Student: \_\_\_\_\_
Date:

Time:

**Instructor:** Fred Khoury

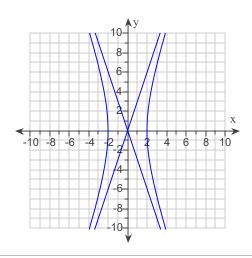
Assignment: Quiz Sec 4.7

Course: Math 2312-1000 Precalculus (Fall - 2015)

2015) **Book:** Lial: College Algebra and

Trigonometry, 4e

1. Find the equation of the graph.



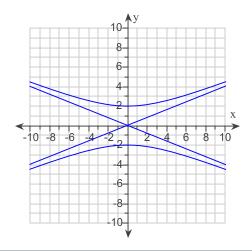
$$A. \frac{x^2}{36} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$$

OB. 
$$\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$$

OC. 
$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$$

OD. 
$$\frac{x^2}{36} - \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$$

2. Find the equation of the graph.



$$\bigcirc A. \quad \frac{y^2}{25} - \frac{x^2}{4} = 1$$

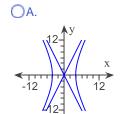
OB. 
$$\frac{y^2}{4} - \frac{x^2}{25} = 1$$

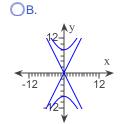
OC. 
$$\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$$

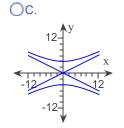
OD. 
$$\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

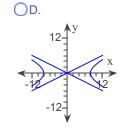
3. Graph the hyperbola.

$$\frac{x^2}{64} - \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$$









Student: Date:

Time:

**Instructor:** Fred Khoury

Assignment: Quiz Sec 4.7

Course: Math 2312-1000 Precalculus (Fall -2015)

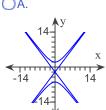
Book: Lial: College Algebra and

Trigonometry, 4e

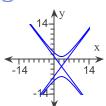
Graph the hyperbola. 4.

$$\frac{(y+3)^2}{16} - \frac{(x-3)^2}{9} = 1$$

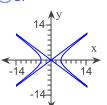
OA.



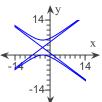
OB.



Oc.



OD.



Find the center, foci, and asymptotes of the hyperbola. 5.

$$\frac{(x+5)^2}{9} - \frac{(y-4)^2}{16} = 1$$

OA. center: (-5,4); foci: (-10,4), (0,4); asymptotes:  $y = \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{32}{3}$ ,  $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$ 

OB. center: (-5,4); foci: (4,-9), (4,-1); asymptotes:  $y = \frac{16}{9}x + \frac{32}{3}$ ,  $y = -\frac{16}{9}x - \frac{8}{3}$ 

Oc. center: (4, -5); foci: (-9,4), (-1,4); asymptotes:  $y = \frac{16}{9}x + 8$ ,  $y = -\frac{16}{9}x - 2$ 

OD. center: (4, -5); foci: (4, -10), (4,0); asymptotes:  $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 8$ ,  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x - 2$ 

<b>Date:</b>		Instructor: Fred Khoury Course: Math 2312-1000 Precalculus (Fall - 2015) Book: Lial: College Algebra and Trigonometry, 4e	Assignment: Quiz Sec 4.7
1.	В		
2.	В		
3.	D		
4.	В		
5.	A		