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Model Deployment

Overview

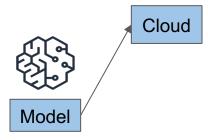




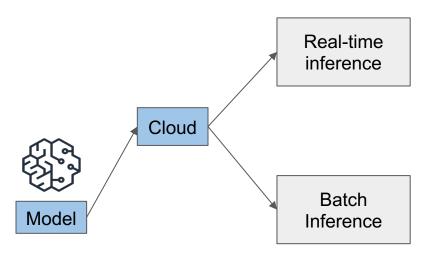
Machine Learning Workflow

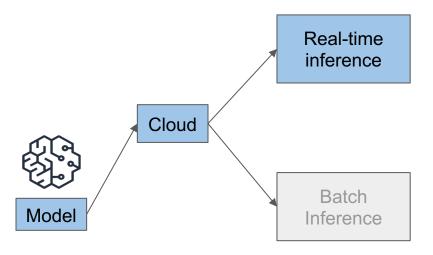
Prepare & Train & Deploy & Ingest & **Transform** Analyze Tune Manage Data exploration Model deployment Feature engineering Automated ML Bias detection Automated pipelines Feature store Model train and tune Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker Amazon S3 & Amazon SageMaker Autopilot **Endpoints** Amazon Athena Data Wrangler Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker **AWS Glue** Amazon SageMaker Training & Debugger **Batch Transform Processing Jobs** Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker Data Wrangler Amazon SageMaker Hyperparameter Tuning **Feature Store Pipelines** & Clarify





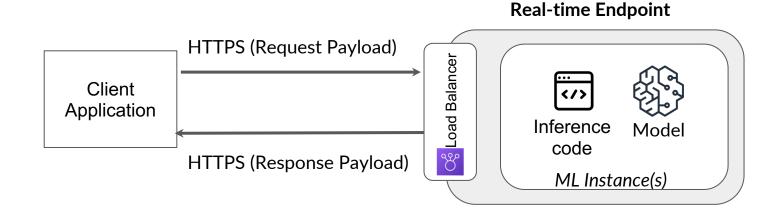








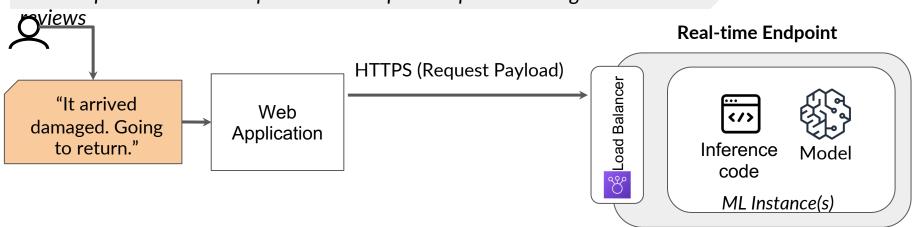
Real-Time Inference





Real-Time Inference - Product Review Example

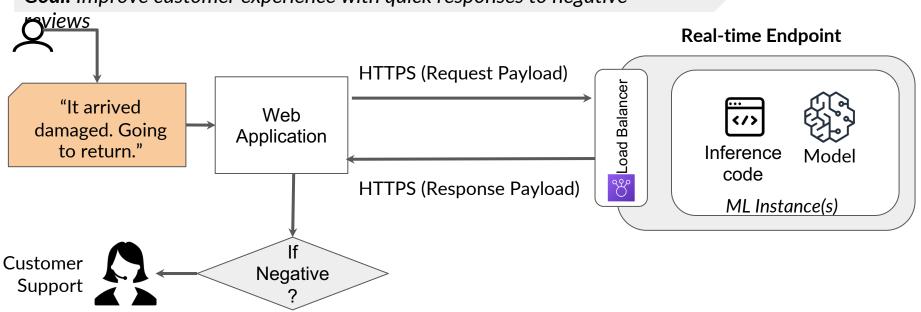
Goal: Improve customer experience with quick responses to negative



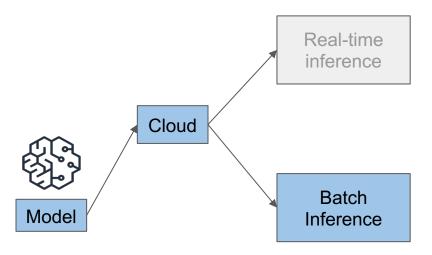


Real-Time Inference - Product Review Example

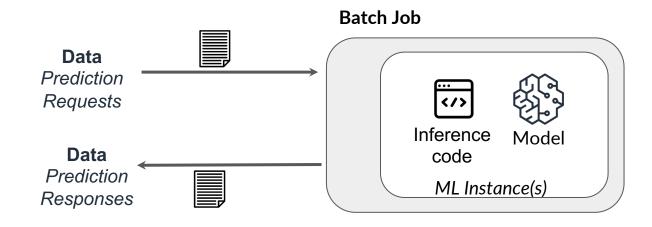
Goal: Improve customer experience with quick responses to negative







Batch Inference

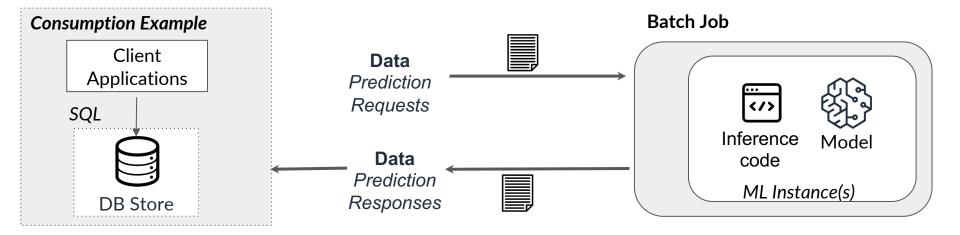


Batch Inference



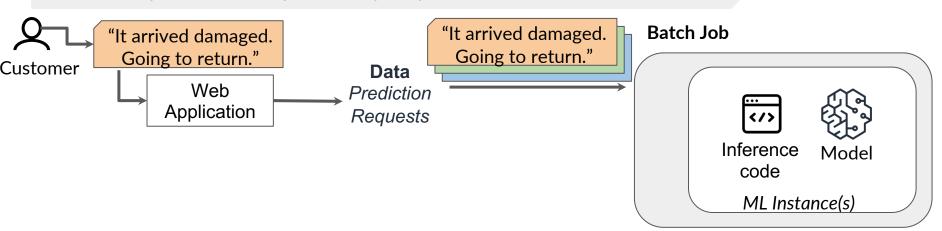


Batch Inference



Batch Inference - Product Review

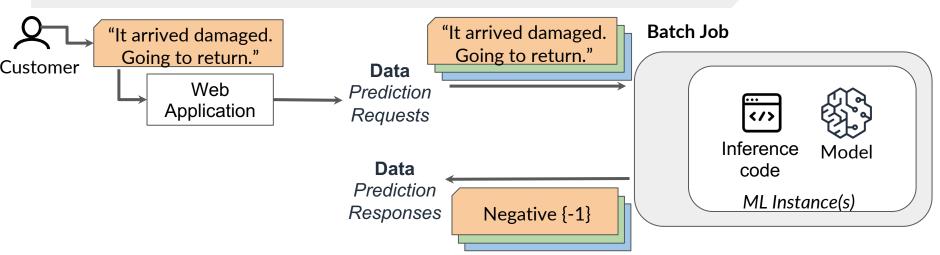
Goal: Identify vendors with potential quality issues





Batch Inference - Product Review

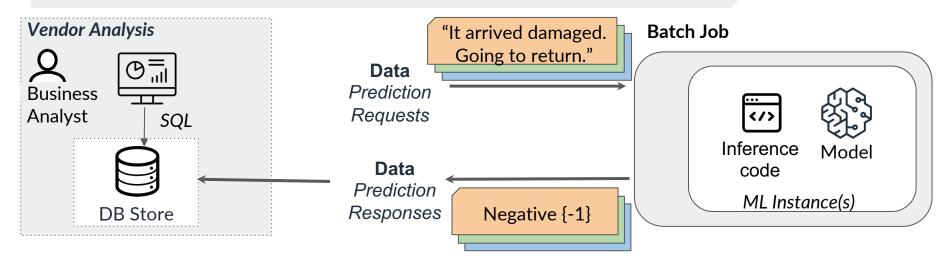
Goal: Identify vendors with potential quality issues



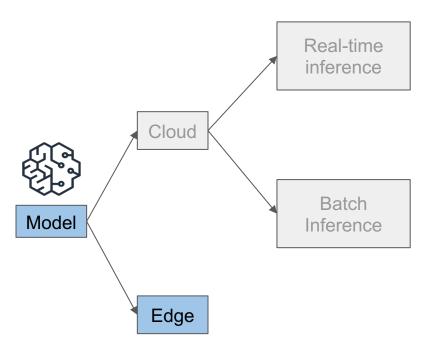


Batch Inference - Product Review

Goal: Identify vendors with potential quality issues

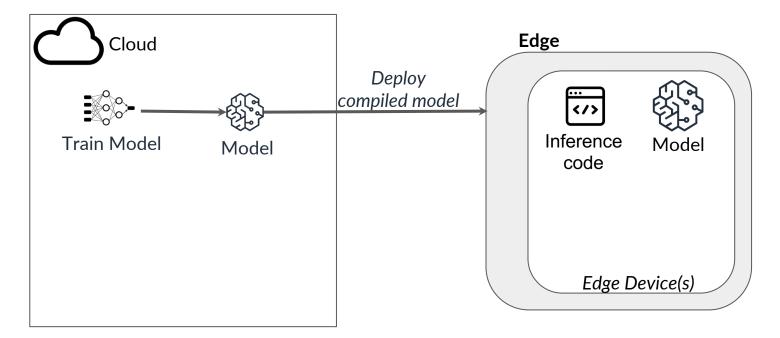




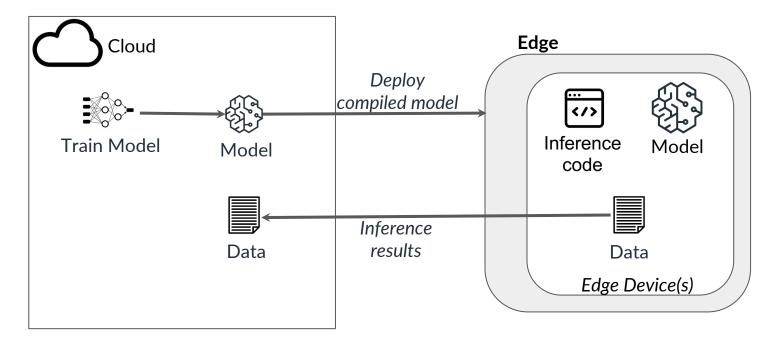




Deployment Options Edge



Deployment Options Edge





Choose the deployment option that best fits the use case

	Real-Time Inference	Batch Inference	Edge
When to use	Low latency real-time predictions (Ex. Interactive Recommenders)	Batch request & response prediction is acceptable for your use case (Ex. Forecasting)	Models need to deployed to edge devices (Ex. Limited connectivity, Internet of Things)
Cost	Persistent endpoint - pay for resources while endpoint is running	Transient environments - pay for resources for the duration of the batch job	Varies



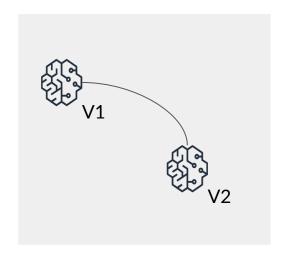
Model Deployment

Deployment Strategies





Strategies to deploy new and updated models



Goals:

- Minimize risk
- Minimize downtime
- Measure model performance

Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models

Blue/Green Shadow/ Canary A/B Multi-Armed Bandits



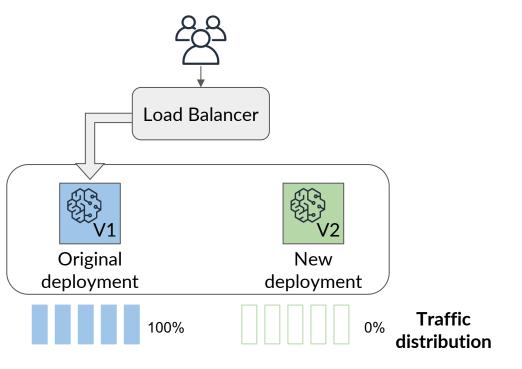
Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models

Blue/Green Shadow/ Challenger Canary A/B Multi-Armed Bandits

- Swap prediction request traffic
- Easy Rollback

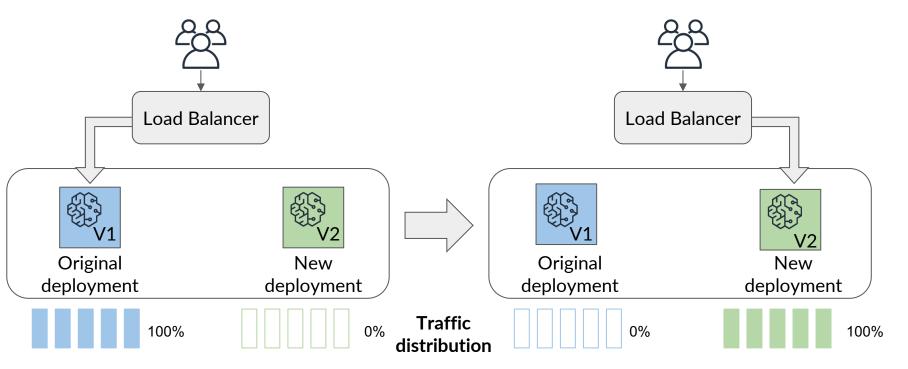


Blue/Green: Shift all traffic to the new model





Blue/Green: Shift all traffic to the new model





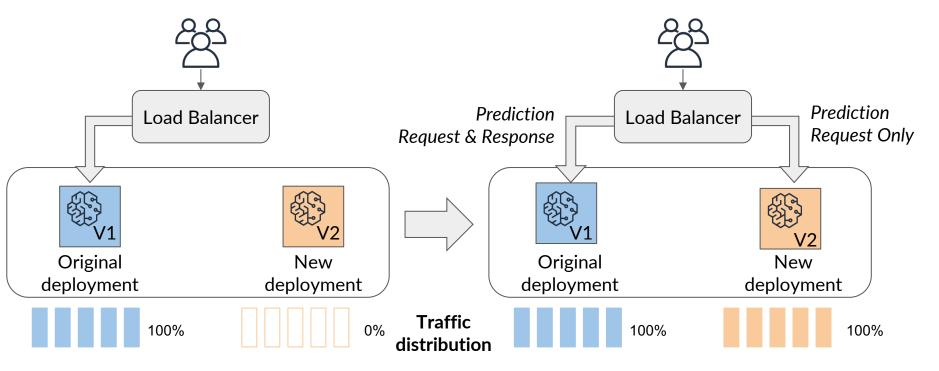
Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models

Blue/Green Shadow/ Challenger Canary A/B Multi-Armed Bandits

- Parallel prediction request traffic
- Validate new version without impact

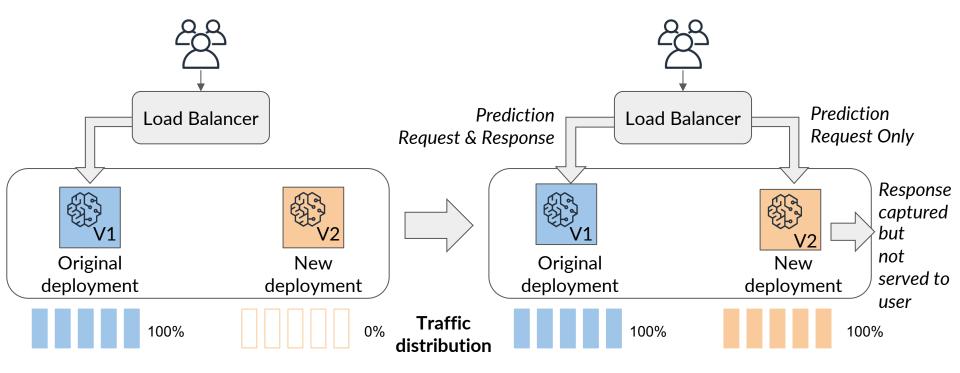


Shadow/Challenger: Run multiple versions in parallel with one serving live traffic





Shadow/Challenger: Run multiple versions in parallel with one serving live traffic





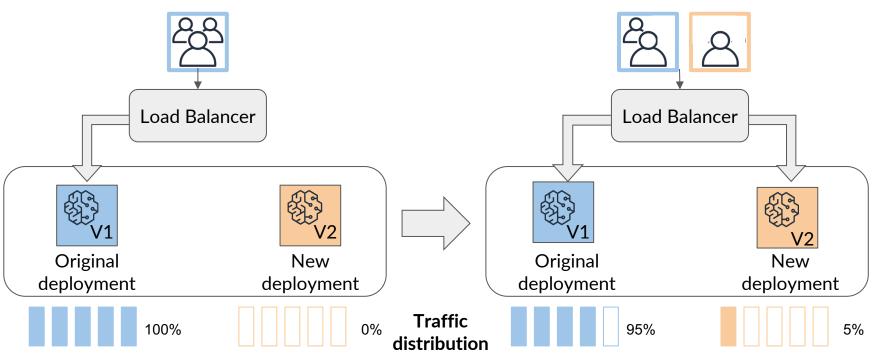
Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models

Blue/Green Shadow/ Canary A/B Multi-Armed Bandits

- Split traffic
- Target smaller specific users/groups
- Shorter validation cycles
- Minimize risk of low performing model



Canary: Split traffic to compare model versions with target groups/users





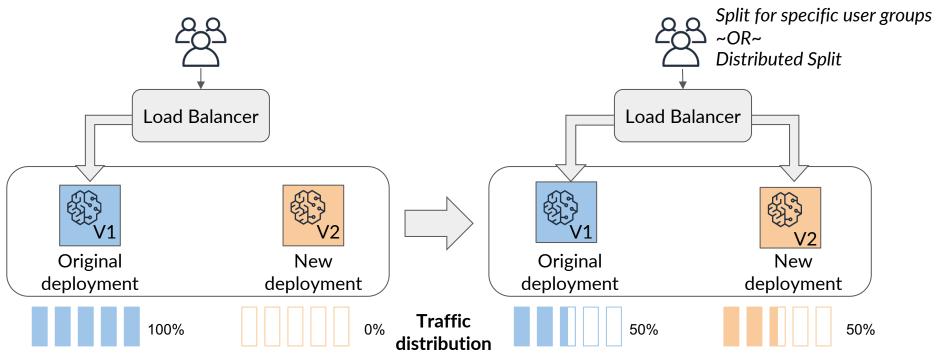
Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models

Blue/Green Shadow/ Challenger Canary A/B Multi-Armed Bandits

- Split traffic
- Target larger users/groups ~OR~
 Distribute % of traffic
- Longer validation cycles
 - Minimize risk of low performing model

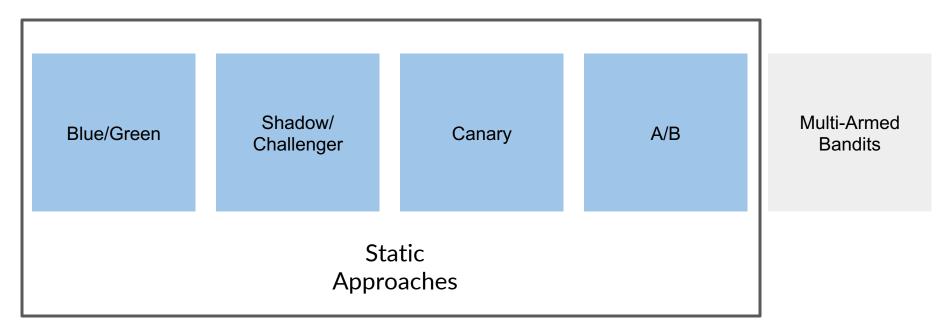


A/B: Split traffic to compare model versions





Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models





Common Strategies to deploy new and updated models

Shadow/ Multi-Armed Blue/Green A/B Canary Challenger **Bandits** Static Dynamic **Approaches Approach**



Multi-Armed Bandits (MABs)

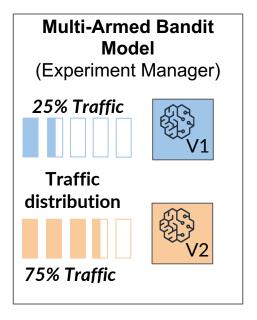




- Exploit & Explore
 - **Exploit:** Reward the winning model with more traffic
 - Explore: Continue to send traffic to the nonwinning model(s) in case behavior changes

Deployment Strategies

Multi-Armed Bandits: Dynamically shift traffic to the winning model





25% Traffic

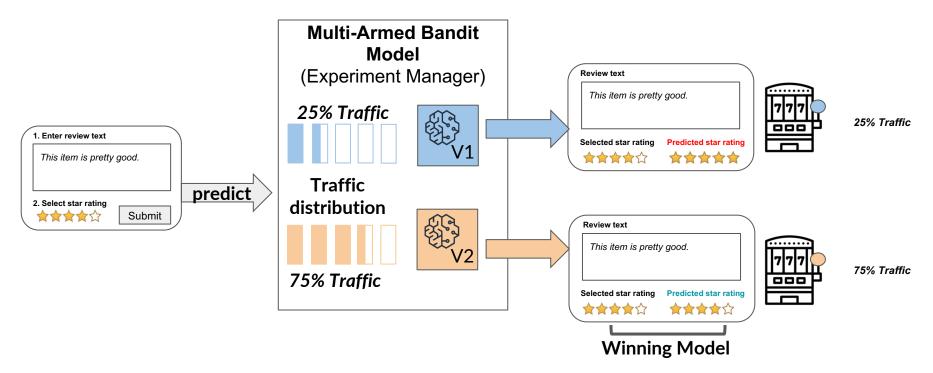


75% Traffic



Deployment Strategies

Multi-Armed Bandits: Dynamically shift traffic to the winning model





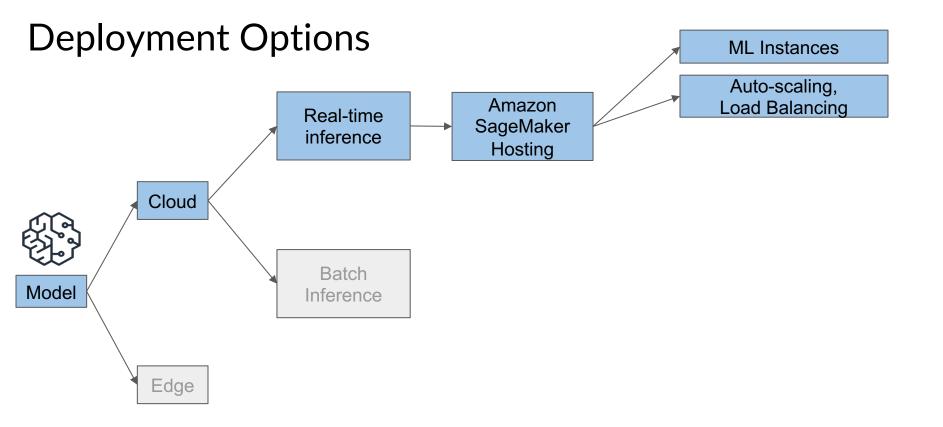
Real-Time Inference



Machine Learning Workflow

Prepare & Train & Deploy & Ingest & **Transform** Analyze Tune Manage Data exploration Model deployment Feature engineering Automated ML Bias detection Automated pipelines Feature store Model train and tune Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker Amazon S3 & Amazon SageMaker Autopilot **Endpoints** Amazon Athena Data Wrangler Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker **AWS Glue** Amazon SageMaker Training & Debugger **Batch Transform Processing Jobs** Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker Amazon SageMaker Data Wrangler Amazon SageMaker Hyperparameter Tuning **Feature Store Pipelines** & Clarify

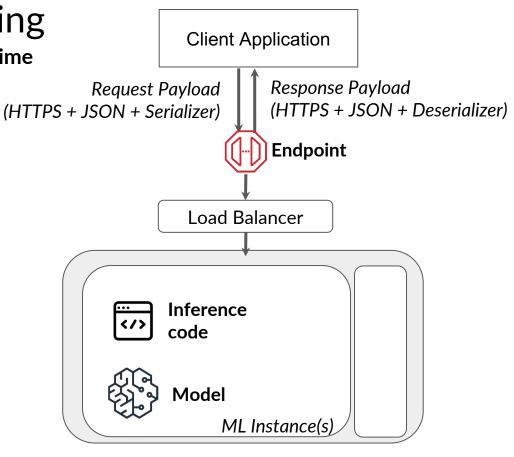






Deploy models to serve predictions in real-time

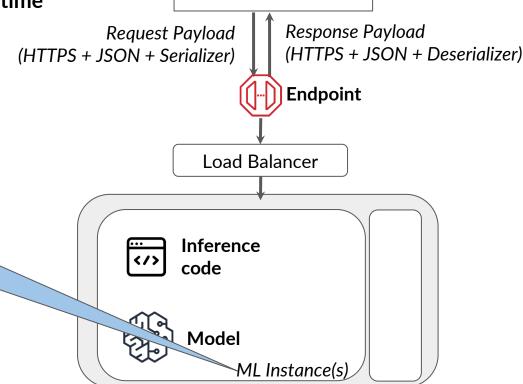
- Optimized for low latency of model predictions
- Example: As product reviews are coming in through online channels, you want to predict the sentiment for immediate action





Deploy models to serve predictions in real-time

Client Application



You choose:

- Instance Type
- Instance Size
- Number of Instances
- Autoscaling Options

Options to deploy models to serve predictions in real-time



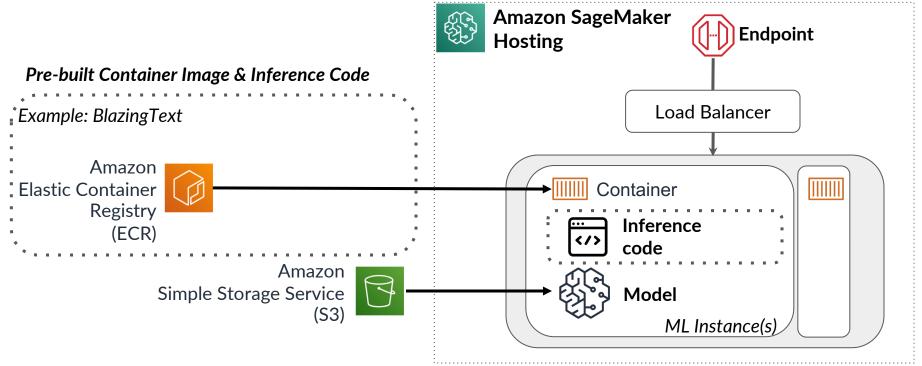
Less Code

More Customizable





Built-In Algorithm: Pre-built code & serving container





Options to deploy models to serve predictions in real-time



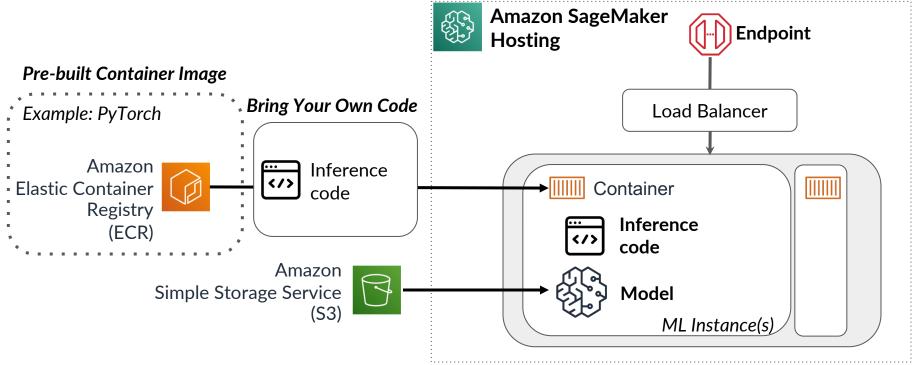
Less Code

More Customizable



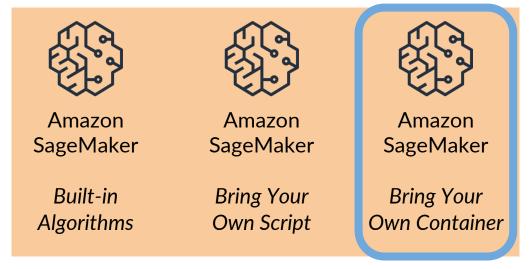


Bring Your Own Script: Pre-built container & Bring your own code





Options to deploy models to serve predictions in real-time



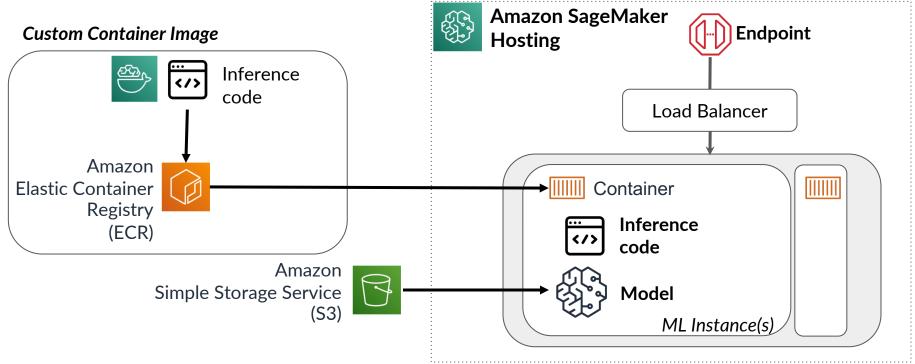
Less Code

More Customizable



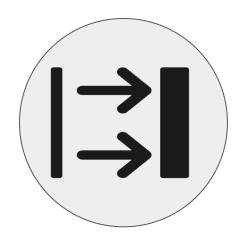


Bring Your Own Container: Bring your own code & custom container





Autoscaling Endpoints

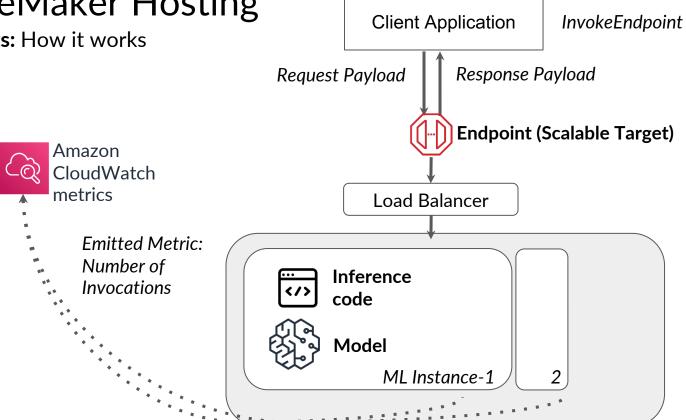


Why?

- Ensure you can meet the demands of your workload
- Cost optimization

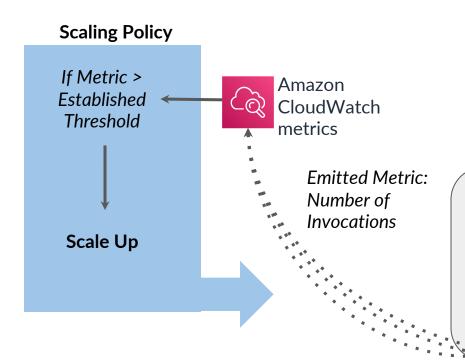


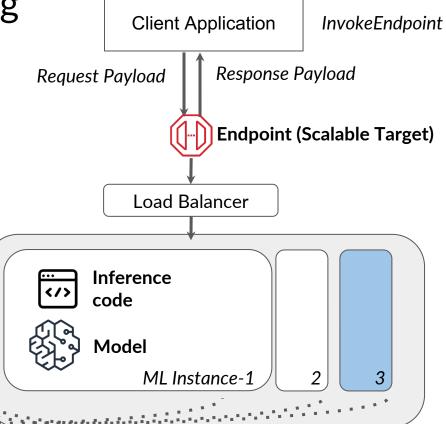
Autoscaling Endpoints: How it works





Autoscaling Endpoints: How it works







Autoscale Amazon SageMaker Endpoints

Register Scalable Target

```
autoscale.register_scalable_target(
         ServiceNamespace="sagemaker",
    ResourceId="endpoint/" + endpoint name,
   ScalableDimension="sagemaker:variant:DesiredInstanceCount",
   MinCapacity=1,
   MaxCapacity=2,
   RoleARN=role,
   SuspendedState={
        "DynamicScalingInSuspended": False,
        "DynamicScalingOutSuspended": False,
        "ScheduledScalingSuspended": False,
    })
```



Autoscale Amazon SageMaker Endpoints

```
Register
                  Define
  Scalable
                  Scaling
   Target
                  Policy
                                                         Scaling Metric
scaling policy = {
         "TargetValue": 2.0,
         "PredefinedMetricSpecification": {
         "PredefinedMetricType": "SageMakerVariantInvocationsPerInstance",
                                               Wait time, in seconds, before
         "ScaleOutCooldown": 60,
                                               beginning another scale out
         "ScaleInCooldown": _300,
                                               activity after last one completes
         },
                                           Wait time, in seconds, before
                                           beginning another scale in
                                           activity after last one completes
```



Autoscale Amazon SageMaker Endpoints

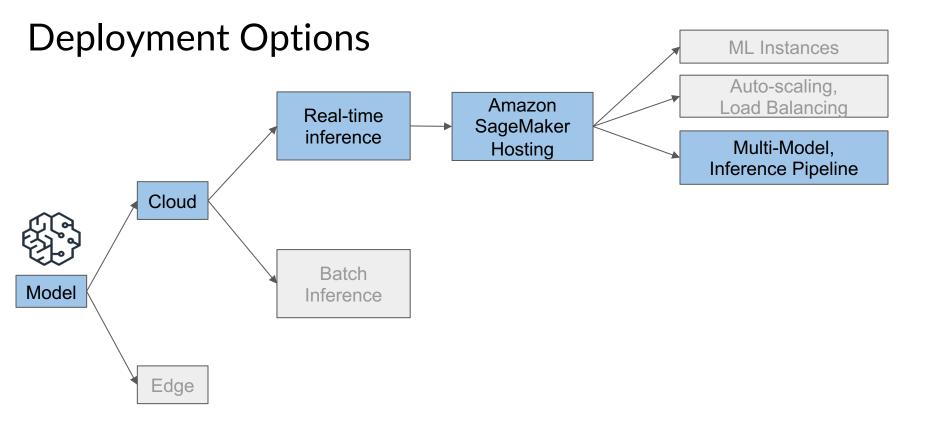
```
Register
Scalable
Target

Define
Scaling
Policy

Apply
Scaling
Policy
```

```
autoscale.put_scaling_policy(
          PolicyName=...,
          ServiceNamespace="sagemaker",
          ResourceId="endpoint/" + endpoint_name,
          ScalableDimension="sagemaker:variant:DesiredInstanceCount",
          PolicyType="TargetTrackingScaling",
          TargetTrackingScalingPolicyConfiguration=scaling_policy)
```



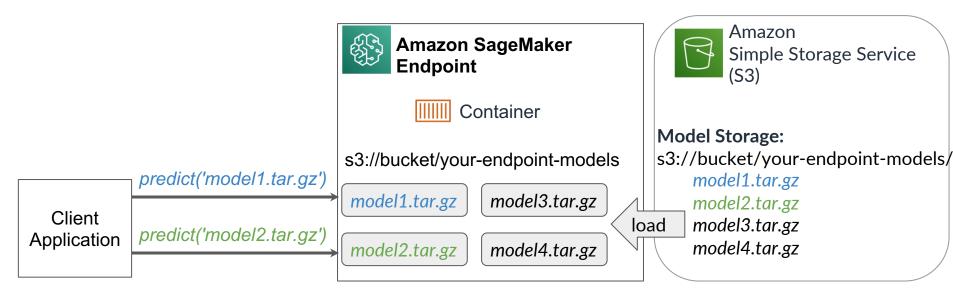




Advanced Deployment Options

Multi-Model Endpoints: How it works

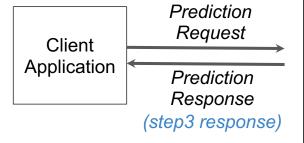
Deploy Multiple Models to a Single Endpoint

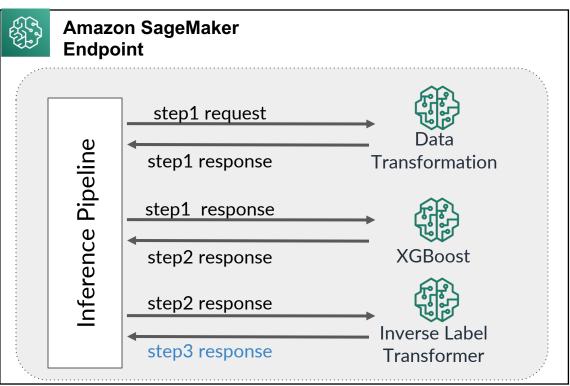




Advanced Deployment Options

Inference Pipeline: How it works



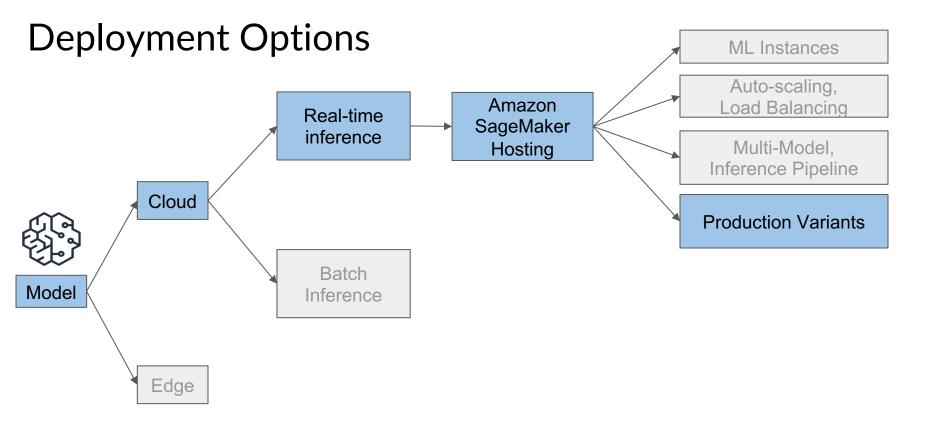




Real-Time Inference Production Variants









Amazon SageMaker Production Variants

What is a Production Variant?







Hosting Resources Configuration



Production Variant

Configuration Example(s):

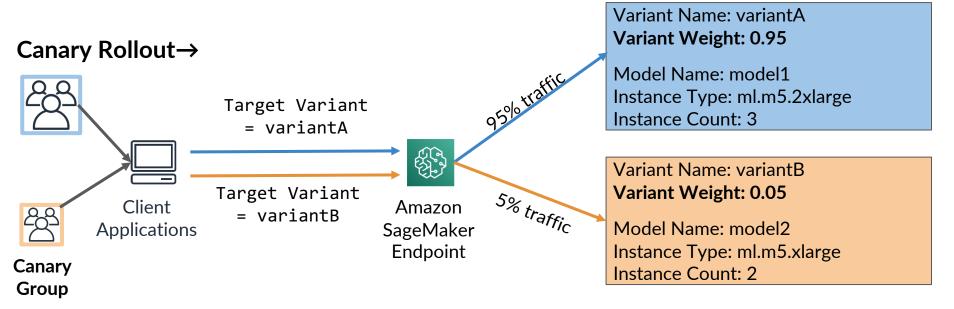
- Amazon S3 model artifact
- Inference image(s)
- Execution AWS IAM Role
- Model name

Example:

- Number of instances
- Instance type
- Model name
- Variant name
- Variant weight

Amazon SageMaker Production Variants

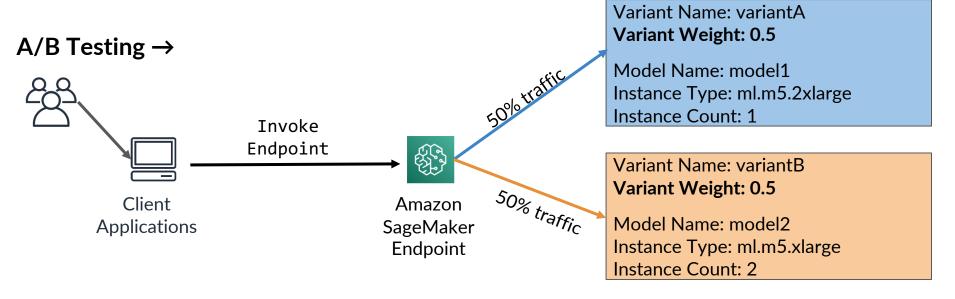
Using Production Variants for a Canary Rollout





Amazon SageMaker Production Variants

Using Production Variants for A/B Testing





Using Production Variants for A/B Testing with Bring-Your-Own Script



Less Code

More Customizable





A/B Testing with PyTorch Bring-Your-Own Script

Construct Docker Image URI

```
import sagemaker
inference_image_uri = sagemaker.image_uris.retrieve(
    framework=..., # PyTorch, TensorFlow, etc...
    version='1.6.0',
    instance_type='ml.m5.xlarge',
    py_version='py3',
    image_scope='inference'
)
```



```
Construct
Docker
Image URI

Create
SageMaker
Models
```





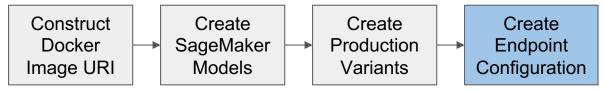


```
from sagemaker.session \
  import production_variant

variantA = production_variant(
          model_name=...,
  instance_type=...,
     initial_instance_count=1,
     variant_name='VariantA',
     initial_weight=50,
)
```

```
from sagemaker.session \
   import production_variant

variantB = production_variant(
        model_name=...,
   instance_type=...,
   initial_instance_count=1,
        variant_name='VariantB',
        initial_weight=50,
)
```









Amazon SageMaker Batch Transform

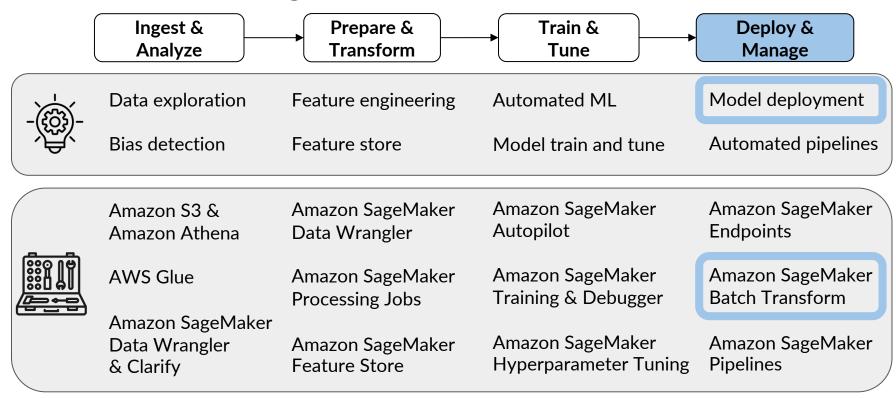
Batch Inference



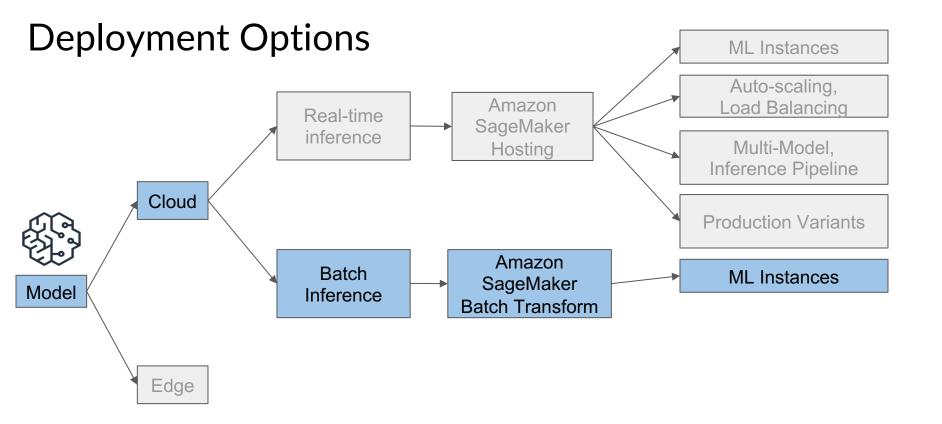




Machine Learning Workflow









Deploy Model For Batch Inference Amazon SageMaker Batch Transform Job Package model create_model(_ for deployment Amazon Container Elastic Container Registry Inference code Amazon Model ML Instance(s)



Run Batch Transform Job For Batch Inference



Identify Configuration →

- Instance type
- Instance count
- Model name
- S3 output path
- ..

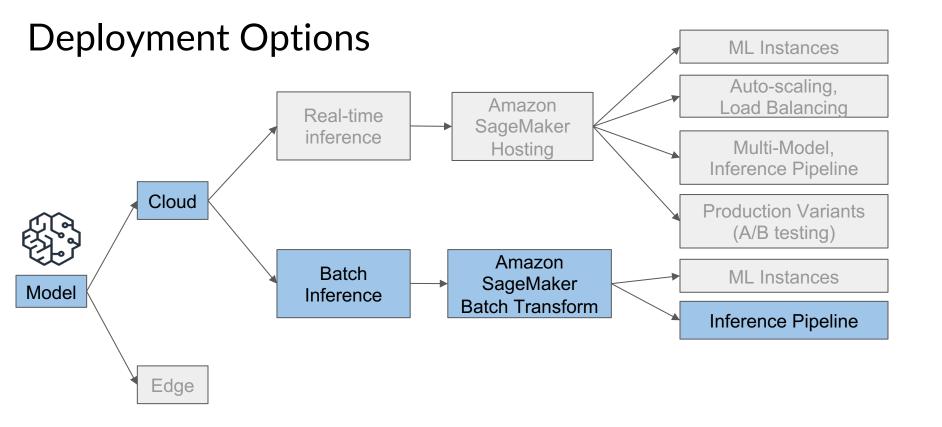


Run Batch Transform Job For Batch Inference **Amazon SageMaker** sm_transformer.transform(**Batch Transform Job** Start Batch Transform Job **Transient Compute** Container Prediction Amazon Inference Request Data **S**3 code Model ML Instance(s)



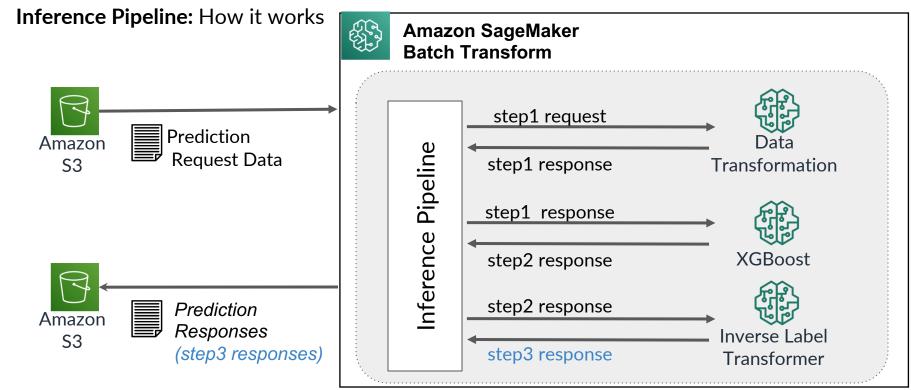
Run Batch Transform Job For Batch Inference **Amazon SageMaker** sm_transformer.transform(**Batch Transform Job** Start Batch Transform Job **Transient Compute** Container Prediction Amazon Inference Request Data **S**3 code Model Prediction Amazon Response Data ML Instance(s) **S**3







Advanced Deployment Options



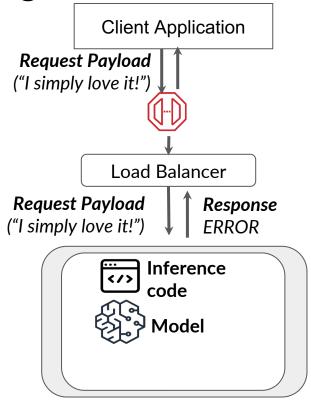


Model Integration





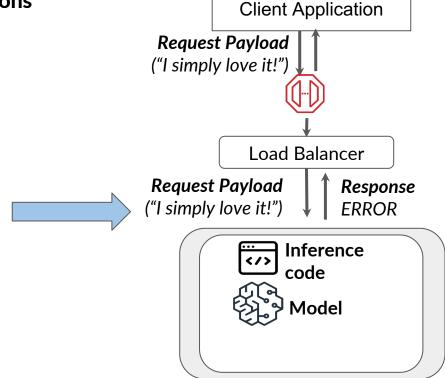
Integrating Models with ML Applications





Integrating Models with ML Applications

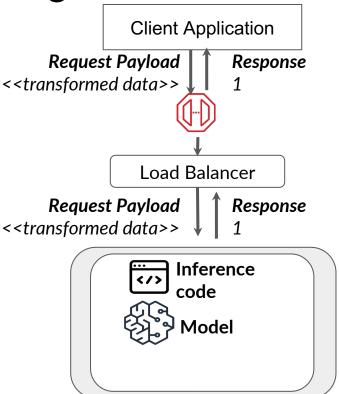
Need to apply the same data transformations used during training





Prepare Data for Inference in Client Application

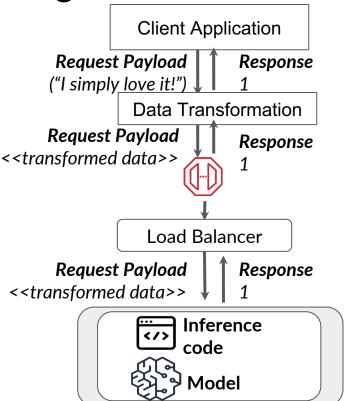
- Implement data transformations in Client Application
 - Challenge: Difficult to scale & manage
 - Consideration: Response may need to be transformed (1 = Positive)





Prepare Data for Inference in Client Application

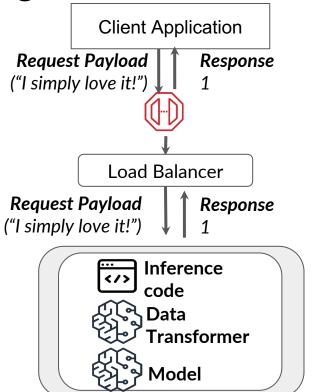
- Implement transformation code before calling hosted model
 - O **Challenge:** Need to ensure transformation code stays in sync with training code





Prepare Data as Part of an Inference Pipeline

- Implement data transformations in Inference Pipeline
 - Benefit: Keep training & inference code in sync
 - Consideration: Additional Data
 Transformer for response may need to be transformed
 (1 = Positive)





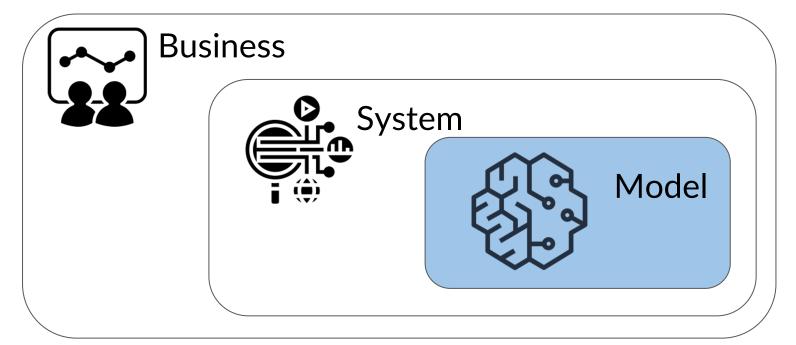
Monitoring ML Workloads





Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads

Considerations

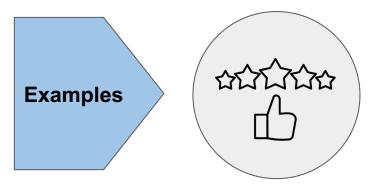




Why? Models degrade over time



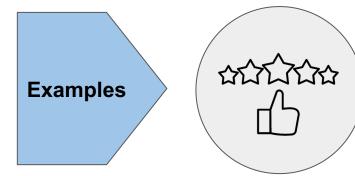
Why? Models degrade over time



Customer behavior changeEx. Product change,
Demand change



Why? Models degrade over time



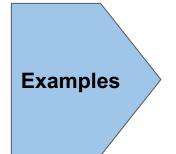
Customer behavior changeEx. Product change,
Demand change



Changing business environment Ex. New products



Why? Models degrade over time

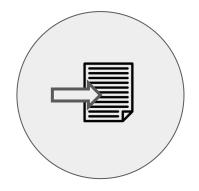




Customer behavior change Ex. Product change, Demand change



Changing business environment Ex. New products

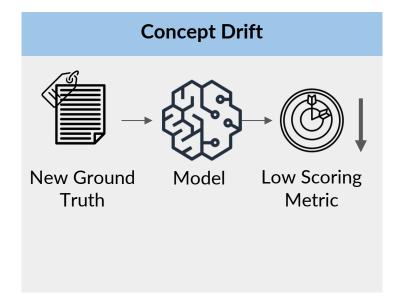


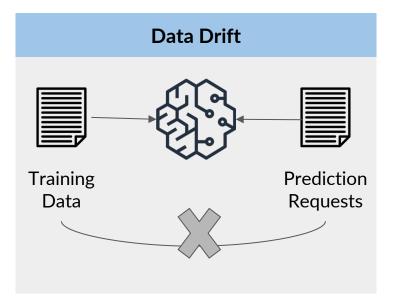
Changing data pipeline Ex. Feature data suddenly missing



Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads

Model Monitoring



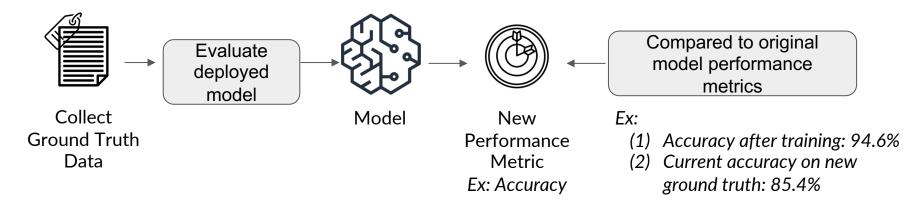


Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads Concept Drift

What causes concept drift?

Environment changes that impact the context of the predicted target

Methods to detect:



Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads Data Drift

What causes **Data Drift?**

Changes in the model input data

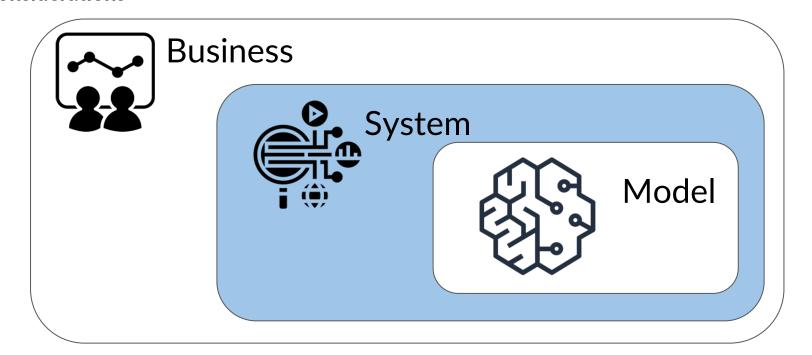
Methods to detect:

Example: Deequ - Open Source Library

- Data Profiling: Gather statistics about each feature used to train the model
- Establish Constraints: Boundaries on normal/expected data
- O Detect Data Anomalies: Understand when prediction data violates constraints



Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads Considerations



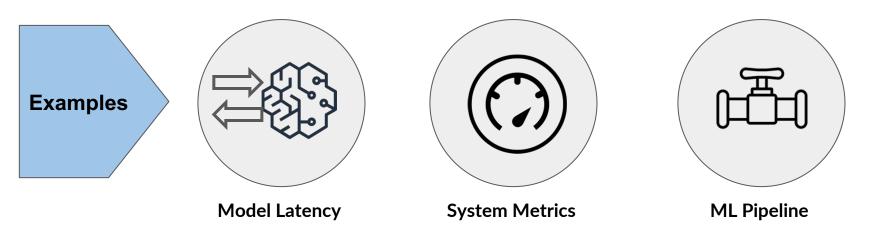


Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads

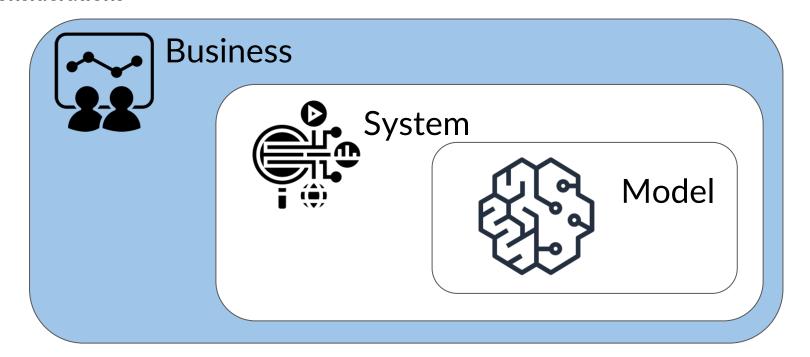
System Monitoring

Why?

Ensure your model and supporting resources are functioning as expected



Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads Considerations

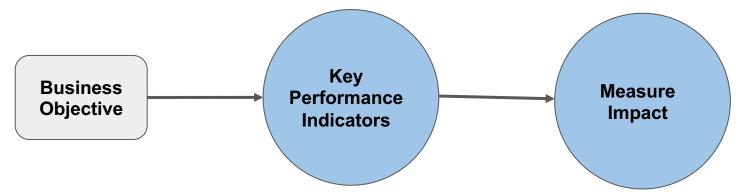




Monitoring Machine Learning Workloads

Monitoring Impact on Business Objectives

Why? Ensure your model has impact on the business objective





Model Monitoring

Using Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor

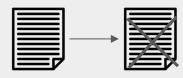




Monitor Types

Data Drift

Data Quality



Monitor drift in data quality

Concept Drift

Model Quality



Monitor drift in model quality metrics

Concept Drift

Statistical Bias Drift



Monitor statistical bias drift in model predictions

Data Drift

Feature
Attribution Drift



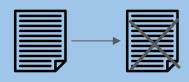
Monitor drift in feature attribution



Monitor Types

Data Drift

Data Quality



Monitor drift in data quality

Concept Drift

Model Quality



Monitor drift in model quality metrics

Concept Drift

Statistical Bias Drift



Monitor statistical bias drift in model predictions

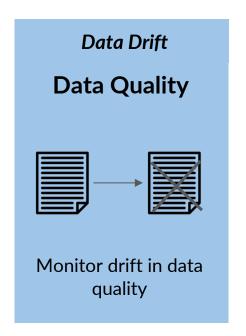
Data Drift

Feature
Attribution Drift

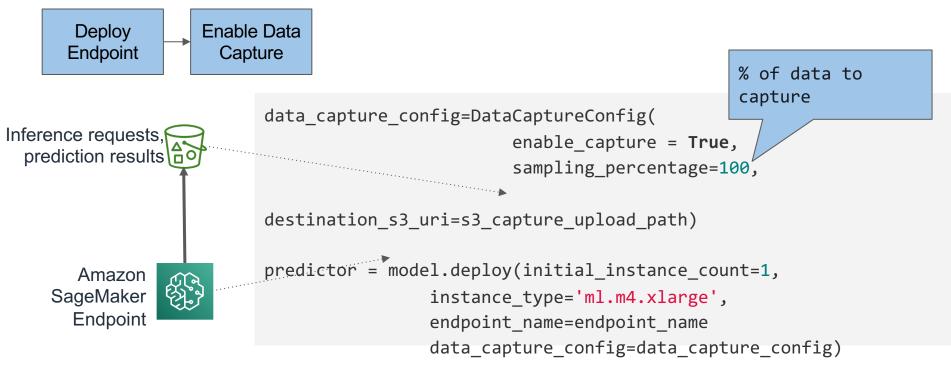


Monitor drift in feature attribution

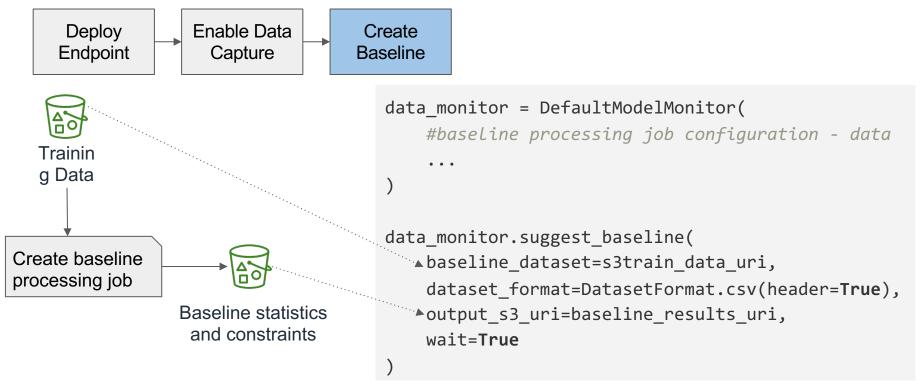




- Monitor when inference data drifts away from baseline (training) data
- Model Monitor uses, Deequ, an open source library built on Apache Spark









Monitor Type: Data Quality Monitor



statistics.json

- Columnar statistics for each feature
- Examples:
 - Numeric \rightarrow missing values, mean, min, max, distribution
 - String → missing values, distinct values, categorical distribution



Baseline statistics and constraints



Monitor Type: Data Quality Monitor





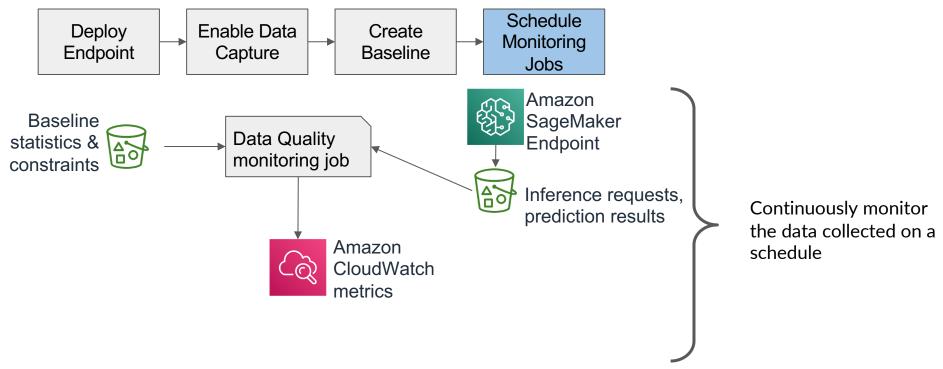
Baseline statistics and constraints

statistics.json

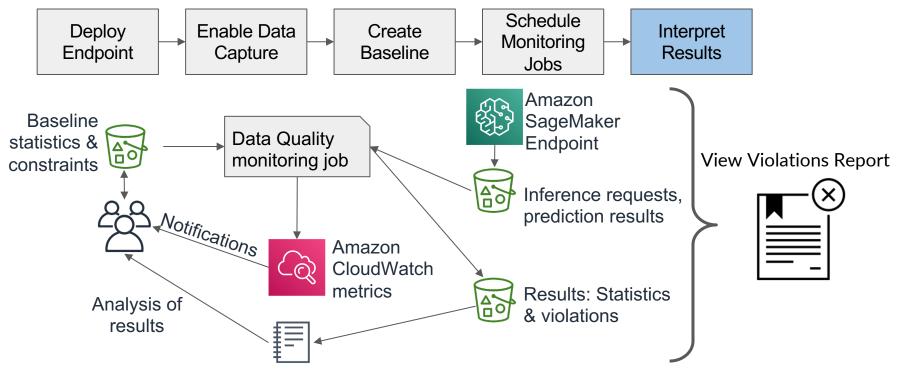
- Columnar statistics for each feature
- Examples:
 - O Numeric \rightarrow missing values, mean, min, max, distribution
 - O String \rightarrow missing values, distinct values, categorical distribution

constraints.json

- Constraints that are used to evaluate potential data drift
- Examples:
 - Numeric → non-negative
 - String → observed values





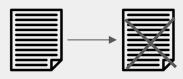




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Statistical Bias Drift



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Data Drift

Feature Attribution Drift



Monitor drift in feature attribution



Monitor Type: Model Quality Monitor

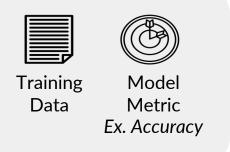
Concept Drift

Model Quality



Monitor drift in model quality metrics

 Monitor model quality by comparing model predictions with ground truth labels



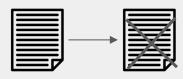
VS



Monitor Types

Data Drift

Data Quality



Monitor drift in data quality

Concept Drift

Model Quality



Monitor drift in model quality metrics

Concept Drift

Statistical Bias
Drift



Monitor statistical bias drift in model predictions

Data Drift

Feature
Attribution Drift



Monitor drift in feature attribution



Monitor Type: Statistical Bias Drift

Concept Drift Statistical Bias Drift



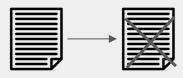
Monitor statistical bias drift in model predictions

- Monitor predictions for statistical bias
- Amazon SageMaker Clarify integrates with Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor to detect statistical bias drift

Monitor Types

Data Drift

Data Quality



Monitor drift in data quality

Concept Drift

Model Quality



Monitor drift in model quality metrics

Concept Drift

Statistical Bias
Drift



Monitor statistical bias drift in model predictions

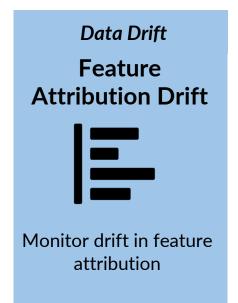
Data Drift

Feature
Attribution Drift



Monitor drift in feature attribution

Monitor Type: Feature Attribution Drift



- Monitor features contributing to predictions over time
- Amazon SageMaker Clarify integrates with Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor to detect feature attribution drift
- Utilizes SHAP for baselining

