

7.3.11) N 为偶数

$$y(n) = x(n) * h(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} h(k) x(n-k)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} h(k) x(n-k) = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(k) x(n-k) + \sum_{k=\frac{N}{2}}^{N-1} h(k) x(n-k)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(k) x(n-k) + \sum_{k=\frac{N-2}{2}}^0 h(N-1-k) x(n-(N-1-k))$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(k) [x(n-k) + x(n-N+1+k)]$$

N 为奇数

$$y(n) = x(n) * h(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} h(k) x(n-k)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} h(k) x(n-k) = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(k) x(n-k)$$

$$+ \sum_{k=\frac{N+1}{2}}^{N-1} h(k) x(n-k) + h\left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right) x\left(n-\frac{N-1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(k) x(n-k) + \sum_{k=\frac{N-3}{2}}^0 h(N-1-k) x(n-(N-1-k))$$

$$+ h\left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right) x\left(n-\frac{N-1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(k) [x(n-k) + x(n-N+1+k)] + h\left(\frac{N-1}{2}\right) x\left(n-\frac{N-1}{2}\right)$$



$$12) N \text{ 为偶数 } H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} h(n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(n) z^{-n} + \sum_{n=\frac{N-1}{2}}^{N-1} h(n) z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(n) z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(n) z^{-(N-1-n)}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-2}{2}} h(n) [z^{-n} + z^{-(N-1-n)}]$$

$$N \text{ 为奇数: } H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} h(n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} h(n) z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(n) z^{-n} + \sum_{n=\frac{N-1}{2}}^{N-1} h(n) z^{-n} + h(\frac{N-1}{2}) z^{-\frac{N-1}{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(n) z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(n) z^{-(N-1-n)} + h(\frac{N-1}{2}) z^{-\frac{N-1}{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N-3}{2}} h(n) [z^{-n} + z^{-(N-1-n)}] + h(\frac{N-1}{2}) z^{-\frac{N-1}{2}}$$

~~N 为偶数~~



$$7.10. \quad y(n) = x(n) - x(n-N)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{j\omega}) - e^{-j\omega N} X(e^{j\omega})$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = 1 - e^{-j\omega N}$$

$$= e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}} (e^{j\omega \frac{N}{2}} - e^{-j\omega \frac{N}{2}})$$

$$= 2 \sin \frac{\omega N}{2} \cdot e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\omega N}{2})}$$

$$\text{幅频响应 } |H(e^{j\omega})| = 2 \left| \sin \frac{\omega N}{2} \right|$$

$$\text{相频响应: } \varphi(\omega) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\omega N}{2}$$

$$7.4. \quad H(z) = \frac{1}{8} (1 + z^{-1} + 2z^{-2} + 4z^{-3} + z^{-4})$$

$$(1) \quad h(n) = \frac{1}{8} (\delta(n) + \delta(n-1) + 2\delta(n-2) + 4\delta(n-3) + \delta(n-4))$$

$$(2) \quad \text{令 } z = e^{j\omega}$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{8} (1 + e^{-j\omega} + 2e^{-2j\omega} + 4e^{-3j\omega} + e^{-4j\omega})$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} e^{-2j\omega} (e^{2j\omega} + e^{-2j\omega} + 2 + e^{j\omega} + 4e^{j\omega})$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} e^{-2j\omega} \left(1 + \frac{5}{2} \cos \omega + \cos 2\omega - \frac{3}{2} j \sin \omega \right)$$

不具有线性相位特性。



$$7.7. \quad (1) \quad H_d(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} h_d(n) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} h(n) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$E(e^{j\omega}) = H_d(e^{j\omega}) - H(e^{j\omega})$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} [h_d(n) - h(n)] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} e(n) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$\Rightarrow e(n) = h_d(n) - h(n)$$

$$(2) \quad E = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} |e(n)|^2$$

$$(3) \quad E = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} |e(n)|^2$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} |h_d(n) - h(n)|^2 + \sum_{\text{other}} |h_d(n)|^2$$

当 ~~当~~ $0 \leq n \leq N-1$ 时, $|h_d(n) - h(n)| = 0$ 时,

$$E = \sum_{\text{other}} |h_d(n)|^2$$

则 N 值固定时, 矩形窗是提供所需频率响应的最好均方误差逼近。

