Solution Section 3.4 – Properties of Logarithms

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms: $\log_3(ab)$

Solution

$$\log_3(ab) = \log_3 a + \log_3 b$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms: $\log_{7}(7x)$

Solution

$$\log_7 (7x) = \log_7 7 + \log_7 x$$

$$= 1 + \log_7 x$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms: $\log \frac{x}{1000}$

Solution

$$\log \frac{x}{1000} = \log x - \log 10^3$$

$$= \log x - 3$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_5\left(\frac{125}{y}\right)$

Solution

$$\log_5 \left(\frac{125}{y}\right) = \log_5 5^3 - \log_5 y$$

$$= 3 - \log_5 y$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_h x^7$

$$\log_b x^7 = 7\log_b x$$

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln \sqrt[7]{x}$

Solution

$$\ln \sqrt[7]{x} = \ln x$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \ln x$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log \frac{x^2 y}{z^4}$

Solution

$$\log_{a} \frac{x^{2} y}{z^{4}} = \log_{a} x^{2} y - \log_{a} z^{4}$$

$$= \log_{a} x^{2} + \log_{a} y - \log_{a} z^{4}$$

$$= 2\log_{a} x + \log_{a} y - 4\log_{a} z$$
Power Rule

Power Rule

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b \frac{x^2y}{b^3}$

$$\log_{b} \left(\frac{x^{2}y}{b^{3}}\right) = \log_{b} x^{2}y - \log_{b} b^{3}$$

$$= \log_{b} x^{2} + \log_{b} y - \log_{b} b^{3}$$

$$= 2\log_{b} x + \log_{b} y - 3\log_{b} b$$

$$= 2\log_{b} x + \log_{b} y - 3$$

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b \left(\frac{x^3 y}{z^2} \right)$

Solution

$$\log_b \left(\frac{x^3 y}{z^2}\right) = \log_b \left(x^3 y\right) - \log_b z^2$$

$$= \log_b x^3 + \log_b y - \log_b z^2$$

$$= 3\log_b x + \log_b y - 2\log_b z$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}y^4}{z^5} \right)$

Solution

$$\log_{b} \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}y^{4}}{z^{5}} \right) = \log_{b} \left(\sqrt[3]{x}y^{4} \right) - \log_{b} \left(z^{5} \right)$$

$$= \log_{b} \left(x^{1/3} \right) + \log_{b} \left(y^{4} \right) - \log_{b} \left(z^{5} \right)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log \left(\frac{100x^3 \sqrt[3]{5-x}}{3(x+7)^2} \right)$

Solution

$$\log\left(\frac{100x^3 \sqrt[3]{5-x}}{3(x+7)^2}\right) = \log\left(100x^3 \sqrt[3]{5-x}\right) - \log\left(3(x+7)^2\right)$$

$$= \log 10^2 + \log x^3 + \log\left(5-x\right)^{1/3} - \left[\log 3 + \log\left((x+7)^2\right)\right]$$

$$= 2\log 10 + 3\log x + \frac{1}{3}\log\left(5-x\right) - \log 3 - 2\log(x+7)$$

$$= 2 + 3\log x + \frac{1}{3}\log\left(5-x\right) - \log 3 - 2\log(x+7)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_a \sqrt[4]{\frac{m^8 n^{12}}{a^3 b^5}}$

$$\begin{split} \log_{a} \sqrt[4]{\frac{m^8 \ n^{12}}{a^3 \ b^5}} &= \log_{a} \left(\frac{m^8 n^{12}}{a^3 b^5}\right)^{1/4} & \textit{Power Rule} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \log_{a} \left(\frac{m^8 n^{12}}{a^3 b^5}\right) & \textit{Quotient Rule} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\log_{a} m^8 n^{12} - \log_{a} a^3 b^5\right] & \textit{Product Rule} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\log_{a} m^8 + \log_{a} n^{12} - \left(\log_{a} a^3 + \log_{a} b^5\right)\right] & \textit{Power Rule} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[8 \log_{a} m + 12 \log_{a} n - 3 - 5 \log_{a} b\right] \\ &= 2 \log_{a} m + 3 \log_{a} n - \frac{3}{4} - \frac{5}{4} \log_{a} b \end{split}$$

Use the properties of logarithms to rewrite: $\log_p \sqrt[3]{\frac{m^5 n^4}{t^2}}$

Solution

$$\log_{p} \sqrt[3]{\frac{m^{5}n^{4}}{t^{2}}} = \log_{p} \left(\frac{m^{5}n^{4}}{t^{2}}\right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\log_{p} \left(\frac{m^{5}n^{4}}{t^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\log_{p} m^{5}n^{4} - \log_{p} t^{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\log_{p} m^{5} + \log_{p} n^{4} - \log_{p} t^{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\log_{p} m^{5} + \log_{p} n^{4} - \log_{p} t^{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\log_{p} m + 4\log_{p} n - 2\log_{p} t\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{3}\log_{p} m + \frac{4}{3}\log_{p} n - \frac{2}{3}\log_{p} t$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b \sqrt[n]{\frac{x^3y^5}{z^m}}$

$$\log_b \sqrt[n]{\frac{x^3 y^5}{z^m}} = \log_b \left(\frac{x^3 y^5}{z^m}\right)^{1/n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \log_b \left(\frac{x^3 y^5}{z^m} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(\log_b x^3 y^5 - \log_b z^m \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(\log_b x^3 + \log_b y^5 - \log_b z^m \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(3\log_b x + 5\log_b y - m\log_b z \right)$$

$$= \frac{3}{n} \log_b x + \frac{5}{n} \log_b y - \frac{m}{n} \log_b z$$
Power Rule

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log \frac{3}{a} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 b}{c^5}}$

Solution

$$\log_{a} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a^{2} b}{c^{5}}} = \log_{a} \left(\frac{a^{2} b}{c^{5}}\right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \log_{a} \left(\frac{a^{2} b}{c^{5}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[\log_{a} a^{2} b - \log_{a} c^{5}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[\log_{a} a^{2} + \log_{a} b - \log_{a} c^{5}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[2\log_{a} a + \log_{a} b - 5\log_{a} c\right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \log_{a} a + \frac{1}{3} \log_{a} b - \frac{5}{3} \log_{a} c$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \log_{a} b - \frac{5}{3} \log_{a} c$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b \left(x^4 \sqrt[3]{y} \right)$

$$\log_{b} \left(x^{4} \sqrt[3]{y} \right) = \log_{b} \left(x^{4} \right) + \log_{b} \left(\sqrt[3]{y} \right)$$
$$= \log_{b} \left(x^{4} \right) + \log_{b} \left(y^{1/3} \right)$$

$$=4\log_b x + \frac{1}{3}\log_b y$$

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_5 \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{25y^3} \right)$

Solution

$$\log_{5} \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{25y^{3}} \right) = \log_{5} \left(x^{1/2} \right) - \log_{5} \left(25y^{3} \right)$$

$$= \log_{5} \left(x^{1/2} \right) - \left[\log_{5} \left(5^{2} \right) + \log_{5} \left(y^{3} \right) \right]$$

$$= \log_{5} \left(x^{1/2} \right) - \log_{5} \left(5^{2} \right) - \log_{5} \left(y^{3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log_{5} \left(x \right) - 2 \log_{5} \left(5 \right) - 3 \log_{5} \left(y \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log_{5} \left(x \right) - 2 - 3 \log_{5} \left(y \right)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_a \frac{x^3 w}{y^2 z^4}$

Solution

$$\log_a \frac{x^3 w}{y^2 z^4} = \log_a x^3 w - \log_a y^2 z^4$$

$$= \log_a x^3 + \log_a w - \left(\log_a y^2 + \log_a z^4\right)$$

$$= \log_a x^3 + \log_a w - \log_a y^2 - \log_a z^4$$

$$= 3\log_a x + \log_a w - 2\log_a y - 4\log_a z$$
Power rule

Product rule

Power rule

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_a \frac{\sqrt{y}}{x^4 \sqrt[3]{z}}$

$$\log_a \frac{\sqrt{y}}{x^4 \sqrt[3]{z}} = \log_a y^{1/2} - \log_a x^4 z^{1/3}$$

$$= \log_a y^{1/2} - \left(\log_a x^4 + \log_a z^{1/3}\right)$$
Product rule

$$= \log_a y^{1/2} - \log_a x^4 - \log_a z^{1/3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \log_a y - 4 \log_a x - \frac{1}{3} \log_a z$$
Power rule

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln 4 \frac{x^7}{y^5 z}$

Solution

$$\ln 4\sqrt{\frac{x^7}{y^5z}} = \ln\left(\frac{x^7}{y^5z}\right)^{1/4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\ln\left(\frac{x^7}{y^5z}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left(\ln x^7 - \ln y^5z\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left(\ln x^7 - \left(\ln y^5 + \ln z\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left(\ln x^7 - \ln y^5 - \ln z\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left(\ln x^7 - \ln y^5 - \ln z\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left(7\ln x - 5\ln y - \ln z\right)$$

$$= \frac{7}{4}\ln x - \frac{5}{4}\ln y - \ln z$$
Power rule
$$= \frac{7}{4}\ln x - \frac{5}{4}\ln y - \ln z$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln x \sqrt[3]{\frac{y^4}{z^5}}$

$$\ln x \sqrt[3]{\frac{y^4}{z^5}} = \ln x + \ln \left(\frac{y^4}{z^5}\right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \ln x + \ln \left(\frac{y^{4/3}}{z^{5/3}}\right)$$

$$= \ln x + \ln y^{4/3} - \ln z^{5/3}$$

$$= \ln x + \frac{4}{3} \ln y - \frac{5}{3} \ln z$$
Product rule

Power rule

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b 5 \sqrt{\frac{m^4 n^5}{r^2 a b^{10}}}$

Solution

$$\begin{split} \log_b \sqrt[5]{\frac{m^4 n^5}{x^2 a b^{10}}} &= \log_b \left(\frac{m^4 n^5}{x^2 a b^{10}}\right)^{1/5} \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \log_b \left(\frac{m^4 n^5}{x^2 a b^{10}}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \left(\log_b \left(m^4 n^5\right) - \log_b \left(x^2 a b^{10}\right)\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \left(\left(\log_b \left(m^4\right) + \log_b \left(n^5\right)\right) - \left(\log_b \left(x^2\right) + \log_b \left(a\right) + \log_b \left(b^{10}\right)\right)\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \left(4 \log_b m + 5 \log_b n - 2 \log_b x - \log_b a - 10\right) \\ &= \frac{4}{5} \log_b m + \log_b n - \frac{2}{5} \log_b x - \frac{1}{5} \log_b \left(a\right) - 2 \end{split}$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\log_b \frac{a^5 b^{10}}{c^2 \sqrt[4]{d^3}}$

Solution

$$\log_{b} \frac{a^{5}b^{10}}{c^{2} \sqrt[4]{d^{3}}} = \log_{b} \left(a^{5}b^{10} \right) - \log_{b} \left(c^{2} d^{3/4} \right)$$

$$= \log_{b} \left(a^{5} \right) + \log_{b} \left(b^{10} \right) - \left(\log_{b} \left(c^{2} \right) + \log_{b} \left(d^{3/4} \right) \right)$$

$$= 5\log_{b} a + 10 - 2\log_{b} c - \frac{3}{4}\log_{b} d$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln\left(x^2\sqrt{x^2+1}\right)$

$$\ln\left(x^{2}\sqrt{x^{2}+1}\right) = \ln x^{2} + \ln\left(x^{2}+1\right)^{1/2}$$
$$= 2\ln x + \frac{1}{2}\ln\left(x^{2}+1\right)$$

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln \frac{x^2}{x^2+1}$

Solution

$$\ln \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} = \ln x^2 - \ln (x^2 + 1)$$

$$= 2 \ln x - \ln (x^2 + 1)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms

$$\ln\left(\frac{x^2(x+1)^3}{(x+3)^{1/2}}\right)$$

Solution

$$\ln\left(\frac{x^2(x+1)^3}{(x+3)^{1/2}}\right) = \ln\left(x^2(x+1)^3\right) - \ln\left(x+3\right)^{1/2}$$
$$= \ln x^2 + \ln\left(x+1\right)^3 - \frac{1}{2}\ln\left(x+3\right)$$
$$= 2\ln x + 3\ln\left(x+1\right) - \frac{1}{2}\ln\left(x+3\right)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms

$$\ln\sqrt{\frac{\left(x+1\right)^5}{\left(x+2\right)^{20}}}$$

$$\ln \sqrt{\frac{(x+1)^5}{(x+2)^{20}}} = \ln \left(\frac{(x+1)^5}{(x+2)^{20}}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{(x+1)^5}{(x+2)^{20}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\ln (x+1)^5 - \ln (x+2)^{20}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(5 \ln (x+1) - 20 \ln (x+2)\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \ln (x+1) - 10 \ln (x+2)$$

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln \frac{\left(x^2+1\right)^5}{\sqrt{1-x}}$

Solution

$$\ln \frac{\left(x^2 + 1\right)^5}{\sqrt{1 - x}} = \ln\left(x^2 + 1\right)^5 - \ln\left(1 - x\right)^{1/2}$$
$$= 5\ln\left(x^2 + 1\right) - \frac{1}{2}\ln\left(1 - x\right)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms

$$\ln \left(3 \frac{x(x+1)(x-2)}{(x^2+1)(2x+3)} \right)$$

Solution

$$\ln\left(3\sqrt{\frac{x(x+1)(x-2)}{(x^2+1)(2x+3)}}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{x(x+1)(x-2)}{(x^2+1)(2x+3)}\right)^{1/3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\ln\left(\frac{x(x+1)(x-2)}{(x^2+1)(2x+3)}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\ln\left(x(x+1)(x-2)\right) - \ln\left(\left(x^2+1\right)(2x+3)\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\ln x + \ln\left(x+1\right) + \ln\left(x-2\right) - \left(\ln\left(x^2+1\right) + \ln\left(2x+3\right)\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\ln x + \ln\left(x+1\right) + \ln\left(x-2\right) - \ln\left(x^2+1\right) - \ln\left(2x+3\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\ln x + \frac{1}{3}\ln\left(x+1\right) + \frac{1}{3}\ln\left(x-2\right) - \frac{1}{3}\ln\left(x^2+1\right) - \frac{1}{3}\ln\left(2x+3\right)$$

Exercise

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x(x+1)}}\right)$

$$\ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{x(x+1)}}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{x(x+1)}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\ln 1 - \ln \left(x (x+1) \right) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\ln x + \ln \left(x+1 \right) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \ln x - \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(x+1 \right)$$

Express the following in terms of sums and differences of logarithms $\ln \sqrt{ }$

$$\ln\left(\sqrt{\left(x^2+1\right)\left(x-1\right)^2}\right)$$

Solution

$$\ln\left(\sqrt{(x^2+1)(x-1)^2}\right) = \ln\left((x^2+1)(x-1)^2\right)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\ln\left((x^2+1)(x-1)^2\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\left(\ln(x^2+1) + \ln(x-1)^2\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\left(\ln(x^2+1) + 2\ln(x-1)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\ln(x^2+1) + \ln(x-1)$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $\log(x+5) + 2\log x$

Solution

$$\log(x+5) + 2\log x = \log(x+5) + \log x^{2}$$
$$= \log(x^{2}(x+5))$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $3\log_b x - \frac{1}{3}\log_b y + 4\log_b z$

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$$3\log_{b} x - \frac{1}{3}\log_{b} y + 4\log_{b} z = \log_{b} x^{3} + \log_{b} z^{4} - \log_{b} y^{1/3}$$

$$= \log_{b} \left(x^{3}z^{4}\right) - \log_{b} \sqrt[3]{y}$$

$$= \log_{b} \left(\frac{x^{3}z^{4}}{\sqrt[3]{y}}\right)$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $\frac{1}{2}\log_b(x+5) - 5\log_b y$

Solution

$$\frac{1}{2}\log_b(x+5) - 5\log_b y = \log_b(x+5)^{1/2} - \log_b y^5$$

$$= \log_b\left(\frac{\sqrt{x+5}}{y^5}\right)$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $\ln(x^2 - y^2) - \ln(x - y)$

Solution

$$\ln\left(x^2 - y^2\right) - \ln\left(x - y\right) = \ln\frac{x^2 - y^2}{x - y}$$

$$= \ln\frac{\left(x - y\right)\left(x + y\right)}{x - y}$$

$$= \ln\left(x + y\right)$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $\ln(xz) - \ln(x\sqrt{y}) + 2\ln\frac{y}{z}$

$$\ln(xz) - \ln(x\sqrt{y}) + 2\ln\frac{y}{z} = \ln(xz) + \ln\left(\frac{y}{z}\right)^2 - \ln(x\sqrt{y})$$

$$= \ln\left(\frac{xzy^2}{z^2}\right) - \ln(x\sqrt{y})$$

$$= \ln\left(\frac{xy^2}{z} + \frac{1}{x\sqrt{y}}\right)$$

$$= \ln\left(\frac{y^{3/2}}{z}\right)$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $\log(x^2y) - \log z$

Solution

$$\log(x^2y) - \log z = \log\left(\frac{x^2y}{z}\right)$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary: $\log(z^2\sqrt{y}) - \log z^{1/2}$

Solution

$$\log\left(z^{2}\sqrt{y}\right) - \log z^{1/2} = \log\left(\frac{z^{2}\sqrt{y}}{z^{1/2}}\right)$$
$$= \log\left(z^{3/2}\sqrt{y}\right)$$
$$= \log\left(\sqrt{z^{3}y}\right)$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$2\log_a x + \frac{1}{3}\log_a (x-2) - 5\log_a (2x+3)$$

Solution

$$2\log_{a} x + \frac{1}{3}\log_{a} (x-2) - 5\log_{a} (2x+3) = \log_{a} x^{2} + \log_{a} (x-2)^{1/3} - \log_{a} (2x+3)^{5}$$

$$= \log_{a} x^{2} (x-2)^{1/3} - \log_{a} (2x+3)^{5}$$

$$= \log_{a} \frac{x^{2} (x-2)^{1/3}}{(2x+3)^{5}}$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$5\log_a x - \frac{1}{2}\log_a (3x - 4) - 3\log_a (5x + 1)$$

$$5\log_{a} x - \frac{1}{2}\log_{a} (3x - 4) - 3\log_{a} (5x + 1) = \log_{a} x^{5} - \log_{a} (3x - 4)^{1/2} - \log_{a} (5x + 1)^{3}$$

$$= \log_{a} x^{5} - \left[\log_{a} (3x - 4)^{1/2} + \log_{a} (5x + 1)^{3}\right]$$

$$= \log_{a} x^{5} - \left[\log_{a} (3x - 4)^{1/2} (5x + 1)^{3}\right]$$

$$= \log_{a} \frac{x^{5}}{(3x - 4)^{1/2} (5x + 1)^{3}}$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\log\left(x^3y^2\right) - 2\log\left(x\sqrt[3]{y}\right) - 3\log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$$

$$\log(x^{3}y^{2}) - 2\log(x\sqrt[3]{y}) - 3\log(\frac{x}{y}) = \log(x^{3}y^{2}) - \log(xy^{1/3})^{2} - \log(xy^{-1})^{3}$$

$$= \log(x^{3}y^{2}) - \left[\log(x^{2}y^{2/3}) + \log(x^{3}y^{-3})\right]$$

$$= \log(x^{3}y^{2}) - \log(x^{2}y^{2/3}x^{3}y^{-3})$$

$$= \log(x^{3}y^{2}) - \log(x^{5}y^{-7/3})$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{x^{3}y^{2}}{x^{5}y^{-7/3}}\right)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{y^{2}y^{7/3}}{x^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{y^{13/3}}{x^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{3\sqrt[3]{y^{13}}}{x^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{y^{4}\sqrt[3]{y}}{x^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \log\left(\frac{y^{4}\sqrt[3]{y}}{x^{2}}\right)$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\ln y^3 + \frac{1}{3} \ln \left(x^3 y^6 \right) - 5 \ln y$$

Solution

$$\ln y^{3} + \frac{1}{3}\ln(x^{3}y^{6}) - 5\ln y = \ln y^{3} + \ln(x^{3}y^{6})^{1/3} - \ln y^{5}$$

$$= \ln y^{3} + \ln(x^{3/3}y^{6/3}) - \ln y^{5}$$

$$= \ln y^{3} + \ln(xy^{2}) - \ln y^{5}$$

$$= \ln(y^{3}xy^{2}) - \ln y^{5}$$

$$= \ln\left(\frac{y^{5}x}{y^{5}}\right)$$

$$= \ln x$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$2\ln x - 4\ln\left(\frac{1}{y}\right) - 3\ln\left(xy\right)$$

$$2\ln x - 4\ln\left(\frac{1}{y}\right) - 3\ln(xy) = \ln x^2 - \ln\left(\frac{1}{y}\right)^4 - \ln(xy)^3$$

$$= \ln x^2 - \left[\ln\left(y^{-4}\right) + \ln\left(x^3y^3\right)\right]$$

$$= \ln x^2 - \ln\left(y^{-4}x^3y^3\right)$$

$$= \ln x^2 - \ln\left(y^{-1}x^3\right)$$

$$= \ln \frac{x^2}{y^{-1}x^3}$$

$$= \ln \frac{y}{x}$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$4 \ln x + 7 \ln y - 3 \ln z$$

Solution

$$4 \ln x + 7 \ln y - 3 \ln z = \ln x^{4} + \ln y^{7} - \ln z^{3}$$
$$= \ln \left(x^{4} y^{7} \right) - \ln z^{3}$$
$$= \ln \left(\frac{x^{4} y^{7}}{z^{3}} \right)$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{1}{3} \left[5 \ln(x+6) - \ln x - \ln(x^2 - 25) \right]$$

Solution

$$\frac{1}{3} \left[5 \ln(x+6) - \ln x - \ln(x^2 - 25) \right] = \frac{1}{3} \left[5 \ln(x+6) - \left(\ln x + \ln(x^2 - 25) \right) \right]
= \frac{1}{3} \left[\ln(x+6)^5 - \ln x(x^2 - 25) \right]
= \frac{1}{3} \left[\ln \frac{(x+6)^5}{x(x^2 - 25)} \right]
= \ln \left(\frac{(x+6)^5}{x(x^2 - 25)} \right)^{1/3}$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{2}{3} \left\lceil \ln \left(x^2 - 4 \right) - \ln \left(x + 2 \right) \right\rceil + \ln (x + y)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left[\ln \left(x^2 - 4 \right) - \ln \left(x + 2 \right) \right] + \ln (x + y) = \frac{2}{3} \left[\ln \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2} \right] + \ln (x + y)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \left[\ln \frac{(x + 2)(x - 2)}{x + 2} \right] + \ln (x + y)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \ln (x - 2) + \ln (x + y)$$

$$= \ln(x-2)^{2/3} + \ln(x+y)$$

$$= \ln(x-2)^{2/3}(x+y)$$

$$= \ln(x+y) \sqrt[3]{(x-2)^2}$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{1}{2}\log_b m + \frac{3}{2}\log_b 2n - \log_b m^2 n$$

Solution

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{2}\log_b m + \frac{3}{2}\log_b 2n - \log_b m^2 n &= \log_b m^{1/2} + \log_b \left(2n\right)^{3/2} - \log_b m^2 n \\ &= \log_b \left(m^{1/2} \left(2n\right)^{3/2}\right) - \log_b m^2 n \\ &= \log_b \frac{m^{1/2} 2^{3/2} n^{3/2}}{m^2 n} \\ &= \log_b \frac{2^{3/2} n^{1/2}}{m^{3/2}} \\ &= \log_b \left(\frac{2^3 n}{m^3}\right)^{1/2} \\ &= \log_b \sqrt{\frac{8n}{m^3}} \end{split}$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{1}{2}\log_{y}\,p^{3}q^{4} - \frac{2}{3}\log_{y}\,p^{4}q^{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\log_{y} p^{3}q^{4} - \frac{2}{3}\log_{y} p^{4}q^{3} = \log_{y} \left(p^{3}q^{4}\right)^{1/2} - \log_{y} \left(p^{4}q^{3}\right)^{2/3}$$

$$= \log_{y} \frac{\left(p^{3}q^{4}\right)^{1/2}}{\left(p^{4}q^{3}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$= \log_{y} \frac{\left(p^{3}\right)^{1/2} \left(q^{4}\right)^{1/2}}{\left(p^{4}\right)^{2/3} \left(q^{3}\right)^{2/3}}$$

$$= \log_y \frac{p^{3/2}q^2}{p^{8/3}q^2}$$

$$= \log_y \frac{p^{3/2}}{p^{8/3}}$$

$$= \log_y \frac{1}{p^{8/3 - 3/2}}$$

$$= \log_y \frac{1}{p^{7/6}}$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{1}{2}\log_a x + 4\log_a y - 3\log_a x$$

Solution

$$\frac{1}{2}\log_{a} x + 4\log_{a} y - 3\log_{a} x = 4\log_{a} y - \frac{5}{2}\log_{a} x$$

$$= \log_{a} y^{4} - \log_{a} x^{5/2}$$

$$= \log_{a} \frac{y^{4}}{\sqrt{x^{5}}}$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{2}{3} \left[\ln \left(x^2 - 9 \right) - \ln \left(x + 3 \right) \right] + \ln \left(x + y \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left[\ln \left(x^2 - 9 \right) - \ln \left(x + 3 \right) \right] + \ln \left(x + y \right) = \frac{2}{3} \ln \frac{x^2 - 9}{x + 3} + \ln \left(x + y \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \ln \frac{\left(x + 3 \right) (x - 3)}{x + 3} + \ln \left(x + y \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \ln \left(x - 3 \right) + \ln \left(x + y \right)$$

$$= \ln \left((x - 3)^{2/3} + \ln \left(x + y \right) \right)$$

$$= \ln \left((x - 3)^{2/3} (x + y) \right)$$

$$= \ln \left((x + y) \sqrt[3]{(x - 3)^2} \right)$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\frac{1}{4}\log_b x - 2\log_b 5 - 10\log_b y$$

Solution

$$\begin{split} \frac{1}{4}\log_b x - 2\log_b 5 - 10\log_b y &= \log_b x^{1/4} - \log_b 5^2 - \log_b y^{10} \\ &= \log_b x^{1/4} - \left[\log_b 5^2 + \log_b y^{10}\right] \\ &= \log_b x^{1/4} - \log_b \left(5^2 y^{10}\right) \\ &= \log_b \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{25y^{10}} \end{split}$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$2\ln(x+4) - \ln x - \ln(x^2 - 3)$$

Solution

$$2\ln(x+4) - \ln x - \ln(x^2 - 3) = \ln(x+4)^2 - (\ln x + \ln(x^2 - 3))$$
$$= \ln(x+4)^2 - \ln(x(x^2 - 3))$$
$$= \ln\frac{(x+4)^2}{x(x^2 - 3)}$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\ln x + \ln (y+3) + \ln (y+2) - \ln (y^2 + 5y + 6)$$

$$\ln x + \ln (y+3) + \ln (y+2) - \ln (y^2 + 5y + 6) = \ln (x(y+3)(y+2)) - \ln ((y+3)(y+2))$$

$$= \ln \left(\frac{x(y+3)(y+2)}{(y+3)(y+2)} \right)$$

$$= \ln x$$

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\ln x + \ln (x+4) + \ln (x+1) - \ln (x^2 + 5x + 4)$$

Solution

$$\ln x + \ln (x+4) + \ln (x+1) - \ln (x^2 + 5x + 4) = \ln (x(x+4)(x+1)) - \ln ((x+4)(x+1))$$

$$= \ln \left(\frac{x(x+4)(x+1)}{(x+4)(x+1)} \right)$$

$$= \ln x$$

Exercise

Write the expression as a single logarithm and simplify if necessary:

$$\ln(x^2 - 25) - 2\ln(x+5) + \ln(x-5)$$

Solution

$$\ln(x^2 - 25) - 2\ln(x + 5) + \ln(x - 5) = \ln(x^2 - 25) + \ln(x - 5) - \ln(x + 5)^2$$

$$= \ln\frac{(x - 5)(x + 5)(x - 5)}{(x + 5)^2}$$

$$= \ln\left(\frac{(x - 5)^2}{x + 5}\right)$$

Exercise

Assume that $\log_{10} 2 = .3010$. Find each logarithm $\log_{10} 4$, $\log_{10} 5$

a)
$$\log_{10} 4 = \log_{10} 2^2$$

= $2\log_{10} 2$
= $2(.301)$
= $.6020$

b)
$$\log_{10} 5 = \log_{10} \frac{10}{2}$$

= $\log_{10} 10 - \log_{10} 2$
= 1 - .03010

= .6990

Exercise

Given that: $\log_a 2 \approx 0.301, \log_a 7 \approx 0.845$, and $\log_a 11 \approx 1.041$ find each of the following:

- a) $\log_a \frac{2}{11}$
- c) $\log_a 98$
- e) $\log_a 9$

- b) $\log_a 14$
- d) $\log_a \frac{1}{7}$
- f) $\log_a \frac{77}{8}$

Solution

a)
$$\log_a \frac{2}{11} = \log_a 2 - \log_a 11$$

= 0.301-1.041
 ≈ 1.342

b)
$$\log_a 14 = \log_a 2(7)$$

= $\log_a 2 + \log_a 7$
= $0.301 + 0.845$
 ≈ 1.146

c)
$$\log_a 98 = \log_a 2(7^2)$$

 $= \log_a 2 + \log_a 7^2$
 $= \log_a 2 + 2\log_a 7$
 $= 0.301 + 2(0.845)$
 ≈ 1.991

d)
$$\log_a \frac{1}{7} = \log_a 1 - \log_a 7$$

 $\approx 0 - 0.845$
 ≈ -0.845

e) $\log_a 9$ Can't be found from the given information

f)
$$\log_a \frac{77}{8} = \log_a 77 - \log_a 8$$

 $= \log_a (7 \times 11) - \log_a 2^3$
 $= \log_a 7 + \log_a 11 - 3\log_a 2$
 $\approx 0.845 + 1.041 - 3(0.301)$
 $\approx 1.886 - 0.903$
 ≈ 0.983