1.
$$\lim_{x \to 1^+} \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^+} = \infty$$

2. $\lim_{x \to 1^+} \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^+} = \infty$

3. $\lim_{x \to \infty} (x + \sqrt{x^2} - 4x + 1) = \infty + \infty$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} (x + \sqrt{x^2} - 4x + 2) = \infty + \infty$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} (x + \sqrt{x^2} - 4x + 2) = \infty + \infty$$

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$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} (x + \sqrt{x^2} - 4x + 2) = \infty + \infty$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x}{x - \sqrt{x^2} - 4x + 2}$$

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$$= \lim_{$$

Lect 2.

Lect 2.

$$\int (x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\int (x)$$

$$\oint (x) = \frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{x}{x-$$

leternisant 2×2

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{x+h}{x+h-1} - \frac{x}{x-1} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \frac{x^2 - x + hx - h - x^2 - hx + x}{(x-1)(x+h-1)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{(x-1)(x+h-1)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{-1}{(x-1)(x-1)}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{(x-1)^2}$$

lim for 1= L I def of lant. v'\$>0, 38>0 3 4x 1x-x01 = 5 | f(x1-L) = E 1:m 5:12 € = 1 f(x) = 1 x - 7 L=d X0 = 23 E=1 -S < X-23 < S 23-8(x < 23+8) -1 < Vx-7 - 4 <1 3 < VX-7 55 9 < x-7 < 25 16 < x < 321, S = 7 4. lim sin 5x = 5 5. lim <u>O cot 40</u> = 0 0 soi sin d cot 20 - lum & I Could 1 5 ind, 5 ind Sinua Co - lung 0 = 0 - lim 0 0 30 25/20 Cos 20 -16im - lim 251720

$$\frac{x^{2}-a^{2}}{x^{4}-a^{4}} = \frac{a^{2}-a^{2}}{a^{4}-a^{4}} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to a} \frac{x^{2}-a^{2}}{(x^{2}-a^{2})(x^{2}+a^{2})}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to a} \frac{1}{x^{2}+a^{2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1}{x^{2}+a^{2}}$$

$$\begin{array}{llll}
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&=$$

f = |x-1| + sinx f = |x-1| + sinx f = -x + 2 f = -x + 2 f = -x + 2 f = -x + 2f = -x + 2

f c t n is continuous everywhere except when x = 1, 2.

(f lim
$$\frac{x^2-4x+6}{3x^3}=0$$
)

29 lim
$$\frac{x^4 + x^3}{12x^3 + 126} = \infty$$

1.2/
20/line
$$(x^3-2x^2+4x+8)=-8-8-8+8$$

 $=-16$]

Of factor
Conjugate $\frac{4}{4}$

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x+3'}+2} = \frac{0}{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{\pm 0}{0} = \infty$$

$$\sin x \to a^{\dagger} = 0$$

$$\sin x \to a^{\dagger} = 0$$

$$\frac{1-3}{x-3} = \frac{2}{0} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{2}{(x-3)^3} = \frac{2}{0^+} = \infty$$