

## **MOSFET**

## OptiMOS<sup>™</sup> 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V

### **Features**

- N-channel, normal level
- Very low on-resistance R<sub>DS(on)</sub>
   Excellent gate charge x R<sub>DS(on)</sub> product (FOM)
   100% avalanche tested

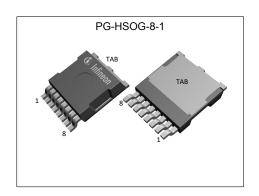
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliantHalogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21
- Ideal for high frequency switching and sync. rec.

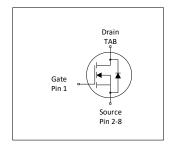
### **Product validation**

Fully qualified according to JEDEC for Industrial Applications

Table 1 **Key Performance Parameters** 

i distribution in the state of							
Parameter	Value	Unit					
$V_{ t DS}$	80	V					
R <sub>DS(on),max</sub>	1.1	mΩ					
I <sub>D</sub>	408	A					
Qoss	207	nC					
Q <sub>G</sub>	178	nC					











Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPTG011N08NM5	PG-HSOG-8-1	011N08N5	-

# OptiMOS<sup>™</sup> 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V IPTG011N08NM5



## **Table of Contents**

escription	1
1aximum ratings	3
hermal characteristics	3
lectrical characteristics	4
lectrical characteristics diagrams	6
ackage Outlines	0
evision History	1
rademarks 1	1
nisclaimer	1

## OptiMOS<sup>™</sup> 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V IPTG011N08NM5



# 1 Maximum ratings at $T_A$ =25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Danamatan	Cumbal	Values				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Continuous drain current <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>D</sub>	- - -	- - -	408 295 237 42	A	$V_{GS}$ =10 V, $T_{C}$ =25 °C $V_{GS}$ =10 V, $T_{C}$ =100 °C $V_{GS}$ =6 V, $T_{C}$ =100 °C $V_{GS}$ =10 V, $T_{A}$ =25 °C, $R_{THJA}$ =40 °C/W <sup>2</sup> )
Pulsed drain current <sup>3)</sup>	I <sub>D,pulse</sub>	-	-	1632	Α	<i>T</i> <sub>A</sub> =25 °C
Avalanche energy, single pulse <sup>4)</sup>	<b>E</b> AS	-	-	817	mJ	$I_{\rm D}$ =150 A, $R_{\rm GS}$ =25 $\Omega$
Gate source voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	-20	-	20	V	-
Power dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	-	-	375 3.8	W	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C T <sub>A</sub> =25 °C, R <sub>THJA</sub> =40 °C/W <sup>2)</sup>
Operating and storage temperature	T <sub>j</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55	-	175	°C	IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1 55/175/56

#### 2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
raiailietei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	Note / Test Condition
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	0.2	0.4	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, 6 cm² cooling area	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	-	40	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, minimal footprint <sup>2)</sup>	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	-	62	°C/W	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Rating refers to the product only with datasheet specified absolute maximum values, maintaining case temperature as specified. For other case temperatures please refer to Diagram 2. De-rating will be required based on the actual environmental conditions.  $^{2)}$  Device on 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm $^{2}$  (one layer, 70  $\mu$ m thick) copper area for drain

connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

3) See Diagram 3 for more detailed information

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> See Diagram 13 for more detailed information

## OptiMOS<sup>™</sup> 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V IPTG011N08NM5



# 3 Electrical characteristics at $T_j$ =25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 **Static characteristics** 

Damanatan	0		Value	s		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Drain-source breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	80	-	-	V	V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, I <sub>D</sub> =1 mA
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	2.2	3	3.8	V	$V_{\rm DS} = V_{\rm GS}, I_{\rm D} = 280 \ \mu {\rm A}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	-	0.1 10	1 100	μΑ	V <sub>DS</sub> =80 V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, T <sub>j</sub> =25 °C V <sub>DS</sub> =80 V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, T <sub>j</sub> =125 °C
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{\mathrm{GSS}}$	-	10	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> =20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0 V
Drain-source on-state resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	-	1.0 1.3	1.1 1.7	mΩ	V <sub>GS</sub> =10 V, I <sub>D</sub> =150 A V <sub>GS</sub> =6 V, I <sub>D</sub> =75 A
Gate resistance <sup>1)</sup>	R <sub>G</sub>	-	1.6	2.4	Ω	-
Transconductance	<b>g</b> fs	120	270	-	S	$ V_{DS}  \ge 2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}, I_D = 100 \text{ A}$

Table 5 **Dynamic characteristics** 

Dovometer	Cymahal	Values			11:4	Nata / Tank Canadikian
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Input capacitance <sup>1)</sup>	C <sub>iss</sub>	-	13000	17000	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, V <sub>DS</sub> =40 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz
Output capacitance <sup>1)</sup>	Coss	-	2000	2600	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, V <sub>DS</sub> =40 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz
Reverse transfer capacitance <sup>1)</sup>	C <sub>rss</sub>	-	86	150	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, V <sub>DS</sub> =40 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz
Turn-on delay time	$t_{\sf d(on)}$	-	35	-	ns	$V_{\rm DD}$ =40 V, $V_{\rm GS}$ =10 V, $I_{\rm D}$ =100 A, $R_{\rm G,ext}$ =1.8 $\Omega$
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	-	31	-	ns	$V_{DD}$ =40 V, $V_{GS}$ =10 V, $I_{D}$ =100 A, $R_{G,ext}$ =1.8 $\Omega$
Turn-off delay time	$t_{\sf d(off)}$	-	82	-	ns	$V_{\rm DD}$ =40 V, $V_{\rm GS}$ =10 V, $I_{\rm D}$ =100 A, $R_{\rm G,ext}$ =1.8 $\Omega$
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	-	30	_	ns	$V_{DD}$ =40 V, $V_{GS}$ =10 V, $I_{D}$ =100 A, $R_{G,ext}$ =1.8 $\Omega$

Gate charge characteristics<sup>2)</sup> Table 6

Parameter	Cumbal	Values			l lmi4	Note / Test Condition
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	-	55	-	nC	$V_{DD}$ =40 V, $I_{D}$ =100 A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10 V
Gate charge at threshold	$Q_{g(th)}$	-	37	-	nC	$V_{DD}$ =40 V, $I_{D}$ =100 A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10 V
Gate to drain charge <sup>1)</sup>	$Q_{ m gd}$	-	37	56	nC	$V_{DD}$ =40 V, $I_{D}$ =100 A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10 V
Switching charge	Q <sub>sw</sub>	-	55	-	nC	V <sub>DD</sub> =40 V, I <sub>D</sub> =100 A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0 to 10 V
Gate charge total <sup>1)</sup>	Qg	-	178	223	nC	V <sub>DD</sub> =40 V, I <sub>D</sub> =100 A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0 to 10 V
Gate plateau voltage	V <sub>plateau</sub>	-	4.4	-	V	$V_{DD}$ =40 V, $I_{D}$ =100 A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10 V
Output charge <sup>1)</sup>	Qoss	-	207	275	nC	V <sub>DS</sub> =40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Defined by design. Not subject to production test.  $^{2)}$  See "Gate charge waveforms" for parameter definition

## OptiMOS<sup>TM</sup> 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V IPTG011N08NM5

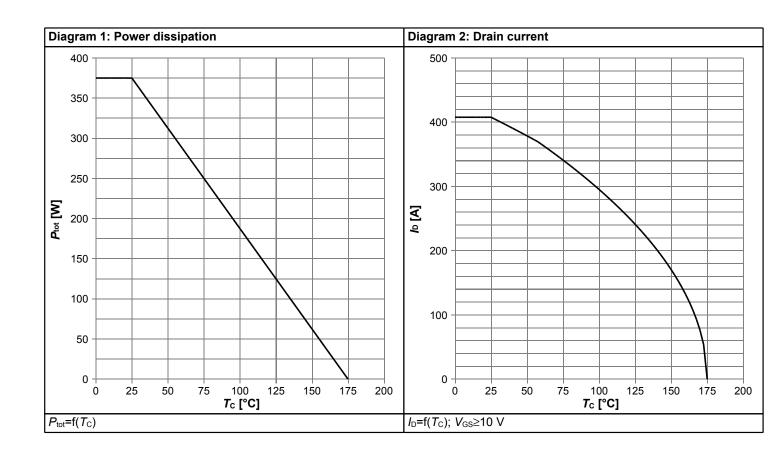


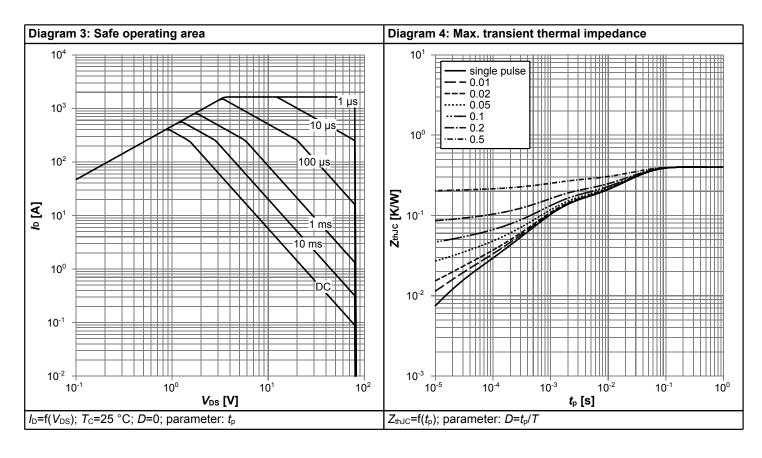
## Table 7 Reverse diode

Damamatan	Cymahal	Values			11	Note / Took Condition
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Diode continuous forward current	Is	-	-	304	Α	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C
Diode pulse current	I <sub>S,pulse</sub>	-	-	1632	Α	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C
Diode forward voltage	<b>V</b> <sub>SD</sub>	-	0.88	1	V	V <sub>GS</sub> =0 V, I <sub>F</sub> =150 A, T <sub>j</sub> =25 °C
Reverse recovery time <sup>1)</sup>	<i>t</i> <sub>rr</sub>	-	106	212	ns	V <sub>R</sub> =40 V, I <sub>F</sub> =100 A, d <i>i</i> <sub>F</sub> /d <i>t</i> =100 A/μs
Reverse recovery charge <sup>1)</sup>	Qrr	-	318	636	nC	V <sub>R</sub> =40 V, I <sub>F</sub> =100 A, di <sub>F</sub> /dt=100 A/μs

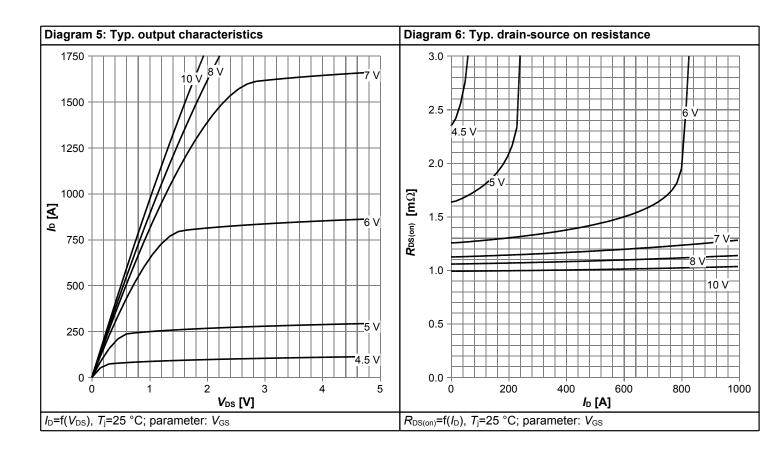


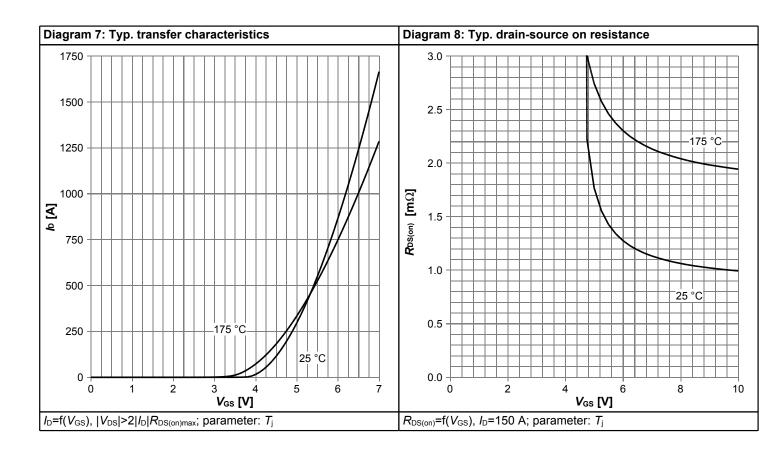
## 4 Electrical characteristics diagrams



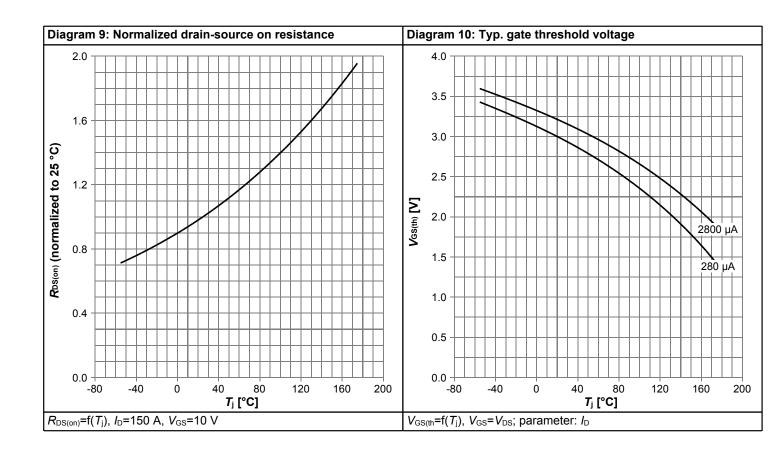


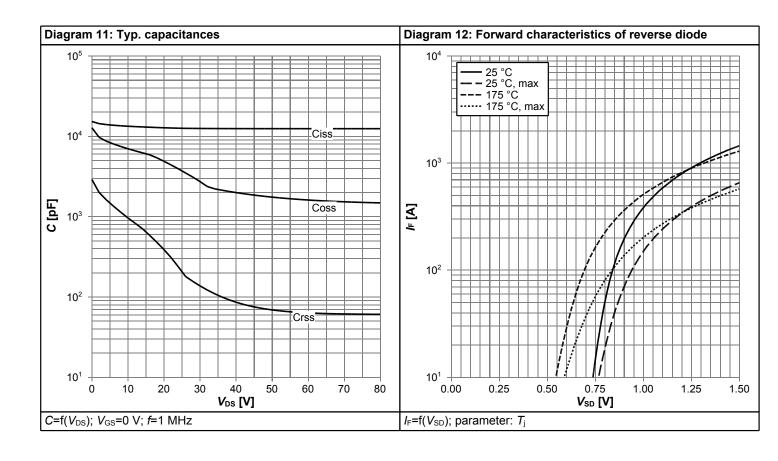




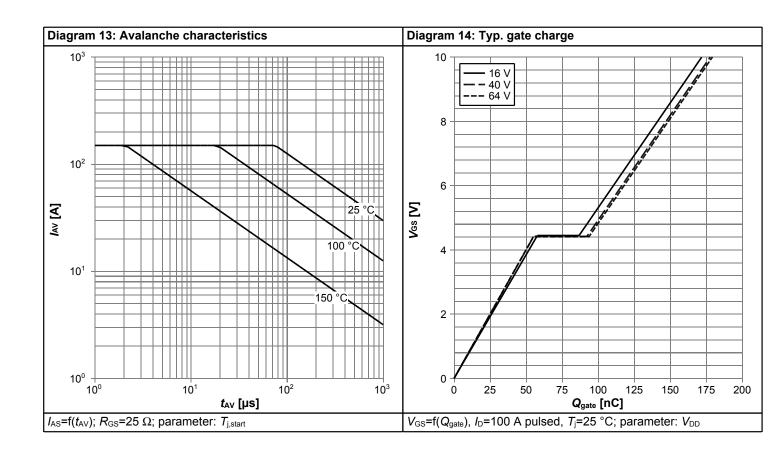


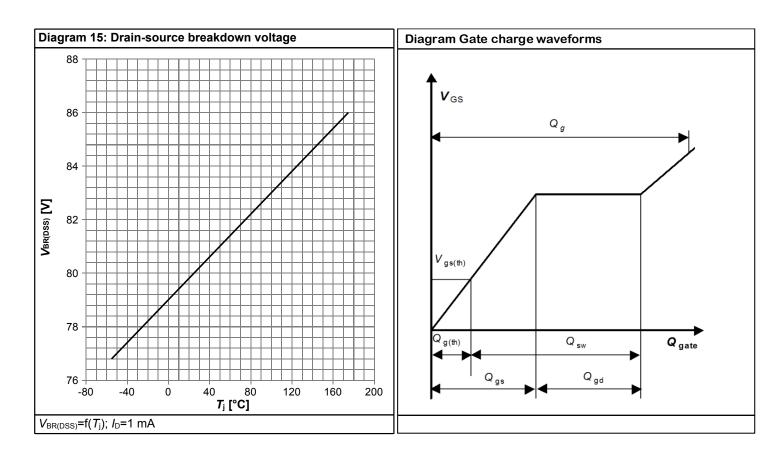






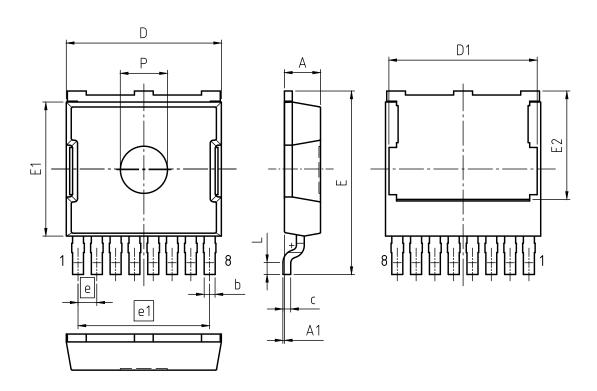








# 5 Package Outlines



PACKAGE - GROUP NUMBER:	PG-HSC	PG-HSOG-8-U01				
REVISION: 01	DATE	: 08.02.2021				
DIMENSIONS	MILLIN	IETERS				
DIVIENSIONS	MIN.	MAX.				
Α	2.20	2.40				
A1	0.00	0.10				
b	0.60	0.80				
С	0.40	0.60				
D	9.70	10.10				
D1	9.36	9.56				
E	11.50	11.90				
E1	8.45	8.75				
E2	6.81	7.01				
е	1.20					
e1	8.	.40				
L	0.66	0.86				
P	2.90	3.10				

Figure 1 Outline PG-HSOG-8-1, dimensions in mm

# OptiMOS<sup>™</sup> 5 Power-Transistor, 80 V IPTG011N08NM5



## **Revision History**

IPTG011N08NM5

Revision: 2021-02-11, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2021-02-11	Release of final version

#### **Trademarks**

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to: erratum@infineon.com

Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 München, Germany © 2020 Infineon Technologies AG All Rights Reserved.

#### Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie").

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

### Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

#### Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.