```
2.3
 Product (u.v) = u',v+v'u
\mathcal{L}_{X} - (x) = (\partial x + 3)(\partial x^{2})
                               +col = 6x3+ 9x2
        U = 2x + 3
U' = 2
|V'| = 6x
                               f (x) = 18x + 18x
  f(x) = 2 (3x2) + 6x (2x+3)
       =6x^{2}+12x^{2}+18x
       = 18x2+18x
f(x) = (3x^2 + 1)(x^3 + 3) (um)= un+n'u
    f (x) = 6x (x +3) + (3x2) (3x2+1)
         = 6x4+18x + 2x4+3x2
         = 15 x4+ 3x2+18x /
t1 y= (3x+2x+5)(x2-2x+4)
    1/= (9x2+2) (x2-2x+4)+(2x-2)(3x3+2x+5)
                x 4 x 3 x 2 x x x x 9 4 -16 26 -4 8 6 4 -4 -4
        = 15x4-24x3+42x2+2x-2 (
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$$\frac{(ax+b)}{(cx+d)} = \frac{ad-bc}{(cx+d)^2} \qquad |cd|$$

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$$\frac{(ax^2+bx+c)}{(cx^2+d)} = \frac{(ae-bd)x^2 \cdot 2(d + f)x + \frac{b}{c}f}{(dx^2+cx+f)^2}$$

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$$\frac{(ax^2+bx+c)$$

$$J = \frac{(1+x)(2x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= \frac{2x^2 + x - 1}{x-1}$$

$$y' = \frac{2x^2 - 4x}{(x-1)^2}$$

$$30 = \frac{x - 4}{5x - 2} \rightarrow y' = \frac{18}{(5x - 2)^2} = \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{$$

$$31 \quad 7 = \frac{3x - cl}{2x - l}$$

$$7 = \frac{5}{(2x - l)^{2}}$$

$$-3 - (-8)$$

$$J = \frac{3 \times 74}{2 \times + 1}$$

$$J = \frac{-5}{(2 \times + 1)^{2}}$$

$$32 = \frac{-3x+4}{2x+1} \qquad y' = \frac{-11}{(2x+1)^2}$$

$$-3 - (8)$$

$$34y = \frac{-3x-4}{2x-1} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{11}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{5x^{2}-3x-1}$$

$$y' = \frac{10x^{2}-12x+6}{(5x^{2}-2x-1)^{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{3x^{2}-4x+2}{(5x^{2}-2x-1)^{2}}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{$$

$$J = 5x + \cos x$$

$$J' = 5 - \sin x$$

$$J' = \cos x - \sin^2 x$$

$$= \cos x$$

$$J' = \frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x} - (-\cos x)\cos x$$

$$J' = \frac{\sin x}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-\sin x}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \sin x}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos x}{\cos x}$$

$$J' = \sec^2 x$$

$$J' = \cos^2 x$$

= sec2x

$$y'' = \sec x \tan x$$

$$y'' = \sec x \tan x (\tan x) + \sec^2 x \sec x$$

$$= \sec x \tan^2 x + \sec^3 x$$

$$y' = 10x + 3 \cos x$$

$$y' = 10 - 3 \sin x$$

$$y'' = \frac{\cos^2 x + x^2}{x \cos x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 x + x^2}{x \cos x}$$

$$y'' = (-2 \cos x \sin x + 2x)(x \cos x) - (\cos^2 x + x^2)(\cos x - x \cos x)$$

$$= -2x \cos^2 x \sin x + 2x^2 \cos x - \cos^2 x + x \cos x - x \cos x$$

$$= -x \cos^2 x \sin x + x^2 \cos x - \cos^2 x + x \cos x$$

$$= -x \cos^2 x \sin x + x^2 \cos x - \cos^2 x + x \sin x$$

$$= -x \cos^2 x \sin x + x^2 \cos x - \cos^2 x + x \sin x$$

$$= -x \cos^2 x \sin x + x \cos x - \cos^2 x + x \sin x$$

$$= -(\cos^2 x) + (-\cos^2 x)$$

$$= -(\cos^2 x) + (-\cos^2 x) + (-\cos^2$$

H8 y= x 2cox - 2x sinx - 2cox J'= 2xCvx - x3 sin x - (2 sin x + 2xcvx)+2 sin x = 2xcox +x sinx -2 sinx - 2xcox + 2sinx = Xd suix #16 f(x) = Sinx + 2x  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(\cos x + 2)x - \sin x - 2x}{x^2}$ = xCvx x + 2x - suix - 2x  $=\frac{x\cos x-\sin x}{x^2}$ ( U") = nu'un-1  $(x^1)' = n \times n^{-1}$ (x) = 1. 5x y= (3x2+1)2 7 = 2 (6x) (3x2+1)  $= 12x \left(3x^2+1\right) \int$ EX X(t) = Cos (t2+1) (cosu) = - u/smu X'(t) =-2 t sin (t2+1) of (t'+1) = 26

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{5x^{2} - x^{4}}{2} \right)^{2} \left( \frac{u^{2}}{2} \right)^{2} = \frac{7(15x^{2} - 4x^{2})}{2} \left( \frac{5x^{2} - x^{4}}{2} \right)^{6}$$

$$= \frac{7(15x^{2} - 4x^{2})}{2} \left( \frac{5x^{2} - x^{4}}{2} \right)^{6}$$

$$= \frac{3}{(3x - 2)^{2}} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right$$

(unvmwp)= un-1, m-1, p-1 (nuvw+muvw+puvw1) (unvm)= un-1vm-1 (nu'v+muv')  $58 f(x) = (x^2 + 2x - 3)^{5/6}$  $f'(x) = (x^{2} + 2x - 3)^{4} (2x + 3)^{5}$   $(5(2x + 2)(2x + 3) + 6(2)(x^{2} + 2x - 3))$  $\frac{x}{20} = \frac{x}{30} = \frac{30}{30}$ f(x)=(x2+2x-3)4(2x+3)5(3Qx2+74x-6)

$$f(x) = \frac{(x^{2}-3x)^{3}(x^{2}+3x-3)^{4}}{(x^{2}-3x+2)^{2}}$$

$$\begin{cases} (x) = \frac{(x^{2}-3x)^{3}(x^{2}+3x-3)^{4}(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(x^{2}-3x+2)^{3}} \\ (x) = \frac{(x^{2}-3x)^{3}(x^{2}+3x-3)^{3}(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(x^{2}-3x+2)^{3}} \\ (x) = \frac{(x^{2}-3x)^{3}(x^{2}+3x-3)^{3}(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(x^{2}-3x+2)^{3}} \\ (x) = \frac{(2x-3)(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(2x-3)(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)} \\ (x) = \frac{(2x-3)(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(2x-3)(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)} \\ (x) = \frac{(2x-3)(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)} \\ (x) = \frac{(2x-3)(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)}{(x^{2}-3x)(x^{2}-3x+2)} \\ (x) = \frac{(x^{2}-3x)^{2}(x^{2}+3x-3)^{3}}{(x^{2}-3x+2)^{2}} \\ (x) = \frac{(x^{2}-3x)^{2}(x^{2}+3x-3)^{3}}{(x^{2}-3x+2)^{2}}$$