读入一个字符串str，输出字符串st中的的连续最长的数字串

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

String string = scanner.nextLine();

String ressult = "";

int count = 0;

char [] arr = string.toCharArray();

for (int i= 0 ;i<arr.length;i++){

if('0'<=arr[i] && '9'>= arr[i]){//当前的是数字

count = 1;//初始化计算器

int index = i;//在后面的循环存储截至索引

for(int j=i+1;j<arr.length;j++){

if('0'<=arr[j] && '9'>= arr[j]){

count++;

index =j;

}else {

break;

}

}if(count>ressult.length()){

ressult = string.substring(i,index+1);

}

}else {

continue;

}

}

System.out.println(ressult);

}

}