Find the length of the curve 1 (t) = (2004) + (25int)j+tk ost = The N = - 25inti + 2 costj + 2tk IM2 / 4512+ 4 cost + 4+2 2 V4+df2 = 2/1++2" Length = Survey elt = [t \1+t2 + ln \1 + \1+t2] = 0-ln 1 = = 1/1+ 112 + ln ( 1 + VI+ 12) b) A(H) = 3 cost i + 35int j + 2+3/2/2 O E + 23 N'=-35isti +3coty +3+12k IM = 1981512+ 9002/ + 9f = V9+9F = 3/1+t' L= J3V1+8'dt = 33(1++) 3/2 3 = 2 (1+t) 3/2 /3 = 2/(1+3)3/2\_13/2] = 2 (43/2 1)

#2 a) 
$$\lambda(t) = \frac{4}{9}(1+t)^{3/2}i + \frac{4}{9}(1-t)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{3}tk, t \ge 0$$

$$N = \frac{2}{3}(1+t)^{1/2}i + \frac{2}{3}(1+t)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{3}k$$

$$V(0) \times a(0) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2/3 & -2/3 & 1/3 \end{vmatrix} = -\frac{1}{9}i + \frac{1}{9}j + \frac{11}{9}k$$

$$N(0) = \frac{|vxa|}{|vT|} = \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$a' = -\frac{1}{6} (1+t)^{-3/2} \cdot \frac{1}{6} (1-t)^{-3/2}$$

$$a'(0) = -\frac{1}{6} i + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3}$$

$$|x_3| = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

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$$|x_3| = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1$$

B(0)=TrosxN(0)= 2/3 1/3 2/3 1/5 -2/5 0 = 4 1 + 2 1 - 5 k a = (4e toszt - 3e tsinzt) + (-3e coszt - 4etsinzt) a(0) = 41 -31+2k N(0) = 21+1+2k => /N(0)=3 N(0) xa(0) = 2 | 2 | = 8 i +4 1 - 10 k [Nxal= 164100 = 615 R(0)= 6V5 = 2V5 a'=(4e coszt-8e sinat - 3etsinat - 6e coszt)i + [e+ (-3cmat-45inat) +e+ (Bsinat) - 8cmat) + a 10) = -21-11 +2k Z(0) = 1 U -3 2 = -80 = -4/9

t=ln2 c) hit = ti+ fel N (lus) = 1+ c 2 h2 N= 11e2t = i + eluty. = 444 T(luz) = 1 i + e 2 luz 1 - Trebak i' + elas 2 1 0 + 4 1 dT = -2e4t 1 + 2e2t (1+eut) 2/2 1 la= -2e46/12 i+ 2(u) = -32 i + 8 (1+16) 1/2 5 Note (las) = \( \frac{32^2}{123} + \frac{6d}{123} = \frac{8\sqrt{17}}{17} = \frac{8\sqrt{17}}{17} Nant 12 (-32 1 1 8 1) = -4 1 + VIZd

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1N(lu2) = V 1+16 = V17
 a'= 4e2+ 3 a'(h2)=4e2lu2 = 16g
  T(lu2) = | 0 0 0 0 | = 0
a) 1 (+)= (2+3++3+2)i+(4+4+2) (6 cost) k
    N= (3+6+)i+ (4+8+) +6 sist k
  |M| = \sqrt{(3+64)^2 + (4+84)^2 + 36 \sin^2 t}
= \sqrt{9+364+364^2+16+644^2+644^2+36 \sin^2 t}
      = 125+100++100+2+365in2+
  d/w/ = 1 (100+200+ + 72 sint cost) (25+100++100+2+36 sint)
  a = d[r] = 1 (100) (25) = 100 = 50 = 10]
  a=N'= 6 i + 8 f + 6 cost k
  101 = \ 36 + 60 + 36 con = \ 100 + 36 cos = t
  lai = 136
   a_N = \sqrt{|a|^2 - a_T^2} - \sqrt{|36 - 100|} = 6
   a = 107 + 6 N
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325. nterst - Ucostsut.

as 1 (+) = (4 cost) i + (2 sint) 1 +20, 0/4 x = V2 sind Cust = X Sint = 4 Cos2++ Sin2+=1 x2 + y2 -1 -> (ellipse) N= -4 sinti + 12 cost 1 - N(0) = 121 a = -4 costi - 12 sisty = a (a) = -4i (h(=) = 212 i + 1  $N(\frac{\pi}{u}) = -2\sqrt{2}i + 1$ ,  $\alpha(\frac{\pi}{u}) = -2\sqrt{2}i - 1$ - 1 1 = 18+1 = 3 (M = V165127 + 20027 a = d /w/ = = 32 sint cort - 4costsint = let sintent V16 sin2+ + 2 cos2+ t=0  $A_{7} = \frac{14 \frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{16}}{\sqrt{16(\frac{1}{4}) + 2(\frac{1}{4})}} = \frac{7}{3}$ a = /1912-07 = 4 a = V9 - 49 - 402 a= OT+UN=UN  $K = \frac{a_N}{|V|^2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$ a= 7 T + 4 V2 N

K = 4/2, 1 - 4/2

b) r(t) = (13 sect) i + (13 tant) j += 0 X= 13 Sect y= 15 tant Sect = x tout = y Sec2 - tan't=1 = x2 - y2-1 (hyperbolic) 2 (0) N = 13 sect tant i + 13 sect 1 a = (V3 sect tan't + 13 sect) = 213 sect tant 1 12(0) = V31, N(0) = V31 a(0) = V31 (N = / 3 sec2+ tan2+ + 3 sec4+ Assec4 taxtesec4) a - d INI = 6 sect tant + 6 sect tant + 12 secut tout

2/3 sec2+ tout + 3 sec4+ - 3 sec2 + tan3+ + 9 sec4+ tant at/+ = 0 an= /1012-0= /3 a= V3N.

#5 1= 1 + t Vrotad  $N = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{2t}{(1+t^2)^{2}} \frac{1}{t} + \sqrt{1+t^{2}} - t(\frac{1}{2})(2t)(1+t^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$  $= -\frac{t}{(1+t^2)^{3/2}} i + \frac{1+t^2-t^2}{(1+t^2)^{3/2}} dt$  $\frac{t}{(1+t^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{(1+t^2)^{3/2}}$ IN = 1 t2 + 1 = 12+1 = 12+1 = 1 - 1 To maximize speed (IN) dIVI - -2+ -0 = +-0 (V) men += 0 - 1 - 1

#6

$$a = 2i + j + k = \frac{dn}{dt}$$

particles travels in the direction:

(3-1) 1+ (0+1) + (3-2) k= 21+++k

@ t=0 > 1M=2

N(0) = 1N10. (21+1+6) = 2 (21+1+6) = (21+1+6) = (21+1+6)

= 2 (21+j+b)=C,

N= (2++ 4) i+ (++ 2) + (++2) k

res= Indt

 $\lambda(t) = (t^{2} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}}t + 1)i + (\frac{1}{2}t^{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}t - 1)j$   $+ (\frac{1}{2}t^{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}t + 2)k$ 

or (1+2+2+)(21+d+h)+(1-+2h)

#8 
$$|V \times a| = |\frac{1}{3} |\frac{1}{4} |\frac{1}{6}| = 25k$$
 $|V \times a| = |\frac{1}{5} |\frac{1}{5}| = 5$ 
 $|V \times a| = |\frac{1}{5}| = 5$ 
 $|V \times a| = |\frac{1}{5}| = 5$ 
 $|V \times a| = |\frac{1}{5}| = 5$ 
 $|V \times$ 

b) N= (11 - 11 con 11 t) ι + T sin 11 t j

α = 112 sin 11 t ι + T 2 con 11 t j

N(0) = 0 V(0) = 0

c) Forward speed at the most point |N(1) = |N(s) = 20 since the cicles makes I rev/s, the center moves of fl to x-axis each sec. 25 forward speed of C is To fl/see.

(13)

#9

100= 6.5 ft = 40 Giveni

N(0) = 44 f H sec.

J= yo + (Nosina) + - 1 g+2 = 6.5 + (UU Sinus) + - 15+2

= 6.5 + 2212+ - 16+2

4/+23 = 6.5 + 2212 (3) + 16 (9) = - 44, 16 ft.

The shot is on the ground at t= 2 sen

: y=0=-16+22V2++6.5 solvefor t 2s t = 2.13 sec.

x = (No cosa)t = 44 VZ (2.13) = 66.27 ft

#10

7(t)=ti+t++tk

N = (+2+) + 3+2k

W1= /1+4+2+9+4

[N-(1)] = V1+4-19 = V14

T(1) = N = 1 1 + 2t 1 + 3t k

- Til + 2 + 3 k (normal to the normal)

TU (X-1) + 2 (y-1) + 3 (Z-1) =0

X-1+2y-2+32-3=0 X+2y+32=6 (egn. of the normal plane)

a=2j+6+k = a(1)=2j+6k Nxa (1)= 1 2 3 = 6i - 6j+2k | Nxal = 136+36+4 = 176"  $K(1) = \sqrt{76'} = 2\sqrt{19} = \sqrt{19'}$   $(\sqrt{10})^{3} = 14\sqrt{10} = 7\sqrt{10}$   $\frac{ds}{dt} = |N(t)| = \sqrt{1+4t^{2}+9t^{4}}$ d's / = 1 (8++36+3) (1+4+2+9+4) /2 / +21 = 1 8+36 = 22 2 VI+U+9 114 a = d25 T + x (ds)2 N 21+6K= 22 + i+21+3k) + V19. (VIII) N 21+6R - 22i+ 441+66k + 2 VI9 N 2 V19 N = -221 - 46 + 182 > 18 N- VIU -221-161+18k- VIU (-11: 8149k)  $-\frac{11}{7}(x-1) - \frac{8}{7}(y-1) + \frac{9}{7}(z-1) = 0$   $-11 \times + 11 - 8y + 8 + 9z = 9 = 0$   $11 \times + 8y + 9z = 99 = 10$ 

# 10 Cont

B(1) = T(1) × N(1)

 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}$ 

 $= \frac{1}{14\sqrt{19}} \left( \frac{42i - 42j + 14k}{3i - 3j + k} \right)$   $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{19}} \left( 3i - 3j + k \right)$ 

3(x-1)-3(y-1)+2-1=03x-3-39+3+7-1=03x-3y+2-1

is an eqn. of the osculating plane.

(16) \$\frac{11}{\tau} \tau(t) = (\cost)i' + (2\cost) f + (\sigma 5' \sin t) k  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ a)  $N = h' = (-sint)i' - (2 sint)j + \sqrt{s} cont k$ |N| = / sin2+ + csin2+ + 5 cos2+ = 15 T= (-sinti-2sint + 15 cost k) b) 1" = - Cost i - 2 cost 1 - 15 sint k 1"x1' = |-cost - 2cost - 15 sint| 1-sint -2sint 15 Cost = (-215 co2f - 215 sin27) 1 -(-V5cos2f-V5sin2t)d + (2 sint cost - 2 sint cost) k =-2151+151 | N"x N' - 120+5 = 5  $K = \frac{|\Lambda'' \times \Lambda'|}{|N|^3} = \frac{5}{(\sqrt{5})^3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ c) N = dT = 1 (-costi-2costy-15 sintk) d) |N| = 1 / cos2+ + of cos2+ +55in2+ = 15 V5 cost +5 sin2+ = 15 = 1 T.N = 1 (-sinti-2sinty + 15 conth) (-conti-2conty-15 s.dh)
= 1 (+sintcont+dsintcont -5 sintcont) #12 r(+)= (+2+1)i+(2+)j +30 a) N = 2+1 +21 IM= IN- - 1482 +4 = 2/+2+1 at = d/w = 2t T= + i+ 1/41 | Nxa = | 2+ 2 = 4k  $K = \frac{|M \times a|}{|M|^3} = \frac{4}{8(t^2+1)^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{2(t^2+1)^{3/2}}$  (Nonced) a = K /N/2 = /Nxal = 4 = 2 1N/ 2 /t2+1 a = 2t T + 2 N b) @ t=1= 0 - 2 T + 2 N

= 2 ( 1 i + 1/21) + 2 ( 1 i - 1/21)

(2002) (2,0) = 2 (2) /=>+ 2 (2) /=>

