## **Activity: Solidity Contracts and Inheritance**

These set of activities require remix at http://remix.ethereum.org/

1. Compile, run and deploy this contracts. Deploy both contracts in the Javascript Environment. This environment does not require a testnet and Metamask.

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.7.0 <0.9.0;</pre>
contract Compute {
  uint public data;
  uint public info;
  constructor(uint c) {
      info = c;
  //public function
  function setData(uint a) public { data = a; }
  function compute (uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint)
{ return a + b; }
//Derived Contract
contract DCompute is Compute(13) {
  uint private result;
   function getComputedResult() public {
     result = compute(3, 5);
   function getResult() public view returns(uint) { return result; }
   function getinfo() public view returns(uint) { return info; }
```

2. Determine the values returned (indicated by ?) when the following sequence are run

```
setData (key in a value here)
Compute
Compute
              data?
              info?
Compute
              getComputedResult
DCompute
DCompute
              getResult?
DCompute
              setData (key in a value here)
DCompute
              getData?
DCompute
              getinfo?
DCompute
              info?
```

Do the answers conform to your understanding?

Play around with the code, modify them so that you can understand the results better.

3. Compile, run and deploy this contracts. Deploy both contracts in the Javascript Environment. This environment does not require a testnet and Metamask. Fix whatever error or warnings.

```
contract Compute {
  uint private data;
  uint public info;
  constructor() {
     info = 10;
  //public function
  function setData(uint a) public { data = a; }
  function getData() virtual public view returns(uint) { return
   function compute(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint)
{ return a + b; }
//Derived Contract
contract DCompute is Compute {
  uint private result;
  constructor() {
  function getComputedResult() public {
     result = compute(3, 5);
  function getResult() public view returns(uint) { return result; }
   function getinfo() public view returns(uint) { return info; }
```

4. Determine the values returned (indicated by ?) when the following sequence are run

```
DCompute getComputedResult

DCompute getResult?

DCompute setData (key in a value here)

DCompute getData?

DCompute getinfo?

DCompute info?
```

Do the answers conform to your understanding?

5. Compile, run and deploy this contracts. Deploy both contracts in the Javascript Environment. This environment does not require a testnet and Metamask.

```
contract Compute {
  uint public data;
  uint public info;
   constructor() {
      info = 10;
   //private function
  function increment(uint a) private pure returns(uint) { return
a + 1; }
  //public function
   function setData(uint a) public { data = a; }
   function getData() virtual public view returns(uint) { return
data; }
   function compute(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint)
{ return a + b; }
//Derived Contract
contract DCompute is Compute {
  uint private result;
  constructor() {
  function getComputedResult() public {
     result = compute(3, 5);
  function getResult() public view returns(uint) { return
result; }
  function getinfo() public view returns(uint) { return info; }
}
```

6. What are the results?

```
getComputedResult
DCompute
DCompute
              getResult?
DCompute
              setData (key in a value here)
DCompute
              data?
DCompute
              getData?
DCompute
              getinfo?
DCompute
              info?
Compute
              getData?
Compute
              data?
Compute
              setData (key in a value here)
              getData?
Compute
Compute
              data?
Do the answers conform to your understanding?
```

- 7. Why is the function increment not available? How can the function increment be used? Write a function that called getIncrementedResult() that uses the function increment() so that the function returns an value incremented by 1.
- 8. Compile, run and deploy this contracts. Deploy both contracts in the Javascript Environment. This environment does not require a testnet and Metamask

```
contract Compute {
   uint private data;
   uint public info;
   constructor() {
      info = 10;
   //private function
  function increment (uint a) private pure returns (uint) { return
a + 1; }
   //public function
   function setData(uint a) public { data = a; }
   function getData()public view returns(uint) { return data; }
   function compute(uint a, uint b) public pure returns (uint)
{ return a + b; }
//Derived Contract
contract DCompute is Compute {
   uint private result;
   Compute private c;
   constructor() {
      c = new Compute();
   function getComputedResult() public {
     result = compute(3, 5);
   function getResult() public view returns(uint) { return
result; }
   function getCompute(uint a, uint b) public view returns(uint)
            uint d=c.compute(a, b);
            return d;
function setCompute(uint a, uint b) public {
            info=c.compute(a, b);
function setInfo(uint a) public { info = a; }
function getInfo()public view returns(uint) { return info; }
```

9. Determine the values returned (indicated by ?) when the following sequence are run

```
DCompute
              getComputedResult
DCompute
              getResult? (Why isn't there a result button?)
              setData (key in a value here)
DCompute
DCompute
              getData?
              setData (key in a value here)
Compute
Compute
              getData? (any difference)
DCompute
              getData?
              getCompute?
DCompute
DCompute
              setCompute
DCompute
              getInfo?
              setInfo (key in a value here)
DCompute
DCompute
              getInfo?
Compute
              info?
```

10. Fix the errors and warnings in the program below so that it can be deployed without any warnings or errors.

```
contract Compute {
  uint private data;
  uint public info;
  constructor() {
     info = 10;
  //private function
  function increment(uint a) private pure returns(uint) { return a
+ 1; }
  //public function
  function setData(uint a) public { data = a; }
  function getData()public view returns(uint) { return data; }
  function compute(uint a, uint b) internal pure returns (uint)
{ return a + b; }
//Derived Contract
contract DCompute is Compute {
  uint private result;
  Compute private c;
  constructor() {
     c = new Compute();
  function getComputedResult() public {
     result = compute(3, 5);
  function getResult() public view returns(uint) { return result; }
  function getData()public view returns(uint) { return c.info(); }
```

- 11. Deploy both contracts in the Javascript Environment. This environment does not require a testnet and Metamask.
- 12. Determine the values returned (indicated by ?) when the following sequence are run

```
Compute setData = 44
Compute getData?
Compute info?

DCompute setData = 4
DCompute getData?
DCompute getResult?
DCompute info?
```

Do the answers conform to your understanding?

13. Fix and run the following contracts.

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.7.0 < 0.9.0;
contract C {
 uint public u;
  function f() public {
    u = 1;
contract B is C {
  function f() public {
    u = 2;
contract A is B {
  function f() public {
    u = 3;
  function f1() public {
    super.f();
  function f2() public {
    B.f();
  function f3() public{
    C.f();
  }
```

14. What is the value of variable u after every function in A is run. Explain why the values are such.

15. Write 2 contracts named bank and localbank -- localbank is the child of the bank contract.

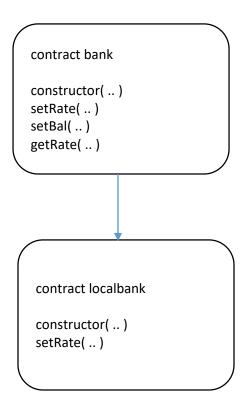
The bank contract has state variables name, balance and rate. The name variable is of type 'string', the rest is uint.

The bank contract has a constructor with parameters that will initialize the 'name' and 'balance'. The constructor will also set the rate fixed to be 1.

In addition the bank contract has member functions:

- a. setRate that takes in a uint parameter that assigns a new rate
- b. setBal that takes in a uint parameter that assigns a new balance
- c. getRate that returns the value of the current rate variable

The localbank is a child contract of bank. It has a function called setRate that increments what ever the parent bank rate is by 2.



## Question:

Check that the name, balance and rate are correctly initialized in bank and localbank Check the value of rate in bank

Now call setRate in localbank

Check the value of rate in localbank and bank, are they the same? Explain.