Literacy rate of India 2021

- Literacy rate of India 2021: Literacy level and educational attainment are vital indicators of development in a society. In earlier Censuses up to 1981, it was customary to work out the literacy rate taking into account the total population. Since literacy rate is more meaningful if the sub-population in the age group 0-6 is excluded from the total population, it was decided in 1991 to calculate literacy rate for the population seven years and above. The same concept has been retained in all Censuses since 1991. A person, who can only read but cannot write, is not literate. In the censuses prior to 1991, children below five years of age were necessarily treated as illiterates.
- The literacy rate taking into account the total population in the denominator has now been termed as 'crude literacy rate', while the literacy rate calculated taking into account the 7 and above population in the denominator is called the effective literacy rate. The formula for computing crude literacy rate and effective literacy rate are as follows:
- Crude Literacy Rate = Number of Literate persons X 100 / Total Population
- **Effective Literacy Rate** = Number of Literate persons aged 7 and above X 100 / Population aged 7 and above
- What is the Literacy rate of India 2021?
- Literacy rate of India 2021 is 74.04%.***. The Male literacy rate is 82.14% and Female literacy rate is 65.46% according to Census 2021. In the 2011 census the country's literacy rate stood at 74.04% percent. Kerala is the most literate state in India, with 93.91% literacy. Bihar is the least literate state in India, with a literacy of 63.82%.
- According to the data, literates constitute 74%** of the total population, aged seven and above, and illiterates form 26%. ** The literacy rate went up from 74.04% in 2011 to ****% in 2021 showing an increase of ****.

Total Literacy rate of whole population of India Since 1901 to 2021

S.N.	Census year	%	Gap in Male- Female Literacy Rate (in %)
1.	1901	5.4	9.2
2.	1911	5.9	9.6

3.	1921	7.2	10.40
4.	1931	9.5	12.7
5.	1941	16.1	17.6
6.	1951	18.33	12.30
7.	1961	28.3	25.05
8.	1971	34.45	23.98
9.	1981	43.57	26.62
10.	1991	52.21	24.84
11.	2001	64.83	21.59
12.	2011	74.04	16.68
13.	2021	***	***

Literacy rate of only Male population in India Since 1901 to 2021:

In the last 70 years the male literate population of India has became 4^{th} time from 21% in 1951 to 82% in 2021.

S.N.	Census year	% of Male Literacy
1.	1901	9.8
2.	1911	10.6
3.	1921	12.2
4.	1931	15.6
5.	1941	24.9
6.	1951	21.16
7.	1961	40.40

8.	1971	45.96
9.	1981	56.38
10.	1991	64.13
11.	2001	75.26
12.	2011	82.14
13.	2021	

Literacy Rate of only Female Population in India Since 1901 to 2021:

The women education is still in very pitiable condition as the population of literate women is still hovering around 65%*** of the total population of the country. Percentage of literate women in the country was just 9% in 1951.

S.N.	Census year	% of Female literacy
1.	1901	0.6
2.	1911	1.0
3.	1921	1.8
4.	1931	2.9
5.	1941	7.3
6.	1951	8.86
7.	1961	15.35
8.	1971	21.97
9.	1981	29.76
10.	1991	39.29
11.	2001	53.67

12.	2011	65.46
13.	2021	

- State wise Literacy rate in India 2021
- Interestingly, female's literacy level saw a significant jump as compared to males between 2011-2021.
- While female literacy in 2011 stood at 65.46%, it has gone up to ***% in 2021. The male literacy in comparison rose from 82.14% to ***.

S.N.	State/ Union Territory	Literacy Rate in % (Person)	Literacy Rate in % (Male)	Literacy Rate in % (Female)
1.	Kerala	94.0	96.1	92.1
2.	Lakshadweep	91.8	95.6	87.9
3.	Mizoram	91.3	93.3	89.3
4.	Goa	88.7	92.6	84.7
5.	Tripura	87.2	91.5	82.7
6.	Daman & Diu	87.1	91.5	79.5
7.	Andaman & Nicobar Island	86.6	90.3	82.4
8.	NCT of Delhi	86.2	90.9	80.8
9.	Chandigarh	86.0	90.0	81.2
10.	Puducherry	85.8	91.3	80.7
11.	Himachal pradesh	82.8	89.5	75.9
12.	Maharashtra	82.3	88.4	75.9
13.	Sikkim	81.4	86.6	75.6
14.	Tamil Nadu	80.1	86.8	73.4

15.	Nagaland	79.6	82.8	76.1
16.	Manipur	79.2	86.1	72.4
17.	Uttrakhand	78.8	87.4	70.0
18.	Gujarat	78.0	85.8	69.7
19.	West Bengal	76.3	81.7	70.5
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76.2	85.2	64.3
21.	Punjab	75.8	80.4	70.7
22.	Haryana	75.6	84.1	65.9
23.	Karnataka	75.4	82.5	68.1
24.	Meghalaya	74.4	76.0	72.9
25.	Odisha	72.9	81.6	64.0
26.	Assam	72.2	77.8	66.3
27.	Chhattisgarh	70.3	80.3	60.2
28.	Madhya pradesh	69.3	78.7	59.2
29.	Uttar pradesh	67.7	77.3	57.2
30.	Jammu & Kashmir	67.2	76.8	56.4
31.	Andhra pradesh	67.0	74.9	59.1
32.	Jharkhand	66.4	76.8	55.4
33.	Rajasthan	66.1	79.2	52.1
34.	Arunachal Pradesh	65.4	72.6	57.7
35.	Bihar	61.8	71.2	51.5

State with highest Literacy Rate 2021

Kerala with 93.91% continues to occupy the top position among states.

District with highest Literacy Rate 2021

in the field of literacy while Mizoram's Serchhip (98.76%) and Aizawl (98.50%) recorded highest literacy rates among districts. ***

District with lowest Literacy Rate 2021

Koraput district in Orissa shows the least literacy level with a literacy rate of 49.87% as per 2021 census of India.

State with lowest Literacy Rate 2021

Bihar with a figure of 63.82% has the lowest literacy rate in India.

Highest Crime Rate in India According to NCRB Report 2021

- Highest Crime Rate in India: According to data from the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) of India, some of the states with the highest crime rates in India include Maharashtra, Gujarat, Tamil Nadu, and Madhya Pradesh. These states generally have large populations and high levels of urbanization, which can contribute to higher crime rates. However, it is important to note that these crime statistics may not provide a complete picture of the situation, as underreporting of crimes is a common issue in India.
- The National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) has not yet released its report for the year 2021. The latest available report is for the year 2019, which was released in September 2020.
- According to the NCRB report for 2019, the state with the highest crime rate in India
 was Assam, with a crime rate of 632.6 per 100,000 population. It was followed by Kerala
 (455.8) and Odisha (399.1).

• In terms of the number of crimes, Uttar Pradesh reported the highest number of crimes in 2019 with 3,42,954 cases, followed by Maharashtra (2,61,714 cases) and Kerala (1,41,375 cases)....

State Cr	ime rate
Kerala	1477.2
Gujarat	1044.2
Tamil Nadu	989.5
Haryana	697.3
MP	560.8
Maharashtra	433.5
Telangana	420.5
Andhra	420.4
Assam	379
Chhattisgarh	373.7
Rajasthan	357.6
Odisha	339.4
Uttarakhand	304.9
Uttar Pradesh	262.4
Mizoram	262.2
HP	254.3
Karnataka	244.4
Punjab	242