

$$df = f'_x \Big|_{(x_0, y_0)} dx + f'_y \Big|_{(x_0, y_0)} dy$$

Ex Given: $r = 1$, $h = 5$ $dr = .03$ $dh = -.1$

$\Delta V?$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\begin{aligned} dV &= 2\pi r h dr + \pi r^2 dh \\ &= 2\pi (1)(5) \left(\frac{3}{100}\right) + \pi (1)^2 \left(-\frac{1}{10}\right) \\ &= \pi \left(-\frac{3}{10} - \frac{1}{10}\right) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{5} h^3 \Big| \\ &\approx .63 h^3 \end{aligned}$$

Ex

$$h = 25 \quad r = 5$$

Soln

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\begin{aligned} dV &= 2\pi r h dr + \pi r^2 dh \\ &= 2\pi (5)(25) dr + \pi (5)^2 dh \\ &= \underline{250\pi} dr + \underline{25\pi} dh \end{aligned}$$

if $dr = 1 \rightarrow 250\pi$ unit
 $1 \rightarrow (\text{unit})$ in $h \rightarrow 25\pi$ unit } change in volume

$$r = 25 \quad h = 5$$

$$dV = 250\pi dr + 625\pi dh$$

in height \rightarrow change in vol 625π unit.

Q. 1

Soln

$$f(x, y) = xy - x^2 - y^2 - 2x - 2y + 4$$

$$f_x = y - 2x - 2 = 0$$

$$f_y = x - 2y - 2 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} -2x + y = +2 \\ x - 2y = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\left[x = \frac{-6}{3} = -2 \right] \quad y = -2$$

$$C.P., (-2, -2)$$

$$f_{xx} = -2 < 0 \quad f_{yy} = -2 \quad f_{xy} = 1$$

$$f_{xx} f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = (-2)(-2) - 1 = 3 > 0$$

fctn has a local Max @ $(-2, -2)$ w/

$$\begin{aligned} f(-2, -2) &= 4 - 4 - 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 \\ &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

Ex $f(x, y) = 3y^2 - 2y^3 - 3x^2 + 6xy$

$$f_x = -6x + 6y = 0$$

$$x = y$$

$$f_y = 6y - 6y^2 + 6x = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} y - y^2 + x = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \rightarrow y - y^2 + y = 0$$

$$-y^2 + 2y = 0 \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} y = 0 = x \\ y = 2 = x \end{array} \right\}$$

CP: $(0, 0) (2, 2)$

$$f_{xx} = -6 < 0 \quad f_{yy} = 6 - 12y \quad f_{xy} = 6$$

$\textcircled{a} (0, 0)$

$$f_{xx} f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = (-6)(6) - 36$$

$$= -72 < 0$$

The fctn has a saddle point @ $(0, 0)$

$\textcircled{a} (2, 2)$

$$f_{xx} f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = (-6)(-12) - 36$$

$$= 72 > 0$$

The fctn has a local max. @ $(2, 2)$ w/

$$f(2, 2) = 12 - 16 - 12 + 24$$

$$= 8$$

Ex abs. Max/min

$$f(x, y) = 2 + 2x + 2y - x^2 - y^2$$

Q1, $x=0, y=0, y=9-x$

$$f_x = 2 - 2x = 0 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$f_y = 2 - 2y = 0 \rightarrow y = 1$$

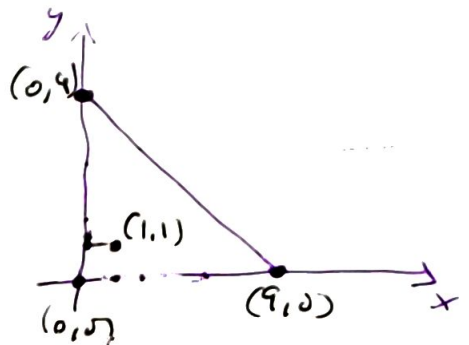
$$f(0, y) = 2 + 2y - y^2$$

$$f(x, 0) = 2 + 2x - x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x, 9-x) &= 2 + 2x + 18 - 2x - x^2 - 81 + 18x - x^2 \\ &= -2x^2 + 18x - 61 \end{aligned}$$

$$f'(x, 9-x) = -4x + 18 = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$y = 9 - \frac{9}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$$



$$f(0, 0) = 2$$

$$f(9, 0) = 2 + 18 - 81 = -61$$

$$f(0, 9) = -61$$

$$f(1, 1) = 2 + 2 + 2 - 1 - 1 = 4$$

$$f\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{9}{2}\right) = 2 + 9 + 9 - \frac{81}{4} - \frac{81}{4} = 20 - \frac{81}{2} = \frac{-41}{2}$$

$$f(0, 1) = 3$$

$$f(1, 0) = 3$$

The fcn has a L. MIN @ $(9, 0) + (0, 9)$ w/ value of -61
LMAX @ $(1, 1)$ w/ of 4

Ex $\text{width} : P = 2y + 2z$

$$x + \text{girth} = 108$$

$$x + 2y + 2z = 108 \quad (1)$$

Find dimensions $(x, y, z?)$ V_{max}

$$V = xyz \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \rightarrow x = 108 - 2y - 2z$$

$$(2) \rightarrow V = (108 - 2y - 2z)yz$$
$$= 108yz - 2y^2z - 2yz^2$$

$$V_y = 108z - 4yz - 2z^2$$
$$= 2z(54 - 2y - z) = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$V_z = 108y - 2y^2 - 4yz$$
$$= 2y(54 - y - 2z) = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$(3) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2y + z = 54 \\ -2y + 2z = 54 \end{array} \right. \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} y = 54 - 36 = 18 \\ -3z = -54 \rightarrow z = 18 \end{array} \right.$$

$$CP(18, 18)$$

$$(1) \quad x = 108 - 2(18) - 2(18)$$
$$= 36$$

$$x = 36, y = z = 18$$

$$V = 36(18)(18)$$
$$= 11,664 \text{ in}^3$$

#1/ $f(x,y) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + 3x - 3y + 4$

$$f_x = 2x + y + 3 = 0$$

$$f_y = x + 2y - 3 = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = -3 \\ x + 2y = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$[x = -\frac{9}{3} = -3]$$

$$[y = -3 + 6 = 3]$$

$$C.P : (-3, 3)$$

$$f_{xx} = 2 > 0$$

$$f_{yy} = 2$$

$$f_{xy} = 1$$

$$f_{xx} f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 4 - 1 = 3 > 0$$

The fctn has a $\angle MIN$ @ $(-3, 3)$ w/

$$f(-3, 3) = \underline{9 - 9 + 9 - 9 - 9 + 4} \\ = \underline{-5}$$

$$3/ \quad f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3xy + 15$$

$$f_x = 3x^2 - 3y = 0$$

$$y = x^2$$

$$f_y = 3y^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$y^2 = x$$

$$y = x^2$$

$$= y^4$$

$$y^4 - y = 0 \Rightarrow y(y^3 - 1) = 0$$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$$

$$y = 1 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$CP : (0, 0) \quad (1, 1)$$

$$f_{xx} = 6x$$

$$f_{yy} = 6y$$

$$f_{xy} = -3$$

$$@ (0, 0) \quad f_{xx} = 0, \quad f_{yy} = 0$$

$$f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 0 - 9 = -9 < 0$$

The fcn has a saddle point @ (0, 0)

$$@ (1, 1) \quad f_{xx} = 6 > 0 \quad f_{yy} = 6$$

$$f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 36 - 9 = 27 > 0$$

The fcn has a $\angle MIN$ @ (1, 1) w/ value of

$$f(1, 1) = 1 + 1 - 3 + 15 = \underline{14}$$

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$$f(x,y) = x^4 - 2x^2 + y^2 - 4y + 5$$

$$f_x = 4x^3 - 4x = 0$$
$$x(x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$f_y = 2y - 4 = 0$$
$$y = 2$$

$$x = 0, \pm 1$$

$$C.P.: (0, 2), (\pm 1, 2)$$

$$f_{xx} = 12x^2 - 4 \quad f_{yy} = 2 \quad f_{xy} = 0$$

$$@ (0, 2) \quad f_{xx} = -4 < 0$$

$$f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = -8 < 0$$

The fctn has a saddle point @ (0, 2)

$$@ (-1, 2) \quad f_{xx} = 8 > 0$$

$$f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 16 > 0$$

The fctn has a L Min. @ (-1, 2) w/ value

$$f(-1, 2) = 1 - 2 + 4 - 8 + 5 = 0$$

$$@ (1, 2) \quad f_{xx} = 8 > 0$$

$$f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 16 > 0$$

The fctn has a L MIN @ (1, 2) w/ value

$$f(1, 2) = 1 - 2 + 4 - 4 + 5 = 4$$

#30

$$f(x, y) = e^{x^2y^2 - 2xy^2 + y^2}$$

$$f_x = (2xy^2 - 2y^2) e^{x^2y^2 - 2xy^2 + y^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2xy^2 - 2y^2 = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$f_y = (2x^2y - 4xy + 2y) e^{x^2y^2 - 2xy^2 + y^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2y - 4xy + 2y = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \quad y^2(x-1) = 0 \rightarrow y=0, x=1$$

$$(2) \quad 2y(x^2 - 2x + 1) = 0 \rightarrow y=0, x=1$$

C.P: (1, 0)

$$f_{xx} = (2y^2 + (2xy^2 - 2y^2)^2) e^{x^2y^2 - 2xy^2 + y^2} \Big|_{(1,0)}$$

$$= 0$$

$$f_{xy} = [(4xy - 4y) + (2xy^2 - 2y^2)^2] e^{x^2y^2 - 2xy^2 + y^2} \Big|_{(1,0)}$$

$$= 0$$

#

29 $f(x, y) = x^2 + 6x + y^2 + 8$

$$f_x = 2x + 6 = 0$$
$$x = -3$$

$$f_y = 2y = 0$$
$$y = 0$$

$$CP: (-3, 0)$$

$$f_{xx} = 2 > 0$$

$$f_{yy} = 2$$

$$f_{xy} = 0$$

$$f_{xx} f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2 = 4 > 0$$

The fcn has a $\angle MIN$ @ $(-3, 0)$ w/ value 7

$$f(-3, 0) = 9 - 18 + 8$$
$$= \underline{-1}$$