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1. Find the components of the vector $\overrightarrow{P_1 P_2}$ with initial point $P_1 (2, -1, 4)$ and terminal point $P_2 (7, 5, -8)$
2. Find $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$, where $\mathbf{u} = (1, 2, -2)$ and $\mathbf{v} = (3, 0, 1)$ and show that $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$ is perpendicular to \mathbf{u} and to \mathbf{v} .
3. Calculate the scalar triple product $\mathbf{u} \cdot (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w})$ of the vectors:
 - a) $\mathbf{u} = 3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}$ $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$ $\mathbf{w} = 3\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$
 - b) $\mathbf{u} = (-2, 0, 6)$ $\mathbf{v} = (1, -3, 1)$ $\mathbf{w} = (-5, -1, 1)$
4. Given $\mathbf{u} = (3, 2, -1)$, $\mathbf{v} = (0, 2, -3)$, and $\mathbf{w} = (2, 6, 7)$ Compute the vectors
 - a) $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$
 - b) $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w}$
 - c) $\mathbf{u} \times (\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w})$
 - d) $(\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}) \times \mathbf{w}$
 - e) $\mathbf{u} \times (\mathbf{v} - 2\mathbf{w})$
 - f) $\|\mathbf{u}\|$
 - g) Unit vector of \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} , and \mathbf{w}
 - h) Angle between \mathbf{v} , and \mathbf{w}
 - i) $\|3\mathbf{u} - 5\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w}\|$
 - j) $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$
 - k) $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{w}$
5. Determine whether the vectors form an orthogonal set
 - a) $\mathbf{v}_1 = (2, 3)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (-3, 2)$
 - b) $\mathbf{v}_1 = (-3, 4, -1)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (1, 2, 5)$, $\mathbf{v}_3 = (4, -3, 0)$
 - c) $\mathbf{v}_1 = (2, -2, 1)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (2, 1, -2)$, $\mathbf{v}_3 = (1, 2, 2)$
6. Find the vector component $\left(\text{proj}_{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{u} = \frac{\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{a}}{\|\mathbf{a}\|^2} \mathbf{a} \right)$ of \mathbf{u} along \mathbf{a} and the vector component of \mathbf{u} orthogonal to \mathbf{a} .
 - a) $\mathbf{u} = (-1, -2)$, $\mathbf{a} = (-2, 3)$
 - b) $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 - c) $\mathbf{u} = (1, 1, 1)$, $\mathbf{a} = (0, 2, -1)$
 - d) $\mathbf{u} = (2, 0, 1)$, $\mathbf{a} = (1, 2, 3)$
7. Find the area of the parallelogram determined by the given vectors $\mathbf{u} = (1, 1, 1)$, $\mathbf{v} = (3, 2, -5)$
8. Use the cross product to find a vector that is orthogonal to both $\mathbf{u} = (3, 3, 1)$, $\mathbf{v} = (0, 4, 2)$
9. Find the area of the triangle with the given vertices:
 - a) $A(2, 0)$ $B(3, 4)$ $C(-1, 2)$
 - b) $A(2, 6, -1)$ $B(1, 1, 1)$ $C(4, 6, 2)$

10. Find the volume of the parallelepiped with sides \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} , and \mathbf{w} .

$$\mathbf{u} = (2, -6, 2), \quad \mathbf{v} = (0, 4, -2), \quad \mathbf{w} = (2, 2, -4)$$

11. Which of the following are linear combinations?

- a) $(2, 1, 4)$ $(1, -1, 3)$ $(3, 2, 5)$ $\mathbf{w} = (5, 9, 5)$ c) $(1, -1, 3)$ $(2, 4, 0)$ $\mathbf{w} = (1, 5, 6)$
b) $(1, -1, 3)$ $(2, 4, 0)$ $\mathbf{w} = (4, 2, 6)$ d) $(2, 1, 4)$ $(1, -1, 3)$ $(3, 2, 5)$ $\mathbf{w} = (2, 2, 3)$

12. Show that the vector \mathbf{w} is a subspace of \mathbf{R}^3 ?

- a) All vectors of the form $\mathbf{w} = (a, 0, 0)$
b) $\mathbf{w} = (a, b, c)$, where $a + c + b = 0$, a, b, c are real numbers
c) $\mathbf{w} = (a, b, c)$, where $b = a + c$, a, b, c are real numbers

13. Determine whether the given vectors span \mathbf{R}^3

- a) $\mathbf{v}_1 = (1, 1, 1)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (2, 2, 0)$, $\mathbf{v}_3 = (3, 0, 0)$
b) $\mathbf{v}_1 = (1, 3, 3)$, $\mathbf{v}_2 = (1, 3, 4)$, $\mathbf{v}_3 = (1, 4, 3)$, $\mathbf{v}_4 = (6, 2, 1)$

14. Determine whether the vectors are linearly independent or linearly dependent

- a) $(1, 1, -1)$, $(2, -3, 1)$, $(8, -7, 1)$
b) $(1, -2, -3)$, $(2, 3, -1)$, $(3, 2, 1)$
c) $(1, -2, 1)$, $(1, 2, -1)$, $(7, -4, 1)$
d) $(1, -3, 7)$, $(2, 0, -6)$, $(3, -1, -1)$, $(2, 4, -5)$
e) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

15. Find the coordinate vector of \mathbf{w} relative to the basis $S = \{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2\}$ for \mathbf{R}^2

- a) $\mathbf{u}_1 = (1, -1)$, $\mathbf{u}_2 = (1, 1)$, $\mathbf{w} = (1, 0)$
b) $\mathbf{u}_1 = (2, -4)$, $\mathbf{u}_2 = (3, 8)$, $\mathbf{w} = (1, 1)$

16. Find the coordinate vector of \mathbf{v} relative to the basis $S = \{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$

a) $\mathbf{v} = (2, -1, 1), \quad v_1 = (2, 1, 3), \quad v_2 = (1, 0, 1), \quad v_3 = (1, 1, 1)$

b) $\mathbf{v} = (2, 1, 0), \quad v_1 = (1, 2, 1), \quad v_2 = (-1, 1, 2), \quad v_3 = (1, 2, 3)$

17. Given the matrix A and b :

- a) Reduce A to row-reduced echelon form.
- b) What is the dimension of A ?
- c) What is the rank of A ?
- d) What are the pivots?
- e) What are the free variables?
- f) Find the special (homogeneous) solutions.
- g) What is the nullspace $N(A)$?
- h) Find the particular solution to $Ax = b$
- i) Give the complete solution.

i. $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & -1 & -8 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -15 \\ -47 \\ 16 \end{pmatrix}$

ii. $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -4 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & -2 \\ 3 & -6 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

iii. $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -7 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

Solution

1. $(5, 6, -12)$
2. $(2, -7, -6)$, $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$ is orthogonal to both \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .
3. a) 49 b) -92
4. a) $(-4, 9, 6)$ b) $(32, -6, -4)$ c) $(-14, -20, -82)$
d) $(27, 40, -42)$ e) $(-44, 55, -22)$ e) $\sqrt{14}$
g) $\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}\right), \left(0, \frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}, -\frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}\right), \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{89}}, \frac{6}{\sqrt{89}}, \frac{7}{\sqrt{89}}\right)$
h) 105.343° i) 22.045 j) 7 k) 11
5. a) Yes b) No c) Yes
6. a) $\left(\frac{8}{13}, -\frac{12}{13}\right)$ $\left(-\frac{21}{13}, -\frac{14}{13}\right)$ b) $(\cos \theta, 0)$ $(0, \sin \theta)$
c) $\left(0, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{-1}{5}\right)$ $\left(1, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{6}{5}\right)$ d) $\left(\frac{5}{14}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{15}{14}\right)$ $\left(\frac{23}{14}, -\frac{5}{7}, -\frac{1}{14}\right)$
7. $\sqrt{114}$
8. $(2, -6, 12)$
9. a) 7 b) $\frac{\sqrt{374}}{2}$
10. 16
11. a) $(5, 9, 5) = 3(2, 1, 4) - 4(1, -1, 3) + 1(3, 2, 5)$
b) $(4, 2, 6) = 2(1, -1, 3) + 1(2, 4, 0)$
c) not a linear combination
d) $(2, 2, 3) = \frac{1}{2}(2, 1, 4) - \frac{1}{2}(1, -1, 3) + \frac{1}{2}(3, 2, 5)$
12. a) Yes
b) Yes
c) Yes
13. a) $\det = -6$, Yes
b) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 39 & 7b_1 - b_2 - b_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -17 & b_3 - 3b_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -16 & b_2 - 3b_1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ Yes}$

14. a) *Linearly dependent*
 b) *Linearly independent*
 c) *Linearly independent*
 d) *Linearly dependent*
 e) *Linearly independent*

15. a) $(w)_S = \left(\frac{5}{28}, \frac{3}{14}\right)$
 b) $(w)_S = \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

16. a) $(v)_S = (-1, 4, 0)$
 b) $(v)_S = \left(\frac{1}{2}, -1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

17.

i) $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & -1 & -8 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -15 \\ -47 \\ 16 \end{pmatrix}$

a) $\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$

b) $\text{Dim} = 1$

c) $\text{Rank} = 3$

d) x_1, x_2, x_4

e) x_3

f) $s_1 = (1, -2, 1, 0)$

g) $\mathbf{x}_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

h) $\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow x_p = (-7, -1, 6, 0)$

$$i) \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -1 \\ 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ii) \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -4 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & -2 \\ 3 & -6 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a) \quad \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$b) \quad \text{Dim} = 3$$

$$c) \quad \text{Rank} = 1$$

$$d) \quad x_1$$

$$e) \quad x_2, x_3, x_4$$

$$f) \quad s_1 = (1, 1, 0, 0) \quad s_2 = (-2, 0, 1, 0) \quad s_3 = (-3, 0, 0, 1)$$

$$g) \quad \mathbf{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \mathbf{x}_3 \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \mathbf{x}_4 \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h) \quad x_p = (-1, 0, 0, 0)$$

$$i) \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$iii) \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -7 & 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a) \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -\frac{7}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{6}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{7}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$b) \text{ Dim} = 2$$

$$c) \text{ Rank} = 2$$

$$d) x_1, x_2$$

$$e) x_3, x_4$$

$$f) s_1 = \left(\frac{7}{5}, \frac{4}{5}, 1, 0 \right) \quad s_2 = \left(\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{3}{5}, 0, 1 \right)$$

$$g) \mathbf{x}_3 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \mathbf{x}_4 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} \\ -\frac{3}{5} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h) x_p = \left(\frac{6}{5}, \frac{7}{5}, 0, 0 \right)$$

$$i) \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{6}{5} \\ \frac{7}{5} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} \\ -\frac{3}{5} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$