

#13

$$y = \frac{\sin x - 3x}{x}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x}{x} - 3$$

$$y' = \frac{x(\cos x - 3) - \sin x + 3x}{x^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{x \cos x - 3x - \sin x + 3x}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2}$$

#14 $f(\theta) = \frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta}$

$$f'(\theta) = \frac{\cos \theta (1 - \cos \theta) - \sin^2 \theta}{(1 - \cos \theta)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos \theta - (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)}{(1 - \cos \theta)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos \theta - 1}{(\cos \theta - 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos \theta - 1}$$

#16 $y = \frac{3(1 - \sin x)}{2 \cos x}$

$$y' = \frac{3}{2} \frac{-\cos^2 x + \sin x (1 - \sin x)}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \frac{-\cos^2 x + \sin x - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \frac{\sin x - 1}{1 - \sin^2 x}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2} \frac{1 - \sin x}{(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x)}$$

$$= -\frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{1 + \sin x}$$

2.7 Implicit

$$x^3 + y^3 - 9xy = 0, \quad x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}, \quad \frac{dx}{dy}$$

Ex $y^2 = x \quad \frac{dy}{dx}?$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$$

$$\frac{dx}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2y}$$

Ex $x^2 + y^2 = 25 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = y'$

$$2x + 2yy' = 0$$

$$2yy' = -2x$$

$$y' = -\frac{2x}{2y}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{y}$$

Ex $y^2 = x^2 + \sin xy \quad \frac{dy}{dx}?$ $(\sin u)' = u' \cos u$

$$2yy' = 2x + (y + xy') \cos xy$$

$$2yy' = 2x + y \cos xy + (x \cos xy) y'$$

$$(2y - x \cos xy) y' = 2x + y \cos xy$$

$$y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x + y \cos xy}{2y - x \cos xy}$$

= equal

\approx

→ approach
simplify.

Ex $2x^3 - 3y^2 = 8$

$\frac{dy}{dx}?$

$\frac{dx}{dy} = 1$

$6x^2 - 6yy' = 0$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}?$

$yy' = x^2$

$y' = \frac{x^2}{y} = \frac{dy}{dx}$

$\rightarrow (y')^2 + yy'' = 2x$

$yy' = 2x - \left(\frac{x^2}{y}\right)^2$

$= 2x - \frac{x^4}{y^2}$

$y'' = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{2x}{y} - \frac{x^4}{y^3}$

$= \frac{2xy^2 - x^4}{y^3}$

Ex $x^3 + y^3 - 9xy = 0$

$(2, 4)$ tangent
 $m = y'$

$\frac{d}{dx} (x^3 + y^3 - 9xy) = 0$

$3x^2 + 3y^2y' - 9(y + xy') = 0$

$3x^2 + 3y^2y' - 9y - 9xy' = 0$

$(3y^2 - 9x)y' = 9y - 3x^2$

$m = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{9y - 3x^2}{3y^2 - 9x} \bigg|_{(2,4)}$

$= \frac{36 - 12}{48 - 18}$

$= \frac{24}{30}$

$= \frac{4}{5}$

$y = \frac{4}{5}(x-2) + 4$

#1 $y^2 + x^2 - 2y - 4x = 4$ $\frac{dy}{dx}?$

$$2yy' + 2x - 2y' - 4 = 0$$

$$(y-1)y' = 2-x$$

$$y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2-x}{y-1}$$

#3 $x + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{y} = y^2$

$$\sqrt{u} = \frac{u'}{2u}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{y}' + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{y}} y' = 2yy'$$

$$1 + \frac{\sqrt{y}}{2\sqrt{x}} = \left(2y - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}}\right) y'$$

$$\left(\frac{4y\sqrt{y} - \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{y}}\right) y' = \frac{2\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}{4y\sqrt{y} - \sqrt{x}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{xy}' + y}{4y\sqrt{xy}' - x}$$

#10 $x \cos(2x+3y) = y \sin x$

$$(uv)' = u'v + v'u$$

$$(\cos u)' = -u' \sin u$$

$$\cos(2x+3y) - (2+3y') \sin(2x+3y) = y' \sin x + y \cos x$$

$$\cos(2x+3y) - 2 \sin(2x+3y) + 3y' \sin(2x+3y) - y' \sin x = y \cos x$$

$$y' (3 \sin(2x+3y) - \sin x) = y \cos x - \cos(2x+3y) + 2 \sin(2x+3y)$$

$$y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y \cos x - \cos(2x+3y) + 2 \sin(2x+3y)}{3 \sin(2x+3y) - \sin x}$$

2.8 Exp. Log fctns

$$(\ln|x|)' = \frac{1}{x} \quad (\ln u)' = \frac{u'}{u} \rightarrow$$

$$(\ln 2x)' = \frac{2}{2x} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$(\ln(x^2+3))' = \frac{2x}{x^2+3}$$

$$\ln MN = \ln M + \ln N$$

$$\ln \frac{M}{N} = \ln M - \ln N$$

$$\ln x^p = p \ln x$$

$$\ln \frac{1}{x} = -\ln x$$

$$(\ln 1)' = 0 \quad (\ln 1 - \ln x)$$

Ex $y = \frac{(x^2+1)(x+3)^{1/2}}{x-1} \quad x > 1$ (u v w)'

$$\ln y = \ln \frac{(x^2+1)(x+3)^{1/2}}{x-1}$$

$$\ln y = \ln(x^2+1) + \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+3) - \ln(x-1)$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{2x}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{x+3} - \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$y' = y \left(\frac{2x}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{2(x+3)} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{(x^2+1)(x+3)^{1/2}}{x-1} \left(\frac{2x}{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{2(x+3)} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right)$$

$$(e^u)' = u' e^u$$

$$(e^x)' = e^x$$

$$\underline{\text{Ex}} \quad \frac{d}{dx}(5e^x) = 5e^x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^{\sin x}) = \cos x e^{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(e^{\sqrt{3x+1}}) = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+1}} e^{\sqrt{3x+1}}$$

$$\ln 1 = 0 \quad \ln e = 1$$

$$e^{x \ln a} = a^x$$

$$e^{\ln u} = u$$

$$x^n = e^{n \ln x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx}(x^n) &= \frac{d}{dx}(e^{n \ln x}) \\ &= \frac{n}{x} e^{n \ln x} \\ &= \frac{n}{x} x^n \\ &= n x^{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$(x^x)' ?$$

$$f(x) = x^x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= e^{x \ln x} \\ &= (\ln x + 1) e^{x \ln x} \\ &= (\ln x + 1) x^x \end{aligned}$$

$$(a^u)' = a^u u' \ln a$$

$$(3^x)' = 3^x \ln 3$$

$$(\log_a u)' = \frac{u'}{u} \frac{1}{\ln a}$$

$$(\ln u)' = \frac{u'}{u} \left(\frac{1}{\ln e} \right) = 1$$



2.8
#1

$$y = \ln \sqrt{x+5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+5)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{x+5}$$

$$\ln(x+5)^{1/2}$$

$$\ln(ax+b) = \frac{a}{ax+b}$$

$$\ln(x+b) = \frac{1}{x+b}$$

#6 $y = \ln \frac{x^2(x+1)^3}{(x+3)^{1/2}}$

$$= 2 \ln x + 3 \ln(x+1) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+3)$$

$$y' = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x+1} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{x+3}$$

#34 $y = \ln \frac{\sqrt{(x+1)^5}}{(x+2)^{20}}$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \ln(x+1) - 10 \ln(x+2)$$

$$y' = \frac{5}{2} \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{10}{x+2}$$

#36 $f(x) = e^{-2x^3}$

$$f'(x) = -6x^2 e^{-2x^3}$$

#38 $f(x) = 2x^3 e^x$

$$(uv)'$$

$$f'(x) = 6x^2 e^x + 2x e^x$$

$$= (6x^2 + 2x) e^x$$

#39 $f(x) = \frac{3e^x}{1+e^x} \quad \left(\frac{u}{v}\right)'$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3e^x(1+e^x) - e^x(3e^x)}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3e^x + 3e^{2x} - 3e^{2x}}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3e^x}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{a+b}{c+d}\right)' =$$

$$\frac{(a'b - b'a) + (a'd - b'd')}{(c+d)^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{3e^x}{e^x+1}\right)' = \frac{3e^x}{(e^x+1)^2} \quad \frac{3(e^x)^2 - e^x(3e^x)}{(e^x+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{ae^a}{be^a} \quad 0$$

#49 $f(x) = \frac{1-e^x}{1+e^x} = \frac{-e^x+1}{e^x+1}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-e^x(1+e^x) - e^x(1-e^x)}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-e^x - e^{2x} - e^x + e^{2x}}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{2e^x}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2e^x}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

#51 $y = \sqrt{e^{2x^2} + e^{-2x^2}}$

$$y' = \frac{4xe^{2x^2} - 4xe^{-2x^2}}{2\sqrt{e^{2x^2} + e^{-2x^2}}}$$

$$= \frac{2x(e^{2x^2} - e^{-2x^2})}{\sqrt{e^{2x^2} + e^{-2x^2}}}$$

#167 $f(x) = e^{2x} \ln(xe^x + 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 2e^{2x} \ln(xe^x + 1) + e^{2x} \frac{e^x + xe^x}{xe^x + 1} \\ &= 2e^{2x} \ln(xe^x + 1) + \frac{(x+1)e^{2x}}{xe^x + 1} \end{aligned}$$

#168 $f(x) = \frac{xe^x}{\ln(x^2+1)} \quad \left(\frac{u}{v}\right)'$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{(e^x + xe^x) \ln(x^2+1) - \frac{2x}{x^2+1} xe^x}{(\ln(x^2+1))^2} \quad \frac{x^2+1}{x^2+1} \\ &= \frac{e^x(x+1)[\ln(x^2+1)](x^2+1) - 2x^2e^x}{(x^2+1)(\ln(x^2+1))^2} \\ &= \frac{(x+1)(x^2+1)\ln(x^2+1) - 2x^2}{(x^2+1)(\ln(x^2+1))^2} e^x \end{aligned}$$

#165 $y = \ln \frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}$

$$= \ln(e^x + 1) - \ln(1 - e^x)$$

$$y' = \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} + \frac{e^x}{1 - e^x}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{1+e^x} + \frac{1}{1-e^x} \right) e^x \quad \star \star$$

$$= \frac{2}{1-e^{2x}} e^x$$

$$(f^{-1})'(x) = \frac{1}{f'(f^{-1}(x))}$$

$$f(x) = \sin^{-1} u$$

$$= \frac{u'}{\cos(\sin^{-1} u)}$$

$$= \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2(\sin^{-1} u)}}$$

$$|\sin(\sin^{-1} u)|^2 = u^2$$

$$(\sin^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}}$$

$$(\sec u)' = \frac{u'}{|u| \sqrt{u^2 - 1}}$$

$$(\tan^{-1} u)' = \frac{u'}{1 + u^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$-1 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$x \leq -1 \quad x \geq 1$$

implic. fctn: (1)

$$f(x) = ax^n$$

$$f'(x) = a n! x^n$$

$$f^{(n+1)}(x) = 0$$