1. Evaluate

$$a) \quad \int \frac{e^x}{4e^x + 6} dx$$

d)
$$\int \frac{x+4}{x^2+8x+25} dx$$

$$g) \int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{e^{2x}+4}} dx$$

$$b) \quad \int_{e^2}^{e^8} \frac{dx}{x \ln x}$$

$$e) \int_{\ln 2}^{\ln 3} \coth x \, dx$$

h)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x^2}{9-x^6} dx$$

$$c) \int_{1}^{4} \frac{10^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$f) \quad \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - 9}}, \quad x > 3$$

- **2.** The mass of radioactive material in a sample has decreased by 30% since the decay began. Assuming a half-life of 1500 *years*, how long ago did the decay begin?
- 3. Growing from an initial population of 150,000 at a constant annual growth rate of 4%/yr, how long will it take a city to reach a population of 1 million?
- 4. A savings account advertises an annual percentage yield (APY) of 5.4%, which means that the balance in the account increases at an annual growth rate of 5.4%/yr.
 - a) Find the balance in the account for $t \ge 0$ with an initial deposit of \$1500, assuming the APY remains fixed and no additional deposits or withdrawals are made.
 - b) What is the doubling time of the balance?
 - c) After how many years does the balance reach \$5,000?
- **5.** Compute the following derivatives

$$a) \quad \frac{d^6}{dx^6} (\cosh x)$$

b)
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x \operatorname{sech} x)$$

- **6.** Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $f(x) = 8 \operatorname{sech}^2 x$ and $g(x) = \cosh x$
- 7. Evaluate $\lim_{x\to\infty} (\tanh x)^x$