## Classifying White Blood Cells

## **Problem Statement**

Images were taken of a patient's blood sample to identify, characterize and count the various components present. Given an image containing a single white-blood-cell, classify what type of white-blood-cell is shown.

# **Background**

White blood cells are the workers of your immune system. There are 5 main classes of white blood cells, each responding to different conditions such as bacterial infection or allergic reaction. An over- or underrepresentation of any class can provide vital information as to a patient's illness or condition.

## **Dataset**

Found on Kaggle (kaggle.com/paultimothymooney/blood-cells), the dataset comprises of approximately 400 (480x640x3) images. Due to lack of data, one of the 5 classes was dropped. Augmentation was used on the remaining classes to expand the dataset to hold 3,000 images per class. The images were downsampled to a resolution of (120x160x3).

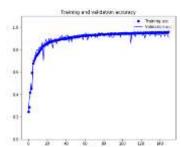
# **Project Steps**











- Gather source images
- Preprocess source images and augment to expand dataset
- Use subset of dataset for initial model building & tuning
- Investigate use of L2 Regularization and Dropout to correct for over-fitting
- Train model on full dataset to get final model, and gather sample predictions

# Hardware & Software

Machine Config: Windows 10 on Ryzen 1950x, dual Nvidia GTX 1080 Ti, 64GB RAM

Software: Python 3.6 with cv2, Keras, Matplotlib, Numpy, Matplotlib, Pandas, PIL, and Tensorflow

## **Lessons Learned**

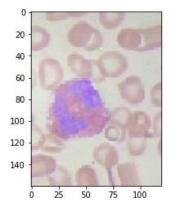
- Adapt pre-existing model structures where possible
- Model tuning is time consuming therefore must be well planned
- Dropout layers can be effective but require significant testing

## YouTube URLs

Short: https://youtu.be/Ma6As 9geGM Long: <a href="https://youtu.be/kaxgFZIQDNk">https://youtu.be/kaxgFZIQDNk</a>

# **Code Repository**

https://github.com/pjonak/Classify\_WhiteBloodCells



EOSINOPHIL\EOSINOPHIL.1251.jpg Class = EOSINOPHIL Predicted = EOSINOPHIL Match = True