

WORKSHEET - 9

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Branch: CSE

Section/Group: KRG 3-A

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Subject Name: ADBMS

Subject Code: 23CSP-333

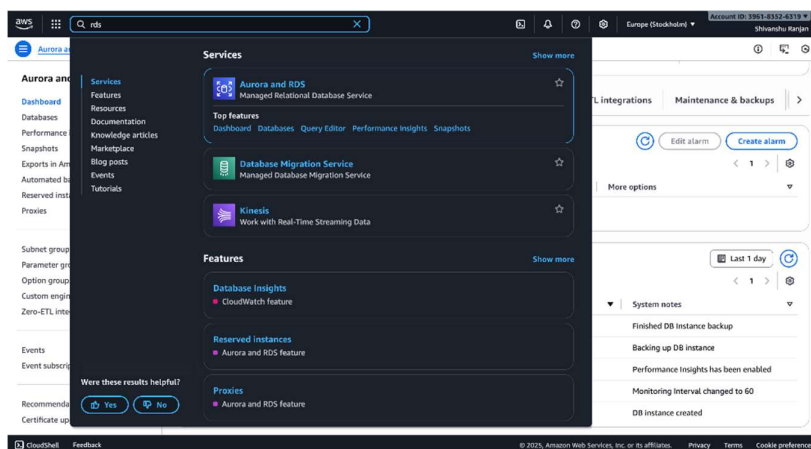
1. Aim: To understand and implement the setup of Amazon Relational Database Service (AWS RDS) by creating a database instance, configuring security groups, and establishing a secure connection between the local pgAdmin tool and the RDS instance hosted on the AWS Cloud.

2. Objective:

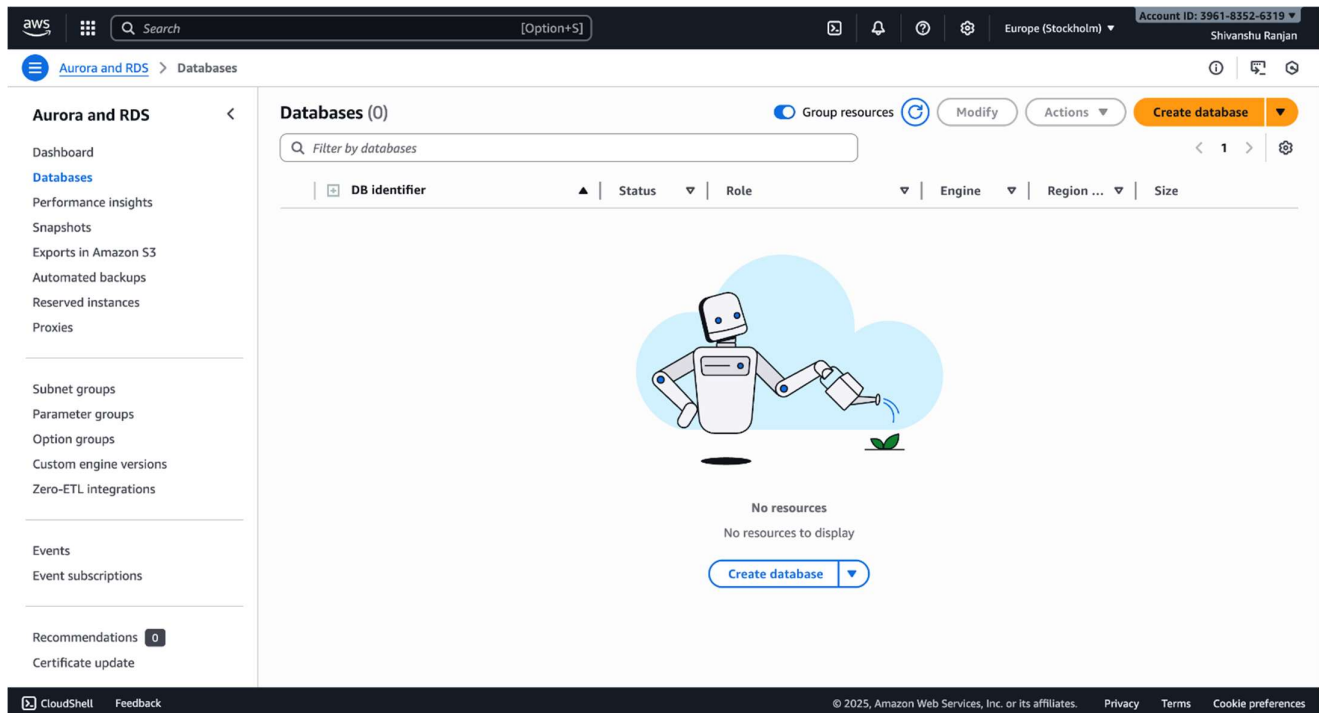
- To learn the basic concepts and features of Amazon Relational Database Service (AWS RDS).
- To create and configure a new RDS database instance on the AWS Management Console.
- To understand the role and configuration of security groups for controlling database access.
- To connect a local pgAdmin client to the AWS RDS instance securely using proper credentials and endpoint details.
- To verify successful database connectivity and perform basic operations through pgAdmin.

3. Code & Output:

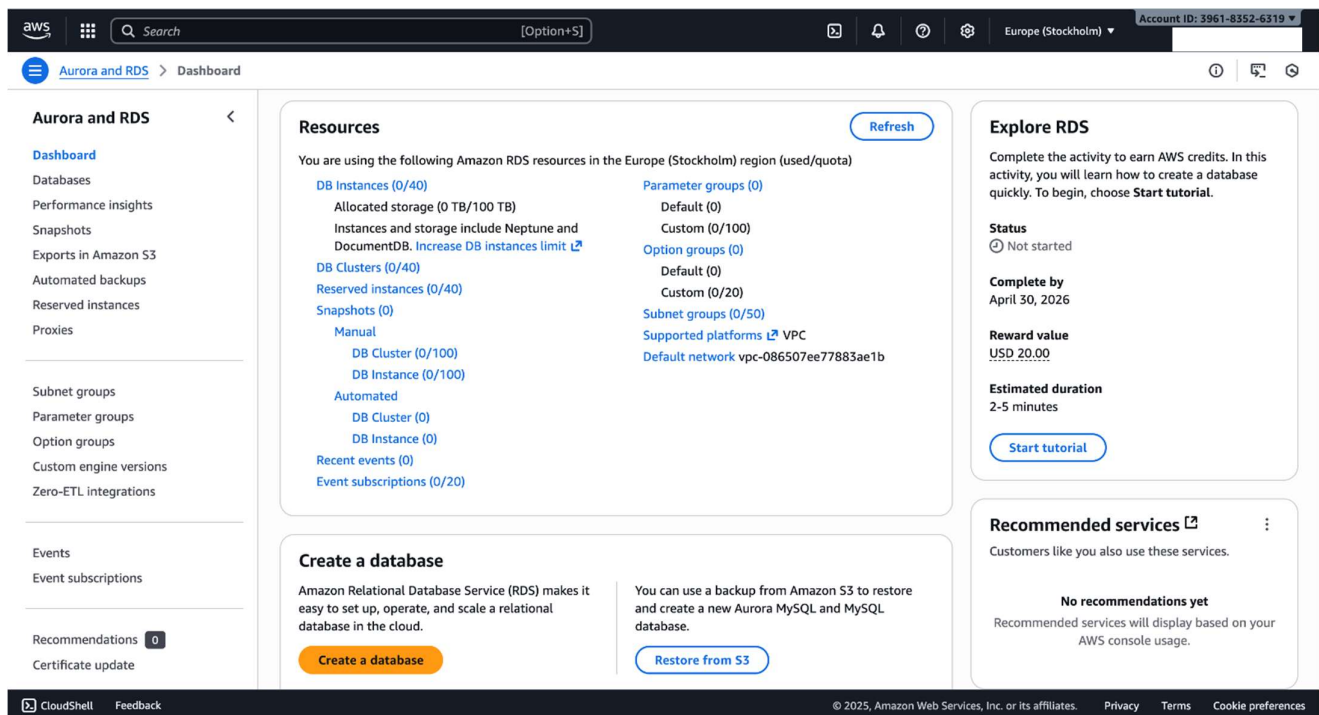
1. Sign-in



2. Navigating to RDS Service



3. Amazon RDS Dashboard Overview





4. Creating a New Database Instance

Create database Info

Free plan has access to limited features and resources. The free plan limits the features and resources that are available for RDS and Aurora databases. Upgrade your account plan to remove all limitations. [Learn more](#)

Choose a database creation method

☐ Standard create
You set all of the configuration options, including ones for availability, security, backups, and maintenance.

☒ Easy create
Use recommended best-practice configurations. Some configuration options can be changed after the database is created.

Configuration

Engine type Info

☐ Aurora (MySQL Compatible)

☐ Aurora (PostgreSQL Compatible)

☒ PostgreSQL

☐ MariaDB

☐ MySQL

☐ Oracle

CloudShell Feedback

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5. Selecting PostgreSQL as Database Engine

DB instance identifier

Type a name for your DB instance. The name must be unique across all DB instances owned by your AWS account in the current AWS Region.

shivanshu-DB

The DB instance identifier is case-insensitive, but is stored as all lowercase (as in "mydbinstance"). Constraints: 1 to 63 alphanumeric characters or hyphens. First character must be a letter. Can't contain two consecutive hyphens. Can't end with a hyphen.

Master username Info

Type a login ID for the master user of your DB instance.

postgres

1 to 16 alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter.

Credentials management

You can use AWS Secrets Manager or manage your master user credentials.

☐ Managed in AWS Secrets Manager - *most secure*
RDS generates a password for you and manages it throughout its lifecycle using AWS Secrets Manager.

☒ Self managed
Create your own password or have RDS create a password that you manage.

☐ Auto generate password
Amazon RDS can generate a password for you, or you can specify your own password.

Master password Info

Password strength Neutral

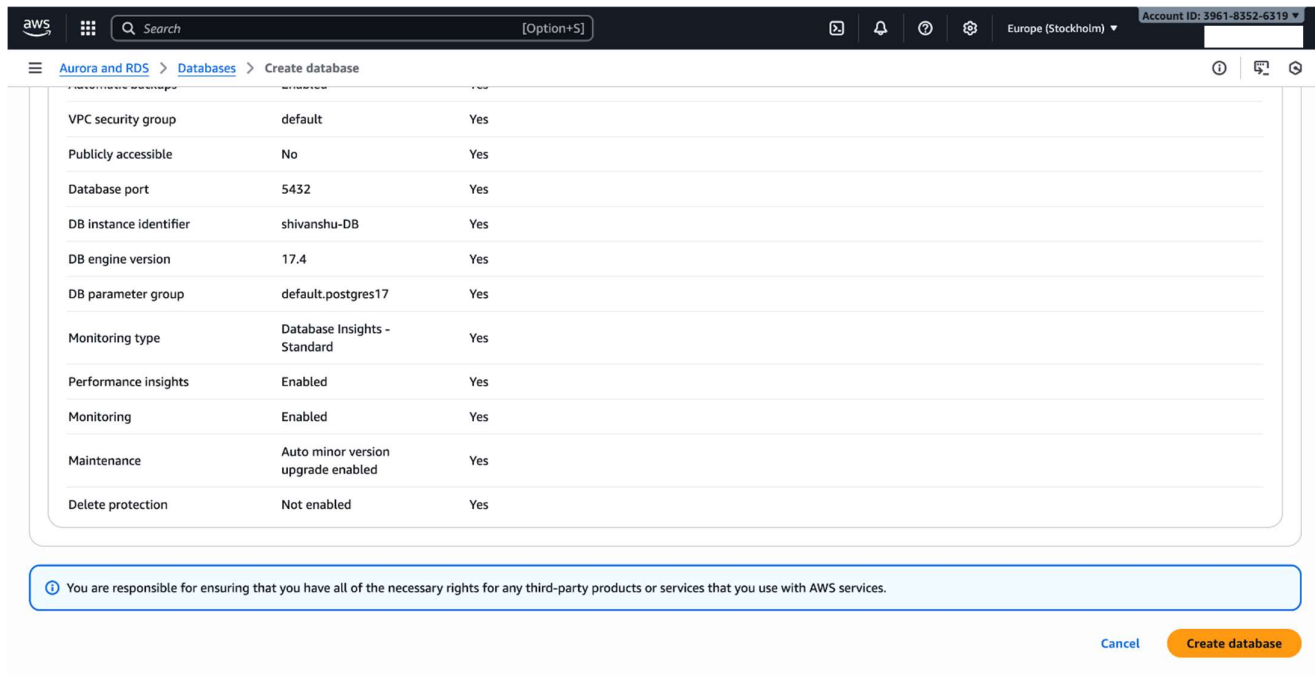
Minimum constraints: At least 8 printable ASCII characters. Can't contain any of the following symbols: / ' * @

Confirm master password Info

CloudShell Feedback

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6. Choosing Deployment Option and Template

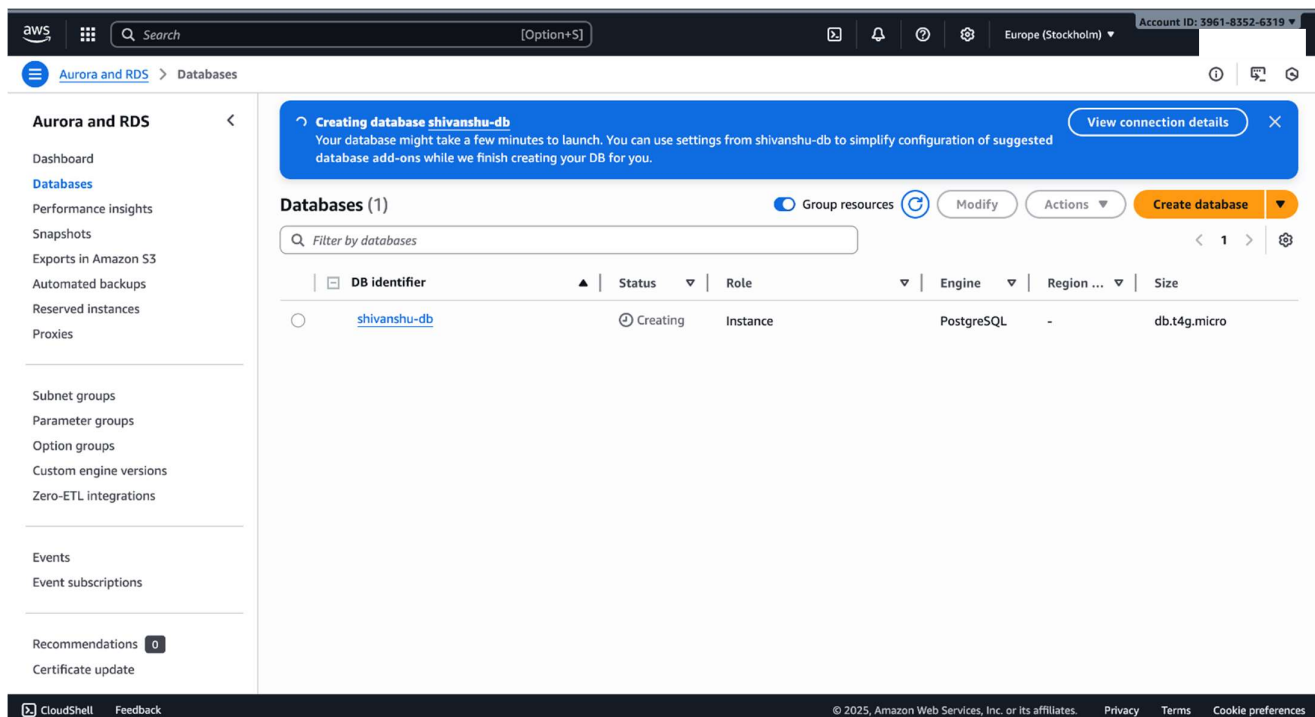


The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console 'Create database' page for Amazon RDS. The configuration table is as follows:

Configuration Option	Value	Required
VPC security group	default	Yes
Publicly accessible	No	Yes
Database port	5432	Yes
DB instance identifier	shivanshu-DB	Yes
DB engine version	17.4	Yes
DB parameter group	default.postgres17	Yes
Monitoring type	Database Insights - Standard	Yes
Performance insights	Enabled	Yes
Monitoring	Enabled	Yes
Maintenance	Auto minor version upgrade enabled	Yes
Delete protection	Not enabled	Yes

At the bottom, there is a disclaimer: "You are responsible for ensuring that you have all of the necessary rights for any third-party products or services that you use with AWS services." Below this are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Create database".

7. Configuring Database Settings (Name, Username, Password)



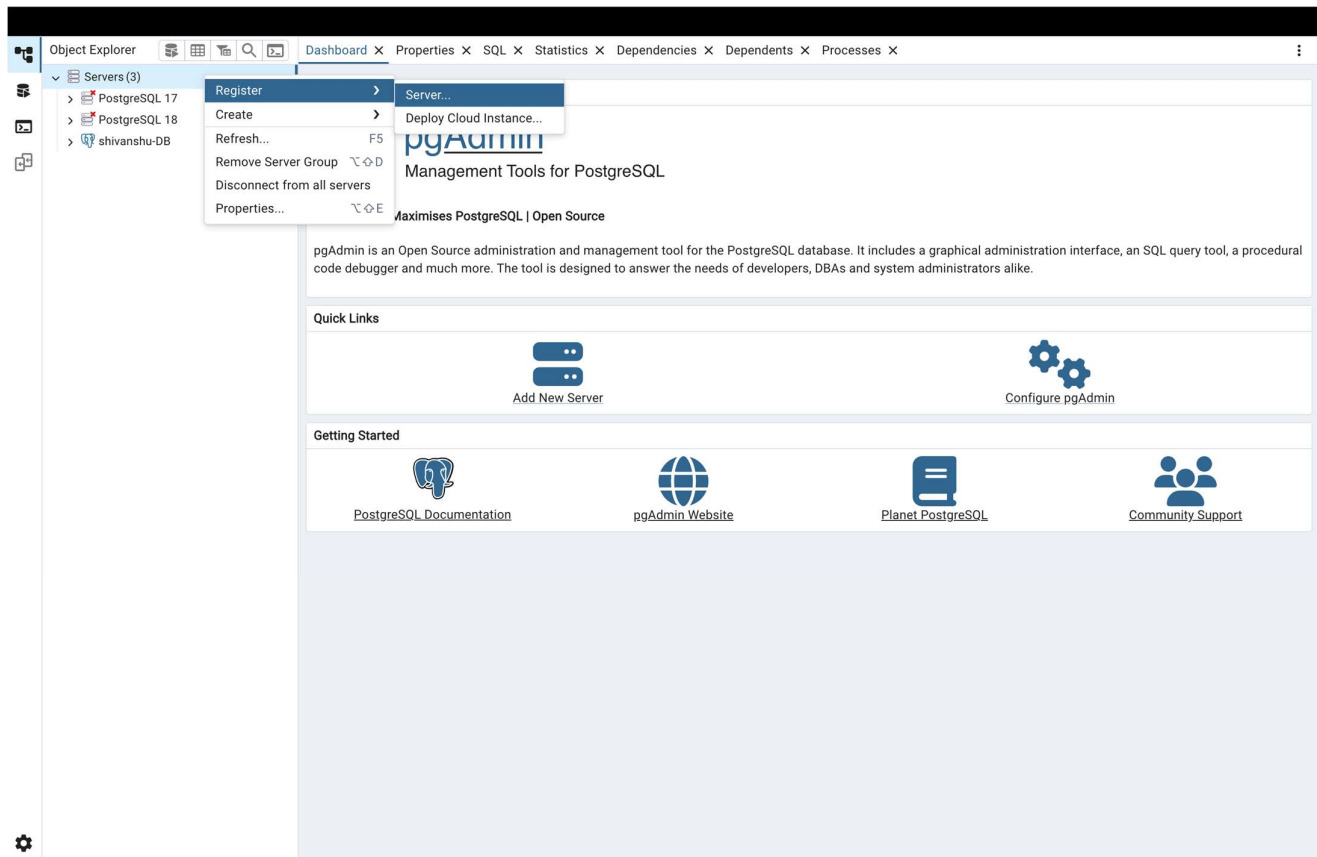
The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console 'Databases' page. A blue banner at the top indicates: "Creating database shivanshu-db. Your database might take a few minutes to launch. You can use settings from shivanshu-db to simplify configuration of suggested database add-ons while we finish creating your DB for you." A "View connection details" link is also present.

Below the banner, the 'Databases (1)' section shows a table with the following data:

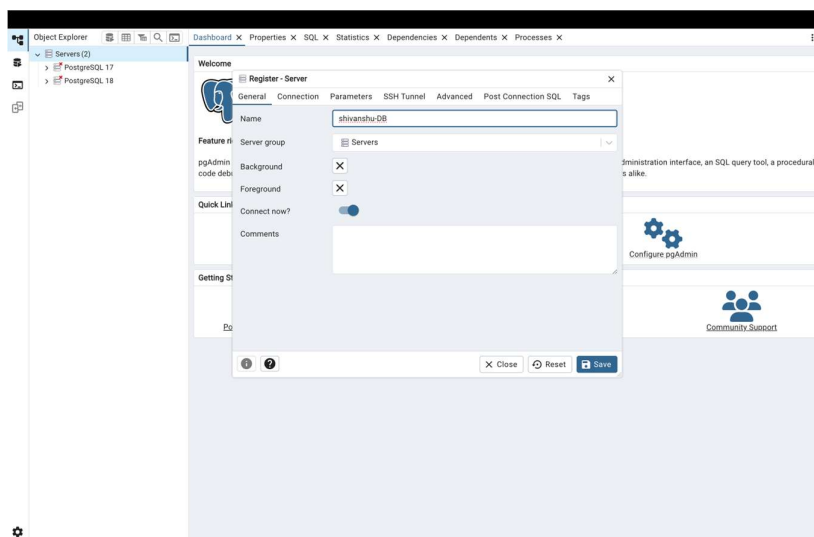
DB identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Region	Size
shivanshu-db	Creating	Instance	PostgreSQL	-	db.t4g.micro

The left sidebar shows the navigation menu for 'Aurora and RDS', including options like 'Dashboards', 'Performance insights', 'Snapshots', 'Exports in Amazon S3', 'Automated backups', 'Reserved instances', 'Proxies', 'Subnet groups', 'Parameter groups', 'Option groups', 'Custom engine versions', 'Zero-ETL integrations', 'Events', 'Event subscriptions', 'Recommendations', and 'Certificate update'.

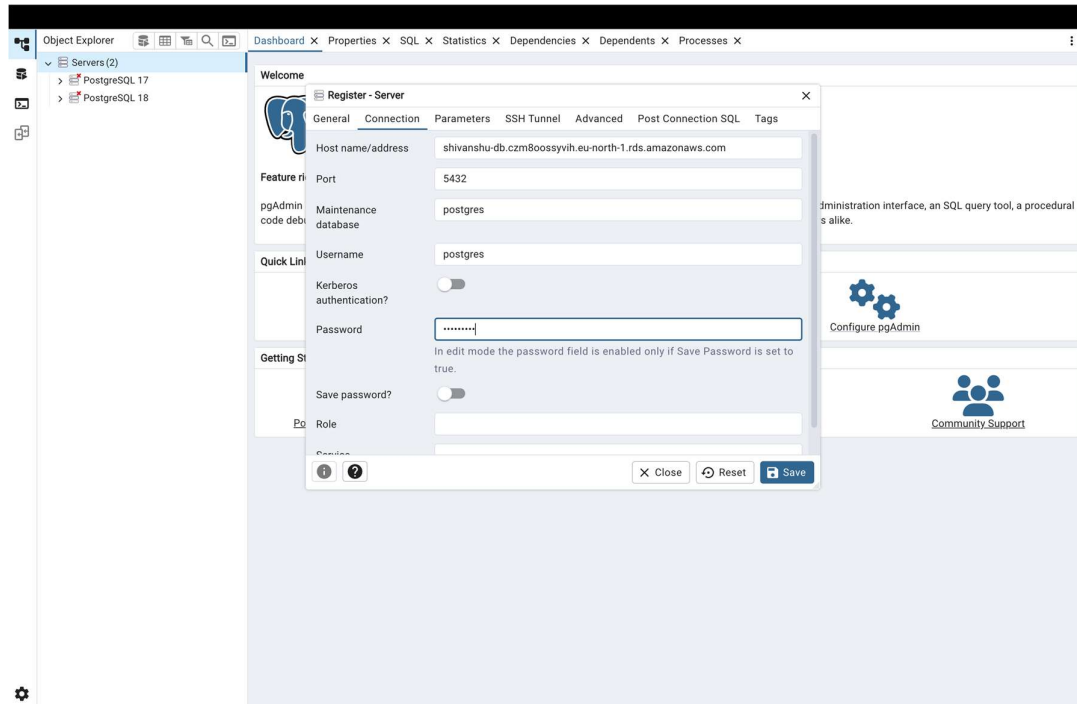
8. Setting Up Instance Size and Storage



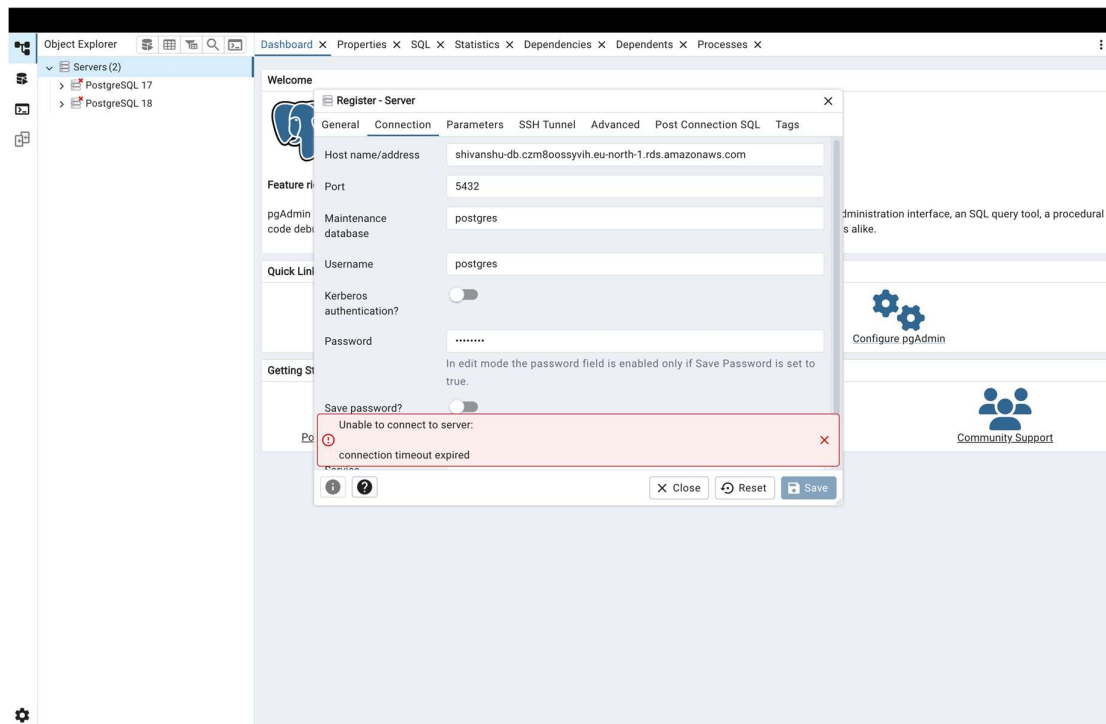
9. Configuring Connectivity and VPC Settings



10. Gr Setting Up Security Groups for RDS Access



11. Additional Database Configuration Options





12. Reviewing and Creating the Database Instance

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console for an Amazon RDS instance named 'shivanshu-db'. The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Aurora and RDS' selected. The main content area displays the instance details under the 'Summary' tab. The instance is in the 'Available' state, using the 'db.t4g.micro' class. The engine is 'PostgreSQL' and the region is 'eu-north-1a'. The 'Connectivity & security' tab is selected, showing the endpoint 'shivanshu-db.czm8oosyvi.h.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com' on port 5432. The availability zone is 'eu-north-1a'. The VPC is 'vpc-086507ee77883ae1b' and the subnet group is 'default-vpc-086507ee77883ae1b'. The security group is 'sg-0b4c8dc4647072099' and it is publicly accessible. The certificate authority is 'rds-ca-rsa2048-g1' and the certificate authority date is 'May 25, 2061, 03:29 (UTC+05:30)'. The DB instance certificate expiration is also shown.

DB identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Recommendations
shivanshu-db	Available	Instance	PostgreSQL	

CPU	Class	Current activity	Region & AZ
21.27%	db.t4g.micro	0.00 sessions	eu-north-1a

Endpoint & port	Networking	Security
Endpoint shivanshu-db.czm8oosyvi.h.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com Port 5432	Availability Zone eu-north-1a VPC vpc-086507ee77883ae1b Subnet group default-vpc-086507ee77883ae1b Subnets subnet-0db6b45e321b7000a subnet-087377db566f545dc subnet-0bac42bdab1e990c5	VPC security groups default (sg-0b4c8dc4647072099) Active Publicly accessible No Certificate authority rds-ca-rsa2048-g1 Certificate authority date May 25, 2061, 03:29 (UTC+05:30) DB instance certificate expiration

13. RDS Instance Creation in Progress

The screenshot shows the 'Edit inbound rules' page for a security group. The page title is 'Edit inbound rules' and it includes a description: 'Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance.' The page shows a table of inbound rules. The first rule is for 'All traffic' on port 'All' from 'Custom' source. The second rule is for 'PostgreSQL' on port '5432' from 'My IP' source. The 'Add rule' button is visible at the bottom left. The 'Preview changes' and 'Save rules' buttons are at the bottom right.

Security group rule ID	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional
sgr-040a1d1889af5e91c	All traffic	All	All	Custom	
-	PostgreSQL	TCP	5432	My IP	

14. Viewing Database Instance Details

▼ Additional configuration

Public access

☒ Publicly accessible

RDS assigns a public IP address to the database. Amazon EC2 instances and other resources outside of the VPC can connect to your database. Resources inside the VPC can also connect to the database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database.

☐ Not publicly accessible

No IP address is assigned to the DB instance. EC2 instances and devices outside the VPC can't connect.

Database port

Specify the TCP/IP port that the DB instance will use for application connections. The application connection string must specify the port number. The DB security group and your firewall must allow connections to the port. [Learn more](#)

5432

15. Copying the RDS Endpoint for Connection

Connectivity & security

Endpoint & port

Endpoint

[shivanshu-db.czm8oossyviu.eu-north-1.rds.amazonaws.com](#)

Port

5432

Networking

Availability Zone

eu-north-1a

VPC

[vpc-086507ee77883ae1b](#)

Subnet group

default-vpc-086507ee77883ae1b

Subnets

[subnet-0db6b45e321b7000a](#)

[subnet-087377db566f545dc](#)

[subnet-0bac42bdab1e990c5](#)

Network type

IPv4

Security

VPC security groups

[default \(sg-0b4c8dc4647072099\)](#)

✓ Active

Publicly accessible

Yes

Certificate authority [Info](#)

rds-ca-rsa2048-g1

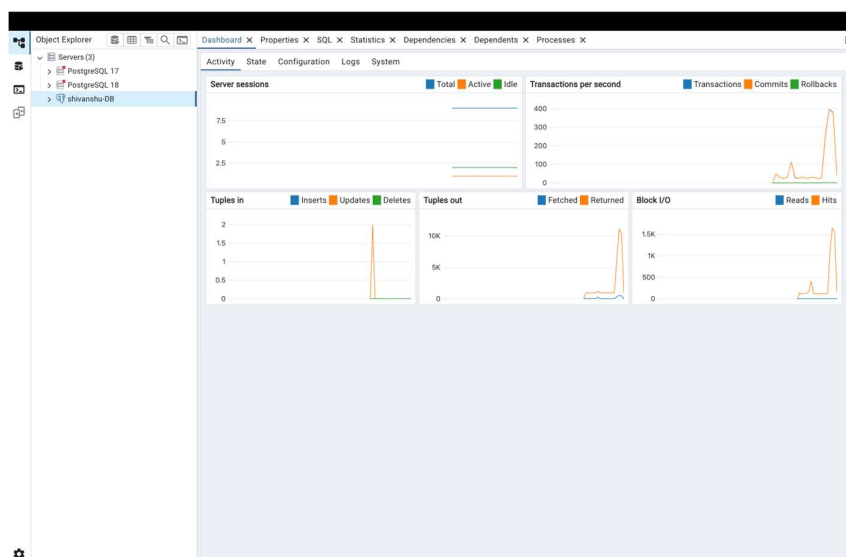
Certificate authority date

May 25, 2061, 03:29 (UTC+05:30)

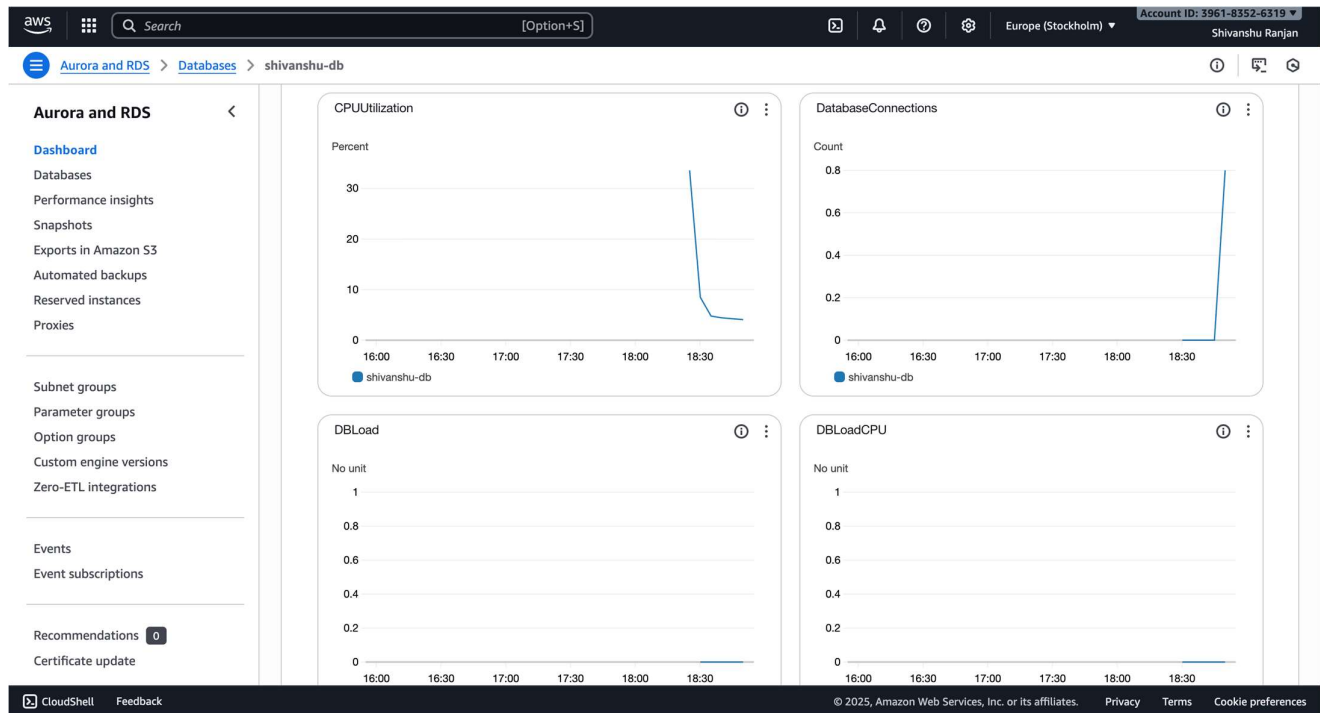
DB instance certificate expiration date

October 30, 2026, 23:59 (UTC+05:30)

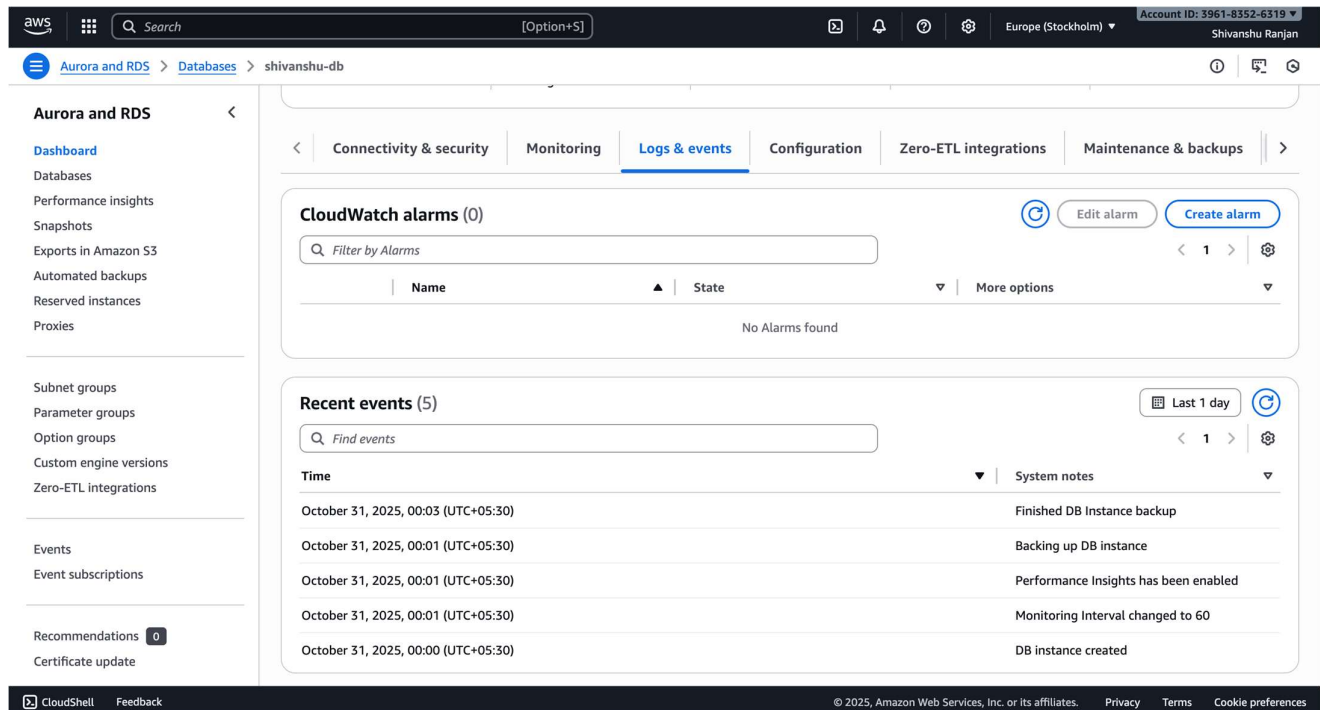
16. Launching pgAdmin on Local Machine



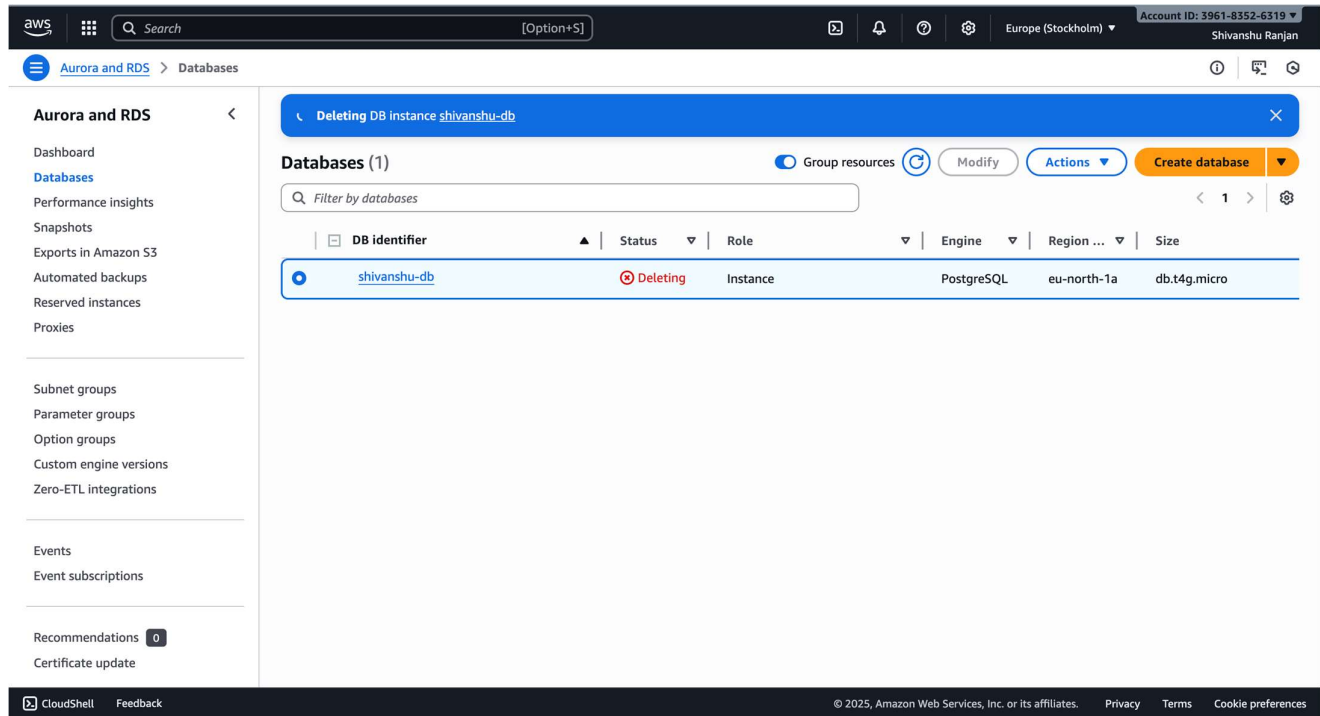
17. Adding a New Server in pgAdmin



18. Entering Connection Details (Endpoint, Username, Password)



19. Successful Connection to AWS RDS Database via pgAdmin



The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface. At the top, the navigation bar shows the AWS logo, a search bar, and the account ID: 3961-8352-6319. The main content area is titled 'Aurora and RDS' and 'Databases'. A blue banner at the top of the main area indicates 'Deleting DB instance shivanshu-db'. Below this, the 'Databases (1)' section shows a table with one entry:

DB identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Region ...	Size
shivanshu-db	Deleting	Instance	PostgreSQL	eu-north-1a	db.t4g.micro

The left sidebar contains a list of navigation options: Dashboard, Databases, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, Event subscriptions, Recommendations (0), and Certificate update. The bottom of the console shows the CloudShell icon, a feedback link, and the copyright notice: © 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates. Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences links are also present.

4. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the fundamental concepts and benefits of using Amazon RDS for relational database management in the cloud.
- Gain practical knowledge of creating and configuring an RDS database instance on AWS.
- Learn how to manage and secure database access using AWS security groups.
- Develop skills to connect a local pgAdmin client to a cloud-hosted RDS instance.
- Be able to monitor, manage, and test database connectivity and performance in a cloud environment.