National Climate Change Strategy

This Strategy has been developed in response to the growing concern of the negative impacts of climate change and climate variability on the country’s social, economic and physical environment. Its overall aim is to enhance the technical, institutional and individual capacity of the country to address the impacts of climate change

1. The specific objectives of this Strategy are:
   1. To build the capacity of Tanzania to adapt to climate change impacts.
   2. To enhance resilience of ecosystems to the challenges posed by climate change.
   3. To enable accessibility and utilization of the available climate change opportunities through implementation.
   4. To enhance participation in climate change mitigation activities that lead to sustainable development. e) To enhance public awareness on climate change.
   5. To enhance information management on climate change.
   6. To put in place a better institutional arrangement to adequately address climate change.
   7. To mobilize resources including fi nance to adequately address climate change.

National Environmental Action Plan (NEAP).

The plan, approved by the government in 1994, seeks, among other things, to: ·

* + - .integrate the environmental policy and the conservation strategy into the planning process,
    - involve stakeholders in environmental management,
    - promote environmental education and public awareness
    - promote research and technology initiatives ·
    - evolve and strengthen a national environmental information system
    - promote environmental impact assessments
    - guide the development ora framework environmental legislation
    - Prepare a long term investment plan to address major environmental concerns.