Solution

Section 1.4 – Limits at Infinity

Exercise

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $h(x) = \frac{-5 + \frac{7}{x}}{3 - \frac{1}{x^2}}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-5 + \frac{7}{x}}{3 - \frac{1}{x^2}} = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{-5 + \frac{7}{x}}{3 - \frac{1}{x^2}} = -\frac{5}{3}$$

Exercise

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{5x+7}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x+3}{5x+7} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2+\frac{3}{x}}{5+\frac{7}{x}} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2x+3}{5x+7} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2+\frac{3}{x}}{5+\frac{7}{x}} = \frac{2}{5}$$

Exercise

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 7}{x^3 - x^2 + x + 7}$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x^3 + 7}{x^3 - x^2 + x + 7} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2 + \frac{7}{x^3}}{1 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{7}{x^3}} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2x^3 + 7}{x^3 - x^2 + x + 7} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2 + \frac{7}{x^3}}{1 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{7}{x^3}} = 2$$

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2+3}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{x+1}{x^2+3}}{x^2+3} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{\frac{x}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2}}}{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{3}{x^2}}}{1 + \frac{3}{x^2}} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x+1}{x^2 + 3} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{3}{x^2}} = 0$$

Exercise

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $f(x) = \frac{7x^3}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{7x^3}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{7}{1 - \frac{3}{x} + \frac{6}{x^2}} = 7$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{7x^3}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{7}{1 - \frac{3}{x} + \frac{6}{x^2}} = 7$$

Exercise

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $f(x) = \frac{9x^4 + x}{2x^4 + 5x^2 - x + 6}$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{9x^4 + x}{2x^4 + 5x^2 - x + 6} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{9x^4}{x^4} + \frac{x}{x^4}}{\frac{2x^4}{x^4} + \frac{5x^2}{x^4} - \frac{x}{x^4} + \frac{6}{x^4}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{9 + \frac{1}{x^3}}{2 + \frac{5}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{6}{x^4}}$$

$$= \frac{9}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{9x^4 + x}{2x^4 + 5x^2 - x + 6} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{9 + \frac{1}{x^3}}{2 + \frac{5}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{6}{x^4}} = \frac{9}{2}$$

Find the limit as $x \to \infty$ and as $x \to -\infty$ of $f(x) = \frac{-2x^3 - 2x + 3}{3x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-2x^3 - 2x + 3}{3x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-2 - \frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^3}}{3 + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{5}{x^2}} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{-2x^3 - 2x + 3}{3x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{-2 - \frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^3}}{3 + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{5}{x^2}} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

Exercise

Find $\lim_{x \to \infty} x^{12}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} x^{12} = \infty$$

Exercise

Find $\lim_{x \to -\infty} 3x^9$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} 3x^9 = -\infty$$

Exercise

Find $\lim_{x \to -\infty} x^{-8}$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} x^{-8} = \frac{1}{(-\infty)^8} = 0$$

Exercise

Find $\lim_{x \to -\infty} x^{-9}$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} x^{-9} = \frac{1}{(-\infty)^9} = 0$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} 2x^{-6}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} 2x^{-6} = \frac{2}{\infty} = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(3x^{12} - 9x^7 \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(3x^{12} - 9x^7 \right) = \infty$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(3x^7 + x^2 \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(3x^7 + x^2 \right) = \lim_{x \to -\infty} x^2 \left(3x^5 + 1 \right)$$
$$= -\infty$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(-2x^{16} + 2 \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(-2x^{16} + 2 \right) = -\infty$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(2x^{-6} + 4x^5 \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(2x^{-6} + 4x^5 \right) = \lim_{x \to -\infty} x^{-6} \left(2 + 4x^{11} \right) + \infty \left(-\infty \right)$$

$$= -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\cos x}{3x}$$

Solution

$$-\frac{1}{3x} \le \frac{\cos x}{3x} \le \frac{1}{3x}, \quad -1 \le \cos x \le 1$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\cos x}{3x} = 0$$

By the Sandwich Theorem

Exercise

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{2x + 7 - 5\sin x}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{2x + 7 - 5\sin x} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{2 + \frac{7}{x} - \frac{5\sin x}{x}}$$
$$= \frac{1 + 0}{2 + 0 - 0}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

Exercise

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{\frac{8x^2 - 3}{2x^2 + x}}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{\frac{8x^2 - 3}{2x^2 + x}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{\frac{8 - \frac{3}{x^2}}{2 + \frac{1}{x}}}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{8}{2}}$$
$$= 2$$

Exercise

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\frac{x^2 + x - 1}{8x^2 - 3} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\frac{x^2 + x - 1}{8x^2 - 3} \right)^{1/3} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}}{8 - \frac{3}{x^2}} \right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{1/3}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} |$$

Find

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2\sqrt{x} + x^{-1}}{3x - 7}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2\sqrt{x} + x^{-1}}{3x - 7} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x} + \frac{x^{-1}}{x}}{3 - \frac{7}{x}}$$
$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x^{1/2}} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{3 - \frac{7}{x}}$$
$$= 0$$

Exercise

Find

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^{-1} + x^{-4}}{x^{-2} + x^{-3}}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^{-1} + x^{-4}}{x^{-2} + x^{-3}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{x^{-1}}{x^{-2}} + \frac{x^{-4}}{x^{-2}}}{\frac{x^{-2}}{x^{-2}} + \frac{x^{-3}}{x^{-2}}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x + \frac{1}{x^{2}}}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$= \infty$$

Exercise

Find

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4 - 3x^3}{\sqrt{x^6 + 9}}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4 - 3x^3}{\sqrt{x^6 + 9}} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{4 - 3x^3}{\sqrt{x^6}}}{\frac{\sqrt{x^6 + 9}}{\sqrt{x^6}}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{4-3x^3}{x^3}}{\sqrt{\frac{x^6+9}{x^6}}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{4}{x^3} - 3}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{9}{x^6}}}$$

$$= \frac{-3}{\sqrt{1}}$$

$$= -3$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\sqrt{x^2 + 3} + x \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\sqrt{x^2 + 3} + x \right) = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(\sqrt{x^2 + 3} + x \right) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3} - x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3} - x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x^2 + 3 - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3} - x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3} - x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2}} - \frac{x}{x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{3}{x^2}} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{0}{\sqrt{1} + 1}$$

$$= 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} \right) = \lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} \right) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} + \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} + \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\left(x^2 + 3x\right) - \left(x^2 - 2x\right)}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} + \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 + 3x - x^2 + 2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} + \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{5x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} + \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\frac{5x}{\sqrt{x^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2} + \frac{3x}{x^2}} + \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x^2} - \frac{2x}{x^2}}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{5}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{3}{x}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{x}}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{1}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2}$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x - 3}{4x + 10}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x - 3}{4x + 10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^5 + 2}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^5 + 2} = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(-3x^3 + 5 \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(-3x^3 + 5 \right) = \infty$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(e^{-2x} + \frac{2}{x} \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(e^{-2x} + \frac{2}{x} \right) = e^{-\infty} + 0 = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{\ln x + 1}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{\ln x + 1} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(3 + \frac{10}{x^2} \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(3 + \frac{10}{x^2} \right) = 3 + 0 = 3$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(5 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{10}{x^2} \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(5 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{10}{x^2} \right) = 5 + 0 + 0 = 5$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 + 2x + 3}{x^2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 + 2x + 3}{x^2} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2}{x^2}$$
$$= 4$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(5 + \frac{100}{x} + \frac{\sin^4 x^3}{x^2} \right)$$

Solution

$$-1 \le \sin \theta \le 1 \implies 0 \le \sin^4 \theta \le 1$$

$$0 \le \frac{\sin^4 \theta}{x^2} \le \frac{1}{x^2} \to 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(5 + \frac{100}{x} + \frac{\sin^4 x^3}{x^2} \right) = 5$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{\theta \to \infty} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta^2}$$

Solution

$$-1 \le \cos \theta \le 1 \implies -\frac{1}{\theta^2} \le \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta^2} \le \frac{1}{\theta^2} \longrightarrow 0$$

$$\lim_{\theta \to \infty} \frac{\cos \theta}{\theta^2} = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{\theta \to \infty} \frac{\cos \theta^5}{\sqrt{\theta}}$$

Solution

$$-1 \le \cos \theta^5 \le 1 \implies -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\theta}} \le \frac{\cos \theta^5}{\sqrt{\theta}} \le \frac{1}{\sqrt{\theta}} \to 0$$

$$\lim_{\theta \to \infty} \frac{\cos \theta^5}{\sqrt{\theta}} = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x}{20x + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x}{20x+1} = \frac{4}{20} = \frac{1}{5}$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x}{20x+1}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x}{20x+1} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x}{20x}$$
$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 7}{x^2 + 5x}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 7}{x^2 + 5x} = 3$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{3x^2 - 7}{x^2 + 5x}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{3x^2 - 7}{x^2 + 5x} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{3x^2}{x^2}$$

$$= 3$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 8}{3x^2 + 2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 8}{3x^2 + 2} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{6x^2}{3x^2}$$
$$= \frac{6}{3}$$
$$= 2$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 8}{3x^2 + 2}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 8}{3x^2 + 2} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{6x^2}{3x^2}$$
$$= \frac{6}{3}$$
$$= 2$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 - 7}{8x^2 + 5x + 2}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 - 7}{8x^2 + 5x + 2} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2}{8x^2}$$
$$= \frac{4}{8}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x^2 - 7}{8x^2 + 5x + 2}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x^2 - 7}{8x^2 + 5x + 2} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x^2}{8x^2}$$
$$= \frac{4}{8}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 64x^2 + x^2}}{2x^2 - 4}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 64x^2} + x^2}{2x^2 - 4} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4} + x^2}{2x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 + x^2}{2x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{5x^2}{2x^2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2}$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 64x^2} + x^2}{2x^2 - 4}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4 + 64x^2} + x^2}{2x^2 - 4} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{16x^4} + x^2}{2x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x^2 + x^2}{2x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{5x^2}{2x^2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2}$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 36x^2}{x^4 - 25x^2 + 144}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 36x^2}{x^4 - 25x^2 + 144} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^4}{x^4}$$
= 3

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 36x^2}{x^4 - 25x^2 + 144}$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 36x^2}{x^4 - 25x^2 + 144} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{3x^4}{x^4}$$
= 3

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} 16x^2 \left(4x^2 - \sqrt{16x^4 + 1} \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} 16x^{2} \left(4x^{2} - \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1} \right) = \infty - \infty$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} 16x^{2} \left(4x^{2} - \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1} \right) \frac{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} 16x^{2} \frac{16x^{4} - 16x^{4} - 1}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} 16x^{2} \frac{-1}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} 16x^{2} \frac{-1}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-16x^{2}}{4x^{2} + 4x^{2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-16x^{2}}{8x^{2}}$$

$$= -2$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} 16x^2 \left(4x^2 - \sqrt{16x^4 + 1} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} 16x^{2} \left(4x^{2} - \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1} \right) = \infty - \infty$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} 16x^{2} \left(4x^{2} - \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1} \right) \frac{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} 16x^{2} \frac{16x^{4} - 16x^{4} - 1}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} 16x^{2} \frac{-1}{4x^{2} + \sqrt{16x^{4} + 1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{-16x^2}{4x^2 + 4x^2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{-16x^2}{8x^2}$$

$$= -2 \mid$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x-1}{x^{2/3} - 1}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x-1}{x^{2/3} - 1} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x}{x^{2/3}}$$
$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} x^{1/3}$$
$$= \infty$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x-1}{x^{2/3} - 1}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x-1}{x^{2/3} - 1} = \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x}{x^{2/3}}$$
$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} x^{1/3}$$
$$= -\infty$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 6} - 3}{x - 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 6} - 3}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2}}{x}$$
$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x}{x}$$
$$= 1$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\left| 1 - x^2 \right|}{x(x+1)}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\left| 1 - x^2 \right|}{x(x+1)} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$$
$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2}{x^2}$$
$$= 1$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\sqrt{|x|} - \sqrt{|x-1|} \right)$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\sqrt{|x|} - \sqrt{|x-1|} \right) = \infty - \infty$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x-1} \right) \frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x - x + 1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\infty}$$

$$= 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \tan^{-1} x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{2x} \le \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x} \le \frac{\pi}{2x} \to 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{x} = 0$$

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\cos x}{e^{3x}}$$

Solution

$$-1 \le \cos x \le 1$$

$$-\frac{1}{e^{3x}} \le \frac{\cos x}{e^{3x}} \le \frac{1}{e^{3x}} \to 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\cos x}{e^{3x}} = 0$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \frac{2 + 10}{1 + 1}$$

$$= 6$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

Solution

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2e^x}{e^x} \qquad \lim_{x \to \infty} e^{-x} = 0$$

$$= 2$$

Exercise

Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2e^x + 10e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{10e^{-x}}{e^{-x}} \qquad \lim_{x \to -\infty} e^x = 0$$

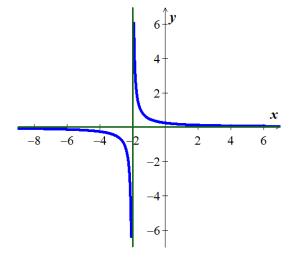
$$= 10$$

Graph the rational function $y = \frac{1}{2x+4}$. Include the equations of the asymptotes.

Solution

$$VA: 2x = 4 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{x = -2}$$

$$\mathbf{HA} \colon \ \underline{y = 0}$$



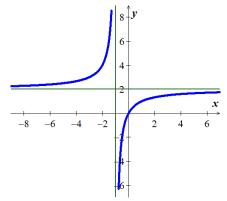
Exercise

Graph the rational function $y = \frac{2x}{x+1}$. Include the equations of the asymptotes.

Solution

VA:
$$x = -1$$

$$HA: \underline{y=2}$$



Exercise

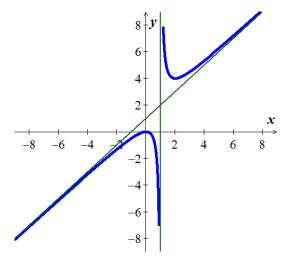
Graph the rational function $y = \frac{x^2}{x-1}$. Include the equations of the asymptotes.

$$\begin{array}{c}
x+1 \\
x^2 \\
\underline{x^2 - x} \\
x \\
\underline{x-1} \\
1
\end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{x^2}{x-1} = x+1+\frac{1}{x-1}$$

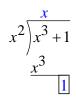
$$VA$$
: $x = 1$

Oblique Asymptote:
$$y = x + 1$$



Graph the rational function $y = \frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2}$. Include the equations of the asymptotes.

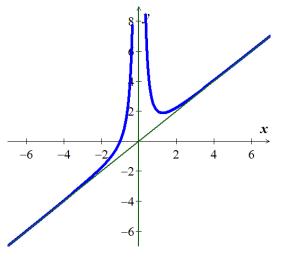
Solution



$$y = \frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2} = x + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

 $VA: \underline{x=0}$

Oblique Asymptote: y = x



Exercise

Let
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 2x}$$

a) Analyze
$$\lim_{x\to 0^-} f(x)$$
, $\lim_{x\to 0^+} f(x)$, $\lim_{x\to 2^-} f(x)$, and $\lim_{x\to 2^+} f(x)$

b) Does the graph of f have any vertical asymptotes? Explain?

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 2x} = \frac{(x - 2)(x - 3)}{x(x - 2)} = \frac{x - 3}{x}$$

a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0^{-}} \frac{x-3}{x} = \frac{-3}{0^{-}} = \infty$$

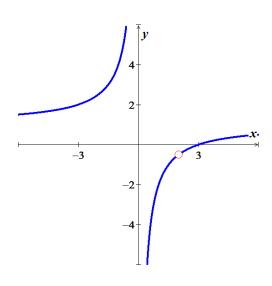
$$\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} \frac{x - 3}{x} = \frac{-3}{0^{+}} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to 2^{-}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 2^{-}} \frac{x-3}{x} = \frac{2-3}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 2^{+}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 2^{+}} \frac{x-3}{x} = \frac{2-3}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

b)
$$VA: x = 0$$
 Hole: $x = 2 \rightarrow f(2) = -\frac{1}{2}$

$$HA: y = 1$$
 $OA: n/a$



Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{3x}{1-x}$

Solution

$$VA: x = 1$$
, $Hole: n/a$, $HA: y = -3$, $OA: n/a$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 9}$

Solution

$$VA: n/a; Hole: n/a; HA: y=1; OA: n/a$$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{x-2}{x^2-4x+3}$

Solution

$$VA: x = 1, 3;$$
 Hole: $n/a;$ HA: $y = 0;$ OA: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{5x-1}{1-3x}$

Solution

VA:
$$x = \frac{1}{3}$$
; **Hole**: n/a ; **HA**: $y = -\frac{5}{3}$; **OA**: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{3}{x-5}$ Solution

$$VA: x = 5$$
, $Hole: n/a$, $HA: y = 0$, $OA: n/a$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{x^3 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$

$$x^{2} + 1 \overline{\smash)x^{3} - 1}$$

$$\underline{x^{3} + x}$$

$$\underline{-x - 1}$$

$$y = \frac{x^{3} - 1}{x^{2} + 1} = x + \frac{-x - 1}{x^{2} + 1} = x - \frac{x + 1}{x^{2} + 1}$$

VA: n/a, Hole: n/a, HA: n/a, OA: y = x

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{3x^2 - 27}{(x+3)(2x+1)}$

Solution

$$VA: x = -3, -\frac{1}{2};$$
 Hole: $n/a;$ HA: $y = \frac{3}{2};$ OA: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 - 2}{x^2 - 4}$

Solution

$$x^{2} - 4 \overline{\smash)x^{3} + 3x^{2} - 2}$$

$$\underline{x^{3} - 4x} \qquad y = \frac{x^{3} + 3x^{2} - 2}{x^{2} - 4} = x + 3 + \frac{4x + 10}{x^{2} - 4}$$

 $VA: x = \pm 2$, Hole: n/a, HA: n/a, OA: y = x + 3

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{x-3}{x^2-9}$

Solution

$$VA: x = -3;$$
 Hole: $x = 3;$ HA: $y = 0;$ OA: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of $y = \frac{6}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x}}$

$$VA: x = 0, 4; Hole: n/a; HA: y = 0; OA: n/a$$

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f\left(x\right) = \frac{4x^3 + 1}{1 - x^3}$$

Solution

$$VA: x = 1; \quad Hole: n/a; \quad HA: y = -4; \quad OA: n/a$$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{9x^2 + x}}$$

Solution

VA:
$$x = 0$$
, $-\frac{1}{9}$; **Hole**: n/a ; **HA**: $y = \frac{1}{3}$; **OA**: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = 1 - e^{-2x}$$

Solution

VA:
$$n/a$$
; **Hole**: n/a ; **HA**: $y = 1$; **OA**: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\ln x^2}$$

Solution

$$VA: x = 0; \quad Hole: n/a; \quad HA: y = 0; \quad OA: n/a$$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\tan^{-1} x}$$

Solution

VA:
$$x = 0$$
; **Hole**: n/a ; **HA**: $y = \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{2}{\pi}$; **OA**: n/a

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 6}{2x^2 + 3x - 2}$$

$$VA: x = -2, \frac{1}{2};$$
 Hole: $n/a;$ **HA**: $y = 1;$ **OA**: n/a

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 2x - 1}{4x + 1}$$

Solution

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{5}{16}}{4x + 1 \sqrt{3x^2 + 2x - 1}}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 + \frac{3}{4}x}{\frac{5}{4}x - 1}$$

$$VA: x = -\frac{1}{4};$$
 Hole: $n/a;$ HA: $n/a;$ OA: $y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{5}{16}$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{9x^2 + 4}{(2x - 1)^2}$$

Solution

$$VA: x = \frac{1}{2}; \quad Hole: n/a; \quad HA: y = \frac{9}{4}; \quad OA: n/a$$

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{1 + x - 2x^2 - x^3}{x^2 + 1}$$

Solution

$$\begin{array}{r}
-x-2 \\
x^2+1 \overline{\smash{\big)}-x^3-2x^2+x+1} \\
\underline{-x^3 - x} \\
-2x^2+2x
\end{array}$$

VA: n/a; Hole: n/a; HA: n/a; OA: y = -x-2

Exercise

Find the vertical, horizontal, hole, and oblique asymptotes (if any) of

$$f(x) = \frac{x(x+2)^3}{3x^2 - 4x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x(x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 8)}{x(3x - 4)} = \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 8}{3x - 4}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^{2} + \frac{22}{9}x + \frac{196}{27}}{3x - 4\sqrt{x^{3} + 6x^{2} + 12x + 8}}$$

$$\frac{x^{3} - \frac{4}{3}x^{2}}{\frac{22}{3}x^{2} + 12x}$$

$$\frac{\frac{22}{3}x^{2} - \frac{88}{9}x}{\frac{196}{9}x}$$

VA:
$$x = \frac{4}{3}$$
; **Hole**: $(0, -2)$; **HA**: n/a ; **OA**: $y = \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{22}{9}x + \frac{196}{27}$