighbors): Trace backing the search tree to find the shortest path from the origin_city to destination_city by a while loop in city_expanded and city_neighbors. The return of this function is the distance value and list of cities that build the shortest path.
- 5. How to run the code, including very specific compilation instructions, if compilation is needed. Instructions such as "compile using g++" are NOT considered specific.

Environment: Window 11 + Window 11 + Python 3.6

Compilation: No Need

There are three steps for execute the code:

• Step 1: locate to the project folder path

For Example: cd C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project

• Step 2: locate to the Python.exe path

For Example: C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe

Step 3: type the requested command

For Example: find_route.py input1.txt Bremen Luebeck



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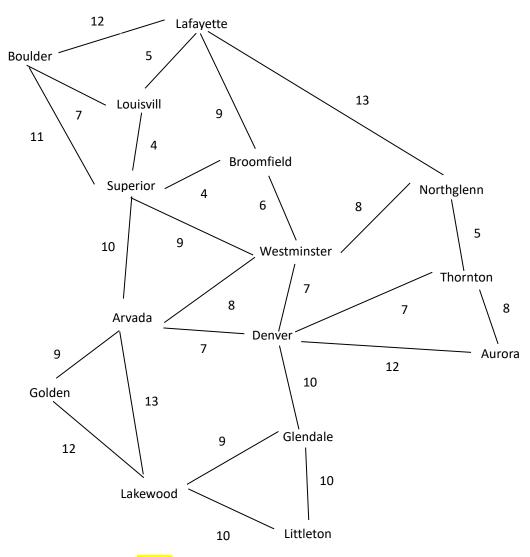
Design two sets of test cases as described below.

- A. 10 points: 5 test cases designed for using the provided map.
- B. 10 points: a new map file (visualization like the above figure is not required) and 5 test cases designed for using the new map.

A: 10 points: 5 test cases designed for using the provided map.

```
(1) find_route.py input1.txt Bremen Luebeck
 PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py input1.txt Bremen Luebeck
 distance: 179.0 km
 route:
 Bremen to Hamburg, 116.0 km
 Hamburg to Luebeck, 63.0 km
(2) find route.py input1.txt Bremen Berlin
distance: 407.0 km
route:
Bremen to Hamburg, 116.0 km
Hamburg to Berlin, 291.0 km
(3) find route.py input1.txt Hannover Munich
PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe | find_route.py input1.txt Hannover Munich
distance: 707.0 km
route:
 Hannover to Magdeburg, 148.0 km
Magdeburg to Leipzig, 125.0 km
Leipzig to Nuremberg, 263.0 km
Nuremberg to Munich, 171.0 km
(4) find route.py input1.txt Birmingham Duesseldorf
 PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py input1.txt Birmingham Duesseldorf
 distance: infinity km
 route:
 none
      find route.py input1.txt Karlsruhe Hamburg
PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py input1.txt Karlsruhe Hamburg
distance: 774.0 km
route:
Karlsruhe to Stuttgart, 71.0 km
Stuttgart to Frankfurt, 200.0 km
Frankfurt to Kassel, 185.0 km
Kassel to Hannover, 165.0 km
Hannover to Hamburg, 153.0 km
```

B:10 points: a new map file (visualization like the above figure is not required) and 5 test cases designed for using the new map.



(1) find route.py a.txt Boulder Golden

PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py a.txt Boulder Golden distance: 30.0 km

route:

Boulder to Superior, 11.0 km Superior to Arvada, 10.0 km Arvada to Golden, 9.0 km

(2) find route.py a.txt Superior Denver

PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py a.txt Superior Denver distance: 16.0 km

route: Superior to Westminster, 9.0 km Westminster to Denver, 7.0 km

(3) find_route.py a.txt Lafayette Littleton

PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py a.txt Lafayette Littleton distance: 42.0 km

route: Lafayette to Broomfield, 9.0 km Broomfield to Westminster, 6.0 km Westminster to Denver, 7.0 km Denver to Glendale, 10.0 km Glendale to Littleton, 10.0 km

(4) find_route.py a.txt Golden Aurora

PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py a.txt Golden Aurora

distance: 28.0 km route:

Golden to Arvada, 9.0 km Arvada to Denver, 7.0 km Denver to Aurora, 12.0 km

(5) find_route.py a.txt Arvada Thornton

PS C:\Users\41339\OneDrive\Desktop\CSCI404\project> C:\Software\Anaconda3\envs\python36\python.exe find_route.py a.txt Arvada Thornton

distance: 14.0 km route:

Arvada to Denver, 7.0 km Denver to Thornton, 7.0 km