Legendre

September 25, 2018

1 Homework 1

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In [1]: from scipy.special import legendre
        from scipy.integrate import trapz
        from numpy import exp, linspace
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]: def coefficient(order):
            x = linspace(-1, 1, 10000)
            c = 0.5 * trapz(exp(-x) * legendre(order)(x), x)
            return c
In [3]: coefficient(0)
Out[3]: 1.1752011975619223
In [4]: coefficient(1)
Out[4]: -0.36787945023419416
In [5]: coefficient(2)
Out[5]: 0.07156288948148833
In [11]: def error(order):
             x = linspace(-1, 1, 1000000)
             p = approx(x, order)
             t = \exp(-x)
             e = (p - t) / t
             return max(e)
In [7]: error(10)
Out[7]: 0.6800059694498818
In [8]: def approx(x, order):
            ans = 0
            cs = [coefficient(i) for i in range(order+1)]
            ls = [legendre(i)(x) for i in range(order+1)]
            return np.array(cs) @ np.array(ls)
```

```
In [9]: def approx_plot(order):
            x = linspace(-1, 1, 1000)
            plt.plot(x, approx(x, order))
            plt.plot(x, exp(x))
            plt.show()
In [10]: f = plt.figure()
         x = linspace(-1, 1, 1000)
         ax1 = f.add_subplot(221)
         ax1.plot(x, approx(x, 0))
         ax1.plot(x, exp(-x))
         ax1.set_title('Order 0')
         ax2 = f.add_subplot(222)
         ax2.plot(x, approx(x, 5))
         ax2.plot(x, exp(-x))
         ax2.set_title('Order 5')
         ax3 = f.add_subplot(223)
         ax3.plot(x, approx(x, 10))
         ax3.plot(x, exp(-x))
         ax3.set_title('Order 10')
         ax4 = f.add_subplot(224)
         ax4.plot(x, approx(x, 50))
         ax4.plot(x, exp(-x))
         ax4.set_title('Order 50')
         plt.subplots_adjust(top=0.92, bottom=0.08, hspace=0.35)
         plt.show()
```



