

# Numbers: Greater-than and Less-than

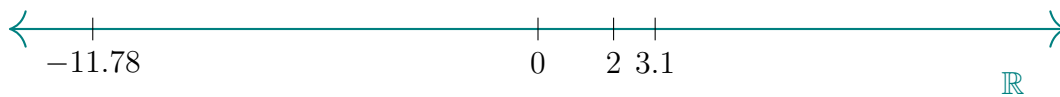
Video companion

## 1 Inequalities, basic idea

Introduction to symbols:

$a < b$	“ $a$ is less than $b$ ”
$x > y$	“ $x$ is greater than $y$ ”
$c \leq d$	“ $c$ is less than or equal to $d$ ”
$z \geq w$	“ $z$ is greater than or equal to $w$ ”
$e \ll f$	“ $e$ is much, much less than $f$ ”

## 2 Inequality on the real number line



$2 < 3.1$	“2 is to the left of 3.1 on the real number line”
$-11.78 < 3.1$	“-11.78 is to the left of 3.1 on the real number line”

For any  $a < b$ ,  $a$  must be to the left of  $b$  on the real number line.

$3.1 > 2$	“3.1 is to the right of 2 on the real number line”
-----------	--

In general,  $a$  is less than  $b$ , if, and only if,  $b$  is greater than  $a$ :

$$\boxed{a < b \iff b > a}$$

### 3 Much, much less than

$x \ll y$                       “ $x$  is much, much less than  $y$ ”  
(Not proper math, but used frequently in data science)

For example,  $1 \ll 1,000,000$ , which is reasonable but not possible to prove “true”

### 4 Less than or equal to

$a \leq b$                       means  $a < b$  or  $a = b$

Examples:

Is  $2 \leq 3.1$  true?

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ll} 2 < 3.1 & \checkmark \\ 2 = 3.1 & \times \end{array} \right] \checkmark$$

Is  $2 \leq 2$  true?

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ll} 2 < 2 & \times \\ 2 = 2 & \checkmark \end{array} \right] \checkmark$$

Is  $2 \leq 0.8$  true?

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ll} 2 < 0.8 & \times \\ 2 = 0.8 & \times \end{array} \right] \times$$