## Assembly-15.

He for each of the following instructions, give the new destination contents and the new settings of cf, sf, Zf, Pf and Of. Suppose that the Hags one initially 0 in each pant of this question.

- 1. ADD AX, BX where AX contains FFFFH and Bf contains 0001 H.
- 2. DEC AL where AL contains 0014
- 3. NEG2 AL where AL contains 7FH
- 4. XCHC AX, BX where AX contains \ABCH end BN contains 712 AH

Ans. 1] ADD istruction used in for performing simple addition of binary data in byte.

Now, AX = 7 PPP H BX = 0001 H
0000 00000000 00016.

90, 0111 1111 1111 1111 (4) (4) 

in Hena - the sum is 8000 H.

CF = 0, Because there is no earny out.

SF = 1, There is 1 in MSB, so sign Alagis 1.

ZF = 0, The wesult is non-zero,

PF=1, The low byte of the mesult his parity. Odd panity.

OF = 1. There is earny in but no carry out.

ANS-21 AL = 00 H.

Binapery conversion of DOH > 0000 0000,

The DEC instruction is used for decrementing on operand by 1.

in hena the nesult is FFH.

OF = NO effect. Inchement / Decrement do not effect on CF

SF=1. There is I in MSB.

ZF=0, The result is non-z-oro.

PF=1. The low byte of the neself is every posty of Because there is Bonnow and Bonnow out

Ans 3] The NEGE' instruction regards a ba value by binding 2's complement of its single operand.

We can say 'NEGZ' instruction so used bore binding 2's complement of operand.

AL - 7 PH.

1/2 comple: 1000 0001 1/2 comple: 1000 0000

in Hena > 81 H

CF=1. Because In Neg the result is non-zero.

SF=1. There is | MSB in MSB

zf=0. The wesult is non zero.

PF= 1. The low byte has even parity.

OF = 0 Beause there is no carry in on out.

Ans-4. XCHCz instruction used bon

enchanging the content of two perand.

The rules bon operands in the XCHCz

instruction one the same as those for

the MOV instruction.

AX = 1ABC 14 BX = 712A H,

After enchanging AX = 712AH and BX = 1ABCH.

In enchanging there is no effect of any other blag.