

# AOT66811L

80V N-Channel AlphaSGT2 ™

# **General Description**

- Trench Power AlphaSGT2<sup>™</sup> technology
- Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> and optimized switching performance
- RoHS 2.0 and Halogen-Free Compliant

# **Product Summary**

 $V_{DS}$ 80V  $I_D$  (at  $V_{GS}=10V$ ) 120A R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> (at V<sub>GS</sub>=10V)  $< 3m\Omega$ 

R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> (at V<sub>GS</sub>=8V) < 3.4mΩ

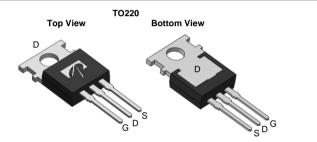
## **Applications**

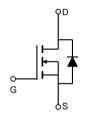
- Industrial Application
- Telecom and Server Power Supply

# 100% UIS Tested 100% Rg Tested

Max Tj=175°C







Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOT66811L	TO-220	Tube	1000

Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted Symbol Units **Parameter** Maximum Drain-Source Voltage  $V_{DS}$ 80 ٧ Gate-Source Voltage ±20 ٧  $V_{GS}$ T<sub>C</sub>=25°C Continuous Drain 120  $I_D$ Current G T<sub>C</sub>=100°C 120 Α Pulsed Drain Current 480  $I_{DM}$  $T_A=25$ °C 43 Continuous Drain Α  $I_{DSM}$ T<sub>A</sub>=70°C 36 Current Avalanche Current (  $I_{AS}$ 75 Α L=0.1mH Avalanche energy 281 mJ EAS T<sub>C</sub>=25°C 310  $P_D$ W Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> T<sub>C</sub>=100°C 155 T<sub>A</sub>=25°C 10  $P_{DSM}$ W Power Dissipation A T<sub>A</sub>=70°C Junction and Storage Temperature Range -55 to 175 °C

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter		Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\theta JA}$	12	15	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	Пејд	50	60	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.4	0.48	°C/W			

 $T_J, T_{STG}$ 



## Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter Conditions			Min	Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS										
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$		80			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zoro Cato Voltago Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =80V, $V_{GS}$ =0V				1				
	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	T <sub>J</sub> =55°C				5	μA			
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0V$ , $V_{GS}=\pm20V$				±100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=250\mu A$		2.6	3.2	3.8	V			
		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A			2.5	3	mΩ			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	-	T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		3.6	4.4	11122			
		$V_{GS}$ =8V, $I_D$ =20A			2.7	3.4	mΩ			
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V$ , $I_{D}=20A$			90		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.7	1	V			
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>					120	Α			
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS									
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, f=1MHz			5750		pF			
Coss	Output Capacitance				1580		pF			
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				30		pF			
$R_g$	Gate resistance	f=1MHz		0.5	1.0	1.5	Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS									
<b>Q</b> <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A			77	110	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				21		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				15		nC			
Q <sub>oss</sub>	Output Charge	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =40V			112		nC			
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				19		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =40V, $R_{L}$ =2.0 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			7		ns			
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime				45		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				10		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs			35		ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	e I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs			175		nC			

A. The value of  $R_{\theta,JA}$  is measured, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta,JA}$  t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 175° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}=175^{\circ}$  C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J_{(MAX)}}$ =175 $^{\circ}$  C.

D. The R<sub>0JA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>0JC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

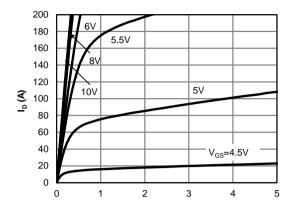
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

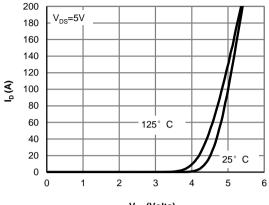
H. These tests are performed, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25° C.



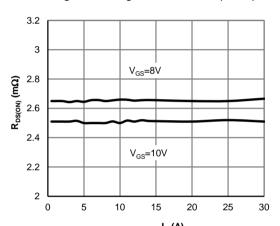
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



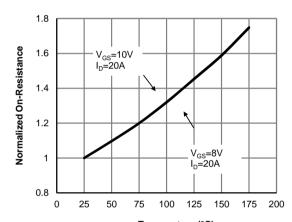
V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



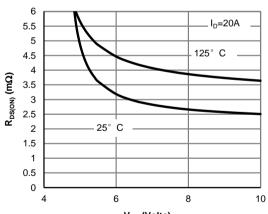
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



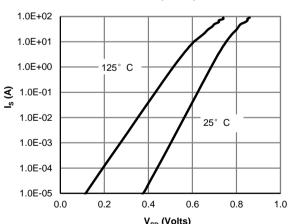
 ${
m I_D}\left( {
m A} \right)$  Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)



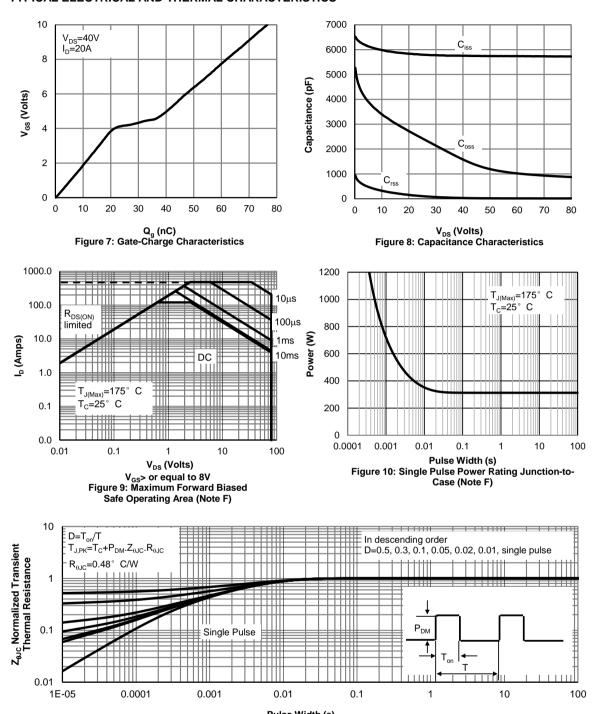
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage
(Note E)



V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts) Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)



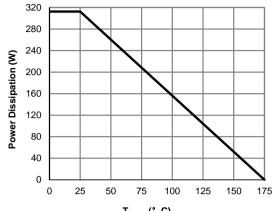
#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



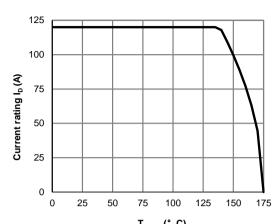
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



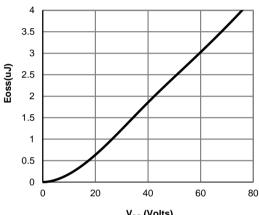
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



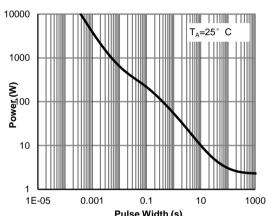
T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)



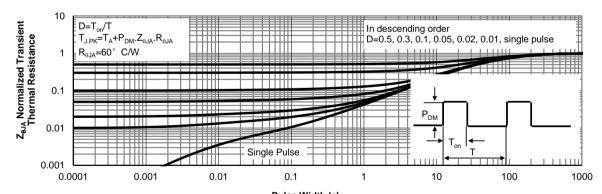
T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)



V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 14: Coss stored Energy



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating
Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

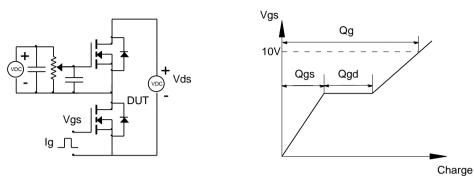


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

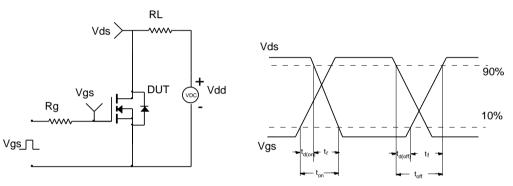


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

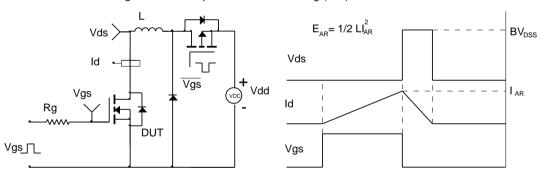
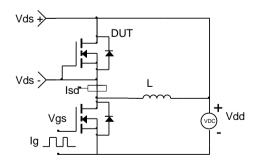
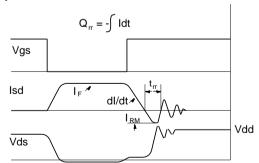


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms





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