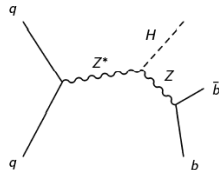
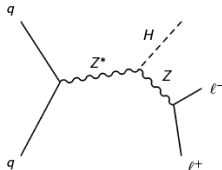
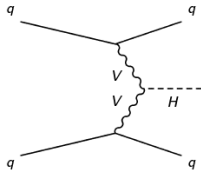


# Combination of Higgs to Invisible Direct Measurements

HIG-13-030

P. Dunne

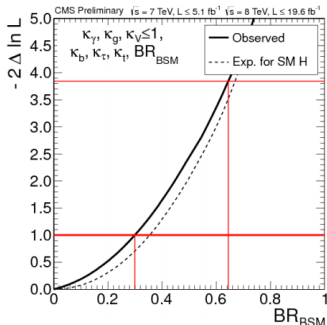
on behalf of the  $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$  analysis groups



## Introduction

- ▶ Many BSM theories predict invisible final states of the Higgs:
  - SUSY, Extra Dimensions, etc.
- ▶ Direct searches must be performed in the associated production channels
- ▶ There are currently three approved CMS Higgs to invisible results in the following channels:
  - VBF (HIG-13-013),  $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$  (HIG-13-018),  $Z(b\bar{b})H(\text{inv})$  (HIG-13-028)
- ▶ These results have been combined for a paper (HIG-13-030)

## Indirect Result from Visible Decays



- Observed (expected) limit of 64% (67%) at 95% C.L. on  $BR_{inv}$  for a 125 GeV Higgs (HIG-13-005)
- Combination between direct and indirect methods is being investigated e.g. [talk by M. Zanetti](#)

## Datacards

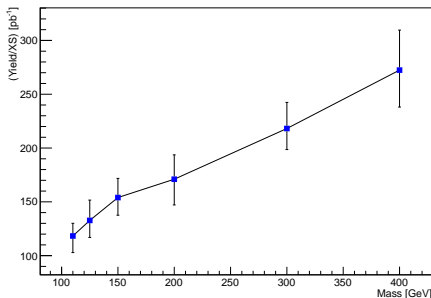
- ▶ All three channels have signal MC at different mass points

Channel	Mass Points/GeV
$Z(\ell\bar{\ell})H(\text{inv})$	105, 115, 125, 135, 145, 175, 200 & 300
$Z(b\bar{b})H(\text{inv})$	105, 115, 125, 135, 145 & 150
VBF	110, 125, 150, 200, 300 & 400

- ▶ New VBF datacards were produced for 115,135 and 145 GeV
  - Nuisances are linearly interpolated between mass points.
  - Signal yields are interpolated using the method described below.

## Signal Yield interpolation

- ▶  $N_{Signal} = eff. \times acc. \times \mathcal{L}\sigma$
- ▶ Luminosity is constant
- ▶ Yield over cross-section is thus proportional to efficiency times acceptance
- Cross-sections from LHC-HXSWG were used



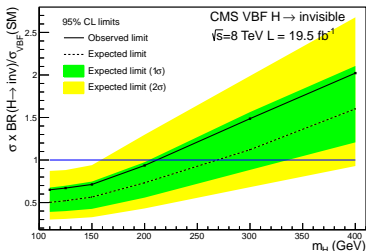
## Combination Method

- ▶ The cards for the three channels were combined using the standard Higgs combination tool
- ▶ The following uncertainties were considered correlated between channels in decreasing order of importance:

Nuisance	Analyses which it affects
Jet energy scale	VBF, $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
PDF uncertainties	VBF, $Z(b\bar{b})$ , $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
QCD scale	VBF, $Z(b\bar{b})$ , $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
Luminosity	VBF, $Z(b\bar{b})H(\text{inv})$ , $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
Jet energy resolution	VBF, $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
Unclustered energy scale	VBF, $Z(b\bar{b})H(\text{inv})$ , $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
Muon identification efficiency	VBF, $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$
Electron identification efficiency	VBF, $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$

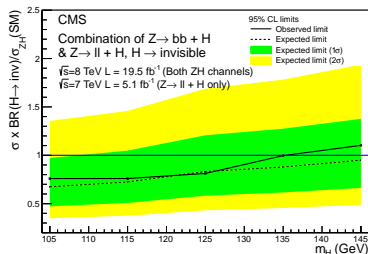
## Separate results: Direct

### ► VBF



- Observed (expected) limit of 67% (52%) at 95% C.L. on  $BR_{\text{inv}}$  for a 125 GeV Higgs

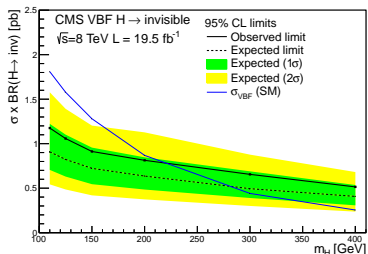
### ► ZH



- Observed (expected) limit of 81% (83%) at 95% C.L. on  $BR_{\text{inv}}$  for a 125 GeV Higgs

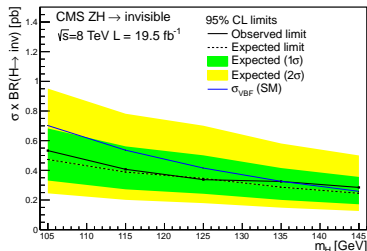
## Separate results: Cross-Section limits

### ► VBF



- Observed (expected) limit of 67% (52%) at 95% C.L. on  $BR_{\text{inv}}$  for a 125 GeV Higgs

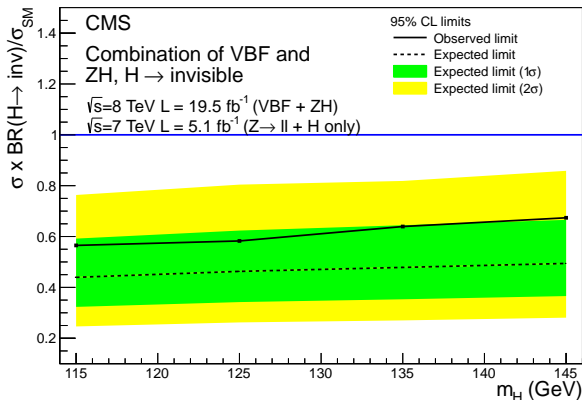
### ► ZH



- Observed (expected) limit of 81% (83%) at 95% C.L. on  $BR_{\text{inv}}$  for a 125 GeV Higgs



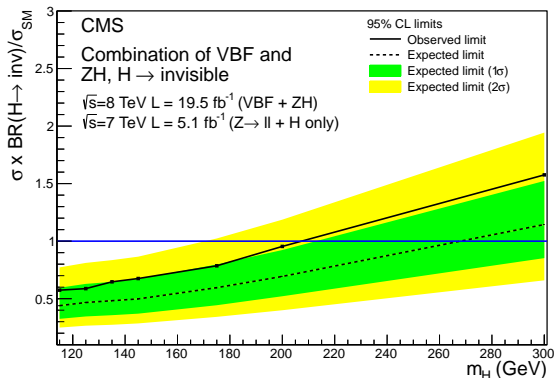
## Combined Results



- Observed (expected) limit at 125 GeV is 58(46)%

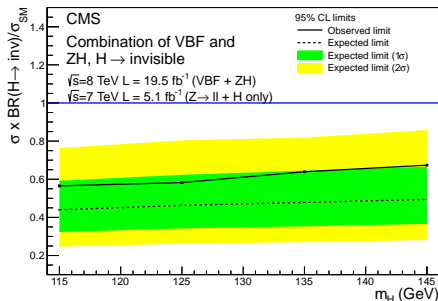
## High mass combination

- ▶  $Z(\ell\ell)H(\text{inv})$  and VBF both have datacards up to 300 GeV
- ▶ The same combination method as used above was used to combine these two channels between 115 and 300 GeV



## Conclusions

- ▶ All three  $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$  channels have been combined using the standard Higgs combination tool
- ▶ The result is compatible with the SM
- ▶ The combined result gives the strongest limit on the invisible branching fraction of the 125 GeV Higgs



## Backup

## Previous Limits

- ▶ CMS PAS limits on  $BR_{inv}$  for a 125 GeV Higgs boson are:
  - VBF: observed (expected) limit of 69% (53%) at 95% C.L.
  - $Z(\ell\ell)H(inv)$ : observed (expected) limit of 75% (91%) at 95% C.L.
  - $Z(b\bar{b})H(inv)$ : observed (expected) limit of 182% (199%) at 95% C.L.
  - CMS indirect limit, from visible channels: observed (expected) limit of 64% (67%) at 95% C.L.
- ▶ ATLAS also produce an indirect limit and a limit in the ZH channel:
  - Indirect limit 60% (no expected limit given)
  - ZH: observed (expected) 65% (84%)

## VBF Cross-sections

Mass/GeV	$\sigma/pb$
110	$1.809 \pm 0.048$
115	$1.729 \pm 0.046$
125	$1.578 \pm 0.042$
135	$1.448 \pm 0.038$
145	$1.333 \pm 0.035$
150	$1.280 \pm 0.033$
200	$0.869 \pm 0.023$
300	$0.441 \pm 0.011$
400	$0.254 \pm 0.007$

# Summary of Uncertainties

Background	Source	Uncertainty
$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$		
	Statistics in control region	29%
	MC statistics	14%
	Theory uncertainty	20%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	5%
$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$		
	Statistics in control region	5%
	MC statistics	10%
	Theory uncertainty	20%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	4%
$W \rightarrow e\nu$		
	Statistics in control region	10%
	MC statistics	10%
	Theory uncertainty	20%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	$+5\%$ $-11\%$
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu$		
	Statistics in control region	30%
	MC statistics	20%
	Theory uncertainty	20%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	$+16\%$ $-2\%$
	Tau ID efficiency	8%
	Electron contamination	5%

QCD		
	Statistics in control region	2%
	MC stats (background)	2%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	$+45\%$ $-75\%$
	$E_T$ shape	35%
Other backgrounds		
	Luminosity	4%
	MC statistics	10%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	28-81%
	Cross-section uncertainty	8-20%
Signal		
	MC statistics	10%
	Jet/MET scale/resolution	11%
	PDF uncertainty	5%
	QCD Scale uncertainty	4%