

## Section 3.5 - Curve Sketching (*Summary*)

### Example

Given  $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x - 27$

Solution

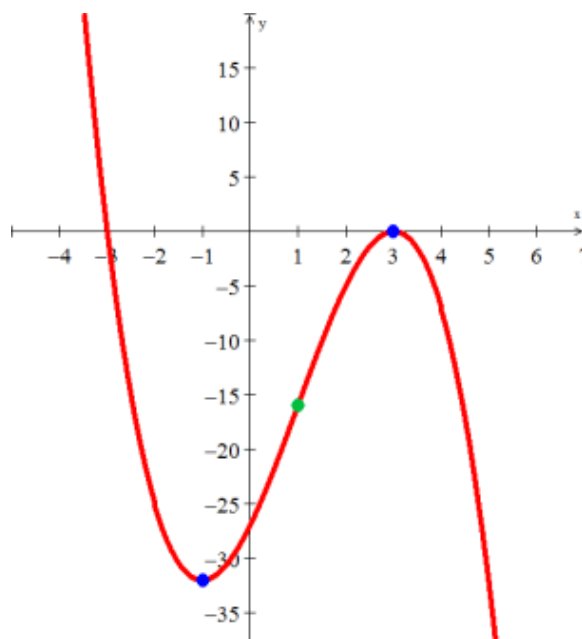
$$f'(x) = -3x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1, 3$$

$$f''(x) = -6x + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1$$

	$f$	$f'$	$f''$	
$(-\infty, -1)$		−	+	Decreasing, Concave up
$x = -1$	−32	0	+	Relative Min
$(-1, 1)$		+	+	Increasing, Concave up
$x = 1$	−16	+	0	Point of Inflection
$(1, 3)$		+	−	Increasing, Concave down
$x = 3$	0	0	−	Relative Max
$(3, \infty)$		−	−	Decreasing, Concave down



### Example

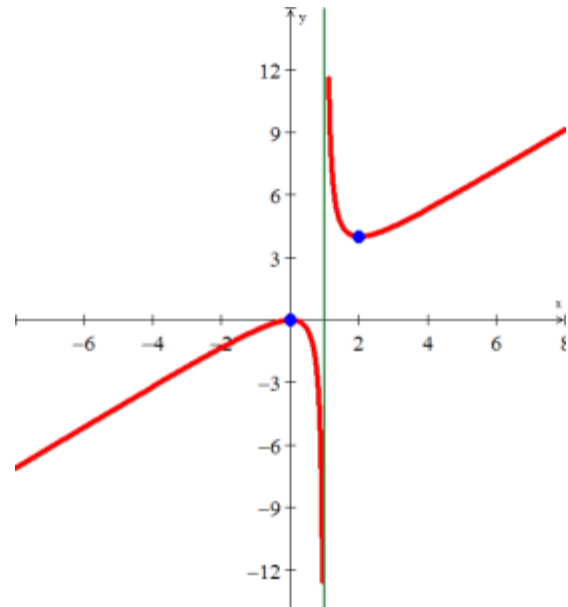
Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x-1}$

### Solution

Vertical Asymptote:  $x = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{2x(x-1) - x^2}{(x-1)^2} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 - 2x - x^2}{(x-1)^2} \\ &= \frac{x^2 - 2x}{(x-1)^2} \\ &= \frac{x(x-2)}{(x-1)^2} = 0 \\ &\Rightarrow x = 0, 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'' &= \left( \frac{x^2 - 2x}{(x-1)^2} \right)' \\ &= \frac{(2x-2)(x-1)^2 - 2(x^2-2x)(x-1)}{(x-1)^4} \\ &= \frac{(x-1)[(2x-2)(x-1) - 2(x^2-2x)]}{(x-1)^4} \\ &= \frac{2x^2 - 2x - 2x + 2 - 2x^2 + 4x}{(x-1)^3} \\ &= \frac{2}{(x-1)^3} \end{aligned}$$



	$f$	$f'$	$f''$	
$(-\infty, 0)$		+	-	Increasing, Concave down
$x = 0$	0	0	-	RMAX
$(0, 1)$		-	-	Decreasing, Concave down
$x = 1$	Undef.	Undef.	Undef.	Vertical Asymptote
$(1, 2)$		-	+	Decreasing, Concave up
$x = 2$	4	0	+	RMIN
$(2, \infty)$		+	+	Increasing, Concave up

**Example**Graph  $f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x^2}$ SolutionDomain:  $x > 0$ 

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x}x^2 - 2x \ln x}{x^4}$$

$$= \frac{x(1 - 2 \ln x)}{x^4}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 2 \ln x}{x^3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - 2 \ln x = 0$$

$$\ln x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \underline{x = e^{1/2} \approx 1.65}$$

$$f(1.65) = \frac{\ln 1.65}{1.65^2} = 0.18$$

**(1.65, 0.18)**

$$f''(x) = \left( \frac{1 - 2 \ln x}{x^3} \right)'$$

$$= \frac{-2 \frac{1}{x} x^3 - 3x^2(1 - 2 \ln x)}{x^6}$$

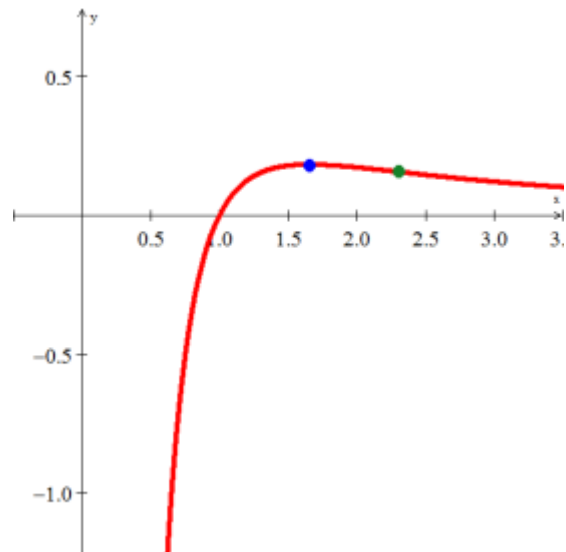
$$= \frac{x^2(-2 - 3 + 6 \ln x)}{x^6}$$

$$= \frac{-5 + 6 \ln x}{x^4} = 0$$

$$-5 + 6 \ln x = 0$$

$$\ln x = \frac{5}{6} \Rightarrow \underline{x = e^{5/6} \approx 2.3}$$

$$f(2.3) = \frac{\ln 2.3}{2.3^2} = 0.16$$

**(2.3, 0.16)**

$-\infty$	1.65	2.3	$\infty$
$f'(1) > 0$	$f'(2) < 0$	$f'(3) < 0$	
<i>Increasing</i>	<i>Decreasing</i>	<i>Decreasing</i>	
$f''(1) < 0$	$f''(2) < 0$	$f''(3) > 0$	
<i>Downward</i>	<i>Downward</i>	<i>Upward</i>	

## ***Exercises***    **Section 3.5 - Curve Sketching**

Graph

1.  $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 + 5$

2.  $f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x^2-1}$

3.  $f(x) = 2x^{3/2} - 6x^{1/2}$