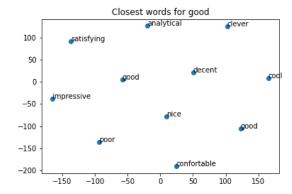
■ Report.md

Word2Vec

1. Co-Occurrence Matrix using Singular Value Decomposition

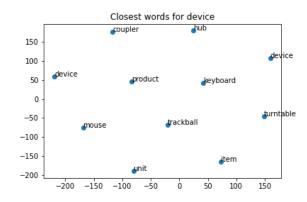
Parameters:

- window_size: 3
- Dataset: 50,000 words from review text in json
- Embedding size: k=100
- i) Display the top-10 word vectors for 5 different words (a combination of nouns, verbs, adjectives etc) using the above pre-trained models (1,2) using t-SNE (or such methods).
 - · Words selected:

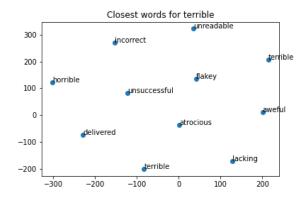


device

```
[
            [0.999999999999996, 'device'],
            [0.7146844167645502, 'mouse'],
            [0.6182899589989177, 'unit'],
            [0.6075032342906476, 'turntable'],
            [0.6032389308804491, 'item'],
            [0.5862639298548418, 'keyboard'],
            [0.5706617421837645, 'trackball'],
            [0.5671190083860997, 'product'],
            [0.5080085495666492, 'hub'],
            [0.5055529767997313, 'coupler']
]
```

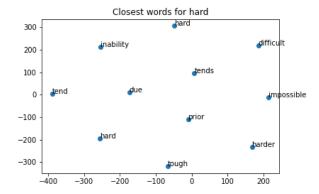


3. terrible

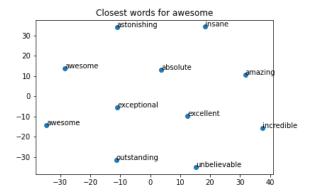


4. hard

```
[0.6260663816830923, 'tends'],
[0.6254360175627666, 'inability'],
[0.6202837672840079, 'tend']
```



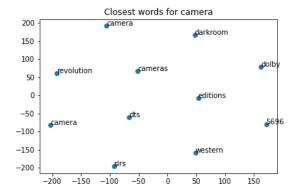
5. awesome



ii) What are the top 10 closest words for the word 'camera' in the embeddings generated by your program. Compare them against the pre-trained word2vec embeddings that you can download off the shelf (can use gensim).

1

```
[0.7241787402334683, 'revolution']
```



• gensim output for camera

```
[
    'rebel',
    'camcorder',
    'cameras',
    'slr',
    'dslr',
    'scope',
    'cam',
    'lens',
    '20d',
    'tripod'
]
```

Comparison:

- Some of the words are same, some are similar.
- The model is pretty good at predicting similar words given we ran it on only 50k lines.
- Some of the output in my model are not in gensim model but they do make sense.

CBOW Model

Parameters:

- batch_size = 64
- eta = $0.035 \# \text{ rate of change } (\eta)$
- N = 100 # (dimensions of vectors)
- iterations = 150000
- window = 2
- V = len(word2ind) # 20k approx.

The model took nearly 4 hours to train. After which I stopped it.

For safety the code uploaded the embeddings periodically after every iterations%1000==0 to GDrive. Link to which are given in README.

The results of Co-occurence matrix were better than the results of this model.

- i) Display the top-10 word vectors for 5 different words (a combination of nouns, verbs, adjectives etc) using the above pre-trained models (1,2) using t-SNE (or such methods).
 - awesome

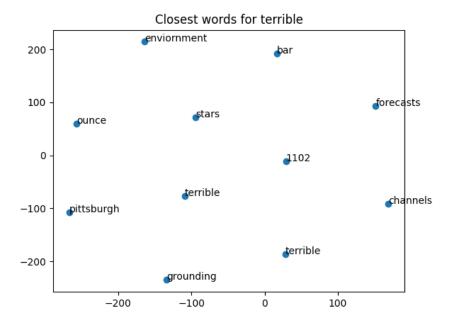
[

```
[1.00000000000000002, 'awesome'],
[0.8610310384476787, 'copyright'],
[0.8570153427928442, 'discriminating'],
[0.8547263344567517, 'cad'],
[0.8524179588259821, '500k'],
[0.8499955631753182, 'pricier'],
[0.849619367830584, 'solo'],
[0.8489739378181572, 'diaphragm'],
[0.848635903629313, 'tokyo'],
[0.8476495468851546, 'deter']
```

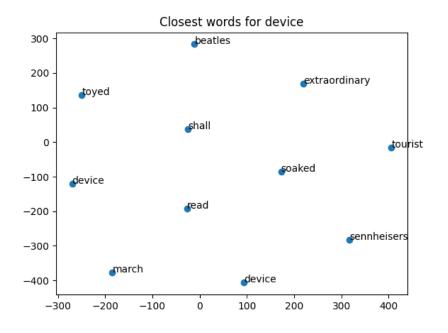
Closest words for awesome _diaphragm 300 copyright discriminating 200 100 awesome €ad _deter 0 **a**wesome -100**5**00k pricier -200 **_t**okyo -300 **≼**olo -400 -300-200 -100100 200 300 400

```
• terrible
```

```
[
[0.9999999999999999, 'terrible'],
[0.8533832726871386, 'stars'],
[0.8427705353391599, 'channels'],
[0.8386304232571486, '1102'],
[0.8364704334724535, 'forecasts'],
[0.8353417549292382, 'enviornment'],
[0.8346029179980716, 'grounding'],
[0.8341942647479945, 'pittsburgh'],
[0.8331818431177949, 'bar'],
[0.8325427871636351, 'ounce']]
```



• device



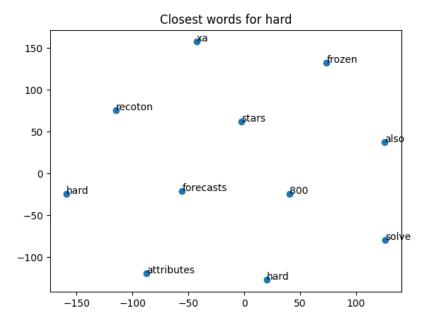
```
• good
[
[0.9999999999998, 'good'],
```

```
[0.8458976005103374, 'alignment'],
[0.8445296511932058, 'manually'],
[0.8404695500885472, 'newness'],
[0.8368359427720032, 'wildly'],
[0.836583352855809, 'resize'],
[0.8346112105708782, 'earcup'],
[0.8344272568058594, 'traveled'],
[0.8332659192201021, 'animated'],
[0.8308476869158881, 'authorized']
```

Closest words for good good newness 150 100 _traveled ₄good 50 animated **a**lignment 0 -50 wildly **∡**esize authorized -100-150-200 amanually earcup -200 -1000 100 200

• hard

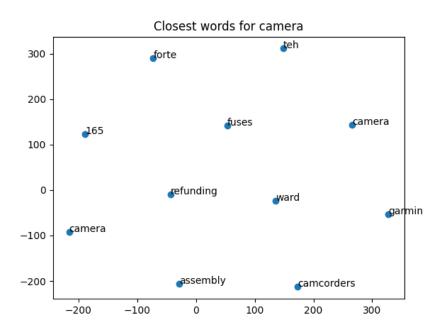
```
[0.999999999999998, 'hard'],
[0.8375697345916577, 'solve'],
[0.8341558536474667, 'also'],
[0.8332960977270142, 'attributes'],
[0.8330539000529622, '800'],
[0.832613716509912, 'recoton'],
[0.8322193095494975, 'frozen'],
[0.831718696110355, 'forecasts'],
[0.8308575786088273, 'xa'],
[0.8302855402096363, 'stars']
```



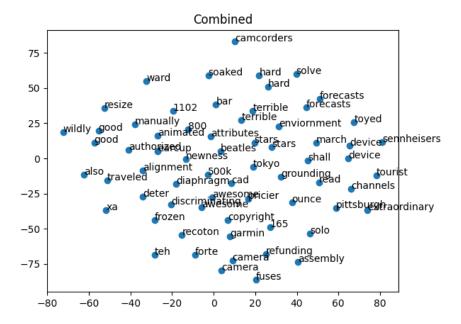
ii) What are the top 10 closest words for the word 'camera' in the embeddings generated by your program. Compare them against the pre-trained word2vec embeddings that you can download off the shelf (can use gensim).

```
• camera

[
    [0.999999999999999, 'camera'],
    [0.8488535748120859, 'ward'],
    [0.8442719871944019, 'forte'],
    [0.8381578433056814, 'camcorders'],
    [0.8379014563108926, 'garmin'],
    [0.8377802257203305, 'assembly'],
    [0.8371899179691332, 'fuses'],
    [0.8361124581629774, 'teh'],
    [0.8358623910364454, '165'],
    [0.8356080251738163, 'refunding']
]
```



· All words combined



Comparison:

- The model is not as good as Gensim.
- The dataset is quite small (50k lines).
- Some words are quite good while some don't have any relation.
- Increasing the dataset and training it for more time will surely make this model more precise.

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