

→ approach implies

= equal

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2.10 Related Rates

$$V = \frac{4\pi}{3} r^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

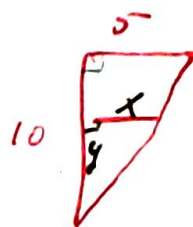
Ex. $\frac{dV}{dt} = 9 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}}$ $\frac{dy}{dt} = ?$ $y = 6$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 y \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \pi x^2 y \\ &= \frac{\pi}{3} \frac{1}{4} y^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{4} y^2 \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{9 \times 4}{\pi (36)} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{\pi} \text{ ft/min}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{y}{10} &= \frac{x}{5} \\ x &= \frac{1}{2} y \end{aligned}$$

$$s = \frac{10}{4} \leftarrow \frac{10}{dt} = 0.14 = \frac{14}{100} = \frac{2}{50}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} ?$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{500}$$

$$y = 500 \tan \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 500 \sec^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$= 500 \left(\sec^2 \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \frac{7}{50}$$

$$= 70 (\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$= 140 \text{ ft/min}$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos \frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$



Ex Given:

$$y = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5} = .6$$

$$x = \frac{8}{10} = \frac{4}{5} = .8$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} ?$$

$$s^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

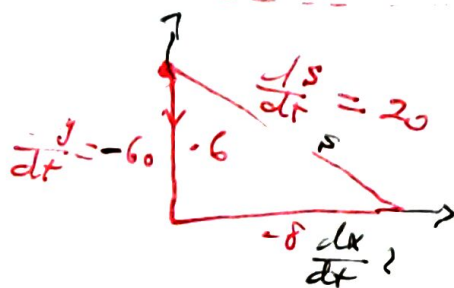
$$s = \sqrt{(.6)^2 + (.8)^2} = 1$$

$$2s \frac{ds}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \frac{dx}{dt} = 20 - \frac{3}{5} (-60)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 56 \left(\frac{5}{4} \right)$$

$$= 70 \text{ mph}$$



$t = 0 \rightarrow 30 \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$

find $\frac{dx}{dt} \big|_{x=20}$?

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{\Delta\theta}{\Delta t} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2}}{Y_2} = -\pi \text{ rad/min}$$

$\Delta CPQ : \cos\theta = \frac{10}{x}$

$$x = \frac{10}{\cos\theta}$$

$$x = 10 \sec\theta$$

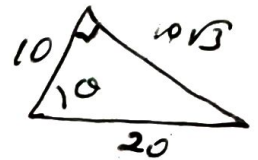
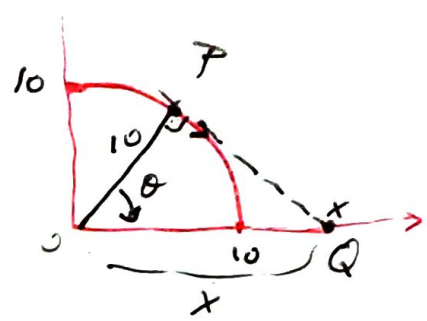
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 10 \sec\theta \tan\theta \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$\sec\theta = 2$$

$$\tan\theta = \sqrt{\sec^2\theta - 1} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 10 (2) (\sqrt{3}) (-\pi)$$

$$= -20\pi\sqrt{3} \text{ ft/min}$$



$$\cos 50^\circ = \frac{x}{1200}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = ? \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = 3 \text{ deg/sec}$$



$$\tan \theta = \frac{1200}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{12000}{\tan 50^\circ}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\frac{1200}{528} \csc^2 \theta \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$= -\frac{300}{134} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin^2 50^\circ} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \text{ deg/sec} \cdot \frac{3600 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ hr}}$$

$$= -14.1 \times 10^4 \text{ mph}$$

Ex. rope: $45 = d_1 + d_2$ (1)

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 6$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = ? \quad x = 21$$

$$z^2 = 20^2 + x^2$$

$$(1) \quad 45 = 20 - h + z$$

$$(25+h)^2 - 400 = x^2$$

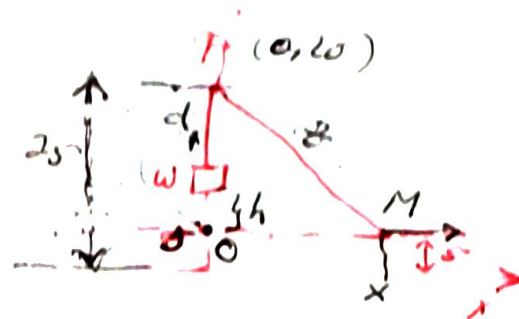
$$z = 25 + h$$

$$2(25+h) \frac{dh}{dt} = 2x \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{x}{25+h} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{21}{29} \cdot 6$$

$$= \frac{126}{29} \text{ ft/sec.}$$



$$(25+h)^2 = 21^2 + 400$$

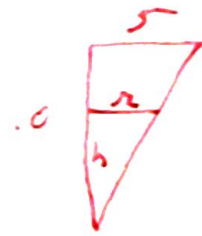
$$= 21^2 + 20^2$$

$$25+h = 29$$

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$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 2 \frac{ft^3}{min}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = ? \quad | \quad h = 4$$



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{\pi}{3} r^2 h \\ &= \frac{\pi}{3} \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 h \\ &= \frac{\pi}{12} h^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{r}{5} &= \frac{h}{10} \\ r &= \frac{1}{2} h \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= \frac{\pi}{12} h^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \\ 2 &= \frac{\pi}{12} 16 \frac{dh}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{2}{4\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \text{ ft/min}$$

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$$y = \sec \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x^4+2} \right)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{u}{v} \right)' &= \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2} \\ (sec u)' &= u' \sec u \tan u \\ (u^3)' &= 3u^2 u' \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 3 \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x^4+2} \right)^2 \frac{x(x^4+2) - 4x^3(x^2+1)}{(x^4+2)^2} \sec \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x^4+2} \right)^3 \\ &= 3 \frac{(x^2+1)^2 (-2x^5 + 4x - 4x^3)}{(x^4+2)^4} \sec \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x^4+2} \right)^3 \tan \left(\frac{x^2+1}{x^4+2} \right)^3 \end{aligned}$$

#1 $f(x) = (x^2 - 2)^2$
 $f'(x) = 4x(x^2 - 2)$

$$(u^n)' = n u^{n-1} u'$$

#2 $f(x) = (2\sqrt{x} - 1)(4x + 1)^5$

$$(u^m v^n)' = u^m v^{n-1} u' + n u^{m-1} v^n v'$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{(4x+1)^2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} (4x+1) - 4(2\sqrt{x}-1) \right)$$

$$= \frac{4x+1 - 8x + 4\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} (4x+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 4x + 4\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} (4x+1)^2}$$

$$(\sin x)' = \cos x$$

$$(\cos u)' = -u' \sin u$$

$$(\sin u)' = u' \cos u$$

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#3 $f(x) = x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \left(2 - 2x^2 + \frac{1}{2} (-2x) x^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{x(2 - 2x^2 - x^3)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

#4 $f(t) = \sin^3 4t$

$$f'(t) = 12 \sin^2 4t \cos 4t$$

$$(\sin u)^n = n (\sin u)^{n-1} (\sin u)'$$

$$= n (u' \cos u) (\sin u)^{n-1}$$

$$\#5 \quad y = 3(4-9x)^4$$

$$y' = -108(4-9x)^3$$

$$\#6 \quad y = \sqrt[3]{6x^2+1} = (6x^2+1)^{1/3}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{3}(12x)(6x^2+1)^{-2/3}$$

$$= \frac{4x}{\sqrt[3]{(6x^2+1)^2}}$$

$$\#7 \quad y = \left(\frac{1}{x-3}\right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{x-3}\right)^2 \quad \left(\frac{1}{u^n}\right)' = -\frac{nu}{u^{n+1}}$$

$$y' = -\frac{2}{(x-3)^3}$$

$$\#8 \quad y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}} = \frac{1}{(x+2)^{1/2}}$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(x+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(x+2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\#9 \quad f(x) = x^3(x-4)^5$$

$$f'(x) = x^2(x-4)^4(3x-12+5x)$$

$$= x^2(x-4)^4(8x-12)$$

(using)