Task 1

C→

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#That solution is a bit strange - i use yielding which most advantage is not
#using memory and then I save it into list, but I have to use list -
#otherwise i wouldnt be able to use list comprehension. Tbh I dont have any other idea
def polynomial(c,x):
  def coefficient(c,x):
    for x_element in x:
      for i, c_element in enumerate(c):
        yield c_element*x_element**i
  a=coefficient(c,x)
 yielded_list=[]
 my_list=[]
 for _ in range(len(x)):
    for i in range(len(c)):
     yielded_list.append(next(a))
    my_list.append(sum([e for e in yielded_list]))
    yielded_list=[]
  return my list
c = [1,2,3]
x = [0, 2, 4, 8]
p=polynomial(c,x)
print(p)
     [1, 17, 57, 209]
Task 2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x=[0, 2, 4, 8]
y=polynomial(c,x)
plt.plot(x,y)
n=100
xd=[8*x/n for x in range(n)]
yd=polynomial(c,xd)
plt.plot(xd,yd)
```

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[cmath]atlih lines linear at Av7f460E11Ef20x1
Task 3
                                                                   def upper_letter(letter, string_to_upper):
  alist = [e for e in myString ]
  w=[x if x!='e' else x.upper() for x in string_to_upper]
      '.join( w )
  return b
upperstr = 'thepurposeoflife'
upperstr = upper_letter('e', upperstr)
print(upperstr)
     thEpurposEoflifE
Task 4
records = (('Sam', 19, 'CS'),
('Nicole', 21, 'Biochemistry'), ('Paul', 20, 'Fine Arts'), ('Ashley', 18, 'History'))
def showrecords(records):
   '''Unpack records stored in a tuple of tuples and print each one in a nice format'''
  for my_tuple in records:
    (name, age, course)=my_tuple
    print(f'Name: {name}, age:{age}, course:{course}')
#print('%s and %d and %s' % (name, age, course)) #we can use example syntax too
showrecords(records)
     Name: Sam, age:19, course:CS
     Name: Nicole, age:21, course:Biochemistry
     Name: Paul, age:20, course:Fine Arts
     Name: Ashley, age:18, course:History
Task 5
def multiplier_of(n):
  def multiply(m):
    return m*n
  return multiply
# test code
multiply with 5 = multiplier of(5)
print(multiply_with_5(9))
# should return 45
multiply with 45 = multiplier of(multiply with 5(9))
print(multiply with 45(2))
# should return: 90
     45
Гэ
     90
Task 6
def type_check(correct_type):
  def check(old_function):
    def function_inside(*args, **kwargs):
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if isinstance(*args, correct_type):
        return old function(*args)
      else:
        print("Bad type")
    return function_inside
  return check
@type_check(int)
def times2(num):
  return num*2
print(times2(2))
times2('Not A Number')
@type_check(str)
def first_letter(word):
    return word[0]
print(first_letter('Hello World'))
first_letter(['Not', 'A', 'String'])
     4
     Bad type
     Η
     Bad type
Task 7
import random
PLUGINS = dict()
def register(func):
    PLUGINS[func.__name__]=func
@register
def say_hello(name):
    return f"Hello {name}"
@register
def be_awesome(name):
    return f"Yo {name}, together we are the awesomest!"
def randomly_greet(name):
    greeter, greeter_func = random.choice(list(PLUGINS.items()))
print(f"Using {greeter!r}")
    return greeter func(name)
randomly_greet('John')
     Using 'be awesome'
     'Yo John, together we are the awesomest!'
```