

Techniques

2.1 Integration By Part

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

Ex $\int \ln x dx$

$$u = \ln x$$

$$du = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$dv = dx$$

$$v = \int dx$$

$$= x$$

$$\int \ln x dx = x \ln x - \int x \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$= x \ln x - \int dx$$

$$= x \ln x - x + C$$

$$x(\ln x - 1)$$

$$\int x^n e^{ax} dx$$

$$\int x^n \cos bx dx$$

$$\int x^n \sin bx dx$$

$$\int e^{ax} \cos bx dx$$

$$\int e^{ax} \sin bx dx$$

der.	\int	e^{ax}
x^n		$\cos bx$
\downarrow		$\sin bx$
$\frac{d}{dx}$		

Ex $\int x \cos x dx = x \sin x + \cos x + C$

	\int	$\cos x dx$
$+ x$		$\sin x$
$- 1$		$-\cos x$

Ex $\int x^2 e^x dx = x^2 e^x - 2x e^x + 2e^x + C$

$$= e^x (x^2 - 2x + 2) + C$$

	\int	$e^x dx$
$1 \cdot x^2$		e^x
$- 2x$		e^x
$+ 2$		e^x

Ex $\int x^3 \sin x dx$:

$$= -x^3 \cos x + 3x^2 \sin x + 6x \cos x - 6 \sin x + C$$

x^3	$-\cos x$
$-3x^2$	$-\sin x$
$+6x$	$\cos x$
-6	$\sin x$

Ex $\int e^x \cos x dx = \sin x e^x + (\cos x) e^x - \int e^x \cos x dx$

$$2 \int e^x \cos x dx = (\sin x + \cos x) e^x$$

$$\int e^x \cos x dx = \frac{1}{2} (\sin x + \cos x) e^x + C$$

e^x	$\sin x$
$-e^x$	$-\cos x$
$+e^x$	$-\int \cos x dx$

Ex 1) $y = x e^{-x}$

$x \rightarrow 4 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 4$

$$A = \int_0^4 x e^{-x} dx = e^{-x} (-x-1) \Big|_0^4$$

$$= -5e^{-4} + 1 \text{ unit}^2$$

x	e^{-x}
-1	e^{-x}

$$\int x^n e^{ax} dx = e^{ax} \left(\frac{x^n}{a} - \frac{n x^{n-1}}{a^2} + \frac{n(n-1) x^{n-2}}{a^3} - \dots + \frac{n!}{a^n} \right)$$

$$\int x^3 e^{2x} dx = e^{2x} \left(\frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{3}{4} x^2 + \frac{3}{4} x - \frac{3}{8} \right) + C$$