**M.S. RAMAIAH INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

(AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTE, AFFILIATED TO VTU)

BANGALORE – 560 054

SUPPLEMENTARY SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - 2010

Course & Branch : **B.E (Information Science & Engg.)** Semester : **IV**
Subject : **Finite Automata & Formal Languages** Max. Marks : **100**
Subject Code : **IS42** Duration : **3 hrs**

Instructions to the Candidates:

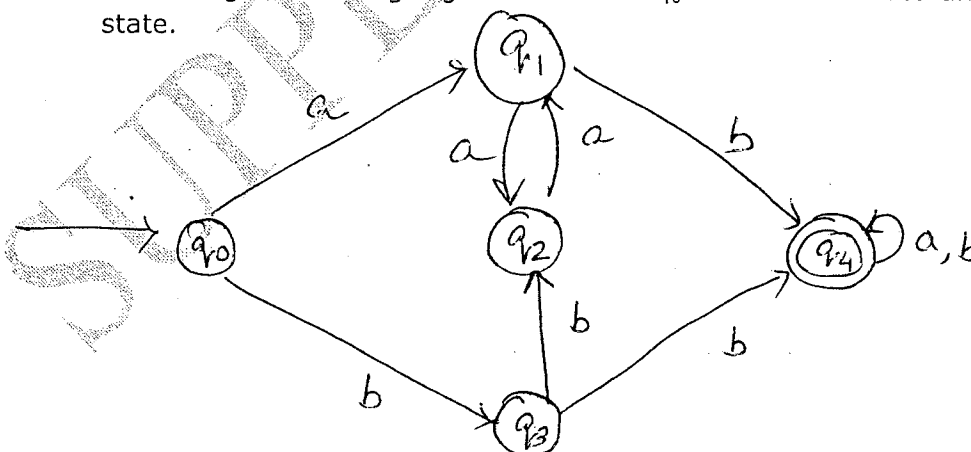
1. Answer One Full Question From Each Unit.

UNIT-I

1. a) Define the term alphabet, string and language with an example for each. (06)
b) Define DFA. Obtain a DFA which will recognize all strings except those containing the substring aab. Over the $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. (09)
c) Bring out the differences between DFA & NFA. (05)
2. a) Define regular expression. Prove that for all languages define by a regular expression there exists an equivalent, NFA which accepts exactly the same language. (12)
b) Define an NFA and describe the subset construction procedure. (08)

UNIT-II

3. a) Write short notes on decision properties of regular languages. (07)
b) What are distinguishable and indistinguishable states? Minimize the following DFA using table filling algorithm where q_0 is the start state and q_4 is final state. (13)



4. a) State and prove pumping lemma for regular languages. Show that the language $L = \{Ww^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$ is not regular. (12)
b) Show that the regular languages are closed under complementation. (05)
c) Define homomorphism on strings with an example. (03)



UNIT-III

5. a) Define a CFG. Give a CFG for the language (08)
 $L = \{w \mid w \in (0,1)^*, n_0(w) \neq n_1(w)\}$
- b) Write a note on (12)
i) Ambiguous grammar
ii) Inherently ambiguous grammars
iii) Parse trees.
6. a) Define Chomsky Normal Form. (08)
Convert the following CFG to CNF
 $S \rightarrow OA \mid 1B$
 $A \rightarrow OAA \mid 1S \mid 1$
 $B \rightarrow BB \mid OS \mid O$
- b) State and prove the pumping lemma for CFL's (10)
- c) List out the applications of CFG. (02)

UNIT-IV

7. a) Prove that the family of CFL's is not closed under intersection and (12)
complementation.
- b) With a neat diagram explain the working of PDA. (08)
8. a) Define the acceptance of PDA by "final state" and acceptance by "empty (05)
state"
- b) Design a PDA for the language $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 1\}$. Give the trace for the input (10)
aaabbb.
- c) Distinguish between DPDA & NPDA. (05)

UNIT-V

9. a) Explain briefly the basic model of a turing machine along with relevant (10)
terms.
- b) Obtain a turing machine to accept the language $L = \{0^n 1^n 2^n \mid n \geq 1\}$. Give the (10)
trace for 001122.
- 10 a) Prove that the every language accepted by a turing machine is recursively (10)
enumerable
- b) Write a short notes on (10)
i) Halting problem of turing machine.
ii) Non deterministic turing machine.
