(1) Design a Mini-max **highpass** FIR filter such that

(2) Transition band: $2000\sim2400 \,\mathrm{Hz}$,

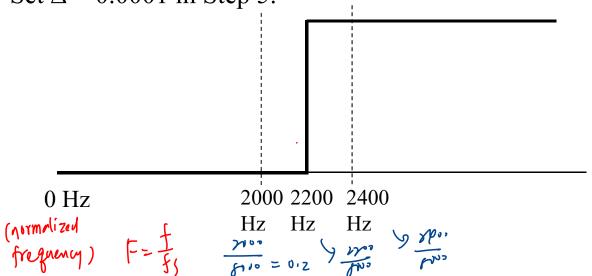
(40 scores)

(40 scores)

(40 scores)

 \bigcirc Weighting function: W(F) = 1 for passband, W(F) = 0.6 for stop band.

© Set $\Delta = 0.0001$ in Step 5.



X The Matlab or Python code should be handed out by NTUCool, too.

Show (a) the frequency response, (b) the impulse response h[n], and (c) the maximal error for each iteration.

- (2) (a) How do we convert convolution into an addition operation?
 - (b) What are two main advantages of the FT in engineering?
 - (c) From the view point of implementation, what are the <u>disadvantages</u> of the discrete Fourier transform? (15 scores)
- (3) Discuss how to implement y[n] = x[n] * h[n] efficiently where

$$h[n] = (0.7^n + (-0.6)^{n+1})u[n],$$
 $u[n]$: unit step function (10 scores)

by which response the veryone filter $\frac{1}{2}$ is the filter $\frac{1}{2}$ in $\frac{1}{2}$

- (4) Why (a) the step invariance method and (b) the bilinear transform can reduce or avoid the <u>aliasing effect</u> in IIR filter design? (10 scores)
- (5) Design the 7-point FIR filter in the MSE sense where the ideal filter is

$$|W| H_d(F) = 1 \text{ for } |F| < 0.25, \ H_d(F) = 0 \text{ for } 0.25 < |F| < 0.5$$
 (10 scores)

(Cont.)

5,	17 X X X 1:		
	Minimize MSE \rightarrow Make $\frac{\partial MSE}{\partial MSE} = 0$ for all n 's	51	
	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & $		

(b) Estimate the pass and stop band ripples if filter length = 21, $\Delta_t = 0.0002$, and the transition band is 1950~2050 Hz.

(c) Estimate the pass and stop band ripples if filter length = 31, $\Delta_t = 0.0001$, and the transition band is $1750 \sim 2250$ Hz.

In (b)(c), suppose that pass and stop band ripples are equal.

— whigher function of the content of the content

(Extra): Answer the questions according to your student ID number.

(ended with 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8) p. 介前。(最多量量)