

$$2. (1) \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau = \int_{-1}^{+1} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau$$

$f(\tau)$  为偶函数.

$$f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{+\infty} f(\tau) \cos \omega\tau d\tau \right]_{\cos \omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{+1} (1-\tau^4) \cos \omega\tau d\tau \right]_{\cos \omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega - \omega \cos \omega}{\omega^3} \cos \omega t d\omega$$

$$(2) f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\tau} \sin 2\tau \cdot e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{\infty} \sin 2\tau \cdot e^{-(j\omega+1)\tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{2}{5-\omega^2+2j\omega} e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{2\omega \sin \omega t + (5-\omega^2) \cos \omega t}{25-6\omega^2+\omega^4} d\omega$$

3. (1)  $f(t)$  为偶函数

$$f(t) = e^{-\beta|t|} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-\beta\tau} \cos \omega\tau d\tau \right]_{\cos \omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} \cos \omega t d\omega$$

$$\text{即} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\beta}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} \cos \omega t d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2\beta} e^{-\beta|t|}$$



3. (3)  $f(t)$  为奇函数

$$f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{+\infty} f(\omega) \cos \omega \tau d\tau \right] \sin \omega t d\omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[ \int_0^{\pi} \sin \tau \cos \omega \tau d\tau \right] \sin \omega t d\omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega \tau}{1-\omega^2} \sin \omega t d\omega$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega \tau \sin \omega t}{1-\omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & |t| > \pi \\ \frac{\pi}{2} \sin t, & |t| \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

习题

1.  $F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$

$$= \int_0^{\tau} A \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= (1 - e^{-j\omega \tau}) \frac{A}{j\omega}$$

$$= \frac{A}{\omega} (e^{-j\omega \tau} - 1)j$$

2.  $F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

①  $f(t)$  为偶函数时,  $f(t) = f(-t)$ ,  $F(-\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$   
 $= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(-t) e^{+j\omega t} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x) e^{-j\omega x} dx = F(\omega)$

即  $F(-\omega) = F(\omega)$  ②  $F(\omega)$  为偶函数时,  $F(\omega) = F(-\omega)$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{-j\omega t} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(x) e^{jxt} dx = f(t)$$

3. (1)  $F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$

$$= \int_0^{+\infty} \alpha e^{-\beta t} e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{+\infty} \alpha e^{-(\beta+j\omega)t} dt$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{\beta+j\omega} = \frac{\alpha(\beta-j\omega)}{\beta^2+\omega^2} = \frac{\alpha\beta}{\beta^2+\omega^2} - \frac{j\alpha\omega}{\beta^2+\omega^2}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\alpha\beta - \alpha\omega j}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\alpha\beta - \alpha\omega j}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} (\cos \omega t + j \sin \omega t) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\beta \cos \omega t + \omega \sin \omega t}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} d\omega$$

$$\text{即 } \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\beta \cos \omega t + \omega \sin \omega t}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} f(t) = \begin{cases} \pi e^{-\beta t}, & t > 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & t = 0 \\ 0, & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

当  $f(t)$  为奇函数时, 同理可得  $F(\omega)$  为奇函数.

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$$(2) F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) \cos \omega t dt$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{\pi} \cos t \cos \omega t dt$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} [\cos(1-\omega)t + \cos(1+\omega)t] dt$$

$$= \frac{2\omega \sin \omega \pi}{1-\omega^2}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{2\omega \sin \omega \pi}{1-\omega^2} (\cos \omega t + j \sin \omega t) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\omega \sin \omega \pi}{1-\omega^2} \cos \omega t d\omega$$

$$|t| = \pi \text{ 时, } f(t) = \frac{1}{2} [f(t-0) + f(t+0)]$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\omega \sin \omega \pi \cos \omega t}{1-\omega^2} d\omega = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi} \cos t & |t| < \pi \\ -\frac{2}{\pi} & |t| = \pi \\ 0 & |t| > \pi \end{cases}$$

$$6. f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} (\cos \omega t + j \sin \omega t) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} \cos \omega t d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin(1+t)\omega}{\omega} d\omega + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin(1-t)\omega}{\omega} d\omega$$

$$\text{由 } \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega = \pi \left( u(t) - \frac{1}{2} \right) \quad (t \neq 0)$$

$u(t)$  为单位阶跃函数.

$$\text{则 } f(t) = \frac{1}{2} [u(1+t) + u(1-t) - 1] \quad |t| \neq 1$$

$$t = \pm 1 \text{ 时, } f(t) = \frac{1}{2} [f(t+0) + f(t-0)] = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} [u(1+t) + u(1-t) - 1] & |t| \neq 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & |t| = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$7. f(t) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \pi [\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)] e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega + \omega_0) e^{j\omega t} d\omega + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) e^{j\omega t} d\omega \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega + \omega_0) e^{j(\omega + \omega_0)t} e^{-j\omega_0 t} d\omega + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) e^{j(\omega - \omega_0)t} e^{j\omega_0 t} d\omega \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [e^{-j\omega_0 t} + e^{j\omega_0 t}]$$

$$= \cos \omega_0 t$$



$$8. f(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} -\frac{2}{a} e^{a|\omega|} \cdot e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{a|\omega|} e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_0^{+\infty} e^{(a+jt)\omega} d\omega + \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{(j\omega-a)\omega} d\omega \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^2 + t^2}$$

$$9. \operatorname{sgn}(t) = 2u(t) - 1$$

$$F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[\operatorname{sgn}t] = 2\mathcal{F}[u(t)] - \mathcal{F}[1]$$

$$= 2\left(-\frac{j}{\omega} + \pi \delta(\omega)\right) - 2\pi \delta(\omega)$$

$$= \frac{2}{j\omega}$$

$$10. F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[ f(t+a) + f(t-a) + f\left(t+\frac{a}{2}\right) + f\left(t-\frac{a}{2}\right) \right] e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{j\omega a} + e^{-j\omega a} + e^{j\omega \frac{a}{2}} + e^{-j\omega \frac{a}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \cos \omega a + \cos \frac{\omega a}{2}$$

$$11(1) F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[f(t)] = \mathcal{F}[\cos t \sin t]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{F}[\sin 2t] = \frac{1}{2} j\pi [\delta(\omega+2) - \delta(\omega-2)]$$

$$(4) F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-a|t|} e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-(a+j\omega)t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{-j\omega t} e^{at} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{a-j\omega} + \frac{1}{a+j\omega} = \frac{2a}{a^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$16) F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin t e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin t (\cos \omega t - j \sin \omega t) dt$$

$$= j \frac{2}{1-\omega^2} \sin \omega \pi$$





习题三. 2.

证明: 由  $f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$

$$\begin{cases} f(-t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{-j\omega t} d\omega \end{cases}$$

则  $\int f(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(t) e^{j\omega t} dt$

$$\begin{cases} f(-\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int 2\pi f(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(t) e^{j\omega t} dt$$

$$\begin{cases} 2\pi f(-\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \end{cases}$$

令  $t = -k$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi f(\omega) = \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} F(-k) e^{-j\omega k} dk$$

$$\begin{cases} 2\pi f(-\omega) = \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} F(-k) e^{j\omega k} dk \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi f(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(-k) e^{-j\omega k} dk$$

$$2\pi f(-\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(-k) e^{j\omega k} dk$$

即  $2\pi f(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(-t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi f(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[F(-t)]$$

$$2\pi f(-\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi f(-\omega) = \mathcal{F}[F(t)]$$

即证.  $\mathcal{F}[F(\mp t)] = 2\pi f(\pm\omega)$

3.  $\mathcal{F}[f(at)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at) e^{-j\omega t} dt$

①  $a > 0$  时.  $= \frac{1}{a} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}(at)} d(at)$

$$= \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$$

②  $a < 0$  时  $= \frac{1}{-a} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}(at)} d(at)$

$$= \frac{1}{-a} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$$

即  $\mathcal{F}[f(at)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$

4. 证明:  $\mathcal{F}[e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t) \cdot dt$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-j(\omega \mp \omega_0)t} dt$$

$$= F(\omega \mp \omega_0)$$

即证  $F(\omega \mp \omega_0) = \mathcal{F}[e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t)]$



$$5. F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$\frac{d}{d\omega} F(\omega) = \frac{d}{d\omega} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{d}{d\omega} [f(t) e^{-j\omega t}] dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (-jt) f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \mathcal{F}[-jt f(t)]$$

$$6. F(-\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j(-\omega)t} dt$$

$$\stackrel{\Delta: u=t}{=} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(u) e^{-j\omega u} du$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(-t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \mathcal{F}[f(-t)]$$

$$9. \text{证明: } \mathcal{F}[f(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 e^{-j\omega t} dt = \frac{2 \sin \omega}{\omega}$$

$$\text{则 } \mathcal{F}[f(t)] = 2\pi f(-\omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F}\left[\frac{2 \sin \omega}{\omega}\right] = 2\pi f(-\omega)$$

$$\text{即 } \mathcal{F}\left[\frac{\sin t}{t}\right] = \pi f(-\omega)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \pi & (|\omega| < 1) \\ 0 & (|\omega| > 1) \end{cases}$$

$$10. \text{已知 } \mathcal{F}[Ae^{-\beta t^2}] = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{\beta}} A e^{-\frac{\omega^2}{4\beta}}$$

$$\stackrel{\Delta: A=1, \beta=1}{=} \mathcal{F}[e^{-t^2}] = \sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{\omega^2}{4}}$$

$$\mathcal{F}[te^{-t^2}] = -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} [\sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{\omega^2}{4}}]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{j} \sqrt{\pi} \times -\frac{2}{4} \omega \cdot e^{-\frac{\omega^2}{4}}$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \omega}{2} j e^{-\frac{\omega^2}{4}}$$





$$11. (1) \quad \mathcal{F}[f(2t)] = \frac{1}{2} F\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$\mathcal{F}[tf(2t)] = -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} \mathcal{F}[f(2t)]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} \left( \frac{1}{2} F\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{j}{2} \frac{d}{d\omega} F\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$(3) \quad \mathcal{F}[g(t)] = \mathcal{F}[(t-2)f(-2t)]$$

$$= \mathcal{F}[tf(-2t)] - 2\mathcal{F}[f(-2t)]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} \mathcal{F}[f(-2t)] - 2 \frac{1}{|-2|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{-2}\right)$$

$$= j \frac{1}{|-2|} \frac{d}{d\omega} F\left(\frac{\omega}{-2}\right) - F\left(-\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{j}{2} \frac{d}{d\omega} F\left(-\frac{\omega}{2}\right) - F\left(-\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{j}{2} \frac{d}{d\omega} F\left(-\frac{\omega}{2}\right) - F\left(-\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$5) \quad \mathcal{F}[g(t)] = \mathcal{F}[tf'(t)] = -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} \mathcal{F}[f'(t)]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} (j\omega F(\omega)) = -\frac{d}{d\omega} (\omega F(\omega))$$

$$= -\left( F(\omega) + \omega \frac{dF(\omega)}{d\omega} \right) = -F(\omega) - \omega \frac{d}{d\omega} F(\omega)$$

习题四.

$$2. \quad f_1(t) = \begin{cases} e^{-\alpha t} & (t > 0) \\ 0 & (t < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$f_2(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & (t > 0) \\ 0 & (t < 0) \end{cases}$$

$$f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_2(\tau) \cdot f_1(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$\begin{cases} \tau > 0 \\ t-\tau > 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \tau > 0 \\ \tau < t \end{cases} \Rightarrow 0 < \tau < t$$

$$\therefore f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_0^t f_2(\tau) f_1(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^t \sin \tau e^{-\alpha(t-\tau)} d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^t \sin \tau e^{(\tau-t)\alpha} d\tau$$

$$= e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t \sin \tau e^{\tau\alpha} d\tau$$

$$= \frac{\alpha \sin t - \cos t + e^{-\alpha t}}{\alpha^2 + 1}$$



$$3. f_1 * f_2 = f_2 * f_1 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_2(\tau) \times f_1(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ t-\tau \geq 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 \leq \tau \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \tau \leq t \end{cases}$$

①  $0 \leq t < \frac{\pi}{2}$  时

$$\therefore \text{原式} = \int_0^t f_2(\tau) \times f_1(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^t \sin \tau e^{-(t-\tau)} d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^t \sin \tau e^{\tau-t} d\tau$$

$$= e^{-t} \int_0^t \sin \tau e^{\tau} d\tau$$

$$= \frac{\sin t - \cos t + e^{-t}}{2}$$

②  $t \geq \frac{\pi}{2}$  时

$$\text{原式} = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f_2(\tau) \times f_1(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \tau e^{-(t-\tau)} d\tau$$

$$= e^{-t} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \tau \cdot e^{\tau} d\tau$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} (1 + e^{\frac{\pi}{2}})$$

③  $t < 0$  时, 原式 = 0

$$\therefore \text{综上, } f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & , t \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} (-\cos t + \sin t + e^{-t}), 0 < t \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} (1 + e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}), t > \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$5. (1) F[f(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-j\omega t} e^{-\beta t} \cos \omega_0 t \cdot u(t) dt$$

$$= \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-(\beta + j\omega)t} \cos \omega_0 t dt$$

$$= \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-(\beta + j\omega)t} \cos \omega_0 t dt$$

$$= \frac{\beta + j\omega}{(\beta + j\omega)^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

$$(5) F[f(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{j\omega t} u(t-t_0) \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{t_0}^{+\infty} e^{j(\omega_0 - \omega)t} dt$$

$$= e^{-j(\omega - \omega_0)t_0} \left[ \frac{1}{j(\omega - \omega_0)} + \pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0) \right]$$

$$16) F[te^{j\omega_0 t}] = -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} F[\cos t]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{j} \frac{d}{d\omega} \left( \frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi \delta(\omega) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\omega^2} + \pi j \delta'(\omega)$$





$$\therefore \mathcal{F}[e^{j\omega_0 t} u(t)] = \frac{1}{(j\omega - j\omega_0)} + \pi j \delta'(\omega - \omega_0)$$

