# **Data Analysis & Statistical Design in Clinical Trials**

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## **Descriptive Statistics in Clinical Trials**

## A. Rheumatoid arthritis Clinical Trial

A longitudinal clinical trial compared auranofin therapy (3 mg of oral gold, twice daily) and Placebo for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis. In this six-month, randomized, double-blind trial, 303 patients with classic or definite rheumatoid arthritis were randomized to one of the two treatment groups and followed over time. The outcome variable of interest is a global impression scale (Arthritis Categorical Scale) measured at baseline (month 0), month 2, month 4, and month 6. This is a self-assessment of a patient's current arthritis, measured on a five-level ordinal scale: (1) very good, (2) good, (3) fair, (4) poor, and (5) very poor. Baseline data on this outcome variable are available for 303 of the patients who participated in this trial; follow-up data at 6 months are available for 294 patients. Data are in files CTRA6mWide.csv and CTRA6mLong.csv.

## Introduction

This study is a six-month, randomized, double-blind trial, in which 303 subjects are general patients or patients with confirmed rheumatoid arthritis. They will be randomly assigned to a group taking Auranofin or Placebo, and recorded regularly. The patients' self-assessment scale will reflect the patients' current arthritis status. It can be seen from Table 1 that the data of this study includes patient's number, age, treatment group, RA value before treatment, and RA value at 0, 2, 4, and 6 months after treatment. Both the RA value and age at 6 months are missing values. The distribution of age is a left-skewed distribution, which means that most of patients are old. The distribution of RA values at 0, 2, 4, and 6 months after treatment is approximately normal. This study intends to use the above data for statistical analysis, assuming that patients are all rheumatoid arthritis patients, and to observe the efficacy of Auranofin and Placebo in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

Through Table 1, we can know that in the 303 patients, there are 290 people stay the whole trial, 9 people drop out the trial in advance, and 4 people drop out then come back.

Table 1: Summary of the patients' condition

visit	N	Percentage	Cum. N	Cum. Percentage
Whole	290	95.71	290	95.7
Drop out in advance	9	2.97	299	98.7
Drop out and come back	4	1.32	303	100.0

## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

It can be seen from the table below that the average age of the two groups is about 50 years old, and the average RA value at baseline is about 3 points. As the two groups changed over time, the RA value showed a slight downward trend. The group taking Auranofin had a smaller downward trend, with an average decrease of only 0.34 points; on the contrary, the group taking Placebo had a lower degree of decline than the group taking Auranofin Don't be bigger, it drops 0.66 points on average. Therefore, there is no obvious downward trend in the RA value of the two groups.

Table 2: Summary of mean age and RA value

	Placebo	95% C.I.	Auranofin	95% C.I.	Total	95% C.I.
age	50.7(11.23)	[28.24, 73.16]	50.06(11.03)	[28, 72.12]	50.38(11.12)	[28.14, 72.62]
y0	3.19(0.95)	[1.29, 5.09]	3.14(0.92)	[1.3, 4.98]	3.17(0.93)	[1.31, 5.03]
y2	2.93(1.01)	[0.91, 4.95]	2.74(0.75)	[1.24, 4.24]	2.83(0.9)	[1.03, 4.63]
y4	2.99(0.96)	[1.07, 4.91]	2.68(0.98)	[0.72, 4.64]	2.84(0.98)	[0.88, 4.8]
у6	2.84(1)	[0.84, 4.84]	2.48(1)	[0.48, 4.48]	2.66(1.01)	[0.64, 4.68]
change	-0.34(0.97)	[-2.28, 1.6]	-0.66(1.08)	[-2.82, 1.5]	-0.5(1.04)	[-2.58, 1.58]

It can be seen from Figure 1 that for the average RA value of the entire group, the average RA value of the Auranofin group (treat=1) and the Placebo group (treat=0) at baseline have little difference. However, in the subsequent 2, 4, and 6 months, it can be found that the average RA values of the two groups have a downward trend, but the Auranofin group has a larger decline.

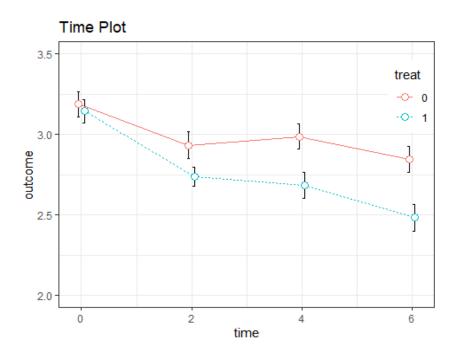


Figure 1: Change of RA value from before to after treatment

From Figure 2, we can see that there is not much difference in the overall RA value distribution between the Auranofin group (treat=1) and the Placebo group (treat=0) at baseline. However, in the follow-up after 2, 4, and 6 months, it can be found that the RA value of the Placebo group is widely distributed, covering RA value similar to or lower than the baseline. Therefore, although there is little difference in the overall RA value between the two groups during the follow-up period, the RA value of some patients in the Placebo group is still high, while the RA value of the Auranofin group has a trend of overall decrease.

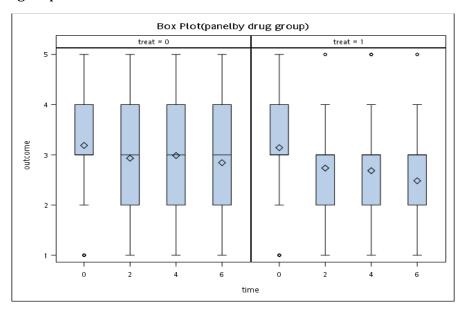


Figure 2: RA value from before to after treatment boxplot

#### Method

## chisq-test

In order to observe whether there is a difference in the RA value between the Auranofin group (treat=1) and the Placebo group (treat=0) at different times, the RA value is regarded as a categorical variable. Hence, Chi-square test is used as the basis for the judgment, and the addition is added one variable, change, which means the difference between the RA value at the sixth month and the baseline to detect whether there is a difference before and after treatment in the same treatment group. In the following tests, we set significance level to 0.05.

**Hypothesis Testing:** 

$$\left\{ egin{aligned} &H_0$: They are independent \ &H_1$: They are dependent \end{aligned} 
ight.$$

Observing the table below, we can see that there is no significant difference in the RA value between the Auranofin group (treat=1) and the placebo group (treat=0) before the treatment and the fourth month However, the RA values at the second and sixth months and before and after the treatment are significantly different.

variable	Statistic	Prob
At the 0 month	Chisq	0.975
At the 2 months	Chisq	0.001
At the 4 months	Chisq	0.080
At the 6 months	Chisq	0.009
change	Chisq	0.038

#### Constraints

- 1. As the number of samples is larger (the larger n is), it is easier to be significant.
- 2. This check can only know whether there is a difference, but it is impossible to know which group is larger or smaller.

#### wald-test

This study uses a fixed-effect model for Wald test. The model assumes that the Poisson distribution is used, and the link function is an exponent. The patients' number, treatment group, and measurement time are set as categorical variables, and age is considered as a continuous variable. In the following tests. We set significance level to 0.05. As can be seen from the table below, there is a significant difference in RA value in time and treatment group, but there is no significant difference in age. By observing the estimated value, it can be seen that the RA value

will decrease as time increases, while the treatment group is taking. The RA value of the Auranofin group is lower than that of the Placebo group, so it can be inferred that taking Auranofin has an effect on rheumatoid arthritis.

Table 4: Estimator of parameter

				95% C.I	95% C.I		
Parameter	Category	Estimator	s.e.	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	Z	Pr >  Z
Intercept	•	1.054	0.072	0.913	1.196	14.56	<.0001
time	2	-0.109	0.020	-0.148	-0.070	-5.52	<.0001
time	4	-0.109	0.020	-0.148	-0.070	-5.5	<.0001
time	6	-0.170	0.020	-0.210	-0.131	-8.41	<.0001
time	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
age		0.002	0.001	0.000	0.005	1.89	5.91E-
							2
treat	1	-0.065	0.030	-0.123	-0.007	-2.21	2.7E-2
treat	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		

## Conclusion

First of all, it can be known from the Chi-square test that there is a significant difference in RA value between the group taking Auranofin and the group taking Placebo. Secondly, it can be learned from the Wald test that the RA value of the patients taking the Auranofin is lower than that of the group taking the Placebo. Therefore, it can be known from the statistical analysis method of this study that taking Auranofin can effectively treat rheumatoid arthritis.

# **B. Cervical dystonia Clinical Trial**

In a randomized, multicenter, double-blind, Placebo-controlled trial of botulinum toxin type B (BotB) in patients with cervical dystonia, eligible subjects from nine U.S. sites were randomized to one of three groups: Placebo (36 subjects), 5000 units of BotB (36 subjects), or 10,000 units of BotB (37 subjects). The primary outcome variable was the total score on the TorontoWestern Spasmodic Torticollis Rating Scale (TWSTRS-Total). The TWSTRS-Total, which measures severity, pain, and disability of cervical dystonia, is a numerical score ranging from 0 to 87; high scores indicate impairment. The TWSTRS-Total was administered at baseline (week 0) and at weeks 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16 following treatments. Data are in files CTcdystoniaWide.csv and CTcdystoniaLong.csv

## Introduction

A randomized, multi-center, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial of botulinum toxin type B (BotB) from eligible patients suffering from dystonia from 9 locations in the United States was carried out, and the patients were randomly assigned to a placebo Group, 5000-unit BotB group or 10000-unit BotB group. The

total score of the Western Toronto Spasmodic Torticollis Scale (TWSTRS-Total) was used to present the assessment results. This is a numeric score that measures the severity, pain, and disability of dystonia, ranging from 0 to 87, with higher scores indicating damage. This assessment is performed at baseline (week 0), and after 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16 weeks after treatment. From Table 2 in the appendix, it can be seen that the data of this study includes the trial center code, subject number, treatment group, subject age, gender, and the total score of TWSTRS measured at weeks 0, 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16, The three treatment groups are evenly distributed, the age distribution is about normal, and the gender is more female. The total scores of TWSTRS at different times are about normal distribution, of which the 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16 weeks have missing values.

## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

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Through the below table, we can know that in 109 patients, there are 94 people finish the whole trial, 4 people drop out in advance, and 11 people drop out and come back.

Visit	N	Percentage	Cum. N	Cum. Percentage
Whole	94	86.24	94	86.2
Drop out in advance	4	3.67	98	89.9
Drop out and come	11	10.09	109	100.0

Table 5: Summary of the patients' condition

It can be seen from the table below that the average age of the different treatment groups is about 55 years old. In addition, for the placebo treatment group, the average total TWSTRS score at week 0 was lower than that of the two groups with medication, and the average total TWSTRS score decreased most significantly from week 0 to week 2, with a decrease of approximately 3.61 points. But when the time has increased, its total score has gradually risen. The average TWSTRS total score in the week 16 is about 43 points, so the change in the 16th week only dropped by 0.59 points. In the BotB group taking 5000 units, the decline was most dramatic from week 0 to week 2, with a score of 9.39. But when the time increased. its total score gradually increased. The average total score of TWSRS at week 16 was about 45 Points, so the change in 16 weeks is a drop of 1.11 points. The BotB group taking 10,000 units also decreased most significantly from week 0 to week 2, and the score dropped as much as nearly 11 points. It still had a downward trend in week 4, but starting from week 8, the total score gradually increased. By the 16th week, its total TWSTRS score was as high as 49 points, which has exceeded the baseline score, so the amount of change in the 16th week was an increase of 1.61 points. Therefore, if only a placebo is taken, the total score of TWSTRS has almost no trend of decline; if you take 5000 units of BotB, the total score of TWSTRS in the three treatment groups has the most significant decline; if you take a higher dose of 10,000 units of BotB, Instead, it will increase the total score of TWSTRS.

Table 6: Summary of TWSTRS

		95%		95%		95%		95%
	Placebo	C.I.	5000U	C.I.	10000U	C.I.	Total	C.I.
age	53.81(12.33)	[29.15, 78.47]	57.08(12.36)	[32.36, 81.8]	55.7(11.81)	[32.08, 79.32]	55.53(12.13)	[31.27, 79.79]
twstrs0	43.58(8.99)	[25.6, 61.56]	46.42(10.4)	[25.62, 67.22]	46.92(9.62)	[27.68, 66.16]	45.65(9.71)	[26.23, 65.07]
twstrs2	39.97(12.04)	[15.89, 64.05]	37.03(14.04)	[8.95, 65.11]	36(12.31)	[11.38, 60.62]	37.61(12.81)	[11.99, 63.23]
twstrs4	39.34(11.83)	[15.68, 63]	37.11(15.31)	[6.49, 67.73]	34.81(12.19)	[10.43, 59.19]	37.07(13.2)	[10.67, 63.47]
twstrs8	41.4(13.53)	[14.34, 68.46]	39.49(14.46)	[10.57, 68.41]	38.5(12.87)	[12.76, 64.24]	39.81(13.56)	[12.69, 66.93]
twstrs12	41.74(12.43)	[16.88, 66.6]	42.92(12.52)	[17.88, 67.96]	44.09(11.68)	[20.73, 67.45]	42.91(12.14)	[18.63, 67.19]
twstrs16	42.91(13.53)	[15.85, 69.97]	44.91(11.83)	[21.25, 68.57]	48.89(9.68)	[29.53, 68.25]	45.63(11.9)	[21.83, 69.43]
change	-0.59(11)	[- 22.59, 21.41]	-1.11(7.62)	[- 16.35, 14.13]	1.61(7.73)	[- 13.85, 17.07]	-0.01(8.88)	[- 17.77, 17.75]

It can be seen from Figure 3 that at baseline, the average TWSTRS score of the placebo is the lowest among the three. From the overall situation, the total score of TWSTRS in the three treatment groups decreased from week 0 to week 2, and the total score of TWSTRS rose again from week 4 to week 16. Among them, the placebo group has relatively stable changes, while the BotB group taking 10,000 units has the most turbulence. From the next table, we can more clearly see the changes in the total scores of the TWSTRS in the 0th and 16th weeks of the three groups.

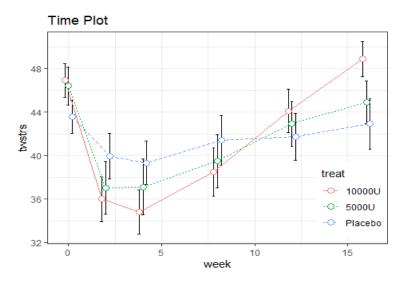


Figure 3: Change of TWSTRS score in different time

Observing Figure 4, we can see that the total score of the placebo group at baseline is smaller than that of the 5000-unit BotB group and the 10,000-unit BotB group. The baseline distribution of the 5000-unit BotB group and the 10,000-unit

BotB group are not much different. Observing the scores for the following 2, 4, 8, 12, and 16 weeks, we can see that the 5000-unit BotB group and the 10,000-unit BotB group both have a downward trend in 2, 4 weeks, and an upward trend in 12 and 16 weeks. The decline in Placebo group is smaller than the other two, and there is no obvious trend overall.

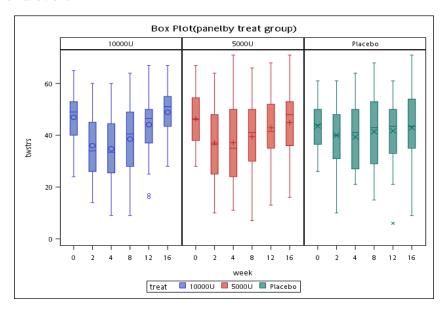


Figure 4: TWSTRS Total score in weeks boxplot

It can be seen from Figure 5 that the total score of TWSTRS in the placebo group is the lowest among the three groups, but the changes are relatively stable and there is no downward trend. Conversely, the group with a significant decrease is the BotB group taking 5000 units and the group taking 10,000 units The total score of TWSTRS in the BotB group has an upward trend.

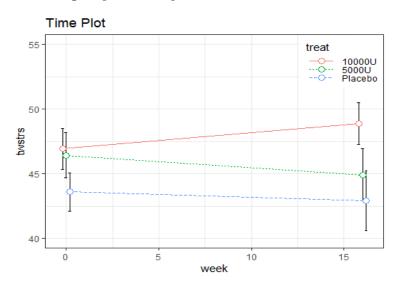


Figure 5: Difference of TWSTRS total score from before to after treatment

It can be seen from Figure 6 that the average total TWSTRS scores of different test centers from week 0 to week 16 are different.

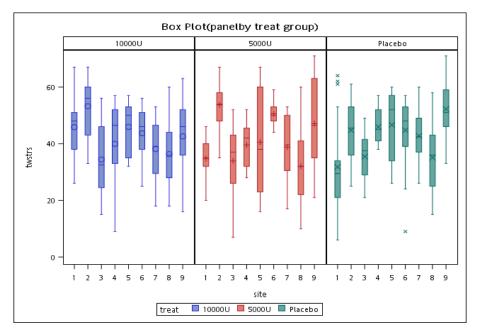


圖 6:不同試驗中心之 TWSTRS 總分盒形圖

## Method

## **MANOVA**

$$\begin{cases} H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_k \\ H_1: not \ H_0 \end{cases}$$

k= the number of groups of age, treat, site, sex, site \* treat, site \* sex, treat \* sex

We can observe whether the average values of different variables are significantly different through the MANOVA test. Among them, the total scores of TWSTRS from week 0 to week 16 of the response variable are the treatment group, gender, trial center, year type, and treatment group and trial. Interaction items between center and gender. As can be seen from the table below, there is no significant difference in the mean of all explanatory variables.

Table 7: MANOVA

Variable	df	Wilks' A	F	p-value
treat	2	0.70	1.69	0.08
sex	1	0.93	0.60	0.73
site	8	0.36	1.22	0.17
age	1	0.89	1.08	0.39
treat*site	15	0.29	0.80	0.90

sex*site	7	0.56	0.75	0.87
treat*sex	2	0.78	1.12	0.35

### Wald test

According to the Wald test (Appendix Table 3), there are significant differences in the number of weeks, drug group, test center, and gender in the variables, and there is no significant difference in age. Furthermore, we observe the interaction items between the two variables, and take the test center 9, placebo group, male, and week 0 as the benchmark. Under the interaction between the test center and the drug group, in general, he total scores of TWSTRS in different test centers in the 10000U group and 5000U group were higher than those of the placebo group. Under the interaction between the test center and gender, in general, the total TWSTRS scores of men and women in different test centers are mostly higher in men than in women. Under the interaction between the drug group and age, the total score of TWSTRS in the treatment group is 10000U, the female's score is higher than the male's; and the treatment group is 5000U, the male's score is higher than the female's. Under the interaction between the test center and the number of weeks, in general, the total score of the TWSTRS of the different test centers declined slightly in the second week, and increased with time, and there was a trend of picking up. Under the interaction of the pharmacy group and the number of weeks, the total score of TWSTRS in the group taking different units of BotB slowed down from week 0 to week 12, and it increased in week 16. Among them, the group taking BotB of 10000U The total score is the highest. Under the interaction between the number of weeks and gender, women's total TWSTRS scores are lower than those of men under different weeks.

### Constraints

- 1. The presented report is too long to be easy to observe.
- 2. When the absolute value of the regression coefficient is large, the standard error of the coefficient estimate will expand, which will cause the wald statistic value to become very small, so that the probability of type 2 errors increases.

### Conclusion

It can be inferred from the above statistical method that the total score of TWSTRS in the first few weeks before taking the drug has a downward trend, but as time increases, the total score has a trend of recovery, and the recovery of the treatment group taking 10000U is the most significant, taking comfort There is no significant change in the treatment group of the drug, so the treatment group taking 5000 U is the drug with the best therapeutic effect among the three.

# **Appendix**

Appendix Table 1: Information of data in Rheumatoid arthritis Clinical Trial

**Dimensions:** 303 x 7

**Duplicates:** 0

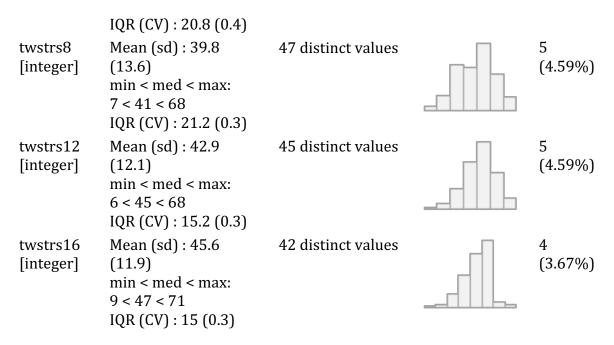
Variable	Stats / Values	Freqs (% of Valid)	Graph	Missing
id [integer]	Mean (sd): 152 (87.6) min < med < max: 1 < 152 < 303 IQR (CV): 151 (0.6)	303 distinct values (Integer sequence)		0 (0%)
treat [integer]	Min : 0 Mean : 0.5 Max : 1	0 : 149 (49.2%) 1 : 154 (50.8%)		0 (0%)
age [integer]	Mean (sd): 50.4 (11.1) min < med < max: 21 < 54 < 66 IQR (CV): 17.8 (0.2)	44 distinct values		1 (0.33%)
y0 [integer]	Mean (sd): 3.2 (0.9) min < med < max: 1 < 3 < 5 IQR (CV): 1 (0.3)	1:10 (3.3%) 2:57 (18.8%) 3:133 (43.9%) 4:79 (26.1%) 5:24 (7.9%)		0 (0%)
y2 [integer]	Mean (sd): 2.8 (0.9) min < med < max: 1 < 3 < 5 IQR (CV): 1 (0.3)	1:14 (4.7%) 2:96 (32.0%) 3:127 (42.3%) 4:52 (17.3%) 5:11 (3.7%)		3 (0.99%)
y4 [integer]	Mean (sd): 2.8 (1) min < med < max: 1 < 3 < 5 IQR (CV): 1 (0.3)	1:24 (8.1%) 2:86 (29.0%) 3:115 (38.7%) 4:59 (19.9%) 5:13 (4.4%)		6 (1.98%)
y6 [integer]	Mean (sd): 2.7 (1) min < med < max: 1 < 3 < 5 IQR (CV): 1 (0.4)	1:38 (12.9%) 2:93 (31.6%) 3:103 (35.0%) 4:50 (17.0%) 5:10 (3.4%)		9 (2.97%)

# Appendix Table 2: Information of data in Cervical dystonia Clinical Trial

**Dimensions:** 109 x 11

**Duplicates:** 0

Variable	Stats / Values	Freqs (% of Valid)	Graph	Missing
site [integer]	Mean (sd): 5.2 (2.7) min < med < max: 1 < 6 < 9 IQR (CV): 5 (0.5)	1:12 (11.0%) 2:14 (12.8%) 3:12 (11.0%) 4:8 (7.3%) 5:6 (5.5%) 6:15 (13.8%) 7:12 (11.0%) 8:19 (17.4%) 9:11 (10.1%)		0 (0%)
id [integer]	Mean (sd): 7.1 (4.3) min < med < max: 1 < 7 < 19 IQR (CV): 6 (0.6)	19 distinct values		0 (0%)
treat [character]	1. 10000U 2. 5000U 3. Placebo	37 (33.9%) 36 (33.0%) 36 (33.0%)		0 (0%)
age [integer]	Mean (sd): 55.5 (12.1) min < med < max: 26 < 56 < 83 IQR (CV): 19 (0.2)	45 distinct values		0 (0%)
sex [character]	1. F 2. M	67 (61.5%) 42 (38.5%)		0 (0%)
twstrs0 [integer]	Mean (sd): 45.7 (9.7) min < med < max: 24 < 46 < 67 IQR (CV): 14 (0.2)	41 distinct values		0 (0%)
twstrs2 [integer]	Mean (sd): 37.6 (12.8) min < med < max: 10 < 38 < 64 IQR (CV): 20 (0.3)	47 distinct values		6 (5.5%)
twstrs4 [integer]	Mean (sd): 37.1 (13.2) min < med < max: 9 < 37 < 71	45 distinct values		3 (2.75%)



## Appendix Table 3: Summary of estimate

Param eter	Categ ory 1	Categ ory 2	Estim ator	s.e	95 % C.I Low er Bou nd	95 % C.I Upp er Bou nd	Z	Pr >  Z
Interc ept	NA NA	NA	69.20	4.0 50	61. 270	77. 144	17.09	<.0001
sex	F	NA	- 12.11 5	2.4 58	- 16. 934	- 7.2 97	-4.93	<.0001
sex	M	NA	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
week	2	NA	- 5.537	2.0 00	9.4 58	1.6 16	-2.77	5.5999999999 999999E-3
week	4	NA	7.693	1.5 01	- 10. 635	- 4.7 51	-5.13	<.0001
week	8	NA	- 10.83 8	2.6 09	- 15. 953	5.7 25	- 4.1500000000 000004	<.0001
week	12	NA	-	1.9	-	-	-3.08	2.0999999999

			5.981	41	9.7 86	2.1 76		999999E-3
week	16	NA	2.374		- 6.1 55	1.4 07	-1.23	0.2185
week	0	NA	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0		
age	NA	NA	0.026	0.0	0.1 21		- 0.5500000000 0000004	0.5849999999 9999996
treat	1000 0U	NA	10.51 6	94	17.		-2.77	5.5999999999 999999E-3
treat	5000 U	NA	9.306		15.		-3.17	1.5E-3
treat	Place bo	NA	0.000		0.0 00	0.0 00		•
site	1	NA	36.62 0		44.		-8.91	<.0001
site	2	NA	32.35 4		41.		-7.17	<.0001
site	3	NA	- 23.33 9		- 29. 463	17.	-7.47	<.0001
site	4	NA	24.73 7		28.	20. 553	-11.59	<.0001
site	5	NA	38.27 4			29.	- 8.7200000000 000006	<.0001
site	6	NA	24.71 4			- 17. 720	-6.93	<.0001
site	7	NA	4.433		5.8 68	14. 733	0.84	0.399000000 0000002
site	8	NA	28.34 6			19.	-6.16	<.0001

site	9	NA	0.000	0.0 00	0.0	0.0		
site*tr eat	1	1000 0U	11.99 7		2.3 74	26. 368	1.64	0.1018
site*tr eat	1	5000 U	16.74 3		5.7 69	27. 716	2.99	2.8E-3
site*tr eat	1	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	2	1000 0U	11.04 2	5.1 20	1.0 08	21. 077	2.16	3.1E-2
site*tr eat	2	5000 U	26.70 9	4.6 72	17. 553	35. 866	5.72	<.0001
site*tr eat	2	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	3	1000 0U	7.692	6.0 91	4.2 46	19. 631	1.26	0.2066000000 0000001
site*tr eat	3	5000 U	5.977	3.2 68	0.4 27	12. 381	1.83	6.7400000000 000002E-2
site*tr eat	3	Place bo	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*tr eat	4	1000 0U	- 8.094		- 19. 146	2.9 57	-1.44	0.1512
site*tr eat	4	5000 U	13.39 0	2.7 19	8.0 62	18. 720	4.92	<.0001
site*tr eat	4	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0		•
site*tr eat	5	1000 0U	12.95 8	4.7 50	- 22. 268	3.6 48	-2.73	6.400000000 000003E-3
site*tr eat	5	5000 U	12.40 4	5.0 12	2.5 80	22. 228	2.4700000000 000002	1.3299999999 999999E-2
site*tr eat	5	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
site*tr eat	6	1000 0U	5.666	3.2 32	0.6 68	11. 999	1.75	7.9600000000 000004E-2
site*tr	6	5000	21.45	4.0	13.	29.	5.27	<.0001

eat		U	2	69	476	428		
site*tr eat	6	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	7	1000 0U	- 4.979	4.1 94	- 13. 198	3.2 40	-1.19	0.2351
site*tr eat	7	5000 U	14.83 5	4.5 09	5.9 98	23. 671	3.29	1E-3
site*tr eat	7	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	8	1000 0U	9.615	6.1 35	2.4 10	21. 640	1.57	0.1171
site*tr eat	8	5000 U	10.44 5	4.8 99	0.8 42	20. 048	2.13	3.3000000000 000002E-2
site*tr eat	8	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	9	1000 0U	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	9	5000 U	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*tr eat	9	Place bo	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	1	F	22.66 4	4.7 85	13. 285	32. 042	4.74	<.0001
site*se x	1	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	2	F	25.73 3	4.3 99	17. 111	34. 356	5.85	<.0001
site*se x	2	M	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	3	F	4.074	3.8 56	3.4 82	11. 631	1.06	0.2906000000 0000002
site*se x	3	M	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	4	F	26.59 4	4.6 95	17. 391	35. 797	5.66	<.0001
site*se x	4	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		·
site*se	5	F	47.50	3.8	39.	55.	12.4	<.0001

X			4	30	997	011		
site*se x	5	M	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	6	F	18.79 9	2.5 22	13. 855	23. 742	7.45	<.0001
site*se x	6	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	7	F	11.46 0	4.3 06	- 19. 899	3.0 20	-2.66	7.7999999999 999996E-3
site*se x	7	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	8	F	9.347	2.8 79	3.7 04	14. 990	3.25	1.1999999999 999999E-3
site*se x	8	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
site*se x	9	F	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*se x	9	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
treat*s ex	1000 0U	F	7.713	2.7 06	2.4 09	13. 017	2.85	4.4000000000 000003E-3
treat*s ex	1000 0U	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
treat*s ex	5000 U	F	7.351	2.8 56	12. 948	1.7 53	-2.57	1.01E-2
treat*s ex	5000 U	M	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		
treat*s ex	Place bo	F	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
treat*s ex	Place bo	M	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*w eek	1	2	0.501	3.5 43	7.4 45	6.4 44	- 0.1400000000 0000001	0.8875999999 9999994
site*w eek	1	4	4.863	3.0 76	- 1.1 66	10. 893	1.58	0.1139
site*w eek	1	8	10.42 5	3.0 34	4.4 79	16. 370	3.44	5.9999999999 999995E-4

site*w eek	1	12	4.003	2.6 76	- 1.2 42	9.2 48	1.5	0.1346999999 9999999
site*w eek	1	16	0.046	2.0 81	- 4.1 24	4.0 32	-0.02	0.9824000000 0000005
site*w eek	1	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*w eek	2	2	8.419	1.7 62	4.9 64	11. 873	4.78	<.0001
site*w eek	2	4	10.87 1	1.7 69	7.4 03	14. 338	6.14	<.0001
site*w eek	2	8	12.25 2	2.2 63	7.8 16	16. 687	5.41	<.0001
site*w eek	2	12	7.570	1.4 27	4.7 73	10. 366	5.31	<.0001
site*w eek	2	16	3.318	2.1 38	0.8 72	7.5 08	1.55	0.1207
site*w eek	2	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0	0.0		
site*w eek	3	2	5.305	2.9 42	0.4 60	11. 071	1.8	7.130000000 000002E-2
site*w eek	3	4	5.803	2.0 21	1.8 43	9.7 64	2.87	4.1000000000 000003E-3
site*w eek	3	8	6.428	2.2 79	1.9 61	10. 895	2.82	4.7999999999 999996E-3
site*w eek	3	12	2.928	2.4 12	1.8 00	7.6 56	1.21	0.2248
site*w eek	3	16	0.413	2.3 84	4.2 60	5.0 86	0.17	0.8626000000 0000003
site*w eek	3	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*w eek	4	2	3.510	3.2 06	2.7 73	9.7 94	1.090000000 000001	0.2735000000 0000002
site*w eek	4	4	3.485	2.5 74	- 1.5	8.5 30	1.35	0.1757

					59			
site*w eek	4	8	8.686	3.5 48	1.7 33	15. 640	2.4500000000 000002	1.43E-2
site*w eek	4	12	2.523	2.4 94	2.3 66	7.4 12	1.01	0.3118000000 0000002
site*w eek	4	16	0.111	1.6 34	3.0 91	3.3 13	7.000000000 000007E-2	0.9456999999 9999999
site*w eek	4	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	5	2	5.361	3.4 76	- 1.4 52	12. 174	1.54	0.123
site*w eek	5	4	5.641	2.8 80	0.0 03	11. 285	1.96	5.0099999999 999999E-2
site*w eek	5	8	6.187	3.9 86	1.6 25	13. 999	1.55	0.1206
site*w eek	5	12	5.815	3.6 22	1.2 83	12. 914	1.61	0.1084
site*w eek	5	16	1.148	3.0 05	4.7 42	7.0 38	0.38	0.7025000000 0000001
site*w eek	5	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*w eek	6	2	6.604	2.2 25	2.2 44	10. 966	2.97	3.0000000000 000001E-3
site*w eek	6	4	6.997	1.9 08	3.2 57	10. 736	3.67	2.0000000000 000001E-4
site*w eek	6	8	12.55 4	2.2 83	8.0 79	17. 029	5.5	<.0001
site*w eek	6	12	7.296	2.4 22	2.5 48	12. 044	3.01	2.5999999999 999999E-3
site*w eek	6	16	0.971	4.2 44	9.2 89	7.3 48	-0.23	0.8191000000 0000005
site*w eek	6	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0		

site*w eek	7	2	0.085	2.1 20	4.2 40	4.0 70	-0.04	0.9680999999 9999996
site*w eek	7	4	5.061	1.9 04	1.3 30	8.7 93	2.66	7.7999999999 999996E-3
site*w eek	7	8	10.08	2.7 11	4.7 68	15. 393	3.72	2.0000000000 000001E-4
site*w eek	7	12	5.975	1.8 93	2.2 65	9.6 84	3.16	1.6000000000 000001E-3
site*w eek	7	16	1.182	2.8 32	4.3 69	6.7 32	0.42	0.6764999999 9999999
site*w eek	7	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	8	2	2.987	2.3 57	1.6 33	7.6 07	1.27	0.2051
site*w eek	8	4	3.037	1.2 52	0.5 84	5.4 91	2.4300000000 000002	1.5299999999 999999E-2
site*w eek	8	8	6.836	2.2 42	2.4 41	11. 231	3.05	2.3E-3
site*w eek	8	12	8.187	1.7 98	4.6 63	11. 711	4.55	<.0001
site*w eek	8	16	3.896	2.7 71	1.5 35	9.3 27	1.41	0.1597000000 0000001
site*w eek	8	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	9	2	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	9	4	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	9	8	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	9	12	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
site*w eek	9	16	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00		
site*w eek	9	0	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0		
treat*	1000	2	-	1.4	-	-	-5.63	<.0001

week	0U		8.174	52	11. 020	5.3 29		
treat* week	1000 0U	4	7.049	1.2 12	- 9.4 24	- 4.6 74	-5.82	<.0001
treat* week	1000 0U	8	4.073	1.4 08	6.8 33	1.3 13	-2.89	3.8E-3
treat* week	1000 0U	12	0.436	1.3 88	3.1 56	2.2 83	-0.31	0.7531999999 9999998
treat* week	1000 0U	16	4.952	1.9 46	1.1 38	8.7 67	2.54	1.09E-2
treat* week	1000 0U	0	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0		
treat* week	5000 U	2	6.688	1.1 90	9.0 20	- 4.3 55	-5.62	<.0001
treat* week	5000 U	4	4.273	0.9 26	- 6.0 88	- 2.4 59	-4.62	<.0001
treat* week	5000 U	8	3.684	1.0 46	5.7 33	1.6 35	-3.52	4.000000000 000002E-4
treat* week	5000 U	12	2.139	1.1 70	- 4.4 32	0.1 55	-1.83	6.7599999999 999993E-2
treat* week	5000 U	16	1.202	1.6 47	2.0 25	4.4 30	0.73	0.4652
treat* week	5000 U	0	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
treat* week	Place bo	2	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
treat* week	Place bo	4	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00		•
treat* week	Place bo	8	0.000	0.0	0.0 00	0.0 00	•	
treat* week	Place bo	12	0.000	0.0 00	0.0 00	0.0 00	•	
treat*	Place	16	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0		

week	bo			00	00	00		
treat*	Place	0	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0		
week	bo			00	00	00		
week*	2	F	-	1.2	-	0.3	-1.66	9.7699999999
sex			2.027	24	4.4	72		999995E-2
					27			
week*	2	M	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	•	
sex				00	00	00		
week*	4	F	-	1.0	-		-4.09	<.0001
sex			4.154	15	6.1 43	2.1 65		
*****	4	M	0.000	0.0		0.0		
week* sex	4	M	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	•	•
week*	8	F	_	1.0	-	0.1	-1.84	6.6000000000
sex	O	Г	1.979	76	4.0	30	-1.04	000003E-2
SCA			1.575	70	88	00		00000012
week*	8	M	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0		
sex				00	00	00		
week*	12	F	-	1.1	-	-	_	2.6100000000
sex			2.513	30	4.7	0.2	2.2200000000	000002E-2
					27	99	000002	
week*	12	M	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0		
sex				00	00	00		
week*	16	F	_	1.2			-2.57	1.020000000
sex			3.100	07	5.4	0.7		000001E-2
					66	34		
week*	16	M	0.000	0.0	0.0			•
sex	0	-	0.000	00	00	00		
week*	0	F	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0		•
sex	0	1.4	0.000	00	00	00		
week* sex	0	M	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	•	•
SCA				UU	UU	UU		