

## **1 Basic Understanding / Direct Retrieval**

*(Tests section lookup & plain reading)*

1. What is the objective of the Railway Property (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1966?
  2. When did the Railway Property (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1966 come into force?
  3. To which extent does this Act apply?
  4. What is the punishment for unlawful possession of railway property under this Act?
  5. Which section defines “railway property”?
  6. Are offences under this Act cognizable?
  7. Who can arrest a person without warrant under this Act?
  8. Which authority has the power to issue a search warrant under this Act?
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## **2 Definition-Focused Queries**

*(Tests structured definition parsing)*

9. Define “railway property” under the Act.
  10. Who is considered an “officer of the Force”?
  11. What does the term “Force” mean in this Act?
  12. Who is a “superior officer” under the Act?
  13. If a term is not defined in this Act, how should it be interpreted?
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## **3 Penal & Punishment Analysis**

*(Tests conditional logic & penalties)*

14. What is the punishment for the first offence under Section 3?
  15. What additional punishment applies for a second or subsequent offence?
  16. Can a person be punished if they cannot prove lawful possession of railway property?
  17. Is imprisonment mandatory for offences under Section 3?
  18. What minimum sentence applies if no special reasons are recorded by the court?
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## **4 Procedural & Enforcement Queries**

*(Tests process flow understanding)*

19. What procedure must an officer of the Force follow after arresting an accused?
  20. What happens if there is insufficient evidence against the accused during inquiry?
  21. Can an officer of the Force grant bail under this Act?
  22. How should a person arrested by someone other than an officer of the Force be handled?
  23. Are inquiries under this Act considered judicial proceedings?
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## **5 Powers of Railway Protection Force (RPF)**

*(Tests authority limits & powers)*

24. Can an officer of the Force summon witnesses?
25. Can an officer compel production of documents?
26. Does giving false evidence during inquiry attract IPC provisions?

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27. Can railway officers search premises without a warrant?
  28. Under what conditions can a Magistrate issue a search warrant?
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## **6 Comparative / Cross-Law Reasoning**

*(Tests cross-reference intelligence)*

29. How is “theft” under this Act interpreted in light of the Indian Penal Code?
  30. Which IPC sections are relevant for understanding theft and misappropriation under this Act?
  31. How does this Act override other laws?
  32. What is the effect of repeal of the Railway Stores (Unlawful Possession) Act, 1955?
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## **7 Hypothetical / Scenario-Based Queries**

*(Tests legal reasoning, not just retrieval)*

33. A person is found carrying railway copper wires but claims they were purchased legally. Who bears the burden of proof?
  34. Can a shop owner be punished if stolen railway property is found on their premises?
  35. If a person is arrested without warrant, is it valid under this Act?
  36. Can a vehicle used for transporting stolen railway property be confiscated?
  37. If the accused is released on bond, what conditions apply?
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## **8 Edge-Case & Trick Questions**

*(Tests robustness & hallucination control)*

38. Can the police register an FIR directly under this Act?
  39. Does this Act apply only to theft or also to possession?
  40. Is knowledge of theft required to prove unlawful possession?
  41. Can village officers be compelled to assist the RPF?
  42. Does this Act still apply to Jammu & Kashmir?
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## **9 Drafting / Legal Assistance Queries**

*(Tests usefulness for lawyers & students)*

43. Draft a short legal explanation of Section 3 for a chargesheet.
44. Explain Section 8 in simple language for a layperson.
45. Summarize the powers of the Railway Protection Force under this Act.
46. Create a flowchart-style explanation of arrest → inquiry → trial under this Act.
47. List all sections dealing with investigation and enforcement.