CDC Home



Chlamydia

# Chlamydia Treatment and Care

Chlamydia is easily cured but can make pregnancy difficult if left untreated.

## What is the treatment for chlamydia?

Chlamydia can be easily cured with antibiotics. HIV-positive persons with chlamydia should receive the same treatment as those who are HIV-negative.

Persons with chlamydia should abstain from sexual activity for 7 days after single dose antibiotics or until completion of a 7-day course of antibiotics, to prevent spreading the infection to partners. It is important to take all of the medication prescribed to cure chlamydia. Medication for chlamydia should not be shared with anyone. Although medication will stop the infection, it will not repair any permanent damage done by the disease. If a person's symptoms continue for more than a few days after receiving treatment, he

If you've been diagnosed with an STD, you may be able to get treatment for your partner, too.

If you've been diagnosed with chlamydia or gonorrhea, the first step is to get treatment.

But did you know that you may be able to get treatment for your partner, too?

Talk to your doctor. They may be able to give you medicine or a prescription for your partner — even without seeing them. This is called expedited partner therapy (EPT) or patient-delievered partner therapy (PDPT), and it's available in most states.

With EPT:

or she should return to a health care provider to be reevaluated.

Repeat infection with chlamydia is common. Women whose sex partners have not been appropriately treated are at high risk for re-infection. Having multiple chlamydial infections increases a woman's risk of serious reproductive health complications, including pelvic inflammatory disease and ectopic pregnancy. Women and men with chlamydia should be retested about three months after treatment of an initial infection, regardless of whether they believe that their sex partners were successfully treated.

Infants infected with chlamydia may develop ophthalmia neonatorum (conjunctivitis) and/or pneumonia. Chlamydial infection in infants can be treated with antibiotics.

## **Treatment Guidelines and Updates**

 2021 STI Treatment Guidelines – Chlamydial Infections – Includes diagnosis, treatment, prevention, and special considerations. Includes updated treatment and screening recommendations. (July 22, 2021)

#### **Resources for Clinicians**

- Chlamydia Self-Study Module An online learning experience that helps users learn how to manage chlamydia. Free CME/CNE available. (November 1, 2017)
- Expedited Partner Therapy (EPT)

#### **Related Content**

### STD & Pregnancy Treatment

Page last reviewed: July 22, 2021