

$$F = \langle z-y, x, -x \rangle$$

$$S: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4 \quad z \geq 0$$

$$C: x^2 + y^2 = 4 \quad \text{CCW}$$

Sol.

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle x, y, z \rangle$$

$$= \langle 2\cos t, 2\sin t, 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$\vec{r}' = \langle -2\sin t, 2\cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = \langle -2\sin t, 2\cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} &= \int_0^{2\pi} (4\sin^2 t + 4\cos^2 t) dt \\ &= 4 \int_0^{2\pi} dt \\ &= 8\pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, dS$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \times \vec{F} &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ z-y & x & -x \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4 \Rightarrow r = \sqrt{4 - z^2}$$

$$2x + 2y + 2z = 0 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{y+z}{2}$$

$$2y + 2z = 0 \Rightarrow y = -z$$

$$\vec{r} = \langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle -\frac{y+z}{2}, -y, z \rangle$$

$$\vec{r} = \langle -\frac{z}{2}, -z, z \rangle$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{r} = \langle 0, 0, 2 \rangle$$

$$\iint_S (\nabla \cdot \vec{r}) \cdot \vec{n} = \iint_S (2 \cdot \frac{z}{2} + 2) \cdot 1 \, dA$$

$$= \iint_S \left( \frac{z^2}{\sqrt{4-z^2}} + 2 \right) dA$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \left( \frac{2r^2 \sin \theta}{\sqrt{4-r^2}} + 2 \right) r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \left( \frac{2r^2 \sin \theta}{\sqrt{4-r^2}} + 2r \right) dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{-2r^2}{\sqrt{4-r^2}} \cos \theta + 2r^2 \right) \Big|_0^2 d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{2r^2}{\sqrt{4-r^2}} (1-1) (4\pi r) \, d\theta$$

$$= 4\pi \int_0^2 r \, dr$$

$$= 2\pi r^2 \Big|_0^2$$

$$= 8\pi$$

$$\text{Ex } \iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, dS \quad \vec{r} = \langle -x^2, y^2, xye^z \rangle$$

$$z = 5 - x^2 - y^2$$

$$z = 3 \uparrow$$

soln

$$z = 5 - x^2 - y^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 2 \rightarrow r = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \sqrt{2} \cos t, \sqrt{2} \sin t, 3 \rangle$$

$$\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = \langle -\sqrt{2} \sin t, \sqrt{2} \cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \sqrt{2} \cos t, \sqrt{2} \sin t, 3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{F} = \langle -3\sqrt{2} \cos t, 3\sqrt{2} \sin t, 2 \cos t \sin t e^3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{F} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = 6 \cos t \sin t + 6 \cos t \sin t$$

$$= 12 \cos t \sin t$$

$$= 6 \sin 2t$$

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, dS = \int_0^{2\pi} 6 \sin 2t \, dt$$

$$= -3 \cos 2t \Big|_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= 0$$

-11 16

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$$

$$\vec{F} = \langle 2y, -z, x-y-z \rangle$$

$$S: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 25$$

$$3 \leq x \leq 5$$

$$x=3 \Rightarrow y^2 + z^2 = 16 \rightarrow (r=4)$$

$$\boxed{x=5 \Rightarrow y^2 + z^2 = 0}$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle 3, 4 \cos t, 4 \sin t \rangle$$

$$\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = \langle 0, -4 \sin t, 4 \cos t \rangle$$

$$\vec{F} = \langle 8 \cos t, -4(1 \sin t), 3 - 4 \cos t - 4 \sin t \rangle$$

$$\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_0^{2\pi} (\underline{16 \sin^2 t} + 12 \cos t - \underline{16 \cos^2 t} - 16 \cos t \sin t) dt$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} (-16 \cos 2t + 12 \cos t - 8 \sin 2t) dt$$

$$= -8 \sin 2t + 12 \sin t + 4 \cos 2t \Big|_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= 4 - 4$$

$$= \underline{0}$$

$$\vec{n} ? \rightarrow x=3$$

$$\vec{n} = \langle 3, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\text{flux} = \iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, dS = \iint_S (f_x + g_y) \, dA$$

$$= \iiint_D \nabla \cdot \vec{F} \, dV$$

Ex  $\vec{F} = \langle x, y, z \rangle$   
 $S: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \left\langle \frac{\partial}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \right\rangle \cdot \langle x, y, z \rangle$$

$$= 1 + 1 + 1$$

$$= 3$$

$$\iiint_D \nabla \cdot \vec{F} \, dV = \iiint_D 3 \, dV$$

$$= 3 \quad (\text{volume of a sphere})$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{4\pi}{3} a^3$$

$$= \underline{4\pi a^3}$$

$$\vec{r} = \langle x, y, z \rangle \left[ \frac{1}{a} \vec{F} \right]$$

$$= \langle a \sin \phi \cos \theta, a \sin \phi \sin \theta, a \cos \phi \rangle$$

$$\vec{t}_\phi = \langle a \cos \phi \cos \theta, a \cos \phi \sin \theta, -a \sin \phi \rangle$$

$$\vec{t}_\phi \times \vec{t}_\theta = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ a \cos \phi \cos \theta & a \cos \phi \sin \theta & -a \sin \phi \\ -a \sin \phi \sin \theta & a \sin \phi \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta) \hat{i} + (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} \\ + (a^2 \cos \phi \sin \phi \cos^2 \theta + a^2 \sin \phi \cos \phi \sin^2 \theta) \hat{k}$$

$$= (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (a^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta) \hat{j} \\ + (a^2 \sin \phi \cos \phi) \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{F} \cdot (\vec{t}_\phi \times \vec{t}_\theta) = a^3 \sin^3 \phi \cos^2 \theta + a^3 \sin^3 \phi \sin^2 \theta \\ + a^3 \sin \phi \cos^2 \phi$$

$$= a^3 \sin \phi \left( \sin^2 \phi (\underbrace{\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta}_1) + \cos^2 \phi \right)$$

$$= a^3 \sin \phi$$

$$\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dS = a^3 \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^\pi \sin \phi d\phi \\ = 2\pi a^3 \left( -\cos \phi \right)_0^\pi \\ = \underline{4\pi a^3}$$

$$\vec{F} = \langle -y, x-z, y \rangle$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2 \quad z \geq 0$$

Net outward flux across S.

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(-y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(x-z) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(y)$$

$$= 0$$


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Ex  $\vec{F} = xyz \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$

$$D = \{(x, y, z) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1\}$$

Soln

$$\iiint_D \nabla \cdot \vec{F} \, dV$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(xyz) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(xyz) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(xyz)$$

$$= yz + xz + xy$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (yz + xz + xy) \, dx \, dy \, dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left( yz x + \frac{1}{2} z x^2 + \frac{1}{2} y x^2 \right) \Big|_0^1 \, dy \, dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \left( yz + \frac{1}{2} z + \frac{1}{2} y \right) \, dy \, dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left( \frac{1}{2} z y^2 + \frac{1}{2} z y + \frac{1}{4} y^2 \right) \Big|_0^1 \, dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left( z + \frac{1}{4} \right) \, dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} z^2 + \frac{1}{4} z \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= 3/4$$



$$\vec{F} = \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|^3}$$

a)  $D = \rho(x, y, z) \cdot a^2 \leq x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq b^2$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \nabla \cdot \left( \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|^3} \right)$$

$$= -\nabla \cdot \vec{r} \frac{1}{|\vec{r}|^3} = \vec{r} \cdot \nabla \frac{1}{|\vec{r}|^3}$$

$$= \left( \frac{3-3}{|\vec{r}|^3} \right)$$

$$= 0$$

Flux is zero

b) Outward flux  $\vec{F}$  any sphere  $\rightarrow 0$

$$\iint_{S_1} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n}_1 dS = \iint_{S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n}_2 dS$$

$$= \iint_{S_1} \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|^3} \cdot \frac{\vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|} dS$$

$$= \iint_{S_1} \frac{|\vec{r}|^2}{|\vec{r}|^4} dS$$

$$= \iint_{S_1} \frac{1}{a^2} dS$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^2} 4\pi a^2$$

$$= 4\pi$$



- 1 - work
  - 2 - Green's / flux & circ
  - 3 - divergence  $\nabla \cdot \vec{F}$
  - 4 -  $\vec{F} \times \vec{n}$
  - 5 - surface
  - 6 - Stokes
  - 7 - divergence } Theorem.
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4.8 #9  $\vec{F} = \langle x^2, 2xz, y^2 \rangle$   $0 \leq x \leq 1$   
 $x=1, y=1, z=1 \rightarrow 0 \leq y \leq 1$   
 $0 \leq z \leq 1$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2xz) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (y^2)$$

$$= 2x$$

$$\iiint_D \nabla \cdot \vec{F} dV = \int_0^1 dz \int_0^1 dy \int_0^1 2x dx$$

$$= x^2 \Big|_0^1$$

$$= 1$$

11)  $\vec{F} = \langle x^2 + yz, x + y^2, x + yz \rangle$   
 $|x| \leq 1 \quad |y| \leq 1 \quad |z| \leq 1$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2 + yz) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x + y^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (x + yz)$$

$$= 2x + 2y + 1$$

11)  $\vec{F} = \langle y - 2x, x^3 - y, y^2 - z \rangle$   
 $|x^2 + y^2 + z^2| \leq 2$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (y - 2x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^3 - y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (y^2 - z)$$

$$= -2 - 1 - 1$$

$$= -4$$

$$\iiint_D \nabla \cdot \vec{F} \, dV = -4 \iiint_D dV$$

$$= -4 \cdot (\text{volume of a sphere of } 2)$$

$$= -4 \cdot \frac{4}{3} \pi (2)^2$$

$$= -\frac{64}{3} \pi$$

$$\iint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{A} \quad \vec{F} = \langle 2, -2, x^2 - y^2 \rangle$$

$$z = 8 - 4x - 2y \quad (1)$$

Soln.

$$R = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 4 - 2x\}$$

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, dS$$

$$(1) \quad 4x + 2y + z = 8$$

$$\vec{n} = \langle 4, 2, 1 \rangle$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ z & -z & x^2 - y^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-2y + 1)\hat{i} + (1 - 2x)\hat{j}$$

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, dS = \int_0^2 \int_0^{4-2x} (4(1-2y) + 2 - 4x) \, dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 \int_0^{4-2x} (-8y - 4x + 6) \, dy \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 (-4y^2 - 4xy + 6y) \Big|_0^{4-2x} \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 (-4(16 - 16x + 4x^2) - 16x + 8x^2 + 24 - 12x) \, dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 (-8x^2 + 36x - 40) \, dx$$

$$= -\frac{8}{3}x^3 + 18x^2 - 40x \Big|_0^2$$

$$= -\frac{64}{3} + 72 - 80$$

$$= -\frac{56}{3}$$