# **Solution** Section 2.4 – Integer Representations and Algorithms

# Exercise

Convert the decimal expansion of each of these integers to a binary expansion

*a*) 321

*b*) 1023

c) 100632

*d*) 231

e) 4532

# **Solution**

 $321 = (1\ 0100\ 0001)_{2}$ 

**b**)  $1023 = 1024 - 1 = 2^{10} - 1$  1 less than  $(100\ 0000\ 0000)_2$ 

1023	511	255	127	63	31	15	7	3	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>←</b>

$$1023 = (11 \ 1111 \ 1111)_{2}$$

**c**)

1006	32	50316	2.5	5158	12579	636289	3144	1572	786	393	196	98	49	24
1000	<i>52</i>	0	-	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
12	6	3	1						<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>			
0	0	1	1	<b>←</b>										

$$100632 = (1 \ 1000 \ 1001 \ 0001 \ 1000)_{2}$$

d)

231	115	57	28	14	7	3	1	
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	<b>←</b>

$$231 = (1110 \ 0111)_{2}$$

e)

4532	2266	1133	566	283	141	70	35	17	8	4	2	1	
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	+

$$4532 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0001 & 1011 & 0100 \end{pmatrix}_2$$

Convert binary the expansion of each of these integers to a decimal expansion

a) 
$$(1\,1011)_2$$

b) 
$$(10\ 1011\ 0101)_2$$

c) 
$$(11\,1011\,1110)_2$$

d) 
$$(111110000011111)_2$$
 e)  $(11111)_2$ 

$$g) (10\ 0101\ 0101)_{2}$$

#### **Solution**

Decimal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Binary</b>	0	1	10	11	100	101	110	111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111

a) 
$$(11011)_2 = 1 + 2^1 + 2^3 + 2^4 = 1 + 2 + 8 + 16 = 27$$

**b**) 
$$(10\ 1011\ 0101)_2 = 1 + 2^2 + 2^4 + 2^5 + 2^7 + 2^9 = 1 + 4 + 16 + 32 + 128 + 512 = 693$$

c) 
$$(1110111110)_2 = 2^1 + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 + 2^5 + 2^7 + 2^8 + 2^9 = 958$$

**d**) 
$$(111110000011111)_2 = 1 + 2^1 + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 + 2^{10} + 2^{11} + 2^{12} + 2^{13} + 2^{14} = 31775$$

e) 
$$(11111)_2 = 1 + 2^1 + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 = 1 + 2 + 8 + 16 = 31$$

$$f$$
)  $(10\ 0000\ 0001)_2 = 1 + 2^9 = 1 + 512 = 513$ 

**g**) 
$$(10\ 0101\ 0101)_2 = 2^9 + 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^2 + 1 = 597$$

**h**) 
$$(110\ 1001\ 0001\ 0000)_2 = 2^{14} + 2^{13} + 2^{11} + 2^8 + 2^4 = 26896$$

#### Exercise

Convert the binary expansion of each of these integers to an octal expansion

a) 
$$(1111\ 0111)_2$$

b) 
$$(1010\ 1010\ 1010)_2$$

c) 
$$(111\ 0111\ 0111\ 0111)_2$$

d) 
$$(101\ 0101\ 0101\ 0101)_2$$

a) 
$$(1111\ 0111)_2 = (11\ 110\ 111)_2 = (367)_8$$

**b**) 
$$(1010\ 1010\ 1010)_2 = (101\ 010\ 101\ 010)_2 = (5252)_8$$

c) 
$$(111\ 0111\ 0111\ 0111)_2 = (111\ 011\ 101\ 110\ 111)_2 = (73567)_8$$

**d**) 
$$(101\ 0101\ 0101\ 0101)_2 = (101\ 010\ 101\ 010\ 101)_2 = (52525)_8$$

Convert the octal expansion of each of these integers to a binary expansion

a) 
$$(572)_{6}$$

$$c) (423)_{s}$$

a) 
$$(572)_8$$
 b)  $(1604)_8$  c)  $(423)_8$  d)  $(2417)_8$  e)  $(73567)_8$  f)  $(52525)_8$ 

$$e)$$
 (73567)

$$f$$
)  $(52525)$ 

#### Solution

Octal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Binary	0	1	10	11	100	101	110	111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111

a) 
$$\frac{5_8}{101_2} \frac{7_8}{111_2} \frac{2_8}{010_2}$$
  $\Rightarrow (572)_8 = \underbrace{(1\ 0111\ 1010)_2}_2$ 

b) 
$$\frac{1_8}{1_2} \frac{6_8}{110_2} \frac{000}{000_2} \frac{4_8}{100_2} \Rightarrow (1604)_8 = \underbrace{(11\,1000\,0100)_2}$$

c) 
$$\frac{4_8}{100_2} \frac{2_8}{010_2} \frac{3_8}{011_2} \Rightarrow (423)_8 = \underbrace{(1\ 0001\ 0011)_2}$$

d) 
$$\frac{7_8}{111_2} \frac{3_8}{011_2} \frac{5_8}{101_2} \frac{6_8}{110_2} \frac{7_8}{111_2} \Rightarrow (73567)_8 = \underbrace{(111\ 0111\ 0111\ 0111)_2}_2$$

e) 
$$\frac{5_8}{101_2} \frac{2_8}{010_2} \frac{5_8}{101_2} \frac{2_8}{010_2} \frac{5_8}{101_2} \Rightarrow (52525)_8 = \underbrace{(101\ 0101\ 0101\ 0101)_2}$$

#### Exercise

Convert the hexadecimal expansion of each of these integers to a binary expansion

a) 
$$(80E)_{16}$$

b) 
$$(135AB)_{16}$$

$$c) (ABBA)_{1}$$

a) 
$$(80E)_{16}$$
 b)  $(135AB)_{16}$  d)  $(DEFACED)_{16}$  e)  $(BADFACED)_{16}$ 

$$e) (BADFACED)_{16}$$

$$f$$
)  $(ABCDEF)_{16}$ 

Hexadecimal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
Binary	0	1	10	11	100	101	110	111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111

a) 
$$\frac{8_{16}}{1000_2} \begin{vmatrix} 0_{16} & E_{16} \\ 0000_2 & 1110_2 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow (80E)_{16} = (1000\ 0000\ 1110)_2$$

**b**) 
$$\frac{1_{16}}{0001_{2}} \begin{vmatrix} 3_{16} & 5_{16} & A_{16} & B_{16} \\ 0001_{2} & 0011_{2} & 0101_{2} & 1010_{2} & 1011_{2} \end{vmatrix}$$
$$\Rightarrow (135AB)_{16} = \underbrace{(0001\ 0011\ 0101\ 1010\ 1011)_{2}}$$

c) 
$$\frac{A_{16}}{1010_2} \begin{vmatrix} B_{16} & B_{16} & A_{16} \\ 1011_2 & 1011_2 & 1011_2 & 1010_2 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow (ABBA)_{16} = \underbrace{(1010\ 1011\ 1011\ 1010)_2}_{2}$$

d) 
$$\frac{D_{16}}{1101_2} \begin{vmatrix} E_{16} & F_{16} & A_{16} & C_{16} & E_{16} & D_{16} \\ 1101_2 & 1111_2 & 1010_2 & 1100_2 & 1110_2 & 1101_2 \\ \Rightarrow (DEFACED)_{16} = (1101 1110 1111 1010 1100 1110 1101)_{2}$$

e) 
$$\frac{B_{16}}{1011_{2}} \begin{vmatrix} A_{16} & D_{16} & F_{16} & A_{16} & C_{16} & E_{16} & D_{16} \\ \hline 1011_{2} & 1010_{2} & 1101_{2} & 1111_{2} & 1010_{2} & 1100_{2} & 1110_{2} & 1101_{2} \\ \Rightarrow (BADFACED)_{16} = \underbrace{(1011\ 1010\ 1101\ 1111\ 1010\ 1100\ 1110\ 1101\ 1101)_{2}}_{2}$$

$$\int \frac{A_{16}}{1010_2} \frac{B_{16}}{1011_2} \frac{C_{16}}{1100_2} \frac{D_{16}}{1101_2} \frac{E_{16}}{1110_2} \frac{F_{16}}{1111_2} \\
\Rightarrow (ABCDEF)_{16} = \underbrace{(1010\ 1011\ 1100\ 1101\ 1110\ 1111)}_{2}$$

Show that the binary expansion of a positive integer can be obtained from its hexadecimal expansion by translating each hexadecimal digit into a block of four binary digits.

#### **Solution**

Let  $(...h_2h_1h_0)_{16}$  be the hexadecimal expansion of a positive integer. The value of that integer is

$$h_0 + h_1 \cdot 16 + h_2 \cdot 16^2 + \dots = h_0 + h_1 \cdot 2^4 + h_2 \cdot 2^8 + \dots$$

If we replace each hexadecimal digit  $h_i$  by its binary expansion  $\left(b_{i3}b_{i2}b_{i1}b_{i0}\right)_2$ , then

$$h_i = b_{i0} + 2b_{i1} + 4b_{i2} + 8b_{i3}$$

Therefore the value of the entire number is

$$\begin{array}{c} b_{00} + 2b_{01} + 4b_{02} + 8b_{03} + \left(b_{10} + 2b_{11} + 4b_{12} + 8b_{13}\right) \cdot 2^{4} \\ & + \left(b_{20} + 2b_{21} + 4b_{22} + 8b_{23}\right) \cdot 2^{8} + \cdots \\ \\ = b_{00} + 2b_{01} + 4b_{02} + 8b_{03} + 2^{4}b_{10} + 2^{5}b_{11} + 2^{6}b_{12} + 2^{7}b_{13} \\ & + 2^{8}b_{20} + 2^{9}b_{21} + 2^{10}b_{22} + 2^{11}b_{23} + \cdots \end{array}$$

Which is the value of the binary expansion  $\left(\cdots b_{23}b_{22}b_{21}b_{20}b_{13}b_{12}b_{11}b_{10}b_{03}b_{02}b_{01}b_{00}\right)_2$ 

Show that the binary expansion of a positive integer can be obtained from its octal expansion by translating each octal digit into a block of three binary digits.

#### Solution

Let  $\left(\dots d_2 d_1 d_0\right)_8$  be the octal expansion of a positive integer. The value of that integer is

$$d_0 + d_1 \cdot 8 + d_2 \cdot 8^2 + \dots = d_0 + d_1 \cdot 2^2 + d_2 \cdot 2^6 + \dots$$

If we replace each octal digit  $d_i$  by its binary expansion  $(b_{i2}b_{i1}b_{i0})_2$ , then

$$d_i = b_{i0} + 2b_{i1} + 4b_{i2}$$

Therefore the value of the entire number is

$$b_{00} + 2b_{01} + 4b_{02} + (b_{10} + 2b_{11} + 4b_{12}) \cdot 2^3 + (b_{20} + 2b_{21} + 4b_{22}) \cdot 2^6 + \cdots$$

$$= b_{00} + 2b_{01} + 4b_{02} + 2^3b_{10} + 2^4b_{11} + 2^5b_{12} + 2^6b_{20} + 2^7b_{21} + 2^8b_{22} + \cdots$$

Which is the value of the binary expansion  $\left(\cdots b_{22} b_{21} b_{20} b_{12} b_{11} b_{10} b_{02} b_{01} b_{00}\right)_{2}$ 

## Exercise

Explain how to convert from binary to base 64 expansions and from base 64 expansions to binary expansions and from octal to base 64 expansions and from base 64 expansions to octal expansions

# **Solution**

 $64 = 2^8 = 8^2$ , in base 64 we need 64 symbols, from 0 to up to something representing 63. Corresponding to each such symbol would be a binary string of 6 digits, from 000000 for 0 to 001010 for a, 100011 for z, 100100 for A, 111101 for Z, for 111110 for @, and 111111 for \$. To translate from binary to base 64, we group the binary digits from the right in groups of 6 and use the list of correspondences to replace each 6 bits by one base-64 digits. To convert from base

use the list of correspondences to replace each 6 bits by one base-64 digits. To convert from base 64 to binary, we just replace each base-64 digit by its corresponding 6 bits.

For conversion between octal and base 64, we change the binary strings in the table to octal strings, replacing each 6-bit string by its 2-digit octal equivalent, and then follow the same procedures as above, interchanging base-64 digits and 2-digits strings of octal digits.

Find the sum and product of each of these pairs of numbers. Express your answers as a base 3 expansions

a) 
$$(112)_3$$
,  $(210)_3$ 

b) 
$$(2112)_3$$
,  $(12021)_3$ 

c) 
$$(20001)_3$$
,  $(1111)_3$ 

d) 
$$(120021)_3$$
,  $(2002)_3$ 

#### Solution

1 2 0 0 1

$$2 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1$$

Find the sum and product of each of these pairs of numbers. Express your answers as an octal expansion.

a) 
$$(763)_{8}$$
,  $(147)_{8}$ 

c) 
$$(1111)_8$$
,  $(777)_8$ 

b) 
$$(6001)_8$$
,  $(272)_8$ 

d) 
$$(54321)_8$$
,  $(3456)_8$ 

$$(6001)_8 + (272)_8 = 6273$$

$$6001 = 6 \cdot 8^3 + 1 = 3073$$
$$272 = 2 \cdot 8^2 + 7 \cdot 8 + 2 = 186$$

$$6001 \cdot 272 = 3073 \cdot 186 = 571,578$$

$$571,578 = 8 \times 71447 + 2$$

$$71447 = 8 \times 8930 + 7$$

$$8930 = 8 \times 1116 + 2$$

$$1116 = 8 \times 139 + 4$$

$$139 = 8 \times 17 + 3$$

$$17 = 8 \times 2 + 1$$

$$\frac{(6001)_{8} \cdot (272)_{8} = 2,134,272}{}$$

$$(1111)_8 + (777)_8 = 2110$$

$$(1111)_{8} = 1 \cdot 8^{3} + 1 \cdot 8^{2} + 1 \cdot 8 + 1 = 585$$

$$(777)_{8} = 7 \cdot 8^{2} + 7 \cdot 8 + 7 = 511$$

$$(1111)_{8} \cdot (777)_{8} = (585)(511) = 298,935$$

$$298935 = 8 \times 37366 + 7$$

$$37366 = 8 \times 4670 + 6$$

$$4670 = 8 \times 583 + 6$$

$$583 = 8 \times 72 + 7$$

$$72 = 8 \times 9 + 0$$

$$9 = 8 \times 1 + 1$$

$$(1111)_8 \cdot (777)_8 = 1,107,667$$

d)
$$+\frac{5}{3} \frac{4}{4} \frac{3}{5} \frac{2}{6} \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{7} \frac{3}{7} \frac{4}{7} \frac{5}{7} \frac{6}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{8} = 5 \cdot 8^4 + 4 \cdot 8^3 + 3 \cdot 8^2 + 2 \cdot 8 + 1 = 22,737}{(3456)_8 = 3 \cdot 8^3 + 4 \cdot 8^2 + 5 \cdot 8 + 6 = 1838} \frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1$$

Find the sum and product of each of these pairs of numbers. Express your answers as a hexadecimal expansion.

a) 
$$(1AB)_{16}$$
,  $(BBC)_{16}$ 

b) 
$$(20CBA)_{16}$$
,  $(A01)_{16}$ 

c) 
$$(ABCDE)_{16}$$
,  $(1111)_{16}$ 

d) 
$$(E0000E)_{16}$$
,  $(BAAA)_{16}$ 

D i 1	Λ	1	2	2	1	5	6	7	0	0	10	11	12	12	1.4	1.5
Decimal	U	1		3	4	3	0	/	ð	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Hexadecimal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	C	D	Е	F

a) 
$$1AB = 1*16^{2} + 10*16 + 11 = 427$$
  
 $BBC = 11*16^{2} + 11*16 + 12 = 3004$   
 $1AB + BBC = 427 + 3004$   
 $= 3431$   
 $3431 = 16 \times 214 + 7$   
 $214 = 16 \times 14 + 6$   
 $14$   
 $14 = D$   
 $1AB + BBC = D67$   
 $14 = D$   
 $1AB + BBC = D67$   
 $14 = D$   
 $15 = 16 \times 19 + 9$   
 $19 = 16 \times 1 + 3$   
 $1$   
 $10 = 16 \times 1 + 3$   
 $10 =$ 

$$(ABCDE)_{16} = 10*16^{4} + 11*16^{4} + 12*16^{2} + 13*16 + 14 = 703,710$$

$$(1111)_{16} = 1*16^{3} + 1*16^{2} + 1*16 + 1 = 4369$$

$$(ABCDE)_{16} + (1111)_{16} = 703,710 + 4369$$

$$= 708,079$$

$$708079 = 16 \times 44254 + 15$$

$$44254 = 16 \times 2765 + 14$$

$$2765 = 16 \times 172 + 13$$

$$13 = D$$

$$172 = 16 \times 10 + 12$$

$$10$$

$$10 = A$$

$$(ABCDE)_{16} + (1111)_{16} = AC, DEF$$

$$(ABCDE)_{16} \times (1111)_{16} = (703,710)(4369)$$

$$= 3,074,508,990$$

$$3074508990 = 16 \times 192156811 + 14 \quad 14 = E$$

$$192156811 = 16 \times 12009800 + 11 \quad 11 = B$$

$$12009800 = 16 \times 750612 + 8$$

$$750612 = 16 \times 46913 + 4$$

$$46913 = 16 \times 2932 + 1$$

$$2932 = 16 \times 183 + 4$$

$$183 = 16 \times 11 + 7$$

$$11 = B$$

$$(ABCDE)_{16} \times (1111)_{16} = B7,414,8BE$$

d) 
$$(E0000E)_{16} = 14*16^5 + 14 = 14,680,078$$
  
 $(BAAA)_{16} = 11*16^3 + 10*16^2 + 10*16 + 10 = 47,786$   
 $(E0000E)_{16} + (BAAA)_{16} = 14,680,078 + 47,786$   
 $= 14,727,864$   
 $14727864 = 16 \times 920491 + 8$   
 $920491 = 16 \times 57530 + 11$   $11 = B$   
 $57530 = 16 \times 3595 + 10$   $10 = A$ 

$$3595 = 16 \times 224 + 11 \qquad 11 = B$$

$$224 = 16 \times 14 + 0$$

$$14 \qquad 14 = E$$

$$\underbrace{(E0000E)}_{16} + (BAAA)_{16} = E0B, AB8$$

$$(E0000E)_{16} (BAAA)_{16} = (14,680,078)(47,786)$$

$$= 701,502,207,308$$

$$7015022073 08 = 16 \times 4384388795 6 + 12 \qquad 12 = C$$

$$4384388795 6 = 16 \times 2740242997 + 4$$

$$2740242997 = 16 \times 171265187 + 5$$

$$171265187 = 16 \times 10704074 + 3$$

$$10704074 = 16 \times 669004 + 10 \qquad 10 = A$$

$$669004 = 16 \times 41812 + 12 \qquad 12 = C$$

$$41812 = 16 \times 2613 + 4$$

$$2613 = 16 \times 163 + 5$$

$$163 = 16 \times 10 + 3$$

$$10 \qquad 10 = A$$

$$(E0000E)_{16} \times (BAAA)_{16} = A,354,CA3,54C$$