Quiz #3 (CSE 400.001)

Thursday, April 8, 2004

Name:	E-mail:
Dent	ID No:

1. (10 points) Derive the following formula, showing the details of your work

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{s^4+4a^4}\right] = \frac{1}{2a^2}\sinh at \sin at$$

$$\operatorname{Sim} \operatorname{Rat} \cdot \operatorname{Sim} \operatorname{at} = \frac{1}{2}\left(\operatorname{ext} - \operatorname{ext}\right)\operatorname{Sim} \operatorname{at} \quad (+3)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left[\operatorname{Sim} \operatorname{Rat} \cdot \operatorname{Sim} \operatorname{at}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{a}{(s-a)^2+a^2} - \frac{a}{(s+a)^2+a^2}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{a}{s^2+2a^2-2as} - \frac{a}{s^2+2a^2+2as}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{4a^2s}{(s^2+2a^2)^2-4a^2s^2}$$

$$= \frac{2a^2s}{s^4+4a^4}$$

2-1 = 1 - Simhat - Smat

2. (15 points) Using the Convolution theorem, find the following inverse transform
$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{2s+6}{(s^2+6s+10)^2}\right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{2s+6}{(s^2+bs+10)^2}\right]$$

 $= 2^{-1} \left[2, \frac{s+3}{(s+3)^2+1}, \frac{1}{(s+3)^2+1} \right]$

 $= 2 \left(e^{-3t} \cos t \right) \times \left(e^{-3t} \sin t \right)$

= $2e^{-3t}$ | $t \cos z \cdot \sin(t-z)dz$

= E3t + Smt (+1)

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{2s+6}{(s^2+6s+10)^2} \right]$$

 $= 2 \int_{0}^{t} e^{-3z} \cos z \cdot e^{-3(t-z)} \sin(t-z) dz$

 $= 2e^{3t} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left[t \cdot sint dz - \left(t \cdot sin(2z - t) dz \right) \right]$

 $= e^{3t} + \sin t + \frac{1}{2} \left[\cos(2z-t) \right]_0^t$