

Walmart Sales Forecasting

Pipitton Sanseeaha

9/Jan/2023

Outline

- Executive summary
- Problem understanding
- Exploratory data analysis (EDA)
 - California
 - Texas
 - Wisconsin
 - Sales performance by state
 - Total
- Predictive analysis
- Conclusions

Executive summary

In this study, we examine Walmart sales in three states (California, Texas, and Wisconsin). First, we find business insight by doing exploratory data analysis. We found total sales depend on population density and month but do not depend on event. Finally, we employ a decision tree regression model to forecast revenues for the following 28 days. The model performs well.

Problem understanding

- Walmart is one of the notable retail corporation. They have provided sales data for stores in three states and includes item level, department, product categories, and store details.
- The goal of this study is to gain business insight and predict daily sales for the next 28 days.

Exploratory data analysis

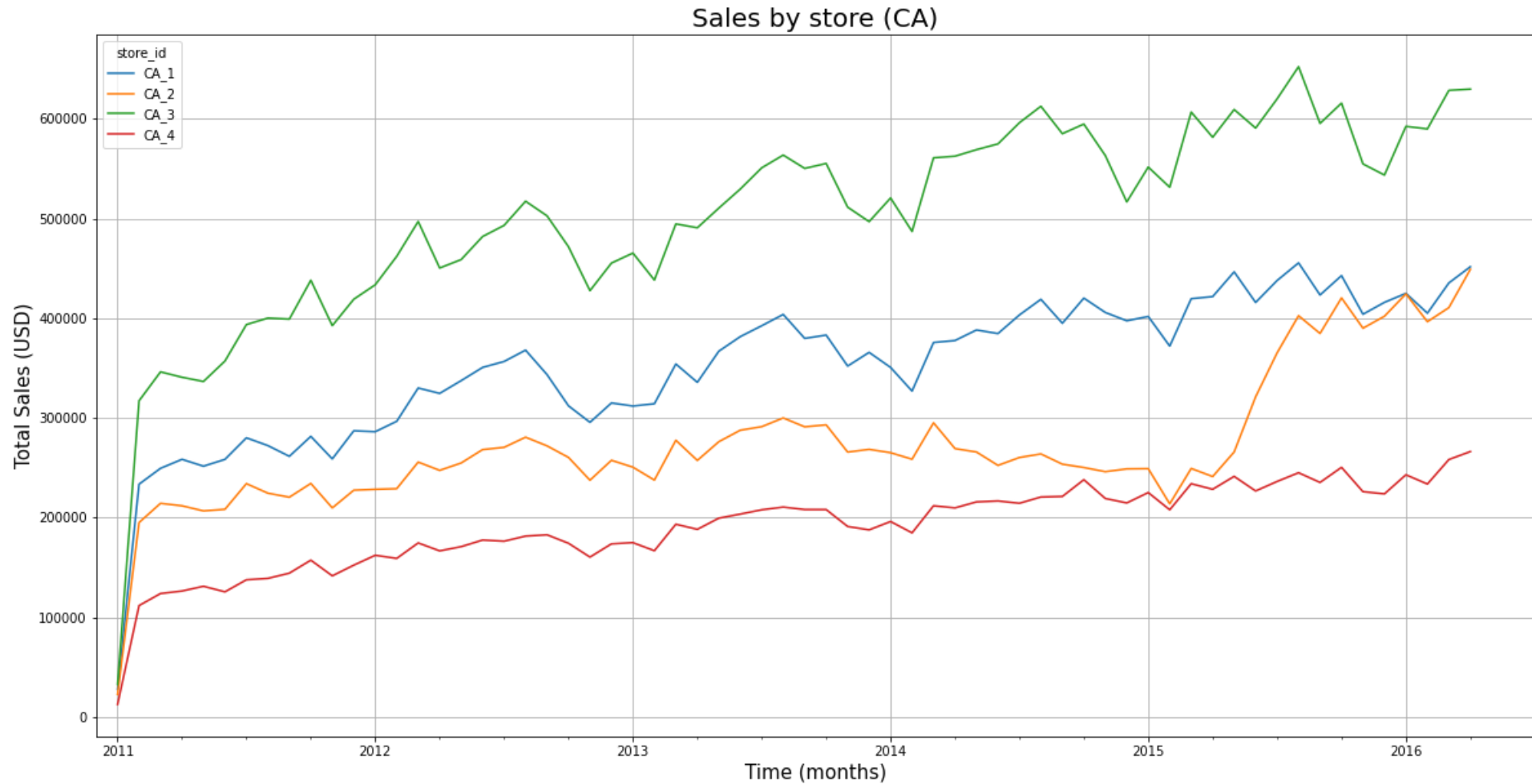
How to calculate total sales

Sales_train		
Item_id	quantity	d
Item_1	x_1	d_1
Item_2	x_2	d_2
	⋮	
Item_n	x_n	d_n

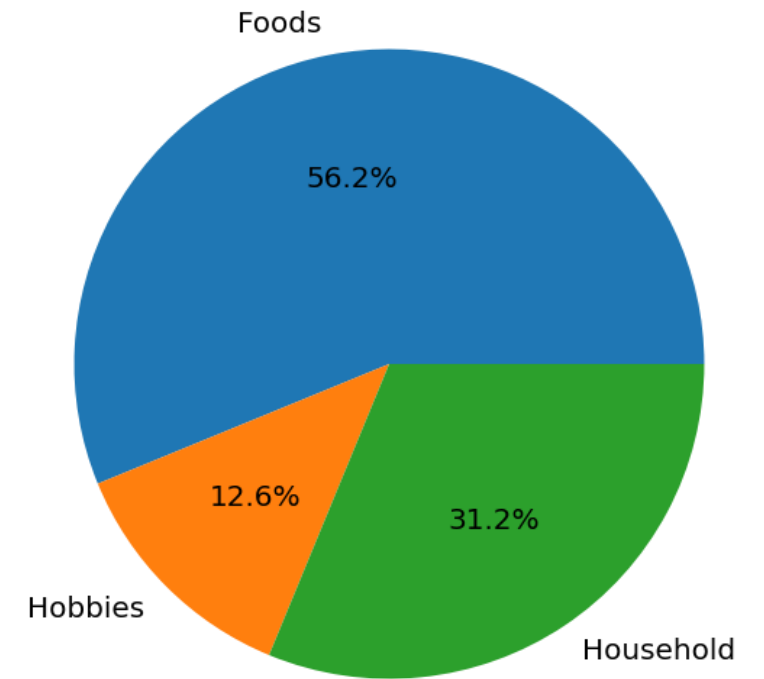
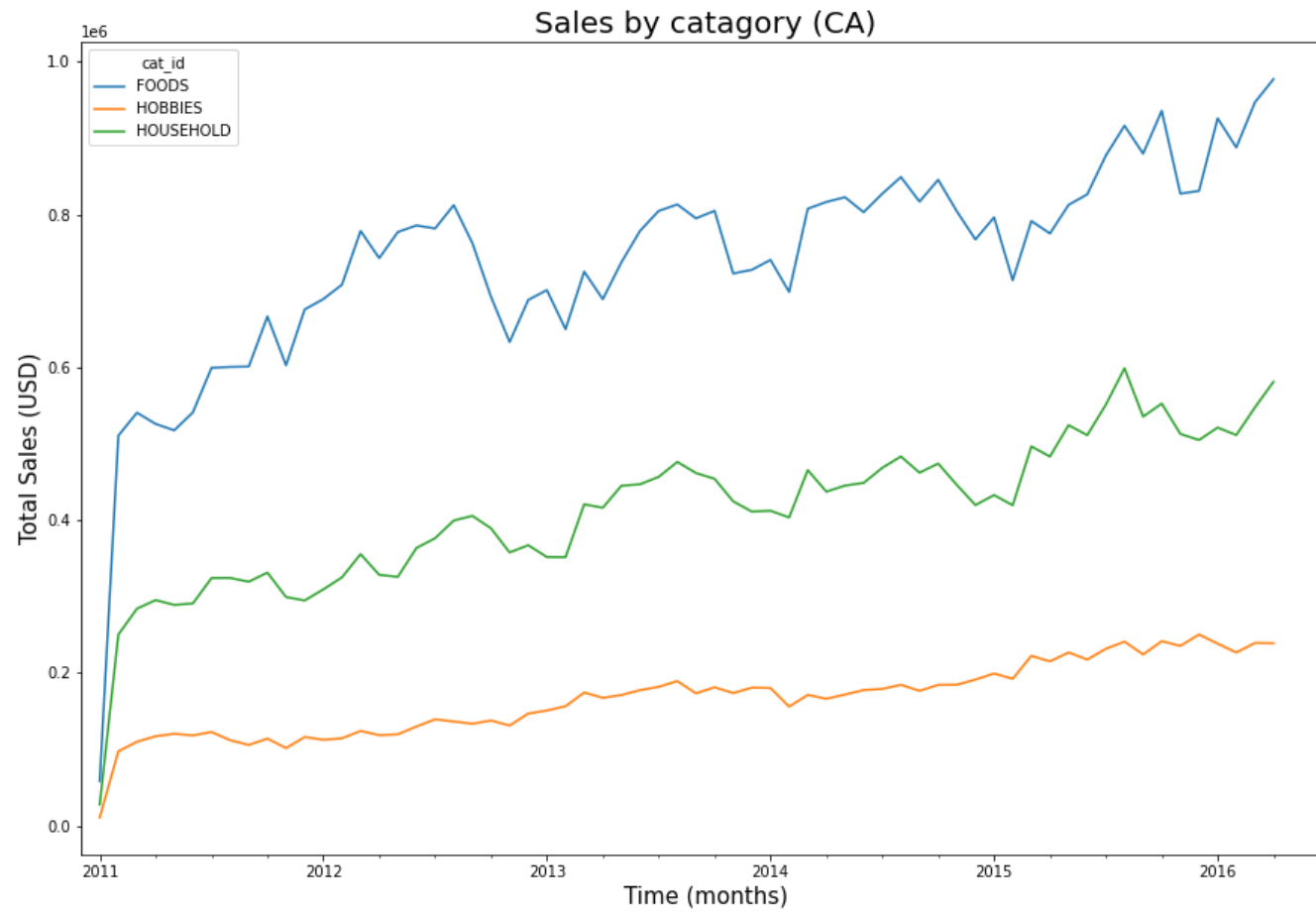
Calendar	
d	wm_yr_wk
d_1	w_1
d_2	w_2
⋮	
d_n	w_n

Sell prices		
Item_id	wm_yr_wk	sell_price
Item_1	w_1	p_1
Item_2	w_2	p_2
	⋮	
Item_n	w_n	p_n

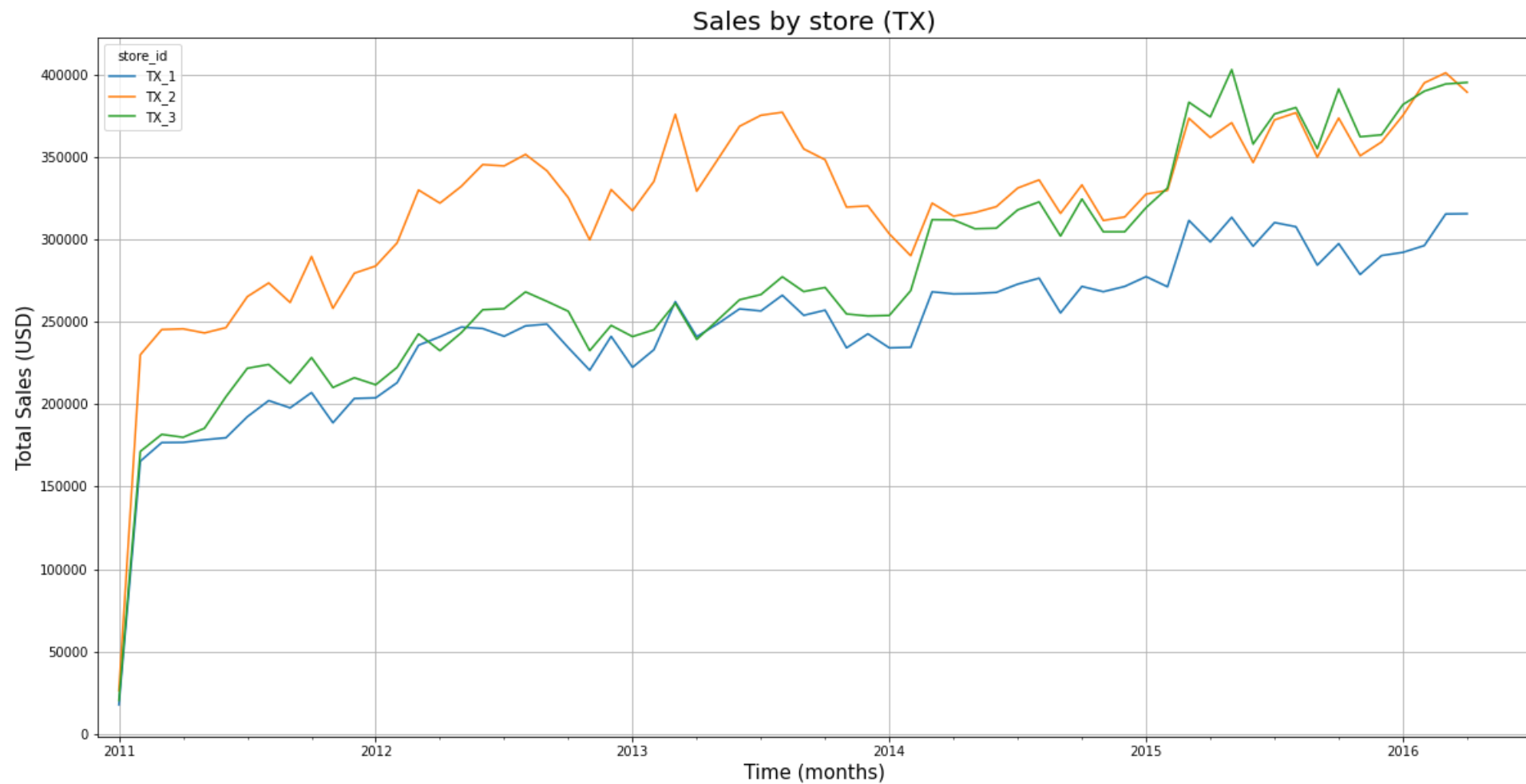
California (CA)



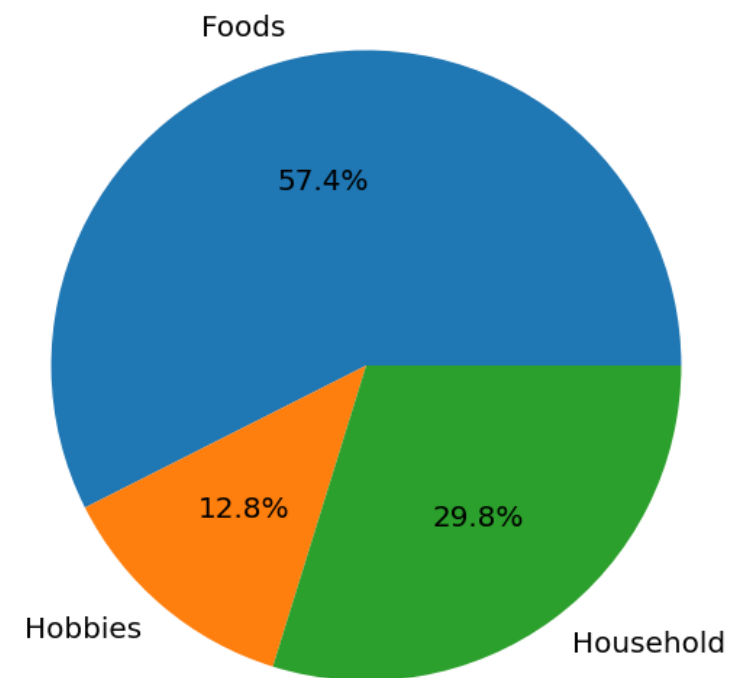
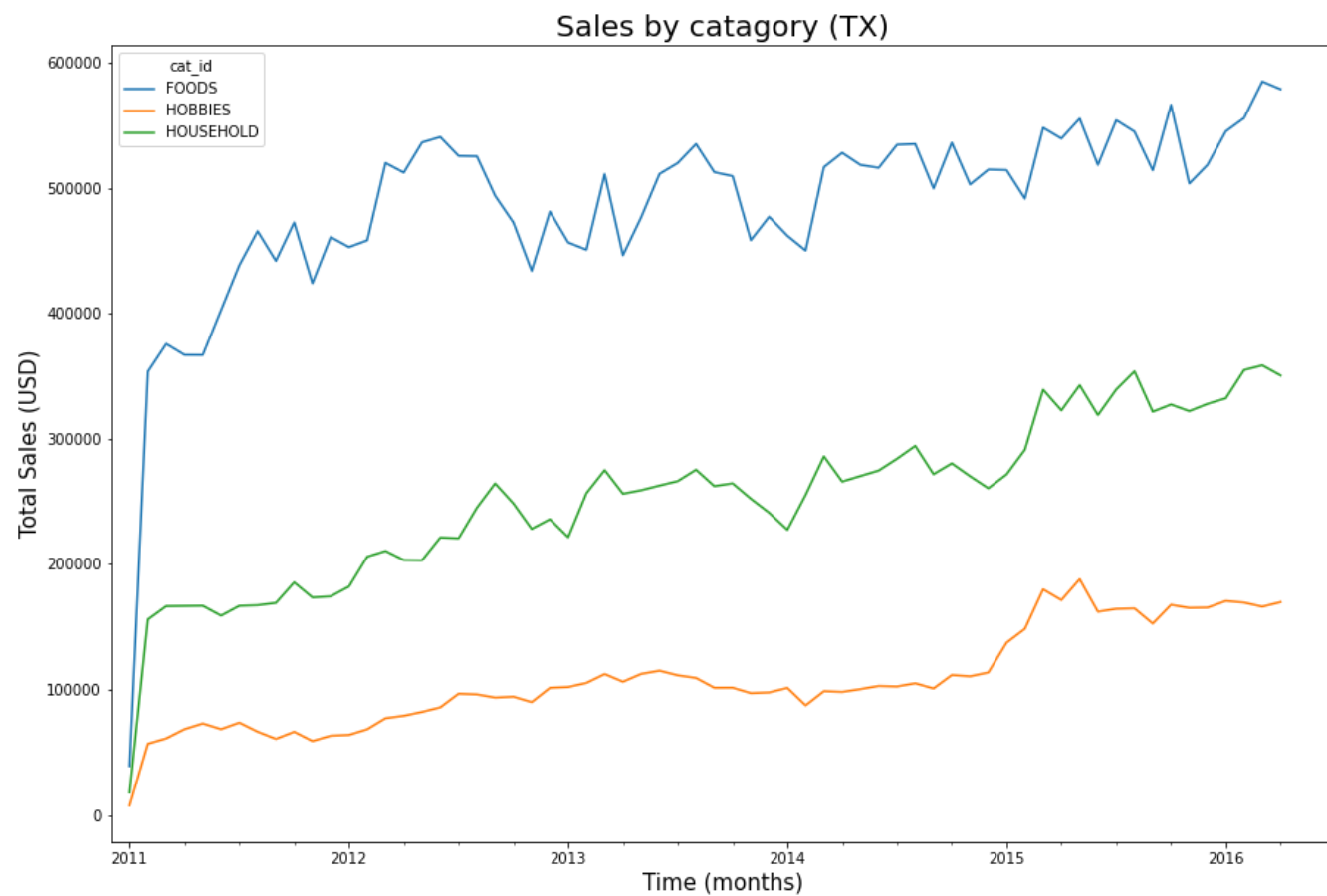
California (CA)



Texas (TX)



Texas (TX)

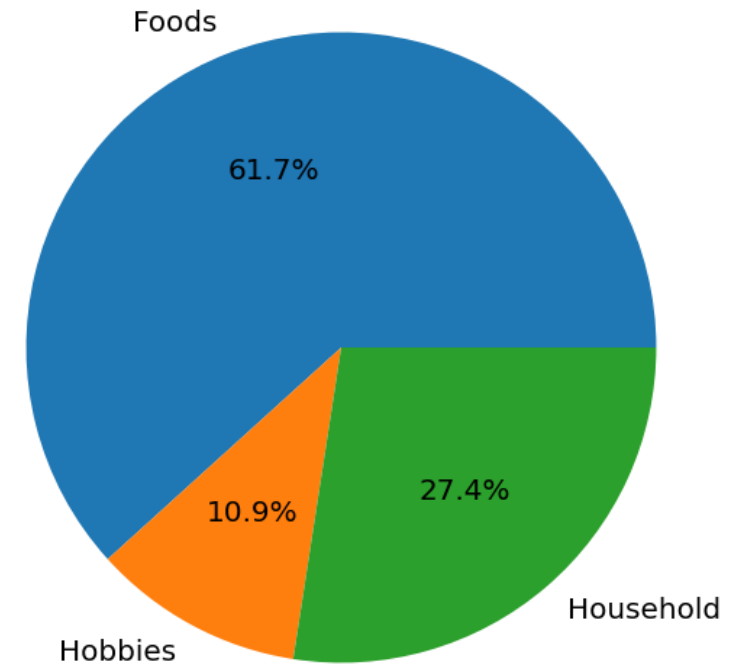
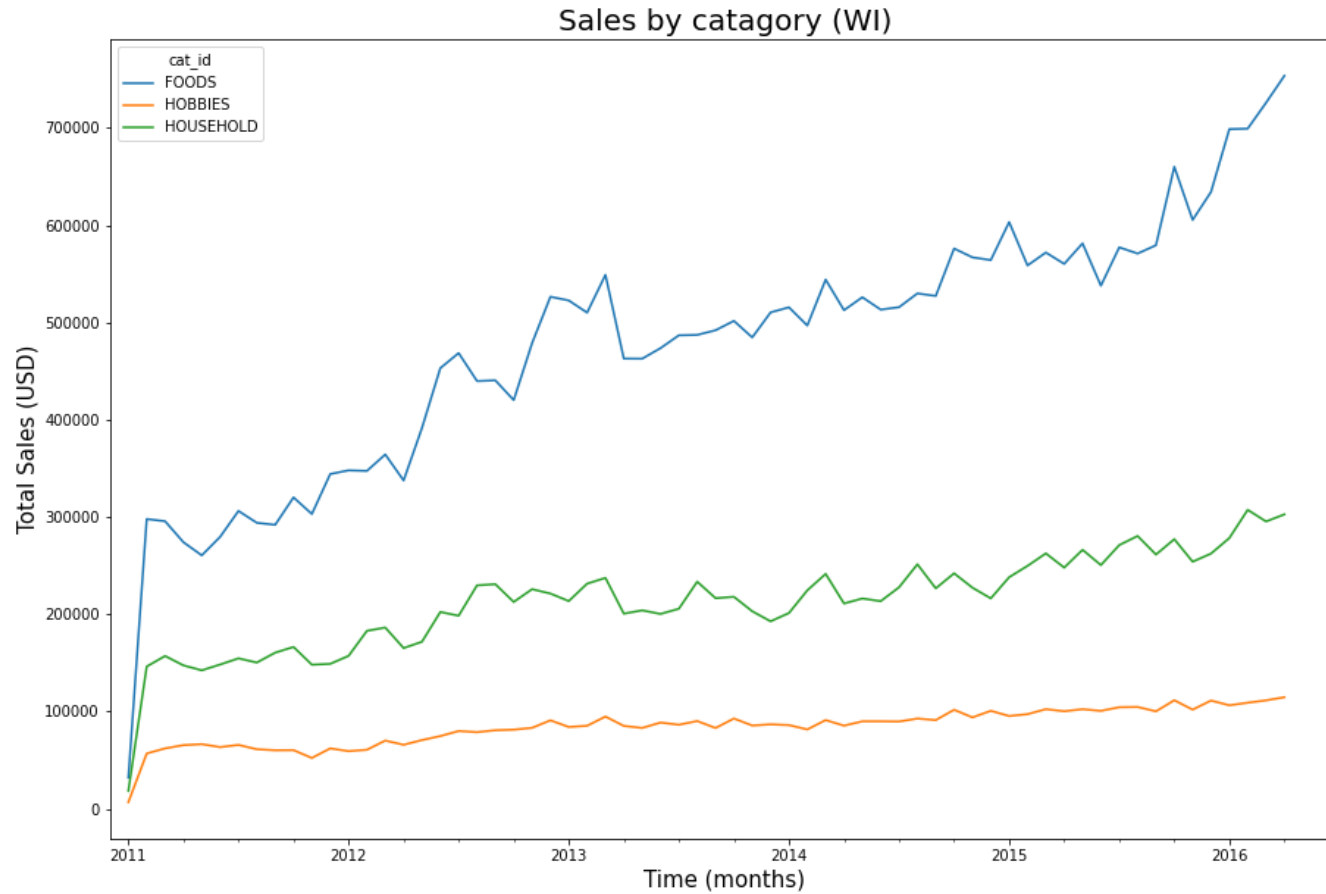


Wisconsin (WI)

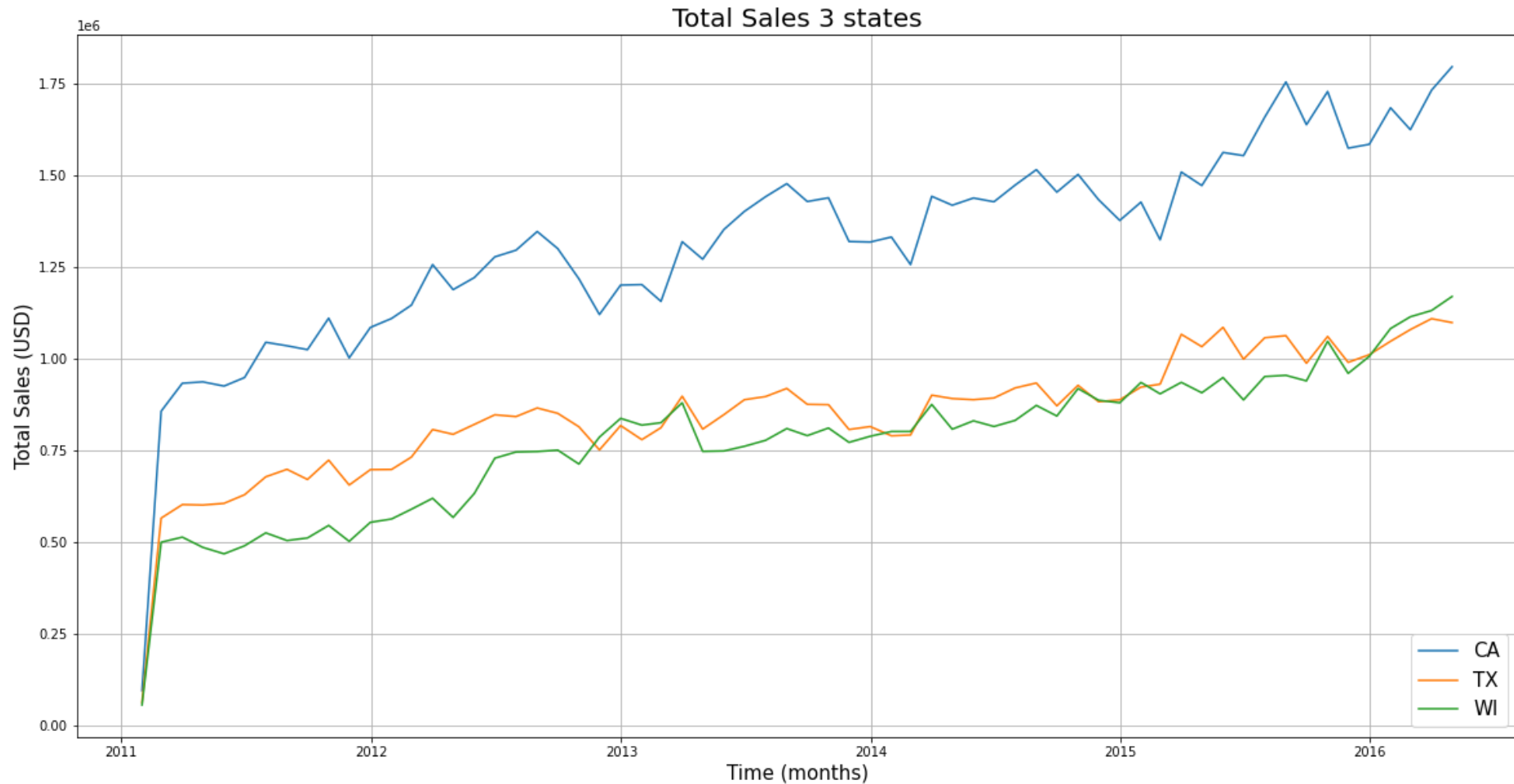
Trend changed in 2013



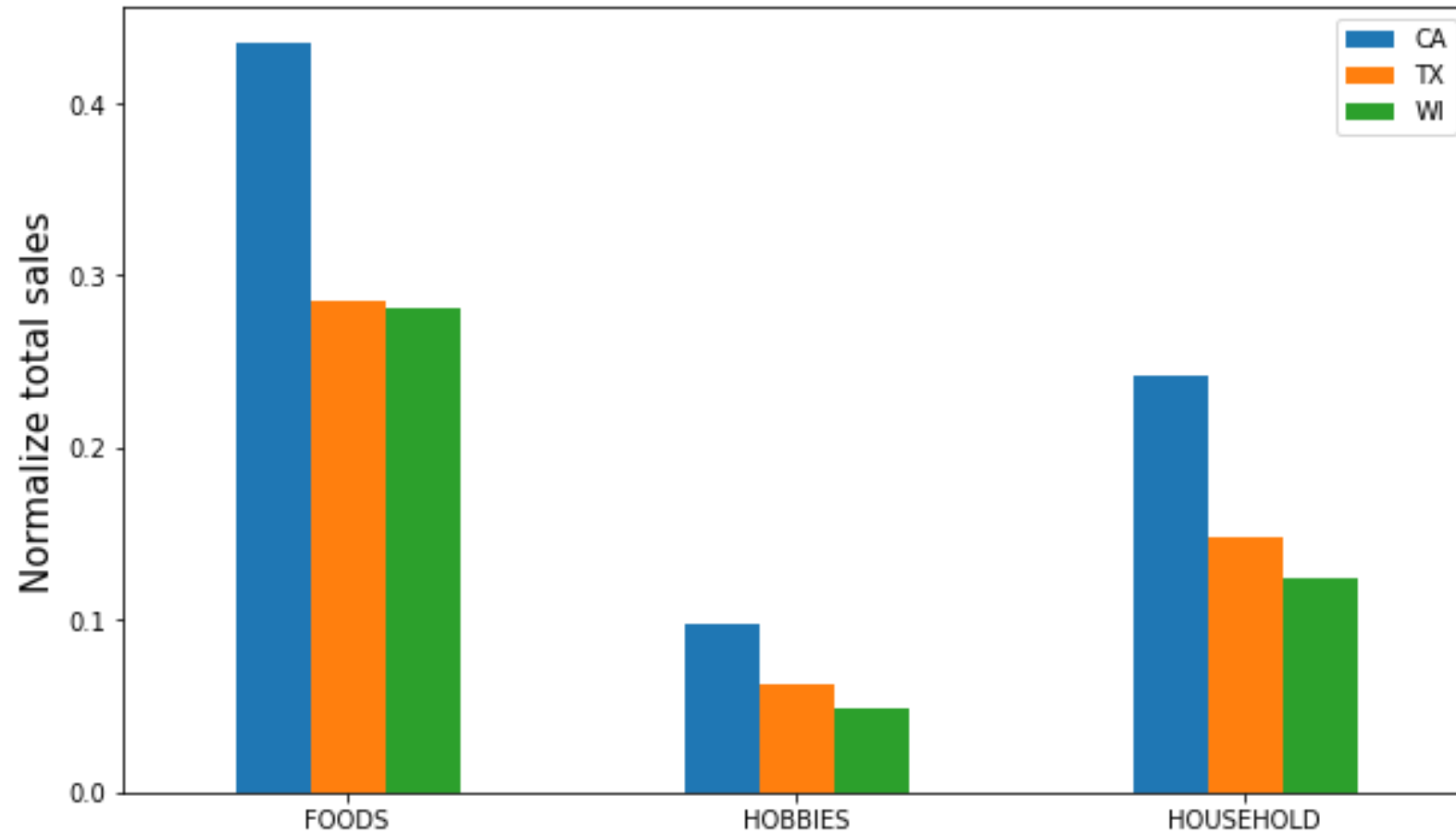
Wisconsin (WI)



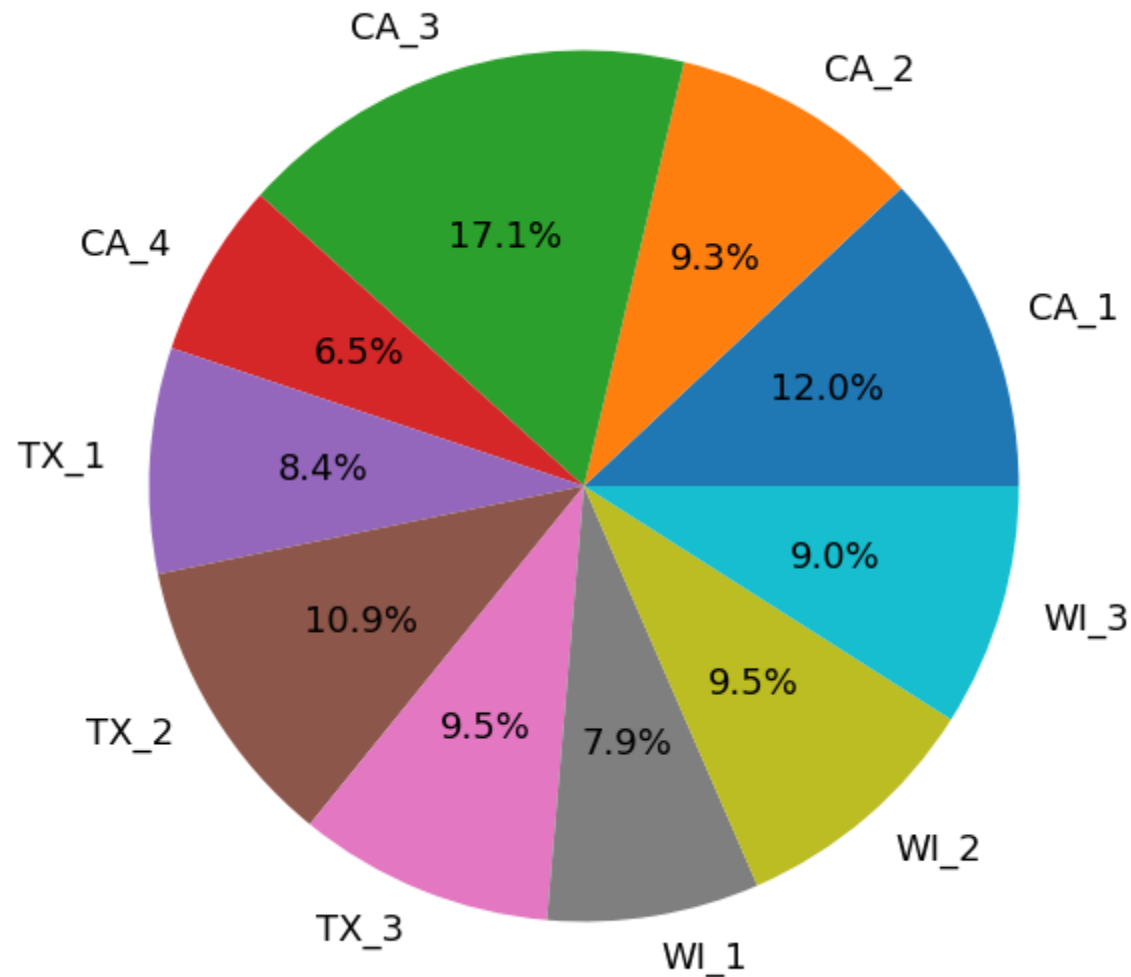
Sales performance by state



Sales performance by state

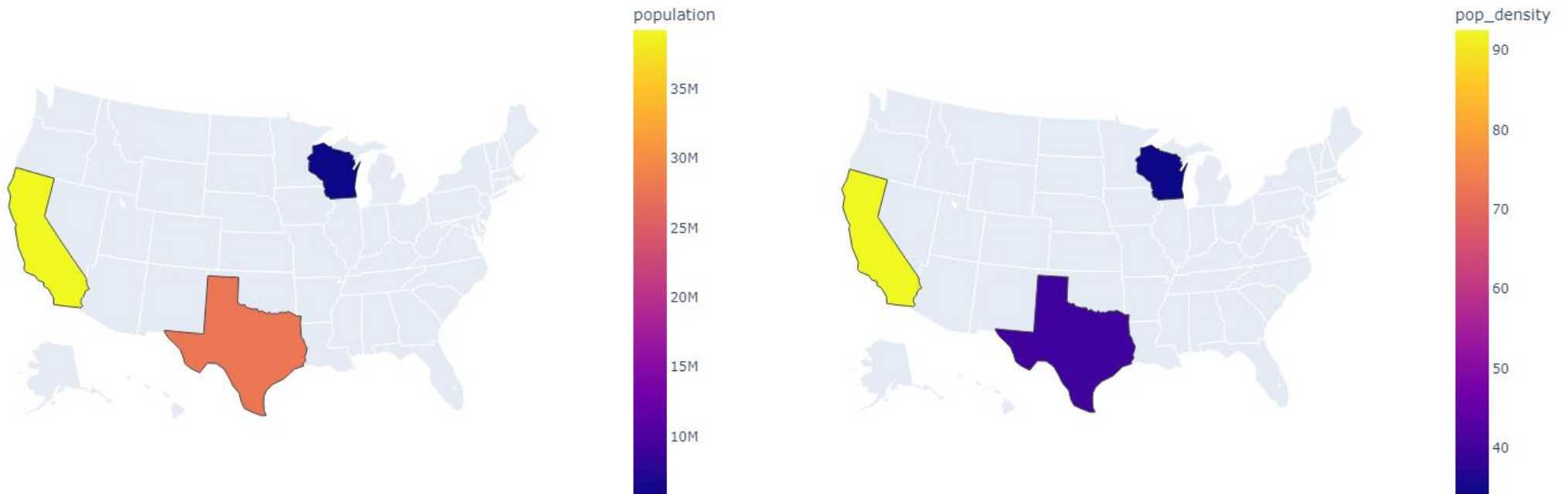


Sales performance by state



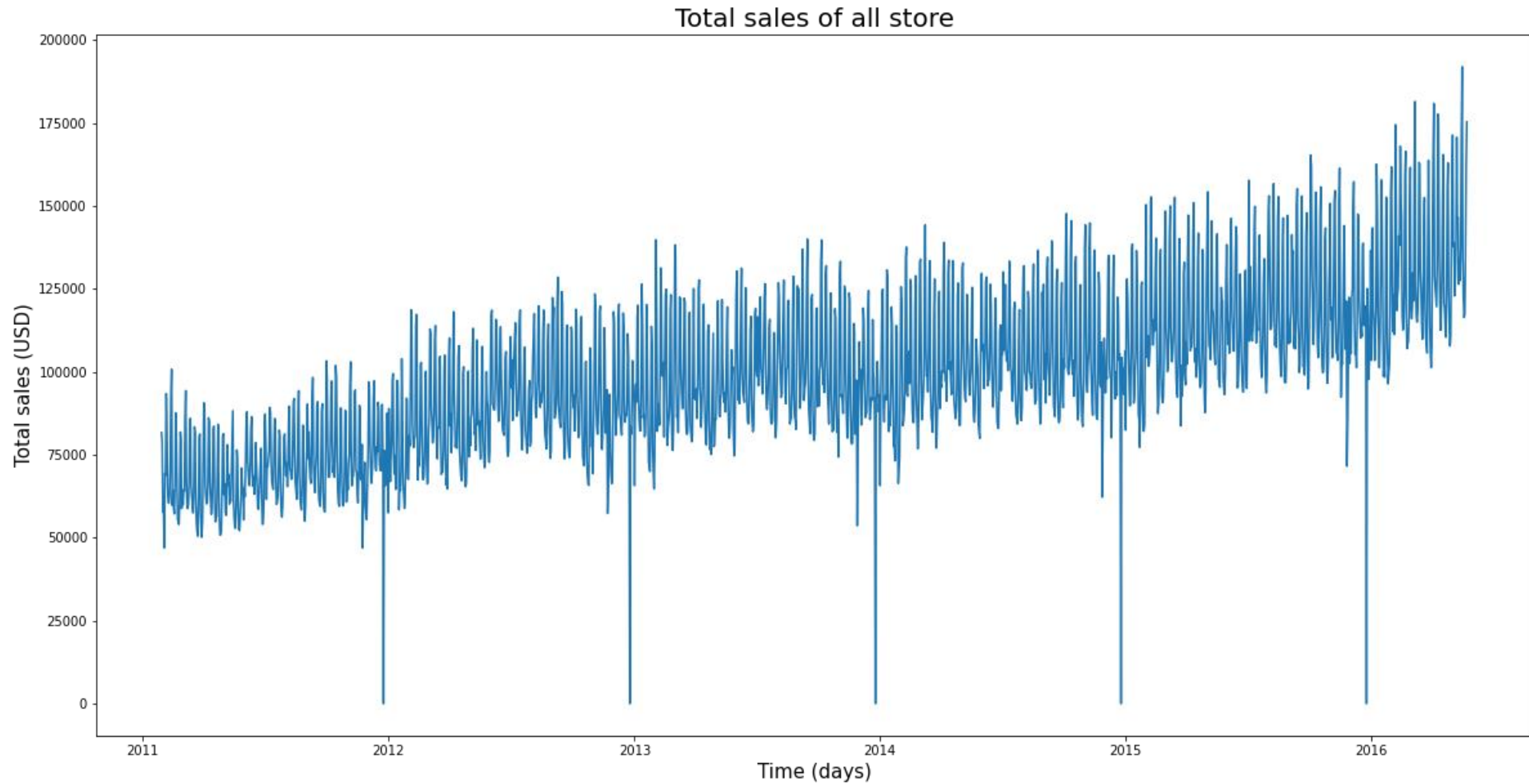
- CA_1 has the highest sales.
- CA_4 has the lowest sales.
- All stores in WI have contribute lower than 10% to the total sales.

Population density

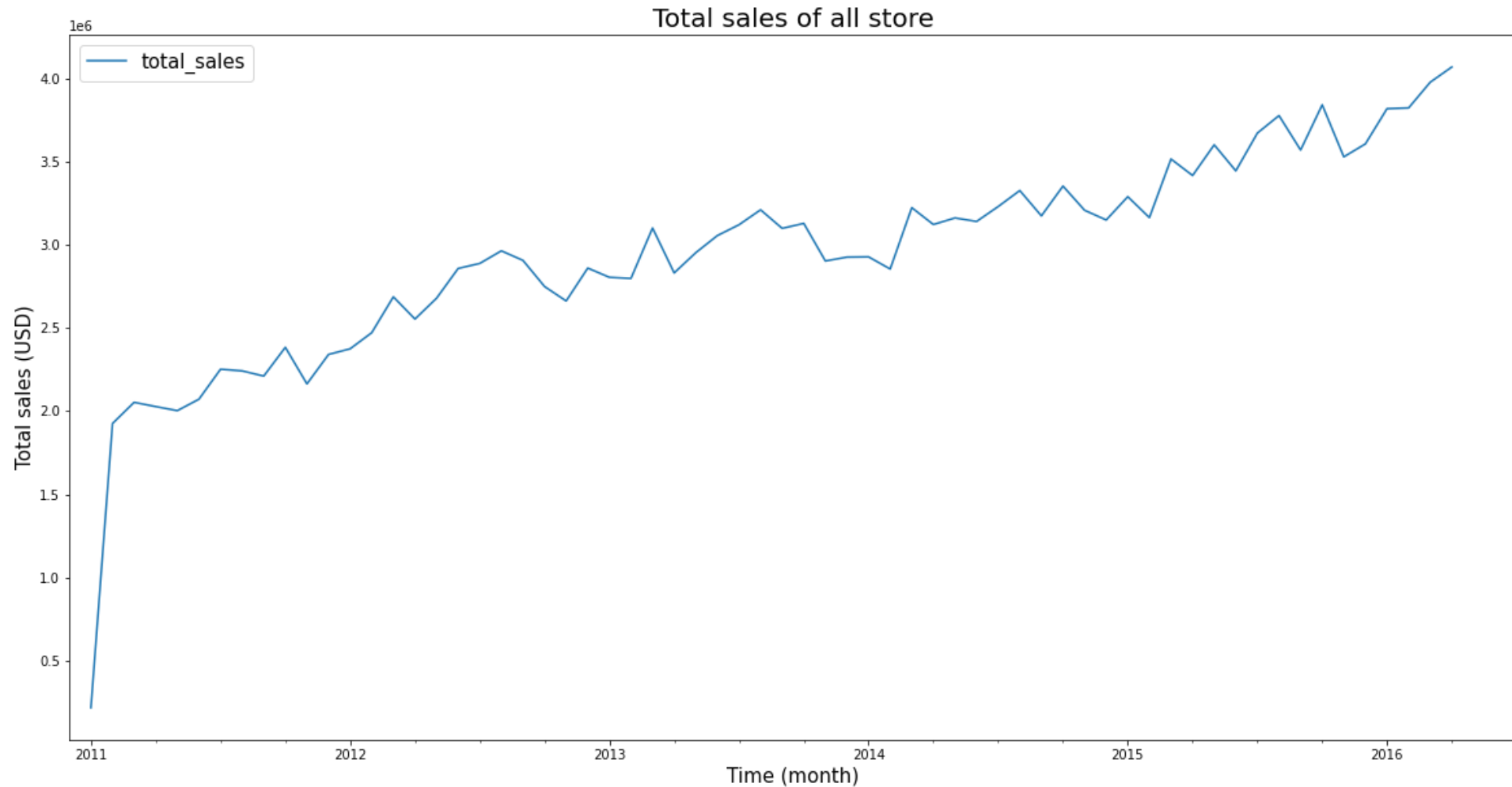


TX and WI have the same population density. This might be the reason that total sales in TX and WI are roughly the same.

Sales performance of all store



Sales performance of all store




Predictive analysis

Predictive analysis

- We predict daily sales for the next 28 days by using a decision tree model.

Model	
Input	target
d_1	d_29
d_2	d_30
d_3	d_31
⋮	
d_n-2	None
d_n-1	None
d_n	None



Train/test data for a decision tree model

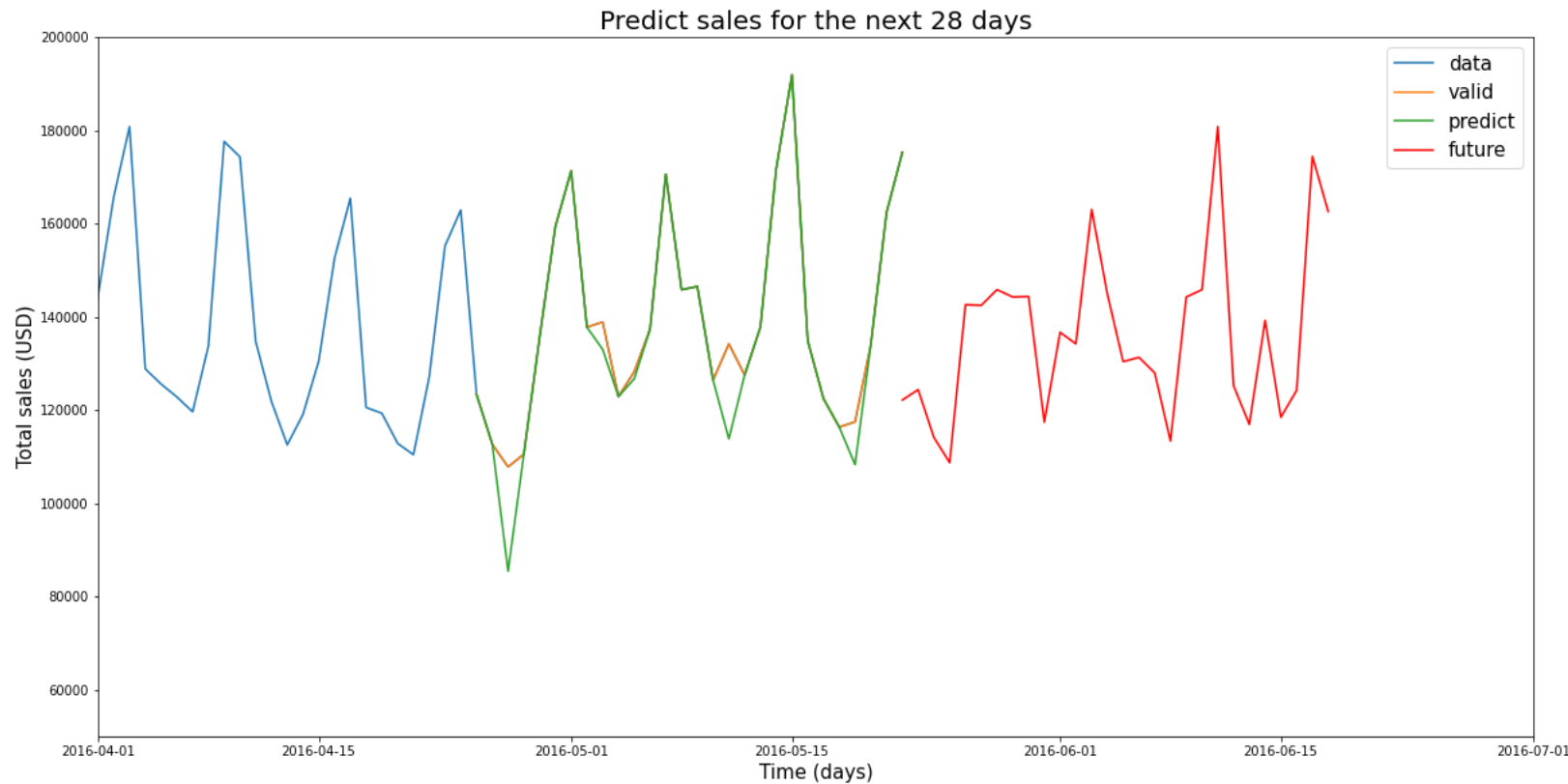


The next 28 days

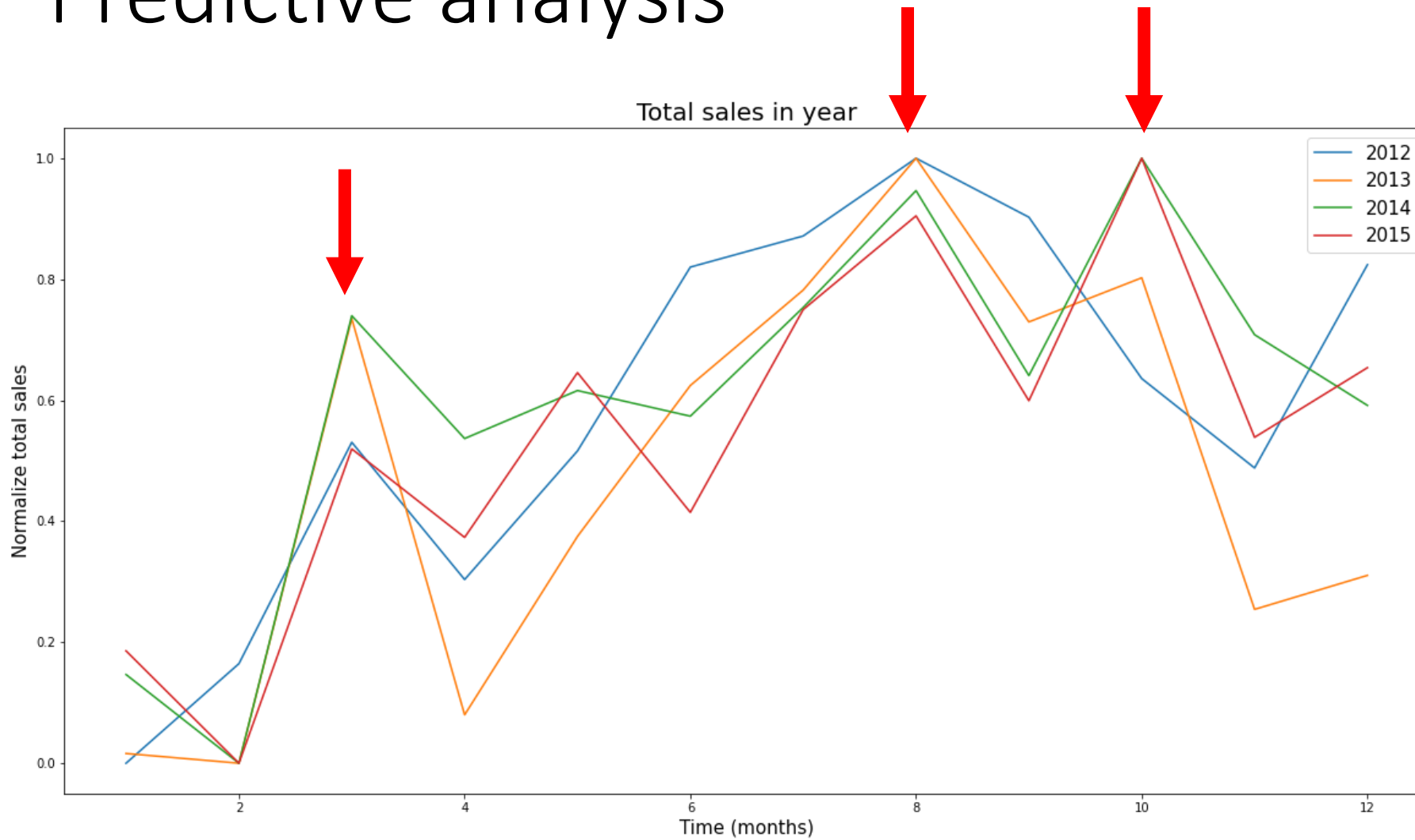
Predictive analysis

- The model has r2 score of 0.92

$$r^2(y, \hat{y}) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

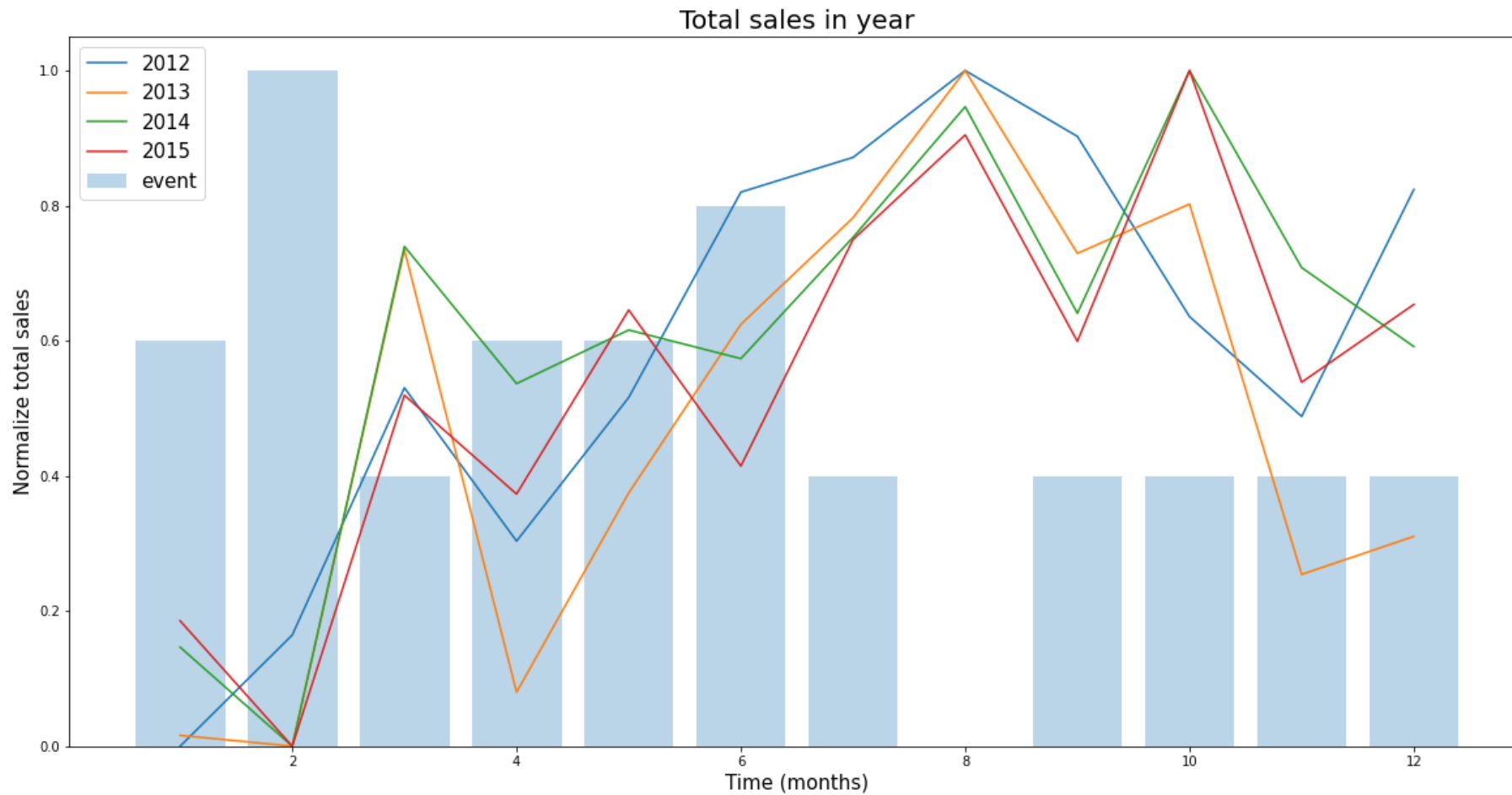


Predictive analysis



The data do not show a clear periodic trend.

Predictive analysis



There is no correlation between number of event and total sales.

Conclusions

Conclusions

- The highest sales are from CA.
- The food category has the highest sales, while hobbies and household items rank second and third, respectively.
- Total sales in each state depend on population density.
- Total sales increase every year.
- Total sales do not show a clear periodic function.
- Total sales do not depend on events.
- Total sales can be accurately predicted using our decision tree regression model

For the full report in Jupyter notebook

- https://github.com/pipitton-s/Coraline_assignment