The STEX3 Package *

Michael Kohlhase, Dennis Müller FAU Erlangen-Nürnberg

http://kwarc.info/

2022-04-23

Abstract

STEX is a collection of LATEX packages that allow to markup documents semantically without leaving the document format.

Running 'pdflatex' over sTeX-annotated documents formats them into normal-looking PDF. But sTeX also comes with a conversion pipeline into semantically annotated HTML5, which can host semantic added-value services that make the documents active (i.e. interactive and user-adaptive) and essentially turning $\text{E}^{\text{A}}\text{TeX}$ into a document format for (mathematical) knowledge management (MKM). STeX augments $\text{E}^{\text{A}}\text{TeX}$ with

- semantic macros that denote and distinguish between mathematical concepts, operators, etc. independent of their notational presentation,
- a powerful module system that allows for authoring and importing individual fragments containing document text and/or semantic macros, independent of

 and without hard coding – directory paths relative to the current document,
- a mechanism for exporting STEX documents to (modular) XHTML, preserving all the semantic information for semantically informed knowledge management services.

This is the full documentation of STFX. It consists of four parts:

- Part I is a general manual for the STEX package and associated software. It is primarily directed at end-users who want to use STEX to author semantically enriched documents.
- Part II documents the macros provided by the STEX package. It is primarily directed at package authors who want to build on STEX, but can also serve as a reference manual for end-users.
- Part III documents additional packages that build on STEX, primarily its module system. These are not part of the STEX package itself, but useful additions enabled by STEX package functionality.
- Part IV is the detailled documentation of the STFX package implementation.

^{*}Version 3.0 (last revised 2022-04-23)

Contents

Ι	$\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{i}}$	anual		1
1	Wh	at is §	$\Gamma_{\rm E}$ X?	2
2	Qui	ckstart	t	3
	2.1	Setup)	3
		2.1.1	Minimal Setup for the PDF-only Workflow	3
		2.1.2	GIT-based Setup for the STEX Development Version	3
		2.1.3	STEX Archives (Manual Setup)	4
		2.1.4	The SIEX IDE	4
		2.1.5	Manual Setup for Active Documents and Knowledge Management	
			Services	4
	2.2	A Fir	est STFX Document	5
		2.2.1	OMDoc/xhtml Conversion	8
3	\mathbf{Cre}	ating s	TEX Content	10
	3.1	How	Knowledge is Organized in STEX	10
	3.2		Archives	11
		3.2.1	The Local MathHub-Directory	11
		3.2.2	The Structure of STFX Archives	11
		3.2.3	MANIFEST.MF-Files	12
		3.2.4	Using Files in STEX Archives Directly	13
	3.3	Modu	ıle, Symbol and Notation Declarations	14
		3.3.1	The smodule-Environment	14
		3.3.2	Declaring New Symbols and Notations	16
			Operator Notations	19
		3.3.3	Argument Modes	19
			Mode-b Arguments	20
			Mode-a Arguments	20
			Mode-B Arguments	22
		3.3.4	Type and Definiens Components	22
		3.3.5	Precedences and Automated Bracketing	23
		3.3.6	Variables	25
		3.3.7	Variable Sequences	26
	3.4	Modu	ıle Inheritance and Structures	28
		3.4.1	Multilinguality and Translations	28
		3.4.2	Simple Inheritance and Namespaces	29
		3.4.3	The mathstructure Environment	30
		3.4.4	The copymodule Environment	33
		3.4.5	The interpretmodule Environment	34
	3.5	Primi	itive Symbols (The STEX Metatheory)	35
4	Usi	ng sTe	X Symbols	36
	4.1		ref and its variants	36
	4.2		ing Up Text and On-the-Fly Notations	37
	43		renging Symbols and Statements	30

5	STE	X Stat	ements							40
	5.1		itions, Theorems, Examples, Paragraphs		 					 40
	5.2	Proof	S		 					 42
		5.2.1	Introduction							
		5.2.2	Proofs and Proof steps		 					 42
		5.2.3	Justifications		 					 44
		5.2.4	Proof Structure							
		5.2.5	Proof End Markers							
		5.2.6	Configuration of the Presentation							
	5.3	Limit	ations							
6	Hig	hlighti	ng and Presentation Customization	s						47
7	Add	litiona	l Packages							49
	7.1		ılar Document Structuring		 					 49
	7.2		s and Course Notes							
	7.3		ework, Problems and Exams							
II	D	0.01170	entation							50
11	ע	ocum	entation							30
8	$ST_{\mathbf{F}}$	\mathbf{X} -Bas								51
	8.1		os and Environments							
		8.1.1	HTML Annotations		 					 51
		8.1.2	Babel Languages							
		8.1.3	Auxiliary Methods		 			•		 52
9	$ST_{\mathbf{F}}$	X-Ma								53
	9.1	Macr	os and Environments		 					 53
		9.1.1	Files, Paths, URIs		 					 53
		9.1.2	MathHub Archives		 					 54
		9.1.3	Using Content in Archives		 					 55
10	ST_{F}	X-Ref	erences							56
	10.1	Macr	os and Environments		 					 56
		10.1.1	Setting Reference Targets		 					 56
		10.1.2	Using References		 					 57
11	sTr	X-Mo	dules							58
	$1\tilde{1}.\tilde{1}$	Macr	os and Environments		 					 58
		11.1.1	The smodule environment		 					 60
12	ςΤτ	X-Mo	dule Inheritance							62
Ī			os and Environments		 					
			SMS Mode							
			Imports and Inheritance							
13	сТъ	X-Syn	abols							65
			os and Environments							65

14	STEX-Terms	67
	14.1 Macros and Environments	67
15	STEX-Structural Features	69
	15.1 Macros and Environments	69
	15.1.1 Structures	69
16	S STEX-Statements	70
	16.1 Macros and Environments	70
17	ST _E X-Proofs: Structural Markup for Proofs	71
	17.1 The User Interface	71
	17.1.1 Package Options	71
	17.1.2 Proofs and Proof steps	71
	17.1.3 Justifications	73
	17.1.4 Proof Structure	73
	17.1.5 Proof End Markers	73
	17.1.6 Configuration of the Presentation	74
	17.2 Limitations	74
18	STEX-Metatheory	7 5
	18.1 Symbols	75
II.	I Extensions	76
10	Tikzinput	77
10	19.1 Macros and Environments	77
20	document-structure: Semantic Markup for Open Mathematical Documents in IATE-Y	
	ments in LATEX 20.1 Introduction	78
		78
	20.2 The User Interface	79
	20.2.1 Package and Class Options	79
	20.2.2 Document Structure	79
	20.2.3 Ignoring Inputs	81
	20.2.4 Structure Sharing	81
	20.2.5 Global Variables	81
	20.2.6 Colors	82
	20.3 Limitations	82

21	Note	esSlides – Slides and Course Notes	83
	21.1	Introduction	83
	21.2	The User Interface	83
		21.2.1 Package Options	83
		21.2.2 Notes and Slides	84
		21.2.3 Header and Footer Lines of the Slides	85
		21.2.4 Frame Images	85
		21.2.5 Colors and Highlighting	86
		21.2.6 Front Matter, Titles, etc.	86
		21.2.7 Excursions	86
		21.2.8 Miscellaneous	87
	21.3	Limitations	87
f 22	prob	lem.sty: An Infrastructure for formatting Problems	88
	22.1	Introduction	88
	22.2	The User Interface	88
		22.2.1 Package Options	88
		22.2.2 Problems and Solutions	89
		22.2.3 Multiple Choice Blocks	90
		22.2.4 Including Problems	90
		22.2.5 Reporting Metadata	90
	22.3	Limitations	90
าว	h	am.sty/cls: An Infrastructure for formatting Assignments and Ex-	
40	ams	am. sty/cis. An infrastructure for formatting Assignments and Ex-	92
	23.1	Introduction	93
	23.2	The User Interface	93
		23.2.1 Package and Class Options	93
		23.2.2 Assignments	93
		23.2.3 Typesetting Exams	93
		23.2.4 Including Assignments	94
	23.3	Limitations	94
ΙV	, I	mplementation	96
า 4		7 Decies Invalence at the	97
44	SIE 2 24.1	K-Basics Implementation The sTrXDocument Class	97 97
	24.1 24.2	Preliminaries	97
	24.2	Messages and logging	98
	24.3	HTML Annotations	99
	24.4		100
	24.5 24.6		$100 \\ 101$
	24.0		$101 \\ 102$
	44.1	Auxinaly inclining	$\pm UZ$

25	STEX-Math	Iub Impleme	entatio	n						104
	~	Path Handlin					 	 	 	 . 104
		nd kpsewhich								
		oks and Track								
		ıb Repositorie								
		Content in Arc								
26	ST _E X-Refere	ngos Implon	ontati	on						117
20	~	ent URIs and								
		Reference Tar								
	O	References	_							
	20.0 Osing 10	cicrences					 	 	 	 . 121
27	sTeX-Modul									124
		odule environ								
	27.2 Invoking	g modules					 	 	 	 . 134
28	STEX-Modul	e Inheritanc	e Impl	lemer	itatio	on				136
		$ode \dots \dots$					 	 	 	
		ince								
29	STEX-Symbo									145
		Declarations								
		ns								
	29.3 Variable	es					 	 	 	 . 160
30	sT _E X-Terms	Implementa	tion							167
	~	Invocations .					 	 	 	 . 167
		n Components								
	30.4 Variable	es					 	 	 	 . 180
	30.5 Sequence	es					 	 	 	 . 182
21	STEX-Struct	ural Faatura	e Impl	omon	tatio	m				183
01		with modification					 	 	 	
		ture environm								
		re								
										_
32	STEX-Statem	_		ion						202
	32.1 Definition						 	 	 	 . 202
		ons								
	-	es								
	32.4 Logical	Paragraphs .					 	 	 	 . 213
33	The Implem	entation								219
	33.1 Package	e Options					 	 	 	 . 219
	33.3 Justifica	ations					 	 	 	 . 230
34	STEX-Others	s Implement	ation							232
35	TFX-Metatl	neory Imple	mentat	tion						233

36	Tikz	input Implementation	236
37	docu	ment-structure.sty Implementation	239
	37.1	Package Options	239
	37.2	Document Structure	240
	37.3	Front and Backmatter	244
	37.4	Global Variables	246
38	Note	sSlides – Implementation	247
	38.1	Class and Package Options	247
	38.2	Notes and Slides	249
	38.3	Header and Footer Lines	253
	38.4	Frame Images	255
	38.5	Colors and Highlighting	256
	38.6	Sectioning	257
	38.7	Excursions	259
39	The	Implementation	261
	39.1	Package Options	261
	39.2	Problems and Solutions	262
	39.3	Multiple Choice Blocks	269
	39.4	Including Problems	270
	39.5	Reporting Metadata	272
40	Impl	ementation: The hwexam Package	274
	40.1	Package Options	274
	40.2	Assignments	275
	40.3	Including Assignments	278
	40.4	Typesetting Exams	
	40.5	Leftovers	
41	Refe	rences	282

Part I Manual



Boxes like this one contain implementation details that are mostly relevant for more advanced use cases, might be useful to know when debugging, or might be good to know to better understand how something works. They can easily be skipped on a first read.



 $\begin{array}{l} \overset{\longleftarrow}{M} \xrightarrow{\longrightarrow} \text{Boxes like this one explain how some STeX concept relates to the MMT/OMDoc} \\ \overset{\longleftarrow}{M} \xrightarrow{\longrightarrow} \text{system, philosophy or language; see [MMT; Koh06] for introductions.} \end{array}$

Chapter 1

What is STEX?

Formal systems for mathematics (such as interactive theorem provers) have the potential to significantly increase both the accessibility of published knowledge, as well as the confidence in its veracity, by rendering the precise semantics of statements machine actionable. This allows for a plurality of added-value services, from semantic search up to verification and automated theorem proving. Unfortunately, their usefulness is hidden behind severe barriers to accessibility; primarily related to their surface languages reminiscent of programming languages and very unlike informal standards of presentation.

STEX minimizes this gap between informal and formal mathematics by integrating formal methods into established and widespread authoring workflows, primarily LATEX, via non-intrusive semantic annotations of arbitrary informal document fragments. That way formal knowledge management services become available for informal documents, accessible via an IDE for authors and via generated *active* documents for readers, while remaining fully compatible with existing authoring workflows and publishing systems.

Additionally, an extensible library of reusable document fragments is being developed, that serve as reference targets for global disambiguation, intermediaries for content exchange between systems and other services.

Every component of the system is designed modularly and extensibly, and thus lay the groundwork for a potential full integration of interactive theorem proving systems into established informal document authoring workflows.

The general STEX workflow combines functionalities provided by several pieces of software:

- The STEX package collection to use semantic annotations in IATEX documents,
- RusTeX [] to convert tex sources to (semantically enriched) xhtml,
- The MMT system [MMT], that extracts semantic information from the thus generated xhtml and provides semantically informed added value services.

Chapter 2

Quickstart

2.1 Setup

There are two ways of using STEX: as a

- 1. way of writing LATEX more modularly (object-oriented Math) for creating PDF documents or
- 2. foundation for authoring active documents in HTML5 instrumented with knowledge management services.

Both are legitimate and useful. The first requires a significantly smaller tool-chain, so we describe it first. The second requires a much more substantial (and experimental) toolchain of knowledge management systems. Both workflows profit from an integrated development environment (IDE), which (also) automates setup as far as possible (see subsection 2.1.4).

2.1.1 Minimal Setup for the PDF-only Workflow

In the best of all worlds, there is no setup, as you already have a new version of TEXLive on your system as a LATEX enthusiast. If not now is the time to install it; see [TL]. You can usually update TEXLive via a package manager or the TEXLive manager tlmgr.

Alternatively, you can install STEX from CTAN, the Comprehensive TEX Archive Network; see [ST] for details.

2.1.2 GIT-based Setup for the STFX Development Version

If you want use the latest and greatest STEX packages, you can that have not even been released to CTAN, then you can directly clone them from the STEX development repository [sTeX] by the following command-line instructions:

```
cd <stexdir>
git clone https://github.com/slatex/sTeX.git
```

and keep it updated by pulling updates via git pull in the cloned STEX directory. Then update your TEXINPUTS environment variable, e.g. by placing the following line in your .bashrc:

3

BNP:1

 $^{^1\}mathrm{New}$ $\mathrm{Part}\colon$ MK: reorganized, we do not need the full MKM tool chain

2.1.3 STEX Archives (Manual Setup)

Writing semantically annotated STEX becomes much easier, if we can use well-designed libraries of already annotated content. STEX provides such libraries as STEX archives—i.e. GIT repositories at https://gl.mathhub.info—most prominently the SMGLoM libraries at https://gl.mathhub.info/smglom.

To do so, we set up a **local MathHub** by creating a MathHub directory <mhdir>. Every STEX archive as an **archive path** <apath> and a name <archive>. We can clone the STEX archive by the following command-line instructions:

```
cd <mhdir>/<apath>
git clone https://gl.mathhub.info/smglom/<archive>.git
```

Note that STEX archives often depend on other archives, thus you should be prepared to clone these as well – e.g. if pdflatex reports missing files. To make sure that STEX too knows where to find its archives, we need to set a global system variable MATHHUB, that points to your local MathHub-directory (see section 3.2).

export MATHHUB="<mhdir>''

2.1.4 The STEX IDE

We are currently working on an STEX IDE as an STEX plugin for VScode; see [SIa]. It will feature a setup procedure that automates the setup described above (and below). For additional functionality see the (now obsolete) plugin for STEX 1 [SLS; SIb].

2.1.5 Manual Setup for Active Documents and Knowledge Management Services

Foregoing on the STEX IDE, we will need several additional (on top of the minimal setup above) pieces of software; namely:

• The Mmt System available here². We recommend following the setup routine documented here.

Following the setup routine (Step 3) will entail designating a MathHub-directory on your local file system, where the MMT system will look for STEX/MMT content archives.

• STEX Archives If we only care about LATEX and generating pdfs, we do not technically need MMT at all; however, we still need the MATHHUB system variable to be set. Furthermore, MMT can make downloading content archives we might want to use significantly easier, since it makes sure that all dependencies of (often highly interrelated) STEX archives are cloned as well.

Once set up, we can run mmt in a shell and download an archive along with all of its dependencies like this: lmh install <name-of-repository>, or a whole group of archives; for example, lmh install smglom will download all smglom archives.

• $R_{US}T_{EX}$ The MMT system will also set up $R_{US}T_{EX}$ for you, which is used to generate (semantically annotated) xhtml from tex sources. In lieu of using MMT, you can also download and use $R_{US}T_{EX}$ directly here.

ENP:1

EdN:2

²EdNote: For now, we require the sTeX-branch, requiring manually compiling the MMT sources

2.2 A First STEX Document

Having set everything up, we can write a first STEX document. As an example, we will use the smglom/calculus and smglom/arithmetics archives, which should be present in the designated MathHub-folder, and write a small fragment defining the *geometric series*:

TODO: use some sTeX-archive instead of smglom, use a convergence-notion that includes the limit, mark-up the theorem properly

```
\documentclass{article}
  \usepackage{stex,xcolor,stexthm}
4 \begin{document}
 5 \begin{smodule}{GeometricSeries}
       \importmodule[smglom/calculus]{series}
      \importmodule[smglom/arithmetics]{realarith}
 7
 8
9
      \symdef{geometricSeries}[name=geometric-series]{\comp{S}}
10
      \begin{sdefinition} [for=geometricSeries]
11
          The \definame{geometricSeries} is the \symname{?series}
13
          \[\defeq{\geometricSeries}{\definiens{
14
              \displaystyle \inf \{ \sup \{ svar\{n\} \} \} \} 
15
                  \realdivide[frac]{1}{
                      \realpower{2}{\svar{n}}
17
              }}
18
          }}.\]
19
      \end{sdefinition}
20
      \begin{sassertion} [name=geometricSeriesConverges, type=theorem]
21
      The \symname{geometricSeries} \symname{converges} towards $1$.
      \end{sassertion}
24 \end{smodule}
25 \end{document}
```

Compiling this document with pdflatex should yield the output

Definition 0.1. The **geometric series** is the series

$$S := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n}.$$

Theorem 0.2. The geometric series converges towards 1.

Move your cursor over the various highlighted parts of the document – depending on your pdf viewer, this should yield some interesting (but possibly for now cryptic) information.

Remark 2.2.1:

Note that all of the highlighting, tooltips, coloring and the environment headers come from stexthm – by default, the amount of additional packages loaded is kept to a minimum and all the presentations can be customized, see <a href="https://chapter.com/chap

Let's investigate this document in detail to understand the respective parts of the STEX markup infrastructure:

```
\begin{smodule}{GeometricSeries}
...
\end{smodule}
```

smodule

First, we open a new *module* called GeometricSeries. The main purpose of the smodule environment is to group the contents and associate it with a *globally unique* identifier (URI), which is computed from the name GeometricSeries and the document context.

(Depending on your pdf viewer), the URI should pop up in a tooltip if you hover over the word **geometric series**.

```
\importmodule[smglom/calculus]{series}
\importmodule[smglom/arithmetics]{realarith}
```

\importmodule

Next, we *import* two modules – series from the STEX archive smglom/calculus, and realarith from the STEX archive smglom/arithmetics. If we investigate these archives, we find the files series.en.tex and realarith.en.tex (respectively) in their respective source-folders, which contain the statements \begin{smodule}{series} and \begin{smodule}{frealarith} (respectively).

The \importmodule-statements make all STEX symbols and associated semantic macros (e.g. \infinitesum, \realdivide, \realpower) in the imported module available to the current module GeometricSeries. The module GeometricSeries "exports" all of these symbols to all modules imports it via an \importmodule (GeometricSeries) instruction. Additionally it exports the local symbol \geometricSeries.

\usemodule

If we only want to *use* the content of some module Foo, e.g. in remarks or examples, but none of the symbols in our current module actually *depend* on the content of Foo, we can use \usemodule instead – like \importmodule, this will make the module content available, but will *not* export it to other modules.

```
\symdef{GeometricSeries} [name=geometric-series] {\comp{S}}
```

\symdef

Next, we introduce a new symbol with name geometric-series and assign it the semantic macro \geometricSeries. \symdef also immediately assigns this symbol a notation, namely S.

\comp

The macro \comp marks the S in the notation as a notational component, as opposed to e.g. arguments to \geometricSeries. It is the notational components that get highlighted and associated with the corresponding symbol (i.e. in this case geometricSeries). Since \geometricSeries takes no arguments, we can wrap the whole notation in a \comp.

```
\begin{sdefinition} [for=geometricSeries]
...
\end{sdefinition}
\begin{sassertion} [name=geometricSeriesConverges, type=theorem]
...
\end{sassertion}
```

What follows are two STEX-statements (e.g. definitions, theorems, examples, proofs, ...). These are semantically marked-up variants of the usual environments, which take additional optional arguments (e.g. for=, type=, name=). Since many LATEX templates predefine environments like definition or theorem with different syntax, we use sdefinition, sassertion, sexample etc. instead. You can customize these environments to e.g. simply wrap around some predefined theorem-environment. That way, we can still use sassertion to provide semantic information, while being fully compatible with (and using the document presentation of) predefined environments.

In our case, the stexthm-package patches e.g. \begin{sassertion}[type=theorem] to use a theorem-environment defined (as usual) using the amsthm package.

```
... is the \symname{?series}
```

\symname

The \symname-command prints the name of a symbol, highlights it (based on customizable settings) and associates the text printed with the corresponding symbol.

Note that the argument of \symref can be a local or imported symbol (here the series symbol is imported from the series module). STEX tries to determine the full symbol URI from the argument. If there are name clashes in or with the imported symbols, the name of the exporting module can be prepended to the symbol name before the ? character.

If you hover over the word series in the pdf output, you should see a tooltip showing the full URI of the symbol used.

\symref

The \symname-command is a special case of the more general \symref-command, which allows customizing the precise text associated with a symbol. \symref takes two arguments the first ist the symbol name, and the second a variant verbalization of the symbol, e.g. an inflection variant, a different language or a synonym. In our example \symname{?series} abbreviates \symref{?series}.

```
The \definame{geometricSeries} ...
```

\definame \definiendum

The sdefinition-environment provides two additional macros, \definame and \definiendum which behave similarly to \symname and \symref, but explicitly mark the symbols as being defined in this environment, to allow for special highlighting.

```
\[\defeq{\geometricSeries}{\definiens{
   \infinitesum{\svar{n}}{1}{
      \realdivide[frac]{1}{
      \realpower{2}{\svar{n}}
   }
}}.\]
```

The next snippet – set in a math environment – uses several semantic macros imported from (or recursively via) series and realarithmetics, such as \defeq, \infinitesum, etc. In math mode, using a semantic macro inserts its (default) definition. A semantic

macro can have several notations – in that case, we can explicitly choose a specific notation by providing its identifier as an optional argument; e.g. $\restriction{real divide [frac]{a}{b}}$ will use the explicit notation named frac of the semantic macro $\restriction{real divide}{ab}$, which yields $\frac{a}{b}$ instead of a/b.

\svar

The \svar{n} command marks up the n as a variable with name n and notation n.

\definiens

The **sdefinition**-environment additionally provides the \definiens-command, which allows for explicitly marking up its argument as the *definiens* of the symbol currently being defined.

2.2.1 OMDoc/xhtml Conversion

So, if we run pdflatex on our document, then STEX yields pretty colors and tooltips¹. But STEX becomes a lot more powerful if we additionally convert our document to xhtml while preserving all the STEX markup in the result.

TODO VSCode Plugin

Using $R_{US}T_{EX}$ [], we can convert the document to xhtml using the command rustex -i /path/to/file.tex -o /path/to/outfile.xhtml. Investigating the resulting file, we notice additional semantic information resulting from our usage of semantic macros, \symmetric Elow is the (abbreviated) snippet inside our \definiens block:

```
<mrow resource="" property="stex:definiens">
  <mrow resource="...?series?infinitesum" property="stex:OMBIND">
  <munderover displaystyle="true">
   <mo resource="...?series?infinitesum" property="stex:comp">∑</mo>
    <mrow resource="1" property="stex:arg">
     <mi resource="var://n" property="stex:OMV">n</mi>
    </mrow>
    <mo resource="...?series?infinitesum" property="stex:comp">=</mo>
    <mi resource="2" property="stex:arg">1</mi>
   <mi resource="...?series?infinitesum" property="stex:comp">\infty/mi>
  </munderover>
  <mrow resource="3" property="stex:arg">
   <mfrac resource="...?realarith?division#frac#" property="stex:OMA">
    <mi resource="1" property="stex:arg">1</mi>
<mrow resource="2" property="stex:arg">
  <msup resource="...realarith?exponentiation" property="stex:OMA">
      <mi resource="1" property="stex:arg">2</mi>
<mrow resource="2" property="stex:arg"></mi>
       <mi resource="var://n" property="stex:OMV">n</mi>
      </mrow>
     </msup>
    </mrow>
   </mfrac>
  </mrow>
 </mrow>
</mrow>
```

^{1...}and hyperlinks for symbols, and indices, and allows reusing document fragments modularly, and...

...containing all the semantic information. The MMT system can extract from this the following OpenMath snippet:

```
<OMBIND>
  <OMID name="n"/>
  <OMV name="n"/>
  <OMLIT name="1"/>
  <OMA>
    <OMS name="...?realarith?division"/>
    <OMLIT name="1"/>
  <OMA>
    <OMS name="...realarith?exponentiation"/>
    <OMLIT name="2"/>
    <OMLIT name="2"/>
    <OMV name="n"/>
    </OMA>
  </OMA>
</OMBIND>
```

...giving us the full semantics of the snippet, allowing for a plurality of knowledge management services – in particular when serving the xhtml.

Remark 2.2.2:

Note that the html when opened in a browser will look slightly different than the pdf when it comes to highlighting semantic content – that is because naturally html allows for much more powerful features than pdf does. Consequently, the html is intended to be served by a system like MMT, which can pick up on the semantic information and offer much more powerful highlighting, linking and similar features, and being customizable by readers rather than being prescribed by an author.

Additionally, not all browsers (most notably Chrome) support MATHML natively, and might require additional external JavaScript libraries such as MathJax to render mathematical formulas properly.

Chapter 3

Creating STeX Content

We can use STEX by simply including the package with \usepackage{stex}, or - primarily for individual fragments to be included in other documents - by using the STEX document class with \documentclass{stex} which combines the standalone document class with the stex package.

Both the stex package and document class offer the following options:

lang $(\langle language \rangle *)$ Languages to load with the babel package.

mathhub ($\langle directory \rangle$) MathHub folder to search for repositories – this is not necessary if the MATHHUB system variable is set.

sms $(\langle boolean \rangle)$ use persisted mode (not yet implemented).

image $(\langle boolean \rangle)$ passed on to tikzinput.

debug $(\langle log\text{-}prefix\rangle*)$ Logs debugging information with the given prefixes to the terminal, or all if all is given. Largely irrelevant for the majority of users.

3.1 How Knowledge is Organized in STEX

STFX content is organized on multiple levels:

- 1. STEX archives (see section 3.2) contain individual .tex-files.
- 2. These may contain STEX modules, introduced via \begin{smodule}{ModuleName}.
- 3. Modules contain STEX symbol declarations, introduced via \symdecl{symbolname}, \symdef{symbolname} and some other constructions. Most symbols have a notation that can be used via a semantic macro \symbolname generated by symbol declarations.
- 4. STeX expressions finally are built up from usages of semantic macros.



- STEX archives are simultaneously MMT archives, and the same directory structure is consequently used.
- STEX modules correspond to OMDoc/MMT theories. \importmodules (and



similar constructions) induce MMT includes and other theory morphisms, thus giving rise to a theory graph in the OMDOC sense [RK13].

- Symbol declarations induce OMDoc/MMT constants, with optional (formal) type and definiens components.
- Finally, STEX expressions are converted to OMDoc/MMT terms, which use the abstract syntax (and XML encoding) of OPENMATH [Bus+04].

3.2 STEX Archives

3.2.1 The Local MathHub-Directory

\userodule, \importmodule, \inputref etc. allow for including content modularly without having to specify absolute paths, which would differ between users and machines. Instead, STEX uses archives that determine the global namespaces for symbols and statements and make it possible for STEX to find content referenced via such URIs.

All STEX archives need to exist in the local MathHub-directory. STEX knows where this folder is via one of four means:

- 1. If the STEX package is loaded with the option mathhub=/path/to/mathhub, then STEX will consider /path/to/mathhub as the local MathHub-directory.
- 2. If the mathhub package option is *not* set, but the macro \mathhub exists when the \STEX-package is loaded, then this macro is assumed to point to the local MathHub-directory; i.e. \def\mathhub{/path/to/mathhub}\usepackage{stex} will set the MathHub-directory as path/to/mathhub.
- 3. Otherwise, STEX will attempt to retrieve the system variable MATHHUB, assuming it will point to the local MathHub-directory. Since this variant needs setting up only once and is machine-specific (rather than defined in tex code), it is compatible with collaborating and sharing tex content, and hence recommended.
- 4. Finally, if all else fails, STEX will look for a file ~/.stex/mathhub.path. If this file exists, STEX will assume that it contains the path to the local MathHub-directory. This method is recommended on systems where it is difficult to set environment variables.

3.2.2 The Structure of STeX Archives

An STEX archive group/name is stored in the directory /path/to/mathhub/group/name; e.g. assuming your local MathHub-directory is set as /user/foo/MathHub, then in order for the smglom/calculus-archive to be found by the STEX system, it needs to be in /user/foo/MathHub/smglom/calculus.

Each such archive needs two subdirectories:

- /source this is where all your tex files go.
- $\bullet\,$ /META-INF a directory containing a single file MANIFEST.MF, the content of which we will consider shortly

An additional lib-directory is optional, and is where STEX will look for files included via \\libinput.

Additionally a *group* of archives group/name may have an additional archive group/meta-inf. If this meta-inf-archive has a /lib-subdirectory, it too will be searched by \libinput from all tex files in any archive in the group/*-group.

We recommend the following additional directory structure in the source-folder of an ST_EX archive:

- /source/mod/ individual STEX modules, containing symbol declarations, notations, and \begin{sparagraph} [type=symdoc,for=...] environments for "encyclopaedic" symbol documentations
- /source/def/ definitions
- /source/ex/ examples
- /source/thm/ theorems, lemmata and proofs; preferably proofs in separate files to allow for multiple proofs for the same statement
- /source/snip/ individual text snippets such as remarks, explanations etc.
- /source/frag/ individual document fragments, ideally only \inputrefing snippets, definitions, examples etc. in some desirable order
- /source/tikz/ tikz images, as individual .tex-files
- /source/pic/ image files.³

3.2.3 MANIFEST.MF-Files

The MANIFEST.MF in the META-INF-directory consists of key-value-pairs, informing ST_EX (and associated software) of various properties of an archive. For example, the MANIFEST.MF of the smglom/calculus-archive looks like this:

```
id: smglom/calculus
```

source-base: http://mathhub.info/smglom/calculus
narration-base: http://mathhub.info/smglom/calculus

dependencies: smglom/arithmetics, smglom/sets, smglom/topology,

smglom/mv,smglom/linear-algebra,smglom/algebra

responsible: Michael.Kohlhase@FAU.de

title: Elementary Calculus

teaser: Terminology for the mathematical study of change.

description: desc.html

Many of these are in fact ignored by ST_EX, but some are important:

id: The name of the archive, including its group (e.g. smglom/calculus),

source-base or

ns: The namespace from which all symbol and module URIs in this repository are formed, see (TODO),

EdN:3

³Ednote: MK: bisher habe ich immer PIC subdirs, soll ich das ändern?

narration-base: The namespace from which all document URIs in this repository are formed, see (TODO),

url-base: The URL that is formed as a basis for external references, see (TODO),

dependencies: All archives that this archive depends on. STEX ignores this field, but MMT can pick up on them to resolve dependencies, e.g. for lmh install.

3.2.4 Using Files in STEX Archives Directly

Several macros provided by STEX allow for directly including files in repositories. These are:

\mhinput

\mhinput [Some/Archive] {some/file} directly inputs the file some/file in the source-folder of Some/Archive.

\inputref

\inputref[Some/Archive]{some/file} behaves like \mhinput, but wraps the input in a \begingroup ... \endgroup. When converting to xhtml, the file is not input at all, and instead an html-annotation is inserted that references the file, e.g. for lazy loading. In the majority of practical cases \inputref is likely to be preferred over \mhinput because it leads to less duplication in the generated xhtml.

\ifinput

Both \mhinput and \inputref set \iffinput to "true" during input. This allows for selectively including e.g. bibliographies only if the current file is not being currently included in a larger document.

\addmhbibresource

\addmhbibresource [Some/Archive] {some/file} searches for a file like \mhinput does, but calls \addbibresource to the result and looks for the file in the archive root directory directly, rather than the source directory. Typical invocations are

- \addmhbibresource{lib/refs.bib}, which specifies a bibliography in the lib folder in the local archive or
- \addmhbibresource[HW/meta-inf]{lib/refs.bib} in another.

\libinput

\libinput{some/file} searches for a file some/file in

- the lib-directory of the current archive, and
- the lib-directory of a meta-inf-archive in (any of) the archive groups containing the current archive

and include all found files in reverse order; e.g. \libinput{preamble} in a .tex-file in smglom/calculus will first input .../smglom/meta-inf/lib/preamble.tex and then ../smglom/calculus/lib/preamble.tex.

\libinput will throw an error if no candidate for some/file is found.

\libusepackage

\lambda libusepackage [package-options] {some/file} searches for a file some/file.sty in the same way that \libinput does, but will call

\usepackage[package-options]{path/to/some/file} instead of \input.

\libusepackage throws an error if not exactly one candidate for some/file is found.

Remark 3.2.1:

Then the preamble.tex files can take care of loading the generally required packages, setting presentation customizations etc. (per archive or archive group or both), and postamble.tex can e.g. print the bibliography, index etc.

\lambda libusepackage is particularly useful in preamble.tex when we want to use custom packages that are not part of TeXLive. In this case we commit the respective packages in one of the lib folders and use \libusepackage to load them.

3.3 Module, Symbol and Notation Declarations

3.3.1 The smodule-Environment

smodule A new module is declared using the basic syntax

```
\begin{smodule} [options] {ModuleName}...\end{smodule}.
```

A module is required to declare any new formal content such as symbols or notations (but not variables, which may be introduced anywhere).

The smodule-environment takes several keyword arguments, all of which are optional:

```
title (\langle token \ list \rangle) to display in customizations.
```

type $(\langle string \rangle *)$ for use in customizations.

deprecate $(\langle module \rangle)$ if set, will throw a warning when loaded, urging to use $\langle module \rangle$ instead.

id $(\langle string \rangle)$ for cross-referencing.

ns $(\langle URI \rangle)$ the namespace to use. Should not be used, unless you know precisely what you're doing. If not explicitly set, is computed using $\text{stex_modules_current_namespace:}$.

lang $(\langle language \rangle)$ if not set, computed from the current file name (e.g. foo.en.tex).

sig (\language\rangle) if the current file is a translation of a file with the same base name but a different language suffix, setting sig=<lang> will preload the module from that language file. This helps ensuring that the (formal) content of both modules is (almost) identical across languages and avoids duplication.

```
creators (\langle string \rangle *) names of the creators. contributors (\langle string \rangle *) names of contributors. srccite (\langle string \rangle) a source citation for the content of this module.
```

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} & \begin{tabular}{ll}
```

By default, opening a module will produce no output whatsoever, e.g.:

Example 1

```
Input:
```

```
1 \begin{smodule}[title={This is Some Module}]{SomeModule}
2 Hello World
3 \end{smodule}
```

Output:

Hello World

\stexpatchmodule

We can customize this behavior either for all modules or only for modules with a specific type using the command \stexpatchmodule[optional-type]{begin-code}{end-code}. Some optional parameters are then available in \smodule*-macros, specifically \smoduletitle, \smoduletype and \smoduleid.

For example:

Example 2

```
Input:
```

```
1 \stexpatchmodule[display]
2 {\textbf{Module (\smoduletitle)}\par}
3 {\par\noindent\textbf{End of Module (\smoduletitle)}}
5 \begin{smodule}[type=display,title={Some New Module}]{SomeModule2}
6 Hello World
7 \end{smodule}
```

Output:

```
Module (Some New Module)

Hello World

End of Module (Some New Module)
```

.

Declaring New Symbols and Notations

Inside an smodule environment, we can declare new STFX symbols.

\symdecl

The most basic command for doing so is using \symdecl{symbolname}. This introduces a new symbol with name symbolname, arity 0 and semantic macro \symbolname.

The starred variant \symdecl*{symbolname} will declare a symbol, but not introduce a semantic macro. If we don't want to supply a notation (for example to introduce concepts like "abelian", which is not something that has a notation), the starred variant is likely to be what we want.

```
←M→\symdecl introduces a new OMDoc/MMT constant in the current mod-
 -M \rightarrow \text{ule } (=OMDoc/Mmt \text{ theory}).
                                        Correspondingly, they get assigned the URI
\simT\sim <module-URI>?<constant-name>.
```

Without a semantic macro or a notation, the only meaningful way to reference a symbol is via \symref,\symname etc.

```
Example 3
Input:
  1 \symdecl*{foo}
  2 \text{ Given a } \operatorname{symname\{foo\}}, \text{ we can..}
Output:
   Given a foo, we can...
```

Obviously, most semantic macros should take actual arguments, implying that the symbol we introduce is an operator or function. We can let \symdecl know the arity (i.e. number of arguments) of a symbol like this:

```
Input:
 1 \symdecl{binarysymbol}[args=2]
 2 \symref{binarysymbol}{this} is a symbol taking two arguments.
```

Example 4

this is a symbol taking two arguments.

So far we have gained exactly ... nothing by adding the arity information: we cannot do anything with the arguments in the text.

We will now see what we can gain with more machinery.

\notation

We probably want to supply a notation as well, in which case we can finally actually use the semantic macro in math mode. We can do so using the **\notation** command, like this:

```
this:

Example 5

Input:

1 \notation{binarysymbol}{\text{First: }#1\text{; Second: }#2}
2 $\binarysymbol{a}{b}$

Output:

First: a; Second: b
```

←M→ Applications of semantic macros, such as \binarysymbol{a}{b} are translated to —M→ MMT/OMDOC as OMA-terms with head <OMS name="...?binarysymbol"/>.
~T→ Semantic macros with no arguments correspond to OMS directly.

\comp

For many semantic services e.g. semantic highlighting or **wikification** (linking uservisible notation components to the definition of the respective symbol they come from), we need to specify the notation components. Unfortunately, there is currently no way the STEX engine can infer this by itself, so we have to specify it manually in the notation specification. We can do so with the \comp command.

We can introduce a new notation highlight for \binarysymbol that fixes this flaw, which we can subsequently use with \binarysymbol[highlight]:

```
Example 6
```

```
Input:
```

```
1 \notation{binarysymbol}[highlight]
2 {\comp{\text{First: }}#1\comp{\text{; Second: }}#2}
3 $\binarysymbol[highlight]{a}{b}$
```

Output:

```
First: a; Second: b
```

2

Ideally, \comp would not be necessary: Everything in a notation that is not an argument should be a notation component. Unfortunately, it is computationally expensive to determine where an argument begins and ends, and the argument markers #n may themselves be nested in other macro applications or TeX groups, making it ultimately almost impossible to determine them automatically while also remaining compatible with arbitrary highlighting customizations (such as tooltips, hyperlinks, colors) that users might employ, and that are ultimately invoked by \comp.

Note that it is required that

- 1. the argument markers #n never occur inside a \comp, and
- 2. no semantic arguments may ever occur inside a notation.

Both criteria are not just required for technical reasons, but conceptionally meaningful:

The underlying principle is that the arguments to a semantic macro represent arguments to the mathematical operation represented by a symbol. For example, a semantic macro $\addition\{a\}\{b\}$ taking two arguments would represent the actual addition of (mathematical objects) a and b. It should therefore be impossible for a or b to be part of a notation component of \addition .



Similarly, a semantic macro can not conceptually be part of the notation of \addition, since a semantic macro represents a distinct mathematical concept with its own semantics, whereas notations are syntactic representations of the very symbol to which the notation belongs.

If you want an argument to a semantic macro to be a purely syntactic parameter, then you are likely somewhat confused with respect to the distinction between the precise syntax and semantics of the symbol you are trying to declare (which happens quite often even to experienced STEX users), and might want to give those another thought - quite likely, the macro you aim to implement does not actually represent a semantically meaningful mathematical concept, and you will want to use \def and similar native LATEX macro definitions rather than semantic macros.

\symdef

In the vast majority of cases where a symbol declaration should come with a semantic macro, we will want to supply a notation immediately. For that reason, the \symdef command combines the functionality of both \symdecl and \notation with the optional arguments of both:

Example 7

```
Input:
```

```
1 \symdef{newbinarysymbol}[hl,args=2]
2 {\comp{\text{1.: }}#1\comp{\text{; 2.: }}#2}
3 $\newbinarysymbol{a}{b}$
```

Output:

```
1.: a; 2.: b
```

We just declared a new symbol newbinarysymbol with args=2 and immediately provided it with a notation with identifier hl. Since hl is the *first* (and so far, only) notation supplied for newbinarysymbol, using \newbinarysymbol without optional argument defaults to this notation.

But one man's meat is another man's poison: it is very subjective what the "default notation" of an operator should be. Different communities have different practices. For instance, the complex unit is written as i in Mathematics and as j in electrical engineering.

So to allow modular specification and facilitate re-use of document fragments ST_EX allows to re-set notation defaults.

\setnotation

The first notation provided will stay the default notation unless explicitly changed — this is enabled by the \setnotation command: \setnotation{symbolname}{notation-id} sets the default notation of \symbolname to notation-id, i.e. henceforth, \symbolname behaves like \symbolname[notation-id] from now on.

Often, a default notation is set right after the corresponding notation is introduced – the starred version \notation* for that reason introduces a new notation and immediately sets it to be the new default notation. So expressed differently, the first \notation for a symbol behaves exactly like \notation*, and \notation*{foo}[bar]{...} behaves exactly like \notation{foo}{bar}.

Operator Notations

Once we have a semantic macro with arguments, such as \newbinarysymbol, the semantic macro represents the application of the symbol to a list of arguments. What if we want to refer to the operator itself, though?

We can do so by supplying the \notation (or \symdef) with an operator notation, indicated with the optional argument op=. We can then invoke the operator notation using \symbolname! [notation-identifier]. Since operator notations never take arguments, we do not need to use \comp in it, the whole notation is wrapped in a \comp automatically:

Example 8

Input:

```
1 \notation{newbinarysymbol}[ab,
2 op={\text{a:}\cdot\text{; b:}\cdot}]
3 {\comp{\text{a:}}#1\comp{\text{; b:}}#2}
4 \symname{newbinarysymbol} is also occasionally written
5 $\newbinarysymbol![ab]$
```

Output:

```
newbinary
symbol is also occasionally written a: \cdot ; b:
·
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \longleftarrow M \longrightarrow \\ -M \longrightarrow \\ -M \longrightarrow \\ directly. \end{array}
```

3.3.3 Argument Modes

The notations so far used <code>simple</code> arguments which we call <code>mode-i</code> arguments. Declaring a new symbol with <code>\symdecl{foo}[args=3]</code> is equivalent to writing <code>\symdecl{foo}[args=iii]</code>, indicating that the semantic macro takes three mode-i arguments. However, there are three more argument modes which we will investigate now, namely mode-b, mode-a and mode-B arguments.

Mode-b Arguments

A mode-b argument represents a variable that is bound by the symbol in its application, making the symbol a binding operator. Typical examples of binding operators are e.g. sums \sum , products \prod , integrals \int , quantifiers like \forall and \exists , that λ -operator, etc.

```
\buildrel M Mode-b arguments behave exactly like mode-i arguments within TeX, but appli-M\buildrel M cations of binding operators, i.e. symbols with mode-b arguments, are translated \buildrel T to OMBIND-terms in OMDoc/MMT, rather than OMA.
```

For example, we can implement a summation operator binding an index variable and taking lower and upper index bounds and the expression to sum over like this:

where the variable x is now bound by the \summation-symbol in the expression.

Mode-a Arguments

Mode-a arguments represent a *flexary argument sequence*, i.e. a sequence of arguments of arbitrary length. Formally, operators that take arbitrarily many arguments don't "exist", but in informal mathematics, they are ubiquitous. Mode-a arguments allow us to write e.g. \addition{a,b,c,d,e} rather than having to write something like \addition{a}{\addition{b}{\addition{c}{\addition{d}{e}}}}!

\notation (and consequently \symdef, too) take one additional argument for each mode-a argument that indicates how to "accumulate" a comma-separated sequence of arguments. This is best demonstrated on an example.

Let's say we want an operator representing quantification over an ascending chain of elements in some set, i.e. $ascendingchain{S}{a,b,c,d,e}{t}$ should yield $\forall a <_S b <_S c <_S d <_S e.t$. The "base"-notation for this operator is simply

 ${\operatorname{1}} \#2\operatorname{2}, \$, where #2 represents the full notation fragment *accumulated* from {a,b,c,d,e}.

The additional argument to \notation (or \symdef) takes the same arguments as the base notation and two additional arguments ##1 and ##2 representing successive pairs in the mode-a argument, and accumulates them into #2, i.e. to produce $a <_S b <_S c <_S d <_S e$, we do {##1 \comp{<}_{#1} ##2}:

Example 10 Input:

```
\symdef{ascendingchain}[args=iai]
    {\operatorname{\mathbb{L}}} #2\operatorname{\mathbb{L}} *3
    {##1 \comp{<}_{#1} ##2}
5 Tadaa: $\ascendingchain{S}{a,b,c,d,e}{t}$
```

Output:

```
Tadaa: \forall a < sb < sc < sd < se. t
```

If this seems overkill, keep in mind that you will rarely need the single-hash arguments #1,#2 etc. in the a-notation-argument. For a much more representative and simpler example, we can introduce flexary addition via:

Example 11

```
Input:
   \space{0.2cm} $$ \simeq {41}{\#1 \subset mp{+} \#2} $$
 3 Tadaa: $\addition{a,b,c,d,e}$
Output:
  Tadaa: a+b+c+d+e
```

The assoc-key We mentioned earlier that "formally", flexary arguments don't really "exist". Indeed, formally, addition is usually defined as a binary operation, quantifiers bind a single variable etc.

Consequently, we can tell STFX (or, rather, MMT/OMDOC) how to "resolve" flexary arguments by providing \symdecl or \symdef with an optional assoc-argument, as in \symdecl{addition}[args=a,assoc=bin]. The possible values for the assoc-key are:

bin: A binary, associative argument, e.g. as in \addition

binl: A binary, left-associative argument, e.g. $a^{b^{c^d}}$, which stands for $((a^b)^c)^d$

binr: A binary, right-associative argument, e.g. as in $A \to B \to C \to D$, which stands for $A \to (B \to (C \to D))$

pre: Successively prefixed, e.g. as in $\forall x, y, z. P$, which stands for $\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. P$

conj: Conjunctive, e.g. as in a = b = c = d or $a, b, c, d \in A$, which stand for $a = d \land b = d$ $d \wedge c = d$ and $a \in A \wedge b \in A \wedge c \in A \wedge d \in A$, respectively

pwconj: Pairwise conjunctive, e.g. as in $a \neq b \neq c \neq d$, which stands for $a \neq b \land a \neq c \land a \neq d$ $d \wedge b \neq c \wedge b \neq d \wedge c \neq d$

As before, at the PDF level, this annotation is invisible (and without effect), but at the level of the generated OMDoc/MMT this leads to more semantical expressions.

Mode-B Arguments

Finally, mode-B arguments simply combine the functionality of both a and b - i.e. they represent an arbitrarily long sequence of variables to be bound, e.g. for implementing quantifiers:

Example 12

```
Input:

1 \symdef{quantforall}[args=Bi]
2 {\comp{\forall}#1\comp{.}#2}
3 {##1\comp,##2}
4
5 $\quantforall{\svar{x},\svar{y},\svar{z}}{P}$
```

Output:

```
\forall x,y,z.P
```

3.3.4 Type and Definiens Components

\symdecl and \symdef take two more optional arguments. TEX largely ignores them (except for special situations we will talk about later), but MMT can pick up on them for additional services. These are the type and def keys, which expect expressions in math-mode (ideally using semantic macros, of course!)

```
The type and def keys correspond to the type and definiens components of 

M > OMDoc/Mmt constants.

M > Correspondingly, the name "type" should be taken with a grain of salt, since 

OMDoc/Mmt being foundation-independent – does not a priori implement a fixed typing system.
```

The type-key allows us to provide additional information (given the necessary STEX symbols), e.g. for addition on natural numbers:

Example 13

Input:

```
1 \symdef{Nat}[type=\set]{\comp{\mathbb N}}
2 \symdef{addition}[
3     type=\funtype{\Nat,\Nat}{\Nat},
4     op=+,
5     args=a
6 ]{#1}{##1 \comp+ ##2}
7
8 \symname{addition} is an operation $\funtype{\Nat,\Nat}{\Nat}$
```

Output:

```
addition is an operation \mathbb{N}{\times}\mathbb{N}{\to}\mathbb{N}
```

The def-key allows for declaring symbols as abbreviations:

Example 14

Input:

```
\symdef{successor}[
     type=\funtype{\Nat}{\Nat},
     def = \{ x } { \addition { \xxx{x}, 1} },
     op=\mathtt{succ},
args=1
\frac{4}{5}
6 ]{\comp{\mathtt{succ(}#1\comp{)}}}
8 The \symname{successor} operation \int \int \int {\mathbb R} {\mathbb R}^{n} dt
9 is defined as \int x{x}}{\addition{xxx{x},1}}
```

Output:

```
The successor operation \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N} is defined as x \mapsto x+1
```

3.3.5 Precedences and Automated Bracketing

Having done \addition, the obvious next thing to implement is \multiplication. This is straight-forward in theory:

Example 15

Input:

```
\symdef{multiplication}[
   type=\funtype{\Nat,\Nat}{\Nat},
3
   op=\cdot,
   args=a
5 ]{#1}{##1 \comp\cdot ##2}
```

Output:

```
multiplication is an operation \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}
```

However, if we combine \addition and \multiplication, we notice a problem:

Example 16

Input:

```
1 \alpha, \
```

Output:

```
a+b\cdot c+d\cdot e
```

'We all know that \cdot binds stronger than +, so the output $a+b\cdot c+d\cdot e$ does not actually reflect the term we wrote. We can of course insert parentheses manually

```
a + b \cdot (c + d \cdot e)
```

but we can also do better by supplying precedences and have STEX insert parentheses automatically.

For that purpose, \notation (and hence \symdef) take an optional argument prec=<opprec>;<argprec1>x...x<argprec n>.

We will investigate the precise meaning of <opprec> and the <argprec>s shortly – in the vast majority of cases, it is perfectly sufficient to think of prec= taking a single number and having that be *the* precedence of the notation, where lower precedences (somewhat counterintuitively) bind stronger than higher precedences. So fixing our notations for \addition and \multiplication, we get:

Example 18

```
Input:

1 \notation{multiplication}[
2    op=\cdot,
3    prec=50
4 ]{#1}{##1 \comp\cdot ##2}
5 \notation{addition}[
6    op=+,
7    prec=100
8 ]{#1}{##1 \comp+ ##2}
9

10 $\addition{a, \multiplication{b, \addition{c, \multiplication{d,e}}}}$
```

Output:

```
a + b \cdot (c + d \cdot e)
```

Note that the precise numbers used for precedences are pretty arbitrary - what matters is which precedences are higher than which other precedences when used in conjunction.

\infprec \neginfprec

It is occasionally useful to have "infinitely" high or low precedences to enforce or forbid automated bracketing entirely – for those purposes, \infprec and \neginfprec exist (which are implemented as the maximal and minimal integer values accordingly).



More precisely, each notation takes

1. One operator precedence and

2. one argument precedence for each argument.

By default, all precedences are 0, unless the symbol takes no argument, in which case the operator precedence is \neginfprec (negative infinity). If we only provide a single number, this is taken as both the operator precedence and all argument precedences.

STEX decides whether to insert parentheses by comparing operator precedences to a downward precedence p_d with initial value \infprec. When encountering a semantic macro, STEX takes the operator precedence p_{op} of the notation used and checks whether $p_{op} > p_d$. If so, STEX insert parentheses.

When STEX steps into an argument of a semantic macro, it sets p_d to the respective argument precedence of the notation used.

In the example above:

- 1. STEX starts out with $p_d = \$
- STEX encounters \addition with p_{op} = 100. Since 100 ≯\infprec, it inserts no parentheses.



- 4. Next, STEX encounters \multiplication{b,...}, whose notation has $p_{op} = 50$.
- 5. We compare to the current downward precedence p_d set by \addition, arriving at $p_{op} = 50 > 100 = p_d$, so SIEX again inserts no parentheses.
- 6. Since the notation of \multiplication has no explicitly set argument precedences, STEX uses the operator precedence for all arguments of \multiplication, hence sets $p_d = p_{op} = 50$ and recurses.
- 7. Next, gT_EX encounters the inner $\addition\{c,...\}$ whose notation has $p_{op} = 100$.
- 8. We compare to the current downward precedence p_d set by \multiplication, arriving at $p_{op} = 100 > 50 = p_d$ which finally prompts STEX to insert parentheses, and we proceed as before.

3.3.6 Variables

All symbol and notation declarations require a module with which they are associated, hence the commands \symdecl, \notation, \symdef etc. are disabled outside of smodule-environments.

Variables are different – variables are allowed everywhere, are not exported when the current module (if one exists) is imported (via \importmodule or \usemodule) and (also unlike symbol declarations) "disappear" at the end of the current TeX group.

\svar

So far, we have always used variables using n , which marks-up n as a variable with name n. More generally, code marks-up the arbitrary code as representing a variable with name foo.

Of course, this makes it difficult to reuse variables, or introduce "functional" variables with arities > 0, or provide them with a type or definiens.

\vardef

For that, we can use the \vardef command. Its syntax is largely the same as that of \symdef, but unlike symbols, variables have only one notation (TODO: so far?), hence there is only \vardef and no \vardecl.

Example 19

Input:

```
\vardef{varf}[
2
          name=f,
          type=\funtype{\Nat}{\Nat},
          args=1,
          prec=0;\neginfprec
6
7
      ]{\langle pf} #1}
      \vardef{varn} [name=n, type=\Nat] {\comp{n}}
      \vardef{varx}[name=x,type=\Nat]{\comp{x}}
      Given a function \operatorname{Nat}_{\mathbb{N}_{1}}
12
      by $\addition{\varf!,\varn}$ we mean the function
13
      $\fun{\varx}{\varf{\addition{\varx,\varn}}}$
```

Output:

```
Given a function f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}, by f+n we mean the function x \mapsto f(x+n)
```

'(of course, "lifting" addition in the way described in the previous example is an operation that deserves its own symbol rather than abusing \addition, but... well.)

TODO: bind=forall/exists

3.3.7 Variable Sequences

Variable sequences occur quite frequently in informal mathematics, hence they deserve special support. Variable sequences behave like variables in that they disappear at the end of the current TEX group and are not exported from modules, but their declaration is quite different.

\varseq

A variable sequence is introduced via the command \varseq, which takes the usual optional arguments name and type. It then takes a starting index, an end index and a *notation* for the individual elements of the sequence parametric in an index. Note that both the starting as well as the ending index may be variables.

This is best shown by example:

Example 20

```
Input:
```

```
1 \vardef{varn} [name=n, type=\Nat] {\comp{n}}
2 \varseq{seqa} [name=a, type=\Nat] {1} {\varn} {\comp{a}_{#1}}
3
4 The $i$th index of $\seqa!$ is $\seqa{i}$.
```

Output:

```
The ith index of a_1, \ldots, a_n is a_i.
```

.

Note that the syntax \searrow now automatically generates a presentation based on the starting and ending index.

TODO: more notations for invoking sequences.

Notably, variable sequences are nicely compatible with ${\tt a}\textsc{-type}$ arguments, so we can do the following:

Example 21

```
Input:
```

```
1  addition{\seqa}$
```

Output:

```
a_1 + \ldots + a_n
```

.

Sequences can be multidimensional using the args-key, in which case the notation's arity increases and starting and ending indices have to be provided as a comma-separated list:

Example 22

Input:

```
1 \vardef{varm}[name=m,type=\Nat]{\comp{m}}
2 \varseq{seqa}[
3     name=a,
4     args=2,
5     type=\Nat,
6 ]{1,1}{\varn,\varm}{\comp{a}_{#1}^{#2}}
7
8 $\seqa!$ and $\addition{\seqa}$
```

Output:

```
a_1^1, \dots, a_n^m \text{ and } a_1^1 + \dots + a_n^m
```

'We can also explicitly provide a "middle" segment to be used, like such:

Example 23

```
Input:
```

```
1 \varseq{seqa}[
2    name=a,
3    type=\Nat,
4    args=2,
5    mid={\comp{a}_{\varn}^1,\comp{a}_1^2,\ellipses,\comp{a}_{1}^{\varm}}}
6 ]{1,1}{\varn,\varm}{\comp{a}_{\text{#1}}^{\text{#2}}}
7    8 $\seqa!$ and $\addition{\seqa}$
```

Output:

```
a_1^1, \dots, a_n^1, a_1^2, \dots, a_1^m, \dots, a_n^m and a_1^1 + \dots + a_n^1 + a_1^2 + \dots + a_n^m + \dots + a_n^m
```

3.4 Module Inheritance and Structures

The STEX features for modular document management are inherited from the OM-Doc/MMT model that organizes knowledge into a graph, where the nodes are theories (called modules in STEX) and the edges are truth-preserving mappings (called theory morphismes in MMT). We have already seen modules/theories above.

Before we get into theory morphisms in STEX we will see a very simple application of modules: managing multilinguality modularly.

3.4.1 Multilinguality and Translations

If we load the STEX document class or package with the option lang=<lang>, STEX will load the appropriate babel language for you – e.g. lang=de will load the babel language ngerman. Additionally, it makes STEX aware of the current document being set in (in this example) german. This matters for reasons other than mere babel-purposes, though:

Every module is assigned a language. If no STEX package option is set that allows for inferring a language, STEX will check whether the current file name ends in e.g. .en.tex (or .de.tex or .fr.tex, or...) and set the language accordingly. Alternatively, a language can be explicitly assigned via \begin{smodule} [lang=<language>] {Foo}.

```
Technically, each smodule-environment induces two OMDoc/MMT theories: \begin{smodule}[lang=<lang>]{Foo} generates a theory some/namespace?Foo that only contains the "formal" part of the module – i.e. exactly the content—M→ that is exported when using \importmodule.

T→ Additionally, MMT generates a language theory some/namespace/Foo?<lang> that includes some/namespace?Foo and contains all the other document content – variable declarations, includes for each \usenbodule, etc.
```

Notably, the language suffix in a filename is ignored for \usemodule, \importmodule and in generating/computing URIs for modules. This however allows for providing translations for modules between languages without needing to duplicate content:

If a module Foo exists in e.g. english in a file Foo.en.tex, we can provide a file Foo.de.tex right next to it, and write \begin{smodule}[sig=en]{Foo}. The sig-key then signifies, that the "signature" of the module is contained in the english version of the module, which is immediately imported from there, just like \importmodule would.

Additionally to translating the informal content of a module file to different languages, it also allows for customizing notations between languages. For example, the least common multiple of two numbers is often denoted as $\mathtt{lcm}(a,b)$ in english, but is called kleinstes gemeinsames Vielfaches in german and consequently denoted as $\mathtt{kgV}(a,b)$ there.

We can therefore imagine a german version of an lcm-module looking something like this:

```
1 \begin{smodule} [sig=en] {lcm}
2 \notation*{lcm} [de] {\comp{\mathtt{kgV}}(#1,#2)}
3
4 Das \symref{lcm}{kleinste gemeinsame Vielfache}
5 $\lcm{a,b}$ von zwei Zahlen $a,b$ ist...
```

6 \end{smodule}

If we now do \importmodule{lcm} (or \usemodule{lcm}) within a german document, it will also load the content of the german translation, including the de-notation for \lcm.

3.4.2 Simple Inheritance and Namespaces

\importmodule \usemodule

\importmodule[Some/Archive] {path?ModuleName} is only allowed within an smodule-environment and makes the symbols declared therein available. Additionally the content of ModuleName will be exported if the current module is imported somewhere else via \importmodule.

\userbox way, but without exporting the content of the used module.

It is worth going into some detail how exactly \importmodule and \usemodule resolve their arguments to find the desired module – which is closely related to the namespace generated for a module, that is used to generate its URI.

Ideally, STEX would use arbitrary URIs for modules, with no forced relationships between the *logical* namespace of a module and the *physical* location of the file declaring the module – like MMT does things.

Unfortunately, TEX only provides very restricted access to the file system, so we are forced to generate namespaces systematically in such a way that they reflect the physical location of the associated files, so that STEX can resolve them accordingly. Largely, users need not concern themselves with namespaces at all, but for completenesses sake, we describe how they are constructed:



- If $\ensuremath{\mbox{begin{smodule}{\mbox{Foo}}}\mbox{foo}\mbox{ccurs in a file /path/to/file/Foo[.$\langle lang \rangle$].tex}$ which does not belong to an archive, the namespace is file://path/to/file.
- If the same statement occurs in a file /path/to/file/bar[.\(\lambda lang\)].tex, the namespace is file://path/to/file/bar.

In other words: outside of archives, the namespace corresponds to the file URI with the filename dropped iff it is equal to the module name, and ignoring the (optional) language suffix.

If the current file is in an archive, the procedure is the same except that the initial segment of the file path up to the archive's **source**-folder is replaced by the archive's namespace URI.

Conversely, here is how namespaces/URIs and file paths are computed in import statements, examplary \importmodule:



- \importmodule{Foo} outside of an archive refers to module Foo in the current namespace. Consequently, Foo must have been declared earlier in the same document or, if not, in a file Foo[.\langle langle].tex in the same directory.
- The same statement within an archive refers to either the module Foo declared earlier in the same document, or otherwise to the module Foo in the archive's top-level namespace. In the latter case, is has to be declared in a

file Foo[. $\langle lang \rangle$].tex directly in the archive's source-folder.

• Similarly, in \importmodule{some/path?Foo} the path some/path refers to either the sub-directory and relative namespace path of the current directory and namespace outside of an archive, or relative to the current archive's top-level namespace and source-folder, respectively.

The module Foo must either be declared in the file $\langle top\text{-}directory \rangle$ /some/path/Foo[. $\langle lang \rangle$].tex, or in $\langle top\text{-}directory \rangle$ /some/path[. $\langle lang \rangle$].tex (which are checked in that order).



- Similarly, \importmodule[Some/Archive] {some/path?Foo} is resolved like
 the previous cases, but relative to the archive Some/Archive in the mathhubdirectory.
- Finally, \importmodule{full://uri?Foo} naturally refers to the module Foo in the namespace full://uri. Since the file this module is declared in can not be determined directly from the URI, the module must be in memory already, e.g. by being referenced earlier in the same document. Since this is less compatible with a modular development, using full URIs directly is strongly discouraged, unless the module is delared in the current file directly.

\STEXexport

\importmodule and \usemodule import all symbols, notations, semantic macros and (recursively) \importmodules. If you want to additionally export e.g. convenience macros and other code from a module, you can use the command \STEXexport{<code>} in your module. Then <code> is executed (both immediately and) every time the current module is opened via \importmodule or \usemodule.



Note, that **\newcommand** defines macros *globally* and throws an error if the macro already exists, potentially leading to low-level LATEX errors if we put a **\newcommand** in an **\STEXexport** and the **<code>** is executed more than once in a document – which can happen easily.

A safer alternative is to use macro definition principles, that are safe to use even if the macro being defined already exists, and ideally are local to the current T_EX group, such as \def or \let .

3.4.3 The mathstructure Environment

A common occurrence in mathematics is bundling several interrelated "declarations" together into *structures*. For example:

- A monoid is a structure $\langle M, \circ, e \rangle$ with $\circ : M \times M \to M$ and $e \in M$ such that...
- A topological space is a structure (X,\mathcal{T}) where X is a set and \mathcal{T} is a topology on X
- A partial order is a structure $\langle S, \leq \rangle$ where \leq is a binary relation on S such that...

This phenomenon is important and common enough to warrant special support, in particular because it requires being able to *instantiate* such structures (or, ratherer, structure *signatures*) in order to talk about (concrete or variable) *particular* monoids, topological spaces, partial orders etc.

mathstructure

The mathstructure environment allows us to do exactly that. It behaves exactly like the smodule environment, but is itself only allowed inside an smodule environment, and allows for instantiation later on.

How this works is again best demonstrated by example:

Example 24

```
Input:

1 \begin{mathstructure} {monoid}
2 \symdef {universe} [type=\set] {\comp{U}}
3 \symdef {op} [
4 \args=2,
5 \type=\funtype{\universe,\universe} {\universe},
6 \op=\circ
7 \] {#1 \comp{\circ} #2}
8 \symdef {unit} [type=\universe] {\comp{e}}
9 \end{mathstructure}
10
11 A \symname{monoid} is...
```

Output:

```
A monoid is...
```

Note that the \symname{monoid} is appropriately highlighted and (depending on your pdf viewer) shows a URI on hovering – implying that the mathstructure environment has generated a *symbol* monoid for us. It has not generated a semantic macro though, since we can not use the monoid-symbol *directly*. Instead, we can instantiate it, for example for integers:

Example 25

```
Input:

1 \symdef{Int}[type=\set]{\comp{\mathbb Z}}
2 \symdef{addition}[
3     type=\funtype{\Int,\Int}{\Int},
4     args=2,
5     op=+
6 ]{##1 \comp{+} ##2}
7 \symdef{zero}[type=\Int]{\comp{0}}
8

9 $\mathstruct{\Int,\addition!,\zero}$ is a \symname{monoid}.
```

Output:

```
\langle \mathbb{Z}, +, 0 \rangle is a monoid.
```

So far, we have not actually instantiated monoid, but now that we have all the symbols to do so, we can:

Example 26

Input:

```
1 \instantiate{intmonoid}{
2    universe = Int ,
3    op = addition ,
4    unit = zero
5 }{monoid}{\mathbb{Z}_{+,0}}
6
7    $\intmonoid{\universe}$, $\intmonoid{\unit}$ and $\intmonoid{\op}{a}{b}$.
8
9    Also: $\intmonoid!$
```

Output:

```
\mathbb{Z}, 0 and a+b.
Also: \mathbb{Z}_{+,0}
```

\instantiate

So summarizing: \instantiate takes four arguments: The (macro-)name of the instance, a key-value pair assigning declarations in the corresponding mathstructure to symbols currently in scope, the name of the mathstructure to instantiate, and lastly a notation for the instance itself.

It then generates a semantic macro that takes as argument the name of a declaration in the instantiated **mathstructure** and resolves it to the corresponding instance of that particular declaration.

\instantiate and mathstructure make use of the Theories-as-Types paradigm:
mathstructure{<name>} does in fact simply create a nested theory with name
<name>-structure. The constant <name> is defined as Mod(<name>-structure) a dependent record type with manifest fields, the fields of which are generated from
(and correspond to) the constants in <name>-structure.

\instantiate appropriately generates a constant whose definiens is a record term of type Mod(<name>-structure), with the fields assigned appropriately based on the key-value-list.

Notably, \instantiate throws an error if not every declaration in the instantiated mathstructure is being assigned.

You might consequently ask what the usefulness of mathstructure even is.

\varinstantiate

The answer is that we can also instantiate a mathstructure with a *variable*. The syntax of \varianstantiate is equivalent to that of \instantiate, but all of the key-value-pairs are optional, and if not explicitly assigned (to a symbol *or* a variable declared with \vardef) inherit their notation from the one in the mathstructure environment.

This allows us to do things like:

Example 27

Input:

```
1  \varinstantiate{varM}{}{monoid}{M}
2
3 A \symname{monoid} is a structure
4  $\varM!:=\mathstruct{\varM{universe},\varM{op}!,\varM{unit}}$
5 such that
6  $\varM{op}!:\funtype{\varM{universe},\varM{universe}}${\varM{universe}}$
7 and...
8
9 \varinstantiate{varMb}{universe = Int}{monoid}{M_2}
10
11 \noindent Let $\varMb!:=\mathstruct{\varMb{universe},\varMb{op}!,\varMb{unit}}$
12 a \symname{monoid} on $\Int$...
```

Output:

```
A monoid is a structure M := \langle U, \circ, e \rangle such that \circ : U \times U \to U and...
Let M_2 := \langle \mathbb{Z}, \circ, e \rangle a monoid on \mathbb{Z}...
```

.

We will return to this example later, when we also know how to handle the *axioms* of a monoid.

3.4.4 The copymodule Environment

TODO: explain

Given modules:

```
Example 28
```

```
Input:

1 \begin{smodule}{magma}
2 \symdef{universe}{\comp{\mathcal U}}
3 \symdef{operation}[args=2,op=\circ]{#1 \comp\circ #2}
4 \end{smodule}
5 \begin{smodule}{monoid}
6 \importmodule{magma}
7 \symdef{unit}{\comp e}
8 \end{smodule}
9 \begin{smodule}{group}
10 \importmodule{monoid}
11 \symdef{inverse}[args=1]{{#1}^{\comp{-1}}}
12 \end{smodule}
```

.

Output:

We can form a module for *rings* by "cloning" an instance of <code>group</code> (for addition) and <code>monoid</code> (for multiplication), respectively, and "glueing them together" to ensure they share the same universe:

Example 29

Input:

```
\begin{smodule}{ring}
      \begin{copymodule} { group } { addition }
3
          \renamedecl[name=universe] {universe} {runiverse}
4
          \renamedecl[name=plus]{operation}{rplus}
5
          \renamedecl[name=zero]{unit}{rzero}
          \renamedecl[name=uminus]{inverse}{ruminus}
6
 7
      \end{copymodule}
8
      \notation*{rplus}[plus,op=+,prec=60]{#1 \comp+ #2}
9
          \notation*{rzero}[zero]{\comp0}
10
          \notation*{ruminus}[uminus,op=-]{\comp- #1}
          \begin{copymodule}{monoid}{multiplication}
11
12
          \assign{universe}{\runiverse}
13
          \renamedecl[name=times] {operation} {rtimes}
14
          \renamedecl[name=one] {unit} {rone}
15
      \end{copymodule}
16
      \notation*{rtimes}[cdot,op=\cdot,prec=50]{#1 \comp\cdot #2}
17
          \notation*{rone}[one] {\comp1}
18
          Test: $\rtimes a{\rplus c{\rtimes de}}$
19 \end{smodule}
```

Output:

```
Test: a \cdot (c + d \cdot e)
```

TODO: explain donotclone

3.4.5The interpretmodule Environment

TODO: explain

```
Example 30
```

```
Input:
   \begin{smodule}{int}
2
      \symdef{Integers}{\comp{\mathbb Z}}
3
      \symdef{plus}[args=2,op=+]{#1 \comp+ #2}
      \symdef{zero}{\comp0}
 4
 5
6
      \symdef{uminus}[args=1,op=-]{\comp-#1}
      \begin{interpretmodule}{group}{intisgroup}
          \assign{universe}{\Integers}
9
          \assign{operation}{\plus!}
10
          \assign{unit}{\zero}
          \assign{inverse}{\uminus!}
      \end{interpretmodule}
13 \end{smodule}
```

Output:

3.5 Primitive Symbols (The STEX Metatheory)

TODO: metatheory documentation

Using STEX Symbols

Given a symbol declaration \symdecl{symbolname}, we obtain a semantic macro \symbolname. We can use this semantic macro in math mode to use its notation(s), and we can use \symbolname! in math mode to use its operator notation(s). What else can we do?

4.1 \symmet and its variants

\symref \symname

We have already seen \symname and \symref, the latter being the more general.

\symref{<symbolname>}{<code>} marks-up <code> as referencing <symbolname>. Since quite often, the <code> should be (a variant of) the name of the symbol anyway, we also have \symname{<symbolname>}.

Note that \symname uses the *name* of a symbol, not its macroname. More precisely, \symname will insert the name of the symbol with "-" replaced by spaces. If a symbol does not have an explicit name = given, the two are equal – but for \symname it often makes sense to make the two explicitly distinct. For example:

Example 31

```
Input:

1 \symdef{Nat}[
2    name=natural-number,
3    type=\set
4 ]{\comp{\mathbb{N}}}
5
6 A \symname{Nat} is...
```

Output:

A natural number is...

\symname takes two additional optional arguments, pre= and post= that get prepended or appended respectively to the symbol name.

\Symname

Additionally, \Symname behaves exactly like \symname, but will capitalize the first letter of the name:

Example 32

Input:

1 \Symname[post=s]{Nat} are...

Output:

Natural numbers are...

This is as good a place as any other to explain how STEX resolves a string symbolname to an actual symbol.

If \symbolname is a semantic macro, then STEX has no trouble resolving symbolname to the full URI of the symbol that is being invoked.

However, especially in \symname (or if a symbol was introduced using \symdecl* without generating a semantic macro), we might prefer to use the *name* of a symbol directly for readability — e.g. we would want to write A \symname{natural-number} is... rather than A \symname{Nat} is... SIEX attempts to handle this case thusly:



If string does *not* correspond to a semantic macro \string and does *not* contain a ?, then STEX checks all symbols currently in scope until it finds one, whose name is string. If string is of the form pre?name, STEX first looks through all modules currently in scope, whose full URI ends with pre, and then looks for a symbol with name name in those. This allows for disambiguating more precisely, e.g. by saying \symname{Integers?addition} or \symname{RealNumbers?addition} in the case where several additions are in scope.

4.2 Marking Up Text and On-the-Fly Notations

We can also use semantic macros outside of text mode though, which allows us to annotate arbitrary text fragments.

Let us assume again, that we have $\symdef{addition}[args=2]{\#1 \comp+ \#2}$. Then we can do

Example 33

Input:

1 \addition{\comp{The sum of} \arg{\$\svar{n}\$} \comp{ and }\arg{\$\svar{m}\$}} 2 is...

Output:

The sum of n and m is...

 \therefore which marks up the text fragment as representing an *application* of the addition-symbol to two argument n and m.

\arg

In text mode, every semantic macro takes exactly one argument, namely the text-fragment to be annotated. The \arg command is only valid within the argument to a semantic macro and marks up the *individual arguments* for the symbol.

We can also use semantic macros in text mode to invoke an operator itself instead of its application, with the usual syntax using !:

```
Example 34
Input:

1 \addition! {Addition} is...

Output:

Addition is...
```

In deed, \symbolname! {<code>} is exactly equivalent to \symref {symbolname} {<code>} (the latter is in fact implemented in terms of the former).

\arg also allows us to switch the order of arguments around and "hide" arguments: For example, \arg[3]{<code>} signifies that <code> represents the *third* argument to the current operator, and \arg*[i]{<code>} signifies that <code> represents the *i*th argument, but it should not produce any output (it is exported in the xhtml however, so that MMT and other systems can pick up on it)

Example 35

```
Input:

1 \addition{\comp{adding}
2 \arg[2]{$\svar{k}$}
3 \arg*{$\addition{\svar{n}}{\svar{m}}$}} yields...

Output:

adding k yields...
```

Note that since the second \arg has no explicit argument number, it automatically represents the first not-yet-given argument – i.e. in this case the first one.

The same syntax can be used in math mode, too, which allows us to spontaneously introduce new notations on the fly. We can activate it using the starred variants of semantic macros:

Example 36

```
Input:
```

```
1 Given $\addition{\svar{n}}{\svar{m}}$, then
2 $\addition*{
3  \arg*{\addition{\svar{n}}}{\svar{m}}}
4  \comp{+}
5  \arg{\svar{k}}
6 }$ yields...
```

Output:

```
Given n+m, then +k yields...
```

4.3 Referencing Symbols and Statements

TODO: references documentation

STEX Statements

5.1 Definitions, Theorems, Examples, Paragraphs

As mentioned earlier, we can semantically mark-up *statements* such as definitions, theorems, lemmata, examples, etc.

The corresponding environments for that are:

- sdefinition for definitions,
- sassertion for assertions, i.e. propositions that are declared to be *true*, such as theorems, lemmata, axioms,
- sexample for examples, and
- sparagraph for other semantic paragraphs, such as comments, remarks, conjectures, etc.

The *presentation* of these environments can be customized to use e.g. predefined theorem-environments, see chapter 6 for details.

All of these environments take optional arguments in the form of key=value-pairs. Common to all of them are the keys id= (for cross-referencing, see section 4.3), type= for customization (see chapter 6) and additional information (e.g. definition principles, "difficulty" etc), title=, and for=.

The for= key expects a comma-separated list of existing symbols, allowing for e.g. things like

Example 37

```
Input:

1 \begin{sexample}[
2   id=additionandmultiplication.ex,
3   for={addition,multiplication},
4   type={trivial,boring},
5   title={An Example}
6]
7   $\addition{2,3}$ is $5$, $\multiplication{2,3}$ is $6$.
8 \end{sexample}
```

Output:

Example 5.1.1 (An Example). 2+3 is 5, $2\cdot 3$ is 6.

\definiendum \definame \definiens \Definame

sdefinition (and sparagraph with type=symdoc) introduce three new macros: definiendum behaves like symref (and definame/Definame like symname/Symname, respectively), but highlights the referenced symbol as being defined in the current definition.

\definiens [<optional symbolname>] {<code>} marks up <code> as being the explicit definiens of <optional symbolname> (in case for= has multiple symbols).

The special type=symdoc for sparagraph is intended to be used for "informal definitions", or encyclopedia-style descriptions for symbols.

The MMT-system can use those (in lieu of an actual sdefinition in scope) to present to users, e.g. when hovering over symbols.

All four environments also take an optional parameter name = – if this one is given a value, the environment will generate a *symbol* by that name (but with no semantic macro). Not only does this allow for \symref et al, it allows us to resume our earlier example for monoids much more nicely:

Example 38

```
Input:
    \begin{mathstructure} { monoid}
 2
       \symdef{universe}[type=\set]{\comp{U}}}
 3
       \symdef{op}[
 4
           args=2,
 5
           type=\funtype{\universe, \universe}{\universe},
 6
           op=\circ
 7
       ]{#1 \comp{\circ} #2}
 8 9
       \symdef{unit}[type=\universe]{\comp{e}}
10
       \begin{sparagraph} [type=symdoc,for=monoid]
           A \definame{monoid} is a structure
11
12
           $\mathstruct{\universe,\op!,\unit}$
13
           where $\op!:\funtype{\universe}{\universe}$ and
14
           $\inset{\unit}{\universe}$ such that
15
\frac{16}{17}
           \begin{sassertion} [name=associative,
               type=axiom,
18
               title=Associativity]
19
               $\op!$ is associative
20
           \end{sassertion}
\frac{21}{22}
           \begin{sassertion} [name=isunit,
               type=axiom,
23
               title=Unit]
24
               \displaystyle {\displaystyle \{ \op{\svar}(x)}{\svar}(x)} 
25
               for all $\inset{\svar{x}}{\universe}$
26
           \end{sassertion}
27
       \end{sparagraph}
28 \end{mathstructure}
30 An example for a \symname{monoid} is...
```

Output:

```
A monoid is a structure \langle U, \circ, e \rangle where \circ : U \to U and e \in U such that 
Axiom 5.1.2 (Associativity). \circ is associative 
Axiom 5.1.3 (Unit). x \circ e = x for all x \in U 
An example for a monoid is...
```

Now the mathstructure monoid contains two additional symbols, namely the axioms for associativity and that e is a unit. Note that both symbols do not represent the mere propositions that e.g. \circ is associative, but the assertion that it is actually true that \circ is associative.

If we now want to instantiate monoid (unless with a variable, of course), we also need to assign associative and neutral to analogous assertions. So the earlier example

```
1 \instantiate{intmonoid}{
2    universe = Int ,
3    op = addition ,
4    unit = zero
5 }{monoid}{\mathbb{Z}_{+,0}}
```

...will not work anymore. We now need to give assertions that addition is associative and that zero is a unit with respect to addition.²

5.2 Proofs

5.2.1 Introduction

The stex-proof package supplies macros and environment that allow to annotate the structure of mathematical proofs in ST_EX document. This structure can be used by MKM systems for added-value services, either directly from the ST_EX sources, or after translation.

We will go over the general intuition by way of our running example (see Figure 1 for the source and Figure 3 for the formatted result).⁴

5.2.2 Proofs and Proof steps

sproof

The proof environment is the main container for proofs. It takes an optional KeyVal argument that allows to specify the id (identifier) and for (for which assertion is this a proof) keys. The regular argument of the proof environment contains an introductory comment, that may be used to announce the proof style. The proof environment contains a sequence of \step, proofcomment, and pfcases environments that are used to markup the proof steps. The proof environment has a variant Proof, which does not use the proof end marker. This is convenient, if a proof ends in a case distinction, which brings it's own proof end marker with it. The Proof environment is a variant of proof that does not mark the end of a proof with a little box; presumably, since one of the subproofs

sProof

EdN:4

 $^{^2}Of$ course, STeX can not check that the assertions are the "correct" ones – but if the assertions (both in monoid as well as those for addition and zero) are properly marked up, MMT can. TODO: should $^4\mathrm{EdNote}$: talk a bit more about proofs and their structure,... maybe copy from OMDoc spec.

```
egin{sproof}[id=simple-proof]
 {We prove that \sum_{i=1}^n{2i-1}=n^{2} by induction over n}
\begin{spfcases}{For the induction we have to consider the following cases:}
 \begin{spfcase}{$n=1$}
  \end{spfcase}
 \begin{spfcase}{$n=2$}
    \begin{sproofcomment}[type=inline]
      This case is not really necessary, but we do it for the fun of it (and to get more intuition).
    \end{sproofcomment}
    \begin{spfstep}[type=inline] We compute $1+3=2^{2}=4$.\end{spfstep}
 \end{spfcase}
 \begin{spfcase}{$n>1$}
    \begin{spfstep}[type=assumption,id=ind-hyp]
      Now, we assume that the assertion is true for a certain k\geq 1\,
      i.e. \sum_{i=1}^k{(2i-1)}=k^{2}.
    \end{spfstep}
    \begin{sproofcomment}
      We have to show that we can derive the assertion for $n=k+1$ from
      this assumption, i.e. \sum_{i=1}^{k+1}{(2i-1)}=(k+1)^{2}.
    \end{sproofcomment}
    \begin{spfstep}
      We obtain \sum_{i=1}^{k+1}{2i-1}=\sum_{i=1}^{k}{2i-1}+2(k+1)-1
      \begin{justification} [method=arith:split-sum]
        by splitting the sum.
      \end{justification}
    \end{spfstep}
    \begin{spfstep}
      Thus we have \sum_{i=1}^{k+1}{(2i-1)}=k^2+2k+1
      \begin{justification} [method=fertilize]
       by inductive hypothesis.
      \end{justification}
    \end{spfstep}
    \begin{spfstep}[type=conclusion]
      We can \beginfjustification}[method=simplify]simplify\end{justification} the right-hand side to ${k+1}^2$, which proves the assertion.
    \end{spfstep}
 \end{spfcase}
  \begin{spfstep}[type=conclusion]
    We have considered all the cases, so we have proven the assertion.
  \end{spfstep}
\end{spfcases}
nd{sproof}
```

Example 1: A very explicit proof, marked up semantically

\spfidea

already has one and then a box supplied by the outer proof would generate an otherwise empty line. The **\spfidea** macro allows to give a one-paragraph description of the proof idea.

spfsketch

For one-line proof sketches, we use the \spfsketch macro, which takes the KeyVal argument as sproof and another one: a natural language text that sketches the proof.

spfstep

Regular proof steps are marked up with the step environment, which takes an optional KeyVal argument for annotations. A proof step usually contains a local assertion (the text of the step) together with some kind of evidence that this can be derived from already established assertions.

Note that both \premise and \justarg can be used with an empty second argument to mark up premises and arguments that are not explicitly mentioned in the text.

Proof: We prove that $\sum_{i=1}^{n} 2i - 1 = n^2$ by induction over n1. For the induction we have to consider the following cases:

1.1. n = 1: then we compute $1 = 1^2$

1.2. n=2: This case is not really necessary, but we do it for the fun of it (and to get more intuition). We compute $1+3=2^2=4$

1.3. n > 1:

1.3.1. Now, we assume that the assertion is true for a certain $k \ge 1$, i.e. $\sum_{i=1}^{k} (2i-1) = k^2$.

1.3.2. We have to show that we can derive the assertion for n = k+1 from this assumption, i.e. $\sum_{i=1}^{k+1} (2i-1) = (k+1)^2$.

1.3.3. We obtain $\sum_{i=1}^{k+1} (2i-1) = \sum_{i=1}^{k} (2i-1) + 2(k+1) - 1$ by splitting the sum

1.3.4. Thus we have $\sum_{i=1}^{k+1} (2i-1) = k^2 + 2k + 1$ by inductive hypothesis.

1.3.5. We can simplify the right-hand side to $(k+1)^2$, which proves the assertion. \square

1.4. We have considered all the cases, so we have proven the assertion.

Example 2: The formatted result of the proof in Figure 1

5.2.3 Justifications

justification

This evidence is marked up with the justification environment in the sproof package. This environment totally invisible to the formatted result; it wraps the text in the proof step that corresponds to the evidence. The environment takes an optional KeyVal argument, which can have the method key, whose value is the name of a proof method (this will only need to mean something to the application that consumes the semantic annotations). Furthermore, the justification can contain "premises" (specifications to assertions that were used justify the step) and "arguments" (other information taken into account by the proof method).

\premise

The \premise macro allows to mark up part of the text as reference to an assertion

that is used in the argumentation. In the example in Figure 1 we have used the \premise macro to identify the inductive hypothesis.

\justarg

The \justarg macro is very similar to \premise with the difference that it is used to mark up arguments to the proof method. Therefore the content of the first argument is interpreted as a mathematical object rather than as an identifier as in the case of \premise. In our example, we specified that the simplification should take place on the right hand side of the equation. Other examples include proof methods that instantiate. Here we would indicate the substituted object in a \justarg macro.

5.2.4 Proof Structure

subproof

method

optional KeyVal argument for semantic annotations and a second argument that allows to specify an introductory comment (just like in the proof environment). The method key can be used to give the name of the proof method executed to make this subproof.

spfcases

The pfcases environment is used to mark up a proof by cases. Technically it is a variant of the subproof where the method is by-cases. Its contents are spfcase environments that mark up the cases one by one.

The pfcases environment is used to mark up a subproof. This environment takes an

spfcase

The content of a pfcases environment are a sequence of case proofs marked up in the pfcase environment, which takes an optional KeyVal argument for semantic annotations. The second argument is used to specify the the description of the case under consideration. The content of a pfcase environment is the same as that of a proof, i.e. steps, proofcomments, and pfcases environments. \spfcasesketch is a variant of the spfcase environment that takes the same arguments, but instead of the spfsteps in the body uses a third argument for a proof sketch.

\spfcasesketch

sproofcomment

The proofcomment environment is much like a step, only that it does not have an object-level assertion of its own. Rather than asserting some fact that is relevant for the proof, it is used to explain where the proof is going, what we are attempting to to, or what we have achieved so far. As such, it cannot be the target of a \premise.

5.2.5 Proof End Markers

Traditionally, the end of a mathematical proof is marked with a little box at the end of the last line of the proof (if there is space and on the end of the next line if there isn't), like so:

\sproofend

\sProofEndSymbol

The sproof package provides the \sproofend macro for this. If a different symbol for the proof end is to be used (e.g. q.e.d), then this can be obtained by specifying it using the \sProofEndSymbol configuration macro (e.g. by specifying \sProofEndSymbol{q.e.d}).

Some of the proof structuring macros above will insert proof end symbols for subproofs, in most cases, this is desirable to make the proof structure explicit, but sometimes this wastes space (especially, if a proof ends in a case analysis which will supply its own proof end marker). To suppress it locally, just set proofend={} in them or use use \sProofEndSymbol{}.

5.2.6 Configuration of the Presentation

Finally, we provide configuration hooks in Figure 2 for the keywords in proofs. These are mainly intended for package authors building on statements, e.g. for multi-language support.⁵. The proof step labels can be customized via the \pstlabelstyle macro:

EdN:5

Environment	configuration macro	value
sproof	\spf@proof@kw	Proof
sketchproof	\spf@sketchproof@kw	Proof Sketch

Figure 1: Configuration Hooks for Semantic Proof Markup

\pstlabelstyle

\pstlabelstyle{ $\langle style \rangle$ } sets the style; see Figure ?? for an overview of styles. Package writers can add additional styles by adding a macro \pst@make@label@ $\langle style \rangle$ that takes two arguments: a comma-separated list of ordinals that make up the prefix and the current ordinal. Note that comma-separated lists can be conveniently iterated over by the LATEX \@for...:=...\do{...} macro; see Figure ?? for examples.

5.3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEX issue tracker at [sTeX].

- 1. The numbering scheme of proofs cannot be changed. It is more geared for teaching proof structures (the author's main use case) and not for writing papers. reported by Tobias Pfeiffer (fixed)
- 2. currently proof steps are formatted by the LATEX description environment. We would like to configure this, e.g. to use the inparaenum environment for more condensed proofs. I am just not sure what the best user interface would be I can imagine redefining an internal environment spf@proofstep@list or adding a key prooflistenv to the proof environment that allows to specify the environment directly. Maybe we should do both.

 $^{^5\}mathrm{EdNote}$ we might want to develop an extension sproof-babel in the future.

Highlighting and Presentation Customizations

The environments starting with s (i.e. smodule, sassertion, sexample, sdefinition, sparagraph and sproof) by default produce no additional output whatsoever (except for the environment content of course). Instead, the document that uses them (whether directly or e.g. via inputref) can decide how these environments are supposed to look like.

The stexthm defines some default customizations that can be used, but of course many existing LATEX templates come with their own definition, theorem and similar environments that authors are supposed (or even required) to use. Their concrete syntax however is usually not compatible with all the additional arguments that STEX allows for semantic information.

Therefore we introduced the separate environments **sdefinition** etc. instead of using **definition** directly, and allow authors to specify how these environments should be styled via the commands **stexpatch***.

\stexpatchmodule \stexpatchdefinition \stexpatchassertion \stexpatchexample \stexpatchparagraph \stexpatchproof All of these commands take one optional and two proper arguments, i.e. \stexpatch*[<type>]{<begin-code>}{end-code}.

After SIEX reads and processes the optional arguments for these environments, (some of) their values are stored in the macros \s*<field> (i.e. sexampleid, \sassertionname, etc.). It then checks for all the values <type> in the type=-list, whether an \stexpatch*[<type>] for the current environment has been called. If it finds one, it uses that patches <begin-code> and <end-code> to mark up the current environment. If no patch for (any of) the type(s) is found, it checks whether and \stexpatch* was called without optional argument.

For example, if we want to use a predefined theorem environment for sassertions with type=theorem, we can do

1 \stexpatchassertion[theorem] {\begin{theorem}} {\end{theorem}}

...or, rather, since e.g. theorem-environments defined using amsthm take an optional title as argument, we can do:

- 1 \stexpatchassertion[theorem]
- 2 {\ifx\sassertiontitle\@empty
- 3 \begin{theorem}

```
4 \else
5 \begin{theorem}[\sassertiontitle]
6 \fi}
7 {\end{theorem}}
```

Or, if we want all sdefinitions to use a predefined definition-environment, we can do

```
1 \stexpatchdefinition
2 {\ifx\sdefinitiontitle\@empty
3 \begin{definition}
4 \else
5 \begin{definition}[\sdefinitiontitle]
6 \fi}
7 {\end{definition}}
```

\compemph
\varemph
\symrefemph
\defemph

Apart from the environments, we can control how STEX highlights variables, notation components, \symrefs and \definiendums, respectively.

To do so, we simply redefine these four macros. For example, to highlight notation components (i.e. everything in a \comp) in blue, as in this document, we can do \def\compemph#1{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}. By default, \compemph et al do nothing.

\compemph@uri \varemph@uri \symrefemph@uri \defemph@uri

For each of the four macros, there exists an additional macro that takes the full URI of the relevant symbol currently being highlighted as a second argument. That allows us to e.g. use pdf tooltips and links. For example, this document uses

```
1 \protected\def\symrefemph@uri#1#2{
2 \pdftooltip{
3 \srefsymuri{#2}{\symrefemph{#1}}}
4 }{
5 URI:~\detokenize{#2}
6 }
7 }
```

By default, \compemph@uri is simply defined as \compemph{#1} (analogously for the other three commands).

Additional Packages

TODO: tikzinput documentation

7.1 Modular Document Structuring

TODO: document-structure documentation

7.2 Slides and Course Notes

TODO: notesslides documentation

7.3 Homework, Problems and Exams

TODO: problem documentation
TODO: hwexam documentation

Part II Documentation

STEX-Basics

This sub package provides general set up code, auxiliary methods and abstractions for xhtml annotations.

8.1 Macros and Environments

\sTeX Both print this STeX logo.

\stex_debug:nn

 $\t (log-prefix) { (message)}$

Logs $\langle message \rangle$, if the package option debug contains $\langle log\text{-}prefix \rangle$.

8.1.1 HTML Annotations

\if@latexml

LATEXML conditional for LATEXML

 LATEXX3 conditionals for LATEXML.

 $\stex_if_do_html_p: \star \\ stex_if_do_html: \underline{TF} \star$

Whether to currently produce any HTML annotations (can be false in some advanced structuring environments, for example)

\stex_suppress_html:n

Temporarily disables HTML annotations in its argument code

We have four macros for annotating generated HTML (via LATEXML or $R_{US}T_{E\!\!\!\!/}X)$ with attributes:

Annotates the HTML generated by $\langle content \rangle$ with

behaves like $\stex_annotate:nnn {\langle property \rangle} {\langle resource \rangle} {\langle content \rangle}.$

8.1.2 Babel Languages

```
\c_stex_languages_prop
\c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop
```

stex_annotate_env

Map language abbreviations to their full babel names and vice versa. e.g. \c_stex_-languages_prop{en} yields english, and \c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop{english} yields en.

8.1.3 Auxiliary Methods

\stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \stex_reactivate_macro:N

 $\verb|\stex_deactivate_macro:Nn| \langle cs \rangle \{ \langle environments \rangle \}|$

Makes the macro $\langle cs \rangle$ throw an error, indicating that it is only allowed in the context of $\langle environments \rangle$.

 $\scalebox{$\sc s$}$ reactivates it again, i.e. this happens ideally in the $\scalebox{$\sc begin$}$ -code of the associated environments.

\ignorespacesandpars

ignores white space characters and \par control sequences. Expands tokens in the process.

STEX-MathHub

This sub package provides code for handling STEX archives, files, file paths and related methods.

9.1 Macros and Environments

\stex_kpsewhich:n

\stex_kpsewhich:n executes kpsewhich and stores the return in \l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str. This does not require shell escaping.

9.1.1 Files, Paths, URIs

\stex_path_from_string:Nn

 $\stex_path_from_string:Nn \langle path-variable \rangle \{\langle string \rangle\}$

turns the $\langle string \rangle$ into a path by splitting it at /-characters and stores the result in $\langle path-variable \rangle$. Also applies $\text{stex_path_canonicalize:N}$.

\stex_path_to_string:NN \stex_path_to_string:N

The inverse; turns a path into a string and stores it in the second argument variable, or leaves it in the input stream.

\stex_path_canonicalize:N

Canonicalizes the path provided; in particular, resolves . and .. path segments.

\stex_path_if_absolute_p:N *\stex_path_if_absolute:NTF *

Checks whether the path provided is absolute, i.e. starts with an empty segment

\c_stex_pwd_seq
\c_stex_pwd_str
\c_stex_mainfile_seq
\c_stex_mainfile_str

Store the current working directory as path-sequence and string, respectively, and the (heuristically guessed) full path to the main file, based on the PWD and \jobname.

 $\g_stex_currentfile_seq$

The file being currently processed (respecting \input etc.)

\stex_filestack_push:n
\stex_filestack_pop:

Push and pop (repsectively) a file path to the file stack, to keep track of the current file. Are called in hooks file/before and file/after, respectively.

9.1.2 MathHub Archives

\mathhub
\c_stex_mathhub_seq
\c_stex_mathhub_str

We determine the path to the local MathHub folder via one of four means, in order of precedence:

- 1. The mathhub package option, or
- 2. the \mathhub-macro, if it has been defined before the \usepackage{stex}-statement, or
- 3. the MATHHUB system variable, or
- 4. a path specified in ~/.stex/mathhub.path.

In all four cases, \c_stex_mathhub_seq and \c_stex_mathhub_str are set accordingly.

\l_stex_current_repository_prop

Always points to the *current* MathHub repository (if we currently are in one). Has the following fields corresponding to the entries in the MANIFEST.MF-file:

id: The name of the archive, including its group (e.g. smglom/calculus),

ns: The content namespace (for modules and symbols),

narr: the narration namespace (for document references),

docurl: The URL that is used as a basis for external references,

deps: All archives that this archive depends on (currently not in use).

\stex_set_current_repository:n

Sets the current repository to the one with the provided ID. calls __stex_mathhub_-do_manifest:n, so works whether this repository's MANIFEST.MF-file has already been read or not.

\stex_require_repository:n

Calls __stex_mathhub_do_manifest:n iff the corresponding archive property list does not already exist, and adds a corresponding definition to the .sms-file.

\stex_in_repository:nn

 $\stex_in_repository:nn{\langle repository-name \rangle}{\langle code \rangle}$

Change the current repository to $\{\langle repository-name \rangle\}$ (or not, if $\{\langle repository-name \rangle\}$ is empty), and passes its ID on to $\{\langle code \rangle\}$ as #1. Switches back to the previous repository after executing $\{\langle code \rangle\}$.

9.1.3 Using Content in Archives

\mhpath *

 $\mbox{\colored} {\bf \hat{a}} {\bf \hat{a}} {\bf \hat{a}} {\bf \hat{b}} {\bf \hat{a}} {\bf \hat{b}} {\bf$

Expands to the full path of file $\langle filename \rangle$ in repository $\langle archive\text{-}ID \rangle$. Does not check whether the file or the repository exist.

\inputref \mhinput

 $\input ref[\langle archive-ID \rangle] \{\langle filename \rangle\}$

Both \input the file $\langle filename \rangle$ in archive $\langle archive\text{-}ID \rangle$ (relative to the source-subdirectory). \mhinput does so directly. \inputref does so within an \begingroup...\endgroup-block, and skips it in html-mode, inserting a reference to the file instead.

Both also set \ifinputref to true.

\addmhbibresource

 $\input{ref} [\langle archive-ID \rangle] {\langle filename \rangle}$

Adds a .bib-file $\langle filename \rangle$ in archive $\langle archive\text{-}ID \rangle$ (relative to the top-directory of the archive!).

\libinput

 $\left\langle filename \right\rangle$

Inputs $\langle filename \rangle$.tex from the lib folders in the current archive and the meta-infarchive of the current archive group(s) (if existent) in descending order. Throws an error if no file by that name exists in any of the relevant lib-folders.

\libusepackage

 $\label{libusepackage} \label{libusepackage} $$ \left(args \right) \left(filename \right) \right) $$$

Like $\ \$ but looks for .sty-files and calls $\ \$ instead of $\$ input.

Throws an error, if none or more than one suitable package file is found.

\mhgraphics \cmhgraphics

If the graphicx package is loaded, these macros are defined at \begin{document}.

\mhgraphics takes the same arguments as \includegraphics, with the additional optional key mhrepos. It then resolves the file path in \mhgraphics[mhrepos=Foo/Bar]{foo/bar.png} relative to the source-folder of the Foo/Bar-archive.

\cmhgraphics additional wraps the image in a center-environment.

\lstinputmhlisting \clstinputmhlisting

Like \mhgraphics, but only defined if the listings-package is loaded, and with \lstinputlisting instead of \includegraphics.

STEX-References

This sub package contains code related to links and cross-references

10.1 Macros and Environments

\STEXreftitle

 $\TEXreftitle{\langle some \ title \rangle}$

Sets the title of the current document to $\langle some\ title \rangle$. A reference to the current document from $some\ other$ document will then be displayed accordingly. e.g. if \STEXreftitle{foo book} is called, then referencing Definition 3.5 in this document in another document will display Definition 3.5 in foo book.

\stex_get_document_uri:

Computes the current document uri from the current archive's narr-field and its location relative to the archive's source-directory. Reference targets are computed from this URI and the reference-id.

\l_stex_current_docns_str

Stores its result in \1 stex current docns str

\stex_get_document_url:

Computes the current URL from the current archive's docurl-field and its location relative to the archive's source-directory. Reference targets are computed from this URL and the reference-id, if this document is only included in SMS mode.

\l_stex_current_docurl_str

Stores its result in \l_stex_current_docurl_str

10.1.1 Setting Reference Targets

\stex_ref_new_doc_target:n

 $\stex_ref_new_doc_target:n{\langle id \rangle}$

Sets a new reference target with id $\langle id \rangle$.

\stex_ref_new_sym_target:n

 $\stex_ref_new_sym_target:n{\langle uri \rangle}$

Sets a new reference target for the symbol $\langle uri \rangle$.

10.1.2 Using References

\sref

 $\left[\left\langle opt-args\right\rangle \right]\left\{\left\langle id\right\rangle \right\}$

References the label with if $\langle id \rangle$. Optional arguments: TODO

\srefsym

 $\verb|\srefsym[|\langle opt-args|\rangle]| \{\langle symbol|\rangle\}|$

Like \sref, but references the *canonical label* for the provided symbol. The canonical target is the last of the following occurring in the document:

- A \definiendum or \definame for $\langle symbol \rangle$,
- The sassertion, sexample or sparagraph with for= $\langle symbol \rangle$ that generated $\langle symbol \rangle$ in the first place, or
- A \sparagraph with type=symdoc and for= $\langle symbol \rangle$.

\srefsymuri

 $\verb|\srefsymuri{|\langle \mathit{URI} \rangle|} {\langle \mathit{text} \rangle}|$

A convenient short-hand for \srefsym[linktext={text}]{URI}, but requires the first argument to be a full URI already. Intended to be used in e.g. \compemph@uri, \defemph@uri, etc.

STEX-Modules

This sub package contains code related to Modules

11.1 Macros and Environments

The content of a module with uri $\langle \langle URI \rangle \rangle$ is stored in four macros. All modifications of these macros are global:

\c_stex_module_<URI>_prop

A property list with the following fields:

name The name of the module,

ns the namespace in field ns,

file the file containing the module, as a sequence of path fragments

lang the module's language,

sig the language of the signature module, if the current file is a translation from some other language,

deprecate if this module is deprecated, the module that replaces it,

meta the metatheory of the module.

\c_stex_module_<URI>_code

The code to execute when this module is activated (i.e. imported), e.g. to set all the semantic macros, notations, etc.

\c_stex_module_<URI>_constants

The names of all constants declared in the module

\c_stex_module_<URI>_constants

The full URIs of all modules imported in this module

\l_stex_current_module_str

\l_stex_current_module_str always contains the URI of the current module (if existent).

\l_stex_all_modules_seq

Stores full URIs for all modules currently in scope.

 $\stex_if_in_module_p: \star$

Conditional for whether we are currently in a module

 $\stex_if_in_module: \underline{TF} \star$

 $\stex_if_module_exists_p:n *$

 $\stex_if_module_exists:n_{\overline{TF}} \star$

Conditional for whether a module with the provided URI is already known.

\stex_add_to_current_module:n
\STEXexport

Adds the provided tokens to the _code control sequence of the current module. \stex_add_to_current_module:n is used internally, \STEXexport is intended for users and additionally executes the provided code immediately.

\stex_add_constant_to_current_module:n

Adds the declaration with the provided name to the **_constants** control sequence of the current module.

\stex_add_import_to_current_module:n

Adds the module with the provided full URI to the _imports control sequence of the current module.

\stex_collect_imports:n

Iterates over all imports of the provided (full URI of a) module and stores them as a topologically sorted list – including the provided module as the last element – in \l_stex_collect_imports_seq

\stex_do_up_to_module:n

Code that is exported from module (such as symbol declarations) should be local to the current module. For that reason, ideally all symbol declarations and similar commands should be called directly in the module environment, however, that is not always feasible, e.g. in structural features or sparapraphs. \stex_do_up_to_module therefore executes the provided code repeatedly in an \aftergroup up until the group level is equal to that of the innermost smodule environment.

\stex_modules_current_namespace:

Computes the current namespace as follows:

If the current file is .../source/sub/file.tex in some archive with namespace http://some.namespace/foo, then the namespace of is http://some.namespace/foo/sub/file. Otherwise, the namespace is the absolute file path of the current file (i.e. starting with file:///).

The result is stored in \l_stex_module_ns_str. Additionally, the sub path relative to the current repository is stored in \l_stex_module_subpath_str.

11.1.1 The smodule environment

module $\lceil \pmod{module} \lceil \langle options \rangle \rceil \{\langle name \rangle \}$

Opens a new module with name $\langle name \rangle$. Options are:

title $(\langle token \ list \rangle)$ to display in customizations.

type $(\langle string \rangle *)$ for use in customizations.

deprecate $(\langle module \rangle)$ if set, will throw a warning when loaded, urging to use $\langle module \rangle$ instead.

id $(\langle string \rangle)$ for cross-referencing.

ns $(\langle URI \rangle)$ the namespace to use. Should not be used, unless you know precisely what you're doing. If not explicitly set, is computed using $\text{stex_modules_current_namespace:}$.

lang $(\langle language \rangle)$ if not set, computed from the current file name (e.g. foo.en.tex).

sig (\language\rangle) if the current file is a translation of a file with the same base name but a
different language suffix, setting sig=<lang> will preload the module from that language
file. This helps ensuring that the (formal) content of both modules is (almost) identical
across languages and avoids duplication.

creators ($\langle string \rangle *$) names of the creators.

contributors ($\langle string \rangle *$) names of contributors.

srccite $(\langle string \rangle)$ a source citation for the content of this module.

\stex_module_setup:nn

 $\stex_module_setup:nn{\langle params \rangle}{\langle name \rangle}$

Sets up a new module with name $\langle name \rangle$ and optional parameters $\langle params \rangle$. In particular, sets \l_stex_current_module_str appropriately.

\stexpatchmodule

\stexpatchmodule $[\langle type \rangle]$ { $\langle begincode \rangle$ } { $\langle endcode \rangle$ }

Customizes the presentation for those smodule-environments with type= $\langle type \rangle$, or all others if no $\langle type \rangle$ is given.

\STEXModule

\STEXModule $\{\langle fragment \rangle\}$

Attempts to find a module whose URI ends with $\langle fragment \rangle$ in the current scope and passes the full URI on to $\text{stex_invoke_module:n.}$

\stex_invoke_module:n

Invoked by \STEXModule. Needs to be followed either by !\macro or ?{ $\langle symbolname \rangle$ }. In the first case, it stores the full URI in \macro; in the second case, it invokes the symbol $\langle symbolname \rangle$ in the selected module.

\stex_activate_module:n

Activate the module with the provided URI; i.e. executes all macro code of the module's <code>_code-</code>macro (does nothing if the module is already activated in the current context) and adds the module to <code>\l_stex_all_modules_seq</code>.

STeX-Module Inheritance

Code related to Module Inheritance, in particular sms mode.

12.1 Macros and Environments

12.1.1 SMS Mode

"SMS Mode" is used when loading modules from external tex files. It deactivates any output and ignores all T_EX commands not explicitly allowed via the following lists – all of which either declare module content or are needed in order to declare module content:

$\g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl$

Macros that are executed as is; i.e. sms mode continues immediately after. These macros may not take any arguments or otherwise gobble tokens.

 $Initially: \verb|\makeatletter|, \verb|\makeatother|, \verb|\ExplSyntaxOn|, \verb|\ExplSyntaxOff|.$

$\verb|\g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl|\\$

Macros that are executed and potentially gobble up further tokens. These macros need to make sure, that the very last token they ultimately expand to is \stex_smsmode_do:.

Initially: \symdecl, \notation, \symdef, \importmodule, \STEXexport, \inlineass, \inlinedef, \inlineex, \endinput, \setnotation, \copynotation.

$\g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq$

The names of environments that should be allowed in SMS mode. The corresponding \begin-statements are treated like the macros in \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_-escape_tl, so \stex_smsmode_do: needs to be the last token in the \begin-code. Since \end-statements take no arguments anyway, those are called directly and sms mode continues afterwards.

Initially: smodule, copymodule, interpretmodule, sdefinition, sexample, sassertion, sparagraph.

\stex_if_smsmode_p: *
\stex_if_smsmode:TF *

Tests whether SMS mode is currently active. $\,$

\stex_file_in_smsmode:nn

 $\stex_in_smsmode:nn {\langle filename \rangle} {\langle code \rangle}$

Executes $\langle code \rangle$ in SMS mode, followed by the content of $\langle filename \rangle$. $\langle code \rangle$ can be used e.g. to set the current repository, and is executed within a new tex group, and the same group as the file content.

\stex_smsmode_do:

Starts gobbling tokens until one is encountered that is allowed in SMS mode.

12.1.2 Imports and Inheritance

\importmodule

 $\verb|\importmodule[\langle archive-ID\rangle]{\langle module-path\rangle}|$

Imports a module by reading it from a file and "activating" it. STEX determines the module and its containing file by passing its arguments on to \stex_import_module_-path:nn.

\usemodule

 $\verb|\importmodule[|\langle archive-ID\rangle]| = \{|\langle module-path\rangle|\}$

Like \importmodule, but does not export its contents; i.e. including the current module will not activate the used module

 $\stex_import_module_uri:nn {\langle archive-ID \rangle} {\langle module-path \rangle}$

Determines the URI of a module by splitting $\langle module\text{-}path\rangle$ into $\langle path\rangle$? $\langle name\rangle$. If $\langle module\text{-}path\rangle$ does not contain a ?-character, we consider it to be the $\langle name\rangle$, and $\langle path\rangle$ to be empty.

If $\langle archive\text{-}ID \rangle$ is empty, it is automatically set to the ID of the current archive (if one exists).

1. If $\langle archive\text{-}ID \rangle$ is empty:

(a) If $\langle path \rangle$ is empty, then $\langle name \rangle$ must have been declared earlier in the same file and retrievable from \g_stex_modules_in_file_seq, or a file with name $\langle name \rangle . \langle lang \rangle$.tex must exist in the same folder, containing a module $\langle name \rangle$.

That module should have the same namespace as the current one.

(b) If $\langle path \rangle$ is not empty, it must point to the relative path of the containing file as well as the namespace.

2. Otherwise:

(a) If $\langle path \rangle$ is empty, then $\langle name \rangle$ must have been declared earlier in the same file and retrievable from \g_stex_modules_in_file_seq, or a file with name $\langle name \rangle$. $\langle lang \rangle$.tex must exist in the top source folder of the archive, containing a module $\langle name \rangle$.

That module should lie directly in the namespace of the archive.

(b) If \(\rangle path \rangle\) is not empty, it must point to the path of the containing file as well as the namespace, relative to the namespace of the archive.

If a module by that namespace exists, it is returned. Otherwise, we call \stex_require_module:nn on the source directory of the archive to find the file.

\lambda_import_name_str \l_stex_import_archive_str \l_stex_import_path_str \l_stex_import_ns_str

stores the result in these four variables.

 $\stex_import_require_module:nnnn = {\langle ns \rangle} {\langle archive-ID \rangle} {\langle path \rangle} {\langle name \rangle}$

Checks whether a module with URI $\langle ns \rangle$? $\langle name \rangle$ already exists. If not, it looks for a plausible file that declares a module with that URI.

Finally, activates that module by executing its _code-macro.

STEX-Symbols

Code related to symbol declarations and notations

13.1 Macros and Environments

\symdecl

 $\symdecl{\langle macroname \rangle}[\langle args \rangle]$

Declares a new symbol with semantic macro \macroname. Optional arguments are:

- name: An (OMDoc) name. By default equal to $\langle macroname \rangle$.
- type: An (ideally semantic) term, representing a type. Not used by SIEX, but passed on to MMT for semantic services.
- def: An (ideally semantic) term, representing a definiens. Not used by STEX, but passed on to MMT for semantic services.
- local: A boolean (by default false). If set, this declaration will not be added to the module content, i.e. importing the current module will not make this declaration available.
- args: Specifies the "signature" of the semantic macro. Can be either an integer $0 \le n \le 9$, or a (more precise) sequence of the following characters:
 - i a "normal" argument, e.g. \symdecl{plus}[args=ii] allows for \plus{2}{2}.
 - a an associative argument; i.e. a sequence of arbitrarily many arguments provided as a comma-separated list, e.g. \symdecl{plus}[args=a] allows for \plus{2,2,2}.
 - b a variable argument. Is treated by STEX like an i-argument, but an application is turned into an OMBind in OMDoc, binding the provided variable in the subsequent arguments of the operator; e.g. \symdecl{forall}[args=bi] allows for \forall{x\in\Nat}{x\geq0}.

\stex_symdecl_do:n

Implements the core functionality of \symdecl, and is called by \symdecl and \symdef. Ultimately stores the symbol $\langle URI \rangle$ in the property list \l_stex_symdecl_ $\langle URI \rangle$ _prop with fields:

- name (string),
- module (string),
- notations (sequence of strings; initially empty),
- local (boolean),
- type (token list),
- args (string of is, as and bs),
- arity (integer string),
- assocs (integer string; number of associative arguments),

\stex_all_symbols:n

Iterates over all currently available symbols. Requires two \seq_map_break: to break fully.

\stex_get_symbol:n

Computes the full URI of a symbol from a macro argument, e.g. the macro name, the macro itself, the full URI...

\notation

Introduces a new notation for $\langle symbol \rangle$, see \stex_notation_do:nn

\stex_notation_do:nn

 $\stex_notation_do:nn\{\langle \mathit{URI}\rangle\}\{\langle notations^+\rangle\}$

Implements the core functionality of \notation , and is called by \notation and \symdef .

Ultimately stores the notation in the property list $\g_stex_notation_{\URI}\#\langle variant\rangle\#\langle lang\rangle_{\prop}$ with fields:

- symbol (URI string),
- language (string),
- variant (string),
- opprec (integer string),
- argprecs (sequence of integer strings)

\symdef

 $\symdef[\langle args \rangle] \{\langle symbol \rangle\} \{\langle notations^+ \rangle\}$

Combines \symdecl and \notation by introducing a new symbol and assigning a new notation for it.

ST_EX-Terms

Code related to symbolic expressions, typesetting notations, notation components, etc.

14.1 Macros and Environments

\STEXsymbol

Uses \stex_get_symbol:n to find the symbol denoted by the first argument and passes the result on to \stex_invoke_symbol:n

\symref

 $\symref{\langle symbol \rangle} {\langle text \rangle}$

shortcut for $\STEXsymbol{\langle symbol \rangle}! [\langle text \rangle]$

\stex_invoke_symbol:n

Executes a semantic macro. Outside of math mode or if followed by *, it continues to \stex_term_custom:nn. In math mode, it uses the default or optionally provided notation of the associated symbol.

If followed by !, it will invoke the symbol *itself* rather than its application (and continue to \stex_term_custom:nn), i.e. it allows to refer to \plus![addition] as an operation, rather than \plus[addition of]{some}{terms}.

_stex_term_math_oms:nnnn _stex_term_math_oma:nnnn _stex_term_math_omb:nnnn $\langle \mathit{URI} \rangle \langle \mathit{fragment} \rangle \langle \mathit{precedence} \rangle \langle \mathit{body} \rangle$

Annotates $\langle body \rangle$ as an OMDoc-term (OMID, OMA or OMBIND, respectively) with head symbol $\langle URI \rangle$, generated by the specific notation $\langle fragment \rangle$ with (upwards) operator precedence $\langle precedence \rangle$. Inserts parentheses according to the current downwards precedence and operator precedence.

_stex_term_math_arg:nnn

 $\stex_term_arg:nnn\langle int\rangle\langle prec\rangle\langle body\rangle$

Annotates $\langle body \rangle$ as the $\langle int \rangle$ th argument of the current OMA or OMBIND, with (downwards) argument precedence $\langle prec \rangle$.

Annotates $\langle body \rangle$ as the $\langle int \rangle$ th (associative) sequence argument (as comma-separated list of terms) of the current OMA or OMBIND, with (downwards) argument precedence $\langle prec \rangle$ and associative notation $\langle notation \rangle$.

\infprec \neginfprec

Maximal and minimal notation precedences.

\dobrackets

\dobrackets $\{\langle body \rangle\}$

Puts $\langle body \rangle$ in parentheses; scaled if in display mode unscaled otherwise. Uses the current STEX brackets (by default (and)), which can be changed temporarily using \withbrackets.

\withbrackets

\withbrackets $\langle left \rangle \langle right \rangle \{\langle body \rangle\}$

Temporarily (i.e. within $\langle body \rangle$) sets the brackets used by SIEX for automated bracketing (by default (and)) to $\langle left \rangle$ and $\langle right \rangle$.

Note that $\langle left \rangle$ and $\langle right \rangle$ need to be allowed after \left and \right in displaymode.

\stex_term_custom:nn

 $\stex_term_custom:nn{\langle \mathit{URI} \rangle}{\langle \mathit{args} \rangle}$

Implements custom one-time notation. Invoked by \stex_invoke_symbol:n in text mode, or if followed by * in math mode, or whenever followed by !.

\comp
\compemph
\compemph@uri
\defemph
\defemph@uri
\symrefemph
\symrefemph
\varemph

\varemph@uri

 $\{\langle args \rangle\}$

Marks $\langle args \rangle$ as a notation component of the current symbol for highlighting, linking, etc.

The precise behavior is governed by \@comp, which takes as additional argument the URI of the current symbol. By default, \@comp adds the URI as a PDF tooltip and colors the highlighted part in blue.

\@defemph behaves like \@comp, and can be similarly redefined, but marks an expression as definiendum (used by \definiendum)

\STEXinvisible

Exports its argument as OMDoc (invisible), but does not produce PDF output. Useful e.g. for semantic macros that take arguments that are not part of the symbolic notation.

\ellipses

TODO

STEX-Structural Features

Code related to structural features

15.1 Macros and Environments

15.1.1 Structures

mathstructure TODO

STEX-Statements

Code related to statements, e.g. definitions, theorems

16.1 Macros and Environments

Declares $\langle text \rangle$ to be a (natural language, encyclopaedic) description of $\{\langle symbols \rangle\}$ (a comma separated list of symbol identifiers).

STEX-Proofs: Structural Markup for Proofs

17.1 The User Interface

17.1.1 Package Options

showmeta

The sproof package takes a single option: showmeta. If this is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Kohlhase:metakeys] for details and customization options).

17.1.2 Proofs and Proof steps

 ${\tt sproof}$

The proof environment is the main container for proofs. It takes an optional KeyVal argument that allows to specify the id (identifier) and for (for which assertion is this a proof) keys. The regular argument of the proof environment contains an introductory comment, that may be used to announce the proof style. The proof environment contains a sequence of \step, proofcomment, and pfcases environments that are used to markup the proof steps. The proof environment has a variant Proof, which does not use the proof end marker. This is convenient, if a proof ends in a case distinction, which brings it's own proof end marker with it. The Proof environment is a variant of proof that does not mark the end of a proof with a little box; presumably, since one of the subproofs already has one and then a box supplied by the outer proof would generate an otherwise empty line. The \spfidea macro allows to give a one-paragraph description of the proof idea.

sProof

\spfidea

For one-line proof sketches, we use the \spfsketch macro, which takes the KeyVal argument as sproof and another one: a natural language text that sketches the proof.

spfsketch spfstep

Regular proof steps are marked up with the step environment, which takes an optional KeyVal argument for annotations. A proof step usually contains a local assertion (the text of the step) together with some kind of evidence that this can be derived from already established assertions.

Note that both \premise and \justarg can be used with an empty second argument to mark up premises and arguments that are not explicitly mentioned in the text.

Proof: We prove that ∑_{i=1}ⁿ 2i - 1 = n² by induction over n
1. For the induction we have to consider the following cases:
1.1. n = 1: then we compute 1 = 1²
1.2. n = 2: This case is not really necessary, but we do it for the fun of it (and to get more intuition). We compute 1 + 3 = 2² = 4
1.3. n > 1:
1.3.1. Now, we assume that the assertion is true for a certain k ≥ 1, i.e. ∑_{i=1}^k (2i - 1) = k².
1.3.2. We have to show that we can derive the assertion for n = k + 1 from this assumption, i.e. ∑_{i=1}^{k+1} (2i - 1) = (k + 1)².
1.3.3. We obtain ∑_{i=1}^{k+1} (2i - 1) = ∑_{i=1}^k (2i - 1) + 2(k + 1) - 1 by splitting the sum
1.3.4. Thus we have ∑_{i=1}^{k+1} (2i - 1) = k² + 2k + 1 by inductive hypothesis.
1.3.5. We can simplify the right-hand side to (k + 1)², which proves the assertion. □
1.4. We have considered all the cases, so we have proven the assertion. □

Example 3: The formatted result of the proof in Figure 1

17.1.3 Justifications

justification

This evidence is marked up with the justification environment in the sproof package. This environment totally invisible to the formatted result; it wraps the text in the proof step that corresponds to the evidence. The environment takes an optional KeyVal argument, which can have the method key, whose value is the name of a proof method (this will only need to mean something to the application that consumes the semantic annotations). Furthermore, the justification can contain "premises" (specifications to assertions that were used justify the step) and "arguments" (other information taken into account by the proof method).

\premise

The \premise macro allows to mark up part of the text as reference to an assertion that is used in the argumentation. In the example in Figure 1 we have used the \premise macro to identify the inductive hypothesis.

\justarg

The \justarg macro is very similar to \premise with the difference that it is used to mark up arguments to the proof method. Therefore the content of the first argument is interpreted as a mathematical object rather than as an identifier as in the case of \premise. In our example, we specified that the simplification should take place on the right hand side of the equation. Other examples include proof methods that instantiate. Here we would indicate the substituted object in a \justarg macro.

Proof Structure 17.1.4

subproof

method

spfcases

spfcase

\spfcasesketch

sproofcomment

The pfcases environment is used to mark up a subproof. This environment takes an optional KeyVal argument for semantic annotations and a second argument that allows to specify an introductory comment (just like in the proof environment). The method key can be used to give the name of the proof method executed to make this subproof.

The pfcases environment is used to mark up a proof by cases. Technically it is a variant of the subproof where the method is by-cases. Its contents are spfcase environments that mark up the cases one by one.

The content of a pfcases environment are a sequence of case proofs marked up in the pfcase environment, which takes an optional KeyVal argument for semantic annotations. The second argument is used to specify the the description of the case under consideration. The content of a pfcase environment is the same as that of a proof, i.e. steps, proofcomments, and pfcases environments. \spfcasesketch is a variant of the spfcase environment that takes the same arguments, but instead of the spfsteps in the body uses a third argument for a proof sketch.

The proofcomment environment is much like a step, only that it does not have an object-level assertion of its own. Rather than asserting some fact that is relevant for the proof, it is used to explain where the proof is going, what we are attempting to to, or what we have achieved so far. As such, it cannot be the target of a \premise.

Proof End Markers 17.1.5

Traditionally, the end of a mathematical proof is marked with a little box at the end of the last line of the proof (if there is space and on the end of the next line if there isn't),

\sproofend

\sProofEndSymbol

The sproof package provides the \sproofend macro for this. If a different symbol for the proof end is to be used (e.g. q.e.d), then this can be obtained by specifying it using the \sProofEndSymbol configuration macro (e.g. by specifying \sProofEndSymbol{q.e.d}). Some of the proof structuring macros above will insert proof end symbols for subproofs, in most cases, this is desirable to make the proof structure explicit, but sometimes this wastes space (especially, if a proof ends in a case analysis which will supply its own proof end marker). To suppress it locally, just set proofend={} in them or use use \sProofEndSymbol{}.

17.1.6 Configuration of the Presentation

Finally, we provide configuration hooks in Figure 2 for the keywords in proofs. These are mainly intended for package authors building on statements, e.g. for multi-language support.⁶. The proof step labels can be customized via the \pstlabelstyle macro:

Environment	configuration macro	value
sproof	\spf@proof@kw	Proof
sketchproof	\spf@sketchproof@kw	Proof Sketch

Figure 2: Configuration Hooks for Semantic Proof Markup

\pstlabelstyle

EdN:6

\pstlabelstyle{ $\langle style \rangle$ } sets the style; see Figure ?? for an overview of styles. Package writers can add additional styles by adding a macro \pst@make@label@ $\langle style \rangle$ that takes two arguments: a comma-separated list of ordinals that make up the prefix and the current ordinal. Note that comma-separated lists can be conveniently iterated over by the LATEX \@for...:=...\do{...} macro; see Figure ?? for examples.

17.2 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEX issue tracker at [sTeX].

- 1. The numbering scheme of proofs cannot be changed. It is more geared for teaching proof structures (the author's main use case) and not for writing papers. reported by Tobias Pfeiffer (fixed)
- 2. currently proof steps are formatted by the LATEX description environment. We would like to configure this, e.g. to use the inparaenum environment for more condensed proofs. I am just not sure what the best user interface would be I can imagine redefining an internal environment spf@proofstep@list or adding a key prooflistenv to the proof environment that allows to specify the environment directly. Maybe we should do both.

⁶EDNOTE: we might want to develop an extension sproof-babel in the future.

STEX-Metatheory

The default meta theory for an STEX module. Contains symbols so ubiquitous, that it is virtually impossible to describe any flexiformal content without them, or that are required to annotate even the most primitive symbols with meaningful (foundation-independent) "type"-annotations, or required for basic structuring principles (theorems, definitions).

Foundations should ideally instantiate these symbols with their formal counterparts, e.g. isa corresponds to a typing operation in typed setting, or the \in -operator in settheoretic contexts; bind corresponds to a universal quantifier in (nth-order) logic, or a Π in dependent type theories.

18.1 Symbols

Part III Extensions

Tikzinput

19.1 Macros and Environments

 $Local Words:\ bibfolder\ jobname.dtx\ tikzinput.dtx\ usetikzlibrary\ Gin@ewidth\ Gin@eheight$

 ${\bf Local Words:\ resize box\ ctikz input\ mhtikz input\ Gin@mhrepos\ mhpath}$

document-structure: Semantic Markup for Open Mathematical Documents in LATEX

The document-structure package is part of the $\mbox{ST}_{E}X$ collection, a version of $\mbox{T}_{E}X/\mbox{LAT}_{E}X$ that allows to markup $\mbox{T}_{E}X/\mbox{LAT}_{E}X$ documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning $\mbox{T}_{E}X/\mbox{LAT}_{E}X$ into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM).

This package supplies an infrastructure for writing OMDoc documents in LATEX. This includes a simple structure sharing mechanism for STEX that allows to to move from a copy-and-paste document development model to a copy-and-reference model, which conserves space and simplifies document management. The augmented structure can be used by MKM systems for added-value services, either directly from the STEX sources, or after translation.

20.1 Introduction

STEX is a version of TEX/IATEX that allows to markup TEX/IATEX documents semantically without leaving the document format, essentially turning TEX/IATEX into a document format for mathematical knowledge management (MKM). The package supports direct translation to the OMDoc format [Koh06]

The document-structure package supplies macros and environments that allow to label document fragments and to reference them later in the same document or in other documents. In essence, this enhances the document-as-trees model to documents-as-directed-acyclic-graphs (DAG) model. This structure can be used by MKM systems for added-value services, either directly from the SIEX sources, or after translation. Currently, trans-document referencing provided by this package can only be used in the SIEX collection.

DAG models of documents allow to replace the "Copy and Paste" in the source document with a label-and-reference model where document are shared in the document

source and the formatter does the copying during document formatting/presentation.⁷

20.2 The User Interface

The document-structure package generates two files: document-structure.cls, and document-structure.sty. The OMDoc class is a minimally changed variant of the standard article class that includes the functionality provided by document-structure.sty. The rest of the documentation pertains to the functionality introduced by document-structure.sty.

20.2.1 Package and Class Options

The document-strcture class accept the following options:

class=(name)	$load \langle name \rangle$.cls instead of article.cls
topsect= $\langle sect \rangle$	The top-level sectioning level; the default for $\langle sect \rangle$ is section
showignores	show the the contents of the ignore environment after all
showmeta	show the metadata; see metakeys.sty
showmods	show modules; see modules.sty
extrefs	allow external references; see sref.sty
defindex	index definienda; see statements.sty
minimal	for testing; do not load any STEX packages

The document-structure package accepts the same except the first two.

20.2.2 Document Structure

document \documentkeys The top-level document environment can be given key/value information by the \documentkeys macro in the preamble³. This can be used to give metadata about the document. For the moment only the id key is used to give an identifier to the omdoc element resulting from the LATEXML transformation.

sfragment

id creators contributors short loadmodules The structure of the document is given by the omgroup environment just like in OMDoc. In the LATEX route, the omgroup environment is flexibly mapped to sectioning commands, inducing the proper sectioning level from the nesting of omgroup environments. Correspondingly, the omgroup environment takes an optional key/value argument for metadata followed by a regular argument for the (section) title of the omgroup. The optional metadata argument has the keys id for an identifier, creators and contributors for the Dublin Core metadata [DCM03]; see [Kohlhase:dcm:git] for details of the format. The short allows to give a short title for the generated section. If the title contains semantic macros, they need to be protected by \protect, and we need to give the loadmodules key it needs no value. For instance we would have

```
\begin{smodule}{foo}
\symdef{bar}{B^a_r}
```

\begin{sfragment}[id=sec.barderiv,loadmodules]{Introducing \$\protect\bar\$ Derivation

⁷EDNOTE: integrate with latexml's XMRef in the Math mode.

³We cannot patch the document environment to accept an optional argument, since other packages we load already do; pity.

blindfragment

STEX automatically computes the sectioning level, from the nesting of omgroup environments. But sometimes, we want to skip levels (e.g. to use a subsection* as an introduction for a chapter). Therefore the document-structure package provides a variant blindomgroup that does not produce markup, but increments the sectioning level and logically groups document parts that belong together, but where traditional document markup relies on convention rather than explicit markup. The blindomgroup environment is useful e.g. for creating frontmatter at the correct level. Example 4 shows a typical setup for the outer document structure of a book with parts and chapters. We use two levels of blindomgroup:

- The outer one groups the introductory parts of the book (which we assume to have a sectioning hierarchy topping at the part level). This blindomgroup makes sure that the introductory remarks become a "chapter" instead of a "part".
- Th inner one groups the frontmatter⁴ and makes the preface of the book a section-level construct. Note that here the display=flow on the omgroup environment prevents numbering as is traditional for prefaces.

```
\begin{document}
\begin{blindfragment}
\begin{blindfragment}
\begin{frontmatter}
\maketitle\newpage
\begin{sfragment}[display=flow]{Preface}
... <<pre><<pre>...
\end{sfragment}
\clearpage\setcounter{tocdepth}{4}\tableofcontents\clearpage
\end{frontmatter}
\end{blindfragment}
... <<introductory remarks>> ...
\end{blindfragment}
\begin{sfragment}{Introduction}
... <<intro>> ...
\end{sfragment}
... <<more chapters>> ...
\bibliographystyle{alpha}\bibliography{kwarc}
```

\end{document} Example 4: A typical Document Structure of a Book

\skipomgroup

The \skipomgroup "skips an omgroup", i.e. it just steps the respective sectioning counter. This macro is useful, when we want to keep two documents in sync structurally, so that section numbers match up: Any section that is left out in one becomes a \skipomgroup.

\currentsectionlevel \CurrentSectionLevel The \currentsectionlevel macro supplies the name of the current sectioning level, e.g. "chapter", or "subsection". \CurrentSectionLevel is the capitalized variant. They are useful to write something like "In this \currentsectionlevel, we will..." in an omgroup environment, where we do not know which sectioning level we will end up.

 $^{^4}$ We shied away from redefining the **frontmatter** to induce a blindomgroup, but this may be the "right" way to go in the future.

20.2.3 Ignoring Inputs

ignore showignores

The ignore environment can be used for hiding text parts from the document structure. The body of the environment is not PDF or DVI output unless the showignores option is given to the document-structure class or package. But in the generated OMDoc result, the body is marked up with a ignore element. This is useful in two situations. For

editing One may want to hide unfinished or obsolete parts of a document

narrative/content markup In STEX we mark up narrative-structured documents. In the generated OMDoc documents we want to be able to cache content objects that are not directly visible. For instance in the statements package [Kohlhase:smms:git] we use the \inlinedef macro to mark up phrase-level definitions, which verbalize more formal definitions. The latter can be hidden by an ignore and referenced by the verbalizes key in \inlinedef.

\prematurestop

\afterprematurestop

For prematurely stopping the formatting of a document, STEX provides the \prematurestop macro. It can be used everywhere in a document and ignores all input after that – backing out of the omgroup environment as needed. After that – and before the implicit \end{document} it calls the internal \afterprematurestop, which can be customized to do additional cleanup or e.g. print the bibliography.

\prematurestop is useful when one has a driver file, e.g. for a course taught multiple years and wants to generate course notes up to the current point in the lecture. Instead of commenting out the remaining parts, one can just move the \prematurestop macro. This is especially useful, if we need the rest of the file for processing, e.g. to generate a theory graph of the whole course with the already-covered parts marked up as an overview over the progress; see import_graph.py from the lmhtools utilities [LMH].

20.2.4 Structure Sharing

\STRlabel

The \STR1abel macro takes two arguments: a label and the content and stores the the content for later use by \STRcopy[$\langle URL \rangle$] { $\langle label \rangle$ }, which expands to the previously stored content. If the \STR1abel macro was in a different file, then we can give a URL $\langle URL \rangle$ that lets LATEXML generate the correct reference.

\STRsemantics

The \STRlabel macro has a variant \STRsemantics, where the label argument is optional, and which takes a third argument, which is ignored in LATEX. This allows to specify the meaning of the content (whatever that may mean) in cases, where the source document is not formatted for presentation, but is transformed into some content markup format.⁸

20.2.5 Global Variables

Text fragments and modules can be made more re-usable by the use of global variables. For instance, the admin section of a course can be made course-independent (and therefore re-usable) by using variables (actually token registers) courseAcronym and courseTitle instead of the text itself. The variables can then be set in the STEX preamble of the course notes file. $\setSGvar\{\langle vname \rangle\}\{\langle text \rangle\}$ to set the global variable $\langle vname \rangle$ to $\langle text \rangle$ and $\setSGvar\{\langle vname \rangle\}$ to reference it.

\setSGvar \useSGvar \ifSGvar

With \ifSGvar we can test for the contents of a global variable: the macro call

81

EdN:8

 $^{^8\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ document LMID und LMXREf here if we decide to keep them.

 $\iffsGvar{\langle vname \rangle} {\langle val \rangle} {\langle ctext \rangle}$ tests the content of the global variable $\langle vname \rangle$, only if (after expansion) it is equal to $\langle val \rangle$, the conditional text $\langle ctext \rangle$ is formatted.

20.2.6 Colors

For convenience, the document-structure package defines a couple of color macros for the color package: For instance \blue abbreviates \textcolor{blue}, so that \red \blue{\something}} writes \setminus \convention something in blue. The macros \red \green, \cyan, \... \magenta, \brown, \yellow, \orange, \gray, and finally \black are analogous.

20.3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the ST_EX GitHub repository [sTeX].

1. when option book which uses \pagestyle{headings} is given and semantic macros are given in the omgroup titles, then they sometimes are not defined by the time the heading is formatted. Need to look into how the headings are made.

NotesSlides – Slides and Course Notes

We present a document class from which we can generate both course slides and course notes in a transparent way.

21.1 Introduction

The notesslides document class is derived from beamer.cls [Tana], it adds a "notes version" for course notes derived from the omdoc class [Kohlhase:smomdl] that is more suited to printing than the one supplied by beamer.cls.

21.2 The User Interface

The notesslides class takes the notion of a slide frame from Till Tantau's excellent beamer class and adapts its notion of frames for use in the STEXand OMDoc. To support semantic course notes, it extends the notion of mixing frames and explanatory text, but rather than treating the frames as images (or integrating their contents into the flowing text), the notesslides package displays the slides as such in the course notes to give students a visual anchor into the slide presentation in the course (and to distinguish the different writing styles in slides and course notes).

In practice we want to generate two documents from the same source: the slides for presentation in the lecture and the course notes as a narrative document for home study. To achieve this, the notesslides class has two modes: *slides mode* and *notes mode* which are determined by the package option.

21.2.1 Package Options

The notesslides class takes a variety of class options:9

slides notes

EdN:9

• The options slides and notes switch between slides mode and notes mode (see Section 21.2.2).

sectocframes

• If the option sectocframes is given, then for the omgroups, special frames with the omgroup title (and number) are generated.

showmeta

• showmeta. If this is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [Kohlhase:metakeys:git] for details and customization options).

frameimages fiboxed

• If the option frameimages is set, then slide mode also shows the \frameimage-generated frames (see section 21.2.4). If also the fiboxed option is given, the slides are surrounded by a box.

topsect

• topsect= $\langle sect \rangle$ can be used to specify the top-level sectioning level; the default for $\langle sect \rangle$ is section.

21.2.2 Notes and Slides

frame note

Slides are represented with the frame just like in the beamer class, see [Tanb] for details. The notesslides class adds the note environment for encapsulating the course note fragments.⁵

Note that it is essential to start and end the notes environment at the start of the line – in particular, there may not be leading blanks – else IATEX becomes confused and throws error messages that are difficult to decipher.

```
\ifnotes\maketitle\else
\frame[noframenumbering]\maketitle\fi

\begin{note}
  We start this course with ...
\end{note}

\begin{frame}
  \frametitle{The first slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
\begin{note}
  ... and more explanatory text
\end{note}

\begin{frame}
  \frametitle{The second slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
  \frametitle{The second slide}
  ...
\end{frame}
...
```

Example 5: A typical Course Notes File

By interleaving the frame and note environments, we can build course notes as shown in Figure 5.

\ifnotes

Note the use of the \ifnotes conditional, which allows different treatment between

 $^{^9\}mathrm{EdNote}$: leaving out noproblems for the moment until we decide what to do with it.

⁵MK: it would be very nice, if we did not need this environment, and this should be possible in principle, but not without intensive LaTeX trickery. Hints to the author are welcome.

notes and slides mode – manually setting \notestrue or \notesfalse is strongly discouraged however.

A: We need to give the title frame the **noframenumbering** option so that the frame numbering is kept in sync between the slides and the course notes.

A: The beamer class recommends not to use the allowframebreaks option on frames (even though it is very convenient). This holds even more in the notesslides case: At least in conjunction with \newpage, frame numbering behaves funnily (we have tried to fix this, but who knows).

\inputref*

If we want to transclude a the contents of a file as a note, we can use a new variant \inputref* of the \inputref macro from [KohAmb:smmssl:git]: \inputref*{foo} is equivalent to \begin{note}\inputref{foo}\end{note}.

nparagraph

There are some environments that tend to occur at the top-level of note environments. We make convenience versions of these: e.g. the nparagraph environment is just an sparagraph inside a note environment (but looks nicer in the source, since it avoids one level of source indenting). Similarly, we have the nomgroup, ndefinition, nexample, nsproof, and nassertion environments.

nfragment ndefinition nexample nsproof

nassertion

21.2.3 Header and Footer Lines of the Slides

The default logo provided by the notesslides package is the STEX logo it can be customized using $setslidelogo\{(logo\ name)\}$.

\setslidelogo

The default footer line of the notesslides package mentions copyright and licensing. In the beamer class, \source stores the author's name as the copyright holder. By default it is $Michael\ Kohlhase$ in the notesslides package since he is the main user and designer of this package. \setsource{\langle} name\rangle} can change the writer's name. For licensing, we use the Creative Commons Attribuition-ShareAlike license by default to strengthen the public domain. If package hyperref is loaded, then we can attach a hyperlink to the license logo. \setlicensing[\langle url\rangle] {\langle logo name}} is used for customization, where \langle url\rangle is optional.

\setsource

\setlicensing

21.2.4 Frame Images

\frameimage

Sometimes, we want to integrate slides as images after all – e.g. because we already have a PowerPoint presentation, to which we want to add STexing X notes. In this case we can use $frameimage[\langle opt\rangle] \{\langle path\rangle\}$, where $\langle opt\rangle$ are the options of $frameimage[\langle opt\rangle] \{\langle path\rangle\}$, where $\langle opt\rangle$ are the options of $frameimage[\langle opt\rangle] \{\langle path\rangle\}$ is the file path (extension can be left off like in $frameimage[\langle opt\rangle] \{\langle path\rangle\}$). We have added the label key that allows to give a frame label that can be referenced like a regular beamer frame.

\mhframeimage

The \mhframeimage macro is a variant of \frameimage with repository support. Instead of writing

\frameimage{\MathHub{fooMH/bar/source/baz/foobar}}

we can simply write (assuming that \MathHub is defined as above)

\mhframeimage[fooMH/bar]{baz/foobar}

EdN:10

 $^{^{10}\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ MK: the hyperref link does not seem to work yet. I wonder why but do not have the time to fix it.

Note that the \mhframeimage form is more semantic, which allows more advanced document management features in MathHub.

If baz/foobar is the "current module", i.e. if we are on the MathHub path ...MathHub/fooMH/bar..., then stating the repository in the first optional argument is redundant, so we can just use

\mhframeimage{baz/foobar}

21.2.5Colors and Highlighting

\textwarning

The \textwarning macro generates a warning sign:

21.2.6 Front Matter, Titles, etc.

21.2.7Excursions

In course notes, we sometimes want to point to an "excursion" – material that is either presupposed or tangential to the course at the moment – e.g. in an appendix. The typical setup is the following:

```
\excursion{founif}{../ex/founif}{We will cover first-order unification in}
```

\begin{appendix}\printexcursions\end{appendix}

\excursion \activateexcursion

```
The \excursion{\langle ref \rangle}{\langle path \rangle}{\langle text \rangle} is syntactic sugar for
```

```
\begin{nparagraph} [title=Excursion]
 \activateexcursion{founif}{../ex/founif}
 We will cover first-order unification in \sref{founif}.
\end{nparagraph}
```

\activateexcursion \printexcursions

where $\activateexcursion{\langle path \rangle}$ augments the \printexcursions macro by a call \inputref{ $\langle path \rangle$ }. In this way, the 3\printexcursions macro (usually in the appendix) will collect up all excursions that are specified in the main text.

Sometimes, we want to reference – in an excursion – part of another. We can use \excursionref{ $\langle label \rangle$ } for that.

\excursionref

Finally, we usually want to put the excursions into an omgroup environment and add an introduction, therefore we provide the a variant of the \printexcursions macro: \excursiongroup[id= $\langle id \rangle$,intro= $\langle path \rangle$] is equivalent to

\excursiongroup

```
\begin{note}
\begin{sfragment}[id=<id>]{Excursions}
 \inputref{<path>}
  \printexcursions
\end{sfragment}
\end{note}
```

21.2.8 Miscellaneous

21.3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEXGitHub repository [sTeX].

1. when option book which uses \pagestyle{headings} is given and semantic macros are given in the omgroup titles, then they sometimes are not defined by the time the heading is formatted. Need to look into how the headings are made. This is a problem of the underlying omdoc package.

problem.sty: An Infrastructure for formatting Problems

The problem package supplies an infrastructure that allows specify problems and to reuse them efficiently in multiple environments.

22.1 Introduction

The problem package supplies an infrastructure that allows specify problem. Problems are text fragments that come with auxiliary functions: hints, notes, and solutions⁶. Furthermore, we can specify how long the solution to a given problem is estimated to take and how many points will be awarded for a perfect solution.

Finally, the problem package facilitates the management of problems in small files, so that problems can be re-used in multiple environment.

22.2 The User Interface

22.2.1 Package Options

solutions
notes
hints
gnotes
pts
min
boxed

test

mh

The problem package takes the options solutions (should solutions be output?), notes (should the problem notes be presented?), hints (do we give the hints?), gnotes (do we show grading notes?), pts (do we display the points awarded for solving the problem?), min (do we display the estimated minutes for problem soling). If theses are specified, then the corresponding auxiliary parts of the problems are output, otherwise, they remain invisible.

The boxed option specifies that problems should be formatted in framed boxes so that they are more visible in the text. Finally, the test option signifies that we are in a test situation, so this option does not show the solutions (of course), but leaves space for the students to solve them.

The mh option turns on MathHub support; see [Kohlhase:mss].

showmeta

Finally, if the **showmeta** is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [**Kohlhase:metakeys**] for details and customization options).

⁶ for the moment multiple choice problems are not supported, but may well be in a future version

22.2.2 Problems and Solutions

problem

min

title

The main environment provided by the problem package is (surprise surprise) the problem environment. It is used to mark up problems and exercises. The environment takes an optional KeyVal argument with the keys id as an identifier that can be reference later, pts for the points to be gained from this exercise in homework or quiz situations, min for the estimated minutes needed to solve the problem, and finally title for an informative title of the problem. For an example of a marked up problem see Figure 6 and the resulting markup see Figure 7.

```
\usepackage[solutions,hints,pts,min]{problem}
\begin{document}
  \begin{sproblem}[id=elefants,pts=10,min=2,title=Fitting Elefants,name=elefants]
   How many Elefants can you fit into a Volkswagen beetle?
\begin{hint}
 Think positively, this is simple!
\end{hint}
\begin{exnote}
 Justify your answer
\end{exnote}
\begin{solution}[for=elefants,height=3cm]
 Four, two in the front seats, and two in the back.
\begin{gnote}
 if they do not give the justification deduct 5 pts
\end{gnote}
\end{solution}
  \end{sproblem}
\end{document}
```

Example 6: A marked up Problem

solution solutions

id for height test The solution environment can be to specify a solution to a problem. If the solutions option is set or \solutionstrue is set in the text, then the solution will be presented in the output. The solution environment takes an optional KeyVal argument with the keys id for an identifier that can be reference for to specify which problem this is a solution for, and height that allows to specify the amount of space to be left in test situations (i.e. if the test option is set in the \usepackage statement).

```
Problem 22.2.1 (Fitting Elefants)
How many Elefants can you fit into a Volkswagen beetle?

Hint: Think positively, this is simple!

Note: Justify your answer

Solution: Four, two in the front seats, and two in the back.
```

Example 7: The Formatted Problem from Figure 6

hint exnote gnote

The hint and exnote environments can be used in a problem environment to give hints and to make notes that elaborate certain aspects of the problem.

The gnote (grading notes) environment can be used to document situtations that

may arise in grading.

\startsolutions \stopsolutions

Sometimes we would like to locally override the solutions option we have given to the package. To turn on solutions we use the \startsolutions, to turn them off, \stopsolutions. These two can be used at any point in the documents.

Also, sometimes, we want content (e.g. in an exam with master solutions) conditional on whether solutions are shown. This can be done with the \ifsolutions conditional.

\ifsolutions

22.2.3 Multiple Choice Blocks

mcb \mcc Multiple choice blocks can be formatted using the mcb environment, in which single choices are marked up with $\mbox{mcc}[\langle keyvals \rangle] \{\langle text \rangle\}$ macro, which takes an optional key/value argument $\langle keyvals \rangle$ for choice metadata and a required argument $\langle text \rangle$ for the proposed answer text. The following keys are supported

T F Ttext Ftext feedback

- T for true answers, F for false ones,
- Ttext the verdict for true answers, Ftext for false ones, and
- feedback for a short feedback text given to the student.

See Figure ?? for an example

22.2.4 Including Problems

\includeproblem

The \includeproblem macro can be used to include a problem from another file. It takes an optional KeyVal argument and a second argument which is a path to the file containing the problem (the macro assumes that there is only one problem in the include file). The keys title, min, and pts specify the problem title, the estimated minutes for solving the problem and the points to be gained, and their values (if given) overwrite the ones specified in the problem environment in the included file.

title min pts

22.2.5 Reporting Metadata

The sum of the points and estimated minutes (that we specified in the pts and min keys to the problem environment or the \includeproblem macro) to the log file and the screen after each run. This is useful in preparing exams, where we want to make sure that the students can indeed solve the problems in an allotted time period.

The \min and \pts macros allow to specify (i.e. to print to the margin) the distribution of time and reward to parts of a problem, if the pts and pts package options are set. This allows to give students hints about the estimated time and the points to be awarded.

22.3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEXGitHub repository [sTeX].

1. none reported yet

```
\begin{sproblem}[title=Functions,name=functions1]
  What is the keyword to introduce a function definition in python?
  \begin{mcb}
    \mcc[T]{def}
    \mcc[F,feedback=that is for C and C++]{function}
    \mcc[F,feedback=that is for Standard ML]{fun}
    \mcc[F,Ftext=Noooooooo,feedback=that is for Java]{public static void}
  \end{mcb}
\end{sproblem}
Problem 22.2.2 (Functions)
What is the keyword to introduce a function definition in python?
  ☐ function
  \square fun
  \Box\, public static void
Problem 22.2.3 (Functions)
What is the keyword to introduce a function definition in python?
  \Box def
     (true)
  \square function
     (false) (that is for C and C++)
     (false) (that is for Standard ML)
  □ public static void
     (false) (that is for Java)
```

Example 8: A Problem with a multiple choice block

hwexam.sty/cls: An Infrastructure for formatting Assignments and Exams

The hwexam package and class allows individual course assignment sheets and compound assignment documents using problem files marked up with the problem package.

Contents

23.1 Introduction

The hwexam package and class supplies an infrastructure that allows to format nice-looking assignment sheets by simply including problems from problem files marked up with the problem package [Kohlhase:problem]. It is designed to be compatible with problems.sty, and inherits some of the functionality.

23.2 The User Interface

23.2.1 Package and Class Options

The hwexam package and class take the options solutions, notes, hints, gnotes, pts, min, and boxed that are just passed on to the problems package (cf. its documentation for a description of the intended behavior).

showmeta

If the **showmeta** option is set, then the metadata keys are shown (see [**Kohlhase:metakeys**] for details and customization options).

The hwexam class additionally accepts the options report, book, chapter, part, and showignores, of the omdoc package [Kohlhase:smomdl] on which it is based and passes them on to that. For the extrefs option see [Kohlhase:sref].

23.2.2 Assignments

assignment number

title type given due This package supplies the assignment environment that groups problems into assignment sheets. It takes an optional KeyVal argument with the keys number (for the assignment number; if none is given, 1 is assumed as the default or — in multi-assignment documents — the ordinal of the assignment environment), title (for the assignment title; this is referenced in the title of the assignment sheet), type (for the assignment type; e.g. "quiz", or "homework"), given (for the date the assignment was given), and due (for the date the assignment is due).

23.2.3 Typesetting Exams

multiple

Furthermore, the hwexam package takes the option multiple that allows to combine multiple assignment sheets into a compound document (the assignment sheets are treated as section, there is a table of contents, etc.).

test

Finally, there is the option test that modifies the behavior to facilitate formatting tests. Only in test mode, the macros \testspace, \testnewpage, and \testemptypage have an effect: they generate space for the students to solve the given problems. Thus they can be left in the LATEX source.

\testspace \testnewpage \testemptypage \testspace takes an argument that expands to a dimension, and leaves vertical space accordingly. \testnewpage makes a new page in test mode, and \testemptypage generates an empty page with the cautionary message that this page was intentionally left empty.

testheading duration min reqpts Finally, the \testheading takes an optional keyword argument where the keys duration specifies a string that specifies the duration of the test, min specifies the equivalent in number of minutes, and reqpts the points that are required for a perfect grade.

23.2.4 Including Assignments

\inputassignment

number title type given due The \inputassignment macro can be used to input an assignment from another file. It takes an optional KeyVal argument and a second argument which is a path to the file containing the problem (the macro assumes that there is only one assignment environment in the included file). The keys number, title, type, given, and due are just as for the assignment environment and (if given) overwrite the ones specified in the assignment environment in the included file.

23.3 Limitations

In this section we document known limitations. If you want to help alleviate them, please feel free to contact the package author. Some of them are currently discussed in the STEXGitHub repository [sTeX].

1. none reported yet.

\title{320101 General Computer Science (Fall 2010)}
\begin{testheading}[duration=one hour,min=60,reqpts=27]
Good luck to all students!
\end{testheading}
f

formats to

3.7

Name:

Matriculation Number:

320101 General Computer Science (Fall 2010)

2022-04-23

You have one hour (sharp) for the test;

Write the solutions to the sheet.

The estimated time for solving this exam is 58 minutes, leaving you 2 minutes for revising your exam.

You can reach 30 points if you solve all problems. You will only need 27 points for a perfect score, i.e. 3 points are bonus points.

You have ample time, so take it slow and avoid rushing to mistakes!

Different problems test different skills and knowledge, so do not get stuck on one problem.

	To be used for grading, do not write here											
1									1.			
prob.	22.2.1	22.2.2	22.2.3	1.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	Sum	grade
total				4	4	6	6	4	4	2	30	
reached												

good luck

Example 9: A generated test heading.

 ${\bf Part~IV} \\ {\bf Implementation}$

STEX

-Basics Implementation

24.1 The STEXDocument Class

The stex document class is pretty straight-forward: It largely extends the standalone package and loads the stex package, passing all provided options on to the package.

```
3 %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
                 basics.dtx
                               5 \RequirePackage{expl3,13keys2e}
6 \ProvidesExplClass{stex}{2022/03/03}{3.1.0}{sTeX document class}
8 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{stex}}
9 \ProcessOptions
  \bool_set_true:N \c_stex_document_class_bool
  \RequirePackage{stex}
15 \stex_html_backend:TF {
    \LoadClass{article}
17 }{
    \LoadClass[border=1px,varwidth,crop=false]{standalone}
    \setlength\textwidth{15cm}
21 \RequirePackage{standalone}
22 (/cls)
```

24.2 Preliminaries

```
27 \RequirePackage{expl3,13keys2e,1txcmds}
        28 \ProvidesExplPackage{stex}{2022/03/03}{3.1.0}{sTeX package}
          \bool_if_exist:NF \c_stex_document_class_bool {
            \bool_set_false:N \c_stex_document_class_bool
        31
            \RequirePackage{standalone}
        33 }
        35 \message{^^J
            ********************************
            *-This-is-sTeX-version-3.1.0-*^-J
            ******************
        41 %\RequirePackage{morewrites}
        42 %\RequirePackage{amsmath}
           Package options:
        44 \keys_define:nn { stex } {
                    .clist_set:N = \c_stex_debug_clist ,
            debug
                      .clist_set:N = \c_stex_languages_clist ,
            lang
                                    = \mathhub ,
            mathhub .tl_set_x:N
                      .bool_set:N
                                   = \c_stex_persist_mode_bool ,
            usesms
            writesms .bool set:N
                                   = \c_stex_persist_write_mode_bool ,
                                   = \c_tikzinput_image_bool,
                      .bool set:N
            image
                     .code:n
            unknown
        51
        53 \ProcessKeysOptions { stex }
\stex The STEXlogo:
\sTeX
        54 \RequirePackage{xspace}
        55 \protected\def\stex{
            \@ifundefined{texorpdfstring}{\let\texorpdfstring\@firstoftwo}{}
            \texorpdfstring{\raisebox{-.5ex}S\kern-.5ex\TeX}{sTeX}\xspace
        59 \let\sTeX\stex
```

(End definition for \stex and \sTeX. These functions are documented on page 51.)

24.3 Messages and logging

```
Warnings and error messages
Warnings and error messages
Unknown-language:~#1
Wasg_new:nnn{stex}{warning/nomathhub}{
MATHHUB~system~variable~not~found~and~no~
detokenize{\mathhub}-value~set!
Wasg_new:nnn{stex}{error/deactivated-macro}{
The~\detokenize{#1}~command~is~only~allowed~in~#2!
```

```
\clist_if_in:NnT \c_stex_debug_clist { #1 } {
                                                                          78
                                                                                                \msg_set:nnn{stex}{debug / #1}{
                                                                          79
                                                                                                     \\Debug~#1:~#2\\
                                                                          80
                                                                          81
                                                                                                \msg_none:nn{stex}{debug / #1}
                                                                          82
                                                                          83
                                                                                     }
                                                                          84
                                                                          85 }
                                                                      (End definition for \stex_debug:nn. This function is documented on page 51.)
                                                                                 Redirecting messages:
                                                                          86 \clist_if_in:NnTF \c_stex_debug_clist {all} {
                                                                                           \msg_redirect_module:nnn{ stex }{ none }{ term }
                                                                          87
                                                                         88 }{
                                                                                     \clist_map_inline:Nn \c_stex_debug_clist {
                                                                                           \msg_redirect_name:nnn{ stex }{ debug / ##1 }{ term }
                                                                          91
                                                                          92 }
                                                                          94 \stex_debug:nn{log}{debug~mode~on}
                                                                                              HTML Annotations
                                                                      24.4
                                                                          95 (@@=stex_annotate)
             \l_stex_html_arg_tl Used by annotation macros to ensure that the HTML output to annotate is not empty.
\c_stex_html_emptyarg_tl
                                                                          96 \tl_new:N \l_stex_html_arg_tl
                                                                      (End definition for \l_stex_html_arg_tl and \c_stex_html_emptyarg_tl. These variables are docu-
                                                                      mented on page ??.)
\_stex_html_checkempty:n
                                                                          97 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_html_checkempty:n {
                                                                                     \tl_set:Nn \l_stex_html_arg_tl { #1 }
                                                                                     \tl_if_empty:NT \l_stex_html_arg_tl {
                                                                                          \tl_set_eq:NN \l_stex_html_arg_tl \c_stex_html_emptyarg_tl
                                                                                     7
                                                                         101
                                                                         102 }
                                                                      (End definition for \_stex_html_checkempty:n. This function is documented on page ??.)
                                                                    Whether to (locally) produce HTML output
             \stex_if_do_html_p:
             \stex_if_do_html: <u>TF</u>
                                                                         103 \bool_new:N \_stex_html_do_output_bool
                                                                         \label{local_local_local} $$104 \ \c) = 1.04 \ \c) $$104 \ \c) $
                                                                         105
```

\stex_debug:nn A simple macro issuing package messages with subpath.

\\Debug~#1:~#2\\

73

74

75

76

77

}

}{

71 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_debug:nn {

\msg_set:nnn{stex}{debug / #1}{

\msg_none:nn{stex}{debug / #1}

\clist_if_in:NnTF \c_stex_debug_clist { all } {

```
\prg_new_conditional:Nnn \stex_if_do_html: {p,T,F,TF} {
                               \bool_if:nTF \_stex_html_do_output_bool
                                  \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                          108
                          109 }
                         (End definition for \stex_if_do_html:TF. This function is documented on page 51.)
\stex_suppress_html:n
                        Whether to (locally) produce HTML output
                          110 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_suppress_html:n {
                                \exp_args:Nne \use:nn {
                                  \bool_set_false:N \_stex_html_do_output_bool
                                  #1
                          113
                          114
                                  \stex_if_do_html:T {
                          115
                                    \bool_set_true:N \_stex_html_do_output_bool
                          116
                          117
                               }
                          118
                          119 }
                         (End definition for \stex_suppress_html:n. This function is documented on page 51.)
```

\stex_annotate:anw \stex_annotate_invisible:nn \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn We define four macros for introducing attributes in the HTML output. The definitions depend on the "backend" used (LATEXML, RusTFX, pdflatex).

The pdflatex-macros largely do nothing; the RusTeX-implementations are pretty clear in what they do, the LaTeXML-implementations resort to perl bindings.

```
120 \tl_if_exist:NF\stex@backend{
     \ifcsname if@rustex\endcsname
       \def\stex@backend{rustex}
122
     \else
       \ifcsname if@latexml\endcsname
124
         \def\stex@backend{latexml}
125
126
         \def\stex@backend{pdflatex}
       \fi
128
129
130 }
input{stex-backend-\stex@backend.cfg}
```

(End definition for \stex_annotate:nnn, \stex_annotate_invisible:n, and \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn. These functions are documented on page 52.)

24.5 Babel Languages

```
^{132} \langle @@=stex_language \rangle
```

\c_stex_languages_prop \c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop We store language abbreviations in two (mutually inverse) property lists:

```
133 \prop_const_from_keyval:Nn \c_stex_languages_prop {
134    en = english ,
135    de = ngerman ,
136    ar = arabic ,
137    bg = bulgarian ,
138    ru = russian ,
139    fi = finnish ,
140    ro = romanian ,
```

```
tr = turkish ,
 141
     fr = french
 142
 143 }
 144
    \prop_const_from_keyval:Nn \c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop {
 145
      english
                = en ,
 146
                = de ,
      ngerman
 147
      arabic
                = ar ,
 148
      bulgarian = bg ,
      russian
                = ru ,
 151
      finnish
                 = fi,
      romanian = ro ,
 152
                = tr ,
      turkish
 153
      french
 154
 155 }
 156 % todo: chinese simplified (zhs)
            chinese traditional (zht)
(End definition for \c_stex_languages_prop and \c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop. These variables are
documented on page 52.)
    we use the lang-package option to load the corresponding babel languages:
   \clist_if_empty:NF \c_stex_languages_clist {
      \clist_clear:N \l_tmpa_clist
 160
      \clist_map_inline:Nn \c_stex_languages_clist {
        \prop_get:NnNTF \c_stex_languages_prop { #1 } \l_tmpa_str {
 161
          \clist_put_right:No \l_tmpa_clist \l_tmpa_str
 162
        } {
 163
          \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownlanguage}{\l_tmpa_str}
 164
 165
 166
      \stex_debug:nn{lang} {Languages:~\clist_use:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {,~} }
 167
 168
      \RequirePackage[\clist_use:Nn \l_tmpa_clist,]{babel}
 169 }
 170
    \AtBeginDocument{
 171
      \stex_html_backend:T {
        \seq_get_right:NN \g_stex_currentfile_seq \l_tmpa_str
 173
        \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpa_seq . \l_tmpa_str
 174
        \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str % .tex
        \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str % <filename>
 176
 177
        \seq_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_seq { %remaining element should be language
          \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
 178
          \stex_debug:nn{basics} {Language~\l_tmpa_str~
 179
            inferred~from~file~name}
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{language}{ \l_tmpa_str }{}
 181
 182
      }
 183
 184 }
```

24.6 Persistence

```
185 (@@=stex_persist)
186 \bool_if:NTF \c_stex_persist_mode_bool {
```

```
\def \stex_persist:x #1 {}
 189 }{
      \bool_if:NTF \c_stex_persist_write_mode_bool {
 190
      \iow_new:N \c__stex_persist_iow
 191
      \iow_open:Nn \c__stex_persist_iow{\jobname.sms}
 192
      \AtEndDocument{
 193
        \iow_close:N \c__stex_persist_iow
 194
 195
      \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_persist:n {
 196
        \t: Nn = tl { #1 }
 197
        \regex_replace_all:nnN { \cP\# } { \c0\# } \l_tmpa_tl
 198
        \exp_args:NNo \iow_now:Nn \c__stex_persist_iow \l_tmpa_tl
 199
 200
      \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_persist:n {x}
 201
 202
        \def \stex_persist:n #1 {}
 203
        \def \stex_persist:x #1 {}
 204
      }
 205
 206 }
         Auxiliary Methods
24.7
 207 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn {
      \exp_after:wN\let\csname \detokenize{#1} - orig\endcsname#1
      \def#1{
 209
        \msg_error:nnnn{stex}{error/deactivated-macro}{\detokenize{#1}}{#2}
 210
 211
 212 }
(End definition for \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn. This function is documented on page 52.)
 213 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_reactivate_macro:N {
      \exp_after:wN\let\exp_after:wN#1\csname \detokenize{#1} - orig\endcsname
(End definition for \stex_reactivate_macro:N. This function is documented on page 52.)
   \protected\def\ignorespacesandpars{
 216
      \begingroup\catcode13=10\relax
 217
      \@ifnextchar\par{
        \endgroup\expandafter\ignorespacesandpars\@gobble
 219
     }{
 220
        \endgroup
 221
 222
 223 }
 224
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_copy_control_sequence:NNN {
 225
```

\def \stex_persist:n #1 {}

188

\stex_deactivate_macro:Nn

\stex_reactivate_macro:N

\ignorespacesandpars

226 227 \tl_set:Nx _tmp_args_tl {\cs_argument_spec:N #2}

\exp_args:NNo \tl_remove_all:Nn _tmp_args_tl \c_hash_str \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\tl_count:N _tmp_args_tl}

```
229
                \tl_clear:N \_tmp_args_tl
           230
                \int_step_inline:nn \l_tmpa_int {
           231
                  232
           234
                \tl_set:Nn #3 {\cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn #1 \cs_set:Npn}
           235
                \tl_put_right:Nx #3 { \\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{
           236
                    \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN \exp_not:n
           237
                    \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN {
           238
                      \exp_after:wN #2 \_tmp_args_tl
           239
           240
                }}
           241
           242 }
           243 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_copy_control_sequence:NNN {cNN}
           244 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_copy_control_sequence:NNN {NcN}
           245 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_copy_control_sequence:NNN {ccN}
          (End definition for \ignorespacesandpars. This function is documented on page 52.)
\MMTrule
              \NewDocumentCommand \MMTrule {m m}{
                \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq , {#2}
                \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
           248
                \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{mmtrule}{scala://#1}{
                  $\seq_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
           250
                    \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
           251
                    \stex_annotate:nnn{arg}{i\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{##1}
           252
                  }$
           253
                }
           254
           255 }
           256
              \NewDocumentCommand \MMTinclude {m}{
           258
                \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{import}{#1}{}
           259 }
           _{260} \langle /package \rangle
          (End definition for \MMTrule. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

Chapter 25

STEX -MathHub Implementation

```
261 (*package)
262
mathhub.dtx
                                265 (@@=stex_path)
   Warnings and error messages
266 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/norepository}{
    No~archive~#1~found~in~#2
268 }
269 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}{
    Not~currently~in~an~archive,~but~\detokenize{#1}~
    needs~one!
271
272 }
273 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/nofile}{
    \detokenize{#1}~could~not~find~file~#2
274
276 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/twofiles}{
    \detokenize{#1}~found~two~candidates~for~#2
278 }
```

25.1 Generic Path Handling

We treat paths as LATEX3-sequences (of the individual path segments, i.e. separated by a /-character) unix-style; i.e. a path is absolute if the sequence starts with an empty entry.

\stex_path_from_string:Nn

```
279 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_path_from_string:Nn {
280 \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #2 }
281 \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
282 \seq_clear:N #1
283 }{
284 \exp_args:NNNo \seq_set_split:Nnn #1 / { \l_tmpa_str }
285 \sys_if_platform_windows:T{
286 \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
```

```
287
                                        \seq_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                                          \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_tl \c_backslash_str { ##1 }
                              288
                                          \seq_concat:NNN \l_tmpa_tl \l_tmpa_tl \l_tmpb_tl
                              289
                              290
                                        \seq_set_eq:NN #1 \l_tmpa_tl
                              291
                              292
                                      \stex_path_canonicalize:N #1
                              293
                              294
                              295 }
                              296
                             (End definition for \stex_path_from_string:Nn. This function is documented on page 53.)
  \stex_path_to_string:NN
   \stex_path_to_string:N
                              297 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_path_to_string:NN {
                                    \exp_args:NNe \str_set:Nn #2 { \seq_use:Nn #1 / }
                              298
                              299 }
                              300
                                  \cs_new:Nn \stex_path_to_string:N {
                              301
                                    \seq_use:Nn #1 /
                              302
                              303 }
                             (End definition for \stex_path_to_string:NN and \stex_path_to_string:N. These functions are doc-
                             umented on page 53.)
                             . and ..., respectively.
    \c__stex_path_dot_str
     \c__stex_path_up_str
                              304 \str_const:Nn \c__stex_path_dot_str {.}
                              305 \str_const:Nn \c__stex_path_up_str {..}
                             (End definition for \c_stex_path_dot_str and \c_stex_path_up_str.)
                             Canonicalizes the path provided; in particular, resolves . and . . path segments.
\stex_path_canonicalize:N
                                 \cs_new_protected: Nn \stex_path_canonicalize: N {
                                    \seq_if_empty:NF #1 {
                                      \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
                                      \seq_get_left:NN #1 \l_tmpa_tl
                              300
                                      \str_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_tl {
                              310
                                        \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {}
                              311
                              312
                                      \seq_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                              313
                                        \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { ##1 }
                              314
                                        \str_if_eq:NNF \l_tmpa_tl \c__stex_path_dot_str {
                              315
                                          \str_if_eq:NNTF \l_tmpa_tl \c__stex_path_up_str {
                              316
                                            \seq_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_seq {
                              317
                                               \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
                              318
                              319
                                                 \c__stex_path_up_str
                                               }
                              320
                                            }{
                              321
                                               \seq_get_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_tl
                              322
                                               \str_if_eq:NNTF \l_tmpa_tl \c__stex_path_up_str {
                              323
                                                 \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
                              324
                                                   \c__stex_path_up_str
                              325
                              326
                                              }{
```

```
\seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_tl
 328
 329
               }
 330
             }{
 331
                \str_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl {
 332
                  \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq { \l_tmpa_tl }
 333
 334
             }
          }
        }
 337
         \seq_gset_eq:NN #1 \l_tmpa_seq
 338
      }
 339
 340 }
(End definition for \stex_path_canonicalize: N. This function is documented on page 53.)
    \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \stex_path_if_absolute:N {p, T, F, TF} {
      \seq_if_empty:NTF #1 {
 342
         \prg_return_false:
 343
 344
         \seq_get_left:NN #1 \l_tmpa_tl
 345
         \sys_if_platform_windows:TF{
 346
           \str_if_in:NnTF \l_tmpa_tl \{:}\{
 347
             \prg_return_true:
           }{
 349
 350
             \prg_return_false:
           }
 351
 352
           \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
 353
             \prg_return_true:
 354
 355
             \prg_return_false:
 356
 357
        }
 358
      }
 359
 360 }
```

(End definition for \stex_path_if_absolute:NTF. This function is documented on page 53.)

PWD and kpsewhich 25.2

```
\stex_kpsewhich:n
```

\stex_path_if_absolute_p:N \stex_path_if_absolute:NTF

```
361 \str_new:N\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str
 362 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_kpsewhich:n {
      \sys_get_shell:nnN { kpsewhich ~ #1 } { } \l_tmpa_tl
 363
      \verb| exp_args: NNo \str_set: Nn \l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\l_tmpa_tl}|
 364
      \tl_trim_spaces:N \l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str
 365
(End definition for \stex_kpsewhich:n. This function is documented on page 53.)
    We determine the PWD
```

```
\c_stex_pwd_seq
\c_stex_pwd_str
                                                                                367 \sys_if_platform_windows:TF{
                                                                                                     \begingroup\escapechar=-1\catcode'\\=12
                                                                                368
                                                                                                      \exp_args:Nx\stex_kpsewhich:n{-expand-var~\c_percent_str CD\c_percent_str}
                                                                                369
                                                                                                     \exp_args:NNx\str_replace_all:Nnn\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\c_backslash_str}/
                                                                                370
                                                                                371
                                                                                                      \exp_args: Nnx\use:nn{\endgroup}{\str_set: Nn\exp_not: N\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\l_stex_
                                                                                372 }{
                                                                                373
                                                                                                     \stex_kpsewhich:n{-var-value~PWD}
                                                                                374 }
                                                                                375
                                                                                {\tt 376} \ \ \tt stex\_path\_from\_string: Nn\c\_stex\_pwd\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_return\_string: Nn\c\_stex\_pwd\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewhich\_seq\l\_stex\_kpsewh
                                                                                "" \stex_path_to_string:NN\c_stex_pwd_seq\c_stex_pwd_str
                                                                                378 \stex_debug:nn {mathhub} {PWD:~\str_use:N\c_stex_pwd_str}
                                                                            (End definition for \c_stex_pwd_seq and \c_stex_pwd_str. These variables are documented on page
                                                                            53.)
```

25.3 File Hooks and Tracking

```
379 (@@=stex_files)
```

393 394 }

We introduce hooks for file inputs that keep track of the absolute paths of files used. This will be useful to keep track of modules, their archives, namespaces etc.

Note that the absolute paths are only accurate in \input-statements for paths relative to the PWD, so they shouldn't be relied upon in any other setting than for STEX-purposes.

```
\g__stex_files_stack
                           keeps track of file changes
                             >>> \seq_gclear_new:N\g_stex_files_stack
                            (End definition for \g__stex_files_stack.)
   \c_stex_mainfile_seq
   \c_stex_mainfile_str
                             381 \str_set:Nx \c_stex_mainfile_str {\c_stex_pwd_str/\jobname.tex}
                             382 \stex_path_from_string:Nn \c_stex_mainfile_seq
                                  \c_stex_mainfile_str
                            (End definition for \c_stex_mainfile_seq and \c_stex_mainfile_str. These variables are documented
                            on page 53.)
\g_stex_currentfile_seq
                             384 \seq_gclear_new:N\g_stex_currentfile_seq
                            (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \backslash g\_stex\_currentfile\_seq}.\ \mathit{This \ variable \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ 54.})
 \stex_filestack_push:n
                             385 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_filestack_push:n {
                                   \stex_path_from_string:Nn\g_stex_currentfile_seq{#1}
                             386
                                   \stex_path_if_absolute:NF\g_stex_currentfile_seq{
                                     \stex_path_from_string: Nn\g_stex_currentfile_seq{
                                       \c_stex_pwd_str/#1
                                     }
                             390
                                  }
                             391
                                  \seq_gset_eq:NN\g_stex_currentfile_seq\g_stex_currentfile_seq
                             392
                                   \exp_args:NNo\seq_gpush:Nn\g__stex_files_stack\g_stex_currentfile_seq
```

(End definition for \stex_filestack_push:n. This function is documented on page 54.)

```
\stex_filestack_pop:
```

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_filestack_pop: {
      \seq_if_empty:NF\g__stex_files_stack{
        \seq_gpop:NN\g_stex_files_stack\l_tmpa_seq
      \seq_if_empty:NTF\g__stex_files_stack{
 300
        \seq_gset_eq:NN\g_stex_currentfile_seq\c_stex_mainfile_seq
 400
 401
        \seq_get:NN\g__stex_files_stack\l_tmpa_seq
 402
        \seq_gset_eq:NN\g_stex_currentfile_seq\l_tmpa_seq
 403
 404
 405 }
(End definition for \stex_filestack_pop:. This function is documented on page 54.)
    Hooks for the current file:
   \AddToHook{file/before}{
      \stex_filestack_push:n{\CurrentFilePath/\CurrentFile}
 408 }
 409 \AddToHook{file/after}{
      \stex_filestack_pop:
 411 }
```

25.4 MathHub Repositories

412 $\langle @@=stex_mathhub \rangle$

\mathhub \c_stex_mathhub_seq \c_stex_mathhub_str The path to the mathhub directory. If the \mathhub-macro is not set, we query kpsewhich for the MATHHUB system variable.

```
413 \str_if_empty:NTF\mathhub{
     \sys_if_platform_windows:TF{
414
       \begingroup\escapechar=-1\catcode'\\=12
415
       \exp_args:Nx\stex_kpsewhich:n{-expand-var~\c_percent_str MATHHUB\c_percent_str}
416
       \exp_args:NNx\str_replace_all:Nnn\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\c_backslash_str}/
417
       \exp_args: Nnx\use:nn{\endgroup}{\str_set: Nn\exp_not: N\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\l_ste
418
    }{
       \stex_kpsewhich:n{-var-value~MATHHUB}
420
421
     \str_set_eq:NN\c_stex_mathhub_str\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str
422
423
     \str_if_empty:NT \c_stex_mathhub_str {
424
      \sys_if_platform_windows:TF{
425
         \begingroup\escapechar=-1\catcode'\\=12
426
         \exp_args:Nx\stex_kpsewhich:n{-var-value~HOME}
427
         \exp_args:NNx\str_replace_all:Nnn\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\c_backslash_str}/
428
         \exp_args:Nnx\use:nn{\endgroup}{\str_set:Nn\exp_not:N\1_stex_kpsewhich_return_str{\1_s
429
      }{
         \stex_kpsewhich:n{-var-value~HOME}
       \ior_open:NnT \l_tmpa_ior{\l_stex_kpsewhich_return_str / .stex / mathhub.path}{
433
         \begingroup\escapechar=-1\catcode'\\=12
434
         \ior_str_get:NN \l_tmpa_ior \l_tmpa_str
435
```

```
\exp_args:NNx\str_replace_all:Nnn\l_tmpa_str{\c_backslash_str}/
                            437
                            438
                                      \str_gset_eq:NN \c_stex_mathhub_str\l_tmpa_str
                            439
                                      \endgroup
                            440
                                      \ior_close:N \l_tmpa_ior
                            441
                            442
                            443
                                  \str_if_empty:NTF\c_stex_mathhub_str{
                            444
                                   \msg_warning:nn{stex}{warning/nomathhub}
                            445
                            446
                                    \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{MathHub:~\str_use:N\c_stex_mathhub_str}
                            447
                                    \exp_args:NNo \stex_path_from_string:Nn\c_stex_mathhub_seq\c_stex_mathhub_str
                            448
                            449
                            450 }{
                                  \stex_path_from_string:Nn \c_stex_mathhub_seq \mathhub
                            451
                                  \stex_path_if_absolute:NF \c_stex_mathhub_seq {
                            452
                                    \exp_args:NNx \stex_path_from_string:Nn \c_stex_mathhub_seq {
                            453
                                      \c_stex_pwd_str/\mathhub
                                   }
                                 \stex_path_to_string:NN\c_stex_mathhub_seq\c_stex_mathhub_str
                            457
                                 \stex_debug:nn{mathhub} {MathHub:~\str_use:N\c_stex_mathhub_str}
                            458
                            459 }
                           (End definition for \mathhub, \c_stex_mathhub_seq, and \c_stex_mathhub_str. These variables are
                           documented on page 54.)
                           Checks whether the manifest for archive #1 already exists, and if not, finds and parses
   \ stex mathhub do manifest:n
                           the corresponding manifest file
                               \cs_new_protected: Nn \__stex_mathhub_do_manifest:n {
                                  \prop_if_exist:cF {c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop} {
                            461
                                    \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
                                    \prop_new:c { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                    \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpa_seq / \l_tmpa_str
                                    \seq_concat:NNN \l_tmpa_seq \c_stex_mathhub_seq \l_tmpa_seq
                            465
                                    \__stex_mathhub_find_manifest:N \l_tmpa_seq
                            466
                                    \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_mathhub_manifest_file_seq {
                            467
                                      \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/norepository}{#1}{
                            468
                                        \stex_path_to_string:N \c_stex_mathhub_str
                            469
                            470
                                   } {
                            471
                                      \exp_args:No \__stex_mathhub_parse_manifest:n { \l_tmpa_str }
                            473
                            474
                                 }
                            475
                           (End definition for \ stex mathhub do manifest:n.)
\l_stex_mathhub_manifest_file_seq
                            476 \seq_new:N\l__stex_mathhub_manifest_file_seq
                           (End definition for \label{eq:end_definition} stex mathbub manifest file seq.)
```

\sys_if_platform_windows:T{

```
\__stex_mathhub_find manifest:N
                         Attempts to find the MANIFEST.MF in some file path and stores its path in \l__stex_-
                         mathhub_manifest_file_seq:
                           477 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_mathhub_find_manifest:N {
                                \seq set eq:NN\l tmpa seq #1
                           478
                                \bool_set_true:N\l_tmpa_bool
                           479
                                \bool_while_do:Nn \l_tmpa_bool {
                           480
                                  \seq_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_seq {
                           481
                                    \bool_set_false:N\l_tmpa_bool
                           483
                                    \file_if_exist:nTF{
                                       \stex_path_to_string:N\l_tmpa_seq/MANIFEST.MF
                           485
                                    }{
                           486
                                       \seq_put_right:Nn\l_tmpa_seq{MANIFEST.MF}
                           487
                                       \bool_set_false:N\l_tmpa_bool
                           488
                                    }{
                           489
                                       \file_if_exist:nTF{
                           490
                                         \stex_path_to_string:N\l_tmpa_seq/META-INF/MANIFEST.MF
                           491
                           492
                                         \seq_put_right:Nn\l_tmpa_seq{META-INF}
                                         \seq_put_right:Nn\l_tmpa_seq{MANIFEST.MF}
                                         \bool_set_false:N\l_tmpa_bool
                                      }{
                                         \file_if_exist:nTF{
                                           \stex_path_to_string:N\l_tmpa_seq/meta-inf/MANIFEST.MF
                           498
                           499
                                           \seq_put_right: Nn\l_tmpa_seq{meta-inf}
                           500
                                           \seq_put_right:Nn\l_tmpa_seq{MANIFEST.MF}
                           501
                                           \bool_set_false:N\l_tmpa_bool
                           502
                                           \seq_pop_right:NN\l_tmpa_seq\l_tmpa_tl
                                         }
                                      }
                           506
                                    }
                           507
                                  }
                           508
                           509
                                \verb|\seq_set_eq:NN\l_stex_mathhub_manifest_file_seq\l_tmpa_seq|
                           510
                          (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__stex_mathhub_find_manifest:N.)
                         File variable used for MANIFEST-files
  \c_stex_mathhub_manifest_ior
                           _{\text{512}} \ior_new:N \c__stex_mathhub_manifest_ior
                          (End definition for \c_stex_mathhub_manifest_ior.)
\ stex mathhub parse manifest:n
                         Stores the entries in manifest file in the corresponding property list:
                           513 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_mathhub_parse_manifest:n {
                                \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l__stex_mathhub_manifest_file_seq
                                \ior_open:Nn \c__stex_mathhub_manifest_ior {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq}
                           515
                           516
                                \ior_map_inline:Nn \c__stex_mathhub_manifest_ior {
                                  \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str {##1}
                           517
                                  \exp_args:NNoo \seq_set_split:Nnn
                           518
                                       \l_tmpb_seq \c_colon_str \l_tmpa_str
                           519
```

\seq_pop_left:NNTF \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_tl {

```
\exp_args:NNo \seq_use:Nn \l_tmpb_seq \c_colon_str
                                522
                                523
                                          \exp_args:No \str_case:nnTF \l_tmpa_tl {
                                524
                                            {id} {
                                525
                                               \prop_gput:cno { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                526
                                                 { id } \l_tmpb_tl
                                527
                                528
                                             {narration-base} {
                                               \prop_gput:cno { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                                 { narr } \l_tmpb_tl
                                531
                                532
                                            {url-base} {
                                533
                                               \prop_gput:cno { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                534
                                                 { docurl } \l_tmpb_tl
                                535
                                536
                                            {source-base} {
                                537
                                               \prop_gput:cno { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                538
                                                 \{ ns \} \label{local_tmpb_tl}
                                            {ns} {
                                               \prop_gput:cno { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                542
                                                 { ns } \l_tmpb_tl
                                543
                                544
                                            {dependencies} {
                                545
                                               \prop_gput:cno { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }
                                546
                                                 { deps } \l_tmpb_tl
                                547
                                548
                                          }{}{}
                                549
                                550
                                        }{}
                                      }
                                551
                                      \verb|\ior_close:N \ \c__stex_mathhub_manifest_ior| \\
                                552
                                553
                                      \stex_persist:x {
                                        \prop_set_from_keyval:cn{ c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop }{
                                554
                                          \exp_after:wN \prop_to_keyval:N \csname c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop\endcsname
                                555
                                556
                                557
                                558 }
                               (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__stex_mathhub_parse_manifest:n.)
      \stex_set_current_repository:n
                                559 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_set_current_repository:n {
                                      \stex_require_repository:n { #1 }
                                560
                                      \prop_set_eq:Nc \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
                                561
                                        c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop
                                562
                                563
                               (End definition for \stex_set_current_repository:n. This function is documented on page 54.)
\stex_require_repository:n
                                565 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_require_repository:n {
                                      \prop_if_exist:cF { c_stex_mathhub_#1_manifest_prop } {
                                566
                                        \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{Opening~archive:~#1}
                                567
```

\exp_args:NNe \str_set:Nn \l_tmpb_tl {

```
\__stex_mathhub_do_manifest:n { #1 }
                         569
                         570 }
                        (End definition for \stex_require_repository:n. This function is documented on page 54.)
\l stex current repository prop
                        Current MathHub repository
                          571 %\prop_new:N \l_stex_current_repository_prop
                            \bool_if:NF \c_stex_persist_mode_bool {
                               \__stex_mathhub_find_manifest:N \c_stex_pwd_seq
                               \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_mathhub_manifest_file_seq {
                          574
                                 \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{Not~currently~in~a~MathHub~repository}
                          575
                          576
                                 \__stex_mathhub_parse_manifest:n { main }
                          577
                                 \prop_get:NnN \c_stex_mathhub_main_manifest_prop {id}
                          578
                                   \l_tmpa_str
                          579
                                 \prop_set_eq:cN { c_stex_mathhub_\l_tmpa_str _manifest_prop }
                          580
                                   \c_stex_mathhub_main_manifest_prop
                          581
                                 \exp_args:Nx \stex_set_current_repository:n { \l_tmpa_str }
                          582
                                 \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{Current~repository:~
                                   \prop_item:Nn \l_stex_current_repository_prop {id}
                                 }
                          586
                               }
                         587 }
```

(End definition for \l_stex_current_repository_prop. This variable is documented on page 54.)

\stex_in_repository:nn

Executes the code in the second argument in the context of the repository whose ID is provided as the first argument.

```
588 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_in_repository:nn {
     \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
     \cs_set:Npn \l_tmpa_cs ##1 { #2 }
590
     \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
591
       \prop_if_exist:NTF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
592
         \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{do~in~current~repository:~\prop_item:Nn \l_stex_current_reposi
593
         \exp_args:Ne \l_tmpa_cs{
594
           \prop_item:Nn \l_stex_current_repository_prop { id }
595
596
597
      }{
         \l_{tmpa_cs}
      }
    }{
600
       \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{in~repository:~\l_tmpa_str}
601
       \stex_require_repository:n \l_tmpa_str
602
       \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
603
       \exp_args:Nne \use:nn {
604
         \stex_set_current_repository:n \l_tmpa_str
605
         \exp_args:Nx \l_tmpa_cs{\l_tmpa_str}
606
607
         \stex_debug:nn{mathhub}{switching~back~to:~
608
           \prop_if_exist:NTF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
             \prop_item:Nn \l_stex_current_repository_prop { id }:~
611
             \meaning\l_stex_current_repository_prop
           }{
612
```

```
613
              no~repository
           }
614
         }
615
          \prop_if_exist:NTF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
616
           \stex_set_current_repository:n {
617
            \prop_item:Nn \l_stex_current_repository_prop { id }
618
           }
619
         }{
620
            \let\exp_not:N\l_stex_current_repository_prop\exp_not:N\undefined
622
       }
623
     }
624
625 }
```

(End definition for \stex_in_repository:nn. This function is documented on page 54.)

25.5 Using Content in Archives

```
\mhpath
             626 \def \mhpath #1 #2 {
                  \exp_args:Ne \tl_if_empty:nTF{#1}{
             627
                    \c_stex_mathhub_str /
             628
                      \prop_item: Nn \l_stex_current_repository_prop { id }
             629
             630
             631
                    \c_stex_mathhub_str / #1 / source / #2
             632
                  }
             633
             634 }
           (End definition for \mhpath. This function is documented on page 55.)
\inputref
\mhinput
             635 \newif \ifinputref \inputreffalse
                \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_mathhub_mhinput:nn {
             637
                  \stex_in_repository:nn {#1} {
             638
                    \ifinputref
             639
                      \input{ \c_stex_mathhub_str / ##1 / source / #2 }
             640
                    \else
             641
                      \inputreftrue
                      \input{ \c_stex_mathhub_str / ##1 / source / #2 }
                      \inputreffalse
             645
                    \fi
                  }
             646
             647
                \NewDocumentCommand \mhinput { O{} m}{
                  \_stex_mathhub_mhinput:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
             649
             650 }
             651
                \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_mathhub_inputref:nn {
             652
                  \stex_in_repository:nn {#1} {
             653
                    \stex_html_backend:TF {
             654
                      \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
```

```
\prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { narr } \l_tmpa_str {
                      656
                                  \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { ns } \l_tmpa_str {}
                      657
                      658
                               \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{inputref}{
                      659
                                  \l_tmpa_str / #2
                      660
                               }{}
                      661
                             }{
                      662
                                \begingroup
                      663
                                  \inputreftrue
                                  \tl_if_empty:nTF{ ##1 }{
                      665
                                    \displaystyle \begin{array}{l} \displaystyle 1 \end{array}
                                 }{
                      667
                                    \input{ \c_stex_mathhub_str / ##1 / source / #2 }
                      668
                      669
                                \endgroup
                      670
                             }
                      671
                      672
                      673 }
                         \NewDocumentCommand \inputref { O{} m}{
                           \__stex_mathhub_inputref:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
                      676 }
                     (End definition for \inputref and \mhinput. These functions are documented on page 55.)
\addmhbibresource
                      677 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_mathhub_mhbibresource:nn {
                           \stex_in_repository:nn {#1} {
                      679
                             \addbibresource{ \c_stex_mathhub_str / ##1 / #2 }
                      681 }
                      682 \newcommand\addmhbibresource[2][]{
                           \__stex_mathhub_mhbibresource:nn{ #1 }{ #2 }
                      684 }
                     (End definition for \addmhbibresource. This function is documented on page 55.)
        \libinput
                      685 \cs_new_protected:Npn \libinput #1 {
                           \prop_if_exist:NF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
                             \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}\libinput
                      687
                      688
                           \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {id} \l_tmpa_str {
                      689
                             \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}\libinput
                      690
                      691
                           \seq_clear:N \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq
                      692
                           \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \c_stex_mathhub_seq
                      693
                           \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpb_seq / \l_tmpa_str
                      694
                      695
                           \bool_while_do:nn { ! \seq_if_empty_p:N \l_tmpb_seq }{
                      696
                             \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq / meta-inf / lib / #1.tex}
                             \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str }{
                      698
                               \seq_put_right:No \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq \l_tmpa_str
                      699
                      700
                             \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str
                      701
                             \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
                      702
```

```
704
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq / lib / #1.tex}
 705
      \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str }{
 706
        \seq_put_right:No \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq \l_tmpa_str
 707
      }{}
 708
 709
      \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq {
 710
        \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nofile}{\exp_not:N\libinput}{#1.tex}
 711
 712
        \seq_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq {
 713
          \input{ ##1 }
 714
        }
      }
 716
 717 }
(End definition for \libinput. This function is documented on page 55.)
    \NewDocumentCommand \libusepackage {O{} m} {
      \prop_if_exist:NF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
 719
        \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}\libusepackage
 720
      \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {id} \l_tmpa_str {
        \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}\libusepackage
 723
 724
      \seq_clear:N \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq
 725
      \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \c_stex_mathhub_seq
 726
      \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpb_seq / \l_tmpa_str
 728
      \bool_while_do:nn { ! \seq_if_empty_p:N \l_tmpb_seq }{
 729
        \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq / meta-inf / lib / #2}
 730
        \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.sty }{
 731
          \seq_put_right:No \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq \l_tmpa_str
        }{}
 733
        \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str
 734
 735
        \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
 736
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq / lib / #2}
 738
      \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.sty }{
 739
        \seq_put_right:No \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq \l_tmpa_str
 740
      }{}
 741
 742
      \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq {
 743
        \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nofile}{\exp_not:N\libusepackage}{#2.sty}
 744
 745
      }{
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\seq_count:N \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq} = 1 {
 746
          \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_mathhub_libinput_files_seq {
 747
            \usepackage[#1]{ ##1 }
 748
 749
 750
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/twofiles}{\exp_not:N\libusepackage}{#2.sty}
```

}

703

751

\libusepackage

```
}
                     753
                     754 }
                    (End definition for \libusepackage. This function is documented on page 55.)
       \mhgraphics
      \cmhgraphics
                     755
                     756 \AddToHook{begindocument}{
                        \ltx@ifpackageloaded{graphicx}{
                     757
                            \define@key{Gin}{mhrepos}{\def\Gin@mhrepos{#1}}
                     758
                            \newcommand\mhgraphics[2][]{%
                     759
                              \def\Gin@mhrepos{}\setkeys{Gin}{#1}%
                              \includegraphics[#1]{\mhpath\Gin@mhrepos{#2}}}
                            (End definition for \mhgraphics and \cmhgraphics. These functions are documented on page 55.)
\lstinputmhlisting
\clstinputmhlisting
                     764 \ltx@ifpackageloaded{listings}{
                            \define@key{lst}{mhrepos}{\def\lst@mhrepos{#1}}
                     765
                            \newcommand\lstinputmhlisting[2][]{%
                     766
                              767
                              \lstinputlisting[#1]{\mhpath\lst@mhrepos{#2}}}
                     768
                            \newcommand\clstinputmhlisting[2][]{\begin{center}\lstinputmhlisting[#1]{#2}\end{center}
                     769
                          }{}
                     770
                     771 }
                     772
                     773 (/package)
                    (End definition for \lstinputmhlisting and \clstinputmhlisting. These functions are documented on
                    page 55.)
```

Chapter 26

STEX

-References Implementation

```
774 (*package)
                 references.dtx
                                                         778 (@@=stex_refs)
                     Warnings and error messages
                     References are stored in the file \jobname.sref, to enable cross-referencing external
                  780 %\iow_new:N \c__stex_refs_refs_iow
                  781 \AtBeginDocument{
                  782 % \iow_open:Nn \c__stex_refs_refs_iow {\jobname.sref}
                  784 \AtEndDocument{
                 785 % \iow_close:N \c__stex_refs_refs_iow
\STEXreftitle
                  \label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{str\_set}:Nn \ \g_stex_refs_title_tl \ {\tt Unnamed~Document}$$ $$
                 789 \NewDocumentCommand \STEXreftitle { m } {
                       \t\g_set:Nx \g_stex_refs_title_tl \ \{ \ \#1 \ \}
                (End definition for \STEXreftitle. This function is documented on page 56.)
```

26.1 Document URIs and URLs

```
\ll_stex_current_docns_str

792 \str_new:N \l_stex_current_docns_str

(End definition for \l_stex_current_docns_str. This variable is documented on page 56.)
```

```
793 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_get_document_uri: {
                                    \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \g_stex_currentfile_seq
                               794
                                    \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
                               795
                                    \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq . \l_tmpb_str
                               796
                                    \seq_get_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpb_str
                               797
                                    \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
                               798
                               799
                                    \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
                                    \prop_if_exist:NT \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
                                       \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { narr } \l_tmpa_str {
                                         \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { ns } \l_tmpa_str {}
                               803
                               804
                                    }
                               805
                               806
                                    \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                               807
                                       \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_docns_str {
                               808
                                        file:/\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq
                               809
                                    }{
                               811
                                       \bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool
                               812
                               813
                                       \bool_while_do:Nn \l_tmpa_bool {
                                         \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
                               814
                                         \exp_args:No \str_case:nnTF { \l_tmpb_str } {
                               815
                                           {source} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
                               816
                                        }{}{
                               817
                                           \seq_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_seq {
                               818
                                             \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
                               819
                               820
                                        }
                               823
                                       \seq_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_seq {
                               824
                                         \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_current_docns_str \l_tmpa_str
                               825
                               826
                                         \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_docns_str {
                               827
                                           \l_tmpa_str/\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq
                               828
                               829
                                      }
                               830
                                    }
                               831
                              (End definition for \stex_get_document_uri: This function is documented on page 56.)
\l_stex_current_docurl_str
                               833 \str_new:N \l_stex_current_docurl_str
                              (End definition for \l_stex_current_docurl_str. This variable is documented on page 56.)
   \stex_get_document_url:
                               834 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_get_document_url: {
                                    \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \g_stex_currentfile_seq
                               836
                                    \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
                                    \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq . \l_tmpb_str
```

\stex_get_document_uri:

```
\seq_get_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpb_str
     \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
839
840
     \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
841
     \prop_if_exist:NT \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
842
       \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { docurl } \l_tmpa_str {
843
         \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { narr } \l_tmpa_str {
844
           \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { ns } \l_tmpa_str {}
847
       }
     }
848
849
     \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
850
       \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_docurl_str {
851
         file:/\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq
852
853
854
       \bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool
855
       \bool_while_do:Nn \l_tmpa_bool {
         \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
         \exp_args:No \str_case:nnTF { \l_tmpb_str } {
           {source} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
859
860
           \seq_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_seq {
             \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
862
863
         }
864
       }
865
866
       \seq_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_seq {
         \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_current_docurl_str \l_tmpa_str
869
870
         \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_docurl_str {
           \l_tmpa_str/\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq
871
872
873
     }
874
875 }
```

(End definition for \stex_get_document_url:. This function is documented on page 56.)

26.2 Setting Reference Targets

```
876 \str_const:Nn \c__stex_refs_url_str{URL}
877 \str_const:Nn \c__stex_refs_ref_str{REF}
878 \str_new:N \l__stex_refs_curr_label_str
879 % @currentlabel -> number
880 % @currentlabelname -> title
881 % @currentHref -> name.number <- id of some kind
882 % \theH# -> \arabic{section}
883 % \the# -> number
884 % \hyper@makecurrent{#}
885 \int_new:N \l__stex_refs_unnamed_counter_int
```

```
\stex_ref_new_doc_target:n
```

\stex_ref_new_sym_target:n

931

```
886 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {
            \stex_get_document_uri:
  887
             \str_clear:N \l__stex_refs_curr_label_str
  888
             \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
  889
             \str_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_str {
  890
                 \int_incr:N \l__stex_refs_unnamed_counter_int
  891
                 \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {REF\int_use:N \l_stex_refs_unnamed_counter_int}
            \str_set:Nx \l__stex_refs_curr_label_str {
                 \l_stex_current_docns_str?\l_tmpa_str
  895
  896
            \label{lem:cfg_stex_refs_labels_l_tmpa_str_seq} $$ \operatorname{cfg_stex_refs_labels_l_tmpa_str_seq} $$
  897
                \seq_new:c {g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpa_str _seq}
  898
  899
             \seq_if_in:coF{g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpa_str _seq}\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str {
  900
                 \seq_gput_right:co{g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpa_str _seq}\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str
  901
  902
             \stex_if_smsmode:TF {
                \stex_get_document_url:
  904
  905
                 \str_gset_eq:cN {sref_url_\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str _str}\l_stex_current_docurl_str
  906
                 \str_gset_eq:cN {sref_\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str _type}\c__stex_refs_url_str
  907
                 %\iow_now:Nx \c__stex_refs_refs_iow { \l_tmpa_str~=~\expandafter\unexpanded\expandafter{
  908
                 \exp_args:Nx\label{sref_\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str}
  909
                 \immediate\write\@auxout{\stexauxadddocref{\l_stex_current_docns_str}{\l_tmpa_str}}
  910
                 \str_gset:cx {sref_\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str _type}\c__stex_refs_ref_str
  911
  912
  913 }
(End definition for \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n. This function is documented on page 56.)
         The following is used to set the necessary macros in the .aux-file.
  914 \cs_new_protected:Npn \stexauxadddocref #1 #2 {
            \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str {#1?#2}
  915
             \str_gset_eq:cN{sref_#1?#2_type}\c__stex_refs_ref_str
             \seq_if_exist:cF{g__stex_refs_labels_#2_seq}{
                 \seq_new:c {g__stex_refs_labels_#2_seq}
  918
  919
             \seq_if_in:coF{g__stex_refs_labels_#2_seq}\l_tmpa_str {
  920
                 \label{lem:cog_stex_refs_labels_#2_seq} $$ \operatorname{cog_stex_refs_labels_#2_seq} \leq \operatorname{cog_stex_refs_labels_#2_seq} $$ \end{substitute} $$ \operatorname{cog_stex_refs_labels_#2_seq} $$ \end{substitute} $$ 
  921
  922
  923 }
To avoid resetting the same macros when the .aux-file is read at the end of the document:
  924 \AtEndDocument{
            \def\stexauxadddocref#1 #2 {}{}
  926 }
  927 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {
            \stex_if_smsmode:TF {
                \str_if_exist:cF{sref_sym_#1_type}{
  929
                     \stex_get_document_url:
  930
```

\str_gset_eq:cN {sref_sym_url_#1_str}\l_stex_current_docurl_str

```
932
         \str_gset_eq:cN {sref_sym_#1_type}\c__stex_refs_url_str
       }
933
     }{
934
       \str_if_empty:NF \l__stex_refs_curr_label_str {
935
         \str_gset_eq:cN {sref_sym_#1_label_str}\l__stex_refs_curr_label_str
936
         \immediate\write\@auxout{
937
           \exp_not:N\expandafter\def\exp_not:N\csname \exp_not:N\detokenize{sref_sym_#1_label_
938
                \l__stex_refs_curr_label_str
941
       }
942
     }
943
944 }
```

(End definition for \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n. This function is documented on page 56.)

26.3 Using References

976

```
945 \str_new:N \l__stex_refs_indocument_str
\sref Optional arguments:
        946
           \keys_define:nn { stex / sref } {
                            .tl_set:N = \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl ,
             fallback
                            .tl_set:N = \l__stex_refs_fallback_tl ,
             pre
                            .tl_set:N = \l_stex_refs_pre_tl ,
        951
             post
                            .tl_set:N = \l__stex_refs_post_tl ,
        952 }
        953 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_refs_args:n {
             \tl_clear:N \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl
        954
             \tl_clear:N \l__stex_refs_fallback_tl
        955
             \tl_clear:N \l__stex_refs_pre_tl
        956
             \tl_clear:N \l__stex_refs_post_tl
        957
             \str_clear:N \l__stex_refs_repo_str
             \keys_set:nn { stex / sref } { #1 }
        960 }
       The actual macro:
           \NewDocumentCommand \sref { O{} m}{
        962
             \__stex_refs_args:n { #1 }
        963
             \str_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_indocument_str {
               \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #2 }
               \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq ? \l_tmpa_str
               \int_compare:nNnTF {\seq_count:N \l_tmpa_seq} = 1 {
                 \seq_if_exist:cTF{g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpa_str _seq}{
        967
                   \seq_get_left:cNF {g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpa_str _seq} \l_tmpa_str {
                     \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
        969
        970
                 }{
        971
                    \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
        972
        973
                 }
        974
               }{
        975
                 \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
```

\seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str

```
\seq_if_exist:cTF{g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpa_str _seq}{
            978
                       \str_set_eq:NN \l_tmpc_str \l_tmpa_str
            979
                       \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
            980
                        \seq_map_inline:cn {g__stex_refs_labels_\l_tmpc_str _seq} {
            981
                          \str_if_eq:eeT { \l_tmpb_str?\l_tmpc_str }{
            982
                            \str_range:nnn { ##1 }{ -\l_tmpa_int}{ -1 }
            983
                         }{
                            \seq_map_break:n {
                              \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { ##1 }
                         }
            988
                       }
            989
                     }{
            990
                        \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
            991
            992
            993
                   \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
            994
                     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl \l__stex_refs_fallback_tl \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl
                     \str_if_eq:cNTF {sref_\l_tmpa_str _type} \c__stex_refs_ref_str {
                       \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl {
                          \cs_if_exist:cTF{autoref}{
                            \l__stex_refs_pre_tl\exp_args:Nx\autoref{sref_\l_tmpa_str}\l__stex_refs_post_tl
           1000
                         }{
           1001
                            \l__stex_refs_pre_tl\exp_args:Nx\ref{sref_\l_tmpa_str}\l__stex_refs_post_tl
           1002
                         }
           1003
                       }{
           1004
                          \ltx@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{
           1005
                            \hyperref[sref_\l_tmpa_str]\l__stex_refs_linktext_tl
                         }{
                            \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl
                         }
           1009
                       }
           1010
                     }{
           1011
                        \ltx@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{
           1012
                          \href{\use:c{sref_url_\l_tmpa_str _str}}{\tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_t
           1013
           1014
           1015
                          \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl \l__stex_refs_fallback_tl \l__stex_refs
                     }
                   }
           1018
                 }{
           1019
                   % TODO
           1020
                 }
           1021
           1022 }
          (End definition for \sref. This function is documented on page 57.)
\srefsym
           1023 \NewDocumentCommand \srefsym { O{} m}{
                 \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
           1024
                 \__stex_refs_sym_aux:nn{#1}{\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
           1025
           1026 }
```

\int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \exp_args:Ne \str_count:n {\l_tmpb_str?\l_tmpa_str} }

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_refs_sym_aux:nn {
                                   1028
                                                 \str_if_exist:cTF {sref_sym_#2 _label_str }{
                                   1029
                                                      \sref[#1]{\use:c{sref_sym_#2 _label_str}}
                                   1030
                                   1031
                                                      \__stex_refs_args:n { #1 }
                                   1032
                                                      \str_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_indocument_str {
                                   1033
                                                           \tl_if_exist:cTF{sref_sym_#2 _type}{
                                   1034
                                                                % doc uri in \l_tmpb_str
                                                                \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\use:c{sref_sym_#2 _type}}
                                                                \str_if_eq:NNTF \l_tmpa_str \c__stex_refs_ref_str {
                                   1037
                                                                      % reference
                                   1038
                                                                      \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl {
                                   1039
                                                                           \cs_if_exist:cTF{autoref}{
                                   1040
                                                                                 \l_stex_refs_pre_tl\autoref{sref_sym_#2}\l_stex_refs_post_tl
                                   1041
                                   1042
                                                                                  \l__stex_refs_pre_tl\ref{sref_sym_#2}\l__stex_refs_post_tl
                                   1043
                                                                           }
                                   1044
                                                                     }{
                                                                           \ltx@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{
                                                                                 \hyperref[sref_sym_#2]\l__stex_refs_linktext_tl
                                   1048
                                                                                 \label{local_local_local_local} $$ l__stex_refs_linktext_tl $$
                                   1049
                                                                           }
                                   1050
                                                                     }
                                   1051
                                                                }{
                                   1052
                                                                      % URL
                                   1053
                                                                      \ltx@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{
                                   1054
                                                                           \href{\use:c{sref_sym_url_#2 _str}}{\tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl \
                                   1055
                                                                     }{
                                                                            \verb|\tl_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_refs_linktext_tl \l_stex_refs_fallback_tl 
                                   1057
                                                                      }
                                                                }
                                   1059
                                                           7-{
                                   1060
                                                                 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_refs_linktext_tl \l__stex_refs_fallback_tl \l__stex_refs_l
                                   1061
                                   1062
                                                      }{
                                   1063
                                                           % TODO
                                   1064
                                   1065
                                                      }
                                                 }
                                   1067 }
                                  (End definition for \srefsym. This function is documented on page 57.)
\srefsymuri
                                   1068 \cs_new_protected:Npn \srefsymuri #1 #2 {
                                                 1070
                                  (End definition for \srefsymuri. This function is documented on page 57.)
                                   1071 (/package)
```

Chapter 27

STEX -Modules Implementation

```
1072 (*package)
                              1073
                              modules.dtx
                                                                 <@@=stex_modules>
                                  Warnings and error messages
                                 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/unknownmodule}{
                                   No~module~#1~found
                              1079 }
                              1080 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/syntax}{
                                   Syntax~error:~#1
                              1081
                              1082 }
                              1083 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/siglanguage}{
                                   Module~#1~declares~signature~#2,~but~does~not~
                              1084
                                   declare~its~language
                              1085
                                 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{warning/deprecated}{
                                   #1~is~deprecated;~please~use~#2~instead!
                              1089 }
                              1091 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/conflictingmodules}{
                                   Conflicting~imports~for~module~#1
                              1093 }
                             The current module:
\l_stex_current_module_str
                              1094 \str_new:N \l_stex_current_module_str
                             (End definition for \l_stex_current_module_str. This variable is documented on page 59.)
                             Stores all available modules
   \l_stex_all_modules_seq
                              1095 \seq_new:N \l_stex_all_modules_seq
                             (End definition for \l_stex_all_modules_seq. This variable is documented on page 59.)
```

```
\stex_if_in_module_p:
     \stex_if_in_module: <u>TF</u>
                               1096 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \stex_if_in_module: {p, T, F, TF} {
                                     \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_current_module_str
                                       \prg_return_false: \prg_return_true:
                               1098
                               1099 }
                              (End definition for \stex_if_in_module:TF. This function is documented on page 59.)
\stex_if_module_exists_p:n
\stex_if_module_exists:nTF
                               1100 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \stex_if_module_exists:n {p, T, F, TF} {
                                     \prop_if_exist:cTF { c_stex_module_#1_prop }
                               1101
                               1102
                                       \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                               1103 }
                              (End definition for \stex_if_module_exists:nTF. This function is documented on page 59.)
       \stex add to current module:n
                              Only allowed within modules:
                \STEXexport
                               1104 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_execute_in_module:n { \stex_if_in_module:T {
                                     \stex_add_to_current_module:n { #1 }
                                     \stex_do_up_to_module:n { #1 }
                               1106
                               1107 }}
                                   \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_execute_in_module:n {x}
                               1108
                               1109
                               1110 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_add_to_current_module:n {
                                     \tl_gput_right:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _code} { #1 }
                               1111
                               1112 }
                               \tag{x}
\cs_generate_variant:\n \stex_add_to_current_module:n {x}
                                   \cs_new_protected:Npn \STEXexport {
                                     \begingroup
                                     \newlinechar=-1\relax
                               1116
                                     \endlinechar=-1\relax
                                     %\catcode'\ = 9\relax
                               1118
                                     \expandafter\endgroup\__stex_modules_export:n
                               1119
                               1120 }
                               1121 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_export:n {
                                     \ignorespaces #1
                                     \stex_add_to_current_module:n { \ignorespaces #1 }
                                     \stex_smsmode_do:
                               1124
                               1125 }
                               1126 \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \STEXexport {module~environments}
                              (End definition for \stex_add_to_current_module:n and \STEXexport. These functions are documented
                              on page 59.)
\stex add constant to current module:n
                               1127 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_add_constant_to_current_module:n {
                                     \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
                                     \seq_gput_right:co {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _constants} { \l_tmpa_str }
                               1130 }
                              (End definition for \stex_add_constant_to_current_module:n. This function is documented on page
                              59.)
```

```
\stex_add_import_to_current_module:n
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_add_import_to_current_module:n {
                                  \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
                                  \exp_args:Nno
                            1133
                                  \seq_if_in:cnF{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _imports}\l_tmpa_str{
                            1134
                                    \seq_gput_right:co{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _imports}\l_tmpa_str
                            1135
                            1136
                            1137 }
                            (End definition for \stex_add_import_to_current_module:n. This function is documented on page 59.)
 \stex_collect_imports:n
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_collect_imports:n {
                                  \seq_clear:N \l_stex_collect_imports_seq
                            1139
                                  \__stex_modules_collect_imports:n {#1}
                            1140
                            1141
                            1142
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_collect_imports:n {
                                  \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_#1_imports} {
                            1143
                                    \seq_if_in:NnF \l_stex_collect_imports_seq { ##1 } {
                            1144
                                       \__stex_modules_collect_imports:n { ##1 }
                            1145
                            1146
                            1147
                                  \seq_if_in:NnF \l_stex_collect_imports_seq { #1 } {
                            1148
                                    \seq_put_right:Nx \l_stex_collect_imports_seq { #1 }
                            1149
                            1150
                            1151 }
                            (End definition for \stex collect imports:n. This function is documented on page 59.)
 \stex_do_up_to_module:n
                                \int_new:N \l__stex_modules_group_depth_int
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_do_up_to_module:n {
                                  \int_compare:nNnTF \l__stex_modules_group_depth_int = \currentgrouplevel {
                            1154
                                    #1
                                  }{
                            1156
                                    \expandafter \tl_gset:Nn
                            1158
                                    \csname l_stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_current_module_str _tl
                            1159
                            1160
                                    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endcsname
                                    \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter { \csname
                                      l__stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_current_module_str _tl\endcsname #1 }
                                    \aftergroup\__stex_modules_aftergroup_do:
                            1163
                                  }
                            1164
                            1165 }
                                \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_do_up_to_module:n {x}
                            1166
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_aftergroup_do: {
                            1167
                                  \stex_debug:nn{aftergroup}{\cs_meaning:c{
                            1168
                            1169
                                    l__stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_current_module_str _tl
                            1170
                                  \int_compare:nNnTF \l__stex_modules_group_depth_int = \currentgrouplevel {
                            1172
                                    \use:c{l__stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_current_module_str _tl}
                            1173
                                    \tl_gclear:c{l__stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_current_module_str _tl}
                                  }{
                            1174
```

\use:c{l__stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_current_module_str _tl}

```
\aftergroup\__stex_modules_aftergroup_do:
1178
    \cs_new_protected: Nn \_stex_reset_up_to_module:n {
      \expandafter\let\csname l__stex_modules_aftergroup_#1_tl\endcsname\undefined
1180
1181 }
(End definition for \stex_do_up_to_module:n. This function is documented on page 59.)
Computes the appropriate namespace from the top-level namespace of a repository (#1)
and a file path (#2).
(End definition for \stex_modules_compute_namespace:nN. This function is documented on page ??.)
Computes the current namespace based on the current MathHub repository (if existent)
and the current file.
    \str_new:N \l_stex_module_ns_str
    \str_new:N \l_stex_module_subpath_str
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_compute_namespace:nN {
      \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq #2
1187
      % split off file extension
      \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str % <- filename
1188
      \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq . \l_tmpb_str
1189
      \seq_get_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpb_str % <- filename without suffixes
1190
      \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str % <- file path including name without suffixes
1191
1192
```

\stex modules compute namespace:nN

\stex modules current namespace:

```
\bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool
1193
      \bool_while_do:Nn \l_tmpa_bool {
1194
        \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
        \exp_args:No \str_case:nnTF { \l_tmpb_str } {
          {source} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
1197
1198
          \seq_if_empty:NT \l_tmpa_seq {
1199
            \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
1200
1201
       }
1202
     }
1203
1204
     \stex_path_to_string:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_stex_module_subpath_str
     % \l_tmpa_seq <- sub-path relative to archive</pre>
     \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_module_subpath_str {
1207
        \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_ns_str {#1}
1208
1209
       \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_ns_str {
          #1/\l_stex_module_subpath_str
1211
     }
1213
1214
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_modules_current_namespace: {
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_subpath_str
     \prop_if_exist:NTF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
1218
        \prop_get:NnN \l_stex_current_repository_prop { ns } \l_tmpa_str
1219
```

```
\__stex_modules_compute_namespace:nN \l_tmpa_str \g_stex_currentfile_seq
1220
     }{
       % split off file extension
       \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \g_stex_currentfile_seq
1223
       \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
1224
       \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq . \l_tmpb_str
1225
       \seq_get_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpb_str
1226
       \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str
1227
       \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_ns_str {
         file:/\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq
1230
     }
1231
1232
```

(End definition for \stex_modules_current_namespace: This function is documented on page 60.)

27.1 The smodule environment

smodule arguments:

```
1233 \keys_define:nn { stex / module } {
                    .tl_set:N
                                  = \smoduletitle ,
1234
                    .str_set_x:N = \smoduletype ,
1235
     type
                    .str_set_x:N = \smoduleid
1236
     id
     deprecate
                    .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_deprecate_str ,
1237
                    .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_ns_str ,
     ns
1238
                    .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_lang_str ,
1239
     lang
                    .str_set_x:N = \\l_stex_module_sig_str,
1240
     sig
                    .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_creators_str ,
1241
     creators
     contributors .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_contributors_str ,
1242
                    .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_meta_str ,
     meta
1243
     srccite
                    .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_module_srccite_str
1244
1245 }
1246
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_args:n {
     \str_clear:N \smoduletitle
1248
     \str_clear:N \smoduletype
1249
     \str_clear:N \smoduleid
1250
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_ns_str
1251
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_deprecate_str
1252
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_lang_str
1253
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_sig_str
1254
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_creators_str
1255
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_contributors_str
1256
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_meta_str
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_module_srccite_str
     \keys_set:nn { stex / module } { #1 }
1260 }
1261
1262 % module parameters here? In the body?
1263
```

\stex_module_setup:nn Sets up a new module property list:

```
1264 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_module_setup:nn {
```

```
\int_set:Nn \l__stex_modules_group_depth_int {\currentgrouplevel}
     \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_name_str { #2 }
1266
       _stex_modules_args:n { #1 }
1267
    First, we set up the name and namespace of the module.
   Are we in a nested module?
     \stex_if_in_module:TF {
1268
       % Nested module
1269
       \prop_get:cnN {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _prop}
          { ns } \l_stex_module_ns_str
       \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_name_str {
1272
          \prop_item:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _prop}
            { name } / \l_stex_module_name_str
1274
       \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_module_lang_str {
1276
          \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_lang_str {
            \prop_item:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _prop}
              { lang }
         }
1280
       }
1281
1282
       % not nested:
       \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_module_ns_str {
1284
          \stex_modules_current_namespace:
1285
          \exp_args:NNNo \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq
1286
              / {\l_stex_module_ns_str}
1287
          \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
          \str_if_eq:NNT \l_tmpa_str \l_stex_module_name_str {
1289
            \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_ns_str {
1290
              \stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq
1291
1292
         }
1293
1294
     }
1295
    Next, we determine the language of the module:
     \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_module_lang_str {
       \seq_get_right:NN \g_stex_currentfile_seq \l_tmpa_str
       \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpa_seq . \l_tmpa_str
       \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str % .tex
1299
       \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnF \l_tmpa_str {tex} {
1300
          \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnF \l_tmpa_str {dtx} {
1301
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
1302
1303
       }
1304
       \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str % <filename>
1305
       \seq_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_seq { %remaining element should be [<something>.]language
          \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_stex_module_lang_str
          \stex_debug:nn{modules} {Language~\l_stex_module_lang_str~
1308
            inferred~from~file~name}
1309
     }
1311
1312
```

\stex_if_smsmode:F { \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_module_lang_str {

```
\prop_get:NVNTF \c_stex_languages_prop \l_stex_module_lang_str
          \l_tmpa_str {
            \ltx@ifpackageloaded{babel}{
1316
              \exp_args:Nx \selectlanguage { \l_tmpa_str }
1317
            }{}
1318
          } {
1319
            \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownlanguage}{\l_tmpa_str}
          }
1321
      }}
    We check if we need to extend a signature module, and set \l_stex_current_-
module_prop accordingly:
      \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_module_sig_str {
        \exp_args:Nnx \prop_gset_from_keyval:cn {
1324
1325
          c_stex_module_\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str _prop
        } {
1326
                     = \l_stex_module_name_str ,
1327
          name
                     = \l_stex_module_ns_str ,
          ns
1328
          file
                     = \exp_not:o { \g_stex_currentfile_seq } ,
1329
                     = \l_stex_module_lang_str ,
          lang
1330
          sig
                     = \l_stex_module_sig_str ,
          deprecate = \l_stex_module_deprecate_str ,
                     = \l_stex_module_meta_str
        }
        \seq_clear:c {c_stex_module_\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str _imports}
        \seq_clear:c {c_stex_module_\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str _constants}
1336
        \seq_clear:c {c_stex_module_\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str _copymodules}
        \tl_clear:c {c_stex_module_\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str _code}
1338
        \str_set:Nx\l_stex_current_module_str{\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str}
1339
    We load the metatheory:
        \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_module_meta_str {
1340
          \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_meta_str {
            \c_stex_metatheory_ns_str ? Metatheory
          }
1343
        }
1344
        \str_if_eq:VnF \l_stex_module_meta_str {NONE} {
1345
          \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_in_meta_bool
1346
          \exp_args:Nx \stex_add_to_current_module:n {
1347
            \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_in_meta_bool
1348
            \stex_activate_module:n {\l_stex_module_meta_str}
1349
            \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_in_meta_bool
1350
1351
          \stex_activate_module:n {\l_stex_module_meta_str}
          \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_in_meta_bool
        }
1354
      }{
1355
        \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_module_lang_str {
1356
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/siglanguage}{
1357
            \l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str
1358
          }{\l_stex_module_sig_str}
1359
1360
        \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Signature~\l_stex_module_sig_str~for~\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_st
1361
        \stex_if_module_exists:nTF{\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str}{
```

```
}{
                        1364
                                  \stex_debug:nn{modules}{(needs loading)}
                        1365
                                  \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \g_stex_currentfile_seq
                        1366
                                  \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
                        1367
                                  \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpb_seq . \l_tmpa_str
                        1368
                                  \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str % .tex
                        1369
                                  \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str % <filename>
                                  \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
                                    \stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq /
                                    \l_tmpa_str . \l_stex_module_sig_str .tex
                        1373
                                  }
                        1374
                                  \IfFileExists \l_tmpa_str {
                                    \exp_args:No \stex_file_in_smsmode:nn { \l_tmpa_str } {
                        1376
                                       \str_clear:N \l_stex_current_module_str
                        1377
                                       \seq_clear:N \l_stex_all_modules_seq
                        1378
                                       \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Loading~signature}
                        1379
                                    }
                        1380
                                  }{
                                    \label{lem:msg_error:nnxstex} $$\max_{error/unknownmodule}{for-signature-\l_tmpa_str}$$
                                  }
                        1384
                                \stex_if_smsmode:F {
                        1385
                                  \stex_activate_module:n {
                        1386
                                    \l_stex_module_ns_str ? \l_stex_module_name_str
                        1387
                        1388
                                }
                        1389
                                \str_set:Nx\l_stex_current_module_str{\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str}
                        1390
                        1391
                              \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_module_deprecate_str {
                                \msg_warning:nnxx{stex}{warning/deprecated}{
                        1393
                        1394
                                  Module~\l_stex_current_module_str
                        1395
                        1396
                                   \label{locality} $$ 1_stex_module_deprecate_str
                                }
                        1397
                        1398
                              \seq_put_right:Nx \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
                        1399
                                \l_stex_module_ns_str ? \l_stex_module_name_str
                        1400
                        1401
                              \tl_clear:c{l__stex_modules_aftergroup_\l_stex_module_ns_str ? \l_stex_module_name_str _tl
                        1403 }
                       (End definition for \stex_module_setup:nn. This function is documented on page 60.)
                       The module environment.
             smodule
                       implements \begin{smodule}
\ stex modules begin module:
                            \cs_new_protected: Nn \__stex_modules_begin_module: {
                              \stex_reactivate_macro:N \STEXexport
                              \stex_reactivate_macro:N \importmodule
                              \stex_reactivate_macro:N \symdecl
                        1408
                              \stex_reactivate_macro:N \notation
                              \stex_reactivate_macro:N \symdef
                        1409
                        1410
```

\stex_debug:nn{modules}{(already exists)}

```
Language:~\l_stex_module_lang_str\\
                             1415
                                     Signature:~\l_stex_module_sig_str\\
                             1416
                                     Metatheory:~\l_stex_module_meta_str\\
                             1417
                                     File:~\stex_path_to_string:N \g_stex_currentfile_seq
                             1418
                                   }
                             1420
                                   \stex_if_do_html:T{
                             1421
                                     \begin{stex_annotate_env} {theory} {
                             1422
                                       \l_stex_module_ns_str ? \l_stex_module_name_str
                             1423
                             1424
                             1425
                                     \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{header}{} {
                             1426
                                       \stex_annotate:nnn{language}{ \l_stex_module_lang_str }{}
                             1427
                                       \stex_annotate:nnn{signature}{ \l_stex_module_sig_str }{}
                             1428
                                       \str_if_eq:VnF \l_stex_module_meta_str {NONE} {
                                         \stex_annotate:nnn{metatheory}{ \l_stex_module_meta_str }{}
                                       }
                                       \str_if_empty:NF \smoduletype {
                             1432
                                         \stex_annotate:nnn{type}{\smoduletype}{}
                             1433
                             1434
                             1435
                             1436
                                   % TODO: Inherit metatheory for nested modules?
                             1437
                             1438
                                \iffalse \end{stex_annotate_env} \fi %^^A make syntax highlighting work again
                            (End definition for \__stex_modules_begin_module:.)
_stex_modules_end_module:
                            implements \end{module}
                             1440 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_end_module: {
                                   \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Closing~module~\prop_item:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module}
                             1441
                                   \_stex_reset_up_to_module:n \l_stex_current_module_str
                             1442
                                   \stex if smsmode:T {
                             1443
                                     \stex_persist:x {
                             1444
                                       \prop_set_from_keyval:cn{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _prop}{
                             1445
                                         \exp_after:wN \prop_to_keyval:N \csname c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _pr
                             1446
                             1447
                                       \seq_set_from_clist:cn{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _constants}{
                                         \seq_use:cn{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _constants},
                                       \seq_set_from_clist:cn{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _imports}{
                             1451
                                         \seq_use:cn{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _imports},
                             1452
                             1453
                                       \tl_set:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _code}
                             1454
                             1455
                                     \exp_after:wN \let \exp_after:wN \l_tmpa_tl \csname c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module
                             1456
                             1457
                                     \exp_after:wN \stex_persist:n \exp_after:wN { \exp_after:wN { \l_tmpa_tl } }
                             1458
                                   }
                             1459 }
```

\stex_debug:nn{modules}{

Namespace:~\l_stex_module_ns_str\\

Name:~\l_stex_module_name_str\\

New~module:\\

1411

1412

1413

```
(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__stex_modules_end_module:.)
    The core environment
    \iffalse \begin{stex_annotate_env} \fi %^^A make syntax highlighting work again
    \NewDocumentEnvironment { smodule } { O{} m } {
      \stex_module_setup:nn{#1}{#2}
1462
      \par
1463
      \stex_if_smsmode:F{
1464
         \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
1465
         \clist_map_inline:Nn \smoduletype {
           \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_modules_smodule_##1_start:}{
             \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_modules_smodule_##1_start:}}
1468
1469
1470
         \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
1471
           \__stex_modules_smodule_start:
1472
        }{
1473
           \l_tmpa_tl
1474
        }
1475
         _stex_modules_begin_module:
      \str_if_empty:NF \smoduleid {
1479
        \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \smoduleid
1480
      \stex_smsmode_do:
1481
    } {
1482
      \__stex_modules_end_module:
1483
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
1484
         \end{stex_annotate_env}
1485
         \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \smoduletype
1486
         \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
         \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
           \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_modules_smodule_##1_end:}{
1490
             \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_modules_smodule_##1_end:}}
           3
1491
1492
         \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
1493
           \__stex_modules_smodule_end:
1494
1495
           \label{local_local_thm} \label{local_thmpa_tl} $$ 1_tmpa_tl $$
1496
         }
1499 }
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_smodule_start: {}
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_smodule_end: {}
1501
1502
    \newcommand\stexpatchmodule[3][] {
1503
         \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
1504
         \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
           \tl_set:Nn \__stex_modules_smodule_start: { #2 }
           \tl_set:Nn \__stex_modules_smodule_end: { #3 }
1507
        }{
```

\stexpatchmodule

```
\texp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_modules_smodule_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2 }
\texp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_modules_smodule_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
\text{1511}
\text{1512}
\text{}
\text{1512}
\text{}
\text{}
\text{1513}
\text{}
\text{}
\text{1514}
\text{}
\
```

(End definition for \stexpatchmodule. This function is documented on page 60.)

27.2 Invoking modules

```
\STEXModule
```

\stex_invoke_module:n

```
\NewDocumentCommand \STEXModule { m } {
      \exp_args:NNx \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
1514
      \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \str_count:N \l_tmpa_str }
1515
      \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
1516
        \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownmodule}{#1}
1517
1518
      \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
        \str_set:Nn \l_tmpb_str { ##1 }
        \str_if_eq:eeT { \l_tmpa_str } {
1521
          \str_range:Nnn \l_tmpb_str { -\l_tmpa_int } { -1 }
1522
        } {
1523
          \seq_map_break:n {
1524
             \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
1525
               \stex_invoke_module:n { ##1 }
1526
1527
          }
1528
        }
     }
1530
1531
      \label{local_local_thm} \label{local_thm} \
1532 }
1533
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_invoke_module:n {
1534
      \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Invoking~module~#1}
1535
      \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
1536
        \__stex_modules_invoke_uri:nN { #1 }
1537
1538
1539
        \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ? {
          \__stex_modules_invoke_symbol:nn { #1 }
        } {
          \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/syntax}{
1542
            ?~or~!~expected~after~
1543
             \c_backslash_str STEXModule{#1}
1544
1545
1546
1547
1548
1549
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_invoke_uri:nN {
1551
      \str_set:Nn #2 { #1 }
1552
1553
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_modules_invoke_symbol:nn {
1554
      \stex_invoke_symbol:n{#1?#2}
1555
```

```
1556 }
                            (End definition for \STEXModule and \stex_invoke_module:n. These functions are documented on page
                            60.)
\stex_activate_module:n
                             1557 \bool_new:N \l_stex_in_meta_bool
                             1558 \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_in_meta_bool
                             1559 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_activate_module:n {
                                   \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Activating~module~#1}
                             1560
                                   \exp_args:NNx \seq_if_in:NnF \l_stex_all_modules_seq { #1 } {
                             1561
                                     \seq_put_right:Nx \l_stex_all_modules_seq { #1 }
                             1562
                                     \use:c{ c_stex_module_#1_code }
                             1563
                                   }
                             1564
                             1565 }
                            (End definition for \stex_activate_module:n. This function is documented on page 61.)
                             ^{1566} \langle /package \rangle
```

Chapter 28

STEX -Module Inheritance Implementation

28.1 SMS Mode

```
\g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl
\g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl
\g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq
```

```
1571 (@@=stex_smsmode)
1572 \tl_new:N \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl
1573 \tl_new:N \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl
1574 \seq_new:N \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq
1576 \tl_set:Nn \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl {
     \makeatletter
     \makeatother
1578
     \ExplSyntaxOn
     \ExplSyntaxOff
1580
     \rustexBREAK
1581
1582 }
1583
1584 \tl_set:Nn \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl {
1585
     \importmodule
     \notation
     \symdecl
     \STEXexport
1589
     \inlineass
1590
     \inlinedef
1591
     \inlineex
1592
     \endinput
1593
     \setnotation
```

```
\copynotation
                                    \assign
                              1596
                                    \renamedec1
                              1597
                                    \donotcopy
                              1598
                                    \instantiate
                              1599
                              1600
                              1601
                                  \exp_args:NNx \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq {
                              1602
                                    \tl_to_str:n {
                                      smodule,
                              1604
                                      copymodule,
                              1605
                                      interpretmodule,
                              1606
                                      sdefinition,
                              1607
                                      sexample,
                              1608
                                      sassertion,
                              1609
                                      sparagraph,
                              1610
                                      mathstructure
                              1611
                              1612
                              1613 }
                             (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl|,\ \verb|\g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl|,
                             and \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq. These variables are documented on page 62.)
     \stex if smsmode p:
     \stex_if_smsmode: <u>TF</u>
                              {\tt 1614} \verb|\bool_new:N \ \g_stex_smsmode_bool|
                              1615 \bool_set_false:N \g__stex_smsmode_bool
                                 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \stex_if_smsmode: { p, T, F, TF } {
                                    \bool_if:NTF \g__stex_smsmode_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                              1618 }
                             (End definition for \stex if smsmode: TF. This function is documented on page 62.)
     \ stex smsmode in smsmode:nn
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_smsmode_in_smsmode:nn { \stex_suppress_html:n {
                              1620
                                    \vbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box {
                                      \bool_set_eq:cN { l__stex_smsmode_#1_bool } \g__stex_smsmode_bool
                              1621
                                      \bool_gset_true:N \g__stex_smsmode_bool
                              1622
                              1623
                                      \bool_gset_eq:Nc \g__stex_smsmode_bool { l__stex_smsmode_#1_bool }
                              1624
                              1625
                                    \box_clear:N \l_tmpa_box
                              1626
                             (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__stex_smsmode_in_smsmode:nn.|)
\stex_file_in_smsmode:nn
                                  \quark_new:N \q__stex_smsmode_break
                              1628
                                  \NewDocumentCommand \__stex_smsmode_importmodule: { O{} m} {
                                    \seq_gput_right: Nn \l__stex_smsmode_importmodules_seq {{#1}{#2}}
                                    \stex_smsmode_do:
                              1632
                              1633
                              1634
                              1635 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_smsmode_module:nn {
                                    \__stex_modules_args:n{#1}
```

```
\stex_if_in_module:F {
1637
       \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_module_sig_str {
1638
         \stex_modules_current_namespace:
1639
         \str_set:Nx \l_stex_module_name_str { #2 }
1640
         \stex_if_module_exists:nF{\l_stex_module_ns_str?\l_stex_module_name_str}{
1641
            \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \g_stex_currentfile_seq
1642
           \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
1643
            \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpb_seq . \l_tmpa_str
1644
            \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str % .tex
            \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str % <filename>
            \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
              \stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq /
1648
              \l_tmpa_str . \l_stex_module_sig_str .tex
1649
1650
            \IfFileExists \l_tmpa_str {
1651
              \exp_args:NNx \seq_gput_right:Nn \l__stex_smsmode_sigmodules_seq \l_tmpa_str
1652
1653
              \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownmodule}{for~signature~\l_tmpa_str}
1654
       }
1657
     }
1658
1659
1660
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_file_in_smsmode:nn {
1661
     \stex_filestack_push:n{#1}
1662
1663
     \seq_gclear:N \l__stex_smsmode_importmodules_seq
     \seq_gclear:N \l__stex_smsmode_sigmodules_seq
1664
     % ---- new ------
1665
      \__stex_smsmode_in_smsmode:nn{#1}{
1667
       \let\importmodule\__stex_smsmode_importmodule:
1668
       \let\stex_module_setup:nn\__stex_smsmode_module:nn
1669
       \let\__stex_modules_begin_module:\relax
1670
       \let\__stex_modules_end_module:\relax
       \seq_clear:N \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq
1671
       \exp_args:NNx \seq_put_right:Nn \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq {\tl_to_str:n{smodule}}
1672
       \tl_clear:N \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl
1673
       \tl_clear:N \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl
1674
1675
       \tl_put_right:Nn \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl {\importmodule}
       \everyeof{\q_stex_smsmode_break\noexpand}
       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
       \stex_smsmode_do:
       \csname @ @ input\endcsname "#1"\relax
1679
1680
       \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_smsmode_sigmodules_seq {
1681
         \stex_filestack_push:n{##1}
1682
         \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
1683
         \stex_smsmode_do:
1684
         \csname @ @ input\endcsname "##1"\relax
1685
          \stex_filestack_pop:
1686
       }
1689
     % ---- new ------
     \__stex_smsmode_in_smsmode:nn{#1} {
```

```
#2
1691
       % ---- new ---
1692
       \begingroup
1693
       %\stex_debug:nn{smsmode}{Here:~\seq_use:Nn\l__stex_smsmode_importmodules_seq, }
1694
       \seq_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_smsmode_importmodules_seq {
1695
         \stex_import_module_uri:nn ##1
1696
         \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
1697
            \l_stex_import_ns_str
1698
            \l_stex_import_archive_str
            \l_stex_import_path_str
            \l_stex_import_name_str
       }
1702
       \endgroup
1703
       \stex_debug:nn{smsmode}{Actually~loading~file~#1}
1704
       % ---- new -----
1705
       \everyeof{\q_stex_smsmode_break\noexpand}
1706
       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter
       \stex_smsmode_do:
       \csname @ @ input\endcsname "#1"\relax
1711
     \stex_filestack_pop:
1712 }
```

(End definition for \stex_file_in_smsmode:nn. This function is documented on page 63.)

\stex_smsmode_do: is executed on encountering \ in smsmode. It checks whether the corresponding command is allowed and executes or ignores it accordingly:

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \stex_smsmode_do: {
     \stex_if_smsmode:T {
1715
        \__stex_smsmode_do:w
1716
1717
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_smsmode_do:w #1 {
1718
     \exp_args:Nx \tl_if_empty:nTF { \tl_tail:n{ #1 }}{
1719
        \expandafter\if\expandafter\relax\noexpand#1
1720
          \expandafter\__stex_smsmode_do_aux:N\expandafter#1
1722
        \else\expandafter\__stex_smsmode_do:w\fi
1723
     }{
        \__stex_smsmode_do:w %#1
1725
1726
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_smsmode_do_aux:N {
1727
     \cs_if_eq:NNF #1 \q__stex_smsmode_break {
1728
        \tl_if_in:NnTF \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_tl {#1} {
1729
         #1\__stex_smsmode_do:w
1730
1731
          \tl_if_in:NnTF \g_stex_smsmode_allowedmacros_escape_tl {#1} {
           #1
1733
         }{
            \cs_if_eq:NNTF \begin #1 {
              \_\_stex_smsmode_check_begin:n
              \cs_if_eq:NNTF \end #1 {
1738
                \__stex_smsmode_check_end:n
1739
```

```
}{
1740
1741
                    stex_smsmode_do:w
1742
1743
1744
        }
1745
     }
1746
1747
1748
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_smsmode_check_begin:n {
1749
      \seq_if_in:NxTF \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq { \detokenize{#1} }{
1750
        \begin{#1}
     }{
1752
          _stex_smsmode_do:w
1754
1755 }
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_smsmode_check_end:n {
1756
      \seq_if_in:NxTF \g_stex_smsmode_allowedenvs_seq { \detokenize{#1} }{
1757
        \end{#1}\__stex_smsmode_do:w
        \str_if_eq:nnTF{#1}{document}{\endinput}{\__stex_smsmode_do:w}
1760
     }
1761
1762 }
```

(End definition for \stex_smsmode_do:. This function is documented on page 63.)

28.2 Inheritance

1763 (@@=stex_importmodule)

1786

```
\stex_import_module_uri:nn
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_import_module_uri:nn {
                              1764
                                    \str_set:Nx \l_stex_import_archive_str { #1 }
                              1765
                                    \str_set:Nn \l_stex_import_path_str { #2 }
                              1766
                                    \exp_args:NNNo \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq ? { \l_stex_import_path_str }
                                    \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_stex_import_name_str
                                    \str_set:Nx \l_stex_import_path_str { \seq_use:Nn \l_tmpb_seq ? }
                              1770
                                    \stex_modules_current_namespace:
                              1772
                                    \bool_lazy_all:nTF {
                              1773
                                      {\str_if_empty_p:N \l_stex_import_archive_str}
                              1774
                                      {\str_if_empty_p:N \l_stex_import_path_str}
                              1775
                                      {\stex_if_module_exists_p:n { \l_stex_module_ns_str ? \l_stex_import_name_str } }
                              1776
                              1777
                                      \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_import_path_str \l_stex_module_subpath_str
                              1778
                                      \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_import_ns_str \l_stex_module_ns_str
                              1779
                                    }{
                              1780
                                      \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_import_archive_str {
                              1781
                                        \prop_if_exist:NT \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
                              1782
                                          \prop_get:NnN \l_stex_current_repository_prop { id } \l_stex_import_archive_str
                              1783
                              1784
                              1785
```

\str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_import_archive_str {

```
\str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_import_path_str {
                                           \str_set:Nx \l_stex_import_ns_str {
                              1788
                                             \l_stex_module_ns_str / \l_stex_import_path_str
                              1789
                              1790
                                        }
                              1791
                                      }{
                              1792
                                         \stex_require_repository:n \l_stex_import_archive_str
                              1793
                                         \prop_get:cnN { c_stex_mathhub_\l_stex_import_archive_str _manifest_prop } { ns }
                              1794
                                           \l_stex_import_ns_str
                                         \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_import_path_str {
                                           \str_set:Nx \l_stex_import_ns_str {
                                             \l_stex_import_ns_str / \l_stex_import_path_str
                              1798
                              1799
                                        }
                              1800
                              1801
                              1802
                              1803 }
                              (End definition for \stex_import_module_uri:nn. This function is documented on page 64.)
   \l_stex_import_name_str
                              Store the return values of \stex_import_module_uri:nn.
\l_stex_import_archive_str
                              1804 \str_new:N \l_stex_import_name_str
   \l_stex_import_path_str
                              1805 \str_new:N \l_stex_import_archive_str
     \l_stex_import_ns_str
                              1806 \str_new:N \l_stex_import_path_str
                              1807 \str_new:N \l_stex_import_ns_str
                              (End definition for \l_stex_import_name_str and others. These variables are documented on page 64.)
    \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
                              \{\langle ns \rangle\} \{\langle archive-ID \rangle\} \{\langle path \rangle\} \{\langle name \rangle\}
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_import_require_module:nnnn {
                                    \exp_args:Nx \stex_if_module_exists:nF { #1 ? #4 } {
                              1810
                                      \ stex_debug:nn{requiremodule}{Here:\\~~1:~#1\\~~2:~#2\\~~3:~#3\\~~4:~#4}
                              1811
                              1812
                                       \exp_args:NNxx \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq {\tl_to_str:n{/}} {#4}
                              1813
                                       \seq_get_left:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpc_str
                              1814
                              1815
                                      %\stex_debug:nn{requiremodule}{Top~module:\l_tmpc_str}
                              1816
                              1817
                               1818
                                       % archive
                                       \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { #2 }
                                       \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                                         \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \g_stex_currentfile_seq
                               1822
                                      } {
                                         \stex_path_from_string:Nn \l_tmpb_seq { \l_tmpa_str }
                              1823
                                         \seq_concat:NNN \l_tmpa_seq \c_stex_mathhub_seq \l_tmpb_seq
                              1824
                                         \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq { source }
                              1825
                              1826
                              1827
                                      % path
                              1828
                                       \str_set:Nx \l_tmpb_str { #3 }
                              1829
                                       \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpb_str {
                                         1831
                              1832
```

```
\ltx@ifpackageloaded{babel} {
1833
           \exp_args:NNx \prop_get:NnNF \c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop
1834
                { \languagename } \l_tmpb_str {
1835
                  \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownlanguage}{\languagename}
1836
1837
         } {
1838
           \str_clear:N \l_tmpb_str
1839
1840
         %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex}
1842
         \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex }{
1843
           \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex }
1844
         }{
1845
           %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str.tex}
1846
           \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.tex }{
1847
             \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str.tex }
1848
1849
             % try english as default
             %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str.en.tex}
             \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.en.tex }{
                \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str.en.tex }
             }{
                \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownmodule}{#1?#4}
1855
             }
1856
           }
1857
         }
1858
1859
1860
         \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpb_seq / \l_tmpb_str
1861
         \seq_concat:NNN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_seq
1863
         \ltx@ifpackageloaded{babel} {
           \exp_args:NNx \prop_get:NnNF \c_stex_language_abbrevs_prop
1865
               { \languagename } \l_tmpb_str {
1866
                  \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownlanguage}{\languagename}
1867
1868
         } {
1869
           \str_clear:N \l_tmpb_str
1870
1871
         \stex_path_to_string:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
         1875
         \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex }{
1876
           \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.\l_tmpb_str.te
1877
         }{
1878
           %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.tex}
1879
           \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.tex }{
1880
             \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.tex }
1881
           }{
1882
             % try english as default
             %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.en.tex}
1885
             \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.en.tex }{
               \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str/\l_tmpc_str.en.tex }
1886
```

```
}{
                1887
                                 %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex}
                1888
                                 \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex }{
                1889
                                   \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str.\l_tmpb_str.tex }
                 1890
                1891
                                   %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str.tex}
                1892
                                   \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.tex }{
                1893
                                      \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str.tex }
                1894
                                   }{
                                     % try english as default
                                     %\stex_debug:nn{modules}{Checking~\l_tmpa_str.en.tex}
                                     \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str.en.tex }{
                1898
                                        \str_gset:Nx \g__stex_importmodule_file_str { \l_tmpa_str.en.tex }
                1899
                                     }{
                1900
                                        \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownmodule}{#1?#4}
                1901
                1902
                                   }
                 1903
                                 }
                 1904
                              }
                             }
                          }
                 1908
                 1909
                         \str_if_eq:eeF{\g__stex_importmodule_file_str}{\seq_use:Nn \g_stex_currentfile_seq /}{
                1910
                           \exp_args:No \stex_file_in_smsmode:nn { \g_stex_importmodule_file_str } {
                1911
                             \seq_clear:N \l_stex_all_modules_seq
                1912
                             \str_clear:N \l_stex_current_module_str
                1913
                             \str_set:Nx \l_tmpb_str { #2 }
                1914
                             \str_if_empty:NF \l_tmpb_str {
                1915
                               \stex_set_current_repository:n { #2 }
                             }
                1917
                             \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Loading~\g_stex_importmodule_file_str}
                1918
                1919
                1920
                           \stex_if_module_exists:nF { #1 ? #4 } {
                1921
                             \msg_error:nnx{stex}{error/unknownmodule}{
                1922
                               #1?#4~(in~file~\g_stex_importmodule_file_str)
                1923
                 1924
                 1925
                        }
                       \stex_activate_module:n { #1 ? #4 }
                1929
                1930
                (End definition for \stex_import_require_module:nnnn. This function is documented on page 64.)
\importmodule
                    \NewDocumentCommand \importmodule { O{} m } {
                1931
                       \stex_import_module_uri:nn { #1 } { #2 }
                1932
                       \stex_debug:nn{modules}{Importing~module:~
                1933
                         \l_stex_import_ns_str ? \l_stex_import_name_str
                1934
                1935
                       \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
                1936
```

```
{ \l_stex_import_ns_str } { \l_stex_import_archive_str }
1937
      { \l_stex_import_path_str } { \l_stex_import_name_str }
1938
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
1939
        \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn
1940
          {import} {\l_stex_import_ns_str ? \l_stex_import_name_str} {}
1941
1942
      \exp_args:Nx \stex_add_to_current_module:n {
1943
        \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
1944
        { \l_stex_import_ns_str } { \l_stex_import_archive_str }
        { \l_stex_import_path_str } { \l_stex_import_name_str }
1946
1947
      \exp_args:Nx \stex_add_import_to_current_module:n {
1948
        \l_stex_import_ns_str ? \l_stex_import_name_str
1949
1950
      \stex_smsmode_do:
1951
      \ignorespacesandpars
1952
1953 }
    \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \importmodule {module~environments}
(End definition for \importmodule. This function is documented on page 63.)
    \NewDocumentCommand \usemodule { O{} m } {
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
        \stex_import_module_uri:nn { #1 } { #2 }
1957
        \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
1958
        { \l_stex_import_ns_str } { \l_stex_import_archive_str }
1959
        { \l_stex_import_path_str } { \l_stex_import_name_str }
1960
        \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn
1961
          {usemodule} {\l_stex_import_ns_str ? \l_stex_import_name_str} {}
1962
1963
      \stex_smsmode_do:
1964
      \ignorespacesandpars
1965
1966 }
(End definition for \usemodule. This function is documented on page 63.)
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_csl_to_imports:Nn {
1968
      \tl_if_empty:nF{#2}{
1969
        \clist_set:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {#2}
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
          \tl_if_head_eq_charcode:nNTF {##1}[{
            #1 ##1
          }{
1973
            #1{##1}
1974
          }
1975
1976
1977
1978
    \cs_generate_variant:Nn \stex_csl_to_imports:Nn {No}
1979
1980
1982 (/package)
```

\usemodule

Chapter 29

STeX -Symbols Implementation

```
1983 (*package)
1984
symbols.dtx
                                 Warnings and error messages
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/wrongargs}{
     args~value~in~symbol~declaration~for~#1~
     needs~to~be~i,~a,~b~or~B,~but~#2~given
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/unknownsymbol}{
     No~symbol~#1~found!
1992
1993 }
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/seqlength}{
1994
     Expected~#1~arguments;~got~#2!
1995
1996 }
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/unknownnotation}{
     Unknown~notation~#1~for~#2!
1999 }
```

29.1 Symbol Declarations

```
\stex_all_symbols:n Map over all available symbols

2001 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_all_symbols:n {
2002  \def \__stex_symdecl_all_symbols_cs ##1 {#1}
2003  \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
2004  \seq_map_inline:cn{c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
2005  \__stex_symdecl_all_symbols_cs{##1?####1}
2006  }
2007  }
2008 }

(End definition for \stex_all_symbols:n. This function is documented on page 66.))
```

```
\STEXsymbol
```

\symdecl

2052

2053 2054 } \stex_symdecl_do:n { #2 }

\stex_smsmode_do:

```
2009 \NewDocumentCommand \STEXsymbol { m } {
      \stex_get_symbol:n { #1 }
 2010
      \exp_args:No
 2011
       \stex_invoke_symbol:n { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }
 2012
 2013 }
(End definition for \STEXsymbol. This function is documented on page 67.)
     symdecl arguments:
 2014 \keys_define:nn { stex / symdecl } {
                   .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_name_str ;
      name
 2015
                   .bool_set:N
                                  = \l_stex_symdecl_local_bool ,
      local
 2016
                   .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_args_str ,
      args
 2017
                   .tl set:N
                                  = \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl ,
      type
 2018
      deprecate
                   .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_deprecate_str
 2019
      align
                   .str_set:N
                                  = \l_stex_symdecl_align_str , % TODO(?)
 2020
                                  = \l_stex_symdecl_gfc_str , % TODO(?)
                   .str_set:N
 2021
      specializes .str_set:N
                                  = \l_stex_symdecl_specializes_str , % TODO(?)
                                  = \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl ,
      def
                   .tl_set:N
                   .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_reorder_str ,
 2024
      reorder
 2025
      assoc
                   .choices:nn
           {bin,binl,binr,pre,conj,pwconj}
 2026
           {\str_set:Nx \l_stex_symdecl_assoctype_str {\l_keys_choice_tl}}
 2027
 2028
 2029
    \bool_new:N \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool
 2030
 2031
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_symdecl_args:n {
 2032
      \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
      \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_args_str
      \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_deprecate_str
 2035
 2036
       \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_reorder_str
      \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_assoctype_str
 2037
       \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_symdecl_local_bool
 2038
       \tl_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl
 2039
       \tl_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl
 2040
 2041
      \keys_set:nn { stex / symdecl } { #1 }
 2042
 2043 }
Parses the optional arguments and passes them on to \stex symdecl do: (so that
\symdef can do the same)
 2044
    \NewDocumentCommand \symdecl { s m O{}} {
 2045
       \__stex_symdecl_args:n { #3 }
 2046
       \IfBooleanTF #1 {
 2047
         \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool
 2048
 2050
         \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool
 2051
```

```
2055
                          \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_symdecl_do:nn {
                      2056
                            \__stex_symdecl_args:n{#1}
                      2057
                            \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool
                      2058
                            \stex_symdecl_do:n{#2}
                      2059
                      2060 }
                      2061
                          \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdecl {module~environments}
                     (End definition for \symdecl. This function is documented on page 65.)
\stex_symdecl_do:n
                          \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_symdecl_do:n {
                            \stex_if_in_module:F {
                              % TODO throw error? some default namespace?
                            7
                      2067
                            \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_symdecl_name_str {
                      2068
                              \str_set:Nx \l_stex_symdecl_name_str { #1 }
                      2069
                      2070
                      2071
                            \prop_if_exist:cT { l_stex_symdecl_
                      2072
                                \l_stex_current_module_str ?
                      2073
                                \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
                      2074
                      2075
                              _prop
                            }{
                      2076
                              % TODO throw error (beware of circular dependencies)
                      2077
                            }
                      2078
                      2079
                            \prop_clear:N \l_tmpa_prop
                      2080
                            \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { module } { \l_stex_current_module_str }
                      2081
                            \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
                      2082
                            \prop_put:Nno \l_tmpa_prop { name } \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
                      2083
                            \prop_put:Nno \l_tmpa_prop { type } \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl
                            \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_symdecl_deprecate_str {
                              \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_module_deprecate_str {
                                \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_symdecl_deprecate_str \l_stex_module_deprecate_str
                      2088
                      2089
                      2090
                            \prop_put:Nno \l_tmpa_prop { deprecate } \l_stex_symdecl_deprecate_str
                      2091
                      2092
                            \exp_args:No \stex_add_constant_to_current_module:n {
                      2093
                              \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
                      2094
                      2095
                            % arity/args
                      2097
                            \int_zero:N \l_tmpb_int
                      2098
                      2099
                            \bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool
                      2100
                            \str_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_symdecl_args_str {
                              \token_case_meaning:NnF ##1 {
                                0 {} 1 {} 2 {} 3 {} 4 {} 5 {} 6 {} 7 {} 8 {} 9 {}
                      2103
                                {\tl_to_str:n i} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
                      2104
```

```
{\tl_to_str:n b} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
2105
          {\tl_to_str:n a} {
2106
            \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
            \int_incr:N \l_tmpb_int
2108
2109
          {\tl_to_str:n B} {
2110
            \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
2111
            \int_incr:N \l_tmpb_int
2112
2113
       }{
2114
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/wrongargs}{
2115
            \l_stex_current_module_str ?
2116
            \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
2117
          }{##1}
2118
2119
2120
      \bool_if:NTF \l_tmpa_bool {
2121
       % possibly numeric
2122
        \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_symdecl_args_str {
          \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { args } {}
          \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { arity } { 0 }
       }{
2126
          \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \l_stex_symdecl_args_str }
2127
          \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { arity } { \int_use:N \l_tmpa_int }
2128
          \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
2129
          \int_step_inline:nn \l_tmpa_int {
2130
            \str_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_str i
2131
2132
          \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { args } { \l_tmpa_str }
2133
2134
       }
     } {
2135
        \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { args } { \l_stex_symdecl_args_str }
2136
2137
        \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { arity }
          { \str_count:N \l_stex_symdecl_args_str }
2138
2139
      \prop_put:\nx \l_tmpa_prop { assocs } { \int_use:\n \l_tmpb_int }
2140
2141
2142
      \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl {
2143
        \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { defined }{ false }
        \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { defined }{ true }
     }
2146
2147
     % semantic macro
2148
2149
     \bool_if:NT \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool {
2150
        \exp_args:Nx \stex_do_up_to_module:n {
          \tl_set:cn { #1 } { \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
            \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
2153
2154
          }}
2155
       }
2156
     }
     \stex_debug:nn{symbols}{New~symbol:~
2158
```

```
\l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_symdecl_name_str^^J
2159
       Type:~\exp_not:o { \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl }^^J
2160
        Args:~\prop_item:Nn \l_tmpa_prop { args }^^J
2161
       Definiens:~\exp_not:o {\l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl}
2162
2164
     % circular dependencies require this:
2165
      \stex_if_do_html:T {
2166
        \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn {symdecl} {
2167
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
2168
2169
       } {
          \tl_if_empty:NF \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl {
2170
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{}{$\l_stex_symdecl_type_tl$}
2172
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{args}{}{
2173
            \prop_item: Nn \l_tmpa_prop { args }
2174
2175
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{macroname}{#1}{}
2176
          \tl_if_empty:NF \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl {
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{definiens}{}
              {$\l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl$}
         }
2180
          \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_symdecl_assoctype_str {
2181
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{assoctype}{\l_stex_symdecl_assoctype_str}{}
2182
2183
          \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_symdecl_reorder_str {
2184
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{reorderargs}{\l_stex_symdecl_reorder_str}{}
2185
2186
       }
2187
2188
2189
      \prop_if_exist:cF {
2190
       l_stex_symdecl_
        \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
2192
        _prop
2193
        \bool_if:NTF \l_stex_symdecl_local_bool \stex_do_up_to_module:x \stex_execute_in_module:
2194
          \__stex_symdecl_restore_symbol:nnnnnnn
2195
            {\l_stex_symdecl_name_str}
2196
2197
            { \prop_item: Nn \l_tmpa_prop {args} }
            { \prop_item: Nn \l_tmpa_prop {arity} }
            { \prop_item:Nn \l_tmpa_prop {assocs} }
            { \prop_item: Nn \l_tmpa_prop {defined} }
            {\bool_if:NT \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool {#1} }
2201
            {\l_stex_current_module_str}
2202
       }
2203
     }
2204
2205
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_symdecl_restore_symbol:nnnnnnn {
2206
      \prop_clear:N \l_tmpa_prop
2207
      \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { module } { #7 }
2208
      \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { name } { #1}
2210
      \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { args } {#2}
      \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { arity } { #3 }
2211
      \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { assocs } { #4 }
2212
```

```
\prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { defined } { #5 }
                            \tl_if_empty:nF{#6}{
                      2214
                              \tl_set:cx{#6}{\stex_invoke_symbol:n{\detokenize{#7 ? #1}}}
                      2216
                            \prop_set_eq:cN{l_stex_symdecl_ \detokenize{#7 ? #1} _prop}\l_tmpa_prop
                            \seq_clear:c{l_stex_symdecl_ \detokenize{#7 ? #1} _notations}
                      2218
                      2219 }
                      (End definition for \stex_symdecl_do:n. This function is documented on page 66.)
\stex_get_symbol:n
                          \str_new:N \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
                      2220
                          \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_get_symbol:n {
                            \tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nNTF { #1 } \relax {
                              \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #1 }
                      2224
                              \__stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_cs:
                      2225
                            }{
                      2226
                              % argument is a string
                              % is it a command name?
                      2228
                              \cs_if_exist:cTF { #1 }{
                      2229
                                \cs_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_tl { #1 }
                      2230
                                \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { \cs_argument_spec:N \l_tmpa_tl }
                      2231
                                \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                      2232
                                   \exp_args:Nx \cs_if_eq:NNTF {
                                     \tl_head:N \l_tmpa_tl
                      2234
                                   } \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
                      2235
                                     \__stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_cs:
                      2236
                                  }{
                                        _stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_string:n { #1 }
                      2238
                      2239
                                }
                                  {
                      2240
                                     _stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_string:n { #1 }
                      2241
                      2242
                                }
                              }{
                                % argument is not a command name
                                  __stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_string:n { #1 }
                                % \l_stex_all_symbols_seq
                      2246
                              }
                      2247
                            }
                      2248
                            \str_if_eq:eeF {
                      2249
                              \prop_item:cn {
                      2250
                                l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop
                      2251
                              }{ deprecate }
                      2252
                            }{}{
                      2253
                              \msg_warning:nnxx{stex}{warning/deprecated}{
                                {\tt Symbol-\label{local} Symbol\_uri\_str}
                      2255
                      2256
                                 \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{ deprecate }
                      2257
                              }
                      2258
                            }
                      2259
                      2260 }
                      2261
```

2262 \cs_new_protected:Nn __stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_string:n {

```
\tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
2263
       \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/unknownsymbol}{#1}
2264
2265
     \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
2266
2267
     %\int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \str_count:N \l_tmpa_str }
2268
2269
     \str_if_in:NnTF \l_tmpa_str ? {
2270
       \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq ? \l_tmpa_str
2271
       \seq_pop_right:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
2272
2273
       \str_set:Nx \l_tmpb_str {\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq ?}
     }{
2274
       \str_clear:N \l_tmpb_str
     }
2276
     \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpb_str {
       \seq_map_inline: Nn \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
2278
         \seq_map_inline:cn{c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
2279
           \exp_args:Nno \str_if_eq:nnT{####1} \l_tmpa_str {
2280
             \seq_map_break:n{\seq_map_break:n{
                \t! \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
                  \str_set:Nn \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str { ##1 ? ####1 }
               }
2284
             }}
2285
           }
2286
         }
2287
       }
2288
     }{
2289
       \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \str_count:N \l_tmpb_str }
2290
       \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
2291
         \seq_map_inline:cn{c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
2293
             \exp_args:Nno \str_if_eq:nnT{####1} \l_tmpa_str {
2295
                \seq_map_break:n{\seq_map_break:n{
                  \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
2296
                    \str_set:Nn \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str { ##1 ? ####1 }
2297
2298
               }}
2299
             }
2300
2301
           }
         }
       }
     }
2305
2306
     \l_tmpa_tl
   }
2307
2308
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_symdecl_get_symbol_from_cs: {
2309
     \exp_args:NNx \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl
       { \tl_tail:N \l_tmpa_tl }
2312
     \tl_if_single:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
       \exp_args:No \tl_if_head_is_group:nTF \l_tmpa_tl {
2313
2314
         \exp_after:wN \str_set:Nn \exp_after:wN
           \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str \l_tmpa_tl
       }{
2316
```

(End definition for \stex_get_symbol:n. This function is documented on page 66.)

29.2 Notations

```
2325 (@@=stex_notation)
                notation arguments:
            2326 \keys_define:nn { stex / notation } {
                            .tl_set_x:N = \l_stex_notation_lang_str,
            2327 % lang
                  \label{eq:variant} \mbox{ variant .tl\_set\_x:N = \lb.stex\_notation\_variant\_str ,}
            2328
                  prec
                           .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_notation_prec_str ,
            2329
                           .tl_set:N
                                        = \l__stex_notation_op_tl ,
            2330
                  σp
                  primary .bool_set:N = \l__stex_notation_primary_bool ,
            2331
                  primary .default:n
                                         = {true} ,
            2332
                  unknown .code:n
                                         = \str_set:Nx
            2333
                      \l_stex_notation_variant_str \l_keys_key_str
            2334
            2335
            2336
                \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_notation_args:n {
            2337
                   \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_lang_str
            2338
                  \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_variant_str
            2339
                  \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_prec_str
            2340
                  \tl_clear:N \l__stex_notation_op_tl
            2341
                  \bool_set_false:N \l__stex_notation_primary_bool
            2342
                  \keys_set:nn { stex / notation } { #1 }
            2345 }
\notation
                \NewDocumentCommand \notation { s m O{}} {
                  \_stex_notation_args:n { #3 }
                  \tl_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl
            2348
                  \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
            2349
                  \tl_set:Nn \l_stex_notation_after_do_tl {
            2350
                    \__stex_notation_final:
            2351
                    \IfBooleanTF#1{
            2352
                      \stex_setnotation:n {\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
            2353
            2354
                    \stex_smsmode_do:\ignorespacesandpars
            2355
            2357
                  \stex_notation_do:nnnnn
            2358
                    { \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { args } }
                    { \prop_item:cn { l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { arity } }
            2350
                    { \l_stex_notation_variant_str }
            2360
                    { \l_stex_notation_prec_str}
            2361
```

```
2363 \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \notation {module~environments}
                          (End definition for \notation. This function is documented on page 66.)
\stex_notation_do:nnnnn
                          \tl_new:N \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl
                              \int_new:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int
                          2366
                              \tl_new:N \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl
                          2367
                          2368
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_notation_do:nnnnn {
                          2369
                                \let\l_stex_current_symbol_str\relax
                                \seq_clear:N \l__stex_notation_precedences_seq
                                \tl_clear:N \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl
                                \str_set:Nx \l__stex_notation_args_str { #1 }
                                \str_set:Nx \l__stex_notation_arity_str { #2 }
                          2374
                                \str_set:Nx \l__stex_notation_suffix_str { #3 }
                                \str_set:Nx \l__stex_notation_prec_str { #4 }
                          2376
                                % precedences
                          2378
                                \str_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_notation_prec_str {
                          2379
                                  \int_compare:nNnTF \l__stex_notation_arity_str = 0 {
                          2380
                                    \tl_set:No \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl { \neginfprec }
                          2381
                                  }{
                          2382
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl { 0 }
                          2383
                                  }
                          2384
                                } {
                          2385
                                  \str_if_eq:onTF \l__stex_notation_prec_str {nobrackets}{
                          2386
                                    \tl_set:No \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl { \neginfprec }
                          2387
                                    \int_step_inline:nn { \l__stex_notation_arity_str } {
                          2388
                                      \exp_args:NNo
                          2389
                                       \seq_put_right:Nn \l__stex_notation_precedences_seq { \infprec }
                          2390
                                    }
                          2391
                                  }{
                                    \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpa_seq ; \l__stex_notation_prec_str
                                    \seq_pop_left:NNTF \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str {
                                      \tl_set:No \l_stex_notation_opprec_tl { \l_tmpa_str }
                          2395
                                      \seq_pop_left:NNT \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str {
                          2396
                                        \exp_args:NNNo \exp_args:NNno \seq_set_split:Nnn
                          2397
                                          \l_tmpa_seq {\tl_to_str:n{x} } { \l_tmpa_str }
                          2398
                                        \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
                          2399
                                          \seq_put_right: Nn \l_tmpb_seq { ##1 }
                          2400
                                        }
                          2401
                                      }
                                    }{
                                      \int_compare:nNnTF \l__stex_notation_arity_str = 0 {
                                        \tl_set:No \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl { \infprec }
                          2405
                                      }{
                          2406
                                        \tl_set:No \l__stex_notation_opprec_tl { 0 }
                          2407
                          2408
                          2409
```

}

}

2410

2411

2362 }

```
2412
     \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l__stex_notation_precedences_seq
2413
     \int_step_inline:nn { \l__stex_notation_arity_str } {
2414
        \seq_pop_left:NNF \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpb_str {
2415
          \exp_args:NNo
2416
          \seq_put_right:No \l__stex_notation_precedences_seq {
2417
            \l_stex_notation_opprec_tl
2418
2419
       }
     }
2421
      \tl_clear:N \l_stex_notation_dummyargs_tl
2422
2423
     \int_compare:nNnTF \l__stex_notation_arity_str = 0 {
2424
        \exp_args:NNe
2425
        \cs_set:Npn \l_stex_notation_macrocode_cs {
2426
          \_stex_term_math_oms:nnnn { \l_stex_current_symbol_str }
2427
            { \l_stex_notation_suffix_str }
2428
            { \l_stex_notation_opprec_tl }
            { \exp_not:n { #5 } }
        \l_stex_notation_after_do_tl
2432
     }{
2433
        \str_if_in:NnTF \l__stex_notation_args_str b {
2434
          \exp_args:Nne \use:nn
2435
2436
          \cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn \l_stex_notation_macrocode_cs
2437
          \cs_set:Npn \l__stex_notation_arity_str } { {
2438
            \_stex_term_math_omb:nnnn { \l_stex_current_symbol_str }
2439
              { \l_stex_notation_suffix_str }
2440
              { \l_stex_notation_opprec_tl }
              { \exp_not:n { #5 } }
2442
         }}
2443
       }{
2444
          \str_if_in:NnTF \l__stex_notation_args_str B {
2445
            \exp_args:Nne \use:nn
2446
2447
            \cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn \l_stex_notation_macrocode_cs
2448
            \cs_set:Npn \l__stex_notation_arity_str } { {
2449
              \_stex_term_math_omb:nnnn { \l_stex_current_symbol_str }
                { \l__stex_notation_suffix_str }
                { \l_stex_notation_opprec_tl }
                  \exp_not:n { #5 } }
            } }
2454
         }{
2455
            \exp_args:Nne \use:nn
2456
            {
2457
            \cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn \l_stex_notation_macrocode_cs
2458
            \cs_set:Npn \l__stex_notation_arity_str } { {
2459
              \_stex_term_math_oma:nnnn { \l_stex_current_symbol_str }
2460
                { \l_stex_notation_suffix_str }
                { \l_stex_notation_opprec_tl }
                { \exp_not:n { #5 } }
            } }
2464
2465
```

```
2467
                                        \str_set_eq:NN \l__stex_notation_remaining_args_str \l__stex_notation_args_str
                                2468
                                        \int_zero:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int
                                2469
                                        \seq_set_eq:NN \l__stex_notation_remaining_precs_seq \l__stex_notation_precedences_seq
                                2470
                                        \__stex_notation_arguments:
                                2471
                                2472
                                2473 }
                               (End definition for \stex_notation_do:nnnnn. This function is documented on page ??.)
\__stex_notation_arguments:
                               Takes care of annotating the arguments in a notation macro
                                2474 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_notation_arguments: {
                                2475
                                      \int_incr:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int
                                      \str_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_notation_remaining_args_str {
                                2476
                                        \l_stex_notation_after_do_tl
                                2477
                                2478
                                        \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { \str_head:N \l_stex_notation_remaining_args_str }
                                2479
                                        \str_set:Nx \l__stex_notation_remaining_args_str { \str_tail:N \l__stex_notation_remaini
                                2480
                                        \str_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpa_str a {
                                2481
                                          \_\_stex_notation_argument_assoc:nn{a}
                                        }{
                                          \str_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpa_str B {
                                2485
                                            \__stex_notation_argument_assoc:nn{B}
                                          }{
                                2486
                                            \seq_pop_left:NN \l__stex_notation_remaining_precs_seq \l_tmpb_str
                                2487
                                            \tl_put_right:Nx \l_stex_notation_dummyargs_tl {
                                2488
                                              { \_stex_term_math_arg:nnn
                                2489
                                                 { \l_tmpa_str\int_use:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int }
                                2490
                                                 { \l_tmpb_str }
                                2491
                                                 { ####\int_use:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int }
                                2492
                                              }
                                2495
                                            \__stex_notation_arguments:
                                2496
                                2497
                                      }
                                2498
                                2499 }
                               (End definition for \__stex_notation_arguments:.)
    \ stex notation argument assoc:nn
                                    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_notation_argument_assoc:nn {
                                2500
                                2501
                                      \cs_generate_from_arg_count:NNnn \l_tmpa_cs \cs_set:Npn
                                2502
                                        {\l_stex_notation_arity_str}{
                                2503
                                        #2
                                      \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
                                2507
                                      \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
                                      \str_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_notation_args_str {
                                2508
                                        \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
                                2509
                                        \tl_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {
                                2510
                                          \str_if_eq:nnTF {##1}{a}{ {} {} {}}
                                2511
```

}

2466

```
{\_stex_term_arg:nn{##1\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{############ \int_use:N \l_tmpa
                           2513
                           2514
                                     }
                           2515
                                   }
                           2516
                                }
                           2517
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN \def
                           2518
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN \l_tmpa_cs
                           2519
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN ##
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN 1
                           2521
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN ##
                           2522
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN 2
                           2523
                                 \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN {
                           2524
                                   \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN
                           2525
                                   \exp_not:n \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN {
                           2526
                                     \exp_after:wN \l_tmpa_cs \l_tmpa_tl
                           2527
                           2528
                                }
                           2529
                                 \seq_pop_left:NN \l__stex_notation_remaining_precs_seq \l_tmpa_str
                           2532
                                 \tl_put_right:Nx \l_stex_notation_dummyargs_tl { {
                                   \_stex_term_math_assoc_arg:nnnn
                           2533
                                     { #1\int_use:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int }
                           2534
                           2535
                                     { \l_tmpa_str }
                                     { ####\int_use:N \l__stex_notation_currarg_int }
                           2536
                                     { \l_tmpa_cs {####1} {####2} }
                           2537
                           2538
                           2539
                                 \__stex_notation_arguments:
                           2540 }
                          (End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__stex_notation_argument_assoc:nn.|)
\__stex_notation_final:
                          Called after processing all notation arguments
                           2541 \cs_new_protected:\n \__stex_notation_restore_notation:nnnnn {
                                 \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn{stex_notation_\detokenize{#1} \c_hash_str \detokenize{#2}
                           2542
                                 \cs_set_nopar:Npn {#3}{#4}
                           2543
                                 \tl_if_empty:nF {#5}{
                           2544
                                   \tl_set:cn{stex_op_notation_\detokenize{#1} \c_hash_str \detokenize{#2}_cs}{ \comp{ #5 }
                           2545
                           2546
                                 \seq_if_exist:cT { l_stex_symdecl_\detokenize{#1} _notations }{
                           2547
                           2548
                                   \seq_put_right:cx { l_stex_symdecl_\detokenize{#1} _notations } { \detokenize{#2} }
                           2550 }
                               \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_notation_final: {
                           2552
                           2553
                                 \stex_execute_in_module:x {
                           2554
                                   \__stex_notation_restore_notation:nnnnn
                           2555
                                     {\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
                           2556
                                     {\l_stex_notation_suffix_str}
                           2557
                                     {\l_stex_notation_arity_str}
                           2558
                           2559
                                       \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN
                                       \exp_not:n \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN
```

\str_if_eq:nnTF {##1}{B}{ {} }{

2512

```
{ \exp_after:wN \l_stex_notation_macrocode_cs \l_stex_notation_dummyargs_tl \stex_sy
2563
          {\exp_args:No \exp_not:n \l__stex_notation_op_tl }
     }
2565
2566
      \stex_debug:nn{symbols}{
2567
       Notation~\l_stex_notation_suffix_str
2568
        ~for~\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str^^J
       Operator~precedence:~\l_stex_notation_opprec_tl^^J
        Argument~precedences:~
          \seq_use:Nn \l__stex_notation_precedences_seq {,~}^^J
       Notation: \cs_meaning:c {
2573
         stex_notation_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str \c_hash_str
2574
          \l__stex_notation_suffix_str
2575
          _cs
2576
2577
2578
       % HTML annotations
2579
      \stex_if_do_html:T {
        \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn { notation }
        { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str } {
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn {    notationfragment }
2583
            { \l_stex_notation_suffix_str }{}
2584
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn { precedence }
2585
            { \l_stex_notation_prec_str }{}
2586
2587
          \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
2588
          \str_set_eq:NN \l__stex_notation_remaining_args_str \l__stex_notation_args_str
2589
          \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
2590
          \int_step_inline:nn { \l__stex_notation_arity_str }{
            \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
            \str_set:Nx \l_tmpb_str { \str_head:N \l__stex_notation_remaining_args_str }
            \str_set:Nx \l__stex_notation_remaining_args_str { \str_tail:N \l__stex_notation_rem
2594
            \str_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpb_str a {
2595
              \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \l_tmpa_tl {
2596
                \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int a}{} ,
2597
                \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int b}{}
2598
              } }
2599
            }{
              \str_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpb_str B {
                \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \l_tmpa_tl {
                  \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int a}{} ,
                  \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int b}{}
                } }
              }{
                \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \l_tmpa_tl {
2607
                  \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{}
2608
                } }
2609
              }
2610
            }
2611
         }
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn { notationcomp }{}{
2614
            \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_symbol_str {\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }
            $ \exp_args:Nno \use:nn { \use:c {
2615
```

```
} { \l_tmpa_tl } $
               2618
               2619
               2620
                     }
               2621
               2622 }
               (End definition for \__stex_notation_final:.)
\setnotation
                   \keys_define:nn { stex / setnotation } {
                      lang
                               .tl_set_x:N = \l__stex_notation_lang_str ,
                     variant .tl_set_x:N = \l_stex_notation_variant_str,
                                           = \str_set:Nx
                     unknown .code:n
                         \l_stex_notation_variant_str \l_keys_key_str
               2627
               2628 }
               2629
                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_setnotation_args:n {
               2630
                    % \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_lang_str
               2631
                     \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_variant_str
               2632
                     \keys_set:nn { stex / setnotation } { #1 }
               2633
               2634 }
               2635
                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_notation_setnotation:nn {
                     \seq_if_exist:cT{l_stex_symdecl_#1_notations}{
                       \seq_remove_all:cn { l_stex_symdecl_#1 _notations }{ #2 }
               2638
                       \seq_put_left:cn { l_stex_symdecl_#1 _notations }{ #2 }
               2639
                     }
               2640
               2641
               2642
                   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_setnotation:n {
               2643
                     \exp_args:Nnx \seq_if_in:cnTF { l_stex_symdecl_#1 _notations }
               2644
               2645
                       { \l_stex_notation_variant_str }{
                          \stex_execute_in_module:x{ \__stex_notation_setnotation:nn {#1}{\l__stex_notation_vari
                         \stex_debug:nn {notations}{
                           Setting~default~notation~
                           {\l_stex_notation_variant_str }~for~
               2649
                           #1 \\
               2650
                            \expandafter\meaning\csname
               2651
                           l_stex_symdecl_#1 _notations\endcsname
               2652
               2653
                       }{
               2654
                          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{unknownnotation}{\l__stex_notation_variant_str}{#1}
               2655
               2656
               2657 }
               2658
                   \NewDocumentCommand \setnotation {m m} {
               2659
                     \stex_get_symbol:n { #1 }
               2660
                     \_stex_setnotation_args:n { #2 }
               2661
                     \stex_setnotation:n{\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
               2662
                     \stex_smsmode_do:\ignorespacesandpars
               2663
               2664 }
```

stex_notation_ \l_stex_current_symbol_str

\c_hash_str \l__stex_notation_suffix_str _cs

2616

2617

2665

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_copy_notations:nn {
      \stex_debug:nn {notations}{
2667
        Copying~notations~from~#2~to~#1\\
2668
        \seq_use:cn{l_stex_symdecl_#2_notations}{,~}
2669
2670
      \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
2671
      \int_step_inline:nn { \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_#2_prop}{ arity } } {
2672
        \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { {## ##1} }
2673
      \seq_map_inline:cn {l_stex_symdecl_#2_notations}{
2675
        \cs_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_cs { stex_notation_ #2 \c_hash_str ##1 _cs }
2676
        \edef \l_tmpa_tl {
2677
          \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN \exp_not:n
2678
          \exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN\exp_after:wN {
2679
            \exp_after:wN \l_tmpa_cs \l_tmpa_tl
2680
2681
2682
2683
        \stex_execute_in_module:x {
          \__stex_notation_restore_notation:nnnnn
            {#1}{##1}
            { \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_#2_prop}{ arity } }
2687
              \exp_after:wN\exp_not:n\exp_after:wN{\l_tmpa_tl} }
2688
            ſ
2689
              \cs_if_exist:cT{stex_op_notation_ #2\c_hash_str ##1 _cs}{
2690
                 \exp_args:NNo\exp_args:No\exp_not:n{\csname stex_op_notation_ #2\c_hash_str ##1
2691
              }
2692
            }
2693
        }
2694
      }
2696 }
2697
    \NewDocumentCommand \copynotation {m m} {
2698
      \stex_get_symbol:n { #1 }
2699
      \str_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_str \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
2700
      \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
2701
      \exp_args:Noo
2702
      \stex_copy_notations:nn \l_tmpa_str \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
2704
      \stex_smsmode_do:\ignorespacesandpars
2705 }
(End definition for \setnotation. This function is documented on page 19.)
2707 \keys_define:nn { stex / symdef } {
      name
              .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_name_str ,
2709
      local
              .bool_set:N = \l_stex_symdecl_local_bool ,
      args
              .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_args_str ,
                            = \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl ,
2711
      type
              .tl_set:N
              .tl_set:N
                            = \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl ,
      def
      reorder .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_symdecl_reorder_str ,
2713
                            = \l_stex_notation_op_tl ,
               .tl_set:N
2714
      op
                .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_notation_lang_str ,
    % lang
```

\symdef

```
2716
     variant .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_notation_variant_str ,
              .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_notation_prec_str ,
2717
2718
     assoc
              .choices:nn =
          {bin,binl,binr,pre,conj,pwconj}
2719
          {\str_set:Nx \l_stex_symdecl_assoctype_str {\l_keys_choice_tl}},
2720
     unknown .code:n
                           = \str_set:Nx
          \l_stex_notation_variant_str \l_keys_key_str
2723
2724
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_notation_symdef_args:n {
2725
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
2726
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_args_str
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_assoctype_str
2728
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_reorder_str
2729
     \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_symdecl_local_bool
2730
     \tl_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_type_tl
     \tl_clear:N \l_stex_symdecl_definiens_tl
    % \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_lang_str
2733
     \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_variant_str
     \str_clear:N \l__stex_notation_prec_str
     \tl_clear:N \l__stex_notation_op_tl
     \keys_set:nn { stex / symdef } { #1 }
2738
2739 }
2740
   \NewDocumentCommand \symdef { m O{} } {
2741
     \__stex_notation_symdef_args:n { #2 }
2742
     \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_symdecl_make_macro_bool
2743
     \stex_symdecl_do:n { #1 }
2744
2745
     \tl_set:Nn \l_stex_notation_after_do_tl {
2746
       \__stex_notation_final:
       \stex_smsmode_do:\ignorespacesandpars
2747
2748
     \str_set:Nx \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {
2749
       \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_symdecl_name_str
2750
     \exp_args:Nx \stex_notation_do:nnnnn
2753
       { \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { args } }
2754
         \prop_item:cn { l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { arity } }
2755
         \l_stex_notation_variant_str }
2756
       { \l_stex_notation_prec_str}
2757 }
   \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdef {module~environments}
```

(End definition for \symdef. This function is documented on page 66.)

29.3 Variables

```
= \l_stex_variables_def_tl ,
     def
2765
              .tl_set:N
                             = \l_stex_variables_op_tl ,
              .tl_set:N
2766
     qo
              .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_variables_prec_str ,
     prec
2767
              .choices:nn
     assoc
2768
          {bin,binl,binr,pre,conj,pwconj}
2769
          {\str_set:Nx \l_stex_variables_assoctype_str {\l_keys_choice_tl}},
2770
2771
              .choices:nn
          {forall, exists}
2772
          {\str_set:Nx \l_stex_variables_bind_str {\l_keys_choice_tl}}
2773
2774
2775
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_variables_args:n {
2776
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_name_str
2777
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_args_str
2778
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_prec_str
2779
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_assoctype_str
2780
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_bind_str
2781
      \tl_clear:N \l__stex_variables_type_tl
2782
      \tl_clear:N \l__stex_variables_def_tl
      \tl_clear:N \l__stex_variables_op_tl
      \keys_set:nn { stex / vardef } { #1 }
2786
2787 }
2788
   \NewDocumentCommand \__stex_variables_do_simple:nnn { m O{}} {
2789
      \__stex_variables_args:n {#2}
2790
     \str_if_empty:NT \l__stex_variables_name_str {
2791
       \str_set:Nx \l__stex_variables_name_str { #1 }
2792
2793
      \prop_clear:N \l_tmpa_prop
2794
      \prop_put:Nno \l_tmpa_prop { name } \l__stex_variables_name_str
2795
2796
     \int_zero:N \l_tmpb_int
2797
      \bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool
2798
      \str_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_variables_args_str {
2799
        \token_case_meaning:NnF ##1 {
2800
          0 {} 1 {} 2 {} 3 {} 4 {} 5 {} 6 {} 7 {} 8 {} 9 {}
2801
2802
          {\tl_to_str:n i} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
2803
          {\tl_to_str:n b} { \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool }
          {\tl_to_str:n a} {
            \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
            \int_incr:N \l_tmpb_int
          }
2807
          {\tl_to_str:n B} {
2808
            \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
2809
            \int_incr:N \l_tmpb_int
2810
2811
       }{
2812
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/wrongargs}{
2813
2814
            variable~\l_stex_variables_name_str
          }{##1}
2816
       }
     }
2817
     \bool_if:NTF \l_tmpa_bool {
```

```
% possibly numeric
2819
       \str_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_variables_args_str {
2820
         \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { args } {}
2821
         \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { arity } { 0 }
2822
       }{
2823
          \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \l__stex_variables_args_str }
2824
         \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { arity } { \int_use:N \l_tmpa_int }
2825
         \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
2826
         \int_step_inline:nn \l_tmpa_int {
           \str_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_str i
         \str_set_eq:NN \l__stex_variables_args_str \l_tmpa_str
2830
          \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { args } { \l_stex_variables_args_str }
2831
2832
     } {
2833
       \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { args } { \l_stex_variables_args_str }
2834
       \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { arity }
2835
          { \str_count:N \l__stex_variables_args_str }
2836
     \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { assocs } { \int_use:N \l_tmpb_int }
     \tl_set:cx { #1 }{ \stex_invoke_variable:n { \l__stex_variables_name_str } }
2840
     \prop_set_eq:cN { 1_stex_variable_\l__stex_variables_name_str _prop} \l_tmpa_prop
2841
2842
     \tl_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_op_tl {
2843
       \cs_set:cpx {
2844
2845
         stex_var_op_notation_ \l__stex_variables_name_str _cs
       } { \exp_not:N\comp{ \exp_args:No \exp_not:n { \l_stex_variables_op_tl } } }
2846
     }
2847
     \tl_set:Nn \l_stex_notation_after_do_tl {
2849
2850
       \exp_args:Nne \use:nn {
         \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn { stex_var_notation_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs }
2851
            \cs_set:Npn { \prop_item:Nn \l_tmpa_prop { arity } }
2852
       } {{
2853
          \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN
2854
         \exp_not:n \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN \exp_after:wN
2855
         { \exp_after:wN \l_stex_notation_macrocode_cs \l_stex_notation_dummyargs_tl \stex_symb
2856
2857
       \stex_if_do_html:T {
         \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn {vardecl}{\l__stex_variables_name_str}{
           \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn { precedence }
              { \l_stex_variables_prec_str }{}
2861
           \tl_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_type_tl {\stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{}}{$\l
2862
           \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{args}{}{ \l__stex_variables_args_str }
2863
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{macroname}{#1}{}
2864
            \tl_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_def_tl {
2865
              \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{definiens}{}
2866
                {$\l_stex_variables_def_tl$}
2867
            \str_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_assoctype_str {
              \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{assoctype}{\l__stex_variables_assoctype_str}{}
2871
            \str_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_bind_str {
2872
```

```
\stex_annotate:nnn {bindtype}{\l__stex_variables_bind_str}{}
           }
2874
            \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
2875
            \str_set_eq:NN \l__stex_variables_remaining_args_str \l__stex_variables_args_str
2876
            \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
2877
            \int_step_inline:nn { \prop_item:Nn \l_tmpa_prop { arity } }{
2878
              \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
2879
              \str_set:Nx \l_tmpb_str { \str_head:N \l__stex_variables_remaining_args_str }
              \str_set:Nx \l__stex_variables_remaining_args_str { \str_tail:N \l__stex_variables
              \str_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpb_str a {
                \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \l_tmpa_tl {
                  \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int a}{} ,
2884
                  \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int b}{}
2885
                } }
2886
              }{
2887
                \str_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpb_str B {
2888
                  \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \l_tmpa_tl {
2889
                    \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int a}{} ,
                    \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int b}{}
                  } }
                }{
                  \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \l_tmpa_tl {
                    \stex_annotate:nnn{argmarker}{\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{}
                  } }
2896
                }
2897
             }
2898
           }
2899
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn { notationcomp }{}{
2900
              \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_symbol_str {var://\l_stex_variables_name_str }
2901
              $ \exp_args:Nno \use:nn { \use:c {
                stex_var_notation_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs
              } { \l_tmpa_tl } $
           }
2905
2906
       }\ignorespacesandpars
2907
2908
2909
     \stex_notation_do:nnnnn { \l__stex_variables_args_str } { \prop_item:Nn \l_tmpa_prop { ari
2910
2911 }
2913
   \cs_new:Nn \_stex_reset:N {
     \tl_if_exist:NTF #1 {
       \def \exp_not:N #1 { \exp_args:No \exp_not:n #1 }
2915
2916
       \let \exp_not:N #1 \exp_not:N \undefined
2917
2918
2919
2920
   \NewDocumentCommand \__stex_variables_do_complex:nn { m m }{
2921
     \clist_set:Nx \l__stex_variables_names { \tl_to_str:n {#1} }
2922
     \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
2924
       % TODO
2925
       \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn {vardecl}{\clist_use:Nn\l__stex_variables_names,}{
         #2
2926
```

```
}
2927
     }{
2928
        \_stex_reset:N \varnot
2929
        \_stex_reset:N \vartype
2930
        \_stex_reset:N \vardefi
2931
2932
2933
2934
    \NewDocumentCommand \vardef { s } {
      \IfBooleanTF#1 {
2936
        \__stex_variables_do_complex:nn
2937
2938
          _stex_variables_do_simple:nnn
2939
2940
2941 }
2942
    \NewDocumentCommand \svar { O{} m }{
2943
      \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}{
2944
        \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #2 }
     }{
        \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
2947
2948
      \_stex_term_omv:nn {
2949
       var://l_tmpa_str
2950
2951
        \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
2952
          \def\comp{\_varcomp}
2953
          \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_symbol_str { var://\l_tmpa_str }
2954
          \comp{ #2 }
2955
       }{
          \_stex_reset:N \comp
2957
          \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
2958
2959
     }
2960
2961 }
2962
2963
2964
2965
   \keys_define:nn { stex / varseq } {
              .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_variables_name_str ,
      args
               .int_set:N
                              = \l_stex_variables_args_int ,
      type
              .tl_set:N
                              = \l_stex_variables_type_tl
2969
     mid
              .tl_set:N
                              = \l__stex_variables_mid_tl
              .choices:nn
2970
     bind
          {forall.exists}
2971
          {\str_set:Nx \l_stex_variables_bind_str {\l_keys_choice_tl}}
2972
2973
2974
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_variables_seq_args:n {
2975
2976
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_name_str
2977
      \int_set:Nn \l__stex_variables_args_int 1
2978
      \tl_clear:N \l__stex_variables_type_tl
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_variables_bind_str
2979
2980
```

```
\keys_set:nn { stex / varseq } { #1 }
2982 }
2983
   \NewDocumentCommand \varseq {m O{} m m m}{
2984
      \__stex_variables_seq_args:n { #2 }
2985
     \str_if_empty:NT \l__stex_variables_name_str {
2986
       \str_set:Nx \l__stex_variables_name_str { #1 }
2987
2988
     \prop_clear:N \l_tmpa_prop
     \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { arity }{\int_use:N \l__stex_variables_args_int}
2990
     \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {#3}
2992
     \int_compare:nNnF {\seq_count:N \l_tmpa_seq} = \l__stex_variables_args_int {
2993
       \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/seqlength}
2994
          {\int_use:N \l__stex_variables_args_int}
2995
          {\seq_count:N \l_tmpa_seq}
2996
2997
     \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \l_tmpb_seq {#4}
2998
     \int_compare:nNnF {\seq_count:N \l_tmpb_seq} = \l__stex_variables_args_int {
       \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/seqlength}
          {\int_use:N \l__stex_variables_args_int}
          {\seq_count:N \l_tmpb_seq}
3002
3003
     \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop {starts} {#3}
3004
     \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop {ends} {#4}
3005
3006
     \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {stex_varseq_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs}
3007
       \cs_set:Npn {\int_use:N \l__stex_variables_args_int} { #5 }
3008
3009
3010
     \exp_args:NNo \tl_set:No \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{stex_varseq_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs}}
3011
     \int_step_inline:nn \l__stex_variables_args_int {
       \tl_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {##1}} }
3012
3013
     \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\exp_args:NNo \exp_args:No \exp_not:n{\l_tmpa_tl}}
3014
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {,\ellipses,}
3015
     \tl_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_mid_tl {
3016
       \tl_put_right:No \l_tmpa_tl \l__stex_variables_mid_tl
3017
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {,\ellipses,}
3018
3019
     \exp_args:NNo \tl_set:No \l_tmpb_tl {\use:c{stex_varseq_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs}}
     \int_step_inline:nn \l__stex_variables_args_int {
       \tl_put_right:Nx \l_tmpb_tl { {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq {##1}} }
3023
     \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl {\exp_args:NNo \exp_args:No \exp_not:n{\l_tmpb_tl}}
3024
     \tl_put_right:No \l_tmpa_tl \l_tmpb_tl
3025
3026
3027
     \prop_put:Nno \l_tmpa_prop { notation }\l_tmpa_tl
3028
3029
3030
     \tl_set:cx {#1} {\stex_invoke_sequence:n {\l_stex_variables_name_str}}
3031
3032
     \exp_args:NNo \tl_set:No \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{stex_varseq_\l_stex_variables_name_str _cs}}
3033
     \int_step_inline:nn \l__stex_variables_args_int {
3034
```

```
\tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\exp_args:No \exp_not:n \l_tmpa_tl {
3035
          \_stex_term_math_arg:nnn{i##1}{0}{\exp_not:n{####}##1}
3036
       }}
3037
     }
3038
3039
     \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {
3040
        \_stex_term_math_oma:nnnn { varseq://\l__stex_variables_name_str}{}{0}{
3041
          \exp_args:NNo \exp_args:No \exp_not:n {\l_tmpa_tl}
3042
3043
     }
3044
3045
     \tl_set:No \l_tmpa_tl { \exp_after:wN { \l_tmpa_tl \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl} }
3046
3047
     \exp_args:Nno \use:nn {
3048
      \cs_generate_from_arg_count:cNnn {stex_varseq_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs}
3049
       \cs_set:Npn {\int_use:N \l__stex_variables_args_int}}{\l_tmpa_tl}
3050
3051
      \stex_debug:nn{sequences}{New~Sequence:~
3052
        \expandafter\meaning\csname stex_varseq_\l__stex_variables_name_str _cs\endcsname\\~\\
        \prop_to_keyval:N \l_tmpa_prop
3054
3055
      \stex_if_do_html:T{\stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{varseq}{\l__stex_variables_name_str}{
3056
        \tl_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_type_tl {
3057
          \stex_annotate:nnn {type}{}{$\seqtype\l__stex_variables_type_tl$}
3058
3059
        \stex_annotate:nnn {args}{\int_use:N \l__stex_variables_args_int}{}
3060
        \str_if_empty:NF \l__stex_variables_bind_str {
3061
          \stex_annotate:nnn {bindtype}{\l__stex_variables_bind_str}{}
3062
       }
3063
     }}
3064
3065
      \prop_set_eq:cN {stex_varseq_\l__stex_variables_name_str _prop}\l_tmpa_prop
3066
3067
     \ignorespacesandpars
3068
3069
3070 (/package)
```

Chapter 30

ST_EX

-Terms Implementation

```
3071 (*package)
3072
terms.dtx
                               <@@=stex_terms>
   Warnings and error messages
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/nonotation}{
     Symbol~#1~invoked,~but~has~no~notation#2!
3078
3079 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/notationarg}{
     Error~in~parsing~notation~#1
3080
3081 }
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/noop}{
3082
     Symbol~#1~has~no~operator~notation~for~notation~#2
3083
3084 }
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/notallowed}{
     Symbol~invokation~#1~not~allowed~in~notation~component~of~#2
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/doubleargument}{
     Argument~#1~of~symbol~#2~already~assigned
3089
3090 }
3091 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/overarity}{
     Argument~#1~invalid~for~symbol~#2~with~arity~#3
3092
3093 }
3094
```

30.1 Symbol Invocations

```
\stex_invoke_symbol:n Invokes a semantic macro

3095
```

```
3095
3096
3097 \bool_new:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3098 \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3099
```

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
      \bool_if:NTF \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool {
3101
        \str_if_eq:eeF {
3102
          \prop_item:cn {
3103
            l_stex_symdecl_#1_prop
3104
          }{ deprecate }
3105
        }{}{
3106
          \msg_warning:nnxx{stex}{warning/deprecated}{
3107
            Symbol~#1
          }{
3109
             \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_#1_prop}{ deprecate }
3110
          }
3111
3112
        \if_mode_math:
3113
          \exp_after:wN \__stex_terms_invoke_math:n
3114
3115
          \exp_after:wN \__stex_terms_invoke_text:n
3116
        \fi: { #1 }
3117
      }{
3118
        \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/notallowed}{#1}{\l_stex_current_symbol_str}
      }
3120
3121 }
3122
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_invoke_text:n {
3123
      \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
3124
        \__stex_terms_invoke_op_custom:nn {#1}
3125
3126
        \__stex_terms_invoke_custom:nn {#1}
3127
3128
3129 }
3130
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_invoke_math:n {
3131
      \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
3132
        % operator
3133
        \peek_charcode_remove:NTF * {
3134
          % custom op
3135
          \__stex_terms_invoke_op_custom:nn {#1}
3136
3137
        }{
3138
          % op notation
          \peek_charcode:NTF [ {
             \__stex_terms_invoke_op_notation:nw {#1}
          }{
3142
             \_\_stex_terms_invoke_op_notation:nw {#1}[]
3143
        }
3144
      }{
3145
        \peek_charcode_remove:NTF * {
3146
          \__stex_terms_invoke_custom:nn {#1}
3147
          % custom
3148
3149
        }{
          % normal
3151
          \peek_charcode:NTF [ {
3152
             \__stex_terms_invoke_notation:nw {#1}
          }{
3153
```

```
\__stex_terms_invoke_notation:nw {#1}[]
3154
3155
       }
3156
     }
3157
3158
3159
3160
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_invoke_op_custom:nn {
3161
     \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
3162
       \def\comp{\_comp}
3163
       \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { #1 }
3164
       \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3165
       \_stex_term_oms:nnn {#1}{#1 \c_hash_str CUSTOM-}{
3166
          \comp{ #2 }
3167
3168
     }{
3169
       \_stex_reset:N \comp
3170
       \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3171
       \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3172
3173
     }
3174 }
3175
   \keys_define:nn { stex / terms } {
3176
              .tl_set_x:N = \l_stex_notation_lang_str ,
3177
     variant .tl_set_x:N = \l_stex_notation_variant_str ,
3178
                          = \str_set:Nx
     unknown .code:n
3179
         \l_stex_notation_variant_str \l_keys_key_str
3180
3181
3182
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_args:n {
    % \str_clear:N \l_stex_notation_lang_str
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_notation_variant_str
3185
3186
     \keys_set:nn { stex / terms } { #1 }
3187
3188
3189
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_find_notation:nn {
3190
     \_stex_terms_args:n { #2 }
3191
3192
     \seq_if_empty:cTF {
       l_stex_symdecl_ #1 _notations
     } {
       \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nonotation}{#1}{s}
3196
       \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_notation_variant_str {
3197
         3198
3199
         \seq_if_in:cxTF {l_stex_symdecl_#1_notations}{
3200
           \l_stex_notation_variant_str
3201
3202
            \str_set:Nx \l_stex_notation_variant_str { \l_stex_notation_variant_str \c_hash_str
3203
         }{
           \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nonotation}{#1}{
3206
              ~\l_stex_notation_variant_str
3207
```

```
}
3208
       }
3209
     }
3210
3211 }
3212
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_terms_invoke_op_notation:nw #1 [#2] {
3213
      \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
3214
        \def\comp{\_comp}
3215
        \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { #1 }
        \stex_find_notation:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
3217
        \bool_set_false: N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3218
        \cs_if_exist:cTF {
3219
          stex_op_notation_ #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs
3220
3221
       }{
          \_stex_term_oms:nnn { #1 }{
3222
            #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str
3223
3224
            \use:c{stex_op_notation_ #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}
3225
          }
       }{
          \int_compare:nNnTF {\prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_#1_prop}{arity}} = 0{
            \cs_if_exist:cTF {
3229
              stex_notation_ #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs
3230
            }{
              \tl_set:Nx \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl {
3232
                \_stex_reset:N \comp
3233
                \_stex_reset:N \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl
3234
                \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3235
                \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3236
              }
              \def\comp{\_comp}
              \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { #1 }
              \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3240
              \use:c{stex_notation_ #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}
3241
            }{
3242
              \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nonotation}{#1}{
3243
                ~\l_stex_notation_variant_str
3244
3245
            }
3246
          }{
            \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/noop}{#1}{\l_stex_notation_variant_str}
          }
       }
3250
     }{
3251
        \_stex_reset:N \comp
3252
        \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3253
        \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3254
3255
3256
3257
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_terms_invoke_notation:nw #1 [#2] {
3259
     \stex_find_notation:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
3260
     \cs_if_exist:cTF {
        stex_notation_ #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs
3261
```

```
}{
3262
        \tl_set:Nx \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl {
3263
          \_stex_reset:N \comp
3264
          \_stex_reset:N \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl
3265
          \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3266
          \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3267
3268
        \def\comp{\_comp}
3269
        \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { #1 }
        \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
        \use:c{stex_notation_ #1 \c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}
3272
     }{
3273
        \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nonotation}{#1}{
3274
3275
          ~\l_stex_notation_variant_str
3276
     }
3277
3278 }
3279
   \prop_new:N \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_invoke_custom:nn {
      \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
3283
        \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3284
        \def\comp{\_comp}
3285
        \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { #1 }
3286
        \prop_clear:N \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop
3287
3288
        \prop_put:Nnn \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {currnum} {1}
        \prop_get:cnN {
3289
          l_stex_symdecl_#1 _prop
3290
        }{ args } \l_tmpa_str
        \prop_put:Nno \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {args} \l_tmpa_str
        \tl_set:Nn \arg { \__stex_terms_arg: }
        \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
3294
          \_stex_term_oms:nnn {#1}{#1\c_hash_str CUSTOM-}{#2}
3295
       }{
3296
          \str_if_in:NnTF \l_tmpa_str b {
3297
            \_stex_term_ombind:nnn {#1}{#1\c_hash_str CUSTOM-\l_tmpa_str}{#2}
3298
          }{
3299
            \str_if_in:NnTF \l_tmpa_str B {
3300
              \_stex_term_ombind:nnn {#1}{#1\c_hash_str CUSTOM-\l_tmpa_str}{#2}
            }{
              \_stex_term_oma:nnn {#1}{#1\c_hash_str CUSTOM-\l_tmpa_str}{#2}
            }
3304
         }
3305
       }
3306
       % TODO check that all arguments exist
3307
     }{
3308
        \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3309
        \_stex_reset:N \arg
3310
        \_stex_reset:N \comp
3311
        \_stex_reset:N \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop
3313
        \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
     }
3314
3315 }
```

```
3316
   \NewDocumentCommand \__stex_terms_arg: { s O{} m}{
3317
      \tl_if_empty:nTF {#2}{
3318
        \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\prop_item:Nn \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {currnum}}
3319
        \bool_set_true:N \l_tmpa_bool
3320
        \bool_do_while:Nn \l_tmpa_bool {
3321
          \exp_args:NNx \prop_if_in:NnTF \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int
3322
            \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
3323
         }{
            \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
3325
3326
       }
3327
     ጉና
3328
        \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { #2 }
3329
3330
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\prop_item:Nn \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {args} }
3331
      \int_compare:nNnT \l_tmpa_int > {\str_count:N \l_tmpa_str} {
3332
        \msg_error:nnxxx{stex}{error/overarity}
          {\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}
          {\l_stex_current_symbol_str}
          {\str_count:N \l_tmpa_str}
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\str_item:Nn \l_tmpa_str \l_tmpa_int}
3338
      \exp_args:NNx \prop_if_in:NnT \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int} {
3339
        \bool_lazy_any:nF {
3340
          {\str_if_eq_p:Vn \l_tmpa_str {a}}
3341
          {\str_if_eq_p:Vn \l_tmpa_str {B}}
3342
3343
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/doubleargument}
3344
            {\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}
3346
            {\l_stex_current_symbol_str}
       }
3347
     }
3348
      \exp_args:NNx \prop_put:Nnn \l__stex_terms_custom_args_prop {\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int} {#3}
3349
      \bool_set_true: N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3350
      \IfBooleanTF#1{
3351
        \stex_annotate_invisible:n { %TODO
3352
          \exp_args:No \_stex_term_arg:nn {\l_tmpa_str\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{#3}
3353
3354
     }{ %TODO
        \exp_args:No \_stex_term_arg:nn {\l_tmpa_str\int_use:N \l_tmpa_int}{#3}
3358
      \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3359
   }
3360
3361
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_arg:nn {
3362
      \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3363
      \stex_annotate:nnn{ arg }{ #1 }{ #2 }
3364
      \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3365
3367
3368
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_math_arg:nnn {
```

\exp_args:Nnx \use:nn

```
\_stex_term_arg:nn { #1 }{ #3 }
                         3372
                                 { \int_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l__stex_terms_downprec { \int_use:N \l__stex_terms_downprec }
                         3373
                         3374 }
                        (End definition for \stex_invoke_symbol:n. This function is documented on page 67.)
\ stex term math assoc arg:nnnn
                             \cs_new_protected: Nn \_stex_term_math_assoc_arg:nnnn {
                         3375
                               \cs_set:Npn \l_tmpa_cs ##1 ##2 { #4 }
                         3376
                               \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpb_tl {\_stex_term_math_arg:nnn{#1}{#2}}
                         3377
                               \exp_args:Nx \tl_if_empty:nTF { \tl_tail:n{ #3 }}{
                                 \expandafter\if\expandafter\relax\noexpand#3
                                   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\__stex_terms_math_assoc_arg_maybe_sequence:Nn#3{#1}}
                                 \else
                                   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\__stex_terms_math_assoc_arg_simple:nn{#1}{#3}}
                         3382
                                 \fi
                         3383
                                 \l_tmpa_tl
                         3384
                         3385
                                 \__stex_terms_math_assoc_arg_simple:nn{#1}{#3}
                         3386
                         3387
                         3388 }
                         3389
                             \c \c = may be_sequence: Nn \c \c = math_assoc_arg_may be_sequence: Nn {
                               \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { \cs_argument_spec:N #1 }
                         3391
                               \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                         3392
                                 \exp_args:Nx \cs_if_eq:NNTF {
                         3303
                                   \tl_head:N #1
                         3394
                                 } \stex_invoke_sequence:n {
                         3395
                                   \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\tl_tail:N #1}
                         3396
                                   \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\exp_after:wN \use:n \l_tmpa_tl}
                         3397
                                   \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\prop_item:cn {stex_varseq_\l_tmpa_str _prop}{notation}}
                         3398
                                   \exp_args:NNo \seq_set_from_clist:Nn \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_tl
                                   \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {{\exp_not:N \exp_not:n{
                                     \exp_not:n{\exp_args:Nnx \use:nn} {
                                       \exp_not:n {
                                          \def\comp{\_varcomp}
                         3403
                                          \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str
                         3404
                                       } {varseq://l_tmpa_str}
                         3405
                                       \exp_not:n{ ##1 }
                         3406
                                     }{
                         3407
                                       \exp_not:n {
                                          \_stex_reset:N \comp
                                          \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
                         3410
                                       }
                                     }
                         3412
                                   }}}
                         3413
                         3414
                                   \exp_args:Nno \use:nn {\seq_set_map:NNn \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_seq} \l_tmpa_tl
                                   \seq_reverse:N \l_tmpa_seq
                         3415
                                   \seq_pop:NN \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_tl
                         3416
                                   \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
                         3417
```

{ \int_set:Nn \l__stex_terms_downprec { #2 }

3371

3418

3419

\exp_args:NNo \exp_args:NNo \tl_set:No \l_tmpa_tl {

\exp_args:Nno

```
\l_tmpa_cs { ##1 } \l_tmpa_tl
3420
            }
3421
          }
3422
          \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {
3423
            \_stex_term_omv:nn {varseq://\l_tmpa_str}{
3424
              \exp_args:No \exp_not:n \l_tmpa_tl
3425
3426
          }
3427
          \exp_args:No\l_tmpb_tl\l_tmpa_tl
        }{
3429
           __stex_terms_math_assoc_arg_simple:nn{#2} { #1 }
3430
        }
3431
     }
        {
3432
           _stex_terms_math_assoc_arg_simple:nn{#2} { #1 }
3433
3434
3435
3436 }
3437
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_math_assoc_arg_simple:nn {
      \clist_set:Nn \l_tmpa_clist{ #2 }
      \int_compare:nNnTF { \clist_count:N \l_tmpa_clist } < 2 {</pre>
3440
        \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { \_stex_term_arg:nn{A#1}{ #2 } }
3441
     }{
3442
        \clist_reverse:N \l_tmpa_clist
3443
        \clist_pop:NN \l_tmpa_clist \l_tmpa_tl
3444
        \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \_stex_term_arg:nn{A#1}{
3445
          \exp_args:No \exp_not:n \l_tmpa_tl
3446
3447
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
3448
          \exp_args:NNo \exp_args:NNo \tl_set:No \l_tmpa_tl {
3450
            \exp_args:Nno
            \l_tmpa_cs { \_stex_term_arg:nn{A#1}{##1} } \l_tmpa_tl
3451
3452
        }
3453
     }
3454
      \exp_args:No\l_tmpb_tl\l_tmpa_tl
3455
3456 }
```

(End definition for _stex_term_math_assoc_arg:nnnn. This function is documented on page 67.)

30.2 Terms

Precedences:

```
\infprec
\neginfprec
\neginfprec

\lambda_{457} \tl_const:Nx \infprec {\int_use:N \c_max_int}

\lambda_{458} \tl_const:Nx \neginfprec {-\int_use:N \c_max_int}

\lambda_{459} \int_new:N \l_stex_terms_downprec

\lambda_{460} \int_set_eq:NN \l_stex_terms_downprec \infprec

\lambda_{460} \int_set_eq:NN \l_stex_terms_downprec, and \lambda_stex_terms_downprec. These variables are documented on page 68.)

\text{Bracketing:}

\lambda_{457} \tll_const:Nx \infprec {\int_use:N \c_max_int}

\lambda_{50} \int_new:N \lambda_stex_terms_downprec

\lambda_stex_terms_downprec

\lambda_stex_terms_downprec

\lambda_stex_te
```

```
\l stex terms left bracket str
\l_stex_terms_right_bracket_str
                          3461 \tl_set:Nn \tl_stex_terms_left_bracket_str (
                          3462 \tl_set:Nn \l__stex_terms_right_bracket_str )
                          (End definition for \l_stex_terms_left_bracket_str and \l_stex_terms_right_bracket_str.)
                          Compares precedences and insert brackets accordingly
\ stex terms maybe brackets:nn
                              \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_terms_maybe_brackets:nn {
                                \bool_if:NTF \l__stex_terms_brackets_done_bool {
                          3464
                                   \bool_set_false:N \l__stex_terms_brackets_done_bool
                          3465
                                  #2
                                } {
                                   \int_compare:nNnTF { #1 } > \l__stex_terms_downprec {
                           3468
                                     \bool_if:NTF \l_stex_inparray_bool { #2 }{
                           3469
                                       \stex_debug:nn{dobrackets}{\number#1 > \number\l__stex_terms_downprec; \detokenize{#
                           3470
                                       \dobrackets { #2 }
                          3471
                          3472
                                  }{ #2 }
                          3473
                          3474
                          3475 }
                          (End\ definition\ for\ \_\_stex\_terms\_maybe\_brackets:nn.)
           \dobrackets
                              \bool_new:N \l__stex_terms_brackets_done_bool
                              %\RequirePackage{scalerel}
                              \cs_new_protected:Npn \dobrackets #1 {
                                %\ThisStyle{\if D\m@switch
                          3479
                                      \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn
                           3480
                                %
                                      { \exp_after:wN \left\l__stex_terms_left_bracket_str #1 }
                           3481
                                %
                                      { \exp_not:N\right\l__stex_terms_right_bracket_str }
                           3482
                                %
                                    \else
                          3483
                                     \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn
                          3484
                                     {
                          3485
                                       \bool_set_true:N \l__stex_terms_brackets_done_bool
                          3486
                                       \int_set:Nn \l__stex_terms_downprec \infprec
                          3487
                                       \l__stex_terms_left_bracket_str
                                       #1
                           3489
                                     }
                           3490
                           3491
                                       \bool_set_false:N \l__stex_terms_brackets_done_bool
                          3492
                                       \l__stex_terms_right_bracket_str
                          3493
                                       \int_set:Nn \l__stex_terms_downprec { \int_use:N \l__stex_terms_downprec }
                          3494
                          3495
                                %\fi}
                          3496
                          3497 }
                          (End definition for \dobrackets. This function is documented on page 68.)
         \withbrackets
                              \cs_new_protected:Npn \withbrackets #1 #2 #3 {
                                \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn
                                   \tl_set:Nx \l__stex_terms_left_bracket_str { #1 }
```

```
#3
                              3503
                                    }
                              3504
                                    {
                              3505
                                      \tl_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l__stex_terms_left_bracket_str
                              3506
                                        {\l_stex_terms_left_bracket_str}
                              3507
                                      \tl_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l__stex_terms_right_bracket_str
                              3508
                                         {\l_stex_terms_right_bracket_str}
                                    }
                              3510
                              3511 }
                              (End definition for \withbrackets. This function is documented on page 68.)
            \STEXinvisible
                              3512 \cs_new_protected:Npn \STEXinvisible #1 {
                              3513
                                    \stex_annotate_invisible:n { #1 }
                              3514 }
                              (End definition for \STEXinvisible. This function is documented on page 68.)
                                  OMDoc terms:
\_stex_term_math_oms:nnnn
                              3515 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_oms:nnn {
                                    \stex_annotate:nnn{ OMID }{ #2 }{
                              3516
                                      #3
                              3517
                              3518
                              3519 }
                              3520
                              3521
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_math_oms:nnnn {
                                    \__stex_terms_maybe_brackets:nn { #3 }{
                                      \_stex_term_oms:nnn { #1 } { #1\c_hash_str#2 } { #4 }
                              3524
                              3525 }
                              (End definition for \ stex term math oms:nnnn. This function is documented on page 67.)
 \_stex_term_math_omv:nn
                              3526 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_omv:nn {
                                    \stex_annotate:nnn{ OMV }{ #1 }{
                                      #2
                              3528
                              3529
                              3530 }
                              (End definition for \_stex_term_math_omv:nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
\_stex_term_math_oma:nnnn
                                  \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_oma:nnn {
                                    \stex_annotate:nnn{ OMA }{ #2 }{
                                      #3
                              3534
                              3535 }
                              3536
                              3537 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_math_oma:nnnn {
                                    \__stex_terms_maybe_brackets:nn { #3 }{
                              3538
                                      \_stex_term_oma:nnn { #1 } { #1\c_hash_str#2 } { #4 }
                              3539
```

\tl_set:Nx \l__stex_terms_right_bracket_str { #2 }

```
}
                              3540
                              3541 }
                             (End definition for \_stex_term_math_oma:nnnn. This function is documented on page 67.)
\_stex_term_math_omb:nnnn
                              3542 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_ombind:nnn {
                                    \stex_annotate:nnn{ OMBIND }{ #2 }{
                              3544
                                      #3
                                   7
                              3545
                              3546 }
                              3547
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_term_math_omb:nnnn {
                              3548
                                    \_stex_terms_maybe_brackets:nn { #3 }{
                              3549
                                      \_stex_term_ombind:nnn { #1 } { #1\c_hash_str#2 } { #4 }
                              3550
                              3551
                              3552 }
                             (End definition for \_stex_term_math_omb:nnnn. This function is documented on page 67.)
                   \symref
                  \symname
                                 \cs_new:Nn \stex_capitalize:n { \uppercase{#1} }
                              3554
                                 \keys_define:nn { stex / symname } {
                              3555
                                   pre
                                            .tl_set_x:N
                                                             = \l_stex_terms_pre_tl ,
                              3556
                                            .tl_set_x:N
                                                             = \l_stex_terms_post_tl ,
                                   post
                              3557
                                   root
                                            .tl_set_x:N
                                                             = \l_stex_terms_root_tl
                              3561
                                 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_symname_args:n {
                                    \tl_clear:N \l__stex_terms_post_tl
                              3562
                                    \tl_clear:N \l__stex_terms_pre_tl
                              3563
                                    \tl_clear:N \l__stex_terms_root_str
                              3564
                                    \keys_set:nn { stex / symname } { #1 }
                              3565
                              3566 }
                              3567
                                 \NewDocumentCommand \symref { m m }{
                              3568
                                    \let\compemph_uri_prev:\compemph@uri
                                    \let\compemph@uri\symrefemph@uri
                                    \STEXsymbol{#1}!{ #2 }
                              3571
                                    \let\compemph@uri\compemph_uri_prev:
                              3572
                             3573 }
                              3574
                                 \NewDocumentCommand \synonym { O{} m m}{
                              3575
                                    \stex symname args:n { #1 }
                              3576
                                    \let\compemph_uri_prev:\compemph@uri
                              3577
                                    \let\compemph@uri\symrefemph@uri
                              3578
                                    \STEXsymbol{#2}!{\l_stex_terms_pre_t1 #3 \l_stex_terms_post_t1}
                                    \let\compemph@uri\compemph_uri_prev:
                              3581
                              3582 }
                              3583
                                 \NewDocumentCommand \symname { O{} m }{
                              3584
                                    \stex_symname_args:n { #1 }
                              3585
```

\stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }

```
\str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
3587
       \prop_item:cn { l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { name }
3588
3589
      \exp_args:NNno \str_replace_all:Nnn \l_tmpa_str {-} {~}
3590
3591
     \let\compemph_uri_prev:\compemph@uri
3592
     \let\compemph@uri\symrefemph@uri
3593
      \exp_args:NNx \use:nn
3594
      \stex_invoke_symbol:n { { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }!\ifmmode*\fi{
        \l_stex_terms_pre_tl \l_tmpa_str \l_stex_terms_post_tl
      } }
3597
      \let\compemph@uri\compemph_uri_prev:
3598
3599
3600
   \NewDocumentCommand \Symname { O{} m }{
3601
      \stex_symname_args:n { #1 }
3602
      \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
3603
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
        \prop_item:cn { l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { name }
      \exp_args:NNno \str_replace_all:Nnn \l_tmpa_str {-} {~}
     \let\compemph_uri_prev:\compemph@uri
3608
     \let\compemph@uri\symrefemph@uri
3609
     \exp_args:NNx \use:nn
3610
      \stex_invoke_symbol:n { { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }!\ifmmode*\fi{
3611
        \exp_after:wN \stex_capitalize:n \l_tmpa_str
3612
3613
          \l__stex_terms_post_tl
      } }
3614
      \let\compemph@uri\compemph_uri_prev:
3615
```

(End definition for \symmet and \symmame. These functions are documented on page 67.)

30.3 Notation Components

```
3617 (@@=stex_notationcomps)
          \comp
  \compemph@uri
                  3618 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_comp #1 {
      \compemph
                        \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_current_symbol_str {
                  3619
       \defemph
                          \stex_html_backend:TF {
                  3620
                             \stex_annotate:nnn { comp }{ \l_stex_current_symbol_str }{ #1 }
   \defemph@uri
                  3621
                  3622
    \symrefemph
                             \exp_args:Nnx \compemph@uri { #1 } { \l_stex_current_symbol_str }
                  3623
\symrefemph@uri
                          }
       \varemph
                        }
   \varemph@uri
                  3626 }
                  3627
                      \cs_new_protected:Npn \_varcomp #1 {
                  3628
                        \str_if_empty:NF \l_stex_current_symbol_str {
                  3629
                          \stex_html_backend:TF {
                  3630
                             \stex_annotate:nnn { varcomp }{ \l_stex_current_symbol_str }{ #1 }
                  3631
                   3632
                             \exp_args:Nnx \varemph@uri { #1 } { \l_stex_current_symbol_str }
                   3633
```

```
3635
                3636
                3637
                    \def\comp{\_comp}
                3638
                3639
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \compemph@uri #1 #2 {
                3640
                         \compemph{ #1 }
                3641
                3642 }
                3643
                3644
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \compemph #1 {
                3645
                3646
                3647 }
                3648
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \defemph@uri #1 #2 {
                3649
                         \defemph{#1}
                3650
                3651
                3652
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \defemph #1 {
                         \textbf{#1}
                3654
                3655 }
                3656
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \symrefemph@uri #1 #2 {
                3657
                         \symrefemph{#1}
                3658
                3659
                3660
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \symrefemph #1 {
                3661
                         \emph{#1}
                3662
                3663 }
                3664
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \varemph@uri #1 #2 {
                         \varemph{#1}
                3666
                3667
                3668
                    \cs_new_protected:Npn \varemph #1 {
                3669
                3670
                3671 }
               (End definition for \comp and others. These functions are documented on page 68.)
   \ellipses
                3672 \NewDocumentCommand \ellipses {} { \ldots }
               (End definition for \ellipses. This function is documented on page 68.)
     \parray
   \prmatrix
                3673 \bool_new:N \l_stex_inparray_bool
\parrayline
                    \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_inparray_bool
\parraylineh
                    \NewDocumentCommand \parray { m m } {
                      \begingroup
\parraycell
                3676
                      \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_inparray_bool
                3677
                      \begin{array}{#1}
                3678
                        #2
                3679
                      \end{array}
                3680
```

}

```
3681
      \endgroup
    }
3682
3683
    \NewDocumentCommand \prmatrix { m } {
3684
      \begingroup
3685
      \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_inparray_bool
3686
      \begin{matrix}
3687
        #1
3688
      \end{matrix}
      \endgroup
3691 }
3692
    \def \maybephline {
3693
      \bool_if:NT \l_stex_inparray_bool {\hline}
3694
3695
3696
    \def \parrayline #1 #2 {
3697
      #1 #2 \bool_if:NT \l_stex_inparray_bool {\\}
3698
    \def \pmrow #1 { \parrayline{}{ #1 } }
3702
    \def \parraylineh #1 #2 {
3703
      #1 #2 \bool_if:NT \l_stex_inparray_bool {\\hline}
3704
3705 }
3706
    \def \parraycell #1 {
3707
      #1 \bool_if:NT \l_stex_inparray_bool {&}
3708
3709 }
(End definition for \parray and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)
          Variables
30.4
```

```
3710 (@@=stex_variables)
\stex_invoke_variable:n Invokes a variable
                            3711 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_invoke_variable:n {
                                  \if_mode_math:
                            3712
                                    \exp_after:wN \__stex_variables_invoke_math:n
                            3713
                            3714
                                    \exp_after:wN \__stex_variables_invoke_text:n
                            3715
                                  \fi: {#1}
                            3716
                            3717 }
                            3718
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_variables_invoke_text:n {
                            3719
                                  %TODO
                            3720
                            3721 }
                            3722
                            3723
                                \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_variables_invoke_math:n {
                            3724
                                  \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
                            3725
                                    \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
                            3726
                                      \peek_charcode:NTF [ {
                            3727
```

```
3728
            \__stex_variables_invoke_op_custom:nw
          }{
3729
            % TODO throw error
3730
3731
        }{
3732
             _stex_variables_invoke_op:n { #1 }
3733
        }
3734
      }{
3735
3736
        \peek_charcode_remove:NTF * {
           \__stex_variables_invoke_text:n { #1 }
3737
        }{
3738
           __stex_variables_invoke_math_ii:n { #1 }
3739
        }
3740
      }
3741
3742 }
3743
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_variables_invoke_op:n {
3744
      \cs_if_exist:cTF {
3745
        stex_var_op_notation_ #1 _cs
3747
        \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
3748
          \def\comp{\_varcomp}
3749
          \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { var://#1 }
3750
          \_stex_term_omv:nn { var://#1 }{
3751
            \use:c{stex_var_op_notation_ #1 _cs }
3752
3753
        }{
3754
          \_stex_reset:N \comp
3755
          \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3756
        }
3757
      }{
3758
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\prop_item:cn {l_stex_variable_#1_prop}{arity}} = 0{
3759
3760
          \__stex_variables_invoke_math_ii:n {#1}
        }{
3761
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/noop}{variable~#1}{}
3762
3763
      }
3764
3765
3766
3767
    \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_variables_invoke_math_ii:n #1 {
      \cs_if_exist:cTF {
3769
        stex_var_notation_#1_cs
      }{
3770
        \tl_set:Nx \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl {
3771
          \_stex_reset:N \comp
3772
          \_stex_reset:N \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl
3773
          \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3774
          \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3775
        }
3776
3777
        \def\comp{\_varcomp}
        \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str { var://#1 }
3779
        \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3780
        \use:c{stex_var_notation_#1_cs}
      }{
3781
```

```
3782 \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nonotation}{variable~#1}{s}
3783 }
```

(End definition for \stex_invoke_variable:n. This function is documented on page ??.)

30.5 Sequences

```
<@@=stex_sequences>
3786
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \stex_invoke_sequence:n {
      \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
        \_stex_term_omv:nn {varseq://#1}{
3789
          \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
3790
            \def\comp{\_varcomp}
3791
            \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str {varseq://#1}
3792
            \prop_item:cn{stex_varseq_#1_prop}{notation}
3793
          }{
3794
            \_stex_reset:N \comp
3795
            \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3796
          }
       }
     }{
        \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
3800
        \def\comp{\_varcomp}
        \str_set:Nn \l_stex_current_symbol_str {varseq://#1}
3802
        \tl_set:Nx \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl {
3803
          \_stex_reset:N \comp
3804
          \_stex_reset:N \stex_symbol_after_invokation_tl
3805
          \_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str
3806
          \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_allow_semantic_bool
        \use:c { stex_varseq_#1_cs }
     }
3810
3811 }
_{3812} \langle /package \rangle
```

Chapter 31

STEX -Structural Features Implementation

```
3813 (*package)
                                  features.dtx
    Warnings and error messages
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/copymodule/notallowed}{
     Symbol~#1~can~not~be~assigned~in~copymodule~#2
3819 }
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/interpretmodule/nodefiniens}{
3820
     Symbol~#1~not~assigned~in~interpretmodule~#2
3821
3822 }
3823
   \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/unknownstructure}{
     No~structure~#1~found!
3827
3828 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/unknownfield}{
     No~field~#1~in~instance~#2~found!\\#3
3829
3830 }
3831
3832 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/keyval}{
     Invalid~key=value~pair:#1
3833
3835 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/instantiate/missing}{
     Assignments~missing~in~instantiate:~#1
3838 \msg_new:nnn{stex}{error/incompatible}{
     Incompatible~signature:~#1~(#2)~and~#3~(#4)
3840 }
3841
```

31.1 Imports with modification

```
<@@=stex_copymodule>
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_get_symbol_in_seq:nn {
     \tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nNTF { #1 } \relax {
        \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #1 }
3845
        \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_cs:
3846
     7.
3847
       % argument is a string
3848
       % is it a command name?
3849
        \cs_if_exist:cTF { #1 }{
3850
          \cs_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_tl { #1 }
3851
          \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { \cs_argument_spec:N \l_tmpa_tl }
3852
          \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
            \exp_args:Nx \cs_if_eq:NNTF {
              \tl_head:N \l_tmpa_tl
            } \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
              \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_cs:n{ #2 }
3857
            }{
3858
               \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_string:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
3859
3860
          }
3861
               _stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_string:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
3862
          }
3863
       }{
          % argument is not a command name
           __stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_string:nn { #1 }{ #2 }
          % \l_stex_all_symbols_seq
3867
3868
     }
3869
3870 }
3871
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_string:nn {
3872
      \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
3873
      \bool_set_false:N \l_tmpa_bool
      \bool_if:NF \l_tmpa_bool {
        \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
          \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/unknownsymbol}{#1}
3878
       \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
3879
        \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \str_count:N \l_tmpa_str }
3880
        \seq_map_inline:Nn #2 {
3881
          \str_set:Nn \l_tmpb_str { ##1 }
3882
          \str_if_eq:eeT { \l_tmpa_str } {
3883
            \str_range:Nnn \l_tmpb_str { -\l_tmpa_int } { -1 }
3884
          } {
            \seq_map_break:n {
              \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
                \str_set:Nn \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {
3889
                  ##1
3890
              }
3891
            }
3892
3893
```

```
3894
        \l_tmpa_tl
3895
3896
3897
3898
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_from_cs:n {
3899
      \exp_args:NNx \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl
3900
        { \tl_tail:N \l_tmpa_tl }
3901
      \tl_if_single:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
        \exp_args:No \tl_if_head_is_group:nTF \l_tmpa_tl {
3903
          \exp_after:wN \str_set:Nn \exp_after:wN
            \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str \l_tmpa_tl
3905
          \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_check:n { #1 }
3906
       }{
3907
          % TODO
3908
          % tail is not a single group
3909
3910
3911
       % TODO
3912
       % tail is not a single group
3913
     }
3914
3915 }
3916
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_copymodule_get_symbol_check:n {
3917
     \exp_args:NNx \seq_if_in:NnF #1 \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {
3918
        \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/copymodule/notallowed}{\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}{
3919
          :~\seq_use:Nn #1 {,~}
3920
        }
3921
     }
3922
3923 }
3924
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_copymodule_start:nnnn {
3925
3926
     % import module
      \stex_import_module_uri:nn { #1 } { #2 }
3927
      \str_set:Nx \l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str {#3}
3928
      \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
3929
        { \l_stex_import_ns_str } { \l_stex_import_archive_str }
3930
3931
        { \l_stex_import_path_str } { \l_stex_import_name_str }
3932
3933
      \stex_collect_imports:n {\l_stex_import_ns_str ?\l_stex_import_name_str }
     \seq_set_eq:NN \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_modules_seq \l_stex_collect_imports_seq
     % fields
3936
     \seq_clear:N \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq
3937
      \seq_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_modules_seq {
3938
        \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
3939
          \exp_args:NNx \seq_put_right:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq {
3940
            ##1 ? ####1
3941
          }
3942
3943
       }
3944
     }
3945
3946
     % setup prop
     \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
```

```
\exp_args:NNx \prop_set_from_keyval:Nn \l_stex_current_copymodule_prop {
3948
                  = \l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str ,
3949
                  = \l_stex_current_module_str ,
3950
       module
                  = \l_stex_import_ns_str ?\l_stex_import_name_str ,
       from
3951
        includes
                  = \l_{tmpa_seq \%}
3952
                   = \l_tmpa_seq
        fields
3953
3954
     \stex_debug:nn{copymodule}{#4~for~module~{\l_stex_import_ns_str ?\l_stex_import_name_str}
3955
       as~\l_stex_current_module_str?\l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str}
        \stex_debug:nn{copymodule}{modules:\seq_use:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_modules_se
3957
     stex_debug:nn{copymodule}{fields:\seq_use:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq {,
3958
3050
     \stex_if_do_html:T {
3960
        \begin{stex_annotate_env} {#4} {
3961
          \l_stex_current_module_str?\l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str
3962
3963
        \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{domain}{\l_stex_import_ns_str ?\l_stex_import_name_str}{}
3964
3965
3966 }
3967
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_copymodule_end:n {
     % apply to every field
3969
     \def \l_tmpa_cs ##1 ##2 {#1}
3970
3971
     \tl_clear:N \__stex_copymodule_module_tl
3972
     \tl_clear:N \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl
3973
3974
     %\prop_get:NnN \l_stex_current_copymodule_prop {fields} \l_tmpa_seq
3975
     \seq_clear:N \__stex_copymodule_fields_seq
3976
3977
     \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_modules_seq {
3978
        \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
3979
3980
          \tl_clear:N \__stex_copymodule_curr_symbol_tl % <- wrap in current symbol html</pre>
3981
          \l_tmpa_cs{##1}{####1}
3982
3983
          \str_if_exist:cTF {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?####1_name_str} {
3984
            \str_set_eq:Nc \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?#
3985
            \stex_if_do_html:T {
3986
              \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_curr_symbol_tl {
                \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{alias}{\use:c{l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?###
              }
           }
3990
         }{
3991
            \str_set:Nx \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str { \l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str /
3992
3993
3994
          \prop_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_prop {l_stex_symdecl_ ##1?####1 _prop}
3995
          \prop_put:\nx \l_tmpa_prop { name } \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str
3996
          \prop_put:Nnx \l_tmpa_prop { module } \l_stex_current_module_str
3997
          \tl_if_exist:cT {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?####1_def_tl}{
4000
            \stex_if_do_html:T {
              \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_curr_symbol_tl {
4001
```

```
$\stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{definiens}{}{\exp_after:wN \exp_not:N\csname 1__st
             }
4003
           }
4004
            \prop_put:Nnn \l_tmpa_prop { defined } { true }
4005
4006
4007
          \stex_add_constant_to_current_module:n \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str
4008
          \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_module_tl {
4009
            \seq_clear:c {1_stex_symdecl_ \1_stex_current_module_str ? \__stex_copymodule_curr_r
            \prop_set_from_keyval:cn {
4011
              l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_current_module_str ? \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str _prop
            }{
4013
              \prop_to_keyval:N \l_tmpa_prop
4014
4015
         }
4016
4017
          \str_if_exist:cT {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?###1_macroname_str} {
4018
            \stex_if_do_html:T {
4019
              \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_curr_symbol_tl {
                \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{macroname}{\use:c{l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1
              }
           }
            \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_module_tl {
              \tl_set:cx {\use:c{l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?####1_macroname_str}}{
                \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
4026
                  \l_stex_current_module_str ? \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str
4027
4028
             }
4029
           }
4030
         }
          \seq_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_fields_seq {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \__stex_
4033
4034
          \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl {
4035
            \stex_copy_notations:nn {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_s
4036
4037
4038
          \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl {
4039
            \stex_if_do_html:TF{
4040
              \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{assignment} {##1?####1} { \exp_after:wN \exp_not:n \e
           }{
              \exp_after:wN \exp_not:n \exp_after:wN {\__stex_copymodule_curr_symbol_tl}
           }
         }
4045
       }
4046
     }
4047
4048
4049
     \prop_put:Nno \l_stex_current_copymodule_prop {fields} \__stex_copymodule_fields_seq
4050
     \tl_put_left:Nx \__stex_copymodule_module_tl {
4051
        \prop_set_from_keyval:cn {
4053
         l_stex_copymodule_ \l_stex_current_module_str?\l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str _pro
4054
```

\prop_to_keyval:N \l_stex_current_copymodule_prop

```
}
4056
     }
4057
4058
     \seq_gput_right:cx{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _copymodules}{
4059
        \l_stex_current_module_str?\l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str
4060
4061
4062
      \exp_args:No \stex_execute_in_module:n \__stex_copymodule_module_tl
4063
     \stex_debug:nn{copymodule}{result:\meaning \__stex_copymodule_module_tl}
4064
     \stex_debug:nn{copymodule}{output:\meaning \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl}
4065
4066
      \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl
4067
      \stex_if_do_html:T {
4068
        \end{stex_annotate_env}
4069
4070
4071
4072
    \NewDocumentEnvironment {copymodule} { O{} m m}{
4073
     \stex_copymodule_start:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }{ copymodule }
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdecl {module~environments}
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdef {module~environments}
4076
     \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \notation {module~environments}
4077
     \stex_reactivate_macro:N \assign
4078
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \renamedecl
4079
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \donotcopy
4080
      \stex_smsmode_do:
4081
4082 }{
      \stex_copymodule_end:n {}
4083
4084
4085
   \NewDocumentEnvironment {interpretmodule} { O{} m m}{
4086
      \stex_copymodule_start:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #3 }{ interpretmodule }
4087
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdecl {module~environments}
4088
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdef {module~environments}
4089
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \notation {module~environments}
4090
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \assign
4091
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \renamedecl
4092
4093
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \donotcopy
4094
      \stex_smsmode_do:
4095 }{
     \stex_copymodule_end:n {
        \tl_if_exist:cF {
4097
          l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?##2_def_tl
4098
       }{
4099
          \str_if_eq:eeF {
4100
            \prop_item:cn{
4101
              l_stex_symdecl_ ##1 ? ##2 _prop }{ defined }
4102
4103
          }{ true }{
            \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/interpretmodule/nodefiniens}{
4104
4105
              ##1?##2
4106
            }{\l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str}
4107
4108
       }
     }
4109
```

```
4110 }
4111
   \iffalse \begin{stex_annotate_env} \fi
4112
   \NewDocumentEnvironment {realization} { O{} m}{
4113
      \stex_copymodule_start:nnnn { #1 }{ #2 }{ #2 }{ realize }
4114
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdecl {module~environments}
4115
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \symdef {module~environments}
4116
      \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \notation {module~environments}
4117
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \donotcopy
4118
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \assign
4119
4120
      \stex_smsmode_do:
4121 }{
      \stex_import_module_uri:nn { #1 } { #2 }
4122
      \tl_clear:N \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl
4123
      \tl_set:Nx \__stex_copymodule_module_tl {
4124
        \stex_import_require_module:nnnn
4125
          { \l_stex_import_ns_str } { \l_stex_import_archive_str }
4126
          { \l_stex_import_path_str } { \l_stex_import_name_str }
4127
4128
4129
      \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_modules_seq {
4130
        \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
4131
          \str_set:Nx \__stex_copymodule_curr_name_str { \l_stex_current_copymodule_name_str / #
4132
          \tl_if_exist:cT {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?####1_def_tl}{
4133
            \stex_if_do_html:T {
4134
              \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl {
4135
                \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{assignment} {##1?####1} {
4136
                  $\stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{definiens}{}{\exp_after:wN \exp_not:N\csname l__
4137
4138
              }
            }
4140
            \tl_put_right:Nx \__stex_copymodule_module_tl {
4141
4142
              \prop_put:cnn {l_stex_symdecl_##1?####1_prop}{ defined }{ true }
4143
          }
4144
     }}
4145
4146
4147
      \exp_args:No \stex_execute_in_module:n \__stex_copymodule_module_tl
4148
      \__stex_copymodule_exec_tl
      \stex_if_do_html:T {\end{stex_annotate_env}}
4151
   }
4152
   \NewDocumentCommand \donotcopy { m }{
4153
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_import_name_str
4154
     \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
4155
      \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \str_count:N \l_tmpa_str }
4156
      \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
4157
        \str_set:Nn \l_tmpb_str { ##1 }
4158
4159
        \str_if_eq:eeT { \l_tmpa_str } {
4160
          \str_range:Nnn \l_tmpb_str { -\l_tmpa_int } { -1 }
4161
       } {
4162
          \seq_map_break:n {
            \stex_if_do_html:T {
4163
```

```
\stex_if_smsmode:F {
4164
                 \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{donotcopy}{##1}{
4165
                   \stex_annotate:nnn{domain}{##1}{}
4166
4167
              }
4168
            }
4169
            \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_import_name_str \l_tmpb_str
4170
          }
4171
       }
4172
        \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_copymodules}{
4173
          \str_set:Nn \l_tmpb_str { ####1 }
4174
          \str_if_eq:eeT { \l_tmpa_str } {
4175
            \str_range:Nnn \l_tmpb_str { -\l_tmpa_int } { -1 }
4176
          } {
4177
            \seq_map_break:n {\seq_map_break:n {
4178
              \stex_if_do_html:T {
4179
                 \stex_if_smsmode:F {
4180
                   \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{donotcopy}{####1}{
4181
                     \stex_annotate:nnn{domain}{
                       \prop_item:cn {l_stex_copymodule_ ####1 _prop}{module}
                     }{}
                  }
4185
                }
4186
              }
4187
              \str_set:Nx \l_stex_import_name_str {
4188
                \prop_item:cn {l_stex_copymodule_ ####1 _prop}{module}
4189
              }
4190
            }}
4191
         }
4192
4193
       }
     }
4194
      \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_import_name_str {
4195
       % TODO throw error
4196
     }{
4197
        \stex_collect_imports:n {\l_stex_import_name_str }
4198
        \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_collect_imports_seq {
4199
          \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_modules_seq { ##1 }
4200
          \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
4201
            \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq { ##1 ? ###1 }
            \bool_lazy_any:nT {
              { \cs_if_exist_p:c {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?###1_name_str}}
              { \cs_if_exist_p:c {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?####1_macroname_str}}
              { \cs_if_exist_p:c {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_##1?####1_def_tl}}
            }{
4207
              % TODO throw error
4208
            }
4209
         }
4210
4211
        \prop_get:NnN \l_stex_current_copymodule_prop { includes } \l_tmpa_seq
4212
4213
        \seq_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_seq {\l_stex_import_name_str }
4214
        \prop_put:Nno \l_stex_current_copymodule_prop {includes} \l_tmpa_seq
4215
     }
4216
      \stex_smsmode_do:
4217 }
```

```
4218
   \NewDocumentCommand \assign { m m }{
4219
     \stex_get_symbol_in_seq:nn {#1} \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq
4220
     \stex_debug:nn{assign}{defining~{\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}~as~\detokenize{#2}}
4221
     \tl_set:cn {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _def_tl}{#2}
4222
     \stex_smsmode_do:
4223
4224
4225
   \keys_define:nn { stex / renamedecl } {
                  .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4227
4228 }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_copymodule_renamedecl_args:n {
4229
     \str_clear:N \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4230
     \keys_set:nn { stex / renamedecl } { #1 }
4231
4232
4233
   \NewDocumentCommand \renamedecl { O{} m m}{
4234
     \__stex_copymodule_renamedecl_args:n { #1 }
4235
     \stex_get_symbol_in_seq:nn {#2} \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq
     \stex_debug:nn{renamedecl}{renaming~{\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}~to~#3}
     \str_set:cx {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _macroname_str}{#3}
     \str_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str {
4239
       \tl_set:cx { #3 }{ \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
4240
          \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
4241
       } }
4242
     } {
4243
4244
       \str_set:cx {l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _name_str}{\l_stex_
       \stex_debug:nn{renamedecl}{@~\l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str}
4245
       \prop_set_eq:cc {l_stex_symdecl_
4246
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4248
4249
       }{l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}
4250
       \seq_set_eq:cc {l_stex_symdecl_
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4251
          _notations
4252
       }{l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _notations}
4253
       \prop_put:cnx {l_stex_symdecl_
4254
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4255
4256
          _prop
       }{ name }{ \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str }
       \prop_put:cnx {l_stex_symdecl_
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4260
       }{ module }{ \l_stex_current_module_str }
4261
       \exp_args:NNx \seq_put_left:Nn \l__stex_copymodule_copymodule_fields_seq {
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4263
4264
       \tl_set:cx { #3 }{ \stex_invoke_symbol:n {
4265
          \l_stex_current_module_str ? \l_stex_renamedecl_name_str
4266
4267
       } }
     }
4269
     \stex_smsmode_do:
4270 }
```

```
4272 \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \assign {copymodules}
4273 \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \renamedecl {copymodules}
4274 \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \donotcopy {copymodules}
4275
4276
```

31.2 The feature environment

structural@feature

```
<@@=stex_features>
4277
   \NewDocumentEnvironment{structural_feature_module}{ m m m }{
     \stex_if_in_module:F {
       \msg_set:nnn{stex}{error/nomodule}{
         Structural~Feature~has~to~occur~in~a~module:\\
4282
         Feature~#2~of~type~#1\\
4283
         In~File:~\stex_path_to_string:N \g_stex_currentfile_seq
4284
4285
        \msg_error:nn{stex}{error/nomodule}
4286
4287
4288
     \str_set_eq:NN \l_stex_feature_parent_str \l_stex_current_module_str
4289
4291
     \stex_module_setup:nn{meta=NONE}{#2 - #1}
4292
     \stex_if_do_html:T {
4293
        \begin{stex_annotate_env}{ feature:#1 }{\l_stex_feature_parent_str ? #2 - #1}
4294
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{header}{}{ #3 }
4295
4296
4297 }{
     \str_gset_eq:NN \l_stex_last_feature_str \l_stex_current_module_str
4298
     \prop_gput:cnn {c_stex_module_ \l_stex_current_module_str _prop}{feature}{#1}
4299
     \stex_debug:nn{features}{
       Feature: \l_stex_last_feature_str
     \stex_if_do_html:T {
4303
        \end{stex_annotate_env}
4304
4305
4306 }
```

31.3 Structure

structure

```
4307 〈@@=stex_structures〉
4308 \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_add_structure_to_current_module:nn {
4309  \prop_if_exist:cF {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str_structures}{
4310  \prop_new:c {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str_structures}}
4311  }
4312  \prop_gput:cxx{c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str_structures}}
4313  {#1}{#2}
4314 }
4315
```

```
4316 \keys_define:nn { stex / features / structure } {
                   .str_set_x:N = \l_stex_structures_name_str,
4317
     name
4318
4319
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_structures_structure_args:n {
4320
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_structures_name_str
4321
      \keys_set:nn { stex / features / structure } { #1 }
4322
4323
4324
   \NewDocumentEnvironment{mathstructure}{m O{}}{
4325
      \__stex_structures_structure_args:n { #2 }
4326
      \str_if_empty:NT \l__stex_structures_name_str {
4327
        \str_set:Nx \l__stex_structures_name_str { #1 }
4328
4329
      \stex_suppress_html:n {
4330
        \exp_args:Nx \stex_symdecl_do:nn {
4331
         name = \l_stex_structures_name_str ,
4332
         def = {\STEXsymbol{module-type}{
4333
            \_stex_term_math_oms:nnnn {
              \prop_item:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _prop}
                \prop_item:cn {c_stex_module_\l_stex_current_module_str _prop}
4337
                  { name } / \l_stex_structures_name_str - structure
4338
             }{}{0}{}
4339
         }}
4340
       }{ #1 }
4341
4342
4343
      \exp_args:Nnnx
      \begin{structural_feature_module}{ structure }
4344
4345
        { \l_stex_structures_name_str }{}
4346
      \stex_smsmode_do:
4347 }{
      \end{structural_feature_module}
4348
      \_stex_reset_up_to_module:n \l_stex_last_feature_str
4349
      \exp_args:No \stex_collect_imports:n \l_stex_last_feature_str
4350
      \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
4351
      \seq_map_inline: Nn \l_stex_collect_imports_seq {
4352
4353
        \seq_map_inline:cn{c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
4354
          \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq { ##1 ? ####1 }
       }
      \exp_args:Nnno
      \prop_gput:cnn {c_stex_module_ \l_stex_last_feature_str _prop}{fields}\l_tmpa_seq
4358
      \stex_debug:nn{structure}{Fields:~\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq ,}
4359
      \stex_add_structure_to_current_module:nn
4360
        \l_stex_structures_name_str
4361
        \l_stex_last_feature_str
4362
4363
      \stex_execute_in_module:x {
4364
4365
        \tl_set:cn { #1 }{
          \exp_not:N \stex_invoke_structure:nn {\l_stex_current_module_str }{ \l_stex_structure
4367
       }
     }
4368
4369
```

```
\cs_new:Nn \stex_invoke_structure:nn {
4371
     \stex_invoke_symbol:n { #1?#2 }
4372
4373
4374
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_get_structure:n {
4375
     \tl_if_head_eq_catcode:nNTF { #1 } \relax {
4376
        \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #1 }
4377
        \__stex_structures_get_from_cs:
     }{
4379
        \cs_if_exist:cTF { #1 }{
4380
          \cs_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_cs { #1 }
4381
          \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\cs_argument_spec:N \l_tmpa_cs }
4382
          \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
4383
            \cs_if_eq:NNTF { \tl_head:N \l_tmpa_cs} \stex_invoke_structure:nn {
4384
               \__stex_structures_get_from_cs:
4385
4386
               \__stex_structures_get_from_string:n { #1 }
          }{
            \__stex_structures_get_from_string:n { #1 }
          }
4391
4392
           __stex_structures_get_from_string:n { #1 }
4393
       }
4394
     }
4395
4396
4397
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_structures_get_from_cs: {
4398
      \exp_args:NNx \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl
        { \tl_tail:N \l_tmpa_tl }
4400
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
4401
4402
        \exp_after:wN \use_i:nn \l_tmpa_tl
4403
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpb_str {
4404
        \exp_after:wN \use_ii:nn \l_tmpa_tl
4405
4406
      \str_set:Nx \l_stex_get_structure_str {
4407
4408
        \l_tmpa_str ? \l_tmpb_str
     \str_set:Nx \l_stex_get_structure_module_str {
4411
        \exp_args:Nno \prop_item:cn {c_stex_module_\l_tmpa_str _structures}{\l_tmpb_str}
4412
   }
4413
4414
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_structures_get_from_string:n {
4415
      \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
4416
        \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/unknownstructure}{#1}
4417
4418
4419
     \str_set:Nn \l_tmpa_str { #1 }
     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int { \str_count:N \l_tmpa_str }
4421
4422
     \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_stex_all_modules_seq {
        \prop_if_exist:cT {c_stex_module_##1_structures} {
4423
```

```
\str_if_eq:eeT { \l_tmpa_str }{ \str_range:nnn {##1?###1}{-\l_tmpa_int}{-1}}{
4425
              \prop_map_break:n{\seq_map_break:n{
4426
                \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
4427
                  \str_set:Nn \l_stex_get_structure_str {##1?###1}
4428
                  \str_set:Nn \l_stex_get_structure_module_str {####2}
4429
4430
             }}
4431
            }
         }
4433
       }
4434
4435
      \l_tmpa_tl
4436
4437 }
   \keys_define:nn { stex / instantiate } {
4440
                  .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_structures_name_str
4441 }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_structures_instantiate_args:n {
4442
      \str_clear:N \l__stex_structures_name_str
4443
      \keys_set:nn { stex / instantiate } { #1 }
4444
4445 }
4446
   \NewDocumentCommand \instantiate {m O{} m m m}{
     \begingroup
        \stex_get_structure:n {#4}
        \__stex_structures_instantiate_args:n { #2 }
4450
        \str_if_empty:NT \l__stex_structures_name_str {
4451
          \str_set:Nn \l__stex_structures_name_str { #1 }
4452
4453
        \exp_args:No \stex_activate_module:n \l_stex_get_structure_module_str
4454
        \seq_clear:N \l__stex_structures_fields_seq
4455
        \exp_args:Nx \stex_collect_imports:n \l_stex_get_structure_module_str
4456
        \seq_map_inline: Nn \l_stex_collect_imports_seq {
4457
          \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
            \seq_put_right:Nx \l__stex_structures_fields_seq { ##1 ? ####1 }
4459
         }
4460
       }
4461
4462
        \tl_if_empty:nF{#3}{
4463
          \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq , {#3}
4464
          \prop_clear:N \l_tmpa_prop
4465
          \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
4466
            \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq = { ##1 }
            \int_compare:nNnF { \seq_count:N \l_tmpb_seq } = 2 {
              \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/keyval}{##1}
            }
            \exp_args:Nx \stex_get_symbol_in_seq:nn {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 1} \l__stex_struct
4471
            \verb|\str_set_eq:NN \l|_stex_structures_dom_str \l|_stex_get_symbol_uri_str|
4472
            \exp_args:NNx \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__stex_structures_fields_seq \l_stex_get_symbol_u
4473
            \exp_args:Nx \stex_get_symbol:n {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 2}
4474
```

\prop_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_structures} {

4424

\instantiate

\exp_args:Nxx \str_if_eq:nnF

```
{\prop_item:cn{1_stex_symdecl_\l__stex_structures_dom_str _prop}{args}}
                                      {\prop_item:cn{1_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{args}}{
4477
                                      \msg_error:nnxxxx{stex}{error/incompatible}
                                            {\l_stex_structures_dom_str}
4479
                                             {\prop_item:cn{1_stex_symdecl_\l__stex_structures_dom_str _prop}{args}}
4480
                                            {\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
4481
                                            {\prop_item:cn{l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{args}}
                                 \prop_put:Nxx \l_tmpa_prop {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 1} \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
                          }
4486
4487
                     \seq_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_structures_fields_seq {
4488
                           \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {field:\l__stex_structures_name_str . \prop_item:cn {l_stex_sy
4489
                           \stex_debug:nn{instantiate}{Field~\l_tmpa_str :~##1}
4490
4491
                           \stex_add_constant_to_current_module:n {\l_tmpa_str}
                           \stex_execute_in_module:x {
                                 \prop_set_from_keyval:cn { l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_current_module_str?\l_tmpa_str _p
                                                          = \l_tmpa_str ,
                                                          = \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{args} ,
                                      arity = \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{arity} ,
                                      assocs = \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{assocs}
                                }
                                 \seq_clear:c {l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_current_module_str?\l_tmpa_str _notations}
4500
4501
4502
                           \seq_if_empty:cF{l_stex_symdecl_##1_notations}{
4503
                                 \stex_find_notation:nn{##1}{}
4504
                                \stex_execute_in_module:x {
                                      \seq_put_right:cn {l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_current_module_str?\l_tmpa_str _notation
                                }
4508
4509
                                \stex_copy_control_sequence:ccN
                                      \{stex\_notation\_\backslash l\_stex\_current\_module\_str?\backslash l\_tmpa\_str\backslash c\_hash\_str \ \backslash l\_stex\_notation\_str. \ \backslash l\_str. \
4510
                                      {stex_notation_##1\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}
4511
                                       \l_tmpa_tl
4512
                                 \exp_args:No \stex_execute_in_module:n \l_tmpa_tl
4513
4514
                                 \cs_if_exist:cT{stex_op_notation_##1\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}{
                                       \tl_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_cs {stex_op_notation_##1\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant
                                      \stex_execute_in_module:x {
4518
4519
                                            \tl set:cn
                                            {stex_op_notation_\l_stex_current_module_str?\l_tmpa_str\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_
                                            { \exp_args:No \exp_not:n \l_tmpa_cs}
4521
                                      }
4522
                                }
4523
4524
4525
4527
                            \prop_put:Nxx \l_tmpa_prop {\prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{name}}{\l_stex_cur
4528
```

```
4530
        \stex_execute_in_module:x {
          \prop_set_from_keyval:cn {l_stex_instance_\l_stex_current_module_str?\l__stex_structur
4531
            domain = \l_stex_get_structure_module_str ,
4532
            \prop_to_keyval:N \l_tmpa_prop
4533
         }
4534
          \tl_set:cn{ #1 }{\stex_invoke_instance:n{ \l_stex_current_module_str?\l__stex_structur
4535
       }
4536
        \stex_debug:nn{instantiate}{
4537
         Instance~\l_stex_current_module_str?\l_stex_structures_name_str \\
          \prop_to_keyval:N \l_tmpa_prop
4539
4540
        \exp_args:Nxx \stex_symdecl_do:nn {
4541
          type={\STEXsymbol{module-type}{
4542
            \_stex_term_math_oms:nnnn {
4543
              \l_stex_get_structure_module_str
4544
            }{}{0}{}
4545
         }}
4546
       }{\l__stex_structures_name_str}
4547
4548 %
          \str_set:Nx \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {\l_stex_current_module_str?\l_stex_structures
          \tl_set:Nn \l_stex_notation_after_do_tl {\__stex_notation_final:}
          \t \norm{}{0}{}{\comp{\#5}}
4551
    %
4552
       %\exp_args:Nx \notation{\l_stex_structures_name_str}{\comp{#5}}
4553
      \endgroup
4554
      \stex_smsmode_do:\ignorespacesandpars
4555
4556 }
4557
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_symbol_or_var:n {
4558
      \cs_if_exist:cTF{#1}{
        \cs_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_tl { #1 }
4560
        \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str { \cs_argument_spec:N \l_tmpa_tl }
4561
        \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
4562
          \exp_args:Nx \cs_if_eq:NNTF { \tl_head:N \l_tmpa_tl }
4563
            \stex_invoke_variable:n {
4564
              \bool_set_true:N \l_stex_symbol_or_var_bool
4565
              \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {\tl_tail:N \l_tmpa_tl}
4566
              \str_set:Nx \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {
4567
                \exp_after:wN \use:n \l_tmpa_tl
              }
            }{
              \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_symbol_or_var_bool
              \stex_get_symbol:n{#1}
4572
4573
       }{
4574
             stex_structures_symbolorvar_from_string:n{ #1 }
4575
       }
4576
4577
          _stex_structures_symbolorvar_from_string:n{ #1 }
4578
4579
4580
4581
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_structures_symbolorvar_from_string:n {
4582
     \prop_if_exist:cTF {l_stex_variable_#1 _prop}{
4583
```

```
\bool_set_true: N \l_stex_symbol_or_var_bool
4584
        \str_set:Nn \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str { #1 }
4585
     }{
4586
        \bool_set_false:N \l_stex_symbol_or_var_bool
4587
        \stex_get_symbol:n{#1}
4588
4589
4590
4591
    \keys_define:nn {    stex / varinstantiate } {
                  .str_set_x:N = \l__stex_structures_name_str,
4593
4594
                   .choices:nn
          {forall.exists}
4595
          {\str_set:Nx \l_stex_structures_bind_str {\l_keys_choice_tl}}
4596
4597
4598
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_structures_varinstantiate_args:n {
4599
     \str_clear:N \l__stex_structures_name_str
4600
     \str_clear:N \l__stex_structures_bind_str
4601
     \keys_set:nn { stex / varinstantiate } { #1 }
4603 }
   \NewDocumentCommand \varinstantiate {m O{} m m m}{
4605
4606
     \begingroup
        \stex_get_structure:n {#4}
4607
        \_stex_structures_varinstantiate_args:n { #2 }
4608
        \str_if_empty:NT \l__stex_structures_name_str {
4609
4610
          \str_set:Nn \l__stex_structures_name_str { #1 }
4611
        \stex_if_do_html:TF{
4612
          \stex_annotate:nnn{varinstance}{\l__stex_structures_name_str}
       {\sc }{\sc :n}
4614
4615
4616
          \stex_if_do_html:T{
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{domain}{\l_stex_get_structure_module_str}{}
4617
4618
          \seq_clear:N \l__stex_structures_fields_seq
4619
          \exp_args:Nx \stex_collect_imports:n \l_stex_get_structure_module_str
4620
4621
          \seq_map_inline: Nn \l_stex_collect_imports_seq {
4622
            \seq_map_inline:cn {c_stex_module_##1_constants}{
              \seq_put_right:Nx \l__stex_structures_fields_seq { ##1 ? ####1 }
           }
         }
          \exp_args:No \stex_activate_module:n \l_stex_get_structure_module_str
4626
          \prop_clear:N \l_tmpa_prop
4627
          \t: nF {#3} {
4628
            \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpa_seq , {#3}
4629
            \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
4630
              \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq = { ##1 }
4631
              \int_compare:nNnF { \seq_count:N \l_tmpb_seq } = 2 {
4632
                \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/keyval}{##1}
4633
              }
              \exp_args:Nx \stex_get_symbol_in_seq:nn {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 1} \l__stex_stru
4636
              \str_set_eq:NN \l__stex_structures_dom_str \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
              \exp_args:NNx \seq_remove_all:Nn \l__stex_structures_fields_seq \l_stex_get_symbol
4637
```

```
\exp_args:Nx \stex_symbol_or_var:n {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 2}
                         \stex_if_do_html:T{
                             \verb|\stex_annotate:nnn{assign}{\l_stex_structures\_dom\_str, \l_stex\_get\_symbol\_uri\_stex\_structures\_dom\_str, \l_stex\_get\_symbol\_uri\_structures\_dom\_str, \l_stex\_get\_symbol\_uri\_structures\_dom\_str, \l_stex\_get\_symbol\_uri\_structures\_dom\_str, \l_stex\_get\_symbol\_uri\_structures\_dom\_structures\_dom_structures\_dom\_structures\_dom\_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_dom_structures\_
                         }
4641
                         \bool_if:NTF \l_stex_symbol_or_var_bool {
4642
                             \exp_args:Nxx \str_if_eq:nnF
                                 {\prop_item:cn{l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_structures_dom_str _prop}{args}}
                                  {\prop_item:cn{1_stex_variable_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{args}}{
                                  \msg_error:nnxxxx{stex}{error/incompatible}
                                     {\l_stex_structures_dom_str}
                                     {\prop_item:cn{l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_structures_dom_str _prop}{args}}
4649
                                     {\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
                                     \label{local_stex_variable_lstex_get_symbol_uri_str_prop} $$ \operatorname{l_stex_variable_l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str_prop} {args} $$
4650
4651
                              \prop_put:Nxx \l_tmpa_prop {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 1} {\stex_invoke_variable:r
4652
4653
                              \exp_args:Nxx \str_if_eq:nnF
4654
                                  {\prop_item:cn{1_stex_symdecl_\l__stex_structures_dom_str _prop}{args}}
                                  {\prop_item:cn{1_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{args}}{
                                  \msg_error:nnxxxx{stex}{error/incompatible}
                                     {\l_stex_structures_dom_str}
                                     {\prop_item:cn{1_stex_symdecl_\l__stex_structures_dom_str _prop}{args}}
                                     {\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}
                                     {\prop_item:cn{l_stex_symdecl_\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{args}}
4662
                             \prop_put:Nxx \l_tmpa_prop {\seq_item:Nn \l_tmpb_seq 1} {\stex_invoke_symbol:n {
4663
                         }
4664
                     }
4665
                 }
4666
                  \tl_gclear:N \g_stex_structures_aftergroup_tl
                  \seq_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_structures_fields_seq {
                      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\l__stex_structures_name_str . \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdec
                      \stex_debug:nn{varinstantiate}{Field~\l_tmpa_str :~##1}
4670
                      \seq_if_empty:cF{l_stex_symdecl_##1_notations}{
4671
                          \stex_find_notation:nn{##1}{}
4672
                         \cs_gset_eq:cc{g__stex_structures_tmpa_\l_tmpa_str _cs}
4673
                              {stex_notation_##1\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}
4674
                          \stex_debug:nn{varinstantiate}{Notation:~\cs_meaning:c{g__stex_structures_tmpa_\l_
4675
                         \cs_if_exist:cT{stex_op_notation_##1\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}{
4676
                              \cs_gset_eq:cc {g__stex_structures_tmpa_op_\l_tmpa_str _cs}
                                 {stex_op_notation_##1\c_hash_str \l_stex_notation_variant_str _cs}
                                  \stex_debug:nn{varinstantiate}{Operator~Notation:~\cs_meaning:c{g__stex_struct
                         }
                     }
4681
                      \exp_args:NNx \tl_gput_right:Nn \g__stex_structures_aftergroup_tl {
4683
                         \prop_set_from_keyval:cn { l_stex_variable_ \l_tmpa_str _prop}{
4684
                                           = \l_tmpa_str ,
4685
                                           = \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{args} ,
                             arity = \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{arity} ,
                             assocs = \prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{assocs}
                         }
4690
                         \cs_set_eq:cc {stex_var_notation_\l_tmpa_str _cs}
4691
                             {g_stex_structures_tmpa_\l_tmpa_str _cs}
```

```
\cs_set_eq:cc {stex_var_op_notation_\l_tmpa_str _cs}
4692
                {g_stex_structures_tmpa_op_\l_tmpa_str _cs}
4693
4694
            \prop_put:Nxx \l_tmpa_prop {\prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_##1_prop}{name}}{\stex_inv
4695
4696
          \exp_args:NNx \tl_gput_right:Nn \g__stex_structures_aftergroup_tl {
4697
            \prop_set_from_keyval:cn {1_stex_varinstance_\l__stex_structures_name_str _prop }{
4698
              domain = \l_stex_get_structure_module_str ,
              \prop_to_keyval:N \l_tmpa_prop
            }
            \tl_set:cn { #1 }{\stex_invoke_varinstance:n {\l_stex_structures_name_str}}
            \tl_set:cn {l_stex_varinstance_\l_stex_structures_name_str _op_tl}{
4703
              \exp_args:Nnx \exp_not:N \use:nn {
4704
                \str_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str {var://\l_stex_structures_nam
4705
                \_stex_term_omv:nn {var://\l__stex_structures_name_str}{
4706
                   \exp_not:n{
4707
                     \_varcomp{#5}
4708
                }
              }{
                \exp_not:n{\_stex_reset:N \l_stex_current_symbol_str}
              }
4713
            }
4714
         }
4715
4716
        \stex_debug:nn{varinstantiate}{\expandafter\detokenize\expandafter\\g__stex_structures_a
4717
        \aftergroup\g_stex_structures_aftergroup_tl
4718
4719
      \endgroup
      \stex_smsmode_do:\ignorespacesandpars
4720
4721 }
4722
4723
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_invoke_instance:n {
4724
      \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
        \stex_invoke_symbol:n{#1}
4725
4726
        \_stex_invoke_instance:nn {#1}
4727
4728
4729 }
4730
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_invoke_varinstance:n {
      \peek_charcode_remove:NTF ! {
4734
        \exp_args:Nnx \use:nn {
          \def\comp{\_varcomp}
4735
          \use:c{l_stex_varinstance_#1_op_tl}
4736
       }{
4737
           _stex_reset:N \comp
4738
4739
     }{
4740
4741
        \_stex_invoke_varinstance:nn {#1}
4742
4743 }
4744
```

\cs_new_protected:Nn _stex_invoke_instance:nn {

```
\prop_if_in:cnTF {l_stex_instance_ #1 _prop}{#2}{
4746
        \exp_args:Nx \stex_invoke_symbol:n {\prop_item:cn{l_stex_instance_ #1 _prop}{#2}}
4747
4748
        \prop_set_eq:Nc \l_tmpa_prop{l_stex_instance_ #1 _prop}
4749
        \msg_error:nnxxx{stex}{error/unknownfield}{#2}{#1}{
4750
           \prop_to_keyval:N \l_tmpa_prop
4751
4752
      }
4753
4754
4755
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \_stex_invoke_varinstance:nn {
4756
      \prop_if_in:cnTF {l_stex_varinstance_ #1 _prop}{#2}{
4757
        \prop_get:cnN{l_stex_varinstance_ #1 _prop}{#2}\l_tmpa_tl
4758
4759
        \l_tmpa_tl
4760
        \msg_error:nnnnn{stex}{error/unknownfield}{#2}{#1}{}
4761
4762
4763 }
(End definition for \instantiate. This function is documented on page 32.)
4764 % #1: URI of the instance
4765 % #2: URI of the instantiated module
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_invoke_structure:nnn {
      \tl_if_empty:nTF{ #3 }{
        \prop_set_eq:Nc \l__stex_structures_structure_prop {
4768
          c_stex_feature_ #2 _prop
4769
        }
4770
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
4771
        \prop_get:NnN \l__stex_structures_structure_prop { fields } \l_tmpa_seq
4772
        \seq_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
4773
           \seq_set_split:Nnn \l_tmpb_seq ? { ##1 }
4774
           \seq_get_right:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str
          \cs_if_exist:cT {
             stex_notation_ #1/\l_tmpa_str \c_hash_str\c_hash_str _cs
4777
          }{
             \tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpa_tl {
4779
               \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {,}
4780
4781
             \tl_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {
4782
               \stex_invoke_symbol:n {#1/\l_tmpa_str}!
4783
4784
          }
        }
4786
4787
        \exp_args:No \mathstruct \l_tmpa_tl
      }{
4788
        \stex_invoke_symbol:n{#1/#3}
4789
4790
      }
4791
(End definition for \stex_invoke_structure:nnn. This function is documented on page ??.)
4792 (/package)
```

\stex_invoke_structure:nnn

Chapter 32

STEX

-Statements Implementation

32.1 Definitions

definiendum

```
4800 \keys_define:nn {stex / definiendum }{
                                     .tl_set:N = \l__stex_statements_definiendum_pre_tl,
                                                                                         = \l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl,
                 post
                                          .tl_set:N
                                           . \verb|str_set_x:N| = \verb|\l_stex_statements_definiendum_gfa_str|\\
4804
4805
\mbox{\sc hew_protected:Nn }\mbox{\sc hew_protected:Nn }
                 \str_clear:N \l__stex_statements_definiendum_root_str
4807
                 \tl_clear:N \l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl
4808
                 \str_clear:N \l__stex_statements_definiendum_gfa_str
                 \keys_set:nn { stex / definiendum }{ #1 }
4810
4812 \NewDocumentCommand \definiendum { O(m m) {
                 \__stex_statements_definiendum_args:n { #1 }
4813
                 \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
4814
                 \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
4815
                 \str_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_statements_definiendum_root_str {
4816
                       \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl {
4817
```

```
\tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_t1 { #3 }
4818
        } {
4819
           \str_set:Nx \l__stex_statements_definiendum_root_str { #3 }
4820
           \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
4821
             \l__stex_statements_definiendum_pre_tl\l__stex_statements_definiendum_root_str\l__st
4822
4823
        }
4824
      } {
4825
        \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl { #3 }
4826
      }
4827
4828
      % TODO root
4829
      \stex_html_backend:TF {
4830
        \stex_annotate:nnn { definiendum } { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str } { \l_tmpa_tl }
4831
4832
        \exp_args:Nnx \defemph@uri { \l_tmpa_tl } { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }
4833
4834
4835 }
    \stex_deactivate_macro: Nn \definiendum {definition~environments}
(End definition for definiendum. This function is documented on page 41.)
```

definame

```
\NewDocumentCommand \definame { O{} m } {
4838
      \__stex_statements_definiendum_args:n { #1 }
4839
     % TODO: root
4840
     \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
4841
      \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
4842
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
4843
        \prop_item:cn { l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { name }
4844
4845
      \str_replace_all:Nnn \l_tmpa_str {-} {~}
4846
      \stex_html_backend:TF {
        \stex_if_do_html:T {
          \stex_annotate:nnn { definiendum } { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str } {
            \l_tmpa_str\l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl
          }
4851
       }
4852
     } {
4853
        \exp_args:Nnx \defemph@uri {
4854
          \l_tmpa_str\l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl
4855
       } { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }
4856
     }
4857
4858
    \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \definame {definition~environments}
4859
4860
   \NewDocumentCommand \Definame { O{} m } {
4861
      \__stex_statements_definiendum_args:n { #1 }
4862
     \stex_get_symbol:n { #2 }
4863
      \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {
4864
        \prop_item:cn { l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop } { name }
4865
4866
      \exp_args:NNno \str_replace_all:Nnn \l_tmpa_str {-} {~}
4867
```

```
4868
      \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
      \stex_html_backend:TF {
4869
        \stex_if_do_html:T {
4870
          \stex_annotate:nnn { definiendum } { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str } {
4871
            \exp_after:wN \stex_capitalize:n \l_tmpa_str\l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl
4872
4873
        }
4874
      } {
4875
        \exp_args:Nnx \defemph@uri {
4876
          \exp_after:wN \stex_capitalize:n \l_tmpa_str\l__stex_statements_definiendum_post_tl
4877
4878
        } { \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str }
      }
4879
4880
    \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \Definame {definition~environments}
4881
4882
    \NewDocumentCommand \premise { m }{
4883
      \stex_annotate:nnn{ premise }{}{ #1 }
4884
4885
    \NewDocumentCommand \conclusion { m }{
      \stex_annotate:nnn{ conclusion }{}{ #1 }
   }
4888
    \NewDocumentCommand \definiens { O{} m }{
4889
      \str_clear:N \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
4890
      \tl_if_empty:nF {#1} {
4891
        \stex_get_symbol:n { #1 }
4892
4893
      \str_if_empty:NT \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {
4894
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\clist_count:N \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist} = 1 {
4895
          \str_set:Nx \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str {\clist_item:Nn \l__stex_statements_sdefinition
4896
        }{
          % TODO throw error
4898
        }
4899
4900
      }
      \str_if_eq:eeT {\prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{module}}
4901
        {\l_stex_current_module_str}{
4902
          \str_if_eq:eeF {\prop_item:cn {l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{defin
4903
          {true}{
4904
             \prop_put:cnn{l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{defined}{true}
4905
            \exp_args:Nx \stex_add_to_current_module:n {
               \prop_put:cnn{l_stex_symdecl_ \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str _prop}{defined}{true}
          }
      }
4910
      \stex_annotate:nnn{ definiens }{\l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str}{ #2 }
4911
   }
4912
4913
    \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \premise {definition,~example~or~assertion~environments}
4914
    \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \conclusion {example~or~assertion~environments}
    \stex_deactivate_macro:Nn \definiens {definition~environments}
(End definition for definame. This function is documented on page 41.)
```

sdefinition

```
4918
   \keys_define:nn {stex / sdefinition }{
4919
              .str_set_x:N = \sdefinitiontype,
4920
     type
              .str_set_x:N = \sdefinitionid,
4921
              .str_set_x:N = \sdefinitionname,
     name
4922
              .clist_set:N = \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist ,
4923
                             = \sdefinitiontitle
              .tl_set:N
4924
4925 }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sdefinition_args:n {
      \str_clear:N \sdefinitiontype
4927
      \str_clear:N \sdefinitionid
4928
      \str_clear:N \sdefinitionname
4929
      \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist
4930
      \tl_clear:N \sdefinitiontitle
4931
      \keys_set:nn { stex / sdefinition }{ #1 }
4932
4933 }
4934
   \NewDocumentEnvironment{sdefinition}{0{}}{
      \__stex_statements_sdefinition_args:n{ #1 }
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definiendum
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definame
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \Definame
4939
     \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
4940
     \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definiens
4941
      \stex_if_smsmode:F{
4942
4943
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
        \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist {
4944
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
4945
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
4946
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
4948
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
4949
            }
         }
4950
4951
        \clist_set_from_seq:NN \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist \l_tmpa_seq
4952
        \exp_args:Nnnx
4953
        \begin{stex_annotate_env}{definition}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
4954
4955
        \str_if_empty:NF \sdefinitiontype {
4956
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sdefinitiontype}{}
        \str_if_empty:NF \sdefinitionname {
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sdefinitionname}{}
4960
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sdefinitiontype
4961
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
4962
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
4963
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sdefinition_##1_start:}{
4964
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sdefinition_##1_start:}}
4965
4966
4967
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
4969
          \__stex_statements_sdefinition_start:
4970
          \l_tmpa_tl
4971
```

```
4973
                              \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sdefinitionid
                        4974
                              \stex_smsmode_do:
                        4975
                        4976 }{
                              \stex_suppress_html:n {
                        4977
                                \str_if_empty:NF \sdefinitionname { \stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sdefinitionname} }
                        4978
                        4979
                              \stex_if_smsmode:F {
                        4980
                                \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sdefinitiontype
                        4981
                                \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
                        4982
                                \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
                        4983
                                  \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sdefinition_##1_end:}{
                        4984
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sdefinition_##1_end:}}
                        4985
                        4986
                        4987
                                \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
                        4988
                                  \__stex_statements_sdefinition_end:
                        4989
                                  \l_tmpa_tl
                                }
                                \end{stex_annotate_env}
                        4993
                              }
                        4994
                        4995 }
\stexpatchdefinition
                            \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sdefinition_start: {
                              \par\noindent\titleemph{Definition\tl_if_empty:NF \sdefinitiontitle {
                        4998
                                ~(\sdefinitiontitle)
                              }~}
                        4999
                        5000 }
                            \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sdefinition_end: {\par\medskip}
                        5001
                        5002
                            \newcommand\stexpatchdefinition[3][] {
                        5003
                                \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
                        5004
                                \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                        5005
                                  \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sdefinition_start: { #2 }
                                  \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sdefinition_end: { #3 }
                        5007
                        5008
                                  \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sdefinition_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2
                        5009
                                  \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sdefinition_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
                        5010
                                }
                        5011
                        5012 }
                       (End definition for \stexpatchdefinition. This function is documented on page 47.)
          \inlinedef
                      inline:
                           \keys_define:nn {stex / inlinedef }{
                        5013
                              type
                                      .str_set_x:N = \sdefinitiontype,
                        5014
                                      .str_set_x:N = \sdefinitionid,
                        5015
                        5016
                                      .clist_set:N = \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist ,
                        5017
                                      .str_set_x:N = \sdefinitionname
                        5019 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_inlinedef_args:n {
```

}

```
\str_clear:N \sdefinitiontype
5020
      \str_clear:N \sdefinitionid
5021
      \str_clear:N \sdefinitionname
5022
      \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist
5023
      \keys_set:nn { stex / inlinedef }{ #1 }
5024
5025 }
    \NewDocumentCommand \inlinedef { O{} m } {
5026
      \begingroup
5027
      \__stex_statements_inlinedef_args:n{ #1 }
5028
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definiendum
5029
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definame
5030
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \Definame
5031
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
5032
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definiens
5033
      \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sdefinitionid
5034
      \stex_if_smsmode:TF{\stex_suppress_html:n {
5035
        \str_if_empty:NF \sdefinitionname { \stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sdefinitionname} }
5036
5037
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5038
        \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist {
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5041
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5042
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5043
            }
5044
          }
5045
        }
5046
        \clist_set_from_seq:NN \l__stex_statements_sdefinition_for_clist \l_tmpa_seq
5047
        \exp_args:Nnx
5048
        \stex_annotate:nnn{definition}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}{
          \str_if_empty:NF \sdefinitiontype {
5050
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sdefinitiontype}{}
5051
          }
5052
          #2
5053
          \str_if_empty:NF \sdefinitionname {
5054
            \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sdefinitionname}}
5055
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sdefinitionname}{}
5056
5057
5058
       }
      \endgroup
5061
      \stex_smsmode_do:
5062 }
```

(End definition for \inlinedef. This function is documented on page ??.)

32.2 Assertions

sassertion

```
5063

5064 \keys_define:nn {stex / sassertion }{

5065 type .str_set_x:N = \sassertiontype,

5066 id .str_set_x:N = \sassertionid,
```

```
= \sassertiontitle ,
5067
     title
              .tl_set:N
              5068
     for
              .str_set_x:N = \sin sertionname
5069
     name
5070 }
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \__stex_statements_sassertion_args:n {
5071
     \str_clear:N \sassertiontype
5072
     \str_clear:N \sassertionid
5073
     \str_clear:N \sassertionname
5074
     \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sassertion_for_clist
     \tl_clear:N \sassertiontitle
     \keys_set:nn { stex / sassertion }{ #1 }
5077
5078
5079
   %\tl_new:N \g__stex_statements_aftergroup_tl
5080
5081
   \NewDocumentEnvironment{sassertion}{O{}}{
5082
     \__stex_statements_sassertion_args:n{ #1 }
5083
     \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
5084
     \stex_reactivate_macro:N \conclusion
     \stex_if_smsmode:F {
       \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
       \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_statements_sassertion_for_clist {
5088
         \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5089
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5090
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5091
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5092
           }
5093
         }
5094
       }
5095
       \exp_args:Nnnx
       \begin{stex_annotate_env}{assertion}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
5097
       \str_if_empty:NF \sassertiontype {
5098
         \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\sassertiontype}{}
5099
5100
       \str_if_empty:NF \sassertionname {
5101
         \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sassertionname}{}
5102
5103
       \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sassertiontype
5104
5105
       \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
       \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
         \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sassertion_##1_start:}{
           \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sassertion_##1_start:}}
5108
5109
5110
       \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
5111
         \__stex_statements_sassertion_start:
5112
       }{
5113
5114
          \l_tmpa_tl
       }
5115
5116
5117
     \str_if_empty:NTF \sassertionid {
5118
       \str_if_empty:NF \sassertionname {
5119
         \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {}
5120
```

```
} {
                       5121
                               \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sassertionid
                       5122
                       5123
                             \stex_smsmode_do:
                       5124
                       5125 }{
                             \str_if_empty:NF \sassertionname {
                       5126
                               \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sassertionname}}
                       5127
                               \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \sassertionname}
                       5128
                       5129
                             }
                       5130
                             \stex_if_smsmode:F {
                               \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sassertiontype
                       5131
                               \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
                       5132
                               \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
                       5133
                                 \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sassertion_##1_end:}{
                       5134
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sassertion_##1_end:}}
                       5135
                       5136
                       5137
                               \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
                       5138
                                 \__stex_statements_sassertion_end:
                               }{
                       5141
                                 \l_{tmpa_tl}
                               }
                       5142
                               \end{stex_annotate_env}
                       5143
                             }
                       5144
                       5145 }
\stexpatchassertion
                           \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sassertion_start: {
                       5147
                             \par\noindent\titleemph{Assertion~\tl_if_empty:NF \sassertiontitle {
                       5148
                               (\sassertiontitle)
                       5149
                             }~}
                       5150
                       5151 }
                           \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sassertion_end: {\par\medskip}
                       5152
                       5153
                           \newcommand\stexpatchassertion[3][] {
                       5154
                               \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
                       5155
                               \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                       5156
                                 \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sassertion_start: { #2 }
                       5157
                                 \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sassertion_end: { #3 }
                       5158
                               ትና
                       5159
                                 \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sassertion_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2
                       5160
                                 \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sassertion_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
                       5161
                       5162
                       5163 }
                      (End definition for \stexpatchassertion. This function is documented on page 47.)
         \inlineass
                      inline:
                           \keys_define:nn {stex / inlineass }{
                       5165
                             type
                                     .str_set_x:N = \sassertiontype,
                       5166
                                      .str_set_x:N = \sassertionid,
                       5167
                             for
                                      .clist_set:N = \l__stex_statements_sassertion_for_clist ,
                                      .str_set_x:N = \sin sassertionname
                             name
```

```
5169
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_inlineass_args:n {
5170
     \str_clear:N \sassertiontype
5171
     \str_clear:N \sassertionid
5172
      \str_clear:N \sassertionname
5173
     \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sassertion_for_clist
5174
      \keys_set:nn { stex / inlineass }{ #1 }
5175
5176 }
   \NewDocumentCommand \inlineass { O{} m } {
5177
5178
     \begingroup
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
5179
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \conclusion
5180
      \__stex_statements_inlineass_args:n{ #1 }
5181
      \str_if_empty:NTF \sassertionid {
5182
        \str_if_empty:NF \sassertionname {
5183
          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {}
5184
5185
     } {
5186
        \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sassertionid
5187
     \stex_if_smsmode:TF{
5190
        \str_if_empty:NF \sassertionname {
5191
          \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sassertionname}}
5192
          \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \sassertionname}
5193
       }
5194
     }{
5195
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5196
        \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_statements_sassertion_for_clist {
5197
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5199
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5201
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5202
         }
5203
5204
        \exp_args:Nnx
5205
        \stex_annotate:nnn{assertion}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}{
5206
          \str_if_empty:NF \sassertiontype {
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sassertiontype}{}
          }
          #2
          \str_if_empty:NF \sassertionname {
5211
            \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sassertionname}}
5212
            \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \sassertionname}
5213
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sassertionname}{}
5214
5215
       }
5216
     }
5217
5218
      \endgroup
      \stex_smsmode_do:
```

(End definition for \inlineass. This function is documented on page ??.)

32.3 Examples

sexample

```
5221
   \keys_define:nn {stex / sexample }{
5222
     type
              .str_set_x:N = \exampletype,
5223
5224
              .str_set_x:N = \sexampleid,
5225
     title
              .tl_set:N
                             = \sexampletitle,
              .str_set_x:N = \sexamplename ,
     name
              .clist_set:N = \l__stex_statements_sexample_for_clist,
5227
     for
5228 }
5229 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sexample_args:n {
      \str_clear:N \sexampletype
5230
      \str_clear:N \sexampleid
5231
      \str_clear:N \sexamplename
5232
      \tl_clear:N \sexampletitle
5233
      \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sexample_for_clist
5234
      \keys_set:nn { stex / sexample }{ #1 }
5235
5236 }
5237
   \NewDocumentEnvironment{sexample}{0{}}{
5238
      \__stex_statements_sexample_args:n{ #1 }
5230
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
5240
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \conclusion
5241
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
5242
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5243
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_statements_sexample_for_clist {
5244
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5245
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5246
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5248
5249
          }
5250
5251
        \exp_args:Nnnx
5252
        \begin{stex_annotate_env}{example}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
5253
        \str_if_empty:NF \sexampletype {
5254
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sexampletype}{}
5255
5256
        \str_if_empty:NF \sexamplename {
5257
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sexamplename}{}
5258
       }
5259
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sexampletype
5260
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
5261
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
5262
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sexample_##1_start:}{
5263
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sexample_##1_start:}}
5264
5265
5266
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
          \__stex_statements_sexample_start:
       }{
5270
          \l_tmpa_tl
5271
```

```
5272
                           \str_if_empty:NF \sexampleid {
                     5273
                             \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sexampleid
                     5274
                     5275
                           \stex_smsmode_do:
                     5276
                     5277
                           \str_if_empty:NF \sexamplename {
                     5278
                             \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sexamplename}}
                     5279
                     5280
                     5281
                           \stex_if_smsmode:F {
                             \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sexampletype
                     5282
                             \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
                     5283
                             \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
                     5284
                               \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sexample_##1_end:}{
                     5285
                                 \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sexample_##1_end:}}
                     5286
                     5287
                     5288
                             \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
                     5289
                               \__stex_statements_sexample_end:
                             }{
                               \l_tmpa_tl
                             }
                     5293
                             \end{stex_annotate_env}
                     5294
                          }
                     5295
                     5296 }
\stexpatchexample
                         \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sexample_start: {
                     5298
                           \par\noindent\titleemph{Example~\tl_if_empty:NF \sexampletitle {
                     5299
                             (\sexampletitle)
                     5300
                          }~}
                     5301
                     5302 }
                         \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sexample_end: {\par\medskip}
                     5303
                     5304
                         \newcommand\stexpatchexample[3][] {
                     5305
                             \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
                             \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                     5307
                               \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sexample_start: { #2 }
                     5308
                               \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sexample_end: { #3 }
                     5309
                             ትና
                     5310
                               \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sexample_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2 }
                     5311
                               \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sexample_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
                     5312
                     5313
                     5314 }
                    (End definition for \stexpatchexample. This function is documented on page 47.)
        \inlineex inline:
                         \keys_define:nn {stex / inlineex }{
                     5316
                           type
                                   .str_set_x:N = \sexampletype,
                     5317
                                   .str_set_x:N = \sexampleid,
                          for
                                   .clist_set:N = \l__stex_statements_sexample_for_clist ,
                                   .str_set_x:N = \sexamplename
                          name
```

```
5320 }
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_inlineex_args:n {
5321
      \str_clear:N \sexampletype
5322
      \str_clear:N \sexampleid
5323
      \str_clear:N \sexamplename
5324
      \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sexample_for_clist
5325
      \keys_set:nn { stex / inlineex }{ #1 }
5326
5327 }
   \NewDocumentCommand \inlineex { O{} m } {
      \begingroup
5329
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
5330
      \stex_reactivate_macro:N \conclusion
5331
      \__stex_statements_inlineex_args:n{ #1 }
5332
      \str_if_empty:NF \sexampleid {
5333
        \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sexampleid
5334
5335
      \stex_if_smsmode:TF{
5336
        \str_if_empty:NF \sexamplename {
5337
          \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\examplename}}
5340
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5341
        \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_statements_sexample_for_clist {
5342
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5343
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5344
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5345
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5346
5347
          }
5348
       }
5350
        \exp_args:Nnx
        \stex_annotate:nnn{example}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}{
5352
          \str_if_empty:NF \sexampletype {
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sexampletype}{}
5353
          }
5354
          #2
5355
          \str_if_empty:NF \sexamplename {
5356
5357
            \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sexamplename}}
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sexamplename}{}
          }
       }
5362
      \endgroup
      \stex_smsmode_do:
5363
5364
```

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ } \mathsf{Inlineex}. \ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:constraint}?}.)$

32.4 Logical Paragraphs

```
sparagraph

5365 \keys_define:nn { stex / sparagraph} {
5366    id         .str_set_x:N = \sparagraphid ,
```

```
title
5367
              .tl_set:N
                              = \l_stex_sparagraph_title_tl ,
                              = \sparagraphtype ,
              .str_set_x:N
5368
     type
                              = \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist ,
              .clist_set:N
5369
     for
                              = \sparagraphfrom ,
              .tl_set:N
     from
5370
                              = \sparagraphto ,
              .tl_set:N
5371
                              = \l_stex_sparagraph_start_tl ,
              .tl_set:N
5372
              .str_set:N
                              = \sparagraphname ,
5373
      imports .tl_set:N
                              = \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_imports_tl
5374
5375 }
5376
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \stex_sparagraph_args:n {
5377
      \tl_clear:N \l_stex_sparagraph_title_tl
5378
      \tl_clear:N \sparagraphfrom
5379
      \tl_clear:N \sparagraphto
5380
      \tl_clear:N \l_stex_sparagraph_start_tl
5381
      \tl_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_imports_tl
5382
      \str_clear:N \sparagraphid
5383
      \str_clear:N \sparagraphtype
5384
      \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist
      \str_clear:N \sparagraphname
      \keys_set:nn { stex / sparagraph }{ #1 }
5388 }
   \newif\if@in@omtext\@in@omtextfalse
5389
5390
    \NewDocumentEnvironment {sparagraph} { O{} } {
5391
      \stex_sparagraph_args:n { #1 }
5392
      \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_sparagraph_start_tl {
5393
        \tl_set_eq:NN \sparagraphtitle \l_stex_sparagraph_title_tl
5394
     }{
5395
        \tl_set_eq:NN \sparagraphtitle \l_stex_sparagraph_start_tl
5397
      \@in@omtexttrue
5398
5399
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5400
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist {
5401
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5402
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5403
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5404
5405
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
         }
5409
        \exp_args:Nnnx
        \begin{stex_annotate_env}{paragraph}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
5410
        \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphtype {
5411
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sparagraphtype}{}
5412
5413
        \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphfrom {
5414
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{from}{\sparagraphfrom}{}
5415
5416
5417
        \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphto {
5418
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{to}{\sparagraphto}{}
5419
        \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphname {
5420
```

```
\stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sparagraphname}{}
5421
       }
5422
       \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sparagraphtype
5423
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
5424
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \sparagraphtype {
5425
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sparagraph_##1_start:}{
5426
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sparagraph_##1_start:}}
5427
          }
5428
       }
        \stex_csl_to_imports:No \usemodule \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_imports_tl
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
5431
          \__stex_statements_sparagraph_start:
5432
       }{
5433
5434
          \l_tmpa_tl
5435
5436
      \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sparagraphtype
5437
      \exp_args:NNx \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {\tl_to_str:n{symdoc}}
5438
        \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definiendum
        \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definame
5441
        \stex_reactivate_macro:N\ \Definame
5442
        \stex_reactivate_macro:N \premise
5443
        \stex_reactivate_macro:N \definiens
5444
5445
      \str_if_empty:NTF \sparagraphid {
5446
        \str_if_empty:NTF \sparagraphname {
5447
          \exp_args:NNx \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {\tl_to_str:n{symdoc}}{
5448
            \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {}
5449
          }
       } {
5451
5452
          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {}
       }
5453
     } {
5454
        \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sparagraphid
5455
5456
      \exp_args:NNx
5457
      \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {\tl_to_str:n{symdoc}}{
5458
5459
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist {
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
            \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
          }
5463
       }
5464
     }
5465
     \stex_smsmode_do:
5466
      \ignorespacesandpars
5467
5468
      \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphname {
5469
5470
        \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sparagraphname}}
5471
        \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \sparagraphname}
5472
     }
5473
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sparagraphtype
5474
```

```
\tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_statements_sparagraph_##1_end:}{
                       5477
                                   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_statements_sparagraph_##1_end:}}
                       5478
                       5479
                               }
                       5480
                               \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
                       5481
                                 \__stex_statements_sparagraph_end:
                       5483
                       5484
                                 }
                       5485
                               \end{stex_annotate_env}
                       5486
                            }
                       5487
                       5488 }
\stexpatchparagraph
                           \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sparagraph_start: {
                             \par\noindent\tl_if_empty:NTF \l_stex_sparagraph_start_tl {
                       5491
                               \tl_if_empty:NF \l_stex_sparagraph_title_tl {
                       5492
                                 \titleemph{\l_stex_sparagraph_title_tl}:~
                       5493
                       5494
                       5495
                               \titleemph{\l_stex_sparagraph_start_tl}~
                       5496
                       5497
                          }
                       5498
                          \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_sparagraph_end: {\par\medskip}
                           \newcommand\stexpatchparagraph[3][] {
                       5501
                               \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
                       5502
                               \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
                       5503
                                 \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sparagraph_start: { #2 }
                       5504
                                 \tl_set:Nn \__stex_statements_sparagraph_end: { #3 }
                       5505
                       5506
                                 \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sparagraph_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2
                       5507
                                 \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_statements_sparagraph_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
                       5508
                       5510
                       5511
                          \keys_define:nn { stex / inlinepara} {
                       5512
                                     .str_set_x:N
                                                     = \sparagraphid ,
                       5513
                                     .str_set_x:N
                                                     = \sparagraphtype ,
                            type
                       5514
                            for
                                     .clist_set:N
                                                     = \l_stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist ,
                       5515
                            from
                                     .tl_set:N
                                                     = \sparagraphfrom ,
                       5516
                       5517
                                     .tl_set:N
                                                     = \sparagraphto ,
                                     .str_set:N
                                                     = \sparagraphname
                       5518
                            name
                       5519 }
                          \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_statements_inlinepara_args:n {
                             \tl_clear:N \sparagraphfrom
                             \tl_clear:N \sparagraphto
                       5522
                             \str_clear:N \sparagraphid
                       5523
                             \str_clear:N \sparagraphtype
                       5524
                             \clist_clear:N \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist
                       5525
                             \str_clear:N \sparagraphname
                       5526
```

\tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl

\clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {

5475

5476

```
\keys_set:nn { stex / inlinepara }{ #1 }
5527
5528 }
   \NewDocumentCommand \inlinepara { O{} m } {
5529
      \begingroup
5530
      \__stex_statements_inlinepara_args:n{ #1 }
5531
      \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sparagraphtype
5532
      \str_if_empty:NTF \sparagraphid {
5533
        \str_if_empty:NTF \sparagraphname {
5534
          \exp_args:NNx \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {\tl_to_str:n{symdoc}}{
            \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {}
5536
5537
       } {
5538
          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n {}
5539
5540
       {
5541
        \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sparagraphid
5542
5543
      \stex_if_smsmode:TF{
5544
        \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphname {
          \stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sparagraphname}}
          \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \sparagraphname}
       }
5548
     }{
5549
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5550
        \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_statements_sparagraph_for_clist {
5551
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5552
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5553
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5554
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5555
            }
         }
5557
       }
5558
5550
        \exp_args:Nnx
        \stex_annotate:nnn{paragraph}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}{
5560
          \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphtype {
5561
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{typestrings}{\sparagraphtype}{}
5562
5563
          \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphfrom {
5564
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{from}{\sparagraphfrom}{}
          \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphto {
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{to}{\sparagraphto}{}
5569
          \str_if_empty:NF \sparagraphname {
5570
            \verb|\stex_suppress_html:n{\stex_symdecl_do:nn{}{\sparagraphname}}|
5571
            \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{statementname}{\sparagraphname}{}
5572
            \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {\l_stex_current_module_str ? \sparagraphname}
5573
5574
          \exp_args:NNx \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {\tl_to_str:n{symdoc}}{
5575
5576
            \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
              \stex_ref_new_sym_target:n {##1}
5578
            }
          }
5570
          #2
5580
```

```
5581 }
5582 }
5583 \endgroup
5584 \stex_smsmode_do:
5585 }
5586

(End definition for \stexpatchparagraph. This function is documented on page 47.)
5587 \( //package \)
```

The Implementation

33.1 Package Options

We declare some switches which will modify the behavior according to the package options. Generally, an option xxx will just set the appropriate switches to true (otherwise they stay false).

33.2 Proofs

We first define some keys for the proof environment.

```
5593 \keys_define:nn { stex / spf } {
     id
           .str_set_x:N = \spfid,
5594
               .clist_set:N = \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist ,
    for
5595
               .tl_set:N
                           = \l__stex_sproof_spf_from_tl
    from
5596
               .tl_set:N
                             = \l_stex_sproof_spf_proofend_tl,
    proofend
5597
                .str_set_x:N = \spftype,
    type
5598
                .tl_set:N
                             = \spftitle,
     title
5599
               .tl_set:N
     continues
                             = \l_stex_sproof_spf_continues_tl,
                             = \l__stex_sproof_spf_functions_tl,
     functions
                .tl_set:N
    method
                .tl_set:N
                             = \l_stex_sproof_spf_method_tl
5604 \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n {
5605 \str_clear:N \spfid
5606 \tl_clear:N \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_tl
5607 \tl_clear:N \l__stex_sproof_spf_from_tl
5609 \str_clear:N \spftype
5610 \tl_clear:N \spftitle
5611 \tl_clear:N \l__stex_sproof_spf_continues_tl
5612 \tl_clear:N \l__stex_sproof_spf_functions_tl
```

 $^{^{11}\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon$ need an implementation for $\mathrm{LaTeXML}$

```
5613 \tl_clear:N \l__stex_sproof_spf_method_tl
5614 \bool_set_false:N \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool
5615 \keys_set:nn { stex / spf }{ #1 }
5616 }
```

\c_stex_sproof_flow_str

We define this macro, so that we can test whether the display key has the value flow <code>sel:Nn\c_stex_sproof_flow_str{inline}</code>

```
(End definition for \c_stex_sproof_flow_str.)
```

For proofs, we will have to have deeply nested structures of enumerated list-like environments. However, LATEX only allows enumerate environments up to nesting depth 4 and general list environments up to listing depth 6. This is not enough for us. Therefore we have decided to go along the route proposed by Leslie Lamport to use a single top-level list with dotted sequences of numbers to identify the position in the proof tree. Unfortunately, we could not use his pf.sty package directly, since it does not do automatic numbering, and we have to add keyword arguments all over the place, to accommodate semantic information.

pst@with@label

This environment manages⁷ the path labeling of the proof steps in the description environment of the outermost proof environment. The argument is the label prefix up to now; which we cache in \pst@label (we need evaluate it first, since are in the right place now!). Then we increment the proof depth which is stored in \cunt10 (lower counters are used by TEX for page numbering) and initialize the next level counter \cunt10 with 1. In the end call for this environment, we just decrease the proof depth counter by 1 again.

```
\intarray_new: Nn\l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray{50}
5618
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \sproofnumber {
5619
      \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {1}
5620
      \bool_while_do:nn {
5621
        \int_compare_p:nNn {
5622
          \intarray_item: Nn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int
     }{
5625
        \intarray_item: Nn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int .
5626
        \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
5627
5628
5629 }
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_sproof_inc_counter: {
5630
     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {1}
5631
     \bool_while_do:nn {
5632
        \int_compare_p:nNn {
          \intarray_item: Nn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int
5634
       } > 0
5635
     }{
5636
        \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
5637
     }
5638
     \int_compare:nNnF \l_tmpa_int = 1 {
5639
        \int_decr:N \l_tmpa_int
5640
5641
     \intarray_gset:Nnn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int {
5642
        \intarray_item: Nn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int + 1
5643
```

 $^{^7{}m This}$ gets the labeling right but only works 8 levels deep

```
5645
              5646
                  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_sproof_add_counter: {
              5647
                    \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {1}
              5648
                    \bool_while_do:nn {
              5649
                      \int_compare_p:nNn {
              5650
                        \intarray_item: Nn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int
              5651
                      } > 0
              5652
                   }{
              5653
                      \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
              5654
              5655
                    \intarray_gset:Nnn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int { 1 }
              5656
              5657 }
              5658
                  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__stex_sproof_remove_counter: {
              5659
                    \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {1}
              5660
                    \bool_while_do:nn {
              5661
                      \int_compare_p:nNn {
                        \intarray_item: Nn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int
                     } > 0
                   }{
              5665
                      \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
              5666
              5667
                    \int_decr:N \l_tmpa_int
              5668
                    \intarray_gset:Nnn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray \l_tmpa_int { 0 }
              5669
              5670 }
             This macro places a little box at the end of the line if there is space, or at the end of the
\sproofend
             next line if there isn't
                 \def\sproof@box{
                    \hbox{\vrule\vbox{\hrule width 6 pt\vskip 6pt\hrule}\vrule}
              5672
             5673 }
                 \def\sproofend{
              5674
                    \tl_if_empty:NF \l__stex_sproof_spf_proofend_tl {
              5675
                      \hfil\null\nobreak\hfill\l__stex_sproof_spf_proofend_tl\par\smallskip
              5676
              5677
              5678 }
             (End definition for \sproofend. This function is documented on page ??.)
  spf@*@kw
              5679 \def\spf@proofsketch@kw{Proof~Sketch}
                 \def\spf@proof@kw{Proof}
                 \def\spf@step@kw{Step}
             (End definition for spf@*@kw. This function is documented on page ??.)
                  For the other languages, we set up triggers
                 \AddToHook{begindocument}{
                    \ltx@ifpackageloaded{babel}{
              5683
                      \makeatletter
              5684
                      \clist_set:Nx \l_tmpa_clist {\bbl@loaded}
              5685
                      \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {ngerman}{
              5686
                        \input{sproof-ngerman.ldf}
              5687
```

}

5644

```
5688
                     \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {finnish}{
             5689
                        \input{sproof-finnish.ldf}
             5690
             5691
                     \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {french}{
             5692
                        \input{sproof-french.ldf}
             5693
             5694
                     \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {russian}{
                        \input{sproof-russian.ldf}
             5697
                     \makeatother
             5698
                   ት{}
             5699
             5700 }
spfsketch
                 \newcommand\spfsketch[2][]{
                   \begingroup
             5703
                   \let \premise \stex_proof_premise:
             5704
                   \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
                   \stex_if_smsmode:TF {
             5705
                     \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
             5706
                        \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
             5707
             5708
                   }{
             5709
                     \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
             5710
                     \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist {
                        \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
             5713
                          \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
                          \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
             5714
                            \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
             5715
                          }
             5716
                       }
             5717
                     }
             5718
                     \exp_args:Nnx
             5719
                     \stex_annotate:nnn{proofsketch}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}{
             5720
                        \str_if_empty:NF \spftype {
             5721
                          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\spftype}{}
             5723
                        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
             5724
                       \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
             5725
                          \titleemph{
             5726
                            \tl_if_empty:NTF \spftitle {
             5727
                               \spf@proofsketch@kw
             5728
             5729
                               \spftitle
             5730
                            }
             5731
                          }:~
                        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
                          \ensuremath{\verb||} \texttt{exp\_args:No \str\_if\_eq:nnT \c\_stex\_sproof\_flow\_str \{\#\#1\} } \{
             5735
                            \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
             5736
                          }
             5737
                       }
             5738
                        \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
             5739
```

```
EdN:12
EdN:13
```

5740

5741

5742 5743

```
5744
              \endgroup
        5745
              \stex_smsmode_do:
        5746
        5747 }
       (End definition for spfsketch. This function is documented on page ??.)
       This is very similar to \spfsketch, but uses a computation array 1213
spfeq
            \newenvironment{spfeq}[2][]{
              \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
              \let \premise \stex_proof_premise:
        5751
              \stex_if_smsmode:TF {
        5752
                \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
        5753
                  \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
        5754
                }
        5755
              }{
        5756
                \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
        5757
                \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist {
        5758
                  \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
        5759
                     \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
        5760
                     \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
        5761
                       \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
        5762
        5763
                  }
        5764
        5765
                \exp_args:Nnnx
        5766
                \begin{stex_annotate_env}{spfeq}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
        5767
                \str_if_empty:NF \spftype {
        5768
                  \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\spftype}{}
        5771
                \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
                \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
        5773
                \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
        5774
                  \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_sproof_spfeq_##1_start:}{
        5775
                     \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_sproof_spfeq_##1_start:}}
        5776
        5777
                  \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
        5778
                     \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:n{}}
        5779
        5780
        5781
                \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
        5782
        5783
                   \__stex_sproof_spfeq_start:
        5784
                }{
                  \l_tmpa_tl
        5785
                }{~#2}
        5786
```

\stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid

\l_tmpa_tl #2 \sproofend

 $^{$^{-12}{\}rm EDNoTE}$$. This should really be more like a tabular with an ensuremath in it. or invoke text on the last column

 $^{^{13}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: document above

```
\str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
5787
          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
5788
5789
        \begin{displaymath}\begin{array}{rcll}
5790
5791
      \stex_smsmode_do:
5792
5793
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
5794
        \end{array}\end{displaymath}
5795
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
5796
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
5797
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
5798
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_sproof_spfeq_##1_end:}{
5799
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_sproof_spfeq_##1_end:}}
5800
5801
5802
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
5803
          \__stex_sproof_spfeq_end:
          \l_tmpa_tl
        }
        \end{stex_annotate_env}
5808
      }
5809
5810 }
5811
    \cs_new_protected: Nn \__stex_sproof_spfeq_start: {
5812
5813
      \titleemph{
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \spftitle {
5814
          \spf@proof@kw
5815
        }{
5817
          \spftitle
5818
        }
5819
      }:
5820 }
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_sproof_spfeq_end: {\sproofend}
5821
5822
    \newcommand\stexpatchspfeq[3][] {
5823
        \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
5824
5825
        \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
          \tl_set:Nn \__stex_sproof_spfeq_start: { #2 }
          \tl_set:Nn \__stex_sproof_spfeq_end: { #3 }
        }{
          \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_sproof_spfeq_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2 }
5820
          \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_sproof_spfeq_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
5830
5831
5832 }
5833
```

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ spfeq.}\ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:page}??.)}$

sproof In this environment, we initialize the proof depth counter \count10 to 10, and set up the description environment that will take the proof steps. At the end of the proof, we position the proof end into the last line.

5834 \newenvironment{sproof}[2][]{

```
\let \premise \stex_proof_premise:
5835
     \intarray_gzero:N \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray
5836
     \intarray_gset:Nnn \l__stex_sproof_counter_intarray 1 1
5837
      \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
5838
      \stex_if_smsmode:TF {
5839
        \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
5840
          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
5841
       }
5842
     }{
5843
        \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
5844
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist {
5845
          \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
5846
            \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
5847
            \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
5848
              \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
5849
5850
          }
5851
       }
5852
        \exp_args:Nnnx
        \begin{stex_annotate_env}{sproof}{\seq_use:\n \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
        \str_if_empty:NF \spftype {
          \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\spftype}{}
5856
5857
5858
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
5859
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
5860
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
5861
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_sproof_sproof_##1_start:}{
5862
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_sproof_sproof_##1_start:}}
5863
          \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
5865
5866
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:n{}}
5867
5868
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
5869
          \__stex_sproof_sproof_start:
5870
        }{
5871
5872
          \l_tmpa_tl
5873
        }{~#2}
        \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
5877
        \begin{description}
     }
5878
     \stex_smsmode_do:
5879
5880 }{
      \stex_if_smsmode:F{
5881
        \end{description}
5882
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
5883
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
5884
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__stex_sproof_sproof_##1_end:}{
5887
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__stex_sproof_sproof_##1_end:}}
5888
```

```
5889
                   \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
           5890
                        _stex_sproof_sproof_end:
           5891
           5892
                      5893
                   }
           5894
                   \end{stex_annotate_env}
           5895
           5896
           5897
           5898
               \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_sproof_sproof_start: {
           5899
                 \par\noindent\titleemph{
           5900
                   \tl_if_empty:NTF \spftype {
           5901
                      \spf@proof@kw
           5902
           5903
                      \spftype
           5904
           5905
           5906
               }
           5907
               \cs_new_protected:Nn \__stex_sproof_sproof_end: {\sproofend}
               \newcommand\stexpatchproof[3][] {
           5910
                 \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
           5911
                 \str_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_str {
           5912
                   \tl_set:Nn \__stex_sproof_sproof_start: { #2 }
           5913
           5914
                   \tl_set:Nn \__stex_sproof_sproof_end: { #3 }
           5915
                   \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_sproof_sproof_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2 }
           5916
                   \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __stex_sproof_sproof_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
           5917
                 }
           5918
           5919 }
\spfidea
               \newcommand\spfidea[2][]{
           5920
                 \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
           5921
                 \titleemph{
           5922
                   \tl_if_empty:NTF \spftype {Proof~Idea}{
           5924
                     \spftype
                   }:
           5925
                 }~#2
           5926
                 \sproofend
           5927
           5928 }
           (End definition for \spfidea. This function is documented on page ??.)
               The next two environments (proof steps) and comments, are mostly semantical, they
           take KeyVal arguments that specify their semantic role. In draft mode, they read these
           values and show them. If the surrounding proof had display=flow, then no new \item
          is generated, otherwise it is. In any case, the proof step number (at the current level) is
          incremented.
spfstep
               \newenvironment{spfstep}[1][]{
                 \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
```

\stex_if_smsmode:TF {

```
5934
                      }{
                 5935
                         \@in@omtexttrue
                 5936
                         \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
                 5937
                         \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist {
                 5938
                           \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
                 5939
                             \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
                             \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
                                \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
                 5943
                           }
                 5944
                         }
                 5945
                         \exp_args:Nnnx
                 5946
                         \begin{stex_annotate_env}{spfstep}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
                 5947
                         \str_if_empty:NF \spftype {
                 5948
                           \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\spftype}{}
                 5949
                         \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
                         \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
                           \item[\sproofnumber]
                 5953
                           \bool_set_true:N \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool
                 5954
                         }
                 5955
                         \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
                 5956
                           \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
                 5957
                             \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
                 5958
                           }
                 5959
                 5960
                         \l_tmpa_tl
                         \tl_if_empty:NF \spftitle {
                           {(\titleemph{\spftitle})\enspace}
                 5963
                 5964
                         \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
                 5965
                           \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
                 5966
                 5967
                 5968
                       \stex_smsmode_do:
                 5969
                 5970
                       \ignorespacesandpars
                 5971 }{
                       \bool_if:NT \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool {
                         \__stex_sproof_inc_counter:
                 5974
                       \stex_if_smsmode:F {
                 5975
                         \end{stex_annotate_env}
                 5976
                 5977
                 5978 }
sproofcomment
                    \newenvironment{sproofcomment}[1][]{
                       \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
                       \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
                 5981
                      \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
                 5982
                         \item[\sproofnumber]
                 5983
```

\str_if_empty:NF \spfid {

\stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid

5932

5933

```
\bool_set_true:N \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool
5984
     }
5985
      \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
5986
        \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
5987
          \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
5988
5989
     }
5990
      \l_tmpa_tl
5991
      \bool_if:NT \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool {
        \__stex_sproof_inc_counter:
5994
5995
5996 }
```

The next two environments also take a KeyVal argument, but also a regular one, which contains a start text. Both environments start a new numbered proof level.

subproof In the subproof environment, a new (lower-level) proproof of environment is started.

```
\newenvironment{subproof}[2][]{
                   \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
5998
                   \stex_if_smsmode:TF{
5999
                         \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
6000
                                \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
6001
6002
6003
                         \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
                         \clist_map_inline:Nn \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist {
                                \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
                                      \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
6007
                                       \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
6008
                                             \verb|\label{loss}| 1_stex_get_symbol_uri_str|
6009
                                      }
6010
                              }
6011
                        }
6012
                         \exp_args:Nnnx
6013
                         \begin{stex_annotate_env}{subproof}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
6014
                         \str_if_empty:NF \spftype {
6015
                                \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\spftype}{}
6016
6017
6018
                         \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
6019
                         \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
6020
                                \item[\sproofnumber]
6021
                                \bool_set_true:N \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool
6022
6023
                         \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
6024
                                \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
                                       \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
                              }
                        }
6028
                        \label{local_tmpa_tl} $$ \label{local_tmpa_tl} $$ \end{substrate} $$ \cline{1.5em} $$ \cl
6029
                         \tl_if_empty:NF \spftitle {
6030
                               {(\titleemph{\spftitle})\enspace}
6031
6032
```

```
{~#2}
           6033
                    \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
           6034
                      \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
           6035
           6036
           6037
                    _stex_sproof_add_counter:
           6038
                 \stex_smsmode_do:
           6039
           6040 }{
                  \__stex_sproof_remove_counter:
           6041
                  \bool_if:NT \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool {
           6042
           6043
                    \__stex_sproof_inc_counter:
           6044
                  \stex_if_smsmode:F{
           6045
                    \end{stex_annotate_env}
           6046
           6047
           6048 }
          In the pfcases environment, the start text is displayed as the first comment of the proof.
spfcases
               \newenvironment{spfcases}[2][]{
                 \tl_if_empty:nTF{#1}{
           6050
                    \begin{subproof} [method=by-cases] {#2}
           6051
           6052
                    \begin{subproof}[#1,method=by-cases]{#2}
           6053
           6054
           6055 }{
           6056
                 \end{subproof}
           6057 }
          In the pfcase environment, the start text is displayed specification of the case after the
spfcase
           \item
               \newenvironment{spfcase}[2][]{
           6058
                  \__stex_sproof_spf_args:n{#1}
           6059
                  \stex_if_smsmode:TF {
           6060
                    \str_if_empty:NF \spfid {
           6061
                      \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \spfid
           6062
           6063
           6064
                    \seq_clear:N \l_tmpa_seq
                    \clist_map_inline: Nn \l__stex_sproof_spf_for_clist {
           6066
                      \tl_if_empty:nF{ ##1 }{
           6067
                        \stex_get_symbol:n { ##1 }
                        \exp_args:NNo \seq_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {
           6069
                          \l_stex_get_symbol_uri_str
           6070
           6071
                     }
           6072
                    }
           6073
                    \exp_args:Nnnx
           6074
                    \begin{stex_annotate_env}{spfcase}{\seq_use:Nn \l_tmpa_seq {,}}
           6075
                    \str_if_empty:NF \spftype {
                      \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{type}{\spftype}{}
           6077
           6078
                    \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
           6079
                    \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
           6080
                      \item[\sproofnumber]
           6081
```

```
\bool_set_true:N \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool
          6082
                  }
          6083
                   \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
          6084
                     \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
          6085
                       \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
          6086
          6087
          6088
                   \l_tmpa_tl
          6089
                   \tl_if_empty:nF{#2}{
                     \titleemph{#2}:~
          6092
          6093
                   _stex_sproof_add_counter:
          6094
                 \stex_smsmode_do:
          6095
          6096 }{
                 \__stex_sproof_remove_counter:
          6097
                 \bool_if:NT \l__stex_sproof_inc_counter_bool {
          6098
                   \__stex_sproof_inc_counter:
          6099
                \stex_if_smsmode:F{
          6101
                   \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \spftype
          6102
                   \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl{\sproofend}
          6103
                   \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
          6104
                     \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT \c__stex_sproof_flow_str {##1} {
          6105
                       \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
          6106
          6107
          6108
          6109
                   \l_tmpa_tl
                   \end{stex_annotate_env}
          6110
          6111
                }
          6112 }
spfcase
         similar to spfcase, takes a third argument.
          6113 \newcommand\spfcasesketch[3][]{
                \begin{spfcase}[#1]{#2}#3\end{spfcase}
          6115 }
```

33.3 Justifications

We define the actions that are undertaken, when the keys for justifications are encountered. Here this is very simple, we just define an internal macro with the value, so that we can use it later.

The next three environments and macros are purely semantic, so we ignore the keyval arguments for now and only display the content. 14

 $^{^{14}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: need to do something about the premise in draft mode.

```
justification

6122 \newenvironment{justification}[1][]{}{}

\premise

6123 \newcommand\stex_proof_premise:[2][]{#2}

(End definition for \premise. This function is documented on page ??.)

\justarg the \justarg macro is purely semantic, so we ignore the keyval arguments for now and only display the content.

6124 \newcommand\justarg[2][]{#2}

6125 \langle /package \rangle

(End definition for \justarg. This function is documented on page ??.)

Some auxiliary code, and clean up to be executed at the end of the package.
```

STEX -Others Implementation

```
6126 (*package)
       6127
       others.dtx
                                         <@@=stex_others>
           Warnings and error messages
            % None
\MSC Math subject classifier
       6132 \NewDocumentCommand \MSC {m} {
            % TODO
       6133
       6134 }
      (End definition for \MSC. This function is documented on page ??.)
           Patching tikzinput, if loaded
          \@ifpackageloaded{tikzinput}{
             \RequirePackage{stex-tikzinput}
       6137 }{}
       6138
          \bool_if:NT \c_stex_persist_mode_bool {
       6139
            \input{\jobname.sms}
       6140
             \prop_if_exist:NT\c_stex_mathhub_main_manifest_prop{
       6141
               \prop_get:NnN \c_stex_mathhub_main_manifest_prop {id}
       6142
       6143
               \prop_set_eq:cN { c_stex_mathhub_\l_tmpa_str _manifest_prop }
                 \c_stex_mathhub_main_manifest_prop
               \exp_args:Nx \stex_set_current_repository:n { \l_tmpa_str }
       6147
       6148 }
       _{6149} \langle /package \rangle
```

STEX

-Metatheory Implementation

```
6150 (*package)
   <@@=stex_modules>
6151
6152
metatheory.dtx
                                  6154
6156 \begingroup
6157 \stex_module_setup:nn{
ns=\c_stex_metatheory_ns_str,
    meta=NONE
6159
6160 }{Metatheory}
6161 \stex_reactivate_macro:N \symdecl
6162 \stex_reactivate_macro:N \notation
6163 \stex_reactivate_macro:N \symdef
6164 \ExplSyntaxOff
6165 \csname stex_suppress_html:n\endcsname{
     \% is-a (a:A, a \in A, a is an A, etc.)
     \symdecl{isa}[args=ai]
     \notation{isa}[typed,op=:]{#1 \comp{:} #2}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6168
     \notation{isa}[in]{#1 \comp\in #2}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6169
     \notation{isa}[pred]{#2\\comp(#1 \comp)}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6170
6171
     % bind (\forall, \Pi, \lambda etc.)
6172
     \symdecl{bind}[args=Bi]
6173
     \notation{bind}[forall]{\comp\forall #1.\;#2}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6174
     \notation{bind}[Pi]{\comp\prod_{#1}#2}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6175
     6177
6178
     % implicit bind
     \label{lem:limit} $$ \operatorname{implicitbind} [args=Bi]_{\operatorname{prod}_{\#1}\#2}_{\#1\subset p,\#2}$$
6179
6180
     % dummy variable
6181
     \symdecl{dummyvar}
6182
     \notation{dummyvar}[underscore]{\comp\_}
6183
     \notation{dummyvar}[dot]{\comp\cdot}
```

```
\notation{dummyvar}[dash]{\comp{{\rm --}}}
6185
6186
          %fromto (function space, Hom-set, implication etc.)
6187
          \symdecl{fromto}[args=ai]
6188
           \notation{fromto}[xarrow]{#1 \comp\to #2}{##1 \comp\times ##2}
6189
          \notation{fromto}[arrow]{#1 \comp\to #2}{##1 \comp\to ##2}
6190
6191
          % mapto (lambda etc.)
6192
          %\symdecl{mapto}[args=Bi]
6193
          %\notation{mapto}[mapsto]{#1 \comp\mapsto #2}{#1 \comp, #2}
6194
          %\notation{mapto}[lambda]{\comp\lambda #1 \comp.\; #2}{#1 \comp, #2}
6195
          \noindent {\normalfont formula} {\normalfo
6196
6197
          % function/operator application
6198
           \symdecl{apply}[args=ia]
6199
           \notation{apply}[prec=0;0x\infprec,parens]{#1 \comp( #2 \comp)}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6200
           \notation{apply}[prec=0;0x\nfprec,lambda]{#1 \; #2 }{##1 \; ##2}
6201
6202
          % collection of propositions/booleans/truth values
           \symdecl{prop}[name=proposition]
           \notation{prop}[prop]{\comp{{\rm prop}}}}
           \notation{prop}[BOOL]{\comp{{\rm BOOL}}}}
6206
6207
           \symdecl{judgmentholds}[args=1]
6208
           \notation{judgmentholds}[vdash,op=\vdash]{\comp\vdash\; #1}
6209
6210
          % sequences
6211
           \symdecl{seqtype}[args=1]
6212
           \notation{seqtype}[kleene]{#1^{\comp\ast}}
6213
6214
           \symdecl{seqexpr}[args=a]
6215
           \notation{seqexpr}[angle,prec=nobrackets]{\comp\langle #1\comp\rangle}{##1\comp,##2}
6216
6217
           \symdef{sequence-index}[args=2,li,prec=nobrackets]{{#1}_{#2}}
6218
           \notation{sequence-index}[ui,prec=nobrackets]{{#1}^{#2}}
6219
6220
           \symdef{aseqdots}[args=a,prec=nobrackets]{#1\comp{,\ellipses}}{##1\comp,##2}
6221
6222
           \symdef{aseqfromto}[args=ai,prec=nobrackets]{#1\comp{,\ellipses,}#2}{##1\comp,##2}
6223
           symdef{aseqfromtovia}[args=aii,prec=nobrackets]{#1\comp{,\ellipses,}#2\comp{,\ellipses,}
          % letin (''let'', local definitions, variable substitution)
           \symdecl{letin}[args=bii]
          \notation{letin}[let]{\comp{{\rm let}}\; #1\comp{=} #2\; \comp{{\rm in}}\; #3}
6227
          \notation{letin}[subst]{#3 \comp[ #1 \comp/ #2 \comp]}
6228
           \notation{letin}[frac]{#3 \comp[ \frac{#2}{#1} \comp]}
6229
6230
          % structures
6231
          \symdecl*{module-type}[args=1]
6232
          \notation{module-type}{\comp{\mathtt{MOD}}} #1}
6233
6234
           \symdecl{mathstruct}[name=mathematical-structure,args=a] % TODO
6235
          \notation{mathstruct}[angle,prec=nobrackets]{\comp\langle #1 \comp\rangle}{##1 \comp, ##2}
6236
          % objects
6237
```

\symdecl{object}

6238

```
\verb|\notation{object}{\comp{\verb|\mathtt{OBJECT}}}| 
6239
6240
6241 }
    \ExplSyntaxOn
6242
    \stex_add_to_current_module:n{
6243
      \let\nappa\apply
6244
      6245
      6246
      \def\livar{\csname sequence-index\endcsname[li]}
      \def\uivar{\csname sequence-index\endcsname[ui]}
6248
      \label{livar} $$ \operatorname{li}_{2}}_{\operatorname{livar}_{41}_{42}}_{\operatorname{livar}_{41}_{43}} $$ $$ \operatorname{livar}_{41}_{43}_{6}. $$
6249
      6250
      6251
6252
   \__stex_modules_end_module:
6253
  \endgroup
6255 (/package)
```

Tikzinput Implementation

```
<@@=tikzinput>
   \langle *package \rangle
6258
tikzinput.dtx
                                     \ProvidesExplPackage{tikzinput}{2022/02/26}{3.0.1}{tikzinput package}
   \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
6263
   \keys_define:nn { tikzinput } {
            .bool_set:N = \c_tikzinput_image_bool,
            .default:n
                            = false ,
     unknown .code:n
                             = {}
6268
6269
   \ProcessKeysOptions { tikzinput }
6270
6271
   \bool_if:NTF \c_tikzinput_image_bool {
6272
     \RequirePackage{graphicx}
6273
6274
     \providecommand\usetikzlibrary[]{}
6275
     \newcommand\tikzinput[2][]{\includegraphics[#1]{#2}}
6277 }{
     \RequirePackage{tikz}
6278
     \RequirePackage{standalone}
6279
     \newcommand \tikzinput [2] [] {
6281
       \setkeys{Gin}{#1}
6282
       \ifx \Gin@ewidth \Gin@exclamation
6283
         \ifx \Gin@eheight \Gin@exclamation
6284
           \input { #2 }
6285
         \else
           \resizebox{!}{ \Gin@eheight }{
              \input { #2 }
           }
6289
         \fi
6290
       \else
6291
         \ifx \Gin@eheight \Gin@exclamation
6292
           \resizebox{ \Gin@ewidth }{!}{
```

```
\input { #2 }
6294
                           }
6295
                       \else
6296
                            \resizebox{ \Gin@ewidth }{ \Gin@eheight }{
6297
                                 \input { #2 }
6298
6299
                      \fi
6300
                  \fi
6301
             }
6302
6303
6304
         \newcommand \ctikzinput [2] [] {
6305
             \begin{center}
6306
                  \tikzinput [#1] {#2}
6307
             \end{center}
6308
6309
6310
         \0 ifpackageloaded{stex}{
             \RequirePackage{stex-tikzinput}
6313 }{}
        ⟨/package⟩
6315
        ⟨*stex⟩
6316
        \ProvidesExplPackage{stex-tikzinput}{2022/02/26}{3.0.1}{stex-tikzinput}
        \RequirePackage{stex}
        \RequirePackage{tikzinput}
6320
         \newcommand\mhtikzinput[2][]{%
6321
             \def\Gin@mhrepos{}\setkeys{Gin}{#1}%
6322
             \stex_in_repository:nn\Gin@mhrepos{
6323
                  \tikzinput[#1]{\mhpath{##1}{#2}}
6324
6325
6326
         \newcommand\cmhtikzinput[2][]{\begin{center}\mhtikzinput[#1]{#2}\end{center}}
6327
6328
         \cs_new_protected:Nn \__tikzinput_usetikzlibrary:nn {
             \pgfkeys@spdef\pgf@temp{#1}
             \expandafter\ifx\csname tikz@library@\pgf@temp @loaded\endcsname\relax%
             \verb|\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\e
6332
             \expandafter\edef\csname tikz@library@#1@atcode\endcsname{\the\catcode'\@}
6333
             \expandafter\edef\csname tikz@library@#1@barcode\endcsname{\the\catcode'\|}
6334
             \expandafter\edef\csname tikz@library@#1@dollarcode\endcsname{\the\catcode'\$}
6335
             \catcode'\@=11
6336
             \catcode'\|=12
6337
             \catcode'\$=3
6338
             \pgfutil@InputIfFileExists{#2}{}{}
             \catcode'\@=\csname tikz@library@#1@atcode\endcsname
6341
             \catcode'\|=\csname tikz@library@#1@barcode\endcsname
             \catcode'\$=\csname tikz@library@#1@dollarcode\endcsname
6342
6343
6344
6345
       \newcommand\libusetikzlibrary[1]{
```

```
\prop_if_exist:NF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {
6347
        \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}\libusetikzlibrary
6348
6349
     \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop {id} \l_tmpa_str {
6350
        \msg_error:nnn{stex}{error/notinarchive}\libusetikzlibrary
6351
6352
     \seq_clear:N \l__tikzinput_libinput_files_seq
6353
     \seq_set_eq:NN \l_tmpa_seq \c_stex_mathhub_seq
6354
     \seq_set_split:NnV \l_tmpb_seq / \l_tmpa_str
6356
     \bool_while_do:nn { ! \seq_if_empty_p:N \l_tmpb_seq }{
6357
        \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq / meta-inf / lib / tikzlibra
6358
        \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str }{
6359
          \seq_put_right:No \l__tikzinput_libinput_files_seq \l_tmpa_str
6360
6361
        \seq_pop_left:NN \l_tmpb_seq \l_tmpa_str
6362
        \seq_put_right:No \l_tmpa_seq \l_tmpa_str
6363
6364
     \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str {\stex_path_to_string:N \l_tmpa_seq / lib / tikzlibrary #1 .code.t
     \IfFileExists{ \l_tmpa_str }{
       \seq_put_right:No \l__tikzinput_libinput_files_seq \l_tmpa_str
6368
6369
6370
     \seq_if_empty:NTF \l__tikzinput_libinput_files_seq {
6371
        \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/nofile}{\exp_not:N\libusetikzlibrary}{tikzlibrary #1 .code.t
6372
6373
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\seq_count:N \l__tikzinput_libinput_files_seq} = 1 {
6374
          \seq_map_inline: Nn \l__tikzinput_libinput_files_seq {
6375
            \__tikzinput_usetikzlibrary:nn{#1}{ ##1 }
         }
6377
6378
          \msg_error:nnxx{stex}{error/twofiles}{\exp_not:N\libusetikzlibrary}{tikzlibrary #1 .cc
6379
6380
     }
6381
6382 }
6383 (/stex)
```

LocalWords: bibfolder jobname.dtx tikzinput.dtx usetikzlibrary Gin@ewidth Gin@eheight LocalWords: resizebox ctikzinput mhtikzinput Gin@mhrepos mhpath

document-structure.sty Implementation

```
6384 (*package)
6385 (@@=document_structure)
6386 \ProvidesExplPackage{document-structure}{2022/02/26}{3.0.1}{Modular Document Structure}
6387 \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
```

37.1 Package Options

We declare some switches which will modify the behavior according to the package options. Generally, an option xxx will just set the appropriate switches to true (otherwise they stay false).

```
6388
6389 \keys_define:nn{ document-structure }{
     class .str_set_x:N = \c_document_structure_class_str,
                .str_set_x:N = \c_document_structure_topsect_str,,
     unknown
                .code:n
                          = {
       \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{stex}
       \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{tikzinput}
6395
      showignores .bool_set:N = \c_document_structure_showignores_bool,
6396 %
6397 }
6398 \ProcessKeysOptions{ document-structure }
   \str_if_empty:NT \c_document_structure_class_str {
6399
     \str_set:Nn \c_document_structure_class_str {article}
6402 \str_if_empty:NT \c_document_structure_topsect_str {
     \str_set:Nn \c_document_structure_topsect_str {section}
6404 }
```

Then we need to set up the packages by requiring the **sref** package to be loaded, and set up triggers for other languages

```
6405 \RequirePackage{xspace}
6406 \RequirePackage{comment}
6407 \RequirePackage{stex}
6408 \AddToHook{begindocument}{
```

\section@level

Finally, we set the \section@level macro that governs sectioning. The default is two (corresponding to the article class), then we set the defaults for the standard classes book and report and then we take care of the levels passed in via the topsect option.

```
\int_new:N \l_document_structure_section_level_int
    \str_case:VnF \c_document_structure_topsect_str {
6417
      {part}{
6418
        \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {0}
6419
6420
      {chapter}{
6421
        \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {1}
6424 }{
      \str_case:VnF \c_document_structure_class_str {
6425
6426
        {book}{
          \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {0}
6427
6428
        {report}{
6429
          \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {0}
6430
6431
6432
        \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {2}
     }
6434
6435 }
```

37.2 Document Structure

The structure of the document is given by the omgroup environment just like in OMDoc. The hierarchy is adjusted automatically according to the LATEX class in effect.

\currentsectionlevel

EdN:15

For the \currentsectionlevel and \Currentsectionlevel macros we use an internal macro \current@section@level that only contains the keyword (no markup). We initialize it with "document" as a default. In the generated OMDoc, we only generate a text element of class omdoc_currentsectionlevel, wich will be instantiated by CSS later. ¹⁵

```
def\current@section@level{document}%
newcommand\currentsectionlevel{\lowercase\expandafter{\current@section@level}\xspace}%
newcommand\Currentsectionlevel{\expandafter\MakeUppercase\current@section@level\xspace}%
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\currentsection| evel.\ This\ function\ is\ documented\ on\ page\ \ref{thm:linear}??.)$

\skipomgroup

```
6439 \cs_new_protected:Npn \skipomgroup {
```

 $[\]overline{\ ^{15}{
m EDNOTE:}}\ {
m MK:}$ we may have to experiment with the more powerful uppercasing macro from mfirstuc.sty once we internationalize.

```
\ifcase\l_document_structure_section_level_int
                         \or\stepcounter{part}
                   6441
                         \or\stepcounter{chapter}
                   6442
                         \or\stepcounter{section}
                   6443
                         \or\stepcounter{subsection}
                   6444
                         \or\stepcounter{subsubsection}
                   6445
                         \or\stepcounter{paragraph}
                         \or\stepcounter{subparagraph}
                         \fi
                   6449 }
                  (End definition for \skipomgroup. This function is documented on page ??.)
blindfragment
                   6450 \newcommand\at@begin@blindomgroup[1]{}
                      \newenvironment{blindfragment}
                   6451
                   6452 {
                         \int_incr:N\l_document_structure_section_level_int
                   6453
                         \at@begin@blindomgroup\l_document_structure_section_level_int
                   6454
                   6455 }{}
                  convenience macro: \operatorname{lomgroup@nonum}\{\langle level \rangle\}\{\langle title \rangle\} makes an unnumbered sectioning
\omgroup@nonum
                  with title \langle title \rangle at level \langle level \rangle.
                   6456 \newcommand\omgroup@nonum[2]{
                         \ifx\hyper@anchor\@undefined\else\phantomsection\fi
                         \label{line} $$ \addcontentsline{toc}{\#1}{\#2}\@nameuse{\#1}*{\#2}$
                  6459 }
                  (End definition for \omgroup@nonum. This function is documented on page ??.)
                 convenience macro: \operatorname{num}(\operatorname{level}) makes numbered sectioning with
  \omgroup@num
                  title \langle title \rangle at level \langle level \rangle. We have to check the short key was given in the omgroup
                  environment and – if it is use it. But how to do that depends on whether the rdfmeta
                  package has been loaded. In the end we call \sref@label@id to enable crossreferencing.
                      \newcommand\omgroup@num[2]{
                         \tl_if_empty:NTF \l__document_structure_omgroup_short_tl {
                   6461
                           \@nameuse{#1}{#2}
                   6462
                   6463
                           \cs_if_exist:NTF\rdfmeta@sectioning{
                   6464
                             \@nameuse{rdfmeta@#1@old}[\l__document_structure_omgroup_short_tl]{#2}
                              \@nameuse{#1}[\l__document_structure_omgroup_short_t1]{#2}
                   6467
                   6468
                         }
                   6469
                   \fi %\sref@label@id@arg{\omdoc@sect@name~\@nameuse{the#1}}\omgroup@id
                  (End definition for \omgroup@num. This function is documented on page ??.)
     sfragment
                   6472 \keys_define:nn { document-structure / omgroup }{
                        id
                                        .str_set_x:N = \l__document_structure_omgroup_id_str,
                   6473
                                         .str_set_x:N = \l__document_structure_omgroup_date_str,
                   6474
                         creators
                                         .clist_set:N = \l__document_structure_omgroup_creators_clist,
```

```
contributors .clist_set:N = \l__document_structure_omgroup_contributors_clist,
                    .tl set:N
                                 = \l__document_structure_omgroup_srccite_tl,
6477
     srccite
                                 = \l__document_structure_omgroup_type_tl,
                    .tl set:N
6478
     type
                    .tl_set:N
                                 = \l__document_structure_omgroup_short_tl,
     short
6479
     display
                    .tl_set:N
                                 = \l__document_structure_omgroup_display_tl,
6480
                                 = \l__document_structure_omgroup_intro_tl,
     intro
                    .tl_set:N
6481
                                 = \l__document_structure_omgroup_imports_tl,
     imports
                    .tl set:N
     loadmodules
                    .bool_set:N
                                = \l__document_structure_omgroup_loadmodules_bool
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__document_structure_omgroup_args:n {
     \str_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_id_str
     \str_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_date_str
6487
     \clist_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_creators_clist
6488
     \clist_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_contributors_clist
6489
     \tl_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_srccite_tl
6490
     \tl_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_type_tl
6491
     \tl_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_short_tl
6492
     \tl_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_display_tl
     \tl_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_imports_tl
     \tl_clear:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_intro_tl
     \bool_set_false:N \l__document_structure_omgroup_loadmodules_bool
     \keys_set:nn { document-structure / omgroup } { #1 }
6497
6498
```

\at@begin@omgroup

we define a switch for numbering lines and a hook for the beginning of groups: The \at@begin@omgroup macro allows customization. It is run at the beginning of the omgroup, i.e. after the section heading.

```
hewif\if@mainmatter\@mainmattertrue
hepsilon \newcommand\at@begin@omgroup[3][]{}
```

Then we define a helper macro that takes care of the sectioning magic. It comes with its own key/value interface for customization.

```
\keys_define:nn { document-structure / sectioning }{
              .str_set_x:N = \l__document_structure_sect_name_str
     name
     ref
              .str_set_x:N = \l__document_structure_sect_ref_str
6503
                            = \l__document_structure_sect_clear_bool ,
              .bool_set:N
6504
              .default:n
                            = {true}
6505
              .bool_set:N
                            = \l__document_structure_sect_num_bool
6506
              .default:n
                            = {true}
     num
   \cs_new_protected: Nn \__document_structure_sect_args:n {
     \str_clear:N \l__document_structure_sect_name_str
6510
     \str_clear:N \l__document_structure_sect_ref_str
6511
     \bool_set_false:N \l__document_structure_sect_clear_bool
6512
     \bool_set_false:N \l__document_structure_sect_num_bool
6513
      \keys_set:nn { document-structure / sectioning } { #1 }
6514
6515
    \newcommand\omdoc@sectioning[3][]{
6516
     \__document_structure_sect_args:n {#1 }
6517
     \let\omdoc@sect@name\l__document_structure_sect_name_str
6518
     \bool_if:NT \l__document_structure_sect_clear_bool { \cleardoublepage }
     \if@mainmatter% numbering not overridden by frontmatter, etc.
       \bool_if:NTF \l__document_structure_sect_num_bool {
6521
          \omgroup@num{#2}{#3}
6522
```

and another one, if redefines the \addtocontentsline macro of LATEX to import the respective macros. It takes as an argument a list of module names.

```
\newcommand\omgroup@redefine@addtocontents[1]{\%
\def\__document_structureimport{#1}\%
\def\__document_structureimport\do{\%}
\def\Qpath{\csname module@\QI @path\endcsname}\%
\def\Qpath{\csname module@\QI @path\endcsname}\%
\def\quad \d
```

now the omgroup environment itself. This takes care of the table of contents via the helper macro above and then selects the appropriate sectioning command from article.cls. It also registeres the current level of omgroups in the \omgroup@level counter.

```
6545 \newenvironment{sfragment}[2][]% keys, title
6546 {
6547 \__document_structure_omgroup_args:n { #1 }%\sref@target%
```

If the loadmodules key is set on \begin{sfragment}, we redefine the \addcontetsline macro that determines how the sectioning commands below construct the entries for the table of contents.

now we only need to construct the right sectioning depending on the value of \section@level.

```
\int_incr:N\l_document_structure_section_level_int

\ifcase\l_document_structure_section_level_int

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@part@kw,clear,num]{part}{#2}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@chapter@kw,clear,num]{chapter}{#2}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@section@kw,num]{section}{#2}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsection@kw,num]{subsection}{#2}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsection@kw,num]{subsection}{#2}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsection@kw,num]{subsection}{#2}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subsection@kw,ref=this \omdoc@paragraph@kw]{paragraph}{#}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph}{#}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw,ref=this \omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]}

\or\omdoc@sectioning[name=\omdoc@subparagraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@kw]{paragraph@k
```

```
\fi
6565
     \at@begin@omgroup[#1]\l_document_structure_section_level_int{#2}
6566
     \str_if_empty:NF \l__document_structure_omgroup_id_str {
6567
       \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n\l__document_structure_omgroup_id_str
6568
6569
6570 }% for customization
6571
   {}
    and finally, we localize the sections
   \newcommand\omdoc@part@kw{Part}
   \newcommand\omdoc@chapter@kw{Chapter}
   \newcommand\omdoc@section@kw{Section}
   \newcommand\omdoc@subsection@kw{Subsection}
   \newcommand\omdoc@subsubsection@kw{Subsubsection}
   \newcommand\omdoc@paragraph@kw{paragraph}
   \newcommand\omdoc@subparagraph@kw{subparagraph}
```

37.3 Front and Backmatter

Index markup is provided by the omtext package [Kohlhase:smmtf:git], so in the document-structure package we only need to supply the corresponding \printindex command, if it is not already defined

\printindex

```
\(\) \providecommand\printindex{\IfFileExists{\jobname.ind}}{\}\) \(\) \(\) \(End definition for \printindex. This function is documented on page \cdot?\).\) \(\) some classes (e.g. book.cls) already have \(\) frontmatter, \(\) mainmatter, and \(\) \(\) backmatter macros. As we want to define frontmatter and backmatter environ-
```

\backmatter macros. As we want to define frontmatter and backmatter environments, we save their behavior (possibly defining it) in orig@*matter macros and make them undefined (so that we can define the environments).

```
\cs_if_exist:NTF\frontmatter{
      \let\__document_structure_orig_frontmatter\frontmatter
6581
      \let\frontmatter\relax
6582
6583 }{
      \tl_set:Nn\__document_structure_orig_frontmatter{
6584
        \clearpage
        \@mainmatterfalse
        \pagenumbering{roman}
     }
6588
6589 }
   \cs_if_exist:NTF\backmatter{
6590
      \let\__document_structure_orig_backmatter\backmatter
6591
      \let\backmatter\relax
6592
6593 }{
      \tl_set:Nn\__document_structure_orig_backmatter{
6594
        \clearpage
6595
        \@mainmatterfalse
        \pagenumbering{roman}
     }
6599 }
```

Using these, we can now define the frontmatter and backmatter environments

```
frontmatter we use the \origonic frontmatter macro defined above and \mainmatter if it exists, otherwise we define it.
```

backmatter As backmatter is at the end of the document, we do nothing for \endbackmatter.

```
6611 \newenvironment{backmatter}{
      \__document_structure_orig_backmatter
6612
6613 }{
6614
      \cs_if_exist:NTF\mainmatter{
6615
        \mainmatter
6616
6617
        \clearpage
        \@mainmattertrue
6618
        \pagenumbering{arabic}
6619
6620
6621 }
```

finally, we make sure that page numbering is a rabic and we have main matter as the default

 $\verb| ``Qmainmattertrue' page numbering \{arabic'\}| \\$

\afterprematurestop

\end{document}

\prematurestop We initia

6634

6635

We initialize \afterprematurestop, and provide \prematurestop@endomgroup which looks up \omgroup@level and recursively ends enough {sfragment}s.

```
\def \c__document_structure_document_str{document}
   \newcommand\afterprematurestop{}
   \def\prematurestop@endomgroup{
6625
     \unless\ifx\@currenvir\c__document_structure_document_str
6626
        \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\end\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{\expandafter}
6627
        \expandafter\prematurestop@endomgroup
6628
     \fi
6629
6630 }
   \providecommand\prematurestop{
6631
     \message{Stopping~sTeX~processing~prematurely}
6632
     \prematurestop@endomgroup
6633
```

(End definition for \prematurestop. This function is documented on page ??.)

37.4 Global Variables

```
\setSGvar
           set a global variable
             6637 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
             6638 \newcommand\setSGvar[1]{\@namedef{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
             (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \backslash setSGvar}.\ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:constraint}?}.)
\useSGvar
            use a global variable
                 \newrobustcmd\useSGvar[1]{%
             6639
                   \@ifundefined{sTeX@Gvar@#1}
             6641
                   {\PackageError{document-structure}
                      {The sTeX Global variable #1 is undefined}
                      {set it with \protect\setSGvar}}
             6644 \@nameuse{sTeX@Gvar@#1}}
             (End definition for \useSGvar. This function is documented on page ??.)
 \ifSGvar execute something conditionally based on the state of the global variable.
             6645 \newrobustcmd\ifSGvar[3]{\def\@test{#2}%
                   \@ifundefined{sTeX@Gvar@#1}
                   {\PackageError{document-structure}
             6647
                      {The sTeX Global variable #1 is undefined}
             6648
                      {set it with \protect\setSGvar}}
             6649
                   {\expandafter\ifx\csname sTeX@Gvar@#1\endcsname\@test #3\fi}}
             6650
             (End definition for \ifSGvar. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

Chapter 38

NotesSlides – Implementation

38.1 Class and Package Options

We define some Package Options and switches for the notesslides class and activate them by passing them on to beamer.cls and omdoc.cls and the notesslides package. We pass the nontheorem option to the statements package when we are not in notes mode, since the beamer package has its own (overlay-aware) theorem environments.

```
6651 (*cls)
6652 (@@=notesslides)
6653 \ProvidesExplClass{notesslides}{2022/02/28}{3.1.0}{notesslides Class}
   \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
6655
6656 \keys_define:nn{notesslides / cls}{
              .str_set_x:N = \c_notesslides_class_str_s
6657
               .bool_set:N = \c_notesslides_notes_bool
6658
                         = { \bool_set_false: N \c__notesslides_notes_bool },
      slides
              .code:n
6659
      docopt \quad .str\_set\_x: \mathbb{N} \ = \ \backslash c\_\_notesslides\_docopt\_str,
                          = {
      unknown .code:n
        \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{document-structure}
        \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{beamer}
        \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{notesslides}
6664
        \PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{stex}
6665
6666
6667
    \ProcessKeysOptions{ notesslides / cls }
6668
6669
6670 \str_if_empty:NF \c__notesslides_class_str {
      \label{lem:passOptionsToPackage} $$ \operatorname{class=\c_notesslides\_class\_str}_{\document-structure} $$
6673
   \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT\c__notesslides_class_str{book}{
6674
      \PassOptionsToPackage{defaulttopsect=part}{notesslides}
6675
6676 }
6677 \exp_args:No \str_if_eq:nnT\c__notesslides_class_str{report}{
      \PassOptionsToPackage{defaulttopsect=part}{notesslides}
6678
6679 }
6681 \RequirePackage{stex}
```

```
6682 \stex_html_backend:T {
      \bool_set_true:N\c__notesslides_notes_bool
6684
6685
    \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6686
      \PassOptionsToPackage{notes=true}{notesslides}
      \PassOptionsToPackage{notes=false}{notesslides}
6690 }
6691 (/cls)
now we do the same for the notesslides package.
    \ProvidesExplPackage{notesslides}{2022/02/28}{3.1.0}{notesslides Package}
    \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
6695
    \keys_define:nn{notesslides / pkg}{
6696
      topsect
                      .str_set_x:N = \c_notesslides_topsect_str,
6697
      defaulttopsect .str_set_x:N = \c__notesslides_defaulttopsec_str,
6698
                      .bool_set:N
                                     = \c__notesslides_notes_bool ,
6699
      slides
                      .code:n
                                      = { \bool_set_false: N \c__notesslides_notes_bool },
6700
      sectocframes
                      .bool_set:N
                                      = \c__notesslides_sectocframes_bool ,
6701
      frameimages
                       .bool_set:N
                                      = \c_notesslides_frameimages_bool ,
                                      = \c_notesslides_fiboxed_bool ,
      fiboxed
                       .bool_set:N
6703
      noproblems
                       .bool_set:N
                                      = \c_notesslides_noproblems_bool,
6704
                       .code:n
      unknown
6705
        \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{stex}
6706
        \PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{tikzinput}
6707
6708
6709 }
    \ProcessKeysOptions{ notesslides / pkg }
6710
    \RequirePackage{stex}
    \stex_html_backend:T {
      \bool_set_true:N\c__notesslides_notes_bool
6715
6716
    \newif\ifnotes
6717
    \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6718
      \notestrue
6719
6720 }{
      \notesfalse
6721
we give ourselves a macro \@ctopsect that needs only be evaluated once, so that the
\ifdefstring conditionals work below.
6724 \str_if_empty:NTF \c__notesslides_topsect_str {
      \str_set_eq:NN \__notesslidestopsect \c__notesslides_defaulttopsec_str
6725
6726 }{
      \str_set_eq:NN \__notesslidestopsect \c__notesslides_topsect_str
6727
6729 \PassOptionsToPackage{topsect=\__notesslidestopsect}{document-structure}
6730 (/package)
```

Depending on the options, we either load the article-based document-structure or the beamer class (and set some counters).

```
6731 (*cls)
    \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6732
      \str_if_empty:NT \c__notesslides_class_str {
6733
        \str_set:Nn \c__notesslides_class_str {article}
6734
6735
      \verb|\exp_after:wN| LoadClass| exp_after:wN[\c__notesslides_docopt_str]|
6736
        {\c_notesslides\_class\_str}
6737
6738 }{
      \LoadClass[10pt,notheorems,xcolor={dvipsnames,svgnames}]{beamer}
6739
      \newcounter{Item}
      \newcounter{paragraph}
      \newcounter{subparagraph}
      \newcounter{Hfootnote}
6743
6744
6745 \RequirePackage{document-structure}
now it only remains to load the notesslides package that does all the rest.
6746 \RequirePackage{notesslides}
6747 (/cls)
```

In notes mode, we also have to make the beamer-specific things available to article via the beamerarticle package. We use options to avoid loading theorem-like environments, since we want to use our own from the STEX packages. The first batch of packages we want are loaded on notesslides.sty. These are the general ones, we will load the STEX-specific ones after we have done some work (e.g. defined the counters m*). Only the stex-logo package is already needed now for the default theme.

```
(*package)
   \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
     \RequirePackage{a4wide}
     \RequirePackage{marginnote}
6751
     \PassOptionsToPackage{usenames,dvipsnames,svgnames}{xcolor}
6752
     \RequirePackage{mdframed}
     \RequirePackage[noxcolor,noamsthm]{beamerarticle}
6754
     \RequirePackage[bookmarks,bookmarksopen,bookmarksnumbered,breaklinks,hidelinks]{hyperref}
6755
6756 }
6757 \RequirePackage{stex-tikzinput}
   \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
6759 \RequirePackage{amssymb}
6760 \RequirePackage{amsmath}
6761 \RequirePackage{comment}
6762 \RequirePackage{textcomp}
6763 \RequirePackage{url}
6764 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

38.2 Notes and Slides

6765 \RequirePackage{pgf}

For the lecture notes cases, we also provide the \usetheme macro that would otherwise come from the beamer class. While the latter loads beamertheme $\langle theme \rangle$.sty, the

```
notes version loads beamernotestheme\langle theme \rangle.sty. 16
6766 \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
      \renewcommand\usetheme[2][]{\usepackage[#1]{beamernotestheme#2}}
6768
6769
6770
    \NewDocumentCommand \libusetheme {O{} m} {
6771
      \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6772
         \libusepackage[#1]{beamernotestheme#2}
6774
      \libusepackage[#1]{beamertheme#2}
6775
6776
6777 }
```

We define the sizes of slides in the notes. Somehow, we cannot get by with the same here.

```
6778 \newcounter{slide}
6779 \newlength{\slidewidth}\setlength{\slidewidth}{13.5cm}
6780 \newlength{\slideheight}\setlength{\slideheight}{9cm}
```

The note environment is used to leave out text in the slides mode. It does not have a counterpart in OMDoc. So for course notes, we define the note environment to be a no-operation otherwise we declare the note environment as a comment via the comment package.

```
6781 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6782 \renewenvironment{note}{\ignorespaces}{}
6783 }{
6784 \excludecomment{note}
6785 }
```

We first set up the slide boxes in article mode. We set up sizes and provide a box register for the frames and a counter for the slides.

```
6786 \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6787 \newlength{\slideframewidth}
6788 \setlength{\slideframewidth}{1.5pt}
```

frame We first define the keys.

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \__notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn {
        \ensuremath{\verb| exp_args:Nx \rangle f = eq:nnTF { \ensuremath{\verb| str_uppercase:n{ #2 } }{ yes }{ }} 
           \bool_set_true:N #1
6792
           \bool_set_false:N #1
6793
        7
6794
6795
      \keys_define:nn{notesslides / frame}{
6796
                               .str_set_x:N = \l__notesslides_frame_label_str,
6797
        allowframebreaks
                                .code:n
6798
           \__notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn \l__notesslides_frame_allowframebreaks_bool { #1 }
6799
6800
        allowdisplaybreaks .code:n
                                                = {
```

 $^{^{16}{}m EdNote}$: MK: This is not ideal, but I am not sure that I want to be able to provide the full theme functionality there.

```
\_notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn \_notesslides_frame_allowdisplaybreaks_bool { #1 }
6802
        },
6803
        fragile
                              .code:n
6804
          \__notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn \l__notesslides_frame_fragile_bool { #1 }
6805
6806
        shrink
6807
           \__notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn \l__notesslides_frame_shrink_bool { #1 }
6808
        },
6809
                              .code:n
                                             = {
        squeeze
           \__notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn \l__notesslides_frame_squeeze_bool { #1 }
6811
6812
        },
                              .code:n
6813
        t.
                                             = {
           \__notesslides_do_yes_param:Nn \l__notesslides_frame_t_bool { #1 }
6814
        },
6815
6816
      \cs_new_protected:Nn \__notesslides_frame_args:n {
6817
        \str_clear:N \l__notesslides_frame_label_str
6818
        \bool_set_true:N \l__notesslides_frame_allowframebreaks_bool
6819
        \verb|\bool_set_true:N \lower=lides_frame_allowdisplaybreaks_bool|
        \bool_set_true:N \l__notesslides_frame_fragile_bool
        \bool_set_true:N \l__notesslides_frame_shrink_bool
        \verb|\bool_set_true:N \label{localides_frame_squeeze_bool}|
6823
        \bool_set_true:N \l__notesslides_frame_t_bool
6824
        \keys_set:nn { notesslides / frame }{ #1 }
6825
6826
We define the environment, read them, and construct the slide number and label.
      \renewenvironment{frame}[1][]{
6827
        \__notesslides_frame_args:n{#1}
6828
        \sffamily
6829
        \stepcounter{slide}
6830
        \def\@currentlabel{\theslide}
6831
        \str_if_empty:NF \l__notesslides_frame_label_str {
6832
           \label{\l_notesslides_frame_label_str}
6833
We redefine the itemize environment so that it looks more like the one in beamer.
        \def\itemize@level{outer}
6835
        \def\itemize@outer{outer}
6836
        \def\itemize@inner{inner}
6837
        \renewcommand\newpage{\addtocounter{framenumber}{1}}
        \newcommand\metakeys@show@keys[2]{\marginnote{{\scriptsize ##2}}}
        \renewenvironment{itemize}{
          \ifx\itemize@level\itemize@outer
6841
             \def\itemize@label{$\rhd$}
6842
           \fi
6843
           \ifx\itemize@level\itemize@inner
6844
             \def\itemize@label{$\scriptstyle\rhd$}
6845
           \fi
6846
          \begin{list}
6847
          {\itemize@label}
6848
           {\setlength{\labelsep}{.3em}
           \setlength{\labelwidth}{.5em}
           \setlength{\leftmargin}{1.5em}
6851
          }
6852
```

```
\edef\itemize@level{\itemize@inner}
                                        6853
                                                             }{
                                       6854
                                                                   \end{list}
                                       6855
                                        6856
                                      We create the box with the mdframed environment from the equinymous package.
                                                             \stex_html_backend:TF {
                                                                   \verb|\begin{stex_annotate_env}{frame}{} \\ \verb|\begin{stex_annotate_env}{frame}{} \\ \verb|\color="block"| \\ \verb|\col
                                       6858
                                                             }{
                                       6859
                                                                   \begin{mdframed} [linewidth=\slideframewidth,skipabove=1ex,skipbelow=1ex,userdefinedwidth]
                                        6860
                                                             }
                                        6861
                                                       }{
                                       6862
                                                             \stex_html_backend:TF {
                                        6863
                                                                   \miko@slidelabel\egroup\end{stex_annotate_env}
                                        6864
                                                             }{\medskip\miko@slidelabel\end{mdframed}}
                                        6866
                                                  Now, we need to redefine the frametitle (we are still in course notes mode).
\frametitle
                                                       \renewcommand{\frametitle}[1]{{\Large\bf\sf\color{blue}{#1}}\medskip}
                                      (End definition for \frametitle. This function is documented on page ??.)
               \pause
                                       6869 \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                                                       \newcommand\pause{}
                                       6871 }
                                      (End definition for \pause. This function is documented on page ??.)
  nparagraph
                                       6872 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                                                       6874 }{
                                                       \excludecomment{nparagraph}
                                       6875
                                       6876 }
     nfragment
                                       6877 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                                                       \newenvironment{nfragment}[2][]{\begin{sfragment}[#1]{#2}}{\end{sfragment}}
                                       6879 }{
                                                       \excludecomment{nfragment}
                                       6880
                                       6881 }
ndefinition
                                       6882 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                                                       6884 }{
                                                        \excludecomment{ndefinition}
                                       6885
                                       6886 }
```

EdN:17

 $^{^{17}\}mathrm{EdNote}\colon\, \mathrm{MK} ;$ fake it in notes mode for now

```
nassertion
               6888
               6889 }{
                    \excludecomment{nassertion}
               6890
               6891 }
       nsproof
               6892 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                    6893
               6894 }{
               6895
                    \excludecomment{nproof}
               6896 }
      nexample
               6897 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                    \newenvironment{nexample}[1][]{\begin{sexample}[#1]}{\end{sexample}}}
               6899 }{
                    \excludecomment{nexample}
               6901 }
\inputref@*skip
              We customize the hooks for in \inputref.
               6902 \def\inputref@preskip{\smallskip}
               6903 \def\inputref@postskip{\medskip}
               (End definition for \inputref@*skip. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \inputref*
               6904 \let\orig@inputref\inputref
               6905 \def\inputref{\@ifstar\ninputref\orig@inputref}
                  \newcommand\ninputref[2][]{
                    \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
                      \orig@inputref[#1]{#2}
               6908
               6909
               6910 }
               (End definition for \inputref*. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

38.3 Header and Footer Lines

Now, we set up the infrastructure for the footer line of the slides, we use boxes for the logos, so that they are only loaded once, that considerably speeds up processing.

\setslidelogo The default logo is the STEX logo. Customization can be done by \setslidelogo{ $\langle logo name \rangle$ }.

```
6911 \newlength{\slidelogoheight}
6912
6913 \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
6914 \setlength{\slidelogoheight}{.4cm}
6915 }{
6916 \setlength{\slidelogoheight}{1cm}
6917 }
6918 \newsavebox{\slidelogo}
```

```
6919 \sbox{\slidelogo}{\sTeX}
                  6920 \newrobustcmd{\setslidelogo}[1]{
                         \sbox{\slidelogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{#1}}
                  6922 }
                  (\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ \backslash setslidelogo}.\ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:constraint}??}.)
                 \source stores the writer's name. By default it is Michael Kohlhase since he is the main
   \setsource
                  user and designer of this package. \setsource{\langle name \rangle} can change the writer's name.
                  6923 \def\source{Michael Kohlhase}% customize locally
                  6924 \newrobustcmd{\setsource}[1]{\def\source{#1}}
                  (End definition for \setsource. This function is documented on page ??.)
                 Now, we set up the copyright and licensing. By default we use the Creative Commons
\setlicensing
                  Attribuition-ShareAlike license to strengthen the public domain. If package hyperref is
                  loaded, then we can attach a hyperlink to the license logo. \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{cetlicensing}}}[\langle url \rangle] \{\langle logo
                  name} is used for customization, where \langle url \rangle is optional.
                      \def\copyrightnotice{\footnotesize\copyright :\hspace{.3ex}{\source}}
                      \newsavebox{\cclogo}
                  6927 \sbox{\cclogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{stex-cc_somerights}}
                      \newif\ifcchref\cchreffalse
                      \AtBeginDocument{
                         \@ifpackageloaded{hyperref}{\cchreftrue}{\cchreffalse}
                  6930
                  6931 }
                      \def\licensing{
                  6932
                         \ifcchref
                  6933
                           \href{http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.5/}{\usebox{\cclogo}}
                  6934
                  6935
                           {\usebox{\cclogo}}
                  6936
                  6937
                         \fi
                  6938 }
                      \newrobustcmd{\setlicensing}[2][]{
                  6939
                  6940
                         \def\@url{#1}
                         \sbox{\cclogo}{\includegraphics[height=\slidelogoheight]{#2}}
                  6941
                         \inf x\ \operatorname{Qurl}\ \operatorname{Qempty}
                  6942
                           \def\licensing{{\usebox{\cclogo}}}
                  6943
                         \else
                  6944
                  6945
                           \def\licensing{
                              \ifcchref
                              \href{#1}{\usebox{\cclogo}}
                              \else
                              {\usebox{\cclogo}}
                  6950
                              \fi
                           }
                  6951
                         \fi
                  6952
                  6953 }
                  (End definition for \setlicensing. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \slidelabel Now, we set up the slide label for the article mode. 18
                  6954 \newrobustcmd\miko@slidelabel{
```

\vbox to \slidelogoheight{

EdN:18

 $^{^{18}\}mathrm{EdNote}$ see that we can use the themes for the slides some day. This is all fake.

(End definition for \slidelabel. This function is documented on page ??.)

38.4 Frame Images

\frameimage We have to make sure that the width is overwritten, for that we check the \Gin@ewidth macro from the graphicx package. We also add the label key.

```
\def\Gin@mhrepos{}
   \define@key{Gin}{mhrepos}{\def\Gin@mhrepos{#1}}
   \label{$\define@key{Gin}{label}{\def\@currentlabel{\arabic}\\label{$\#1$}}
   \newrobustcmd\frameimage[2][]{
6963
     \stepcounter{slide}
6964
     \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_frameimages_bool {
6965
        \def\Gin@ewidth{}\setkeys{Gin}{#1}
6966
       \bool_if:NF \c__notesslides_notes_bool { \vfill }
       \begin{center}
          \bool_if:NTF \c__notesslides_fiboxed_bool {
            \fbox{
              \int Gin@ewidth\end{array}
6971
                \ifx\Gin@mhrepos\@empty
6972
                  \mhgraphics[width=\slidewidth,#1]{#2}
6973
                \else
6974
                  \mhgraphics[width=\slidewidth, #1, mhrepos=\Gin@mhrepos]{#2}
6975
                \fi
6976
              \else% Gin@ewidth empty
6977
                \ifx\Gin@mhrepos\@empty
                  \mhgraphics[#1]{#2}
                \else
                  6981
                \fi
6982
              \fi% Gin@ewidth empty
6983
6984
         }{
6985
            \int (Gin@ewidth @empty)
              \ifx\Gin@mhrepos\@empty
6987
                \mhgraphics[width=\slidewidth,#1]{#2}
              \else
                \mhgraphics[width=\slidewidth,#1,mhrepos=\Gin@mhrepos]{#2}
              \fi
              \ifx\Gin@mhrepos\@empty
                \mhgraphics[#1]{#2}
6993
              \else
6994
                \mhgraphics[#1,mhrepos=\Gin@mhrepos]{#2}
6995
              \fi
            \fi% Gin@ewidth empty
6997
         }
         \end{center}
       \par\strut\hfill{\footnotesize Slide \arabic{slide}}%
       \bool_if:NF \c__notesslides_notes_bool { \vfill }
7001
```

```
7002 }
7003 } % ifmks@sty@frameimages
(End definition for \frameimage. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

38.5 Colors and Highlighting

We first specify sans serif fonts as the default.

```
7004 \sffamily
```

Now, we set up an infrastructure for highlighting phrases in slides. Note that we use content-oriented macros for highlighting rather than directly using color markup. The first thing to to is to adapt the green so that it is dark enough for most beamers

```
7005 \AddToHook{begindocument}{
7006 \definecolor{green}{rgb}{0,.5,0}
7007 \definecolor{purple}{cmyk}{.3,1,0,.17}
7008 }
```

We customize the \defemph, \symrefemph, \compemph, and \titleemph macros with colors. Furthermore we customize the __omtextlec macro for the appearance of line end comments in \lec.

```
7009 % \def\STpresent#1{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}
7010 \def\defemph#1{{\textcolor{magenta}{#1}}}
7011 \def\symrefemph#1{{\textcolor{cyan}{#1}}}
7012 \def\compemph#1f{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}}
7013 \def\titleemph#1f{\textcolor{blue}{#1}}}
7014 \def\__omtext_lec#1f(\textcolor{green}{#1})}
```

I like to use the dangerous bend symbol for warnings, so we provide it here.

\textwarning as the macro can be used quite often we put it into a box register, so that it is only loaded once.

```
\pgfdeclareimage[width=.8em]{miko@small@dbend}{stex-dangerous-bend}
    \def\smalltextwarning{
      \pgfuseimage{miko@small@dbend}
7017
      \xspace
7018
7019
    \pgfdeclareimage[width=1.2em]{miko@dbend}{stex-dangerous-bend}
    \newrobustcmd\textwarning{
      \raisebox{-.05cm}{\pgfuseimage{miko@dbend}}
7024
    \pgfdeclareimage[width=2.5em]{miko@big@dbend}{stex-dangerous-bend}
    \newrobustcmd\bigtextwarning{
      \raisebox{-.05cm}{\pgfuseimage{miko@big@dbend}}
7027
      \xspace
7028
7029 }
(End definition for \textwarning. This function is documented on page ??.)
7030 \newrobustcmd\putgraphicsat[3]{
      7031
7032 }
7033 \newrobustcmd\putat[2]{
     \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} (0,0) \end{array} \end{array}
7034
7035 }
```

38.6 Sectioning

If the sectocframes option is set, then we make section frames. We first define counters for part and chapter, which beamer.cls does not have and we make the section counter which it does dependent on chapter.

```
7036 \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_sectocframes_bool {
7037 \str_if_eq:VnTF \__notesslidestopsect{part}{
7038 \newcounter{chapter}\counterwithin*{section}{chapter}
7039 }{
7040 \str_if_eq:VnT\__notesslidestopsect{chapter}{
7041 \newcounter{chapter}\counterwithin*{section}{chapter}
7042 }
7043 }
7044 }
```

\section@level

We set the \section@level counter that governs sectioning according to the class options. We also introduce the sectioning counters accordingly.

\section@level

```
\def\part@prefix{}
    \@ifpackageloaded{document-structure}{}{
7047
      \str_case:VnF \__notesslidestopsect {
        {part}{
          \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {0}
          \def\thesection{\arabic{chapter}.\arabic{section}}
7050
          \def\part@prefix{\arabic{chapter}.}
7051
7052
        {chapter}{
7053
          \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {1}
7054
          \def\thesection{\arabic{chapter}.\arabic{section}}
7055
          \def\part@prefix{\arabic{chapter}.}
7056
        }
7057
     }{
        \int_set:Nn \l_document_structure_section_level_int {2}
        \def\part@prefix{}
7061
7062
7063
7064 \bool_if:NF \c__notesslides_notes_bool { % only in slides
```

(End definition for \section@level. This function is documented on page ??.)

The new counters are used in the omgroup environment that choses the LATEX sectioning macros according to \section@level.

sfragment

```
7065 \renewenvironment{sfragment}[2][]{
7066 \__document_structure_omgroup_args:n { #1 }
7067 \int_incr:N \l_document_structure_section_level_int
7068 \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_sectocframes_bool {
7069 \stepcounter{slide}
7070 \begin{frame} [noframenumbering]
7071 \vfill\Large\centering
7072 \red{
7073 \int ifcase\l_document_structure_section_level_int\or
```

```
\stepcounter{part}
                                    \def\__notesslideslabel{{\omdoc@part@kw}~\Roman{part}}
7075
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@part@kw}
7076
                              \or
7077
                                    \stepcounter{chapter}
7078
                                    \def\__notesslideslabel{{\omdoc@chapter@kw}~\arabic{chapter}}
7079
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@chapter@kw}
                              \or
                                    \stepcounter{section}
                                    \def\__notesslideslabel{\part@prefix\arabic{section}}
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@section@kw}
7085
                              \or
                                    \stepcounter{subsection}
7086
                                    \def\__notesslideslabel{\part@prefix\arabic{section}.\arabic{subsection}}
7087
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@subsection@kw}
7088
7089
                                    \stepcounter{subsubsection}
7090
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@subsubsection@kw}
                              \or
                                    \stepcounter{paragraph}
                                    \label{partQprefix\arabic{section}.\arabic{subsection}.\arabic{subsection}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{section}.\arabic{sectio
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@paragraph@kw}
7097
                               \else
                                    \def\__notesslideslabel{}
7098
                                    \def\currentsectionlevel{\omdoc@paragraph@kw}
7099
7100
                               \fi% end ifcase
                               \__notesslideslabel%\sref@label@id\__notesslideslabel
                               \quad #2%
                         }%
7104
                         \vfill%
                          \end{frame}%
7105
7106
                    \verb|\str_if_empty:NF| \verb|\l__document_structure_omgroup_id_str| \{
                          \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n\l__document_structure_omgroup_id_str
7108
7109
              }{}
7111 }
```

We set up a beamer template for theorems like ams style, but without a block environment.

```
7112 \def\inserttheorembodyfont{\normalfont}
7113 %\bool_if:NF \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
7114 % \defbeamertemplate{theorem begin}{miko}
7115 % {\inserttheoremheadfont\inserttheoremname\inserttheoremnumber
7116 % \inserttheoremaddition\@empty\else\ (\inserttheoremaddition)\fi%
7117 % \inserttheorempunctuation\inserttheorembodyfont\xspace}
7118 % \defbeamertemplate{theorem end}{miko}{{}}
and we set it as the default one.
7119 % \setbeamertemplate{theorems}[miko]
```

The following fixes an error I do not understand, this has something to do with beamer compatibility, which has similar definitions but only up to 1.

7120 % \expandafter\def\csname Parent2\endcsname{}

```
7121 %}
7122
    \AddToHook{begindocument}{ % this does not work for some reasone
7123
      \setbeamertemplate{theorems}[ams style]
7124
7125
    \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
7126
      \renewenvironment{columns}[1][]{%
        \par\noindent%
7128
        \begin{minipage}%
7129
        \slidewidth\centering\leavevmode%
7130
7131
     }{%
        \end{minipage}\par\noindent%
      \newsavebox\columnbox%
7134
      \renewenvironment<>{column}[2][]{%
7135
        \begin{lrbox}{\columnbox}\begin{minipage}{#2}%
7136
7137
        \end{minipage}\end{lrbox}\usebox\columnbox%
7138
     }%
7139
7140 }
    \bool if:NTF \c notesslides noproblems bool {
      \newenvironment{problems}{}{}
7142
7143 }{
      \excludecomment{problems}
7144
7145 }
```

38.7 Excursions

\excursion The excursion

\excursiongroup

The excursion macros are very simple, we define a new internal macro \excursionref and use it in \excursion, which is just an \inputref that checks if the new macro is defined before formatting the file in the argument.

```
\gdef\printexcursions{}
    \newcommand\excursionref[2]{% label, text
7148
      \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
        \begin{sparagraph}[title=Excursion]
          #2 \sref[fallback=the appendix]{#1}.
        \end{sparagraph}
7152
7153
    \newcommand\activate@excursion[2][]{
7154
      \gappto\printexcursions{\inputref[#1]{#2}}
7156
    \newcommand\excursion[4][]{% repos, label, path, text
7157
      \bool_if:NT \c__notesslides_notes_bool {
7158
        \activate@excursion[#1]{#3}\excursionref{#2}{#4}
7161 }
(End definition for \excursion. This function is documented on page ??.)
7162 \keys_define:nn{notesslides / excursiongroup }{
```

```
id
                                                 .str_set_x:N = \\l_notesslides_excursion_id_str,
7163
                                                .tl\_set:N
                                                                                             = \l__notesslides_excursion_intro_tl,
                 intro
7164
                 mhrepos
                                                7165
7166 }
           \cs_new_protected:Nn \__notesslides_excursion_args:n {
7167
                  \tl_clear:N \l__notesslides_excursion_intro_tl
7168
                 \str_clear:N \l__notesslides_excursion_id_str
7169
                 \str_clear:N \l__notesslides_excursion_mhrepos_str
7170
                 \keys_set:nn {notesslides / excursiongroup }{ #1 }
 7171
7172 }
           \newcommand\excursiongroup[1][]{
 7173
                  \__notesslides_excursion_args:n{ #1 }
7174
                 \iftime for the following the following the following the following the following following the following the following following the following following the following following following the following fo
7175
                 {\begin{note}
7176
                        \begin{sfragment}[#1]{Excursions}%
7177
                              \verb|\ifdefempty|l\_notesslides_excursion_intro\_tl{}|{}|
7178
                                     \inputref[\l__notesslides_excursion_mhrepos_str]{
7179
                                           \l__notesslides_excursion_intro_tl
 7180
                              }
                              \printexcursions%
                        \end{sfragment}
7184
                  \end{note}}
7185
7186 }
7187 \ifcsname beameritemnestingprefix\endcsname\else\def\beameritemnestingprefix{}\fi
7188 (/package)
```

(End definition for \excursiongroup. This function is documented on page ??.)

Chapter 39

The Implementation

39.1 Package Options

The first step is to declare (a few) package options that handle whether certain information is printed or not. They all come with their own conditionals that are set by the options.

```
7189 (*package)
7190 (@@=problems)
7191 \ProvidesExplPackage{problem}{2022/02/26}{3.0.1}{Semantic Markup for Problems}
   \RequirePackage{13keys2e,stex}
7193
7194 \keys_define:nn { problem / pkg }{
     notes   .default:n = { true },
7195
               .bool_set:N = \c__problems_notes_bool,
     notes
                             = { true },
     gnotes
               .default:n
     gnotes .bool_set:N = \c__problems_gnotes_bool,
    hints
              .default:n
                             = { true },
7199
            .bool_set:N = \c__problems_hints_bool,
    hints
    solutions .default:n
                             = { true },
7201
    solutions .bool_set:N = \c_problems_solutions_bool,
7202
            .default:n
                             = { true },
    pts
7203
             .bool_set:N = \c__problems_pts_bool,
.default:n = { true },
    pts
7204
7205
             .bool\_set:N = \c_\_problems\_min\_bool,
     boxed .default:n
                             = { true },
     boxed .bool_set:N = \c_problems_boxed_bool,
     unknown .code:n
7209
7210 }
7211 \newif\ifsolutions
7213 \ProcessKeysOptions{ problem / pkg }
7214 \bool_if:NTF \c__problems_solutions_bool {
     \solutionstrue
7215
7216 }{
     \solutionsfalse
7218 }
```

Then we make sure that the necessary packages are loaded (in the right versions).

```
7219 \RequirePackage{comment}
```

The next package relies on the LATEX3 kernel, which LATEXMLonly partially supports. As it is purely presentational, we only load it when the boxed option is given and we run LATEXML.

```
7220 \bool_if:NT \c__problems_boxed_bool { \RequirePackage{mdframed} }
```

\prob@*@kw For multilinguality, we define internal macros for keywords that can be specialized in *.ldf files.

```
7221 \def\prob@problem@kw{Problem}
7222 \def\prob@solution@kw{Solution}
7223 \def\prob@hint@kw{Hint}
7224 \def\prob@note@kw{Note}
7225 \def\prob@gnote@kw{Grading}
7226 \def\prob@pt@kw{pt}
7227 \def\prob@min@kw{min}
(End definition for \prob@*@kw. This function is documented on page ??.)
    For the other languages, we set up triggers
    \AddToHook{begindocument}{
      \ltx@ifpackageloaded{babel}{
           \makeatletter
           \clist_set:Nx \l_tmpa_clist {\bbl@loaded}
           \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {ngerman}{
             \input{problem-ngerman.ldf}
7234
           \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {finnish}{
7235
             \input{problem-finnish.ldf}
7236
7237
           \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {french}{
7238
             \input{problem-french.ldf}
7239
           \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {russian}{
             \input{problem-russian.ldf}
7242
7243
           \makeatother
7244
      }{}
7245
7246 }
```

39.2 Problems and Solutions

We now prepare the KeyVal support for problems. The key macros just set appropriate internal macros.

```
\keys_define:nn{ problem / problem }{
             .str_set_x:N = \l_problems_prob_id_str,
     id
                            = \1_problems_prob_pts_t1,
     pts
7249
             .tl_set:N
             .tl_set:N
                            = \l__problems_prob_min_tl,
7250
     min
                            = \l__problems_prob_title_tl,
             .tl_set:N
7251
     title
             .tl_set:N
                            = \l__problems_prob_type_tl,
7252
     type
     imports .tl_set:N
                            = \l__problems_prob_imports_tl,
7253
             .str_set_x:N = \l__problems_prob_name_str,
7254
                            = \l_problems_prob_refnum_int
     refnum
             .int_set:N
```

```
\cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_prob_args:n {
                     7257
                           \str_clear:N \l__problems_prob_id_str
                     7258
                           \str_clear:N \l__problems_prob_name_str
                     7259
                           \tl_clear:N \l__problems_prob_pts_tl
                     7260
                           \tl_clear:N \l__problems_prob_min_tl
                     7261
                           \tl_clear:N \l__problems_prob_title_tl
                     7262
                           \tl_clear:N \l__problems_prob_type_tl
                     7263
                           \tl_clear:N \l__problems_prob_imports_tl
                           \keys_set:nn { problem / problem }{ #1 }
                           \int_compare:nNnT \l__problems_prob_refnum_int = 0 {
                     7267
                             \verb|\label{lems_prob_refnum_int}| \verb|\label{lems_prob_refnum_int}| \verb|\label{lems_prob_refnum_int}| |
                     7268
                     7269
                         Then we set up a counter for problems.
\numberproblemsin
                     7271 \newcounter{problem}[section]
                         \newcommand\numberproblemsin[1]{\@addtoreset{problem}{#1}}
                    (End definition for \numberproblemsin. This function is documented on page ??.)
                    We provide the macro \prob@label to redefine later to get context involved.
                     7273 \newcommand\prob@label[1]{\thesection.#1}
                    (End definition for \prob@label. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \prob@number
                    We consolidate the problem number into a reusable internal macro
                         \newcommand\prob@number{
                     7275
                           \int_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int {
                     7276
                             \prob@label{\int_use:N \l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int }
                             \int_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_prob_refnum_int {
                                \prob@label{\int_use:N \l__problems_prob_refnum_int }
                     7279
                             7.
                     7280
                                  \prob@label\theproblem
                     7281
                     7282
                           }
                     7283
                     7284 }
                    (End definition for \prob@number. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

\prob@title We consolidate the problem title into a reusable internal macro as well. \prob@title takes three arguments the first is the fallback when no title is given at all, the second and third go around the title, if one is given.

```
7285 \newcommand\prob@title[3]{%
7286 \tl_if_exist:NTF \l_problems_inclprob_title_tl {
7287 #2 \l_problems_inclprob_title_tl #3
7288 }{
7289 \tl_if_exist:NTF \l_problems_prob_title_tl {
7290 #2 \l_problems_prob_title_tl #3
7291 }{
7292 #1
```

```
7293 }
7294 }
```

 $(\textit{End definition for } \verb|\prob@title|. \textit{This function is documented on page \ref{eq:prob.})}$

With these the problem header is a one-liner

\prob@heading We consolidate the problem header line into a separate internal macro that can be reused in various settings.

```
7296 \def\prob@heading{
7297 {\prob@problem@kw}\ \prob@number\prob@title{~}{~(}{)\strut}
7298 \def\prob@problem@kw~\prob@number}{}
7299 }
```

(End definition for \prob@heading. This function is documented on page ??.)

With this in place, we can now define the **problem** environment. It comes in two shapes, depending on whether we are in boxed mode or not. In both cases we increment the problem number and output the points and minutes (depending) on whether the respective options are set.

sproblem

```
\newenvironment{sproblem}[1][]{
               \__problems_prob_args:n{#1}%\sref@target%
               \@in@omtexttrue% we are in a statement (for inline definitions)
7302
               \stepcounter{problem}\record@problem
               \def\current@section@level{\prob@problem@kw}
7304
7305
               \str_if_empty:NT \l__problems_prob_name_str {
7306
                    7307
                    7308
                    \seq_get_left:NN \1_tmpa_seq \1_problems_prob_name_str
7309
7310
               \verb|\exp_args:Nno| stex_module_setup:nn{type=problem} \\ | 1_problems_prob_name_strains | 1_pr
7311
7312
               \stex_reactivate_macro:N \STEXexport
7313
               \stex_reactivate_macro:N \importmodule
7314
               \stex_reactivate_macro:N \symdecl
7315
               \t x_reactivate_macro:N \t notation
               \stex_reactivate_macro:N \symdef
7317
7318
7319
               \stex_if_do_html:T{
                    \begin{stex_annotate_env} {problem} {
7320
                          \l_stex_module_ns_str ? \l_stex_module_name_str
7321
                    \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{header}{} {
7324
                          \stex_annotate:nnn{language}{ \l_stex_module_lang_str }{}
7325
                           \stex_annotate:nnn{signature}{ \l_stex_module_sig_str }{}
7326
                          \str_if_eq:VnF \l_stex_module_meta_str {NONE} {
7327
                                \stex_annotate:nnn{metatheory}{ \l_stex_module_meta_str }{}
7328
7329
7330
7331
              }
7332
```

```
\stex_csl_to_imports:No \importmodule \l__problems_prob_imports_tl
7334
      \tl_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_inclprob_type_tl {
7336
        7338
        \tl_set_eq:NN \sproblemtype \l__problems_prob_type_tl
7339
7340
      \str_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_inclprob_id_str {
7341
        \verb|\str_set_eq:NN \sproblemid \l_problems_inclprob_id_str|\\
7342
7343
        \verb|\str_set_eq:NN \sproblemid \l_problems_prob_id_str|\\
7344
7345
7346
7347
      \stex_if_smsmode:F {
7348
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sproblemtype
7349
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
7350
        \verb|\clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {|}
          \verb|\tl_if_exist:cT {\_problems_sproblem_\##1\_start:}| \\
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__problems_sproblem_##1_start:}}
          }
7354
7355
        \t! \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
7356
          \__problems_sproblem_start:
7357
        }{
7358
7359
          \1_tmpa_tl
        }
7360
7361
      \stex_ref_new_doc_target:n \sproblemid
7363
      \stex_smsmode_do:
7364 }{
7365
      \__stex_modules_end_module:
      \stex_if_smsmode:F{
7366
        \clist_set:No \l_tmpa_clist \sproblemtype
7367
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_t1
7368
        \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_tmpa_clist {
7369
7370
          \tl_if_exist:cT {__problems_sproblem_##1_end:}{
7371
            \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\use:c{__problems_sproblem_##1_end:}}
        7
7373
7374
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl {
          \__problems_sproblem_end:
        }{
7376
          \label{local_tmpa_tl} $$ 1_tmpa_tl $$
7377
7378
7379
      \stex_if_do_html:T{
7380
        \end{stex_annotate_env}
7381
7382
      \smallskip
7385 }
7386
```

```
7388
                    7389
                    7390
                         \cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_sproblem_start: {
                    7391
                           \par\noindent\textbf\prob@heading\show@pts\show@min\\\ignorespacesandpars
                    7392
                    7393
                         \cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_sproblem_end: {\par\smallskip}
                     7394
                         \newcommand\stexpatchproblem[3][] {
                             \str_set:Nx \l_tmpa_str{ #1 }
                     7397
                             \str_if_empty:NTF \1_tmpa_str {
                     7398
                                \tl_set:Nn \__problems_sproblem_start: { #2 }
                     7399
                                \tl_set:Nn \__problems_sproblem_end: { #3 }
                     7400
                     7401
                                \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __problems_sproblem_#1_start:\endcsname{ #2 }
                     7402
                                \exp_after:wN \tl_set:Nn \csname __problems_sproblem_#1_end:\endcsname{ #3 }
                     7403
                     7404
                     7405
                     7406
                     7407
                         \bool_if:NT \c__problems_boxed_bool {
                     7408
                           \surroundwithmdframed{problem}
                    7409
                    7410 }
                   This macro records information about the problems in the *.aux file.
\record@problem
                         \def\record@problem{
                           \protected@write\@auxout{}
                    7412
                           {
                     7413
                             \string\@problem{\prob@number}
                     7414
                     7415
                                \tl_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_inclprob_pts_t1 {
                     7416
                                  \label{local_problems_inclprob_pts_tl} $$ l__problems_inclprob_pts_tl $$
                     7417
                     7418
                                  \label{local_problems_prob_pts_tl} $$ l_problems_prob_pts_tl $$
                     7419
                     7420
                             }%
                     7422
                                \tl_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_inclprob_min_tl {
                     7423
                                  \label{local_problems_inclprob_min_tl} $$ l_problems_inclprob_min_tl $$
                     7424
                     7425
                                  \label{local_problems_prob_min_tl} $$ l_problems_prob_min_tl $$
                     7426
                     7427
                     7428
                           }
                    7429
                    7430 }
                    (End definition for \record@problem. This function is documented on page ??.)
                   This macro acts on a problem's record in the *.aux file. It does not have any functionality
                    here, but can be redefined elsewhere (e.g. in the assignment package).
```

7431 \def\@problem#1#2#3{}

(End definition for $\ensuremath{\texttt{Cproblem}}$. This function is documented on page \ref{page} .)

solution

The solution environment is similar to the problem environment, only that it is independent of the boxed mode. It also has it's own keys that we need to define first.

```
7432 \keys_define:nn { problem / solution }{
                     .str_set_x:N = \l__problems_solution_id_str ,
7433
      id
                                    = \l__problems_solution_for_tl ,
      for
                     .tl\_set:N
7434
                     .dim_set:N
                                    = \l_problems_solution_height_dim ,
      height
7435
      creators
                     .clist_set:N = \l__problems_solution_creators_clist ,
7436
      contributors
                    .clist_set:N = \l__problems_solution_contributors_clist ,
7437
                     .tl set:N
                                    = \l_problems_solution_srccite_tl
7438
7439 }
    \cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_solution_args:n {
      \str_clear:N \l__problems_solution_id_str
      \tl_clear:N \l__problems_solution_for_tl
      \verb|\tl_clear:N \l_problems_solution_srccite_tl|\\
7443
      \clist_clear:N \l__problems_solution_creators_clist
7444
      \clist_clear:N \l__problems_solution_contributors_clist
7///5
      \verb|\dim_zero:N \l_problems_solution_height_dim| \\
7446
      \keys_set:nn { problem / solution }{ #1 }
7447
7448 }
the next step is to define a helper macro that does what is needed to start a solution.
    \newcommand\@startsolution[1][]{
      \ problems solution args:n { #1 }
7450
      \@in@omtexttrue% we are in a statement.
7451
      \bool_if:NF \c__problems_boxed_bool { \hrule }
      \smallskip\noindent
      {\textbf\prob@solution@kw :\enspace}
      \begin{small}
7455
      \def\current@section@level{\prob@solution@kw}
7456
```

\startsolutions

7457

7458

\ignorespacesandpars

for the \startsolutions macro we use the \specialcomment macro from the comment package. Note that we use the \@startsolution macro in the start codes, that parses the optional argument.

```
\box_new:N \l__problems_solution_box
    \newenvironment{solution}{
7460
      \stex_html_backend:TF{
7461
        \stex_if_do_html:T{
7462
          \begin{stex_annotate_env}{solution}{}
7463
7465
        \setbox\l__problems_solution_box\vbox\bgroup
7466
          \par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip
7467
          \noindent\textbf{Solution:}~
7468
7469
7470 }{
      \stex_html_backend:TF{
7471
        \stex_if_do_html:T{
7472
          \end{stex_annotate_env}
7473
     }{
7475
```

```
\smallskip\hrule
                                               7476
                                                                   \egroup
                                               7477
                                                                   \verb|\bool_if:NT \c_problems_solutions_bool| \{
                                               7478
                                                                          \verb|\box|l_problems_solution_box||
                                               7479
                                               7480
                                               7481
                                              7482
                                              7483
                                                         \newcommand\startsolutions{
                                                              \verb|\bool_set_true:N \ \verb|\c_problems_solutions_bool||
                                                                \specialcomment{solution}{\@startsolution}{
                                               7487 %
                                                                       \bool_if:NF \c_problems_boxed_bool {}
                                                       %
                                                                            \hrule\medskip
                                               7488
                                                       %
                                               7489
                                                                      \end{small}%
                                               7490
                                               7491 %
                                                                }
                                               7492 %
                                                                 \bool_if:NT \c__problems_boxed_bool {
                                               7493 %
                                                                      \surroundwithmdframed{solution}
                                                                }
                                              7494 %
                                              7495 }
                                             (End definition for \startsolutions. This function is documented on page ??.)
\stopsolutions
                                              \label{lem:command} $$ \arrowvert and $$ \arrowvert also in $$ \
                                             (End definition for \stopsolutions. This function is documented on page ??.)
                                                         so it only remains to start/stop solutions depending on what option was specified.
                                                       \ifsolutions
                                                              \startsolutions
                                              7498
                                              7499 \else
                                              7500
                                                              \stopsolutions
                                               7501 \fi
                      exnote
                                                         \bool_if:NTF \c__problems_notes_bool {
                                                              \newenvironment{exnote}[1][]{
                                              7503
                                                                    \par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip
                                               7504
                                                                   \noindent\textbf{\prob@note@kw : }\small
                                               7505
                                                                    \smallskip\hrule
                                              7509 }{
                                                              \excludecomment{exnote}
                                              7510
                                              7511 }
                           hint
                                                         \bool_if:NTF \c__problems_notes_bool {
                                                              \newenvironment{hint}[1][]{
                                                                   \par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip
                                               7514
                                                                   \noindent\textbf{\prob@hint@kw :~ }\small
                                               7515
                                                             }{
                                               7516
                                                                   \smallskip\hrule
                                               7517
                                               7518
```

```
\newenvironment{exhint}[1][]{
         7519
                 \par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip
         7520
                 \noindent\textbf{\prob@hint@kw :~ }\small
         7521
         7522
                 \smallskip\hrule
        7523
        7524
        7525 }{
               \excludecomment{hint}
               \excludecomment{exhint}
        7528 }
gnote
            \bool_if:NTF \c__problems_notes_bool {
               \newenvironment{gnote}[1][]{
        7530
                 \par\smallskip\hrule\smallskip
        7531
                 \noindent\textbf{\prob@gnote@kw : }\small
         7533
                 \mbox{\sc smallskip}\hrule
        7535
        7536 }{
               \excludecomment{gnote}
        7537
        7538 }
```

39.3 Multiple Choice Blocks

EdN:19

```
19
{\tt mcb}
           \newenvironment{mcb}{
              \begin{enumerate}
       7541
              \end{enumerate}
       7542
       7543 }
      we define the keys for the mcc macro
           \cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_do_yes_param:Nn {
              \ensuremath{\verb||} \texttt{eq:nnTF } \{ \ensuremath{\verb||} \texttt{str_lowercase:n} \{ \#2 \ensuremath{\verb||} \} \} \{ \ensuremath{\verb||} \texttt{yes} \} \{
       7546
                \bool_set_true:N #1
       7547
                \bool_set_false:N #1
       7548
       7549
       7550 }
            \keys_define:nn { problem / mcc }{
       7551
                          .str\_set\_x:N = \label{eq:str_set_x} = \label{eq:str_set_x} ,
       7552
              feedback .tl_set:N
                                            = \l__problems_mcc_feedback_tl ,
       7553
                          .default:n
              T
                                            = { false } ,
              Т
                                            = \l_problems_mcc_t_bool ,
                          .bool_set:N
              F
                                            = { false } ,
                          .default:n
                                            = \l_problems_mcc_f_bool ,
              F
                          .bool_set:N
       7557
                                            = \l_problems_mcc_Ttext_str ,
              Tt.ext.
                          .tl_set:N
       7558
              Ftext
                          .tl\_set:N
                                            = \l__problems_mcc_Ftext_str
       7559
       7560 }
       7561 \cs_new_protected:Nn \l__problems_mcc_args:n {
```

 $^{^{19}\}mathrm{EdNote}$: MK: maybe import something better here from a dedicated MC package

```
\str_clear:N \l__problems_mcc_id_str
             \tl_clear:N \l__problems_mcc_feedback_tl
       7563
             \bool_set_false:N \l__problems_mcc_t_bool
       7564
             \bool_set_false:N \l__problems_mcc_f_bool
       7565
             \tl_clear:N \l__problems_mcc_Ttext_tl
       7566
             \tl_clear:N \l__problems_mcc_Ftext_tl
       7567
             \str_clear:N \l__problems_mcc_id_str
       7568
             \keys_set:nn { problem / mcc }{ #1 }
       7570 }
\mcc
           \def\mccTrueText{\textbf{(true)~}}
           \def\mccFalseText{\textbf{(false)~}}
           \newcommand\mcc[2][]{
             \l__problems_mcc_args:n{ #1 }
       7574
             \\in [$\Box$] #2
             \ifsolutions
               11
               \verb|\bool_if:NT \l|\_problems_mcc_t_bool| \{
       7578
                 \verb|\tl_if_empty:NTF|l_problems_mcc_Ttext_tl| mccTrueText|l_problems_mcc_Ttext_tl|
       7579
       7580
               \bool_if:NT \l__problems_mcc_f_bool {
       7581
                 \t l_if_empty:NTF \ l_problems_mcc_Ttext_tl \ mccFalseText \ l_problems_mcc_Ftext_tl
       7582
       7583
               \tl_if_empty:NF \l__problems_mcc_feedback_tl {
       7584
                 \emph{(\l__problems_mcc_feedback_t1)}
             \fi
       7588 } %solutions
```

39.4 Including Problems

(End definition for \mcc. This function is documented on page ??.)

\includeproblem

The \includeproblem command is essentially a glorified \input statement, it sets some internal macros first that overwrite the local points. Importantly, it resets the inclprob keys after the input.

```
7589
   \keys_define:nn{ problem / inclproblem }{
7590
              .str_set_x:N = \l__problems_inclprob_id_str,
7591
     pts
              .tl_set:N
                            = \l_problems_inclprob_pts_tl,
7592
     \min
              .tl_set:N
                            = \l__problems_inclprob_min_tl,
     title
              .tl_set:N
                            = \l_problems_inclprob_title_tl,
     refnum .int_set:N
                            = \l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int,
7595
              .tl_set:N
                            = \l__problems_inclprob_type_tl,
7596
     type
     mhrepos .str_set_x:N = \l__problems_inclprob_mhrepos_str
7597
7598
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_inclprob_args:n {
7599
     \str_clear:N \l__problems_prob_id_str
7600
     \tl_clear:N \l__problems_inclprob_pts_tl
7601
     \tl_clear:N \l_problems_inclprob_min_tl
     \tl_clear:N \l__problems_inclprob_title_tl
     \tl_clear:N \l__problems_inclprob_type_tl
```

```
\int_zero_new:N \l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int
7605
     \str_clear:N \l__problems_inclprob_mhrepos_str
7606
     \keys_set:nn { problem / inclproblem }{ #1 }
7607
     \tl_if_empty:NT \l__problems_inclprob_pts_t1 {
7608
       \label{lems_inclprob_pts_tl} \
7609
7610
     \tl_if_empty:NT \l__problems_inclprob_min_tl {
7611
       7612
7613
     \tl_if_empty:NT \l__problems_inclprob_title_tl {
7614
       7615
7616
     7617
       \let\l__problems_inclprob_type_tl\undefined
7618
7619
     \int_compare:nNnT \l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int = 0 {
7620
       \let\l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int\undefined
7621
7622
7623
7625
   \cs_new_protected:Nn \__problems_inclprob_clear: {
     \verb|\label{lems_inclprob_id_str}| undefined
7626
     \label{lems_inclprob_pts_tl} \
7627
     \label{lems_inclprob_min_tl} \
7628
     \left( \frac{1}{problems_inclprob_title_tl}\right)
7629
     \let\l__problems_inclprob_type_tl\undefined
7630
     \let\l__problems_inclprob_refnum_int\undefined
7631
     \left( 1_{problems_inclprob_mhrepos_str} \right)
7632
7633
7634
   \__problems_inclprob_clear:
7635
7636
   \newcommand\includeproblem[2][]{
7637
     \__problems_inclprob_args:n{ #1 }
     \verb|\exp_args:No \stex_in_repository:nn\l_problems_inclprob_mhrepos_str{|}
7638
       \stex html backend:TF {
7639
         \str_clear:N \l_tmpa_str
7640
         \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { narr } \l_tmpa_str {
7641
           \prop_get:NnNF \l_stex_current_repository_prop { ns } \l_tmpa_str {}
7642
         \stex_annotate_invisible:nnn{includeproblem}{
           \1_tmpa_str / #2
         }{}
       }{
7647
7648
         \begingroup
           \inputreftrue
7649
           \tl if empty:nTF{ ##1 }{
7650
             \displaystyle \begin{array}{l} \ \\ \end{array}
7651
7652
             \input{ \c_stex_mathhub_str / ##1 / source / #2 }
7653
           }
7654
         \endgroup
       }
     7
7657
     \__problems_inclprob_clear:
7658
```

(End definition for \includeproblem. This function is documented on page ??.)

39.5 Reporting Metadata

For messages it is OK to have them in English as the whole documentation is, and we can therefore assume authors can deal with it.

```
\AddToHook{enddocument}{
      \bool_if:NT \c__problems_pts_bool {
7661
        \label{lem:message} $$\max_{arabic\{pts\}\sim points\}$$
7662
7663
      \bool_if:NT \c__problems_min_bool {
7664
         \message{Total:~\arabic{min}~minutes}
7665
7666
7667 }
    The margin pars are reader-visible, so we need to translate
   \def\pts#1{
      \verb|\bool_if:NT \c__problems_pts_bool| \{
7669
        \marginpar{#1~\prob@pt@kw}
7670
7671
7672 }
    \def\min#1{
7673
      \bool_if:NT \c__problems_min_bool {
7674
         \marginpar{#1~\prob@min@kw}
7675
7676
7677 }
```

\show@pts The \show@pts shows the points: if no points are given from the outside and also no points are given locally do nothing, else show and add. If there are outside points then we show them in the margin.

```
\newcounter{pts}
   \def\show@pts{
     \tl_if_exist:NTF \l__problems_inclprob_pts_tl {
       \verb|\bool_if:NT \c__problems_pts_bool| \{
7681
         7682
         \addtocounter{pts}{\l__problems_inclprob_pts_tl}
7683
7684
7685
       \tl_if_exist:NT \l__problems_prob_pts_tl {
7686
         \bool_if:NT \c__problems_pts_bool {
           \t! if_empty:NT\l_problems_prob_pts_t! {
             \tl_set:Nn \l__problems_prob_pts_tl {0}
           \label{lems_prob_pts_tl} $$\max_{l_problems_prob_pts_tl} \ \prob@pt@kw\smallskip}$
7691
           \addtocounter{pts}{\l__problems_prob_pts_tl}
7692
7693
7694
     }
7695
7696 }
```

(End definition for \showQpts . This function is documented on page $\ref{eq:condition}$.) and now the same for the minutes

\show@min

```
\newcounter{min}
    \def\show@min{
       \verb|\tl_if_exist:NTF \ | \_problems_inclprob_min_tl \ \{
7699
         \verb|\bool_if:NT \c__problems_min_bool| \{
7700
            \marginpar{\l__problems_inclprob_pts_tl\ min}
7701
            \verb| add to counter \{min\} \{ l\_problems\_inclprob\_min\_tl \}|
7702
         }
7703
      }{
         \tl_if_exist:NT \l_problems_prob_min_tl {
            \verb|\bool_if:NT \c__problems_min_bool| \{
               \verb|\tl_if_empty:NT\l__problems_prob_min_tl| \{
7707
                 \t! set:Nn \t! problems_prob_min_t1 {0}
7708
7709
               \label{lem:lems_prob_min_tl} $$\max\{l_problems_prob_min_tl\ min\}$$
               \verb| \add to counter \{min\} \{ \label{locality} | l_problems_prob_min_tl \}|
7711
7712
7713
7714
7715 }
7716 (/package)
```

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ } \mathtt{Show@min}. \ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:constraint}?}.)$

Chapter 40

Implementation: The hwexam **Package**

40.1 Package Options

The first step is to declare (a few) package options that handle whether certain information is printed or not. Some come with their own conditionals that are set by the options, the rest is just passed on to the problems package.

```
7717 (*package)
    \ProvidesExplPackage{hwexam}{2022/02/26}{3.0.1}{homework assignments and exams}
    \RequirePackage{13keys2e}
7721 \newif\iftest\testfalse
7722 \DeclareOption{test}{\testtrue}
7723 \newif\ifmultiple\multiplefalse
7724 \DeclareOption{multiple}{\multipletrue}
7725 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{problem}}
7726 \ProcessOptions
Then we make sure that the necessary packages are loaded (in the right versions).
7727 \RequirePackage{keyval}[1997/11/10]
7728 \RequirePackage{problem}
For multilinguality, we define internal macros for keywords that can be specialized in
```

\hwexam@*@kw

*.ldf files.

```
7729 \newcommand\hwexam@assignment@kw{Assignment}
   \newcommand\hwexam@given@kw{Given}
   \newcommand\hwexam@due@kw{Due}
7733 blank~for~extra~space}
7734 \def\hwexam@minutes@kw{minutes}
7735 \newcommand\correction@probs@kw{prob.}
7736 \newcommand\correction@pts@kw{total}
7737 \newcommand\correction@reached@kw{reached}
7738 \newcommand\correction@sum@kw{Sum}
7739 \newcommand\correction@grade@kw{grade}
{\it ?740} \ \ \texttt{Newcommand} \ \ \texttt{CorrectionQforgradingQkw{To-be-used-for-grading,-do-not-write-here}}
```

```
(End definition for \hwexam@*@kw. This function is documented on page ??.)
    For the other languages, we set up triggers
7741 \AddToHook{begindocument}{
7742 \ltx@ifpackageloaded{babel}{
7743 \makeatletter
7744 \clist_set:Nx \l_tmpa_clist {\bbl@loaded}
7745 \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {ngerman}{
      \input{hwexam-ngerman.ldf}
7746
7747 }
7748 \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {finnish}{
      \input{hwexam-finnish.ldf}
7751 \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {french}{
      \input{hwexam-french.ldf}
7753 }
7754 \clist_if_in:NnT \l_tmpa_clist {russian}{
      \input{hwexam-russian.ldf}
7756 }
7757 \makeatother
7758 }{}
7759 }
7760
```

40.2 Assignments

7761 \newcounter{assignment}

7762 %\numberproblemsin{assignment}

Then we set up a counter for problems and make the problem counter inherited from problem.sty depend on it. Furthermore, we specialize the \prob@label macro to take the assignment counter into account.

```
We will prepare the keyval support for the assignment environment.
7763 \keys define:nn { hwexam / assignment } {
7764 id .str_set_x:N = \label{eq:normalist} 1_000_assign_id_str,
7765 number .int_set:N = \1_@@_assign_number_int,
7766 title .tl_set:N = \l_@@_assign_title_tl,
7767 type .tl_set:N = \label{eq:normalised} 1_@@_assign_type_tl,
7768 given .tl_set:N = \l_@@_assign_given_tl,
7769 due .tl_set:N = \1_@@_assign_due_tl,
7770 loadmodules .code:n = {
7771 \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_assign_loadmodules_bool
7772 }
7773 }
7774 \cs new protected:Nn \ @@ assignment args:n {
7775 \str_clear:N \l_@@_assign_id_str
7776 \int_set:Nn \l_@@_assign_number_int {-1}
7777 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_assign_title_tl
7778 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_assign_type_tl
7779 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_assign_given_tl
7780 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_assign_due_tl
7781 \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_assign_loadmodules_bool
7782 \keys_set:nn { hwexam / assignment }{ #1 }
7783 }
```

The next three macros are intermediate functions that handle the case gracefully, where the respective token registers are undefined.

The \given@due macro prints information about the given and due status of the assignment. Its arguments specify the brackets.

```
7784 \newcommand\given@due[2]{
7785 \bool_lazy_all:nF {
7786 {\tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_inclassign_given_tl}
7787 {\tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_assign_given_tl}
7788 {\tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl}
7789 {\tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_assign_due_tl}
7790 }{ #1 }
7791
7792 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_inclassign_given_tl {
   \tl if empty:NF \l @@ assign given tl {
    \hwexam@given@kw\xspace\l_@@_assign_given_tl
7796 }{
   \hwexam@given@kw\xspace\l_@@_inclassign_given_tl
7798
7799
7800 \bool_lazy_or:nnF {
7801 \bool_lazy_and_p:nn {
7802 \tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl
7803 }{
   \tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_assign_due_tl
7804
7806 }{
7807 \bool_lazy_and_p:nn {
   \tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl
7810 \t_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_assign_due_tl
7811 }
7812 }{ ,~ }
7813
7814 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl {
   \tl_if_empty:NF \l_@@_assign_due_tl {
   \hwexam@due@kw\xspace \l_@@_assign_due_tl
7817 }
7819 \hwexam@due@kw\xspace \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl
7820 }
7821
7822 \bool_lazy_all:nF {
7823 { \t_i = mpty_p: V \l_@@_inclassign_given_tl }
7824 { \t_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_assign_given_tl }
7825 { \tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl }
7826 { \tl_if_empty_p:V \l_@@_assign_due_tl }
7827 }{ #2 }
7828 }
```

\assignment@title This macro prints the title of an assignment, the local title is overwritten, if there is one from the \inputassignment. \assignment@title takes three arguments the first is the

fallback when no title is given at all, the second and third go around the title, if one is given.

```
7829 \newcommand\assignment@title[3]{
7830 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_inclassign_title_tl {
7831 \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_assign_title_tl {
7832 #1
7833 }{
7834 #2\l_@@_assign_title_tl#3
7835 }
7836 }{
7837 #2\l_@@_inclassign_title_tl#3
7838 }
7839 }
```

(End definition for \assignment@title. This function is documented on page ??.)

\assignment@number

Like \assignment@title only for the number, and no around part.

```
7840 \newcommand\assignment@number{
7841 \int_compare:nNnTF \l_@@_inclassign_number_int = {-1} {
7842 \int_compare:nNnTF \l_@@_assign_number_int = {-1} {
7843 \arabic{assignment}}
7844 } {
7845 \int_use:N \l_@@_assign_number_int
7846 }
7847 }{
7848 \int_use:N \l_@@_inclassign_number_int
7849 }
7850 }
```

 $(\mathit{End \ definition \ for \ } \verb|\assignment@number|. \ \mathit{This \ function \ is \ documented \ on \ page \ \ref{eq:condition}.)}$

With them, we can define the central assignment environment. This has two forms (separated by \ifmultiple) in one we make a title block for an assignment sheet, and in the other we make a section heading and add it to the table of contents. We first define an assignment counter

 ${\tt assignment}$

For the assignment environment we delegate the work to the Cassignment environment that depends on whether multiple option is given.

```
7851 \newenvironment{assignment}[1][]{
7852 \_@@_assignment_args:n { #1 }
7853 %\sref@target
7854 \int_compare:nNnTF \l_@@_assign_number_int = {-1} {
7855 \global\stepcounter{assignment}
7856 }{
7857 \global\setcounter{assignment}{\int_use:N\l_@@_assign_number_int}
7858 }
7859 \setcounter{problem}{0}
7860 \renewcommand\prob@label[1]{\assignment@number.##1}
7861 \def\current@section@level{\document@hwexamtype}
7862 %\sref@label@id{\document@hwexamtype \thesection}
7863 \begin{@assignment}
7864 }{
7865 \end{@assignment}
7866 }
```

In the multi-assignment case we just use the omdoc environment for suitable sectioning.

```
7867 \def\ass@title{
7868 {\protect\document@hwexamtype}~\arabic{assignment}
7869 \assignment@title{}{\;(){})\;} -- \given@due{}{}
7870 }
7871 \ifmultiple
7872 \newenvironment{@assignment}{
7873 \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_assign_loadmodules_bool {
7874 \begin{sfragment}[loadmodules]{\ass@title}
7876 \begin{sfragment}{\ass@title}
7877 }
7878 }{
7879 \end{sfragment}
7880 }
for the single-page case we make a title block from the same components.
7882 \newenvironment{@assignment}{
7883 \begin{center}\bf
7884 \Large\@title\strut\\
7885 \document@hwexamtype~\arabic{assignment}\assignment@title{\;}{:\;}{\\}
7886 \large\given@due{--\;}{\;--}
7887 \end{center}
7888 }{}
7889 \fi% multiple
```

40.3 Including Assignments

\in*assignment

This macro is essentially a glorified \include statement, it just sets some internal macros first that overwrite the local points Importantly, it resets the inclassig keys after the input.

```
7890 \keys_define:nn { hwexam / inclassignment } {
7891 %id .str_set_x:N = \lower.
7892 number .int_set:N = \log_inclassign_number_int,
7893 title .tl_set:N = \l_000_inclassign_title_tl,
7894 type .tl_set:N = \l_@@_inclassign_type_tl,
7895 given .tl set:N = \label{eq:N} = \label{eq:N} 00 inclassign given tl,
7896 due .tl_set:N = \l_00_inclassign_due_tl,
7897 mhrepos .str_set_x:N = \l_@@_inclassign_mhrepos_str
7899 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_@@_inclassignment_args:n {
7900 \int_set:Nn \l_@@_inclassign_number_int {-1}
7901 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_inclassign_title_tl
7902 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_inclassign_type_tl
7903 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_inclassign_given_tl
7904 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_inclassign_due_tl
7905 \str_clear:N \l_@@_inclassign_mhrepos_str
7906 \keys_set:nn { hwexam / inclassignment }{ #1 }
7907
7908
   \ @@ inclassignment args:n {}
7910 \newcommand\inputassignment[2][]{
```

```
7911 \_@@_inclassignment_args:n { #1 }
7912 \str_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_inclassign_mhrepos_str {
7913 \input{#2}
7914 }{
7915 \stex_in_repository:nn{\l_@@_inclassign_mhrepos_str}{
7916 \input{\mhpath{\l_@@_inclassign_mhrepos_str}{#2}}
7917 }
7918 }
7919 \_@@_inclassignment_args:n {}
7920 }
7921 \newcommand\includeassignment[2][]{
7922 \newpage
7923 \inputassignment[#1]{#2}
7924 }
(End definition for \in*assignment. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

40.4 Typesetting Exams

```
\quizheading
```

```
7925 \ExplSyntaxOff
7926 \newcommand\quizheading[1]{%
7927 \def\@tas{#1}%
7928 \large\noindent NAME: \hspace{8cm} MAILBOX:\\[2ex]%
7929 \ifx\@tas\@empty\else%
7930 \noindent TA:~\@for\@I:=\@tas\do{{\Large$\Box$}\@I\hspace*{1em}}\\[2ex]%
7931 \fi%
7932 }
7933 \ExplSyntaxOn
(End definition for \quizheading. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

\testheading

```
\def\hwexamheader{\input{hwexam-default.header}}
7935
7936
   \def\hwexamminutes{
   \tl_if_empty:NTF \testheading@duration {
7939 {\testheading@min}~\hwexam@minutes@kw
7941 \testheading@duration
7942 }
7943 }
7944
7945 \keys_define:nn { hwexam / testheading } {
7946 min .tl_set:N = \testheading@min,
7947 duration .tl_set:N = \testheading@duration,
7948 reqpts .tl_set:N = \testheading@reqpts,
7949 tools .tl_set:N = \text{testheading@tools}
7950 }
7951 \cs_new_protected:Nn \_@@_testheading_args:n {
7952 \tl_clear:N \testheading@min
7953 \tl_clear:N \testheading@duration
```

```
7959 \_@@_testheading_args:n{ #1 }
                  7960 \newcount\check@time\check@time=\testheading@min
                  7961 \advance\check@time by -\theassignment@totalmin
                  7962 \newif\if@bonuspoints
                  7963 \tl_if_empty:NTF \testheading@reqpts {
                  7964 \@bonuspointsfalse
                  7965 }{
                  7966 \newcount\bonus@pts
                  7967 \bonus@pts=\theassignment@totalpts
                     \advance\bonus@pts by -\testheading@reqpts
                     \edef\bonus@pts{\the\bonus@pts}
                      \@bonuspointstrue
                  7971
                     \edef\check@time{\the\check@time}
                  7974 \makeatletter\hwexamheader\makeatother
                  7975 }{
                  7976 \newpage
                  7977 }
                 (End definition for \testheading. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \testspace
                  7978 \newcommand\testspace[1]{\iftest\vspace*{#1}\fi}
                 (End definition for \testspace. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \testnewpage
                  7979 \newcommand\testnewpage{\iftest\newpage\fi}
                 (End definition for \testnewpage. This function is documented on page ??.)
\testemptypage
                  7980 \newcommand\testemptypage[1][]{\iftest\begin{center}\hwexam@testemptypage@kw\end{center}\vfi
                 (End definition for \testemptypage. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \@problem
                This macro acts on a problem's record in the *.aux file. Here we redefine it (it was
                 defined to do nothing in problem.sty) to generate the correction table.
                  7981 (@@=problems)
                  7982 \renewcommand\@problem[3]{
                  7983 \stepcounter{assignment@probs}
                  7984 \def\__problemspts{#2}
                  7985 \ifx\__problemspts\@empty\else
                  7986 \addtocounter{assignment@totalpts}{#2}
                  7987 \fi
                  7988 \def\_problemsmin{#3}\ifx\_problemsmin\@empty\else\addtocounter{assignment@totalmin}{#3}\i
                  7989 \xdef\correction@probs{\correction@probs & #1}%
                  7990 \xdef\correction@pts{\correction@pts & #2}
                  7991 \xdef\correction@reached{\correction@reached &}
```

7954 \tl_clear:N \testheading@reqpts 7955 \tl_clear:N \testheading@tools

7958 \newenvironment{testheading}[1][]{

7957 }

7956 \keys_set:nn { hwexam / testheading }{ #1 }

```
7992 }
                  7993 (@@=hwexam)
                 (End definition for \Cproblem. This function is documented on page ??.)
\correction@table This macro generates the correction table
                  7994 \newcounter{assignment@probs}
                  7995 \newcounter{assignment@totalpts}
                  7996 \newcounter{assignment@totalmin}
                  7997 \def\correction@probs{\correction@probs@kw}
                  7998 \def\correction@pts{\correction@pts@kw}
                  7999 \def\correction@reached{\correction@reached@kw}
                  sooo \stepcounter{assignment@probs}
                  8001 \newcommand\correction@table{
                  8002 \resizebox{\textwidth}{!}{%
                  8004 &\multicolumn{\theassignment@probs}{c||}%|
                  8005 {\footnotesize\correction@forgrading@kw} &\\\hline
                  8007 \correction@pts &\theassignment@totalpts & \\\hline
                  8008 \correction@reached & & \\[.7cm]\hline
                  8009 \end{tabular}}}
                  8010 (/package)
                 (End definition for \correction@table. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

40.5 Leftovers

at some point, we may want to reactivate the logos font, then we use

```
here we define the logos that characterize the assignment \font\bierfont=../assignments/bierglas \font\denkerfont=../assignments/denker \font\uhrfont=../assignments/uhr \font\warnschildfont=../assignments/achtung \newcommand\bierglas{{\bierfont\char65}} \newcommand\denker{{\denkerfont\char65}} \newcommand\uhr{{\uhrfont\char65}} \newcommand\warnschild{{\warnschildfont\char65}} \newcommand\hardA{\warnschildfont\char65}} \newcommand\hardA{\warnschild} \newcommand\hardA{\warnschild} \newcommand\hardA{\uhr} \newcommand\hardA{\uhr} \newcommand\hardA{\uhr} \newcommand\discussA{\uhrganignments}} \newcommand\discussA{\uhrganignments}
```

Chapter 41

References

- [] sLaTeX/RusTeX. URL: https://github.com/sLaTeX/RusTeX (visited on 04/22/2022).
- [Bus+04] Stephen Buswell et al. *The Open Math Standard, Version 2.0.* Tech. rep. The OpenMath Society, 2004. URL: http://www.openmath.org/standard/om20.
- [CR99] David Carlisle and Sebastian Rathz. The graphicxl package. Part of the TEX distribution. The Comprehensive TEX Archive Network. 1999. URL: https://www.tug.org/texlive/devsrc/Master/texmf-dist/doc/latex/graphics/graphicx.pdf.
- [DCM03] The DCMI Usage Board. *DCMI Metadata Terms*. DCMI Recommendation. Dublin Core Metadata Initiative, 2003. URL: http://dublincore.org/documents/dcmi-terms/.
- [Koh06] Michael Kohlhase. OMDoc An open markup format for mathematical documents [Version 1.2]. LNAI 4180. Springer Verlag, Aug. 2006. URL: http://omdoc.org/pubs/omdoc1.2.pdf.
- [LMH] LMH Scripts. URL: https://github.com/sLaTeX/lmhtools.
- [MMT] MMT Language and System for the Uniform Representation of Knowledge. Project web site. URL: https://uniformal.github.io/ (visited on 01/15/2019).
- [RK13] Florian Rabe and Michael Kohlhase. "A Scalable Module System". In: *Information & Computation* 0.230 (2013), pp. 1–54. URL: https://kwarc.info/frabe/Research/mmt.pdf.
- [SIa] sLaTeX/sTeX-IDE. URL: https://github.com/slatex/sTeX-IDE (visited on 04/22/2022).
- [SIb] sLaTeX/stexls-vscode-plugin. URL: https://github.com/slatex/stexls-vscode-plugin (visited on 04/22/2022).
- [SLS] sLaTeX/stexts. URL: https://github.com/slatex/stexls (visited on 04/22/2022).
- [ST] sTeX An Infrastructure for Semantic Preloading of LaTeX Documents. URL: https://ctan.org/pkg/stex (visited on 04/22/2022).
- [sTeX] sTeX: A semantic Extension of TeX/LaTeX. URL: https://github.com/sLaTeX/sTeX (visited on 05/11/2020).

- [Tana] Till Tantau. beamer A LaTeX class for producing presentations and slides. URL: http://ctan.org/pkg/beamer (visited on 01/07/2014).
- [Tanb] Till Tantau. User Guide to the Beamer Class. URL: http://ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/beamer/doc/beameruserguide.pdf.
- [TL] TeX Live. URL: http://www.tug.org/texlive/ (visited on 12/11/2012).