1

Assignment 1

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/piyushSTK/EE3025/tree/main/ Assignment1/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/piyushSTK/EE3025/tree/main/ Assignment1

1 Problem

(7.1) The command

output_signal = signal.lfilter(b, a, input_signal)

in Problem (2.3) is executed through the following difference equation

$$\sum_{m=0}^{M} a(m) y(n-m) = \sum_{k=0}^{N} b(k) x(n-k)$$
 (1.0.1)

where the input signal is x(n) and the output signal is y(n) with initial values all 0. Replace **signal.filtfilt** with your own routine and verify.

2 Solution

This problem can be solved by using Z transfrom on the difference equation and then applying the properties of Z transform. Let take X(z) and Y(z) as the z-transforms of x(n) and y(n).

Using the time shifting property,

$$Z{x(n-k)} = z^{-k}X(z)$$
 (2.0.1)

$$Z{y(n-m)} = z^{-m}Y(z)$$
 (2.0.2)

We get:

$$Y(z)\sum_{m=0}^{M}a(m)z^{-m} = X(z)\sum_{k=0}^{N}b(k)z^{-k}$$
 (2.0.3)

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{\sum_{k=0}^{N} b(k) z^{-k}}{\sum_{m=0}^{M} a(m) z^{-m}}$$
(2.0.4)

Now to obtain DFT from Z transform, we evaluate (2.0.4) at $z = e^{j\omega}$ where $\omega = 2\pi k/N$ Hence H(k):

$$H(k) = H(z = e^{j2\pi k/N}).$$
 (2.0.5)

X(k) is calculated from our input signal x(n) using **np.fft.fft**.

Therefore Y(k):

$$Y(k) = H(k)X(k)$$
 (2.0.6)

Since this is in frequency domain, y(n) is found from Y(K) using **np.fft.ifft** command.

Below is the python code for this question. This code plots the output signals and returns the corresponding soundfiles.

codes/ee18btech11036.py

3 Verification

Plotting the time domain output signal y(n) obtained using signal.filtfilt as well as constructed filter.

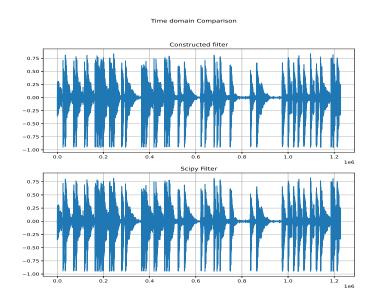


Fig. 0: Time domain response

Frequency Response of both, constructed filter, and signal.filtfilt for further verification

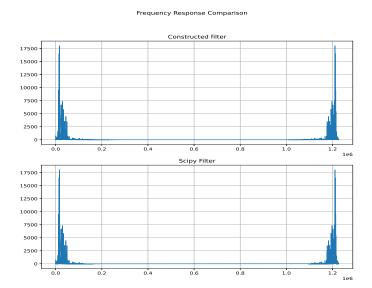


Fig. 0: Frequency domain response