3,4-55 5/12 -3 13 lecture of 8,15 -317 (COS (A+B) = COSA COSB = sin Asin A COS (A-B) = COSA COSB + sus Asins 8.2 Cosine i coscos prinsis @) Sin(A+A) = sin A cos B + cos A sin B Sw (A-B) = sin A cost - cost in B SINACOA SINA COSA (25 (750) = COD (30°+450) - Cos 30° Cosas-0 -= 13 13 - 1 2

sin 30° sin 450 ((20 - A) = (0590° COSA + sin 80° sin A 3-4-000 100 Sin # = sin (3-4) = sing cos # - cos 5 sint T-1 60-450 tan (A+B) = (A+B) = fant+ fans (- Fantsans

$$= \frac{15 - 46}{65} + (\frac{4}{5})(-\frac{12}{13})$$

$$=\frac{4}{5}\left(-\frac{5}{(3)}\right)+\frac{3}{5}\left(-\frac{12}{3}\right)$$

$$=\frac{-20-36}{65}$$

Prove: (0) (x-y) = cotx coty+1 Sinx sing = cosxcory + 1 = cosicos - suis cotx coty + ,2,17,15,19. Prove cot(x+y) = cotx coty -1 cot (x+y) = cos (x+y) suix cosy + sing cosx

cotx coty - 1

Prove 1 sec (x-y) = Cosx cosy -Dec (x-y) = (Cos (x-y) (Cosx cosy + sin x sin) (cosx cosy - sux siny) ((x + y) ((x + y) - sin x sin y Cos (x+8) - (1- Cos2x) sin2y = cus(x+2)

cus2x - cus2x sin2y - sin2y + cus2x sin2y Cosx cosy - sinx suny Cos (2A) double angle Cos A = (cos A) 2 squa Wo A2 = Cos (A2) Culse Cos A 3 A COSSA (A+A+A)