

Documentation Report — Day 22: Forms, Database, Authentication

server.js — Main Application Entry Point

This is the central file that initializes the Express server, configures middleware, loads routes, connects to MongoDB, and starts the application.

It also sets EJS as the view engine and enables body parsing, sessions, and static files.

Key Code Snippet:

```
// server.js : main server file, start point

const express = require('express');
const mongoose = require('mongoose'); // import mongoose for DB
const dotenv = require('dotenv'); // import dotenv to load .env
const bodyParser = require('body-parser');
const path = require('path');

dotenv.config(); // load environment variables
from .env

const app = express(); // create express app

// view engine setup
app.set('view engine', 'ejs'); // set EJS as the template
engine
app.set('views', path.join(__dirname, 'views'));// set views directory path

// middleware
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false }));
app.use(bodyParser.json());

// connect to MongoDB
mongoose.connect(process.env.MONGO_URI, {
  useNewUrlParser: true,
  useUnifiedTopology: true
})
.then(() => console.log('MongoDB connected'))
.catch(err => console.error('MongoDB error:', err));

// routes
app.get("/", (req, res) => {
  res.render("home");
});

app.use('/', require('./routes/formRoutes')); // mount form routes at root
```

```

app.use('/', require('./routes/authRoutes'));      // mount auth routes at root

// seed admin script route (optional, not for production)
// this route is not created here; use seedAdmin.js to create admin user


const PORT = process.env.PORT || 4000;
app.listen(PORT, () => console.log(`Server running on
http://localhost:${PORT}`));

```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface. The left sidebar displays a file tree with files like authRoutes.js, formRoutes.js, and server.js. The main editor area shows code for handling login requests. The terminal at the bottom shows the command `npm start` being run, followed by output indicating the server is running on port 4000 and MongoDB is connected.

```

File Edit Selection View Go Run ... ← → Q Day22_Forms_Database_and_Authentication
EXPLORER JS authRoutes.js U X
forms > routes > JS authRoutes.js > router.post('/login') callback
22     async (req, res) => {                                // async handler
42         const payload = {
45             role: user.role
46         };
47
48         // sign JWT with secret and expiry from env
49         const token = jwt.sign(payload, process.env.JWT_SECRET, { expiresIn: process.env.JWT_EXPIRES_IN || '1h'
50
51         // respond with token - in a real app you'd set an httpOnly cookie or return JSON
52         return res.json({role: user.role, token, message: 'Login successful'});
53     } catch (err) {                                         // catch errors
54         console.error('Login error:', err);
55         return res.status(500).send('Server error');
56     }
57 }

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS D:\wsWipro\Wipro-MERN-FY26-Practice-Assessments\Day22_Forms_Database_and_Authentication\forms> npm start
> day22-forms-db-auth@1.0.0 start
> node server.js

Server running on http://localhost:4000
MongoDB connected

```

models/User.js — User Schema (Mongoose)

Defines the MongoDB user model including fields like name, email, hashed password, and role.

Mongoose handles schema validation and communicates with MongoDB.

Key Code Snippet:

```

// models/User.js : User Mongoose model with schema and comments

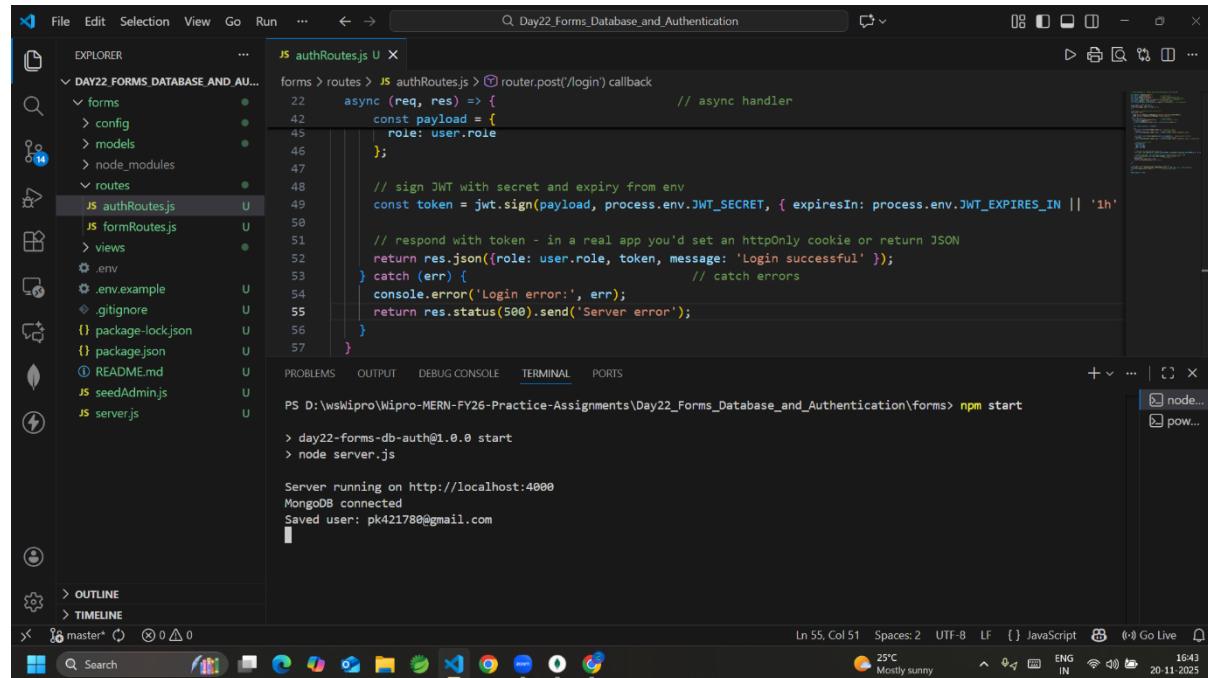
const mongoose = require('mongoose');

const userSchema = new mongoose.Schema({           // define a new schema
    name: { type: String, required: true },
    email: { type: String, required: true, unique: true },
    password: { type: String, required: true },
    role: { type: String, enum: ['user', 'admin'], default: 'user' }
}, { timestamps: true });

```

```
module.exports = mongoose.model('User', userSchema);
```

Output:



A screenshot of the Visual Studio Code interface. The left sidebar shows a project structure for 'DAY22_FORMS_DATABASE_AND_AUTHENTICATION' with files like 'authRoutes.js', 'formRoutes.js', 'env', and 'server.js'. The main editor window displays 'authRoutes.js' with code for a login route. The terminal at the bottom shows the command 'npm start' being run, followed by output indicating the server is running on port 4000 and MongoDB is connected. The status bar at the bottom right shows the date and time as 20-11-2023.

```
PS D:\wsWipro\Wipro-MERN-FY26-Practice-Assessments\Day22_Forms_Database_and_Authentication\forms> npm start

> day22-forms-db-auth@1.0.0 start
> node server.js

Server running on http://localhost:4000
MongoDB connected
Saved user: pk421780@gmail.com
```

routes/formRoutes.js — Form Handling + ValidationKey Code Snippet:

Handles the registration form route, validates input using express-validator, hashes passwords, and saves new users to MongoDB.

Renders EJS pages for registration.

Key Code Snippet:

```
// routes/formRoutes.js : Handles registration form and submission

const express = require('express');
const router = express.Router(); // create router instance
const { body, validationResult } = require('express-validator'); // import validators
const bcrypt = require('bcrypt'); // import bcrypt for hashing
const User = require('../models/User'); // import User model

// GET /register - render registration form
router.get('/register', (req, res) => {
  return res.render('register', { errors: [] });
});

// POST /register - handle registration form submission
router.post('/register',
  [
    body('name').trim().notEmpty().withMessage('Name is required'),
    body('email').isEmail().withMessage('Valid email required').normalizeEmail(),
  ],
  async (req, res) => {
    const errors = validationResult(req);
    if (!errors.isEmpty()) {
      return res.status(400).render('register', { errors: errors.array() });
    }
    const { name, email, password } = req.body;
    const hashedPassword = await bcrypt.hash(password, 10);
    const user = new User({ name, email, password: hashedPassword });
    await user.save();
    res.redirect('/login');
  }
);
```

```

body('password').isLength({ min: 5 }).withMessage('Password must be at
least 5 characters')
],
async (req, res) => { // async handler for DB
operations
  const errors = validationResult(req);
  if (!errors.isEmpty()) {
    return res.status(422).render('register', { errors: errors.array() });
  }

  const { name, email, password } = req.body;

  try {
    const existing = await User.findOne({ email }); // check if user exists
    if (existing) {
      return res.status(409).render('register', { errors: [{ msg: 'Email
already in use' }] });
    }

    const saltRounds = 10; // bcrypt salt rounds
    const hashed = await bcrypt.hash(password, saltRounds); // hash the
password

    const newUser = new User({ // create user document
      name,
      email,
      password: hashed,
      role: 'user'
    });

    await newUser.save(); // save to MongoDB
    console.log('Saved user:', newUser.email);

    // Respond with success message as requested
    return res.send(`Registration successful for ${name}`);
  } catch (err) { // catch DB / other errors
    console.error('Registration error:', err);
    return res.status(500).send('Server error');
  }
}
);

module.exports = router;

```

Output:



routes/authRoutes.js — Login, JWT, Protected Routes

Handles login and JWT creation. Valid credentials generate a token containing user id + role. Also defines the /admin protected route accessible only to admin users.

Key Code Snippet:

```
// routes/authRoutes.js : Handles login and protected admin route using JWT

const express = require('express');
const router = express.Router(); // create router
const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken'); // import jsonwebtoken for JWT
const bcrypt = require('bcrypt'); // import bcrypt to compare
passwords
const { body, validationResult } = require('express-validator'); // validators
const User = require('../models/User'); // import User model
const { authenticateJWT, authorizeRole } = require('../config/auth'); // JWT
middlewares

// GET /login - render login form
router.get('/login', (req, res) => {
  return res.render('login', { errors: [] });
});

// POST /login - authenticate user and issue JWT
router.post('/login',
  [
    body('email').isEmail().withMessage('Valid email
required').normalizeEmail(),
    body('password').notEmpty().withMessage('Password required')
  ],
  [
```

```

async (req, res) => { // async handler
  const errors = validationResult(req); // collect validation results
  if (!errors.isEmpty()) {
    return res.status(422).render('login', { errors: errors.array() });
  }

  const { email, password } = req.body;

  try {
    const user = await User.findOne({ email }); // find user by email
    if (!user) { // if user doesn't exist
      return res.status(401).render('login', { errors: [{ msg: 'Invalid credentials' }] });
    }

    const match = await bcrypt.compare(password, user.password); // compare password with hash
    if (!match) { // if password mismatch
      return res.status(401).render('login', { errors: [{ msg: 'Invalid credentials' }] }); // unauthorized
    }

    // prepare payload for JWT
    const payload = {
      sub: user._id,
      name: user.name,
      role: user.role
    };

    // sign JWT with secret and expiry from env
    const token = jwt.sign(payload, process.env.JWT_SECRET, { expiresIn: process.env.JWT_EXPIRES_IN || '1h' });

    // respond with token - in a real app you'd set an httpOnly cookie or
    return JSON
      return res.json({role: user.role, token, message: 'Login successful' });
    } catch (err) { // catch errors
      console.error('Login error:', err);
      return res.status(500).send('Server error');
    }
  }
);

// GET /admin - protected route, only accessible to admin role
router.get('/admin', authenticateJWT, authorizeRole('admin'), (req, res) => {
// apply middlewares
  return res.send('Welcome, Admin!'); // required admin output
});

```

```
module.exports = router;
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a successful API call. The URL is `http://localhost:4000/admin`. The response status is `200 OK` with a response time of 9 ms and a size of 242 B. The response body contains the text `Welcome, Admin!`.

config/auth.js — JWT Verification + RBAC

Contains JWT verification middleware that checks the bearer token and attaches user details to `req.user`.

Also includes role-based authorization middleware to restrict admin routes.

Key Code Snippet:

```
// config/auth.js : JWT authentication and RBAC middleware

const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken');
const User = require('../models/User');

// authenticateJWT middleware verifies Bearer token and attaches user info to
// req.user
function authenticateJWT(req, res, next) {      // middleware signature
  const authHeader = req.headers['authorization'] ||
    req.headers['Authorization']; // read auth header

  if (!authHeader || !authHeader.startsWith('Bearer ')) { // if no bearer
    token
    return res.status(401).send('Access Denied');
  }

  const token = authHeader.split(' ')[1];           // extract token part
  try {
    const decoded = jwt.verify(token, process.env.JWT_SECRET);
    const user = await User.findById(decoded.id);
    req.user = user;
  } catch (err) {
    return res.status(401).send('Access Denied');
  }
}

// restrictAdmin middleware checks if user has admin role
function restrictAdmin(req, res, next) {
  if (req.user.role === 'admin') {
    next();
  } else {
    res.status(403).send('Access Denied');
  }
}
```

```
const decoded = jwt.verify(token, process.env.JWT_SECRET); // verify token
signature
// attach decoded payload to request for downstream handlers
req.user = {
  id: decoded.sub,
  name: decoded.name,
  role: decoded.role
};
return next();
} catch (err) {
  console.error('JWT error:', err);
  return res.status(401).send('Access Denied');
}
}

// authorizeRole middleware ensures the user has required role(s)
function authorizeRole(requiredRole) {
  return function (req, res, next) {
    if (!req.user) { // if user not attached
      return res.status(401).send('Access Denied');
    }
    if (req.user.role !== requiredRole) { // if roles don't match
      return res.status(403).send('Access Denied');
    }
    return next();
  };
}

module.exports = { authenticateJWT, authorizeRole };
```

Output:

[Authorized]

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a collection named 'forms / admin'. A GET request is made to `http://localhost:4000/admin`. The 'Headers' tab is selected, showing an 'Authorization' header with a value of `Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9eyJzdWIiOiZOTFjY23ND...` . The 'Body' tab shows the response content: `Welcome, Admin!`. The status bar at the bottom indicates a 200 OK response with 9 ms duration and 242 B size.

[Unauthorized]

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a collection named 'forms / users'. A GET request is made to `http://localhost:4000/admin`. The 'Headers' tab is selected, showing an 'Authorization' header with a value of `Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9eyJzdWIiOiZOTFjZjdM...` . The 'Body' tab shows the response content: `Access Denied`. The status bar at the bottom indicates a 403 Forbidden response with 5 ms duration and 247 B size.

views/register.ejs & login.ejs — Bootstrap Styled

EJS templates used to render frontend pages for registration and login. Bootstrap is used for clean UI, responsive layout, and modern styling.

Key Code Snippet:

[login.ejs]

```
<!-- views/login.ejs - login form with Bootstrap styling -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
```

```
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8" />
  <title>Login</title>

  <!-- Bootstrap CSS CDN -->
  <link
    href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
    rel="stylesheet" />
</head>

<body class="bg-light">

  <div class="container d-flex justify-content-center align-items-center"
    style="min-height: 100vh;">
    <div class="card shadow-lg p-4" style="width: 400px;">

      <h3 class="text-center mb-4">Login</h3>

      <!-- Display Validation Errors -->
      <% if (errors && errors.length) { %>
        <div class="alert alert-danger">
          <ul class="mb-0">
            <% errors.forEach(function(err){ %>
              <li>
                <%= err.msg %>
              </li>
            <% }) %>
          </ul>
        </div>
      <% } %>

      <!-- Login Form -->
      <form action="/login" method="POST">

        <div class="mb-3">
          <label class="form-label">Email</label>
          <input type="email" name="email" class="form-control"
            placeholder="example@gmail.com" required />
        </div>

        <div class="mb-3">
          <label class="form-label">Password</label>
          <input type="password" name="password" class="form-control"
            placeholder="Enter password" required />
        </div>

        <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary w-100">
          Login
        </button>
      </form>
    </div>
  </div>
</body>
```

```
        </button>
    </form>

</div>
</div>

<!-- Bootstrap JS -->
<script
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js"></script>
</body>

</html>
[register.ejs]
```

```
<!-- views/register.ejs - registration form with Bootstrap -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

<head>
    <meta charset="utf-8" />
    <title>Register</title>

    <!-- Bootstrap CSS CDN -->
    <link
href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet" />
</head>

<body class="bg-light">

    <div class="container d-flex justify-content-center align-items-center"
style="min-height: 100vh;">
        <div class="card shadow-lg p-4" style="width: 450px;">

            <h3 class="text-center mb-4">Create an Account</h3>

            <!-- Show validation errors -->
            <% if (errors && errors.length) { %>
                <div class="alert alert-danger">
                    <ul class="mb-0">
                        <% errors.forEach(function(err){ %>
                            <li>
                                <%= err.msg %>
                            </li>
                        <% }) %>
                    </ul>
                </div>
            <% } %>
```

```
<!-- Registration Form -->
<form action="/register" method="POST">

    <div class="mb-3">
        <label class="form-label">Full Name</label>
        <input type="text" name="name" class="form-control"
placeholder="John Doe" required />
    </div>

    <div class="mb-3">
        <label class="form-label">Email</label>
        <input type="email" name="email" class="form-control"
placeholder="example@gmail.com" required />
    </div>

    <div class="mb-3">
        <label class="form-label">Password</label>
        <input type="password" name="password" class="form-control"
placeholder="Enter a strong password"
            required />
    </div>

        <button type="submit" class="btn btn-success w-
100">Register</button>
    </form>

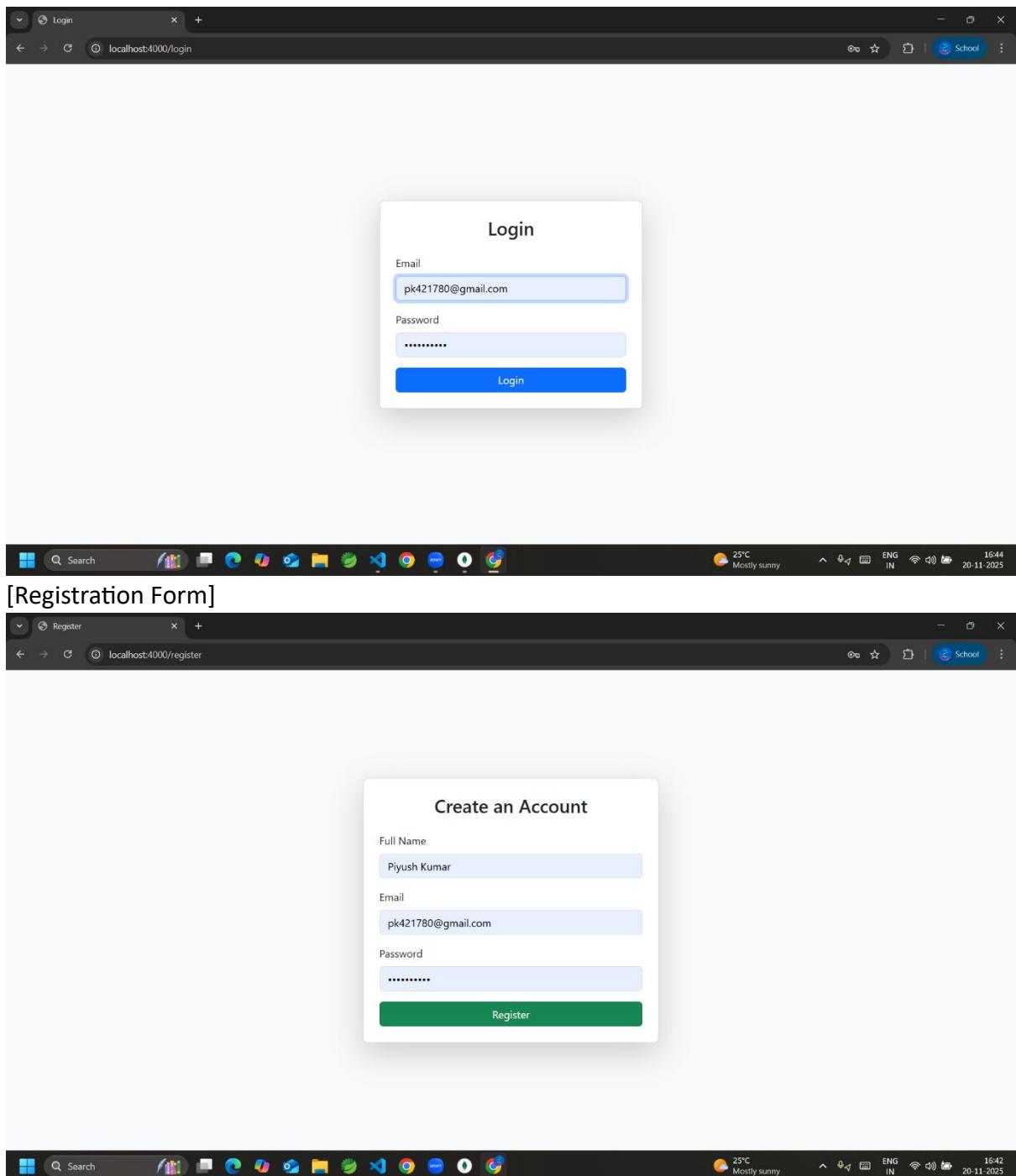
    </div>
</div>

<!-- Bootstrap JS -->
<script
src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@5.3.2/dist/js/bootstrap.bundle.min
.js"></script>
</body>

</html>
```

Output:

[Login Form]



seedAdmin.js — Create Default Admin User

A standalone Node script that inserts an admin user (admin@example.com) into the database with a hashed password.

Useful if no admin user exists for login.

Key Code Snippet:

```
// seedAdmin.js - helper script to create an admin user from command line
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
const dotenv = require('dotenv');
const bcrypt = require('bcrypt');
```

```

const User = require('./models/User');

dotenv.config();

async function seed() { // async seeding function
  try {
    await mongoose.connect(process.env.MONGO_URI, { useNewUrlParser: true,
    useUnifiedTopology: true }); // connect
    console.log('Connected to MongoDB for seeding');

    const email = 'admin@example.com';
    const existing = await User.findOne({ email }); // check existing
    if (existing) {
      existing.role = 'admin';
      await existing.save();
      console.log('Updated existing user to admin:', email);
      process.exit(0);
    }

    const hashed = await bcrypt.hash('adminpass', 10); // hash default
    password
    const admin = new User({ // create admin user
      name: 'Admin User',
      email,
      password: hashed,
      role: 'admin'
    });

    await admin.save(); // save to DB
    console.log('Seeded admin user:', email);
    process.exit(0);
  } catch (err) {
    console.error('Seeding error:', err);
    process.exit(1);
  }
}

seed();

```

Output:

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Visual Studio Code (VS Code) interface. The left sidebar (Explorer) displays a file tree for a project named 'Day22_Forms_Database_and_Authentication'. The 'forms' folder contains several files: authRoutes.js, configRoutes.js, formRoutes.js, routes.js, views.js, .env.example, .gitignore, package-lock.json, package.json, README.md, seedAdmin.js, and server.js. The 'authRoutes.js' file is currently open in the main editor area, showing JavaScript code for handling login requests. The terminal at the bottom shows command-line output from a PowerShell session (PS) running on Windows. The commands entered were 'cd forms', 'npm run seed-admin', and 'node seedAdmin.js'. The terminal output indicates that MongoDB was connected for seeding and a seeded admin user ('admin@example.com') was created.

```
forms > routes > authRoutes.js > router.post('/login') callback
  22   async (req, res) => {
  42     const payload = {
  45       | role: user.role
  46     };
  48
  49     // sign JWT with secret and expiry from env
  50     const token = jwt.sign(payload, process.env.JWT_SECRET, { expiresIn: process.env.JWT_EXPIRES_IN || '1h' });
  51
  52     // respond with token - in a real app you'd set an httpOnly cookie or return JSON
  53     return res.json({role: user.role, token, message: 'Login successful'});
  54   } catch (err) {
  55     console.error('Login error:', err);
  56     return res.status(500).send('Server error');
  57   }
}

Connected to MongoDB for seeding
Seeded admin user: admin@example.com
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS D:\wsWipro\Wipro-MERN-FY26-Practice-Assessments\Day22_Forms_Database_and_Authentication> cd forms
PS D:\wsWipro\Wipro-MERN-FY26-Practice-Assessments\Day22_Forms_Database_and_Authentication\forms> npm run seed-admin
> day22-forms-db-auth@1.0.0 seed-admin
> node seedAdmin.js

Connected to MongoDB for seeding
Seeded admin user: admin@example.com