

$$1/ \int x^5 e^{4x} dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{4} x^5 - \frac{5}{16} x^4 + \frac{5}{16} x^3 - \frac{15}{64} x^2 + \frac{15}{128} x - \frac{15}{512} \right) e^{4x}$$

	$\int e^{4x}$
$+ x^5$	$\frac{1}{4} e^{4x}$
$- 5x^4$	$\frac{1}{2^4} e^{4x}$
$+ 20x^3$	$\frac{1}{2^6} e^{4x}$
$- 60x^2$	$\frac{1}{2^8} e^{4x}$
$+ 120x$	$\frac{1}{2^{10}} e^{4x}$
$- 120$	$\frac{1}{2^{12}} e^{4x}$

$$2/ \int \cos 2x e^{3x} dx$$

	$\int \cos 2x$
$+ e^{3x}$	$\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x$
$- 3e^{3x}$	$-\frac{1}{4} \cos 2x$
$+ 9e^{3x}$	

$$\int \cos 2x e^{3x} dx = \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + \frac{3}{4} \cos 2x \right) e^{3x} - \frac{9}{4} \int e^{3x} \cos 2x dx$$

$$\frac{13}{4} \int \cos 2x e^{3x} dx = \frac{1}{4} (2 \sin 2x + 3 \cos 2x)$$

$$\int \cos 2x e^{3x} dx = \frac{1}{13} (2 \sin 2x + 3 \cos 2x) + C$$

$$\frac{3}{\int} x^6 \cos 4x dx$$

	$\int \cos 4x$
$+ x^6$	$\frac{1}{4} \sin 4x$
$- 6x^5$	$-\frac{1}{24} \cos 4x$
$+ 30x^4$	$-\frac{1}{26} \sin 4x$
$- 120x^3$	$\frac{1}{28} \cos 4x$
$+ 260x^2$	$\frac{1}{210} \sin 4x$
$- 720x$	$-\frac{1}{212} \cos 4x$
$+ 720$	$-\frac{1}{214} \sin 4x$

$$\int x^6 \cos 4x dx = \left(\frac{x^6}{4} - \frac{30}{26} x^4 + \frac{260}{210} x^2 - \frac{720}{214} \right) \sin 4x$$

$$+ \left(\frac{6}{24} x^5 - \frac{120}{28} x^3 + \frac{720}{212} x \right) \cos 4x$$

$$= \left(\frac{x^6}{4} - \frac{15}{32} x^4 + \frac{45}{128} x^2 - \frac{45}{1024} \right) \sin 4x$$

$$+ \left(\frac{3}{8} x^5 - \frac{15}{32} x^3 + \frac{45}{256} x \right) \cos 4x + C$$

$$4/ \int \cos(\ln x) dx$$

$$u = \cos(\ln x)$$

$$du = -\frac{1}{x} \sin(\ln x) dx$$

$$v = \int dx$$

$$= x$$

$$\int \cos(\ln x) dx = x \cos(\ln x) + \int \sin(\ln x) dx$$

$$u = \sin(\ln x)$$

$$du = \frac{1}{x} \cos(\ln x) dx$$

$$v = x$$

$$\int \cos(\ln x) dx = x \cos(\ln x) + x \sin(\ln x) - \int \cos(\ln x) dx$$

$$2 \int \cos(\ln x) dx = x (\cos(\ln x) + \sin(\ln x))$$

$$\int \cos(\ln x) dx = \frac{1}{2} x (\cos(\ln x) + \sin(\ln x)) + C$$

$$5/ \int_0^{\pi} e^{\cos t} \sin 2t dt = 2 \int_0^{\pi} e^{\cos t} \sin t \cos t dt$$

$$= -2 \int_0^{\pi} e^{\cos t} \cos t d(\cos t)$$

$$= -2 \int_0^{\pi} e^u u du$$

$$= -2 (\cos t - 1) e^{\cos t} \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$= -2 (-2 e^{-1} - 0)$$

$$= \frac{4}{e}$$

	$\int e^u$
$+u$	e^u
-1	e^u