

# AOTL66912

100V N-Channel AlphaSGT™

## **General Description**

- $\bullet$  Trench Power MOSFET AlphaSGT  $^{\text{TM}}$  technology
- $\bullet$  Combination of low  $R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$  and wide safe operating area (SOA)
- Higher in-rush current enabled for faster start-up and shorter down time
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

# **Applications**

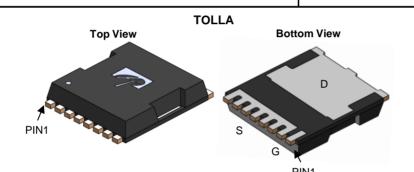
- Telecom hotswap
- Load switch
- Solar
- Battery management

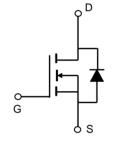
# **Product Summary**

 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{DS} & 100V \\ I_D \ (at \ V_{GS} = 10V) & 380A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \ (at \ V_{GS} = 10V) & < 1.7 m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \ (at \ V_{GS} = 6V) & < 2.5 m\Omega \end{array}$ 

100% UIS Tested 100% Rg Tested







Orderable Part Number	rable Part Number Package Type		Minimum Order Quantity
AOTL66912	TOLLA	Tape & Reel	2000

Absolute Waximum	Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unles	1			
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage	Э	$V_{DS}$	100	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	)	$V_{GS}$	±20	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	1_	380		
Current	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	I <sub>D</sub>	269	A	
Pulsed Drain Current	t <sup>C</sup> (≤100µS)	I <sub>DM</sub>	1520		
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		49	^	
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	IDSM	39	A	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	•	I <sub>AS</sub>	90	A	
Avalanche energy	L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>	E <sub>AS</sub>	405	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	500	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	T D	250	VV	
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	В	8.3	W	
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	P <sub>DSM</sub>	5.3	VV	
Junction and Storage	e Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 175	°C	

Thermal Characteristics						
Parameter		Symbol	Тур	Max	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	10	15	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{ hetaJA}$	35	45	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.2	0.3	°C/W	



## Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS							
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$		100			V
lana	I <sub>DSS</sub> Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =100V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				1	μΑ
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Brain Gurrent					5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V				±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$		2.5	3.0	3.5	V
		$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_{D}$ =20A			1.4	1.7	mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance		T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		2.25	2.75	11177
		$V_{GS}$ =6V, $I_D$ =20A			2.0	2.5	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_D$ =20A			70		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.67	1	V
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Curi	rent			330	Α	
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =50V, f=1MHz			12500		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance				3190		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				55		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		8.0	1.75	2.7	Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10V)$	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =50V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A			155	220	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				48		nC
$Q_gd$	Gate Drain Charge				31		nC
Q <sub>oss</sub>	Output Charge	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =50V			269		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime				36		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =50V, $R_L$ =2.5 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			25		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime				90		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				40		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs			55		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20A$ , di/dt=500A/ $\mu$	S		335		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175 $^{\circ}$  C.

D. The R<sub>AJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>AJC</sub> and case to ambient.

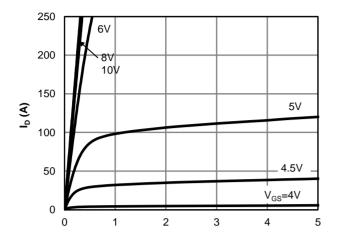
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

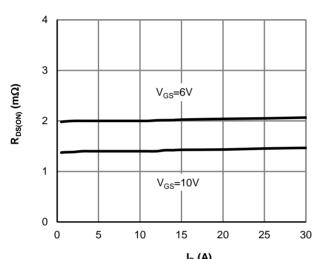
G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^{\circ}$  C.



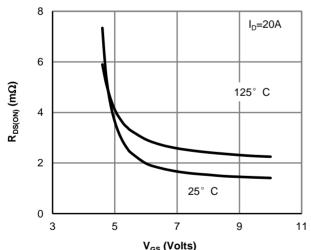
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



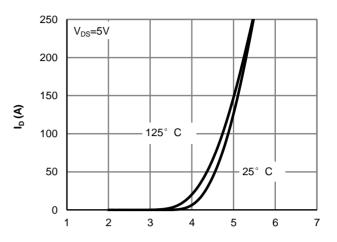
 $V_{DS}$  (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



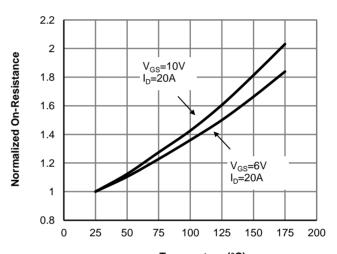
 $\begin{array}{c} I_{\text{D}}\left(A\right) \\ \text{Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate} \\ \text{Voltage (Note E)} \end{array}$ 



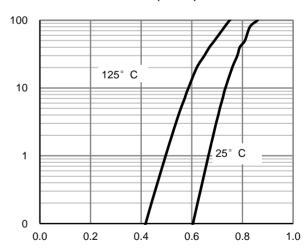
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage
(Note E)



V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)

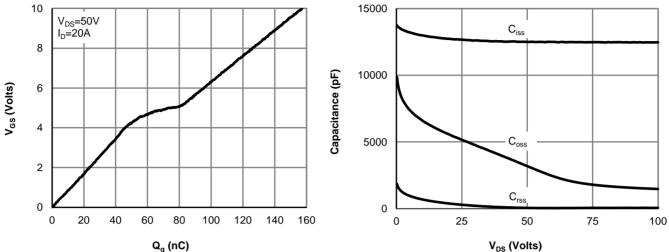


V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts)
Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics
(Note E)

I<sub>s</sub> (A)

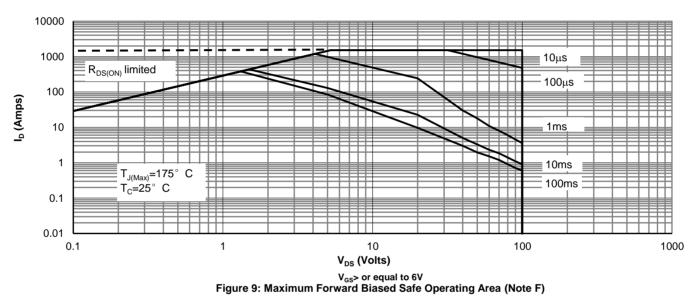


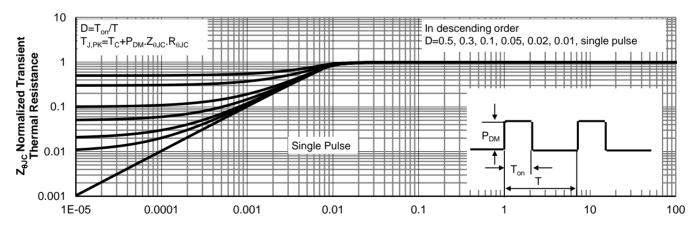
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



 ${\bf Q_g}$  (nC) Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

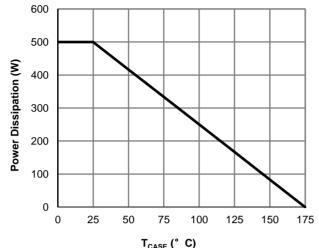




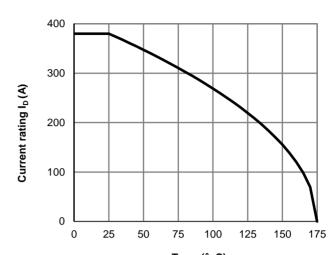
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 10: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



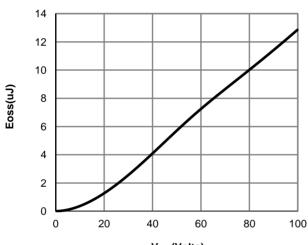
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



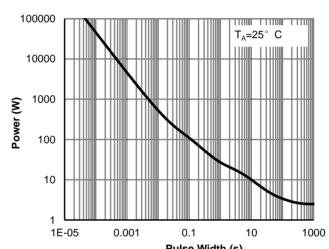
T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 11: Power De-rating (Note F)



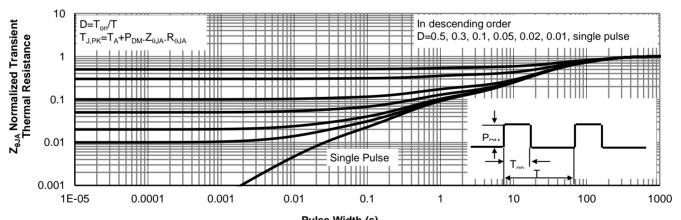
T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 12: Current De-rating (Note F)



V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 13: Coss stored Energy



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-toAmbient (Note G)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)



Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

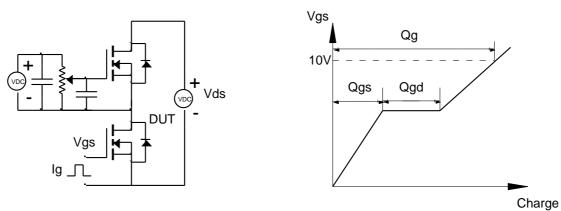


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

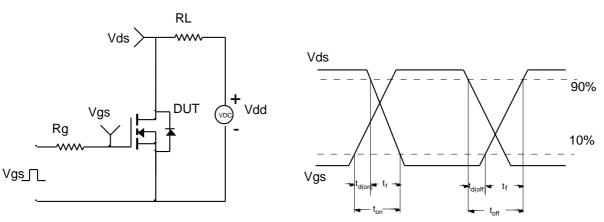


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

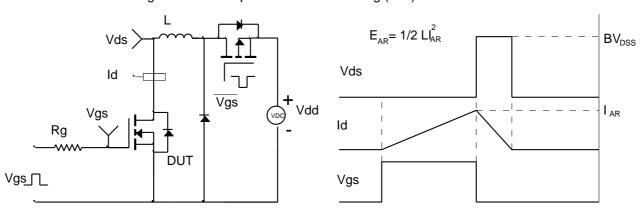


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

