

# Data Scientist

### MINI PROJECT

Please return your findings by Monday, February 24, 2020 midnight (local time).

# Background

This mini project is based on a real-life use case using a sample of WorldCover transactional database and customer surveys.

A particular business challenge for our Data Science team is to measure how well our weather-index insurance products perform for farmers. A well-performing index is a good predictor of (aka. is well correlated with) farmers' harvests season after season. In other words we expect insurance indemnity payouts to trigger when farmers experience low crop yields on their farm, and to not trigger when harvests are good.

To help us measure product performance (also referred to as *basis risk*), WorldCover conducts phone surveys at the end of every cropping season, where we ask farmers to share their experience with recent harvests on their farm.

In this assignment your role as a Data Scientist is to:

- 1) Using data collected in Ghana at the end of Y2019 cropping season, calculate summary metrics that can inform our Research Team about **product performance**.
- 2) Present this information in a **synthetic and visual manner** (you might be asked to go over some of these findings orally during our final interview)

Some sample questions that are of particular interest:

- 1. Do crop yields (in kg/acre) vary significantly from region to region, from district to district, from farmer to farmer? What seems to be a normal, vs. low, vs. high yield for <u>maize</u> in Ghana?
- 2. Do other factors seem to influence crop yields, such as a farmer's gender, literacy, phone ownership, farm size, use of fertilizer, proximity to a larger town, etc.?
- 3. Out of the survey sample (cryield table), what is the proportion of farmers who reported bad/good crop yields and received (or did not receive) an insurance payout?

- 4. At the district level, can we say that districts with poorer (or better) harvests received higher (or lower) insurance payout amounts?
- 5. Can we trust the quality of our Y2019 sampled data?

## Instructions

To investigate these questions we provide you with <u>table dumps in CSV format</u> and with a data schema that shows table fields and relationships. You are by no means limited to these datasets and you can use any external sources you think can help bring additional insights about our customers' experience.

You have 48-hr to complete this project. You can dedicate as much or as little time as you wish/need (but really we don't expect you to spend any longer than 2 to 4-hr). Reach out to <a href="mailto:melanie.bacou@worldcovr.com">melanie.bacou@worldcovr.com</a> or Skype (mbacou) if you have any questions.

- We expect the main deliverable to be a notebook or a static report using any tool or
  platform of your choice. A static document, static presentation, or spreadsheet are all
  acceptable, as long as your document your process.
- Document and explain problems you encounter along the way and choices you make, what pitfalls, if any, you see with our current data. Also tell us what other questions around product design and customer experience you would like to investigate given more time and more data.
- Finally, provide any **queries/code files** that you used to generate all artifacts.
- Your answers to this project should live in a **publicly accessible Git repository**.

Don't worry! This is an open-ended exercise and is meant to test whether you can compile a few quantitative and visual insights under a tight deadline.

### Good luck!

# **Definitions**

season (each season lasts about 3 months). Some

regions have 2 seasons in a year, a major or long rainy season from March

to August and a minor or short rainy season from July/August to

November/December

premium Cost of drought insurance (amount paid by a customer over cash or USSD)

payout Indemnity payment made by the insurer to the policyholder when drought

events occur.

Unstructured Supplementary Service Data, also called "Quick Codes" or

"Feature codes", is a text-based communications protocol used by GSM cellular phones to communicate with the mobile network operator's computers. USSD can be used for prepaid callback service, mobile-money services, location-based content services, and menu-based information

services.

## Data Schema

4 tables in CSV format are included:

#### customers

cust\_id
Unique customer identifier

date reg The date when customer first signed up with WorldCover

gender M (male) or F (female)

has mobile money 
Customer has access to a mobile money account on his/her phone

ussd created Customer was first registered through USSD (mobile phone)

cht\_seasonCustomer belongs to this season's cohortcht\_channelCustomer was acquired through this channel

cht phone Customer has a mobile phone

type Type of customer (simple customer or Contact Agent)

amount\_usd Total insurance premiums collected from customer since signup in USD

#### contracts

cntr id Unique contract identifier

cust\_id Unique customer identifier (foreign key)
loc\_id Unique location identifier (foreign key)
product code Crop (code) that is insured by this policy

season Cropping season. In certain regions there are 2 cropping seasons in a year

(major S1 & minor S2)

date issued Date when the customer first purchased this policy

date planted in Date when farmer communicated his/her planting date

status Current contract status¹; one of pending, planted, priced,

active, triggered, expired, payout due, payout

initiated, paid out, dispute, refunded

amount Premium amount in local currency (Cedis)

amount\_usd Premium amount in USD

payout in local currency (Cedis) if any

payout usd Indemnity payout in USD if any

mm\_paid Premium received over mobile money transfer

#### locations

loc\_id Unique location identifier (this is a village in Ghana)

loc nm Name of the location (this is the name of a village in Ghana)

date reg Date when location was created

iso3 3-letter country code

country Country name

reg nm Top-level subdivision in the country (region)

dist id ID of the 2nd-level subdivision in the country (district)

dist nm 2nd-level subdivision in the country (district)

cust N Number of customers at location

visit N Number of times WorldCover agents visited location

amount usd Total premiums collected at location since first signup in USD

X GPS longitude in decimal degreeY GPS latitude in decimal degree

<sup>1</sup>Contracts that paid out have one of 3 status flags payout due | payout initiated | paid out

### cryield

weight Sampling weight<sup>2</sup> (probability)

strata Sampling strata (regions and treatment groups)

treatment Customer treatment group

grp\_none|grp\_paidout|grp\_msg

date called Date of last call attempt (successful or not)

call status Did the call connect?

planted\_acres How many acres of that crop did you plant this season? yield bags How many bags³ of that crop did you harvest this season?

fert bags How many bags of fertilizer did you apply?

yield\_rate What is YOUR OWN assessment of this season's harvest?

very poor | poor | average | good | very good

yield\_lost Approximately what fraction of crops was lost due to lack of chemicals or

calamities?

none | 1/4 | 1/3 | 1/2 | 2/3 | 3/4 | all

reason What was the primary reason for yield losses this season?

failed start4 | drought before flowering5 | drought
after flowering | excess rain | no fertilizer | no

labor/tractor | pest/disease | other

yield max bags How many bags do you harvest of that crop in a very good year?

sold bags How many bags did you sell (or are you planning to sell) to market or to an

offtaker?

sold price What unit price did you receive for 1 bag sold this season?

sold price last What unit price did you receive for 1 bag sold in the prior season?

notes Any extra notes (e.g. ask farmer if he/she intercrops his primary crop with

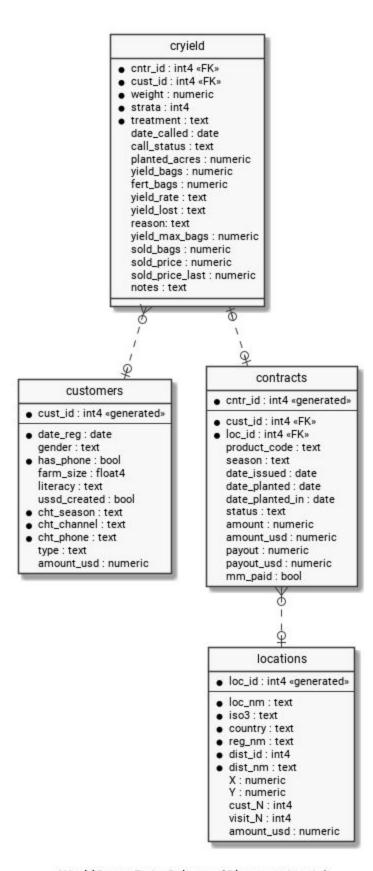
other crops, details of pests/diseases)

 $^2$  Sample of 328 customers out of 2,166 customers for Y2019 major and minor seasons in Ghana North and South. The sample is stratified by region and by treatment. In each region we oversampled customers who received a payout (grp\_paidout) and who received planting advisories (grp\_msg), hence the uneven sampling weights.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> bag of maize = 100kg, bag of groundnut = 82kg, bag of rice = 100kg, bag of sorghum = 100kg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> failed start: means the seed did not germinate and emerge after planting during days 1-10, typically because of insufficient soil moisture or unviable seeds or pests.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> flowering: silking stage for maize (about day 40-60 after planting)



WorldCover Data Schema (Ghana, extracts)