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1. If $\cos A = -\frac{5}{13}$ with A in QII and $\tan B = \frac{15}{8}$ with B in QIII, find the exact value of each of the following:

a) $\cos(A - B)$ b) $\cos 2B$ c) $\sin(A - B)$ d) $\tan(A - B)$

2. If $\sin \theta = \frac{15}{17}$, $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$, find

a) $\cos 2\theta$ b) $\sin 2\theta$ c) $\tan 2\theta$ d) $\sin \frac{\theta}{2}$ e) $\cos \frac{\theta}{2}$

3. Evaluate:

a) $\tan\left(2\arcsin \frac{2}{5}\right)$ b) $\sec\left(\arctan \frac{x-2}{2}\right)$ c) $\tan\left(\operatorname{arcsec} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+25}}{x}\right)$

4. Find all solutions in the interval $0 \leq x < 2\pi$

a) $\tan^2 x = 1 - \sec x$
b) $4\sin^2 x \tan x = \tan x$
c) $\sin 2x + \sin x + 2\cos x + 1 = 0$
d) $2\sin^2 x + 3\cos x = 0$
e) $3\sec^2 x - 4 = 0$
f) $\sqrt{3}\cos x + \sin 2x = 0$
g) $\cot x + \cos x = 0$
h) $\cos 2x + 3\cos x + 2 = 0$
i) $2\cos^2 x - 3\cos x + 1 = 0$
j) $\sin^2 x = 5(\cos \theta + 1)$

5. Find all solutions in the interval $0 \leq \theta < 360^\circ$. Approximate the solutions to the nearest tenth of a degree

a) $4\sin \theta \tan \theta = -3\tan \theta$ b) $2\sin \theta - 3\cos \theta = 0$

Answers

1. a) $-\frac{140}{221}$ b) $-\frac{161}{289}$ c) $-\frac{171}{221}$ d) $\frac{171}{140}$
2. a) $-\frac{161}{289}$ b) $\frac{240}{289}$ c) $-\frac{240}{161}$ d) $\frac{3\sqrt{34}}{34}$ e) $\frac{5\sqrt{34}}{34}$
3. a) $\frac{4\sqrt{21}}{17}$ b) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 8}$ c) $\frac{5}{x}$
4. a) $0, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$ b) $0, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$ c) $\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$ d) $\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$
- e) $\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$ f) $\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$ g) $\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$ h) $\frac{2\pi}{3}, \pi, \frac{4\pi}{3}$
- i) $0, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$ j) π
5. a) $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 228.6^\circ, 311.4^\circ$ b) $56.3^\circ, 236.3^\circ$