

**TUGAS PELATIHAN CODE JAVASCRIPT (JQueri  
Dan lain-lain)  
PADA W3SCHOOL**



**Disusun oleh:**

**NAMA : PIONA ROSKHA**

**NIM : 2000148**

**KELAS : SIK A**

**Dosen Pengampu:**

**Wildan Aprizal Arifin, S.Pd., M.Kom,**

**UNIVERSITAS PENDIDIKAN INDONESIA**

**KAMDA SERANG**

**2021**

## 1. JQuery Tutorial

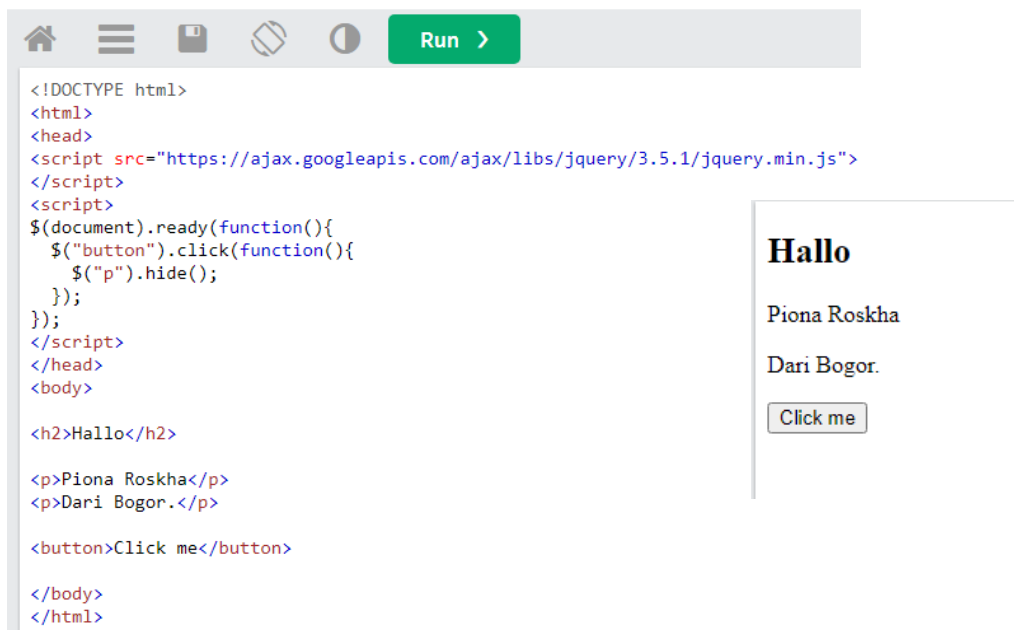


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("p").click(function(){
    $(this).hide();
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<p>If you click on me, I will disappear.</p>
<p>Klik disini</p>
<p>Klik disini</p>

</body>
</html>
```

## 2. JQuery Get Started



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("p").hide();
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

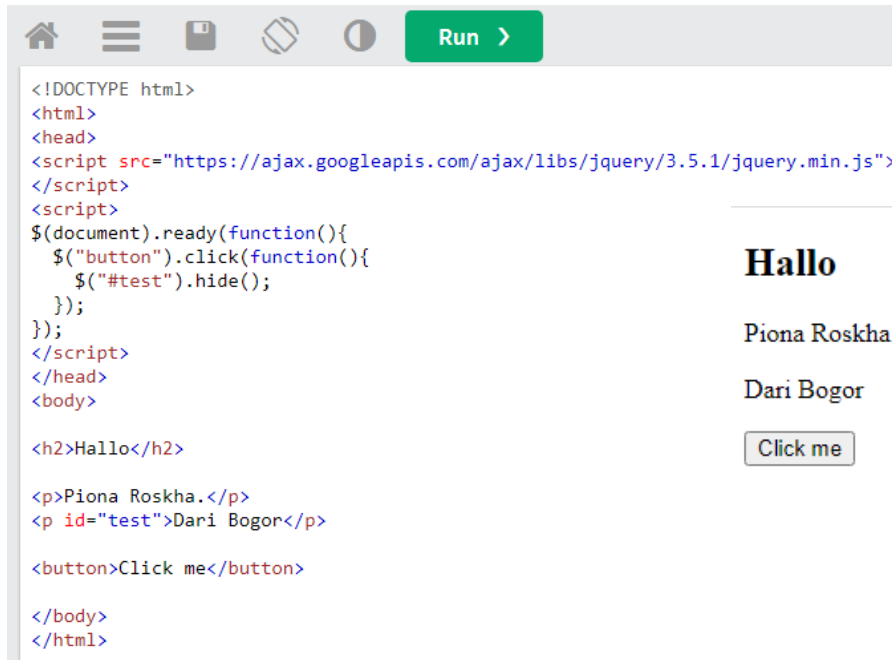
<h2>Hallo</h2>

<p>Piona Roskha</p>
<p>Dari Bogor.</p>

<button>Click me</button>

</body>
</html>
```

### 3. JQuery Selectors



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("#test").hide();
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<h2>Hallo</h2>

<p>Piona Roskha.</p>
<p id="test">Dari Bogor</p>

<button>Click me</button>

</body>
</html>
```

### 4. JQuery Event Method








```
<head>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("p").on({
    mouseenter: function(){
      $(this).css("background-color", "lightgray");
    },
    mouseleave: function(){
      $(this).css("background-color", "lightblue");
    },
    click: function(){
      $(this).css("background-color", "yellow");
    }
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<p>Hallo semua salam kenal.</p>

</body>
</html>
```

## 5. JQuery Effects



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("p").toggle();
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<button>Toggle between hiding and showing the paragraphs</button>







<p>This is a paragraph with little content.</p>
<p>This is another small paragraph.</p>

</body>
</html>
```

Toggle between hiding and showing the paragraphs

This is a paragraph with little content.

This is another small paragraph.



```
<html>
<head>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("#div1").fadeTo("slow", 0.15);
    $("#div2").fadeTo("slow", 0.4);
    $("#div3").fadeTo("slow", 0.7);
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<p>Demonstrate fadeTo() with different parameters.</p>






<button>Click to fade boxes</button><br><br>

<div id="div1" style="width:80px;height:80px;background-color:red;"></div>
<br>
<div id="div2" style="width:80px;height:80px;background-color:green;"></div>
<br>
<div id="div3" style="width:80px;height:80px;background-color:blue;"></div>

</body>
```

Demonstrate fadeTo() with different parameters.






Click to fade boxes



Run >

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("#flip").click(function(){
    $("#panel").slideToggle("slow");
  });
});
</script>
<style>
#panel, #flip {
  padding: 5px;
  text-align: center;
  background-color: #e5eccc;
  border: solid 1px #c3c3c3;
}

#panel {
  padding: 50px;
  display: none;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
```

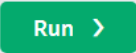







Run >

```
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("#flip").click(function(){
    $("#panel").slideDown(5000);
  });
  $("#stop").click(function(){
    $("#panel").stop();
  });
});
</script>
<style>
#panel, #flip {
  padding: 5px;
  font-size: 18px;
  text-align: center;
  background-color: #555;
  color: white;
  border: solid 1px #666;
  border-radius: 3px;
}

#panel {
  padding: 50px;
  display: none;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
```

## 6. JQuery Callback Function



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("p").hide(1000);
    alert("The paragraph is now hidden");
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<button>Hide</button>

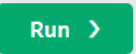





<p>This is a paragraph with little content.</p>

</body>
</html>
```

Hide

This is a paragraph with little content.

## 7. JQuery Add Element




```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
function afterText() {
  var txt1 = "<b>I </b>"; // Create element with HTML
  var txt2 = $("<i></i>").text("love "); // Create with jQuery
  var txt3 = document.createElement("b"); // Create with DOM
  txt3.innerHTML = "jQuery!";
  $("img").after(txt1, txt2, txt3); // Insert new elements after img
}
</script>
</head>
<body>



<p>Click the button to insert text after the image.</p>

<button onclick="afterText()">Insert after</button>

</body>
</html>
```



Click the button to insert text after the image.

Insert after

## 8. JQuery Remove Elements



The screenshot shows a web browser interface with a code editor on the left and a rendered page on the right. The code editor contains the following HTML and JavaScript:

```
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("p").remove(".test, .demo");
  });
});
</script>
<style>
.test {
  color: red;
  font-size: 20px;
}

.demo {
  color: green;
  font-size: 25px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>

<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
<p class="test">This is p element with class="test".</p>
<p class="test">This is p element with class="test".</p>
<p class="demo">This is p element with class="demo".</p>
```

The rendered page on the right shows the following content:

This is a paragraph.

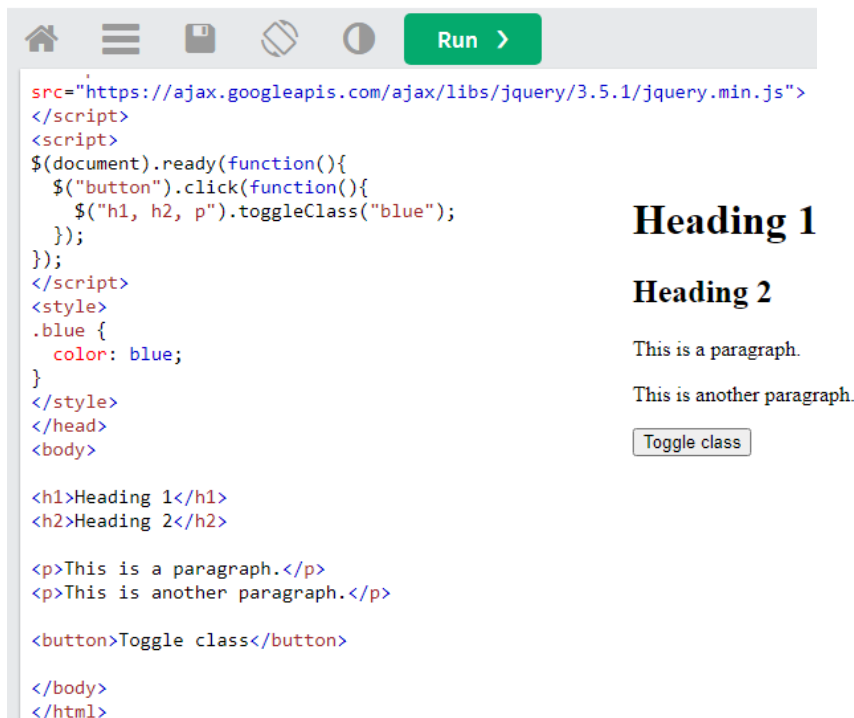
This is p element with class="test".

This is p element with class="test".

This is p element with class="demo".

Remove all p elements with class="test" and class="demo"

## 9. JQuery Get and Set CSS Classes



The screenshot shows a web browser interface with a code editor on the left and a rendered page on the right. The code editor contains the following HTML and JavaScript:

```
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("h1, h2, p").toggleClass("blue");
  });
});
</script>
<style>
.blue {
  color: blue;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>

<h1>Heading 1</h1>
<h2>Heading 2</h2>

<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
<p>This is another paragraph.</p>

<button>Toggle class</button>

</body>
</html>
```

The rendered page on the right shows the following content:

# Heading 1

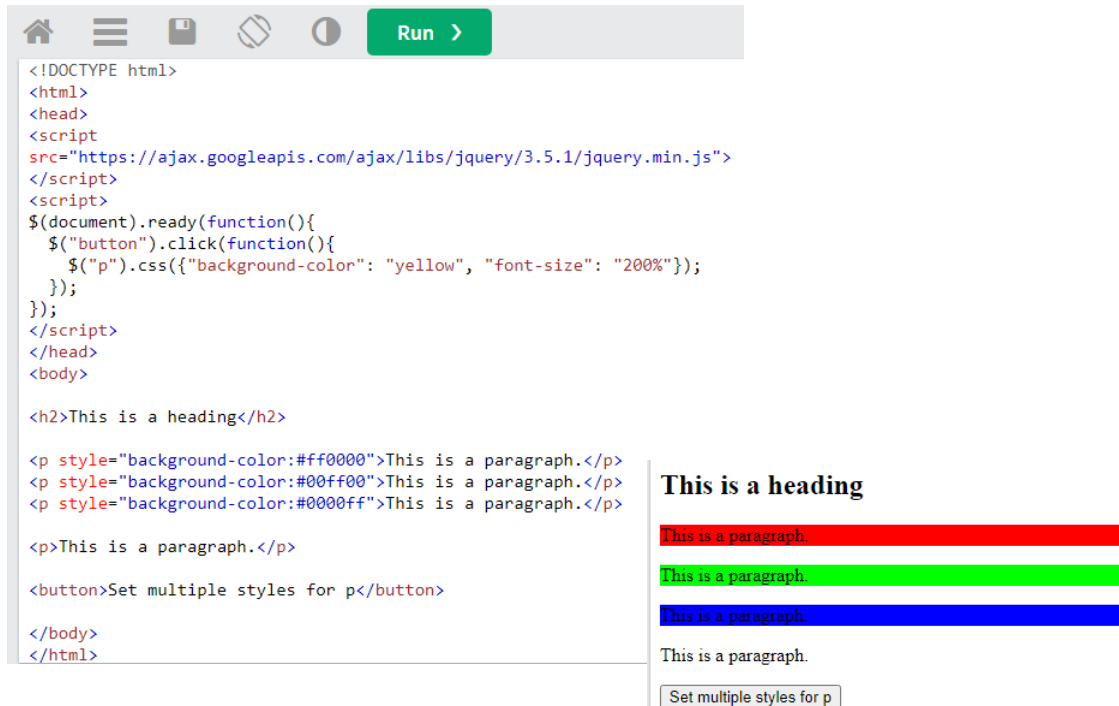
## Heading 2

This is a paragraph.

This is another paragraph.

Toggle class

## 10. JQuery CSS () Method



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("p").css({"background-color": "yellow", "font-size": "200%"});
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<h2>This is a heading</h2>

<p style="background-color:#ff0000">This is a paragraph.</p>
<p style="background-color:#00ff00">This is a paragraph.</p>
<p style="background-color:#0000ff">This is a paragraph.</p>

<p>This is a paragraph.</p>

<button>Set multiple styles for p</button>

</body>
</html>
```

**This is a heading**

This is a paragraph.

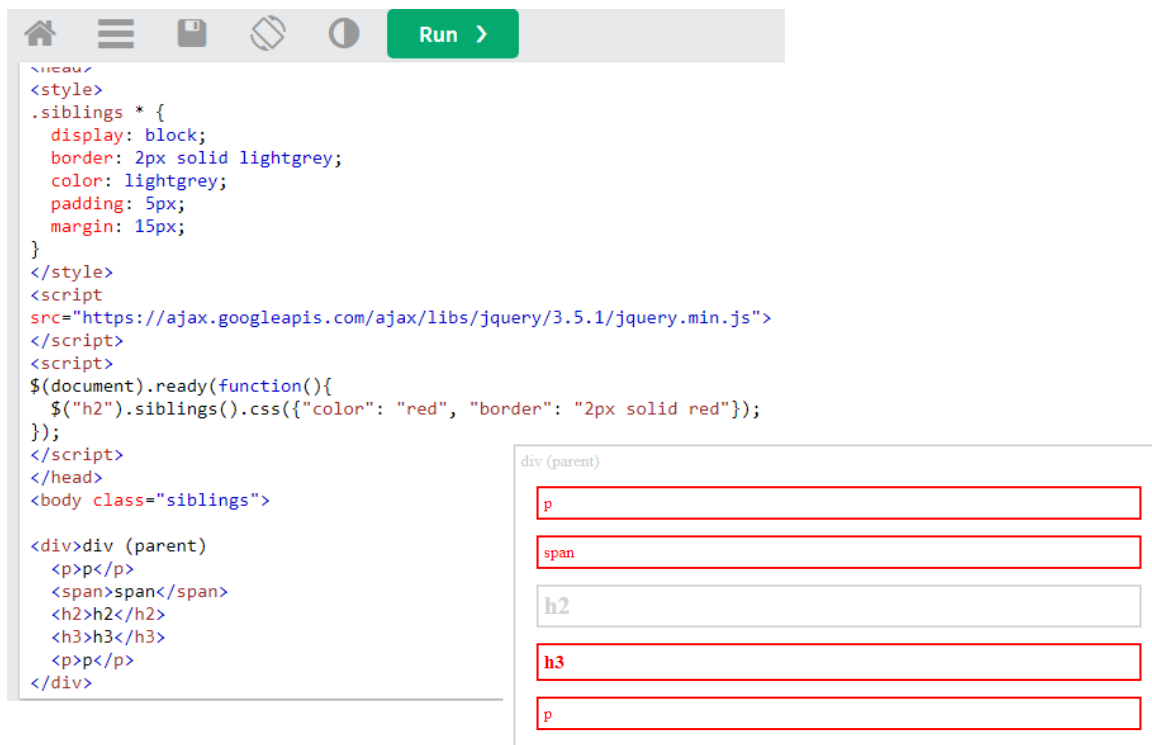
This is a paragraph.

This is a paragraph.

This is a paragraph.

Set multiple styles for p

## 11. JQuery Traversing Siblings



```
<head>
<style>
.siblings * {
  display: block;
  border: 2px solid lightgrey;
  color: lightgrey;
  padding: 5px;
  margin: 15px;
}
</style>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("h2").siblings().css({"color": "red", "border": "2px solid red"});
});
</script>
</head>
<body class="siblings">

<div>div (parent)
  <p>p</p>
  <span>span</span>
  <h2>h2</h2>
  <h3>h3</h3>
  <p>p</p>
</div>
```

div (parent)

p

span

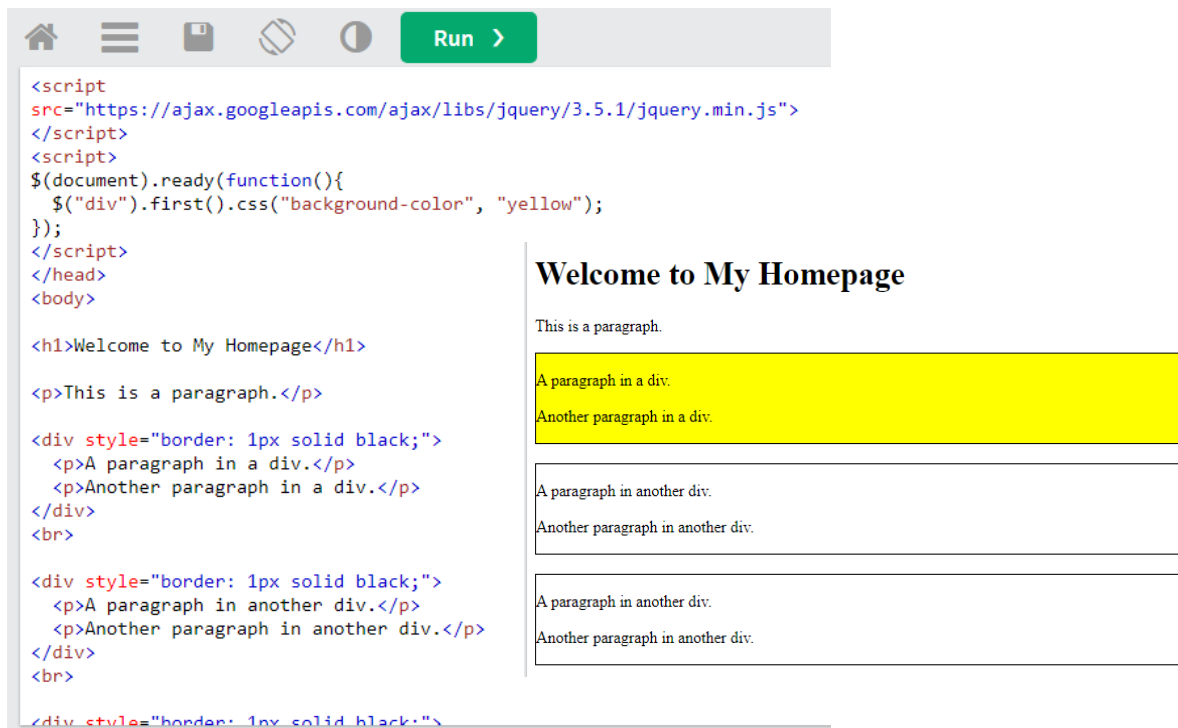
h2

h3

p



## 12. JQuery Traversing Filtering Select



The screenshot shows a web browser interface with a code editor on the left and a rendered HTML page on the right. The code editor contains the following HTML and JavaScript code:

```
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("div").first().css("background-color", "yellow");
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<h1>Welcome to My Homepage</h1>

<p>This is a paragraph.</p>

<div style="border: 1px solid black;">
  <p>A paragraph in a div.</p>
  <p>Another paragraph in a div.</p>
</div>
<br>

<div style="border: 1px solid black;">
  <p>A paragraph in another div.</p>
  <p>Another paragraph in another div.</p>
</div>
<br>

<div style="border: 1px solid black;">
```

The rendered HTML page on the right shows the output of the code. It features a heading "Welcome to My Homepage", a paragraph "This is a paragraph.", and three divs. The first div, which contains two paragraphs, is highlighted with a yellow background. The other two divs, each containing two paragraphs, have a white background and a black border.

## 13. JQuery AJAX Introduction



The screenshot shows a web browser interface with a code editor on the left and a rendered HTML page on the right. The code editor contains the following HTML and JavaScript code:


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("#div1").load("demo_test.txt");
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<div id="div1"><h2>Let jQuery AJAX Change This Text</h2></div>

<button>Get External Content</button>

</body>
</html>
```

The rendered HTML page on the right shows the output of the code. It features a heading "Let jQuery AJAX Change This Text" and a button labeled "Get External Content". The heading is displayed within a div with the id "div1".



Run >

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $("#div1").load("demo_test.txt");
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>






<div id="div1"><h2>Let jQuery AJAX Change This Text</h2></div>

<button>Get External Content</button>

</body>
</html>
```

Let jQuery AJAX Change This Text

Get External Content



Run >

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("button").click(function(){
    $.get("demo_test.asp", function(data, status){
      alert("Data: " + data + "\nStatus: " + status);
    });
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<button>Send an HTTP GET request to a page and get the result back</button>

</body>
</html>
```

Send an HTTP GET request to a page and get the result back

## 14. JQuery The nonConflict () Method



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a code editor on the left and a rendered page on the right. The code editor contains the following HTML and JavaScript:

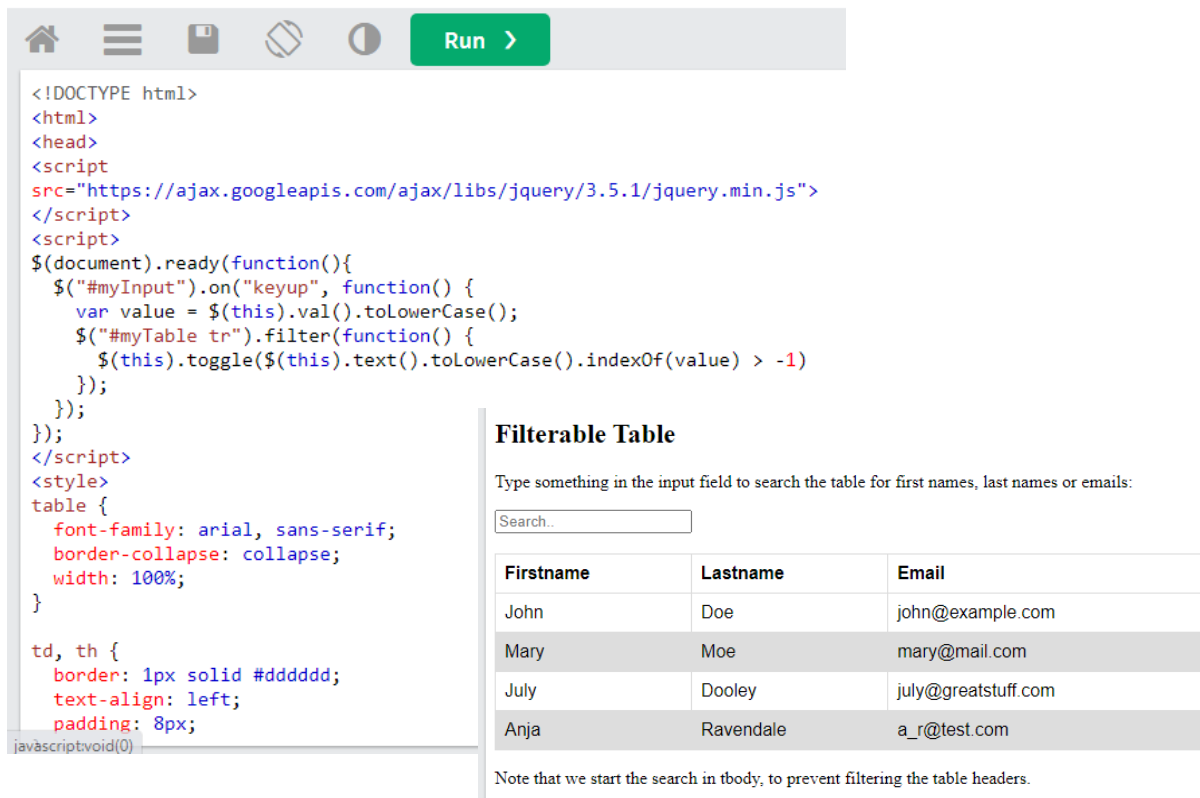
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$.noConflict();
jQuery(document).ready(function(){
  jQuery("button").click(function(){
    jQuery("p").text("jQuery is still working!");
  });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>

<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
<button>Test jQuery</button>

</body>
</html>
```

The rendered page on the right shows a paragraph "This is a paragraph." and a button labeled "Test jQuery".

## 15. JQuery Filters



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a code editor on the left and a rendered page on the right. The code editor contains the following HTML and JavaScript:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("#myInput").on("keyup", function() {
    var value = $(this).val().toLowerCase();
    $("#myTable tr").filter(function() {
      $(this).toggle($(this).text().toLowerCase().indexOf(value) > -1)
    });
  });
});
</script>
<style>
table {
  font-family: arial, sans-serif;
  border-collapse: collapse;
  width: 100%;
}

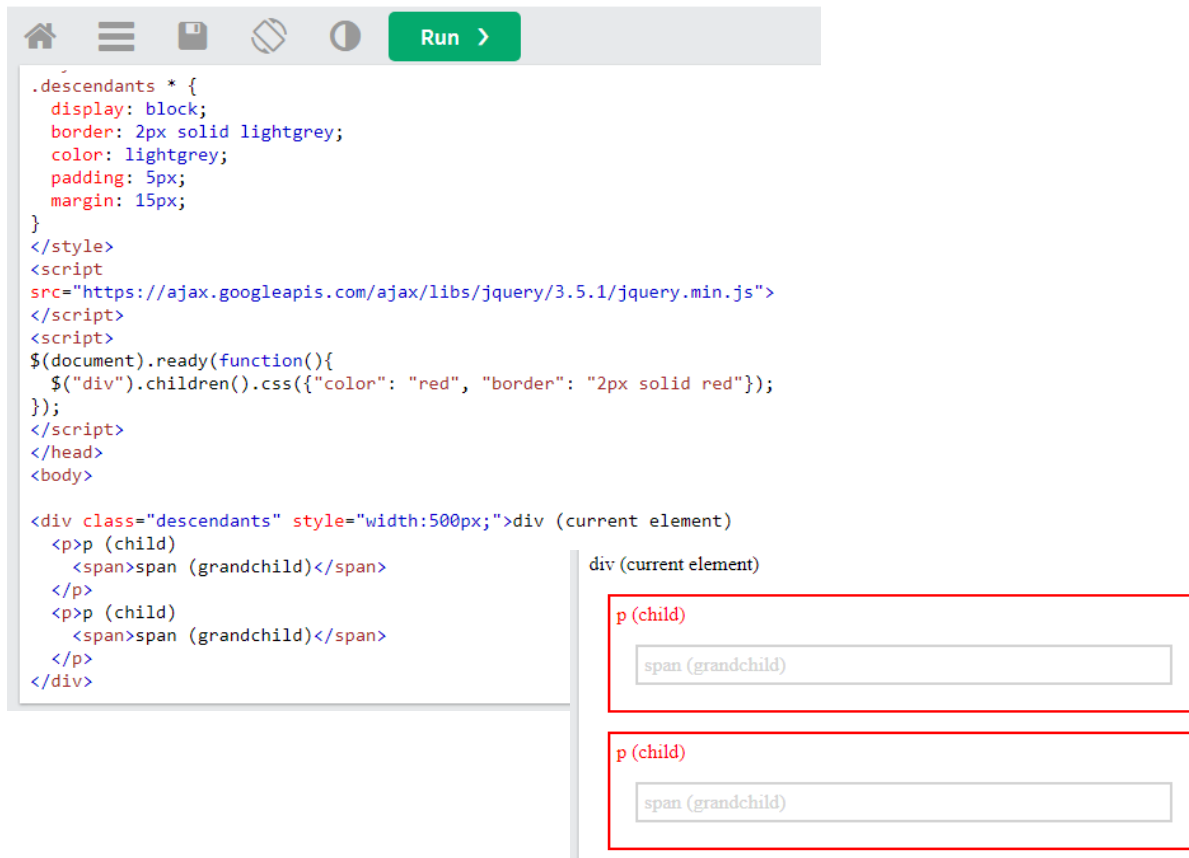
td, th {
  border: 1px solid #dddddd;
  text-align: left;
  padding: 8px;
}
```

The rendered page on the right shows a "Filterable Table" with a search input field and a table of data. The search input field is labeled "Search.." and the table has columns for "Firstname", "Lastname", and "Email".

Firstname	Lastname	Email
John	Doe	john@example.com
Mary	Moe	mary@mail.com
July	Dooley	july@greatstuff.com
Anja	Ravendale	a_r@test.com

Note that we start the search in tbody, to prevent filtering the table headers.

## 16. JQuery Traversing Descendants



### EXERCISE

jQuery Selectors ✓	jQuery Events ✓	jQuery Hide and Show ✓
✓ Exercise 1	✓ Exercise 1	✓ Exercise 1
✓ Exercise 2	✓ Exercise 2	✓ Exercise 2
✓ Exercise 3	✓ Exercise 3	✓ Exercise 3
✓ Exercise 4	✓ Exercise 4	✓ Exercise 4
✓ Exercise 5	✓ Exercise 5	
✓ Exercise 6		

jQuery Fade	✓
✓ Exercise 1	
✓ Exercise 2	
✓ Exercise 3	
✓ Exercise 4	

jQuery Slide	✓
✓ Exercise 1	
✓ Exercise 2	
✓ Exercise 3	
✓ Exercise 4	

# JAVASCRIPT (lain-lain)

## 1. Javascript Comments

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Comments</h2>

<h1 id="myH"></h1>

<p id="myP"></p>

<script>
//document.getElementById("myH").innerHTML = "My First Page";
document.getElementById("myP").innerHTML = "Hai namaku Piona Roskha.";
</script>

<p>Aku berasal dari Bogor // Salam kenal yaa.</p>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Comments

Hai namaku Piona Roskha.

Aku berasal dari Bogor // Salam kenal yaa.

## 2. Javascript Variables

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Variables</h2>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
var price1 = 5;
var price2 = 6;
var price3 = 4;
var total = price1 + price2 + price3;
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =
"Totalnya adalah: " + total;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Variables

Totalnya adalah: 15



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Variables</h2>

<p>Hai namaku Piona Roskha.</p>
<p>Aku dari UPI kampus Serang.</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
var pi = 3.14;
var person = "Piona";
var answer = 'Ya sayaa';

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =
pi + "<br>" + person + "<br>" + answer;
</script>

</body>
</html>
```

## JavaScript Variables

Hai namaku Piona Roskha.

Aku dari UPI kampus Serang.

3.14  
Piona  
Ya sayaa

### 3. Javascript Let



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>Redeclaring a Variable Using var</h2>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
var x = 10;
// Here x is 10

{
var x = 3;
// Here x is 2
}

// Here x is 2
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = x;
</script>

</body>
</html>
```

## Redeclaring a Variable Using var

3



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Hoisting</h2>

<p>With <b>var</b>, you can use a variable before it is declared:</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
carName = "Piona";
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = carName;
var carName;
</script>

</body>
</html>
```

## JavaScript Hoisting

With `var`, you can use a variable before it is declared:

Piona

#### 4. Javascript Aritmethic



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Arithmetic</h2>
<h3>X + Y</h3>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let x = 50;
let y = 25;
let z = x + y;
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = z;
</script>

</body>
</html>
```

## JavaScript Arithmetic

**X + Y**

75



```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Arithmetic</h2>
<h3>Bilangan ** Bilangan</h3>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let x = 10;
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = x ** 2;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Arithmetic

**Bilangan \*\* Bilangan**

100

### 5. Javascript Assignment

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Assignments</h2>
<h3>Bilangan %= Bilangan</h3>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let x = 8;
x %= 4;
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = x;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Assignments

**Bilangan %= Bilangan**

0

## 6. Javascript Data Types

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Objects</h2>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
const person = {
  firstName : "Piona",
  lastName  : "Roskha",
  age       : 19,
  eyeColor  : "brown"
};

document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML =
person.firstName + " berumur " + person.age + " tahun.";
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Objects

Piona berumur 19 tahun.

## 7. Javascript Functoins

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Functions</h2>

<p>Disini kita belajar mengenai Function javascript:</p>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
var x = myFunction(6, 2);
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML = x;

function myFunction(a, b) {
  return a * b;
}
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Functions

Disini kita belajar mengenai Function javascript:

12

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Functions</h2>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML =
"The temperature is " + toCelsius(77) + " Celsius";

function toCelsius(fahrenheit) {
  return (5/9) * (fahrenheit-32);
}
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Functions

The temperature is 25 Celsius

## 8. Javascript Objects

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Objects</h2>
<p>An object method is a function definition, stored as a property value.</p>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
// Create an object:
const person = {
  firstName: "Piona",
  lastName: "Roskha",
  id: 5566,
  fullName: function() {
    return this.firstName + " " + this.lastName;
  }
};

// Display data from the object:
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML = person.fullName();
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Objects

An object method is a function definition, stored as a property value.

Piona Roskha

## 9. Javascript Strings

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript String Properties</h2>

<p>The length property returns the length of a string:</p>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
let text = "ABCDEFGHI";
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML = text.length;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript String Properties

The length property returns the length of a string:

9

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Strings</h2>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
let x = "John";           // x is a string
let y = new String("John"); // y is an object

document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML =
typeof x + "<br>" + typeof y;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Strings

string  
object

## 10. Javascript Tempaltes Literals

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Template Literals</h2>

<p>With back-ticks, you can use both single and double quotes inside a string:
</p>

<p id="pio"></p>

<p>Template literals are not supported in Internet Explorer.</p>

<script>
let text = `He's often called "Pion"`;
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML = text;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Template Literals

With back-ticks, you can use both single and double quotes inside a string:

He's often called "Pion"

Template literals are not supported in Internet Explorer.

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Template Literals</h2>

<p>Template literals allows variables in strings:</p>

<p id="pio"></p>

<p>Template literals are not supported in Internet Explorer.</p>

<script>
let header = "Templates Literals";
let tags = ["template literals", "javascript", "es6"];

let html = `<h2>${header}</h2><ul>`;

for (const x of tags) {
  html += `<li>${x}</li>`;
}

html += `</ul>`;
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML = html;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Template Literals

Template literals allows variables in strings:

### Templates Literals

- template literals
- javascript
- es6

Template literals are not supported in Internet Explorer.

## 11. Javascript Number Methods



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Number Methods</h2>

<p>The toFixed() method rounds a number to a given number of digits.</p>
<p>For working with money, toFixed(2) is perfect.</p>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
let x = 9.656;
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML =
  x.toFixed(0) + "<br>" +
  x.toFixed(2) + "<br>" +
  x.toFixed(4) + "<br>" +
  x.toFixed(6);
</script>

</body>
</html>
```

## JavaScript Number Methods

The toFixed() method rounds a number to a given number of digits.

For working with money, toFixed(2) is perfect.

```
10
9.66
9.6560
9.656000
```

## 12. Javascript Array Methods

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Array Methods</h2>
<h2>pop()</h2>
<p>The pop() method removes the last element from an array.</p>

<p id="demo1"></p>
<p id="demo2"></p>

<script>
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];
document.getElementById("demo1").innerHTML = fruits;
fruits.pop();
document.getElementById("demo2").innerHTML = fruits;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Array Methods

#### pop()

The pop() method removes the last element from an array.

Banana,Orange,Apple,Mango

Banana,Orange,Apple

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Array Methods</h2>
<h2>push()</h2>
<p>The push() method appends a new element to an array.</p>

<button onclick="myFunction()">Try it</button>
<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = fruits;

function myFunction() {
  fruits.push("Kiwi");
  document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = fruits;
}
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Array Methods

### push()

The push() method appends a new element to an array.

[Try it](#)

Banana,Orange,Apple,Mango

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Array Methods</h2>
<p>Array elements are accessed using their index number:</p>

<p id="demo1"></p>
<p id="demo2"></p>

<script>
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];
document.getElementById("demo1").innerHTML = fruits;
fruits[0] = "Kiwi";
document.getElementById("demo2").innerHTML = fruits;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Array Methods

Array elements are accessed using their index number:

Banana,Orange,Apple,Mango

Kiwi,Orange,Apple,Mango

## 13. Javascript Booleans

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Booleans</h2>
<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
document.getElementById("pio").innerHTML =
"100 is " + Boolean(100) + "<br>" +
"3.14 is " + Boolean(3.14) + "<br>" +
"-15 is " + Boolean(-15) + "<br>" +
"Any (not empty) string is " + Boolean("Hello") + "<br>" +
"Even the string 'false' is " + Boolean('false') + "<br>" +
"Any expression (except zero) is " + Boolean(1 + 7 + 3.14);
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript Booleans

100 is true

3.14 is true

-15 is true

Any (not empty) string is true

Even the string 'false' is true

Any expression (except zero) is true





```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Booleans</h2>
<p>Never create booleans as objects.</p>
<p>Booleans and objects cannot be safely compared.</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let x = false;           // x is a boolean
let y = new Boolean(false); // y is an object
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = typeof x + "<br>" + typeof y;
</script>

</body>
</html>
```

## JavaScript Booleans

Never create booleans as objects.

Booleans and objects cannot be safely compared.

boolean  
object

## 14. Javascript Switch Statement



```
<h2>JavaScript switch</h2>

<p id="pio"></p>

<script>
let day;
switch (new Date().getDay()) {
  case 0:
    day = "Minggu";
    break;
  case 1:
    day = "Senin";
    break;
  case 2:
    day = "Selasa";
    break;
  case 3:
    day = "Rabu";
    break;
  case 4:
    day = "Kamis";
    break;
  case 5:
    day = "Jumat";
    break;
  case 6:
    day = "Sabtu";
  }
}
```

## JavaScript switch

Hari ini adalah Jumat

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript switch</h2>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let text;
switch (new Date().getDay()) {
  case 4:
  case 5:
    text = "Soon it is Weekend";
    break;
  case 0:
  case 6:
    text = "It is Weekend";
    break;
  default:
    text = "Looking forward to the Weekend";
}
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = text;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript switch

Soon it is Weekend

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript switch</h2>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let x = "0";

switch (x) {
  case 0:
    text = "Off";
    break;
  case 1:
    text = "On";
    break;
  default:
    text = "No value found";
}
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = text;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

## JavaScript switch

No value found

## 15. Javascript Break and Continue

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Loops</h2>

<p>A loop with a <b>break</b> statement.</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let text = "";
for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  if (i === 3) { break; }
  text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
}

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = text;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Loops

A loop with a **break** statement.

The number is 0  
The number is 1  
The number is 2

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript Loops</h2>

<p>A loop with a <b>continue</b> statement.</p>

<p>A loop which will skip the step where i = 3.</p>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
let text = "";
for (let i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  if (i === 3) { continue; }
  text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
}

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = text;
</script>

</body>
</html>

```

### JavaScript Loops

A loop with a **continue** statement.

A loop which will skip the step where i = 3.

The number is 0  
The number is 1  
The number is 2  
The number is 4  
The number is 5  
The number is 6  
The number is 7  
The number is 8  
The number is 9

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h2>JavaScript break</h2>

<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
const cars = ["BMW", "Volvo", "Saab", "Ford"];
let text = "";

list: {
  text += cars[0] + "<br>";
  text += cars[1] + "<br>";
  break list;
  text += cars[2] + "<br>";
  text += cars[3] + "<br>";
}

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = text;
</script>




</body>
</html>


```

## JavaScript break

BMW  
Volvo

## EXERCISE





Completed 5 of 67 Exercises:

JS Variables ✓

✓ Exercise 1




✓ Exercise 2


✓ Exercise 3

✓ Exercise 4

✓ Exercise 5

[Go to JS Variables Tutorial](#)





Completed 10 of 67 Exercises:

JS Variables ✓

JS Operators ✓

✓ Exercise 1




✓ Exercise 2


✓ Exercise 3

✓ Exercise 4

✓ Exercise 5

[Go to JS Operators Tutorial](#)





Completed 11 of 67 Exercises:

JS Variables ✓

JS Operators ✓

JS Data Types ✓

✓ Exercise 1

[Go to JS Data Types Tutorial](#)

<div> </div> <div> </div> <div>Completed 15 of 67 Exercises:</div> <div> <div>JS Variables ✓</div> <div>JS Operators ✓</div> <div>JS Data Types ✓</div> <div>JS Functions ✓</div> </div> <div> <div>✓ Exercise 1</div> <div>✓ Exercise 2</div> <div>✓ Exercise 3</div> <div>✓ Exercise 4</div> </div> <div> <a href="#">Go to JS Functions Tutorial</a> </div>	<div> </div> <div> </div> <div>Completed 18 of 67 Exercises:</div> <div> <div>JS Variables ✓</div> <div>JS Operators ✓</div> <div>JS Data Types ✓</div> <div>JS Functions ✓</div> <div>JS Objects ✓</div> </div> <div> <div>✓ Exercise 1</div> <div>✓ Exercise 2</div> <div>✓ Exercise 3</div> </div> <div> <a href="#">Go to JS Objects Tutorial</a> </div>	<div> </div> <div> </div> <div>Completed 21 of 67 Exercises:</div> <div> <div>JS Variables ✓</div> <div>JS Operators ✓</div> <div>JS Data Types ✓</div> <div>JS Functions ✓</div> <div>JS Objects ✓</div> <div>JS Events ✓</div> <div>JS Strings ✓</div> </div> <div> <div>✓ Exercise 1</div> <div>✓ Exercise 2</div> <div>✓ Exercise 3</div> </div>
<div> </div> <div> </div> <div>Completed 24 of 67 Exercises:</div> <div> <div>JS String Methods</div> <div>JS Arrays</div> <div>JS Array Methods ✓</div> </div> <div> <div>✓ Exercise 1</div> <div>✓ Exercise 2</div> <div>✓ Exercise 3</div> </div> <div> <a href="#">Go to JS Array Methods Tutorial</a> </div>	<div> </div> <div> </div> <div>Completed 26 of 67 Exercises:</div> <div> <div>JS Math</div> <div>JS Comparisons</div> <div>JS Conditions</div> <div>JS Switch ✓</div> </div> <div> <div>✓ Exercise 1</div> <div>✓ Exercise 2</div> </div> <div> <a href="#">Go to JS Switch Tutorial</a> </div>	<div> </div> <div> </div> <div>Completed 28 of 67 Exercises:</div> <div> <div>JS Conditions</div> <div>JS Switch ✓</div> <div>JS For Loops</div> <div>JS While Loops</div> <div>JS Break Loops ✓</div> </div> <div> <div>✓ Exercise 1</div> <div>✓ Exercise 2</div> </div> <div> <a href="#">Go to JS Break Loops Tutorial</a> </div>