# **Section 3.4 – Properties of Logarithms**

**Product** Rule

$$\log_b MN = \log_b M + \log_b N \qquad \underline{For \, M > 0 \, and \, N > 0}$$

$$\begin{cases} \log_b M = x \implies M = b^x \\ \log_b N = y \implies N = b^y \end{cases} \Rightarrow MN = b^x b^y = b^{x+y}$$

Convert back to logarithmic form:  $\log_b MN = x + y$ 

$$\log_b MN = \log_b M + \log_b N$$

## **Example**

Use the product rule to expand the logarithmic expression

$$\log(100x) = \log 100 + \log x$$

#### **Power** Rule

$$\log_b M^{p} = p \log_b M$$

# **Example**

Use the power rule to expand each logarithmic expression

$$\ln \sqrt[3]{x} = \ln(x)^{1/3} = \frac{1}{3} \ln x$$

# Quotient Rule

$$\log_b \frac{M}{N} = \log_b M - \log_b N$$

# **Example**

Use the quotient rule to expand the logarithmic expression

$$\ln\left(\frac{e^5}{11}\right) = \ln e^5 - \ln 11$$
$$= 5 - \ln 11$$

# Example

Express each of the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithm:  $\log_6 (7 \times 9)$ 

#### **Solution**

$$\log_6(7 \times 9) = \log_6 7 + \log_6 9$$
 Product Rule

# Example

Express each of the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithm:  $\log_9\left(\frac{15}{7}\right)$ 

#### **Solution**

$$\log_9\left(\frac{15}{7}\right) = \log_9 15 - \log_9 7$$
 Quotient Rule

# Example

Express each of the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithm:  $\log_5 \sqrt{8}$ 

#### Solution

$$\log_5 \sqrt{8} = \log_5 \left(2^3\right)^{1/2}$$

$$= \log_5 2^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}\log_5 2$$
Power Rule

# Example

Express each of the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithm:  $\log_{h} \left(x^{4} \sqrt[3]{y}\right)$ 

### **Solution**

$$\log_{b}\left(x^{4}\sqrt[3]{y}\right) = \log_{b}\left(x^{4}\right) + \log_{b}\left(\sqrt[3]{y}\right)$$

$$= \log_{b}\left(x^{4}\right) + \log_{b}\left(y^{1/3}\right)$$

$$= 4\log_{b}\left(x^{4}\right) + \log_{b}\left(y^{1/3}\right)$$
Power Rule
$$= 4\log_{b}\left(x^{4}\right) + \log_{b}\left(y^{1/3}\right)$$

#### **Example**

Express each of the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithm:  $\log_a \left( \frac{mnq}{n^2r^4} \right)$ 

#### Solution

$$\log_{a}\left(\frac{mnq}{p^{2}r^{4}}\right) = \log_{a}\left(mnq\right) - \log_{a}\left(p^{2}r^{4}\right)$$

$$= \log_{a}m + \log_{a}n + \log_{a}q - \left(\log_{a}p^{2} + \log_{a}r^{4}\right)$$

$$= \log_{a}m + \log_{a}n + \log_{a}q - \log_{a}p^{2} - \log_{a}r^{4}$$

$$= \log_{a}m + \log_{a}n + \log_{a}q - 2\log_{a}p - 4\log_{a}r$$

$$= \log_{a}m + \log_{a}n + \log_{a}q - 2\log_{a}p - 4\log_{a}r$$
Power Rule

### **Example**

Express each of the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithm:  $\log_5 \left( \frac{\sqrt{x}}{25v^3} \right)$ 

#### **Solution**

$$\log_{5}\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{25y^{3}}\right) = \log_{5}\left(x^{1/2}\right) - \log_{5}\left(25y^{3}\right)$$

$$= \log_{5}\left(x^{1/2}\right) - \left[\log_{5}\left(5^{2}\right) + \log_{5}\left(y^{3}\right)\right]$$

$$= \log_{5}\left(x^{1/2}\right) - \log_{5}\left(5^{2}\right) - \log_{5}\left(y^{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\log_{5}x - 2 - 3\log_{5}y$$

$$Quotient Rule$$

$$log_{5}\left(5^{2}\right) = 2$$

## Example

Write as a single logarithmic  $\log(7x+6) - \log x$ 

#### **Solution**

$$\log\left(7x+6\right) - \log x = \log\frac{7x+6}{x}$$

Quotient Rule

# Example

Write as a single logarithmic  $\log_3(x+2) + \log_3 x - \log_3 2$ 

#### Solution

$$\log_3(x+2) + \log_3 x - \log_3 2 = \log_3 x(x+2) - \log_3 2$$

$$= \log_3 \frac{x(x+2)}{2}$$
Product Rule

Quotient Rule

# Example

Write as a single logarithmic  $2 \ln x + \frac{1}{3} \ln (x+5)$ 

#### **Solution**

$$2 \ln x + \frac{1}{3} \ln (x+5) = \ln x^2 + \ln (x+5)^{1/3}$$

$$= \ln x^2 (x+5)^{1/3}$$

$$= \ln \left(x^2 \sqrt[3]{x+5}\right)$$
Product Rule

# Example

Write as a single logarithmic  $2\log(x-3) - \log x$ 

#### **Solution**

$$2\log(x-3) - \log x = \log(x-3)^2 - \log x$$

$$= \log \frac{(x-3)^2}{x}$$
Quotient Rule

# **Exercises** Section 3.4 – Properties of Logarithms

(1-31) Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms

1.  $\log_3(ab)$ 

2.  $\log_{7}(7x)$ 

 $3. \quad \log \frac{x}{1000}$ 

 $4. \qquad \log_5\left(\frac{125}{y}\right)$ 

 $5. \quad \log_b x^7$ 

6.  $\ln \sqrt[7]{x}$ 

 $7. \quad \log_a \frac{x^2 y}{z^4}$ 

8.  $\log_b \frac{x^2 y}{h^3}$ 

9.  $\log_b \left( \frac{x^3 y}{z^2} \right)$ 

 $10. \quad \log_b \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{xy^4}}{z^5} \right)$ 

 $11. \quad \log \left( \frac{100x^3 \sqrt[3]{5-x}}{3(x+7)^2} \right)$ 

12.  $\log_a \sqrt[4]{\frac{m^8 n^{12}}{a^3 b^5}}$ 

13.  $\log_p \sqrt[3]{\frac{m^5 n^4}{t^2}}$ 

 $14. \quad \log_b \sqrt[n]{\frac{x^3 y^5}{z^m}}$ 

 $15. \quad \log_a \sqrt[3]{\frac{a^2 b}{c^5}}$ 

 $16. \quad \log_b\left(x^4 \sqrt[3]{y}\right)$ 

 $17. \quad \log_5\left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{25y^3}\right)$ 

**18.**  $\log_a \frac{x^3 w}{y^2 z^4}$ 

 $19. \quad \log_a \frac{\sqrt{y}}{x^4 \sqrt[3]{z}}$ 

**20.**  $\ln 4 \sqrt{\frac{x^7}{y^5 z}}$ 

**21.**  $\ln x \sqrt[3]{\frac{y^4}{z^5}}$ 

**22.**  $\log_b \sqrt[5]{\frac{m^4 n^5}{x^2 a b^{10}}}$ 

**23.**  $\log_b \frac{a^5 b^{10}}{c^2 \sqrt[4]{d^3}}$ 

 $24. \quad \ln\left(x^2\sqrt{x^2+1}\right)$ 

**25.**  $\ln \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1}$ 

**26.**  $\ln\left(\frac{x^2(x+1)^3}{(x+3)^{1/2}}\right)$ 

27.  $\ln \sqrt{\frac{(x+1)^5}{(x+2)^{20}}}$ 

 $28. \quad \ln\frac{\left(x^2+1\right)^5}{\sqrt{1-x}}$ 

**29.**  $\ln \left( \sqrt[3]{\frac{x(x+1)(x-2)}{(x^2+1)(2x+3)}} \right)$ 

 $30. \quad \ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x(x+1)}}\right)$ 

**31.**  $\ln\left(\sqrt{(x^2+1)(x-1)^2}\right)$ 

(32-55) Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary

**32.**  $\log(x+5) + 2\log x$ 

**33.**  $3\log_b x - \frac{1}{3}\log_b y + 4\log_b z$ 

**34.**  $\frac{1}{2}\log_b(x+5) - 5\log_b y$ 

**35.**  $\ln(x^2 - y^2) - \ln(x - y)$ 

36.  $\ln(xz) - \ln(x\sqrt{y}) + 2\ln\frac{y}{z}$ 

 $37. \quad \log(x^2y) - \log z$ 

**38.**  $\log(z^2\sqrt{y}) - \log z^{1/2}$ 

**39.**  $2\log_a x + \frac{1}{3}\log_a (x-2) - 5\log_a (2x+3)$ 

**40.** 
$$5\log_a x - \frac{1}{2}\log_a (3x - 4) - 3\log_a (5x + 1)$$
 **48.**  $\frac{1}{2}\log_y p^3 q^4 - \frac{2}{3}\log_y p^4 q^3$ 

**41.** 
$$\log(x^3y^2) - 2\log(x\sqrt[3]{y}) - 3\log(\frac{x}{y})$$

**42.** 
$$\ln y^3 + \frac{1}{3} \ln \left( x^3 y^6 \right) - 5 \ln y$$

43. 
$$2\ln x - 4\ln\left(\frac{1}{y}\right) - 3\ln\left(xy\right)$$

**44.** 
$$4 \ln x + 7 \ln y - 3 \ln z$$

**45.** 
$$\frac{1}{3} \left[ 5 \ln(x+6) - \ln x - \ln(x^2 - 25) \right]$$

**46.** 
$$\frac{2}{3} \left[ \ln \left( x^2 - 4 \right) - \ln \left( x + 2 \right) \right] + \ln (x + y)$$

**47.** 
$$\frac{1}{2}\log_b m + \frac{3}{2}\log_b 2n - \log_b m^2 n$$

**48.** 
$$\frac{1}{2}\log_y p^3 q^4 - \frac{2}{3}\log_y p^4 q^3$$

**49.** 
$$\frac{1}{2}\log_a x + 4\log_a y - 3\log_a x$$

**50.** 
$$\frac{2}{3} \left[ \ln \left( x^2 - 9 \right) - \ln \left( x + 3 \right) \right] + \ln \left( x + y \right)$$

**51.** 
$$\frac{1}{4}\log_b x - 2\log_b 5 - 10\log_b y$$

**52.** 
$$2 \ln (x+4) - \ln x - \ln (x^2-3)$$

**53.** 
$$\ln x + \ln (y+3) + \ln (y+2) - \ln (y^2 + 5y + 6)$$

**54.** 
$$\ln x + \ln (x+4) + \ln (x+1) - \ln (x^2 + 5x + 4)$$

**55.** 
$$\ln(x^2-25)-2\ln(x+5)+\ln(x-5)$$

- Assume that  $\log_{10} 2 = .3010$ . Find each logarithm  $\log_{10} 4$ ,  $\log_{10} 5$
- Given that:  $\log_a 2 \approx 0.301$ ,  $\log_a 7 \approx 0.845$ , and  $\log_a 11 \approx 1.041$  find each of the following:

a) 
$$\log_a \frac{2}{11}$$

c) 
$$\log_a 98$$

$$e)$$
  $\log_a 9$ 

b) 
$$\log_a 14$$

d) 
$$\log_a \frac{1}{7}$$

$$f$$
)  $\log_a \frac{77}{8}$