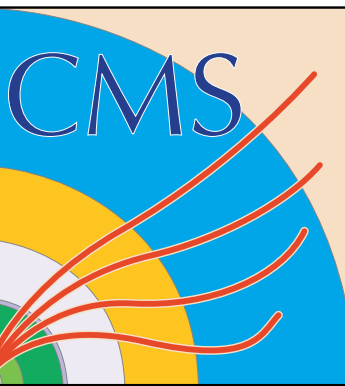


VBF produced Higgs decays to invisible final states at CMS

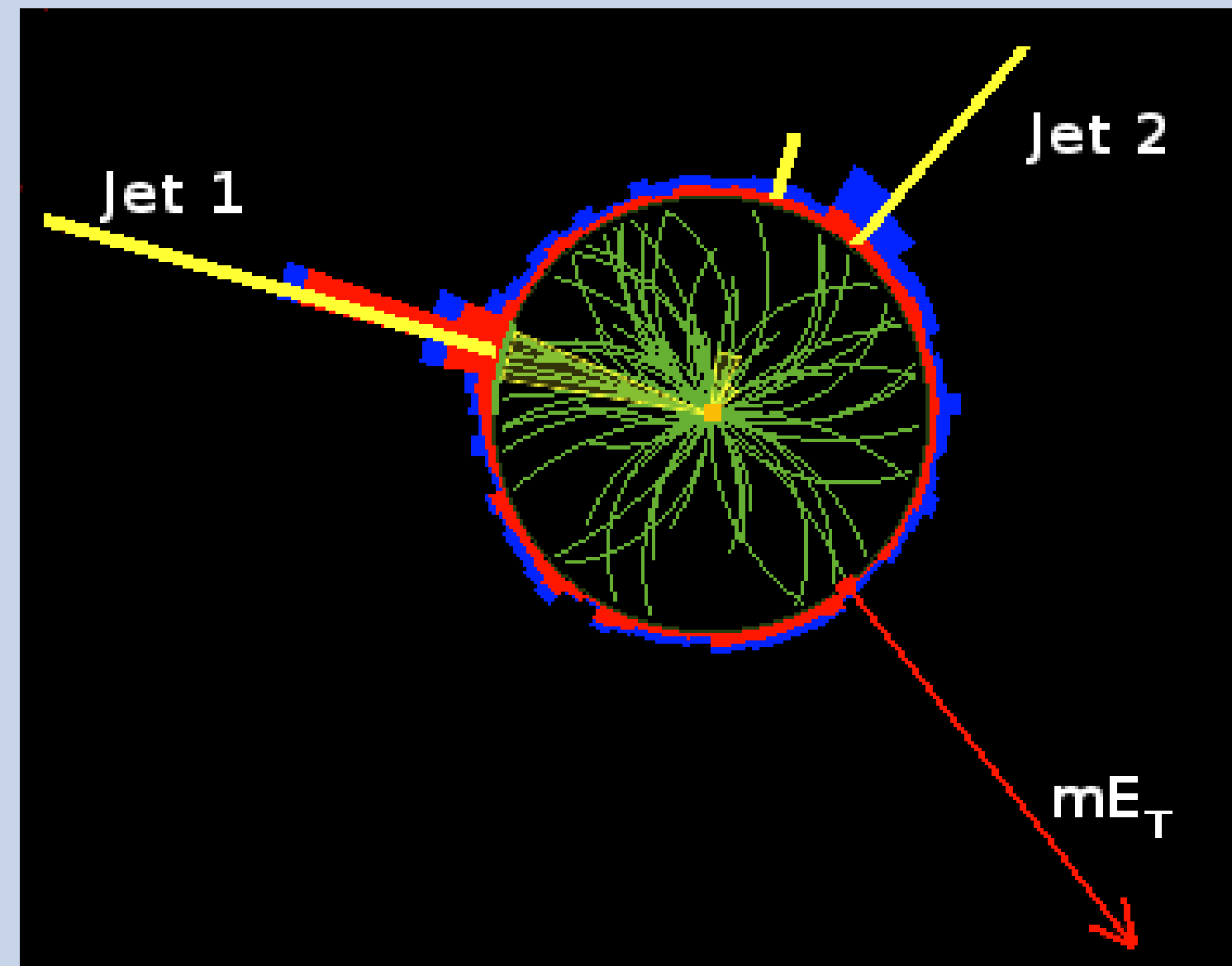
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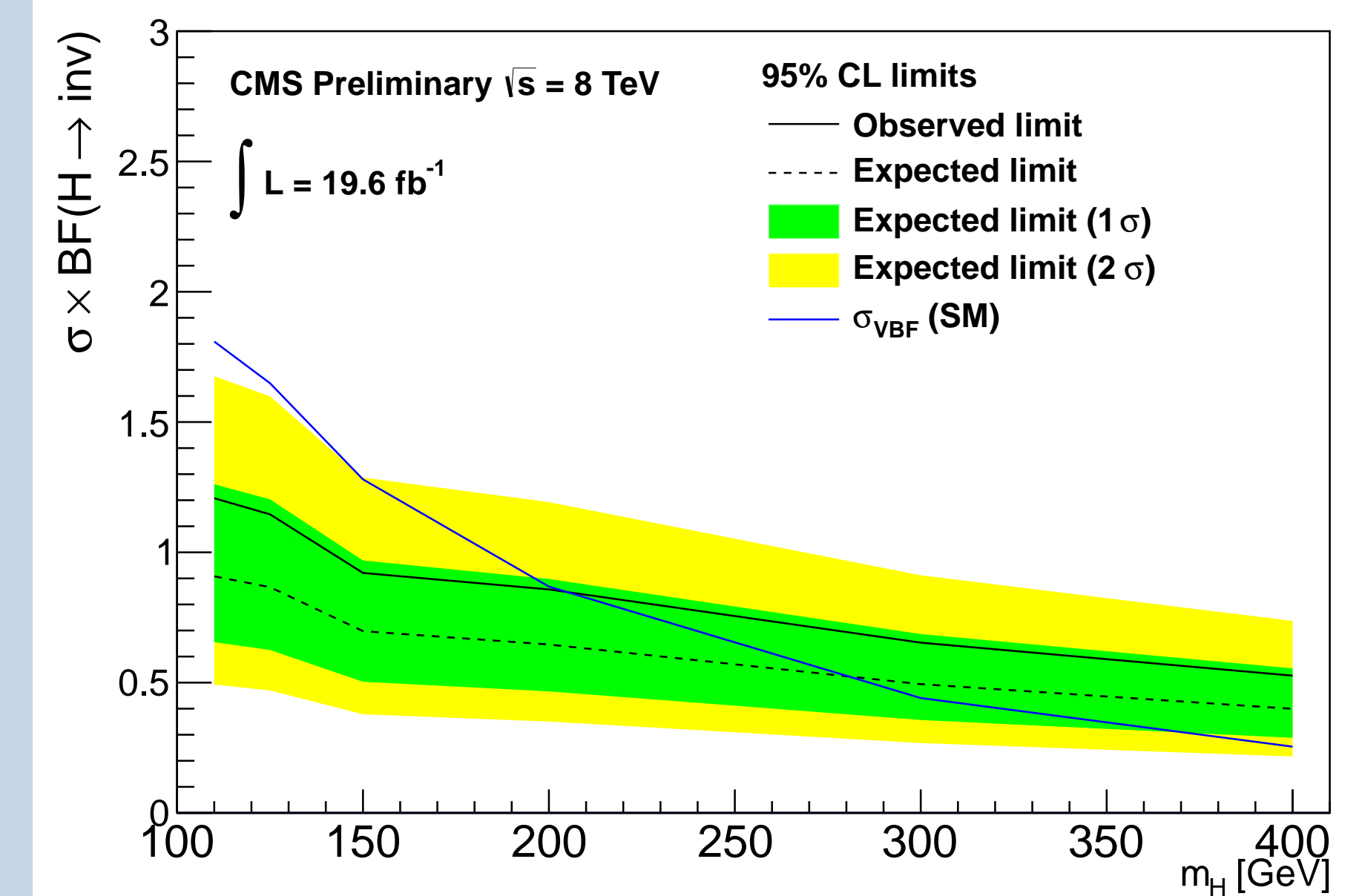


Why VBF Higgs to invisible?

- ▶ Many beyond the Standard Model theories predict significant invisible branching fractions, $BF(inv)$, for the Higgs boson:
 - SUSY, extra dimensions, dark matter, etc.
- ▶ The only signature is the other particles produced with the Higgs, so associated production is necessary.
- ▶ Vector Boson Fusion (VBF) production's distinctive topology makes it the most promising channel:
 - the expected limit on $BF(inv)$ is 53% compared to 84% (ATLAS) and 91% (CMS) from ZH.



Results



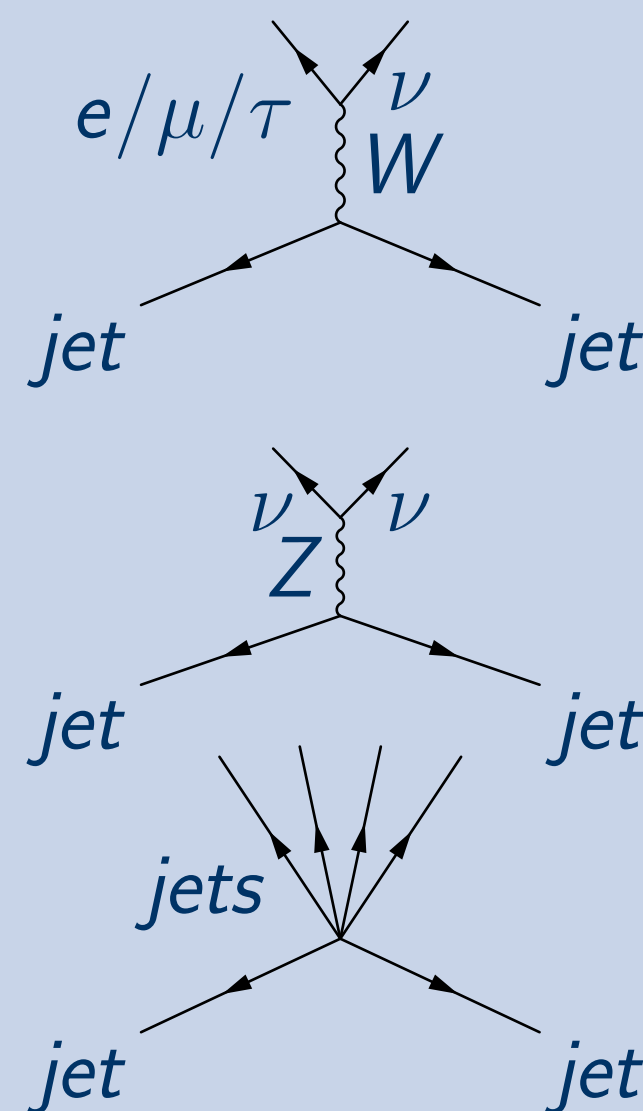
- ▶ We predict 339 ± 36 (stat.) ± 50 (syst.) events and we observe 390:
 - this corresponds to a 69% limit on $BF(inv)$ for a 125 GeV Higgs boson at 95% C.L.

Conclusion and future work

- ▶ First ever limit on invisible branching fraction of VBF produced Higgs boson:
 - compatible with the standard model.
- ▶ We have additional 'parked' data with lower trigger thresholds that is yet to be analysed:
 - this should give more events in our control regions and thus reduce the errors on our background estimation.
- ▶ I would like to thank my supervisors David Colling and Gavin Davies and the members of my analysis group, particularly Anne-Marie Magnan and Andrew Gilbert, for the help they have given me, and the STFC for funding my work.
- ▶ More information can be found in CMS PAS HIG-13-013.

Main backgrounds

- ▶ Leptonic $W + jets$:
 - reduced by lepton veto,
 - remaining contribution where lepton is missed,
- ▶ $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu + jets$:
 - irreducible.
- ▶ QCD multijets:
 - reduced by central jet veto and jet topology cuts.



Measurement strategy

- ▶ Perform a counting experiment.
- ▶ Select distinctive VBF topology:
 - 2 jets with a large pseudorapidity separation,
 - veto events with central jets or any leptons.
- ▶ Require missing transverse energy, which is expected due to the invisible final state.
- ▶ Use hard cuts to restrict backgrounds.
- ▶ Use data driven methods to estimate remaining backgrounds:
 - MC yields cannot be trusted due to hard cuts.

Leptonic W+jets background estimation

- ▶ We use a data driven method:
 - A control region enriched in W+jets events is chosen
 - The MC ratio between the signal and control regions is used to extrapolate to the signal region:

$$N_{W \rightarrow l\nu}^{signal} = (N_{obs}^{control} - N_{bkg}^{control}) \cdot \frac{N_{WMC}^{signal}}{N_{WMC}^{control}}$$

- ▶ For $W \rightarrow e/\mu\nu$ the control region is the signal region with the lepton veto reversed.
- ▶ For $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$ the control region is the signal region without the central jet veto and with a hadronic tau requirement.