Course: Math 2312-1000 Precalculus (Fall - 2015)

Book: Lial: College Algebra and

Trigonometry, 4e

1. Use identities to find the indicated value for each angle measure.

Find $\cos (2\theta)$ if $\sin \theta = \frac{12}{13}$, $\cos \theta > 0$

- $\bigcirc A. \frac{9}{13}$
- OB. $\frac{119}{169}$
- \bigcirc C. $-\frac{119}{169}$
- OD. $\frac{120}{169}$
- 2. Use identities to find the indicated value for each angle measure.

Find $\sin (2\theta)$ if $\cos \theta = \frac{20}{29}$, $\sin \theta < 0$

- $\bigcirc A. -\frac{41}{841}$
- OB. $\frac{840}{841}$
- \bigcirc c. $-\frac{840}{841}$
- OD. $\frac{41}{841}$

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3. Use identities to find the indicated value for each angle measure.

Find $\sin (2\theta)$ if $\tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}$, $\pi < \theta < \frac{3\pi}{2}$

- $\bigcirc A. -\frac{24}{25}$
- OB. $\frac{24}{25}$
- Oc. $\frac{7}{25}$
- OD. $-\frac{7}{25}$
- 4. Use identities to find the indicated value for each angle measure.

Find $\cos (2\theta)$ if $\sin \theta = -\frac{4}{5}, \frac{3\pi}{2} < \theta < 2\pi$

- $\bigcirc A. \quad -\frac{7}{25}$
- OB. $\frac{7}{25}$
- Oc. $\frac{24}{25}$
- OD. $-\frac{24}{25}$

Time:

5. Use an identity to write the expression as a single number.

 $\frac{2 \tan (15^{\circ})}{1 - \tan^2 (15^{\circ})}$

- $\bigcirc A. \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
- $\bigcirc B. \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$
- \bigcirc C. $\sqrt{3}$
- $\bigcirc D. \ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
- 6. Use an identity to write the expression as a single number.

 $2\cos^2(75^\circ) - 1$

- $\bigcirc A. -\frac{1}{2}$
- OB. $\frac{1}{2}$
- $\bigcirc C. -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- $\bigcirc D. \ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- 7. Use an identity to write the expression as a single trigonometric function.

sin 8x cos 8x

- \bigcirc A. 2 sin 4x
- OB. cos 4x
- OC. cos 8x
- $\bigcirc D. \quad \frac{1}{2} \sin 16x$

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Write the function in terms of $\sin x$ and $\cos x$. 8.

sin 4x

- \bigcirc A. $\cos^3 x 3 \sin^2 x \cos x$
- \bigcirc B. $4 \sin x \cos^3 x 4 \sin^3 x \cos x$
- \bigcirc C. 1 8 sin 2 x cos 2 x
- \bigcirc D. 3 sin x 4 sin 3 x
- Find the exact value by using a half-angle identity. 9.

cos (165°)

- OA. $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}$
- OB. $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}$
- $\bigcirc C. \quad -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}$
- OD. $-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}$
- 10. Find $\cos \frac{x}{2}$, given that $\cos x = \frac{1}{4}$ and $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.
 - $\bigcirc A. \quad \frac{\sqrt{8-2\sqrt{15}}}{4}$
 - $\bigcirc B. \quad \frac{\sqrt{10}}{4}$
 - $\bigcirc C. \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$
 - $\bigcirc D. \quad \frac{\sqrt{8 + 2\sqrt{15}}}{4}$

Student: ______

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11. Find $\sin \frac{x}{2}$, given that $\sin x = \frac{1}{4}$ and $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.

- $\bigcirc A. \quad \frac{\sqrt{8-2\sqrt{15}}}{4}$
- $\bigcirc B. \quad \frac{\sqrt{8+2\sqrt{15}}}{4}$
- $\bigcirc C. \ \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$
- $\bigcirc D. \quad \frac{\sqrt{10}}{4}$

12. Find $\cos \frac{\theta}{2}$, given that $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$ and $90^{\circ} < \theta < 180^{\circ}$.

- $\bigcirc A. \quad -\frac{\sqrt{30}}{10}$
- OB. $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$
- $\bigcirc C. -\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$
- $\bigcirc D. \quad \frac{\sqrt{30}}{10}$

Write the function in terms of $\sin x$ and $\cos x$.

sin 2x cos 2x

- \bigcirc A. $\cos^4 x 6 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \sin^4 x$
- OB. $2 \sin x \cos^3 x 2 \sin^3 x \cos x$
- \bigcirc C. $4 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x$
- OD. $\cos^4 x 2 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \sin^4 x$