A, +CD A.ACD 514B= h = bsinA= asinB SinA = SinB = SinC 160° - 30° - 70° 2(80) 5,000 80 51770 = 160 pin 70

 $\begin{array}{c}
(3?) \\
(3) = 160^{\circ} - 112.9^{\circ} - 31.1^{\circ} \\
= 36^{\circ} \\
(3) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(3) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(3) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(4) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(5) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(6) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(7) = 36.7 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(8) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(9) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(12.9) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(13.9) = 347.6 \text{ Sin 31.1}^{\circ} \\
(13$ 

 $A = 65-3^{\circ}$   $b = \frac{a \sin \delta}{\sin \delta}$   $= \frac{662 \sin 5.7^{\circ}}{\sin \delta 5.3^{\circ}}$ 

$$0 \le \sin 0 \le 1$$

$$0 \le \alpha 1 + \alpha 1$$

$$1 \text{ mabiguous Case}$$

$$\alpha = 2, b = 6 \quad A = 30^{\circ}$$

$$5 \text{ in } B = \frac{b \sin A}{a}$$

$$= \frac{6}{2} \sin 30^{\circ}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} > 1 \text{ #}$$

:. No Twangle

2 458 Af

$$C = 35.4^{\circ} \qquad a = 205 \qquad C = 3/4$$

$$Sin A = \frac{a \sin C}{c}$$

$$= \frac{205}{3/4} \sin 35.4^{\circ}$$

$$A = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{205}{3/4} \sin 35.4^{\circ} \right)$$

$$= 22.2^{\circ} \qquad 4 = (50^{\circ} - 22.2^{\circ})$$

$$= 157.5^{\circ}$$

$$= 122.4^{\circ}$$

$$= 4$$

$$b = \frac{c \sin B}{5 in C} = \frac{3/4}{5 in 122.4^{\circ}}$$

a=54 b=62 , +=400 13 = Sin (62 Sim 40) 2480 B=180-48° B=48° C= 180°-132-40° C= 150°-48°-40° -8° C = 54 517 80 C = 54 sin 920 212 2841 SAS, K=1 bcsinA = = = ab sin C = = acsinB (=52°40' tix 1= 20°40' b=27.3 B = 150° - 20° do' - 52° do' 770201 ~ 102.667° |

77 + 20x

May = 27-3 Sin 24° 43 / x 11.7

b, c, A. Law of cosine  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A}$   $b = \sqrt{a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos B}$ 

$$\alpha = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A}$$

$$= \sqrt{20^2 + 30^2} - 2(20)(30) \cos 60^{\circ}$$

$$= 10 \sqrt{4 + 9} - 12(\frac{1}{2})$$

$$= 10 \sqrt{7} \sin 6$$

$$a, b, c$$

$$cos A = \frac{b^{2} + c^{2} - a^{2}}{2bc} \rightarrow A = cos^{-1} \frac{b^{2} + c^{2} - a^{2}}{2bc}$$

$$B = cos^{-1} \frac{a^{2} + c^{2} - b^{2}}{2ac}$$

b = 34 b = 20 c = 18

A = cos 20 + 182 - 342

SSS. Heron's Area 5=1 (a+6+c) M= VS(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)