Solution Section 1.1 – Idea of Limits

Exercise

Find the average rate of change of the function $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ over the interval [2, 3]

Solution

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(3) - f(2)}{3 - 2}$$

$$= \frac{3^3 + 1 - (2^3 + 1)}{1}$$

$$= 27 + 1 - (8 + 1)$$

$$= 19$$

Exercise

Find the average rate of change of the function $f(x) = x^2$ over the interval [-1, 1]

Solution

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(1) - f(-1)}{1 - (-1)}$$

$$= \frac{1^2 - (-1)^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{0}{2}$$

$$= 0$$

Exercise

Find the average rate of change of the function $f(t) = 2 + \cos t$ over the interval $[-\pi, \pi]$

Solution

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(\pi) - f(-\pi)}{\pi - (-\pi)}$$

$$= \frac{2 + \cos \pi - (2 + \cos(-\pi))}{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1 - (2 - 1)}{2}$$

$$= 0$$

Exercise

Find the slope of $y = x^2 - 3$ at the point P(2, 1) and an equation of the tangent line at this P.

Solution

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{(2+h)^2 - 3 - (2^2 - 3)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{4 + 4h + h^2 - 3 - (4 - 3)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{4h + h^2}{h}$$

$$= \frac{4 + h}{h}$$

As h approaches 0. Then the secant slope $h + 4 \rightarrow 4 = slope$

$$y = 4(x-2)+1$$

 $y = m(x-x_1)+y_1$
 $y = 4x-8+1$
 $y = 4x-7$

Exercise

Find the slope of $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$ at the point P(2, -3) and an equation of the tangent line at this P.

Solution

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{(2+h)^2 - 2(2+h) - 3 - (2^2 - 2(2) - 3)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{4 + 4h + h^2 - 4 - 2h - 3 - (-3)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h + h^2}{h}$$

$$= 2 + h \qquad \text{As } h \text{ approaches } 0. \text{ Then the secant slope } 2 + h \to 2 = slope$$

$$y + 3 = 2(x - 2) \qquad y = m(x - x_1) + y_1$$

$$y = 2x - 4 - 3$$

$$y = 2x - 7$$

Exercise

Find the slope of $y = x^3$ at the point P(2, 8) and an equation of the tangent line at this P.

Solution

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{(2+h)^3 - 2^3}{h}$$

$$= \frac{8 + 12h + 6h^2 + h^3 - 8}{h}$$

$$= 12 + 6h + h^2 \qquad \text{As } h \text{ approaches 0. Then } slope = 12$$

$$y - 8 = 12(x - 2)$$

$$y = m(x - x_1) + y_1$$

$$y = 12x - 24 + 8$$

$$y = 12x - 16$$

Exercise

Make a table of values for the function $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-2}$ at the points

$$x = 1.2$$
, $x = \frac{11}{10}$, $x = \frac{101}{100}$, $x = \frac{1001}{1000}$, $x = \frac{10001}{10000}$, and $x = 1$

- a) Find the average rate of change of f(x) over the intervals [1, x] for each $x \ne 1$ in the table
- b) Extending the table if necessary, try to determine the rate of change of f(x) at x = 1.

Solution

a)

| x | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.01 | 1.001 | 1.0001 | 1 |
|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|----|
| f(x) | -4.0 | $-3.\overline{4}$ | $-3.\overline{04}$ | -3.004 | -3.004 | -3 |

3

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-4 - (-3)}{1.2 - 1} = -5.0$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-3.\overline{4} - (-3)}{1.1 - 1} = -4.\overline{4}$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-3.\overline{04} - (-3)}{1.01 - 1} = -4.\overline{04}$$

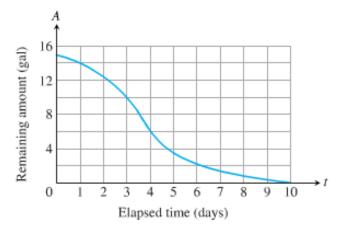
$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-3.\overline{004} - (-3)}{1.001 - 1} = -4.\overline{004}$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{-3.\overline{0004} - (-3)}{1.0001 - 1} = -4.\overline{0004}$$

b) The rate of change of f(x) at x = 1 is -4

Exercise

The accompanying graph shows the total amount of gasoline A in the gas tank of an automobile after being driven for t days.



a) Estimate the average rate of gasoline consumption over the time intervals

b) Estimate the instantaneous rate of gasoline consumption over the time t = 1, t = 4, and t = 8

Solution

a) Average rate of gasoline consumption over the time intervals:

$$[0, 3] \Rightarrow Average Rate = \frac{10-15}{3-0} \approx \frac{10-15}{3-0} \approx \frac{10-15}{3-0}$$

$$[0, 5] \Rightarrow Average Rate = \frac{3.9-15}{3-0} \approx -2.2 \text{ gal / day }]$$

[7, 10]
$$\Rightarrow$$
 Average Rate = $\frac{0-1.4}{10-7} \approx -0.5 \text{ gal / day}$

b) At
$$t = 1 \to P(1, 14)$$

At
$$t = 4 \rightarrow P(4, 6)$$

At
$$t = 8 \rightarrow P(8, 1)$$