

Infix:  $(1 + 1)$   
Postfix:  $1 1 (+)$

$$2 * (3 + 4)$$

$\underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{+}$

$$2 * 7 \Rightarrow 2(7) *$$

$\downarrow$

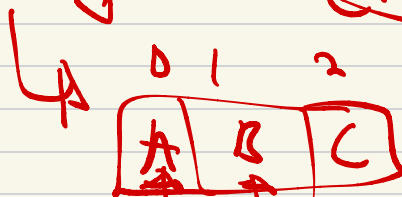
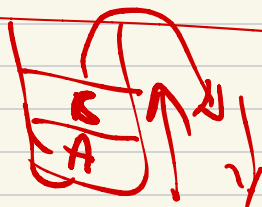
$$34+$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(34+)$$

$$(A + B / C * (D + E) - F)$$

→ Stack →

→ List / Array



Operators :

Operands :



Stack

→ list

→ Order

→ Stack

+  
/

$$2 + (5 * 2)$$

$$(A + B / C * (D + E) - F)$$

Stack (operator)

$($   
 $(+$   
 $(+ /$   
 $(+ *$   
 $(+ * ($   
 $(+ * (+$   
 $(+ * (+) \rightarrow (+ * \cancel{+})$   
 $(+ *$   
 $(+ * \boxed{-}$   
 $(+ \cancel{-}$   
 $(-$   
 $(-)$   
 $($   
 $\boxed{+}$

$\wedge \rightarrow \text{highest } (3)$   
 $*, / \rightarrow \text{mid } (2)$   
 $+ , - \rightarrow \text{low } (1)$

List Prefix / Result / Number

$A$   
 $AB$   
 $ABC$   
 $ABC /$   
 $ABC / D$   
 $ABC / DC$   
 $ABC / DC +$

$\dots * +$   
 $ABC / DC + * + F$

$ABC / DC + * + F -$

return

Rule 1

① Incoming element w/ higher prec should only be added to the stack

$\hookrightarrow ① = ① \Rightarrow$  preserve only current incoming elem.  
 $\hookrightarrow ② = ① \Rightarrow$  pop / remove existing

② if ")", get rid of everything in stack until you reach "("

③ Add whatever doesn't exist in stack to list as part of the final result

function infixToPostfix (inp) {  
 stack stack;  
 List result list; [ ]  
 prec pre = {  
 "+" : 1,  
 "-" : 1,  
 "\*" : 2,  
 "/" : 2,  
 "^" : 3  
 }  
}

```
for (el in inp) {  
  if (el is Number)  
    list.add(el)  
  if (el == "(")  
    stack.add(el)  
  else if (el == ")") {  
    pel = stack.peek()  
    while (pel != "(")  
      popel = stack.pop()  
      list.add(popel)  
    if (pel == ")") (optional)  
      stack.pop()  
  }  
  if (el is in the prec keys) {  
    if (prec[el] > prec[stack.peek()])  
      stack.add(el)  
    else  
      pr.pushKey(el)  
  }  
}
```

```

    if (prec[el] <= prec[stack.peek()]) [optional]
    {
    }
    while (prec[el] > prec[temp])
        list.add(stack.pop())
    }
    !stack.isEmpty() &&

```

