COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Experiment 1

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Subject Name: ADBMS Subject Code: 23CSP-333

1. Aim:

University Database System helps in managing student enrollments, course allocations, and professor assignments effectively. The system also demonstrates secure access control and transaction safety. This includes CRUD operations, JOIN queries, and database-level user permission management.

- a. Author-Book Relationship Using Joins and Basic SQL Operations
- b. Department-Course Subquery and Access Control

2. Objective:

- To create and manage relational databases LibraryDB and UniversityDB using SQL.
- To define tables with appropriate primary and foreign key constraints.
- To insert sample data into author, book, department, and course tables.
- To retrieve related data using INNER JOIN and subqueries with GROUP BY and HAVING.
- To manage user access by granting SELECT privileges on specific tables.

3. DBMS code and output:

Solution-(a)

CREATE DATABASE LibraryDB;

USE LibraryDB;

CREATE TABLE TBL_Author (author id INT PRIMARY KEY,

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```
author name VARCHAR(100),
  country VARCHAR(50)
);
CREATE TABLE TBL Book (
  book id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  title VARCHAR(100),
  author id INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (author id) REFERENCES TBL Author(author id)
);
INSERT INTO TBL Author (author id, author name, country) VALUES
(1, 'Agatha Christie', 'United Kingdom'),
(2, 'Mark Twain', 'United States'),
(3, 'Paulo Coelho', 'Brazil');
INSERT INTO TBL Book (book id, title, author id) VALUES
(201, 'Murder on the Orient Express', 1),
(202, 'Adventures of Tom Sawyer', 2),
(203, 'The Alchemist', 3);
SELECT
  B.title AS Book Title,
  A.author name AS Author Name,
  A.country AS Author Country
FROM
  TBL Book B
INNER JOIN
  TBL Author A ON B.author id = A.author id;
```

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Book_Title	Author_Name	Author_Country
Murder on the Orient Express	Agatha Christie	United Kingdom
Adventures of Tom Sawyer	Mark Twain	United States
The Alchemist	Paulo Coelho	Brazil

Solution-(b)

```
CREATE DATABASE UniversityDB;
USE UniversityDB;
CREATE TABLE TBL Department (
 dept id INT PRIMARY KEY,
 dept name VARCHAR(100)
);
CREATE TABLE TBL Course (
 course id INT PRIMARY KEY,
 course name VARCHAR(100),
 dept_id INT,
 FOREIGN KEY (dept_id) REFERENCES TBL_Department(dept_id)
);
```

INSERT INTO TBL Department (dept id, dept name) VALUES

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(1, 'Computer Science'),
(2, 'Mechanical Engineering'),
(3, 'Electrical Engineering'),
(4, 'Civil Engineering'),
(5, 'Mathematics');
INSERT INTO TBL Course (course id, course name, dept id) VALUES
(101, 'Data Structures', 1),
(102, 'Operating Systems', 1),
(103, 'DBMS', 1),
(104, 'Thermodynamics', 2),
(105, 'Fluid Mechanics', 2),
(106, 'Circuit Theory', 3),
(107, 'Power Systems', 3),
(108, 'Structural Analysis', 4),
(109, 'Linear Algebra', 5),
(110, 'Calculus', 5);
CREATE USER 'piyush123'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'piyush1229';
GRANT SELECT ON UniversityDB.TBL Course TO 'user123'@'localhost';
SELECT dept name
FROM TBL Department
```

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```
WHERE dept_id IN (

SELECT dept_id

FROM TBL_Course

GROUP BY dept_id

HAVING COUNT(course_id) > 2
);
```

dept_name
Computer Science

4. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand how to design relational databases using primary and foreign key constraints.
- Gain hands-on experience with SQL DDL and DML commands for creating and manipulating tables.
- Learn to use **INNER JOINs** to combine data from related tables.
- Apply subqueries with aggregation (GROUP BY, HAVING) to filter complex data sets.
- Learn how to **grant user privileges** using the GRANT statement for controlled access.