Homework

1. Find the transpose of the matrix
$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -3 & 4 \\ 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. Verify that
$$(AB)^T = B^T A^T$$
 given $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$; $B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

3. Given the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a) Find $A^T A$, show it is symmetric
- b) Find AA^T , show it is symmetric
- **4.** Find the power of A^{16} for the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

5. Find the power of
$$B^2$$
 for the matrix $B = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

6. Prove that
$$(A+B)(A-B) \neq A^2 - B^2$$

7. Prove that
$$(A+B)(A+B) \neq A^2 + 2AB + B^2$$

- **8.** Prove that if A is an $m \times n$ matrix, then AA^T and A^TA are symmetric.
- **9.** Let A and B be two $n \times n$ symmetric
 - a) Give an example to show that the product AB is not symmetric symmetric.
 - b) Prove that the product AB is symmetric if and only if AB = BA.