

## Section 1.4 – Limits at Infinity

Notation	Terminology
$f(x) \rightarrow \infty$	$f(x)$ increases without bound (can be made as large positive as desired)
$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$	$f(x)$ decreases without bound (can be made as large negative as desired)

### Horizontal Asymptote (HA)

The line  $y = b$  is a **horizontal asymptote** for the graph of a function  $f$  if

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = b \quad \text{or} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = b$$

Let  $f(x) = \frac{p(x)}{q(x)} = \frac{a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0}{b_m x^m + b_{m-1} x^{m-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0} = \frac{a_n x^n}{b_m x^m}$  be a rational function. (**Proof !**)

1. If the degree of numerator is less than of denominator ( $n < m$ )  $\Rightarrow y = 0$

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{4x^2+5} \Rightarrow \underline{y = 0}$$

2. If the degree of numerator is equal of denominator ( $n = m$ )  $\Rightarrow y = \frac{a_n}{b_m}$

$$y = \frac{2x^2+1}{4x^2+5} \Rightarrow y = \frac{2}{4} = \underline{\frac{1}{2}}$$

3. If the degree of numerator is greater than of denominator ( $n > m$ )  $\Rightarrow$  No horizontal asymptote

$$y = \frac{2x^3+1}{4x^2+5} \Rightarrow \text{No HA}$$

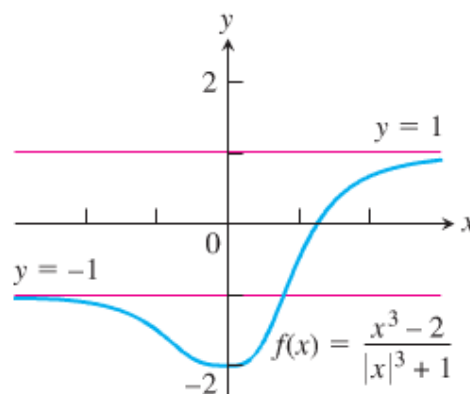
### Example

Find the horizontal asymptotes of the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2}{|x|^3 + 1}$

#### Solution

For  $x \geq 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - 2}{|x|^3 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3}{x^3}$$



$$\underline{=1}$$

For  $x \leq 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - 2}{|x|^3 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^3}{(-x)^3}$$

$$\underline{=-1}$$

The **HA** are  $y = -1$  and  $y = 1$ .

### Example

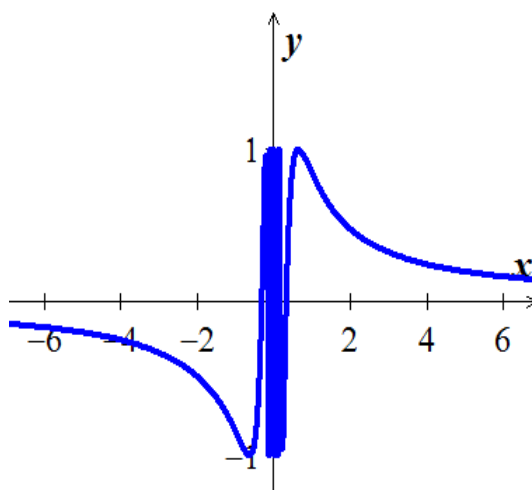
Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

### Solution

Let  $t = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \sin t$$

$$\underline{=0}$$



### Example

Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

### Solution

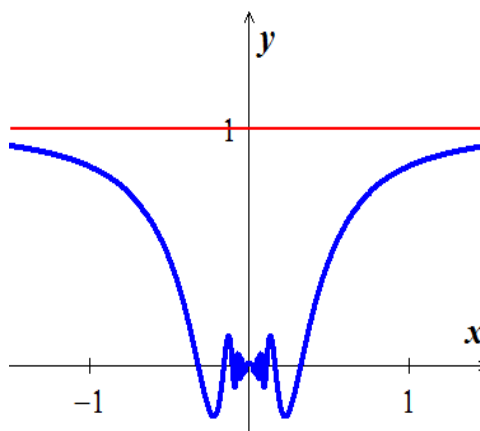
Let  $t = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{t}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin t}{t}$$

$$\underline{=1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sin t}{t}$$

$$\underline{=1}$$



### Example

Find the horizontal asymptote of  $y = 2 + \frac{\sin x}{x}$

### Solution

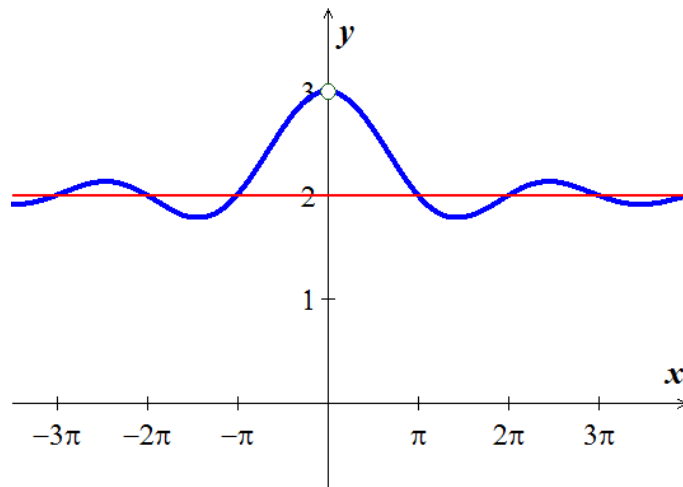
$$\text{Since } 0 \leq \left| \frac{\sin x}{x} \right| \leq \left| \frac{1}{x} \right|$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \left( 2 + \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = 2 + 0$$
$$\underline{= 2}$$

**HA:**  $y = 2$



### Example

Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( x - \sqrt{x^2 + 16} \right)$

### Solution

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( x - \sqrt{x^2 + 16} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( x - \sqrt{x^2 + 16} \right) \cdot \frac{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 16}}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 16}}$$

$$(a - b)(a + b) = a^2 - b^2$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - (x^2 + 16)}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 16}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - x^2 - 16}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 16}}$$

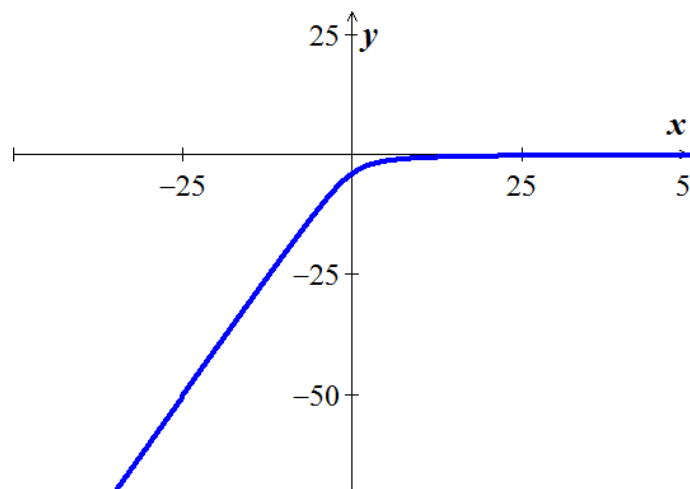
$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-16}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 16}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\frac{16}{x}}{\frac{x}{x} + \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{16}{x^2}}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\frac{16}{x}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{16}{x^2}}}$$

$$= \frac{0}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 0}}$$

$$= 0$$



## Slant or Oblique Asymptotes

When the degree of the numerator is one greater than the degree of the denominator, the graph has a *slant* or *oblique* asymptote and it is a line  $y = ax + b$ ,  $a \neq 0$ . To find the slant asymptote, divide the fraction using long division. The quotient (not remainder) is the slant asymptote.

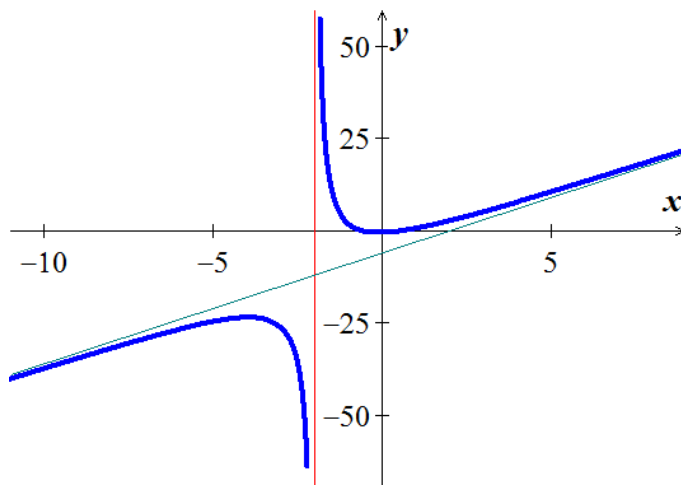
### Example

$$y = \frac{3x^2 - 1}{x + 2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - 6 \\ x + 2 \overline{) 3x^2 + 0x - 1} \\ \underline{3x^2 + 6x} \phantom{-1} \\ -6x - 1 \\ \underline{-6x - 12} \\ R = 11 \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{3x^2 - 1}{x + 2}$$

$$= (3x - 6) + \frac{11}{x + 2}$$



The *oblique asymptote* is the line  $y = 3x - 6$

### Example

Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes of the curve  $y = \frac{x+3}{x+2}$

#### Solution

$$\text{HA: } y \rightarrow \frac{x}{x} = 1 \Rightarrow \underline{y = 1}$$

$$\text{VA: } x + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{x = -2}$$

### Example

Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes of the curve  $f(x) = -\frac{8}{x^2 - 4}$

#### Solution

$$\text{HA: } y \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -\frac{8}{x^2} = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{y = 0}$$

**VA:**  $x^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{x = \pm 2}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = -\infty \quad \text{and} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \infty$$

## Infinite Limits

The limit has a value of infinity or minus infinity, such a function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . It is convenient to describe the behavior of  $f$  by saying that  $f(x)$  approaches  $\infty$  as  $x \rightarrow 0^+$ .

### Definition

We say  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \infty$

That  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{x}$  doesn't exist because  $\frac{1}{x}$  becomes arbitrary large and positive as  $x \rightarrow 0^+$ .

We say  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x} = -\infty$

That  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x}$  doesn't exist because  $\frac{1}{x}$  becomes arbitrary large and negative as  $x \rightarrow 0^-$ .

### Example

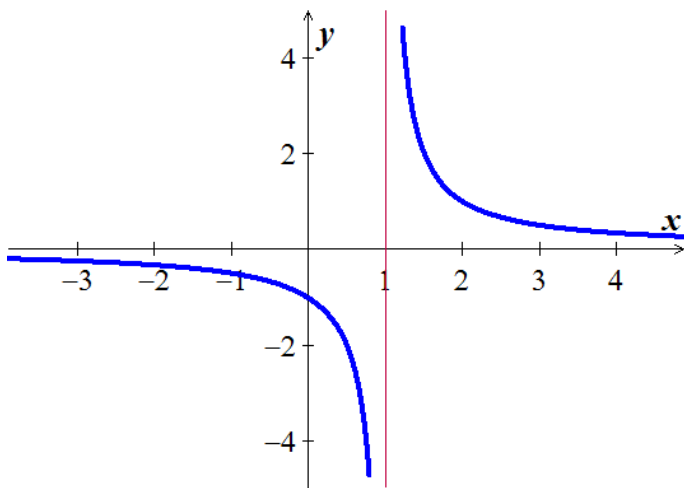
Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1}{x-1}$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1}{x-1}$

### Solution

As  $x \rightarrow 1^+ \Rightarrow x-1 \rightarrow 0^+$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1}{x-1} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1}{x-1} = -\infty$$



## Examples

$$\begin{aligned}\text{➤} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)^2}{x^2 - 4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)^2}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)}{(x+2)} \\ &= \frac{0}{4} \\ &= 0 \quad | \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{➤} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{x^2 - 4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x+2} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \quad | \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{➤} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x-3}{x^2 - 4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x-3}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ &= -\infty \quad | \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{➤} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x-3}{x^2 - 4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x-3}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ &= \infty \quad | \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{➤} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-3}{x^2 - 4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-3}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ &= \text{doesn't exist} \quad | \end{aligned}$$

## Exercises      Section 1.4 – Limits at Infinity

(1 – 8) Find the limit as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  and as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  of

1.  $h(x) = \frac{-5 + \frac{7}{x}}{3 - \frac{1}{x^2}}$

4.  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2+3}$

6.  $f(x) = \frac{9x^4 + x}{2x^4 + 5x^2 - x + 6}$

2.  $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{5x+7}$

5.  $f(x) = \frac{7x^3}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x}$

7.  $f(x) = \frac{-2x^3 - 2x + 3}{3x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x}$

3.  $f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 7}{x^3 - x^2 + x + 7}$

(8 – 60) Evaluate the limits

8.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{12}$

20.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left( \frac{x^2 + x - 1}{8x^2 - 3} \right)^{1/3}$

9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 3x^9$

21.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2\sqrt{x} + x^{-1}}{3x - 7}$

10.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^{-8}$

22.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^{-1} + x^{-4}}{x^{-2} + x^{-3}}$

11.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^{-9}$

23.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4 - 3x^3}{\sqrt{x^6 + 9}}$

12.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 2x^{-6}$

24.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} \right)$

13.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (3x^{12} - 9x^7)$

25.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left( \sqrt{x^2 + 3} + x \right)$

14.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (3x^7 + x^2)$

15.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (-2x^{16} + 2)$

26.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x - 3}{4x + 10}$

16.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (2x^{-6} + 4x^5)$

27.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^5 + 2}$

17.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\cos x}{3x}$

28.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (-3x^3 + 5)$

18.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{2x + 7 - 5 \sin x}$

29.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( e^{-2x} + \frac{2}{x} \right)$

19.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{8x^2 - 3}{2x^2 + x}}$

30.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\ln x + 1}$



31.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( 3 + \frac{10}{x^2} \right)$
32.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( 5 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{10}{x^2} \right)$
33.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2 + 2x + 3}{x^2}$
34.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( 5 + \frac{100}{x} + \frac{\sin^4 x^3}{x^2} \right)$
35.  $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta^2}$
36.  $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cos \theta^5}{\sqrt{\theta}}$
37.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x}{20x + 1}$
38.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x}{20x + 1}$
39.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 7}{x^2 + 5x}$
40.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x^2 - 7}{x^2 + 5x}$
41.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 8}{3x^2 + 2}$
42.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 8}{3x^2 + 2}$
43.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2 - 7}{8x^2 + 5x + 2}$
44.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x^2 - 7}{8x^2 + 5x + 2}$
45.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 64x^2 + x^2}}{2x^2 - 4}$
46.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 64x^2 + x^2}}{2x^2 - 4}$
47.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 36x^2}{x^4 - 25x^2 + 144}$
48.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 36x^2}{x^4 - 25x^2 + 144}$
49.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 16x^2 \left( 4x^2 - \sqrt{16x^4 + 1} \right)$
50.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 16x^2 \left( 4x^2 - \sqrt{16x^4 + 1} \right)$
51.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x - 1}{x^{2/3} - 1}$
52.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x - 1}{x^{2/3} - 1}$
53.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 6} - 3}{x - 1}$
54.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|1 - x^2|}{x(x + 1)}$
55.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sqrt{|x|} - \sqrt{|x - 1|} \right)$
56.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x}$
57.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cos x}{e^{3x}}$
58.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$
59.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$
60.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$

(61 – 64) Graph the rational function and include the equations of the asymptotes

61.  $y = \frac{1}{2x+4}$

62.  $y = \frac{2x}{x+1}$

63.  $y = \frac{x^2}{x-1}$

64.  $y = \frac{x^3+1}{x^2}$

65. Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-5x+6}{x^2-2x}$

a) Analyze  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x)$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x)$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x)$ , and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x)$

b) Does the graph of  $f$  have any vertical asymptotes? Explain?

(66 – 85) Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

66.  $y = \frac{3x}{1-x}$

73.  $y = \frac{x^3+3x^2-2}{x^2-4}$

80.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\tan^{-1}x}$

67.  $y = \frac{x^2}{x^2+9}$

74.  $y = \frac{x-3}{x^2-9}$

81.  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2+6}{2x^2+3x-2}$

68.  $y = \frac{x-2}{x^2-4x+3}$

75.  $y = \frac{6}{\sqrt{x^2-4x}}$

82.  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2+2x-1}{4x+1}$

69.  $y = \frac{5x-1}{1-3x}$

76.  $f(x) = \frac{4x^3+1}{1-x^3}$

83.  $f(x) = \frac{9x^2+4}{(2x-1)^2}$

70.  $y = \frac{3}{x-5}$

77.  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{9x^2+x}}$

84.  $f(x) = \frac{1+x-2x^2-x^3}{x^2+1}$

71.  $y = \frac{x^3-1}{x^2+1}$

78.  $f(x) = 1 - e^{-2x}$

85.  $f(x) = \frac{x(x+2)^3}{3x^2-4x}$

72.  $y = \frac{3x^2-27}{(x+3)(2x+1)}$

79.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\ln x^2}$

(85 – 142) Find the limits

86.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^3+5x^2-14x}$

89.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^2-x^2}{h}$

92.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{2+x} - \frac{1}{2}}{x}$

87.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4x+4}{x^3+5x^2-14x}$

90.  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^2-x^2}{h}$

93.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{1/3}-1}{\sqrt{x}-1}$

88.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^2-a^2}{x^4-a^4}$

91.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{1-x}$

94.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 64} \frac{x^{2/3}-16}{\sqrt{x}-8}$

95.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(2x)}{\tan(\pi x)}$
96.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \csc x$
97.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2} + \sin x\right)$
98.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \cos^2(x - \tan x)$
99.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{8x}{3 \sin x - x}$
100.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 2x - 1}{\sin x}$
101.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4 - 3x^3}{\sqrt{x^6 + 9}}$
102.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2 - 4x + 8}{3x^3}$
103.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x^2 + 3}{5x^2 + 7}$
104.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^4 + x^3}{12x^3 + 128}$
105.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2 + \sqrt{x}}{2 - \sqrt{x}}$
106.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 + \sqrt{x}}{2 - \sqrt{x}}$
107.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - \sqrt[5]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt[5]{x}}$
108.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^4}}{\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3}}$
109.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^{5/3} - x^{1/3} + 7}{x^{8/5} + 3x + \sqrt{x}}$
110.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \ln(x - 2)$
111.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^2 \ln(2 - \sqrt{x})$
112.  $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{\theta} e^{\cos \frac{\pi}{\theta}}$
113.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x - 3}{5x + 6}$
114.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 - 3}{5x^2 + 6}$
115.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x - 3}{5x^3 + 6}$
116.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{5x^2 - 3x + 6}$
117.  $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\theta \cot 4\theta}{\sin^2 \theta \cot^2 2\theta}$
118.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 5} - \sqrt{5}}{x}$
119.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^4 - 16}{x - 2}$
120.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 8}{x - 2}$
121.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 5x + 3}{2x + x^{2/3} - 4}$
122.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 1}$
123.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 1}$
124.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x - 3}{\sqrt{4x^2 + 25}}$
125.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4 - 3x^3}{\sqrt{x^6 + 9}}$
126.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^4 - x}{15x^3 + 4}$
127.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + \sin x + 2\sqrt{x}}{x + \sin x}$
128.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^{2/3} - x^{-1}}{x^{2/3} + \cos^2 x}$
129.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin 2x}{x}$
130.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{3x}$
131.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\cos x}{2x}$
132.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left( \frac{x^2 + x - 1}{8x^2 - 3} \right)^{1/3}$
133.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 8} - 3}{x + 1}$
134.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left( \frac{1 - x^3}{x^2 + 7x} \right)^5$
135.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 5x}{x^3 + x - 2}}$
136.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2\sqrt{x} + x^{-1}}{3x - 7}$
137.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -5^-} \frac{3x}{2x + 10}$
138.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -8^+} \frac{3x}{x + 8}$
139.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{x^2(x + 1)}$
140.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{4}{(x - 7)^2}$
141.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x^{2/3}}$
142.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 2} \right)$