# **Section 2.2 – Function Operations**

#### The **Domain** of a Function

**1.** Rational function:  $\frac{f(x)}{h(x)}$   $\Rightarrow$  Domain:  $h(x) \neq 0$ 

**Example**:  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$ 

**Domain**:  $x \neq 3$   $\{x \mid x \neq 3\}$ 

*Or*  $(-\infty,3) \cup (3,\infty)$  *Interval Notation* 

*Or*  $\mathbb{R}-\{3\}$ 

**2.** Irrational function:  $\sqrt{g(x)}$   $\Rightarrow$  Domain:  $g(x) \ge 0$ 

**Example**:  $g(x) = \sqrt{3-x} + 5$ 

 $3 - x \ge 0$   $- x \ge -3$ 

**Domain**:  $\underline{x < 3}$  \quad  $(-\infty, 3]$ 

**3.** *Otherwise*: Domain all real numbers  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

**Example**:  $f(x) = x^3 + |x|$ 

**Domain**: All real numbers  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

(1) & (2)  $\rightarrow$  Find the domain:  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x-3}}$ 

x > 3

**Domain**:  $(3, \infty)$ 

# Example

Find the domain

a)  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 17$ 

Domain: R

 $b) \quad g(x) = \frac{5x}{x^2 - 49}$ 

$$x^2 \neq 49$$

$$x \neq \pm 7$$

- **Domain:**  $\begin{cases} \{x \mid x \neq \pm 7\} & \text{or} \\ (-\infty, -7) \cup (-7, 7) \cup (7, \infty) \end{cases}$
- $c) \quad h(x) = \sqrt{9x 27}$

$$9x - 27 \ge 0$$

$$9x \ge 27$$

**Domain:**  $\underline{x \ge 3}$   $[3, \infty)$ 

# The Algebra of Functions

$$(f+g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$$
$$(f-g)(x) = f(x) - g(x)$$
$$(f \cdot g)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$$
$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

## Example

Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  and g(x) = 3x + 5. Find each of the following (f + g)(1), (f - g)(-3), (fg)(5), and  $(\frac{f}{g})(0)$ 

#### Solution

$$(f+g)(1) = f(1) + g(1)$$
  
=  $1^2 + 1 + 3(1) + 5$   
=  $1 + 1 + 3 + 5$   
=  $10$ 

$$(f-g)(-3) = f(-3) - g(-3)$$
  
=  $(-3)^2 + 1 - (3(-3) + 5)$   
=  $14$ 

$$(fg)(5) = f(5) \cdot g(5)$$
$$= (5^2 + 1) \cdot (3(5) + 5)$$
$$= (26) \cdot (20)$$
$$= 520$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(0) = \frac{f(0)}{g(0)}$$
$$= \frac{0^2 + 1}{3(0) + 5}$$
$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

# Example

Let f(x) = 8x - 9 and  $g(x) = \sqrt{2x - 1}$ . Find each of the following and give the domain

$$(f+g)(x), (f-g)(x), (fg)(x), (\frac{f}{g})(x)$$

### Solution

**Domain** of f:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

**Domain** of g:  $\left[\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)$ 

$$\sqrt{2x-1 \ge 0} \rightarrow 2x \ge 1 \implies x \ge \frac{1}{2}$$

a)  $(f+g)(x)=8x-9+\sqrt{2x-1}$ 

**Domain**:  $x \ge \frac{1}{2}$   $\left[\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$ 

b)  $(f-g)(x) = 8x-9-\sqrt{2x-1}$ 

**Domain**:  $x \ge \frac{1}{2}$   $\left[\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$ 

c)  $(fg)(x) = (8x-9)\sqrt{2x-1}$ 

**Domain**:  $x \ge \frac{1}{2}$   $\left[\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$ 

d)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{8x-9}{\sqrt{2x-1}}$ 

**Domain**:  $x > \frac{1}{2}$   $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$ 

# Example

Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ 

Find (f+g)(x) and its domain,  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$  and its domain

## **Solution**

**Domain** f(x):  $x \ge 3$  and **Domain** g(x):  $x \ge -1$ 

a)  $(f+g)(x) = \sqrt{x-3} + \sqrt{x+1}$ 

**b**)  $x \ge 3$  and  $x \ge -1 \Rightarrow \textbf{Domain}: x \ge 3$ 

c)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-3}}{\sqrt{x+1}}$ 



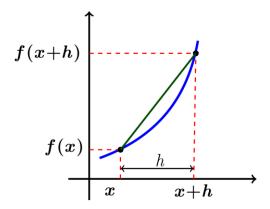
$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x - 3 \ge 0 \implies \underline{x \ge 3} \\ x + 1 > 0 \implies \underline{x > -1} \end{cases}$$

**Domain**:  $x \ge 3$   $[3, \infty)$ 

# Difference Quotients

$$\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{(x+h)-x}$$

The difference quotient is given by:  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$ 



### Example

For the function f given by f(x) = 2x - 3, find the difference quotient  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ 

#### **Solution**

$$f(x+h) = 2(--) - 3$$

$$= 2(x+h) - 3$$

$$= 2x + 2h - 3$$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{2x + 2h - 3 - (2x - 3)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2x + 2h - 3 - 2x + 3}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h}{h}$$

$$= 2|$$

## Example

For the function f given by  $f(x) = -2x^2 + x + 5$ , find the difference quotient  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ 

#### Solution

$$f(x+h) = -2(--)^{2} + (--) + 5$$

$$f(x+h) = -2(x+h)^{2} + (x+h) + 5 \qquad (a+b)^{2} = a^{2} + 2ab + b^{2}$$

$$f(x+h) = -2\left(x^{2} + 2hx + h^{2}\right) + x + h + 5$$

$$f(x+h) = -2x^{2} - 4hx - 2h^{2} + x + h + 5$$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{-2x^{2} - 4hx - 2h^{2} + x + h + 5 - (-2x^{2} + x + 5)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-2x^{2} - 4hx - 2h^{2} + x + h + 5 + 2x^{2} - x - 5}{h}$$

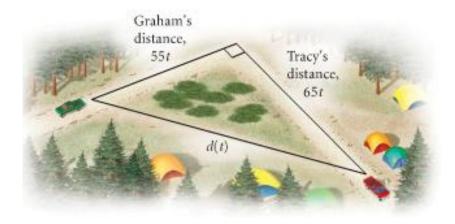
$$= \frac{-4hx - 2h^{2} + h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-4hx - 2h^{2} + h}{h}$$

$$= -4x - 2h + 1$$

#### **Example**

Tracy and Graham drive away from a camp-ground at right angles to each other. Tracy's speed is 65 mph and Graham's is 55 *mph*.



- a) Express the distance between the cars as a function of time.
- b) Find the domain of the function.

#### **Solution**

*a*) Distance = velocity \* time

Use Pythagorean Theorem:

$$d^{2}(t) = (65t)^{2} + (55t)^{2}$$

$$d^{2} = 4225t^{2} + 3025t^{2}$$

$$= 7250t^{2}$$

$$d(t) = \sqrt{7250t^{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{7250}\sqrt{t^{2}}$$

$$\approx 85.15|t|$$

$$= 85.15 t$$

**b**) **Domain**:  $t \ge 0$ 

### **Example**: (storage area)

The sound Shop has 20 *feet*. of dividers with which to set off a rectangular area for the storage of overstock. If a corner of the store is used for the storage area, the partition need only form two sides of a rectangle.



- a) Express the floor area of the storage space as a function of the length of the partition.
- b) Find the domain of the function.

#### **Solution**

Let 
$$x =$$
 the length  

$$width + length = 20$$

$$width = 20 - length$$

$$a) Area = length * width$$

$$= x(20 - x)$$

$$= 20x - x^2$$

**b)** Domain: x value varies from 0 to  $20 \Rightarrow (0, 20)$ 

# **Exercises** Section 2.2 – Function Operations

(1-80) Find the Domain

1. 
$$f(x) = 7x + 4$$

2. 
$$f(x) = |3x-2|$$

3. 
$$f(x) = 3x + \pi$$

**4.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{7}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

5. 
$$f(x) = -2x^2 + 3x - 5$$

**6.** 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 3$$

7. 
$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 15$$

8. 
$$f(x) = 4 - \frac{2}{x}$$

**9.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^4}$$

**10.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{3}{x-4}$$

11. 
$$y = \frac{2}{x-3}$$

12. 
$$y = \frac{-7}{x-5}$$

13. 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+5}{2-x}$$

**14.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{8}{x+4}$$

**15.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+4}$$

**16.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-4}$$

**17.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{3x}{x+2}$$

**18.** 
$$f(x) = x - \frac{2}{x-3}$$

**19.** 
$$f(x) = x + \frac{3}{x-5}$$

**20.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{8}{x+7}$$

**21.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3} - \frac{8}{x+7}$$

**22.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+4} - \frac{2x}{x-4}$$

**23.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{x+3} - \frac{4x}{x-2}$$

**24.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x + 1}$$

**25.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$$

**26.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$$

**27.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 4x - 5}$$

**28.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{2}{x^2 + x - 12}$$

**29.** 
$$h(x) = \frac{5}{\frac{4}{x} - 1}$$

**30.** 
$$y = \sqrt{x}$$

**31.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{8-3x}$$

**32.** 
$$y = \sqrt{4x+1}$$

33. 
$$y = \sqrt{7 - 2x}$$

**34.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{8-x}$$

**35.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3-2x}$$

**36.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3+2x}$$

**37.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{5-x}$$

**38.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-5}$$

**39.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{6-3x}$$

**40.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3x-6}$$

**41.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x+7}$$

**42.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 16}$$

**43.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{16 - x^2}$$

**44.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$

**45.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 25}$$

**46.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 4}$$

**47.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 5x + 4}$$

**48.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2}$$

**49.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 2}$$

**50.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-4} + \sqrt{x+1}$$

**51.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3-x} + \sqrt{x-2}$$

**52.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{4-x}$$

**53.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{x-3}$$

**54.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4} - \sqrt{x-1}$$

$$55. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x}$$

**56.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-3}}{x-6}$$

**57.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+4}}{\sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$58. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{5-x}}{x}$$

$$59. \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{5-x}}$$

**60.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{5-x}}$$

**67.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{\sqrt{x+2}}$$

**75.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{4x}{6x^2 + 13x - 5}$$

**61.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^3 - 4x}$$

**68.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2-x}}{\sqrt{x+2}}$$

**76.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x-3}}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$$

$$62. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+5}}{x}$$

**69.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x-4}{\sqrt{x-2}}$$

77. 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 4}}$$

$$63. \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+5}}$$

**70.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(x-3)\sqrt{x+3}}$$

78. 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{x^2+5x+4}}$$

**64.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x+5}}$$

**71.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{2-x}$$

**79.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{\sqrt{x^2+3x+2}}$$

**65.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{x-3}}$$

72. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{(x-2)(x-6)}$$
  
73.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt{4-x}$ 

**80.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x+3}}{x^2-6x+5}$$

**66.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{\sqrt{x-3}}$$

**74.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{4x-3}}{x^2}$$

81. Let f(x) = 4x - 3 and g(x) = 5x + 7. Find each of the following and give the domain

a) 
$$(f+g)(x)$$

b) 
$$(f-g)(x)$$

c) 
$$(fg)(x)$$

- d)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$
- Let  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3$  and g(x) = 3x 4. Find each of the following and give the domain

a) 
$$(f+g)(x)$$
 b)  $(f-g)(x)$  c)  $(fg)(x)$ 

$$b) \quad (f-g)(x)$$

c) 
$$(fg)(x)$$

- d)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$
- 83. Let  $f(x) = x^2 2x 3$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 3x 2$ . Find each of the following and give the domain

a) 
$$(f+g)(x)$$

b) 
$$(f-g)(x)$$

c) 
$$(fg)(x)$$

- d)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$
- **84.** Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{4x-1}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . Find each of the following and give the domain

a) 
$$(f+g)(x)$$

b) 
$$(f-g)(x)$$

c) 
$$(fg)(x)$$

d)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$ 

- Given that f(x) = x+1 and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ 
  - a) Find (f+g)(x)
  - b) Find the domain of (f+g)(x)
  - c) Find: (f+g)(6)

- Given that  $f(x) = x^2 4$  and g(x) = x + 2
  - a) Find (f+g)(x) and its domain
  - b) Find (f/g)(x) and its domain
- **87.** Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  and g(x) = 3x + 5. Find (f + g)(1), (f g)(-3), (fg)(5), and (fg)(0)
- **88.** Find (f+g)(x), (f-g)(x),  $(f \cdot g)(x)$ , and (f/g)(x) and the domain of  $f(x) = \sqrt{3-2x}, \quad g(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$
- Find (f+g)(x), (f-g)(x),  $(f \cdot g)(x)$ , and (f/g)(x) and the domain of  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-4}, \quad g(x) = \frac{x}{x+5}$
- **90.** Find (f+g)(x), (f-g)(x),  $(f \cdot g)(x)$ , and (f/g)(x) of f(x) = x-5 and  $g(x) = x^2-1$
- (88 103) Find and simplify the difference quotient  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  for the given function

**91.** 
$$f(x) = 9x + 5$$

**97.** 
$$f(x) = 3x - 6$$

**102.** 
$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$$

**92.** 
$$f(x) = 6x + 2$$

**98.** 
$$f(x) = -5x - 7$$

**103.** 
$$f(x) = 2x^2 - x - 3$$

**93.** 
$$f(x) = 4x + 11$$
  
**94.**  $f(x) = 3x - 5$ 

94.

**99.** 
$$f(x) = 2x^2$$

**104.** 
$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 5$$

**95.** 
$$f(x) = -2x - 3$$

**100.** 
$$f(x) = 5x^2$$

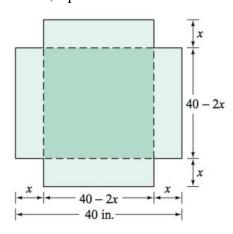
**105.** 
$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 5$$

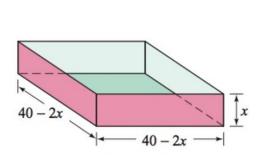
**96.** 
$$f(x) = -4x + 3$$

**101.** 
$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 4x$$

**106.** 
$$f(x) = -2x^2 - 3x + 7$$

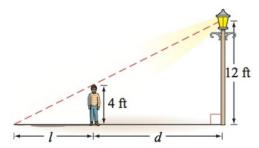
**107.** An open box is to be made from a square piece of cardboard that measures 40 *inches* on each side, to construct the box, squares that measure x inches on each side are cut from each corner of the cardboard.





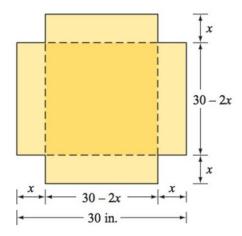
- a) Express the volume V of the box as a function of x.
- b) Determine the domain of V.

**108.** A child 4 *feet* tall is standing near a street lamp that is 12 *feet* high. The light from the lamp casts a shadow.



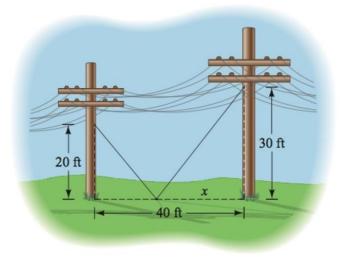
- a) Find the length l of the shadow as a function of the distance d of the child from the lamppost.
- b) What is the domain of the function?
- c) What is the length of the shadow when the child is 8 feet from the base of the lamppost?

**109.** An open box is to be made from a square piece of cardboard with the dimensions 30 *inches* by 30 *inches* by cutting out squares of area  $x^2$  from each corner.



- a) Express the volume V of the box as a function of x.
- b) Determine the domain of V.

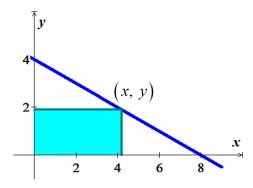
**110.** Two guy wires are attached to utility poles that are 40 *feet* apart.



- a) Find the total length of the two guy wires as a function of x.
- b) What is the domain of this function?
- **111.** A rancher has 360 *yards*. of fencing with which to enclose two adjacent rectangular corrals, one for sheep and one for cattle. A river forms one side of the corrals. Suppose the width of each corral is *x yards*.



- a) Express the total area of the two corrals as a function of x.
- b) Find the domain of the function.
- **112.** A rectangle is bounded by the x- and y-axis of  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$



- a) Find the area of the rectangle as a function of x.
- b) What is the domain of this function.