

Given the root of a binary tree, return the level order traversal of its nodes' values. (i.e., from left to right, level by

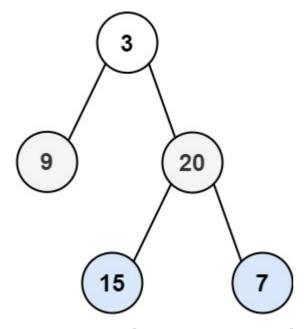
Example 1:

Medium

4 9302

4 179

Add to List



Input: root = [3,9,20,null,null,15,7]

Output: [[3],[9,20],[15,7]]

Example 2:

Input: root = [1]
Output: [[1]]

Example 3:

Input: root = []
Output: []

Constraints:

• The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [0, 2000].