

Rettangolare

$$j \cdot -\frac{1}{2} = 0 + j \cdot -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$|c| = \sqrt{0^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = \arctg(-0.5/0) \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

*Esponenziale
complessa*

$$\frac{1}{2} e^{j \cdot -\frac{\pi}{2}} = c_1$$

