

Review

$$\frac{\cot^2 \theta + 3 \cot \theta - 4}{\cot \theta + 4} = \cot \theta - 1$$

$$\frac{\cot^2 \theta + 3 \cot \theta - 4}{\cot \theta + 4} = \frac{(\cot \theta + 4)(\cot \theta - 1)}{\cot \theta + 4} \\ = \cot \theta - 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\tan x - 1}{\tan x + 1} = \frac{1 - \cot x}{1 + \cot x}$$

$$\frac{\tan x - 1}{\tan x + 1} = \frac{\frac{1}{\cot x} - 1}{\frac{1}{\cot x} + 1} \\ = \frac{\frac{1 - \cot x}{\cot x}}{\frac{1 + \cot x}{\cot x}} \\ = \frac{1 - \cot x}{1 + \cot x} \quad \checkmark$$

$$(\sec x + \tan x)^2 = \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(\sec x + \tan x)^2 &= \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right)^2 \\&= \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} \right)^2 \\&= \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2}{\cos^2 x} \\&= \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2}{1 - \sin^2 x} \\&= \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2}{(1 + \sin x)(1 - \sin x)} \\&= \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \quad \checkmark\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\csc x - 1}{\csc x + 1} = \frac{\cot^2 x}{\csc^2 x + 2 \csc x + 1}$$

$$\frac{\csc x - 1}{\csc x + 1} = \frac{\csc x - 1}{\csc x + 1} \cdot \frac{\csc x + 1}{\csc x + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\csc^2 x - 1}{\csc^2 x + 2 \csc x + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cot^2 x}{\csc^2 x + 2 \csc x + 1} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\csc^2 x - \cos x \sec x = \cot^2 x$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{\sec x}$$

$$\csc^2 x - \cos x \sec x = \csc^2 x - 1$$

$$= \cot^2 x \quad \checkmark$$

$$\csc^2 x \sec^2 x = \sec^2 x + \csc^2 x$$

$$\csc^2 x \sec^2 x = \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \csc^2 x + \sec^2 x \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{b}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$$

$$\frac{\sin(x+y)}{\sin(x-y)} = \frac{\cot y + \cot x}{\cot y - \cot x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sin(x+y)}{\sin(x-y)} &= \frac{\frac{\sin x \cos y}{\sin x \sin y} + \frac{\cos x \sin y}{\sin x \sin y}}{\frac{\sin x \cos y}{\sin x \sin y} - \frac{\cos x \sin y}{\sin x \sin y}} \\ &= \frac{\cot y + \cot x}{\cot y - \cot x} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cos(x+y)}{\cos x \sin y} = \cot y - \tan x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\cos(x+y)}{\cos x \sin y} &= \frac{\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y}{\cos x \sin y} \\ &= \frac{\cos x \cos y}{\cos x \sin y} - \frac{\sin x \sin y}{\cos x \sin y} \\ &= \cot y - \tan x \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\sec(x+y) = \frac{\cos^2 y + \sin x \sin y}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sec(x+y) &= \frac{1}{\cos(x+y)} \frac{\cos(x-y)}{\cos(x-y)} \\ &= \frac{\cos(x-y)}{(\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y)(\cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y)} \\ &= \frac{\cos(x-y)}{\cos^2 x \cos^2 y - \sin^2 x \sin^2 y} \\ &= \frac{\cos(x-y)}{\cos^2 x (1 - \sin^2 y) - (1 - \cos^2 x) \sin^2 y} \\ &= \frac{\cos(x-y)}{\cos^2 x - \cos^2 x \sin^2 y - \sin^2 y + \cos^2 x \sin^2 y} \\ &= \frac{\cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 y} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos 3x = \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x \sin^2 x$$

$$\cos 3x = \cos(2x + x)$$

$$= \cos 2x \cos x - \sin 2x \sin x$$

$$= (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x$$

$$= \cos^3 x - \sin^2 x \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x$$

$$= \cos^3 x - 3 \sin^2 x \cos x \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \sin 4t = \cos^3 t \sin t - \sin^3 t \cos t$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \sin 4t = \frac{1}{4} \sin 2(2t)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (2 \sin 2t \cos 2t)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (2 \sin t \cos t) (\cos^2 t - \sin^2 t)$$

$$= \sin t \cos^3 t - \sin^3 t \cos t \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\cos 2x}{\cos^2 x} = \sec^2 x - 2 \tan^2 x$$

$$\frac{\cos 2x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{1 - 2 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} - 2 \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \sec^2 x - 2 \tan^2 x \quad \checkmark$$

$$2 \csc x \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$2 \csc x \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} = 2 \frac{1}{\sin x} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) (1 + \cos x)$$

$$= \frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x} \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 - \cos x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin x (1 - \cos x)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x (1 - \cos x)}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sec^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{2 \sec x + 2}{\sec x + 2 + \cos x}$$

$$2(\sec x + 1)$$

$$\sec^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos x)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{1 + \cos x} \cdot \frac{1 + \sec x}{1 + \sec x}$$

$$= \frac{2 + 2 \sec x}{1 + \cos x + \sec x + \underbrace{\cos x \sec x}_{=1}}$$

$$= \frac{2 + 2 \sec x}{2 + \cos x + \sec x} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}} = \frac{1 + \cos x}{3 - \cos x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1 - \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}} &= \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos x\right)}{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos x\right)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos x}{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos x} \quad \left(\frac{2}{2}\right) \\ &= \frac{1 + \cos x}{3 - \cos x} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$