## Project.01

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## Prj01 (L01)

A twin prime is a prime number that is either 2 less or 2 more than another prime number, see for details here: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Twin\_prime (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Twin\_prime)

- How many twin primes are bigger than one thousand but smaller than one million?
- What is the biggest twin prime you could find?

First, we creat a function to find primes.

```
is_primes <- function(n) {
  p = 2:n
  i = 1
  while (p[i] <= sqrt(n)) {
    p = p[p %% p[i] !=0 | p == p[i]]
    i = i+1
  }
  p
}</pre>
```

Then, we set up a new function based on the above one to find twin primes.

```
Twin_primes <- function(n) {
   if (n < 5) stop("Input value of n should be at least 5.")
   primes_less_than_N = is_primes(n)
   Twin_primes1 = primes_less_than_N[diff(primes_less_than_N) == 2]
   Twin_primes2 = Twin_primes1 + 2
   Twin_primes_set = data.frame(Twin_primes1 = Twin_primes1, Twin_primes2 = Twin_primes2)
   return(Twin_primes_set)
}</pre>
```

Hence, we can find how many pairs of twin primes between 1,000 to 1,000,000.

```
nrow(Twin_primes(1000000)) - nrow(Twin_primes(1000))
```

```
## [1] 8134
```

By listing the last five pairs of twin primes, we find the biggest one which are 999959 & 999961.

```
tail(Twin_primes(1000000))
```

##		Twin_primes1	Twin_primes2
##	8164	998651	998653
##	8165	998687	998689
##	8166	999329	999331
##	8167	999431	999433
##	8168	999611	999613
##	8169	999959	999961