Programming Assignment 8-2

Use the class MyStringLinkedList in the source folder for this lab as a starting point for implementing a doubly linked list (with header) for use with String data.

Implement the operations:

```
//inserts a new Node contain data so that its
//position in the list is now pos
void insert(String data, int pos)

//attempts to remove the first Node that contains
//data; if successful, returns true; otherwise, false.
boolean remove(String data)
```

Also, implement the methods in MinSort and Search in this new context. Test your sort and search methods as in 8-1, using the following:

a. Sort the following list

```
["big", "small", "tall", "short", "round", "square",
"enormous", "tiny", "gargantuan", "lilliputian",
"numberless", "none", "vast", "miniscule"]
```

- b. Take the list sorted in part a. and attempt searches for each of the following:
 - "number"
 - "tiny"

Hints:

1. For part a, replace the swap method for arrays with

```
void swap (Node n1, Node n2),
```

which *appears* to switch the positions of n1 and n2 in the list with the following trick: it switches the *values stored* in the two nodes. (It is possible to actually swap the positions of the nodes by rearranging links, but it is tricky and not needed for this lab.)

And replace the minpos method (which finds the position of the min value) with

```
Node minNode (Node n)
```

which returns the Node nested in n that has the minimum value.

2. For part b, you can re-do the binary search algorithm in the context of list Nodes – there is no clever optimization as there is for sorting. Notice how costly it is to locate the Node in the middle.