# Searches for Higgs decays to invisible final states at CMS

## Imperial College

### London

# Patrick Dunne, pjd12@ic.ac.uk



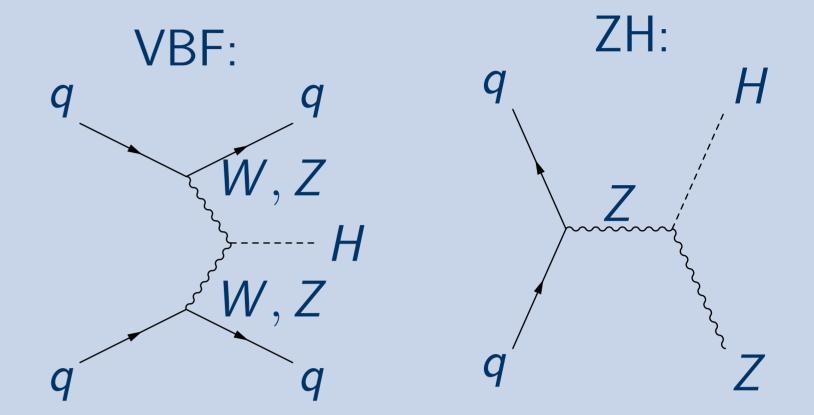
### Why Higgs to invisible?

- ▶ The properties of the Higgs are not yet precisely measured.
- ▶ Many beyond the Standard Model theories predict invisible Higgs decays:
  - SUSY, extra dimensions, dark matter, etc.

### How do you see something invisible?

- ▶ Invisible particles still carry energy and momentum.
- ► Sometimes the Higgs is produced with other particles:
- this is called associated production
- ▶ These other particles are used to infer the presence of a Higgs.
- ► The visible momentum is then summed and compared to the known total to infer the presence of invisible particles  $(mE_T)$ .

### Production channels



### Searches in the VBF channel

- ► VBF production has a distinctive topology and a high rate relative to ZH, making it the most promising channel:
- The CMS expected limit on invisible branching fraction (BF(inv)) from VBF is 49% compared to 83% from ZH.

### Strategy

- ► Perform a simple counting experiment.
- ► Select distinctive VBF topology:
- 2 jets with a large polar angle separation,
- veto events with any other particles present.
- ▶ Require missing momentum to select the invisible final state.
- ► Use hard cuts to restrict backgrounds.
- ► Estimate remaining backgrounds.

# Jet 1 mE<sub>T</sub>

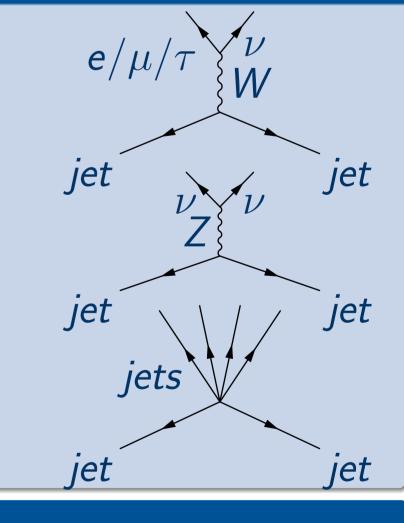
### Background estimation

- ► We use a data driven method:
- A control region enriched in background events is chosen,
- The ratio between the signal and control regions from simulation is used to extrapolate to the signal region:

$$N_{Bkg}^{signal} = (N_{obs}^{control} - N_{otherbkgs}^{control}) \cdot \frac{N_{Sim}^{signal}}{N_{Sim}^{control}}$$

### Main backgrounds

- ► *W* + jets:
- reduced by additional particle veto.
- ightharpoonup Z 
  ightharpoonup 
  u 
  u + jets:
- irreducible.
- QCD multijets:
- reduced by cuts.



### Results and future work

- ▶ 2 other searches are performed at CMS in the ZH channel.
- ► Combining all 3 searches gives a limit of 58% on invisible BF(inv) for a 125 GeV Higgs at 95% C.L.:
- strongest limit on BF(inv) of the Higgs to date,
- compatible with the standard model at the  $2\sigma$  level.
- ► We have additional 'parked' data with lower trigger thresholds that is yet to be analysed and more data will be taken starting in 2015:
- this should give more events in our control regions and thus reduce the errors on our background estimation.
- ► More information can be found in arXiv:1404.1344.

