**Instructor:** Fred Khoury

Course: Math 2312-1000 Precalculus (Fall -

Assignment: Quiz Sec 1.8

2015)

Book: Lial: College Algebra and

Trigonometry, 4e

1. Solve the equation.

$$4^{(2-3x)} = \frac{1}{256}$$

- $\bigcirc A. \left\{ \frac{1}{64} \right\}$
- $\bigcirc B. \{-2\}$
- Oc. {2}
- $\bigcirc D. \{-256\}$

2. Solve the equation. If necessary, round to the nearest thousandth.

$$3^{4x} = 4^{x+1}$$

- $\bigcirc$ A.  $\{-4.819\}$
- OB. {1.262}
- OC. {0.461}
- OD. {2.262}

3. Express the solution in exact form.

$$\log(x-3) = 1 - \log x$$

- $\bigcirc$  A.  $\{-5, 2\}$
- OB. {5}
- $\bigcirc$ C.  $\{-2, 5\}$
- $\bigcirc D. \{-5\}$

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4. Express the solution in exact form.

 $\ln(6x-1) + \ln(x-1) = \ln 1$ 

- OA. Ø
- OB.  $\left\{\frac{7}{6}\right\}$
- $\bigcirc C. \left\{0, \frac{7}{6}\right\}$
- $\bigcirc D. \ \left\{1, \frac{1}{6}\right\}$

5. Solve the equation.

 $\log_5 x = \sqrt{\log_5 x}$ 

- OA. {0, 1}
- OB. {5}
- OC. {1, 5}
- $\bigcirc D. \{0, 5\}$

6. Solve the equation.

 $\log_5 x^2 = (\log_5 x)^2$ 

- OA. {25}
- OB. {1, 5}
- OC. {0, 5}
- OD. {1, 25}

Student: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time:

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7. Solve the equation.

 $\log_4(\log_4 x) = 1$ 

- OA. {256}
- **○**B. {16}
- Oc. {4}
- OD. {8}

8. Solve the equation.

 $\ln x - \ln(x-2) = \ln 8$ 

- $\bigcirc A. \quad \left\{ \frac{2 \ln 8}{\ln 8 1} \right\}$
- OB. ∅
- Oc. {6}
- $\bigcirc D. \ \left\{ \frac{16}{7} \right\}$