

## VBF Higgs to Invisible - Update

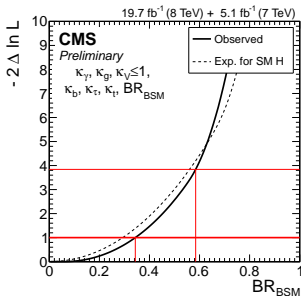
AN-14-243

P. Dunne on behalf of the VBF  $H \rightarrow$ invisible analysis group

## Why Higgs to Invisible?

### Experimental motivation

- ▶ Current measurements of the 125 GeV Higgs boson are compatible with Standard Model (SM) expectations
  - large uncertainties can still accommodate significant beyond the SM (BSM) properties
- ▶ Additional Higgs bosons with exotic decays are not excluded



### Theoretical motivation

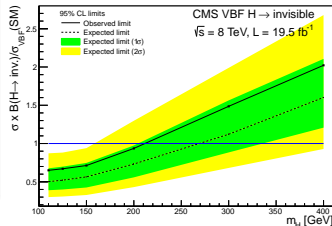
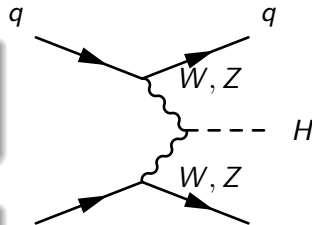
- ▶ Many BSM theories predict Higgs boson decays to invisible final states:
  - e.g. SUSY, extra dimensions, fourth-generation neutrinos
- ▶ These final state particles are often dark matter candidates

## Talk outline

- ▶ For run 1 we had two sets of triggers
  - Prompt trigger used for current published result: HIG-13-30
  - Parked triggers analysis progress presented today

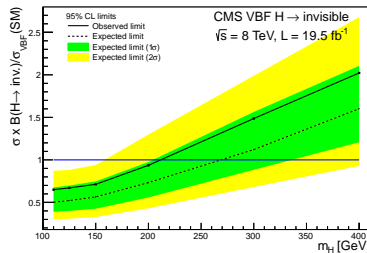
### Overview

- ▶ Reminder of prompt analysis
- ▶ Why we chose our new analysis strategy
- ▶ Details of parked analysis
  - Emphasis on changes from established prompt analysis
- ▶ Brief look at some other analysis techniques we are investigating



## Prompt Analysis

- ▶ Single bin counting experiment
- ▶ Major backgrounds use data driven estimates:
- ▶  $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu, W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ , QCD
- ▶ Minor backgrounds taken from MC:
- ▶  $VV, W\gamma, t\bar{t}$ , single top
- ▶ Expected limit 49%



### Data driven background estimation

$$W: N_S = N_S^{MC} \frac{N_C^{Data} - N_C^{Bkg}}{N_C^{MC}}$$

$$Z: N_S^{Z \rightarrow \nu\nu} = \left( N_C^{Data} - N_C^{bkg} \right) \cdot \frac{\sigma(Z \rightarrow \nu\nu)}{\sigma(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu)} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_S^{ZMC}}{\epsilon_C^{ZMC}}$$

## Parked Triggers

- ▶ One parked trigger for runs B and C, another for run D
- ▶ All parked and prompt triggers are seeded by L1ETM40
- ▶ Parked triggers have looser HLT thresholds
- ▶ This allows us to look at new regions of phase space and different analysis techniques

Run period	MET cut	dijet $p_T$ cut	dijet mass cut
A	METnoMuons > 65 GeV	DiPFJet40	MJJ800
B&C	N/A	DiJet35	MJJ700
D	N/A	DiJet30	MJJ700

## Software framework strategy

### Prompt analysis

- ▶ Two frameworks: Analyses A and B
- ▶ independent ntuples and analysis code

### Parked analysis

- ▶ Insufficient manpower to maintain and develop two frameworks
- ▶ Moved to one fully developed framework rather than two underdeveloped ones
  - New framework uses analysis B ntuples
- ▶ Synchronised yields in signal and control regions between new framework and old analyses A and B
- ▶ Also checked the expected limit obtained with the new framework and ntuples for the prompt analysis
  - Agrees with HIG-13-030 to within 2%, which is good given change of global tag and triggers

## Analysis strategy

### Initial plan

- ▶ Loosen cuts as much as possible and model QCD shape
- ▶ Several options for analysis strategy:
  - Rectangular cuts and counting experiment
  - Rectangular cuts and shape experiment
  - MVA and counting experiment
  - MVA and shape experiment

### Final plan for parked data

- ▶ Unable to model QCD shape - details later
- ▶ Altered signal region cuts to remove QCD
- ▶ Remaining backgrounds very signal like in variables studied so far
  - Opted for cut and count analysis

## Changes since prompt analysis

### Trigger

- ▶ Parked trigger efficiency has been measured including variable correlation
  - This allows a looser preselection to be used

### Signal region

- ▶ The signal region has been reoptimised for the new triggers
  - New region has higher signal efficiency with less QCD

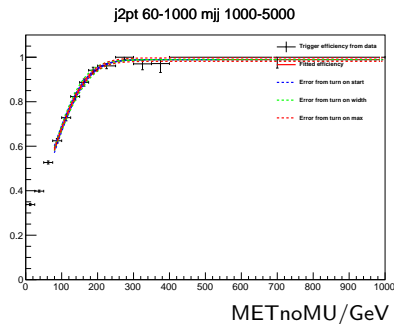
### Background estimation

- ▶ A top control region has been added
- ▶ Minor modifications made to  $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$  background estimation method
- ▶ QCD background estimation method changed
- ▶  $W\gamma$  contribution found to be modelled already by our  $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$  Monte Carlo



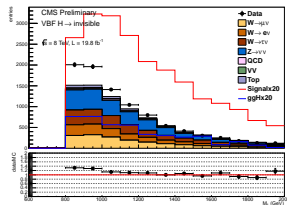
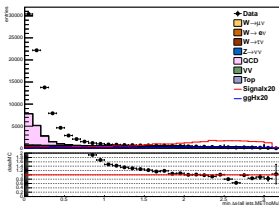
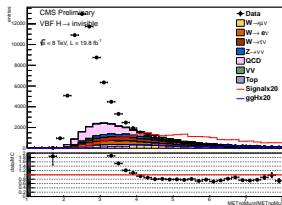
## Trigger efficiency

- ▶ The variables used in trigger are highly correlated:
  - dijet mass, METnoMU, jet 2  $p_T$
- ▶ In the prompt analysis we used cuts to ensure trigger was  $> 95\%$  efficient
- ▶ For the parked analysis we use a 2D binning in dijet mass and jet 2  $p_T$
- ▶ Each trigger's efficiency is measured separately
  - SingleMu dataset is used
- ▶ In each bin the METnoMU trigger turn on is fit using an error function
- ▶ We then combine the three triggers efficiencies weighted by the luminosity



## Preselection choice

- ▶ Trigger turn ons impose the following cuts:
  - $\eta_{j1} \cdot \eta_{j2} < 0$ ,  $\eta_{j1,2} < 4.7$ , jet 1  $p_T > 50$  GeV,  $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 3.6$ , jet 2  $p_T > 40$  GeV,  $MET_{nomu} > 90$  GeV,  $M_{jj} > 800$  GeV
- ▶ As in the prompt analysis we also veto events with 'veto' electrons or muons
- ▶ Poor data-MC agreement from QCD contamination motivates the following additional cuts:
- ▶  $\frac{MET_{nomu}}{\sigma_{MET_{nomu}}} > 3.0$ ,  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets } p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, MET_{nomu}) > 1.0$ ,  $M_{jj} > 1000$  GeV



## QCD issues

Several methods tried to model QCD

Standard MC

- doesn't have enough events

Private VBF enriched QCD MC sample

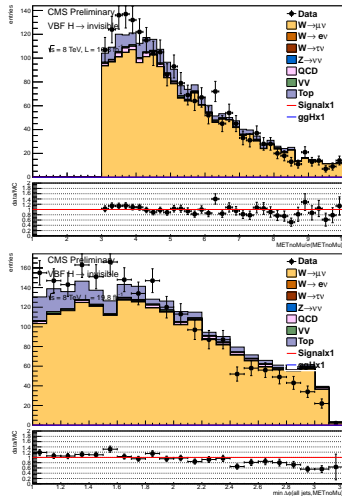
- Can only enrich in events with real met
- Can't model met from mismeasurement

Data-driven shape using different jet pairs in the event

- Jet kinematics are very biased
- Ordering in  $p_T$  and angle have been tried
- Reweighting individual distributions to fix others has been tried

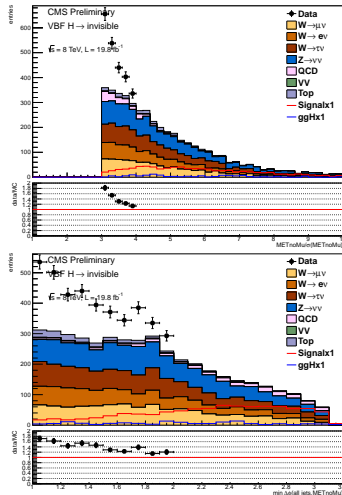
## Signal region selection

- ▶ Can't model QCD shape so alter cuts to remove most QCD
  - Can then tolerate a larger uncertainty on QCD estimation
  - QCD in plots is vbf enriched MC doesn't model all QCD
- ▶ Agreement in control regions is good for  $\frac{MET_{noMU}}{\sigma_{MET_{noMU}}} > 4$  and  $Min\Delta\phi(all\ jets, MET_{noMU}) > 2.0$
- ▶ Signal contribution also large for some regions of parameter space
- ▶ We blind the data in this region and use it as a basis for signal region optimisation



## Signal region selection

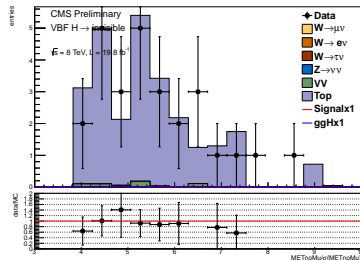
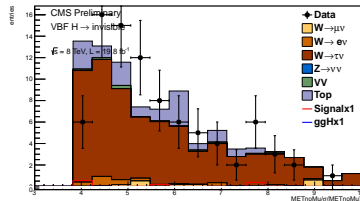
- ▶ We optimise by choosing the cut values with the best 95% C.L. expected limit
  - Limit calculation details later
- ▶ We scanned through jet 2  $p_T$ , dijet mass and  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$
- ▶ Best limit was found for:
  - No additional jet 2  $p_T$  cut
  - $\frac{\text{MET}_{\text{noMU}}}{\sigma_{\text{MET}_{\text{noMU}}} > 4$
  - $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}) > 2.5$
- ▶ This was used as our “signal region”



## Top control region

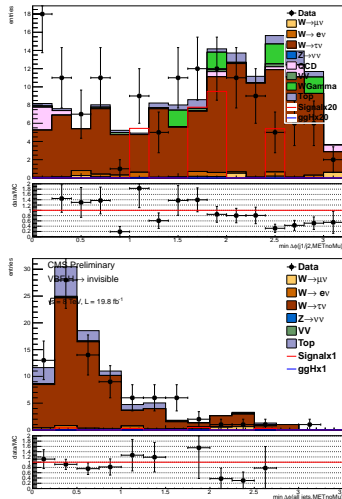
- Top contribution to V+jets control regions is non-negligible
  - up to 16% in  $W \rightarrow \tau \nu$
- Use method used for W backgrounds in prompt analysis
- Region: signal region with lepton veto replaced with requirement for 1 tight muon and 1 tight electron
  - Very few events in  $e\mu$  region so also removed  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$  cut

$N_C^{\text{data}}$	$28 \pm 5.3(\text{stat.})$
$N_C^{\text{bkg}}$	$0.6 \pm 0.2(\text{MC stat.})$
$N_S^{\text{top MC}}$	$9.6 \pm 1.8(\text{MC stat.})$
$N_C^{\text{top MC}}$	$42.6 \pm 5.2(\text{MC stat.})$
$N_S^{\text{top}}$	$6.1 \pm 1.2(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.4(\text{MC stat.})$



## $W \rightarrow \tau \nu$ control region

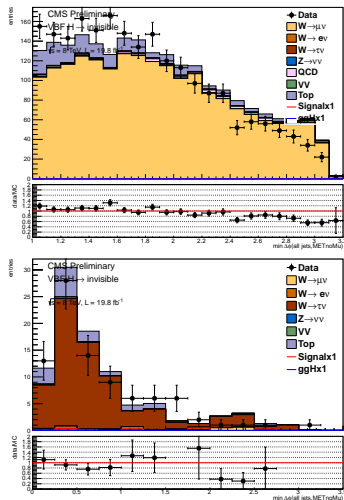
- ▶ For other  $W$ +jets backgrounds control region is:
  - signal region with lepton veto replaced with a requirement for a single lepton
- ▶ For  $W \rightarrow \tau \nu$  there are not enough events in this region: 2 events for  $N_C^{Data}$ 
  - In prompt analysis we removed the central jet veto (CJV)
- ▶ CJV no longer used, so we remove the  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$  cut
- ▶ This leads to QCD contamination so we require:
  - $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{leading 2 jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}) > 1.0$
  - We also add an  $m_T > 20$  GeV cut on the lepton-MET system to remove QCD contamination



## $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$ control region

- Estimate error from difference between control region and signal region
- $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$  has enough events to see data driven weight variation with  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$  cut
  - weight changes by 20% when loosening cut from 2.5 to 1.0
  - We add a 20% systematic on the  $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$  background

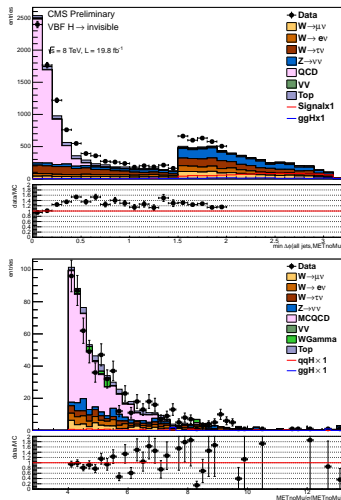
$N_{C^{data}}$	$88 \pm 9.4(\text{stat.})$
$N_{C^{bkg}}$	$15.2 \pm 4.8(\text{MCstat.})$
$N_{S^{MC}}$	$176.1 \pm 10.5(\text{MCstat.})$
$N_{S^{MC}}$	$133.9 \pm 8.0(\text{MCstat.})$
$N_{S^W}$	$95.7 \pm 12.3(\text{stat.}) \pm 10.2(\text{MCstat.})$





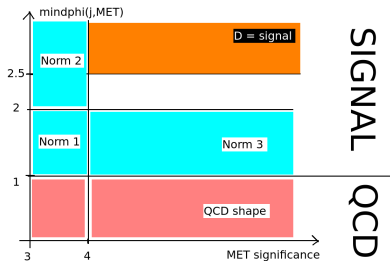
## QCD background estimation: Shape region choice

- ▶ All QCD MC in region with low  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$
- ▶ Try inverted region with:
  - $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}) < 1.0$
  - $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{leading jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}) > 1.0$
- ▶ Has good shape agreement with enriched QCD MC
- ▶ Use shape taken from requiring:
  - $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}) < 1.0$
- ▶ And replacing  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$  with  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{leading jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$

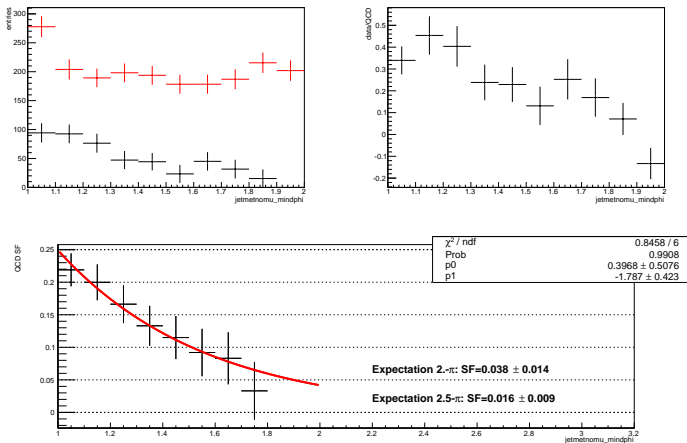


## QCD background estimation: Scale factor

- ▶ Unfortunately selection on  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$  or  $\frac{\text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}}{\sigma_{\text{MET}_{\text{nomu}}}}$  kills all QCD so cannot normalise
- ▶ Scale factor shows strong dependence on cut variables
- ▶ Norm 2 and 3 have large signal contamination
  - Norm 3 also has low stats and odd because requiring very significant met near a mismeasured object
- ▶ Fit scale factor variation in norm 1
- ▶ Check consistency in norm 2 and 3



## Norm 1 scale factor variation



## QCD background estimation: Result and systematics

Region	Factor	Extrapolation $\text{mindphi} > 2.5$	Extrapolation $\text{metsig} > 4$
Norm 1	$0.22 \pm 0.03$	$0.016 \pm 0.009$	$0.04 \pm 0.03$
Norm 1+2	$0.15 \pm 0.02$	$0.010 \pm 0.003$	$0.03 \pm 0.02$
Norm 1+3	$0.41 \pm 0.03$	$0.036 \pm 0.062$	$1.10 \pm 0.10$
Norm 2	$0.08 \pm 0.02$	-	$0.05 \pm 0.04$
Norm 3	$1.22 \pm 0.15$	$0.60 \pm 0.25$	-

- ▶ Good agreement in all  $\text{Min}\Delta\phi(\text{all jets}, \text{MET}_{\text{nomu}})$  extrapolations
- ▶ Norm 3 agreement in  $\text{metsig}$  is poor
  - As norm 3 has low statistics and is an odd region: drop
- ▶ Use largest scale factor and largest relative error of remaining
- ▶ Final prediction:  $N_S^{\text{QCD}} = 17 \pm 14$

## Results

Process	Number of events
$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$	$141.9 \pm 36.4(\text{stat.}) \pm 15.0(\text{MC stat.})$
$W \rightarrow e\nu$	$59.7 \pm 7.7(\text{stat.}) \pm 5.2(\text{MC stat.})$
$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	$81.2 \pm 5.6(\text{stat.}) \pm 5.8(\text{MC stat.})$
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu$	$95.7 \pm 12.3(\text{stat.}) \pm 10.2(\text{MC stat.})$
QCD	$17 \pm 14$
Top	$6.1 \pm 1.2(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.4(\text{MC stat.})$
VV	$6.0 \pm 0.6(\text{MC stat.})$
Total bkg.	$404 \pm 39.6(\text{stat.}) \pm 19.8(\text{MC stat.})$
VBF signal	$313.5 \pm 9.4(\text{MC stat.})$
ggH signal	$22.5 \pm 6.0(\text{MC stat.})$
Total signal	$336 \pm 11.1(\text{MC stat.})$

## Expected limits

- ▶ Used Higgs combine package with Asymptotic CLs method
- ▶ Performed a single bin counting experiment
- ▶ Analysis blind so have expected limits only
- ▶ 95% C.L. Median limit on  $B(H \rightarrow \text{inv.})$  for  $m_H = 125$  GeV is: **31%**
  - $1\sigma$  band is 23-43%
  - $2\sigma$  band is 17-57%
- ▶ Prompt analysis expected limit was 49%
- ▶ We intend to run other mass points:
- ▶ 110, 150, 200, 300 and 400 GeV

### Uncertainties by decreasing impact

Control region statistics

$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ - $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu\mu$  extrapolation

JES

$W \rightarrow \tau\nu$  extrapolation

MC statistics

QCD systematics

lepton ID efficiency

JER

UES

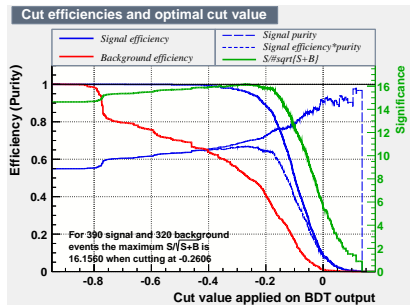
luminosity

PU weighting

theory uncertainties

## BDT Study

- ▶ Had a quick look at MVA analysis
- ▶ Started from cut based signal region
  - Only region with negligible QCD
- ▶ Best expected limit obtained 30%
  - Does not take into account any increased systematic
  - Therefore unlikely to be worthwhile
- ▶ New variables could make MVA worthwhile
- ▶ Ability to model QCD would enable looser preselection which may make MVA worthwhile



## Summary

- ▶ QCD modelling investigated
  - No adequate shape model found
- ▶ Cut based analysis designed to make QCD negligible
  - Can then accept remaining QCD estimate with large error
- ▶ MVA investigated
  - Not sufficient benefit without new variables or looser preselection
- ▶ Full cut based analysis presented
  - Expected limit **31%**
  - Improved from 49% for prompt analysis



## Backup

## QCD MC

## QCD Data-Driven: $j_1j_3$ , $j_2j_3$ shape

## MVA Details