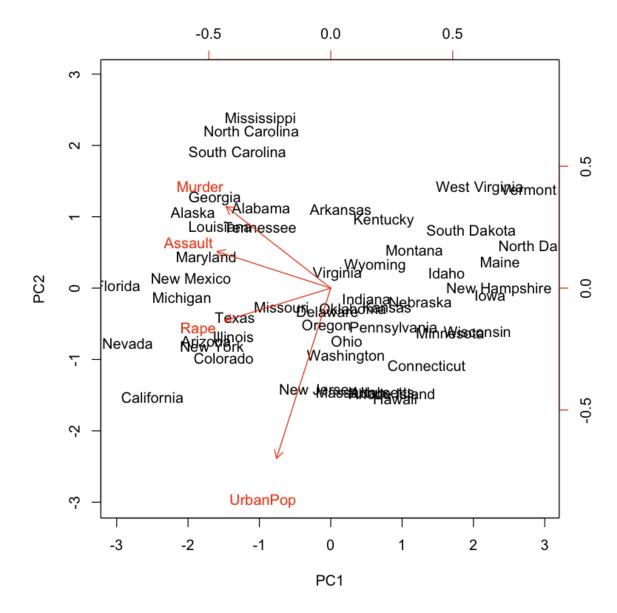
#### **#Lab 1- Principal component analysis**

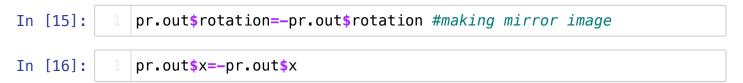
```
data(USArrests)
In [1]:
In [2]:
              states=row.names(USArrests) #row of states
              states
         'Alabama'
                   'Alaska' 'Arizona' 'Arkansas' 'California' 'Colorado' 'Connecticut'
         'Delaware'
                    'Florida' 'Georgia' 'Hawaii' 'Idaho' 'Illinois' 'Indiana' 'Iowa' 'Kansas'
         'Kentuckv' 'Louisiana'
                               'Maine' 'Maryland' 'Massachusetts' 'Michigan' 'Minnesota'
         'Mississippi' 'Missouri' 'Montana' 'Nebraska' 'Nevada' 'New Hampshire'
         'New Jersey' 'New Mexico' 'New York' 'North Carolina' 'North Dakota' 'Ohio'
         'Oklahoma' 'Oregon' 'Pennsylvania' 'Rhode Island' 'South Carolina' 'South Dakota'
         'Tennessee'
                     'Texas' 'Utah' 'Vermont' 'Virginia' 'Washington' 'West Virginia'
         'Wisconsin' 'Wyoming'
              names(USArrests) #columns of four variables
In [3]:
         'Murder' 'Assault' 'UrbanPop' 'Rape'
In [4]:
              apply(USArrests,2,mean)
                                          #mean- 2 means col
                        Murder
                                  7.788
                        Assault
                                 170.76
                      UrbanPop
                                  65.54
                                 21.232
                          Rape
In [5]:
              #on avg. three times as many rapes as murders, and more than eight
              #times as many assaults as rapes
In [6]:
              apply(USArrests, 2, var) #computing variance of four variables
                        Murder
                                  18.9704653061224
                        Assault
                                 6945.16571428571
                      UrbanPop
                                 209.518775510204
                                 87.7291591836735
                          Rape
```

```
In [7]:
              pr.out=prcomp(USArrests,scale=TRUE)
              #prcomp()centers the variables to have mean 0, using scale=TRUE
              #we scale the variables to have std deviation 1
 In [8]:
              names(pr.out)
          'sdev' 'rotation' 'center'
                                         'x'
                                  'scale'
 In [9]:
              pr.out$center #correspond to mean
                         Murder
                                  7.788
                        Assault
                                 170.76
                      UrbanPop
                                 65.54
                          Rape
                                 21.232
In [10]:
              pr.out$scale #correspond to sd
                         Murder
                                  4.35550976420929
                         Assault
                                 83.3376608400171
                      UrbanPop
                                 14.4747634008368
                                 9.36638453105965
                          Rape
In [11]:
              pr.out$rotation
              #rotation gives principal component loadings
                         PC1
                                  PC2
                                            PC3
                                                       PC4
             Murder -0.5358995
                              0.4181809 -0.3412327
                                                 0.64922780
             Assault -0.5831836
                              0.1879856 -0.2681484
                                                 -0.74340748
           UrbanPop -0.2781909 -0.8728062 -0.3780158
                                                 0.13387773
              Rape -0.5434321 -0.1673186 0.8177779
                                                 0.08902432
In [12]:
              #4 distict pca which is expected,
              #in general min(n - 1, p)informative principal components
              dim(pr.out$x)
In [13]:
                               #matrix x
```

50 4

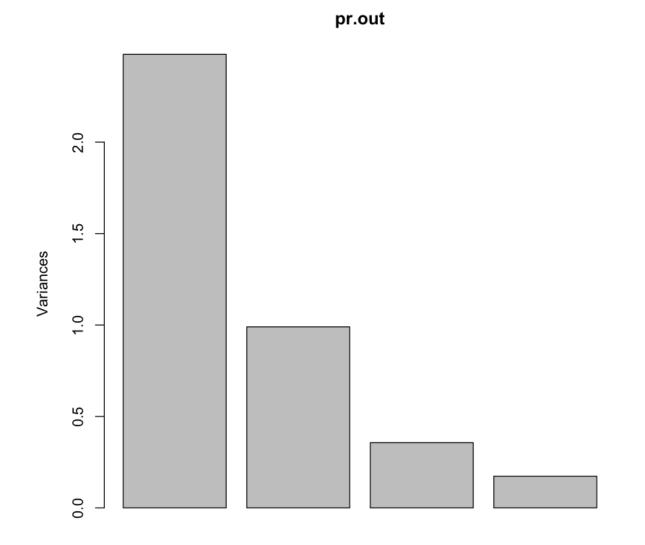
In [14]: 1 biplot(pr.out,scale=0)
2 #with scale=0 arrows are scaled to represent the loadings





### In [17]: 1 plot(pr.out,scale=0)

Warning message in plot.window(xlim, ylim, log = log, ...):
""scale" is not a graphical parameter"Warning message in title(main = main, sub = sub, xlab = xlab, ylab = ylab, ...):
""scale" is not a graphical parameter"Warning message in axis(if (hor iz) 1 else 2, cex.axis = cex.axis, ...):
""scale" is not a graphical parameter"



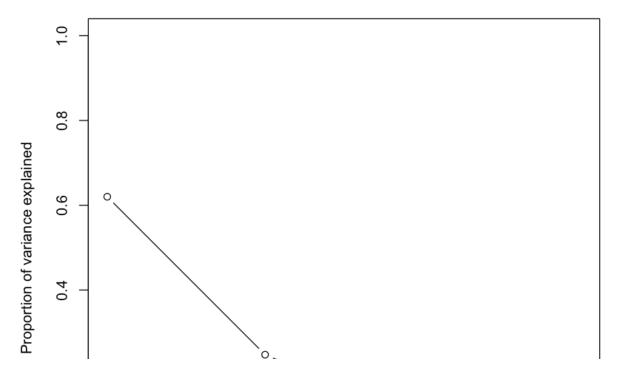
In [18]: 1 pr.out\$sdev #sd of each pc

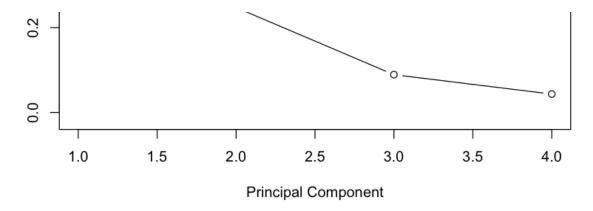
1.57487827439123 0.994869414817764 0.597129115502527 0.41644938195396

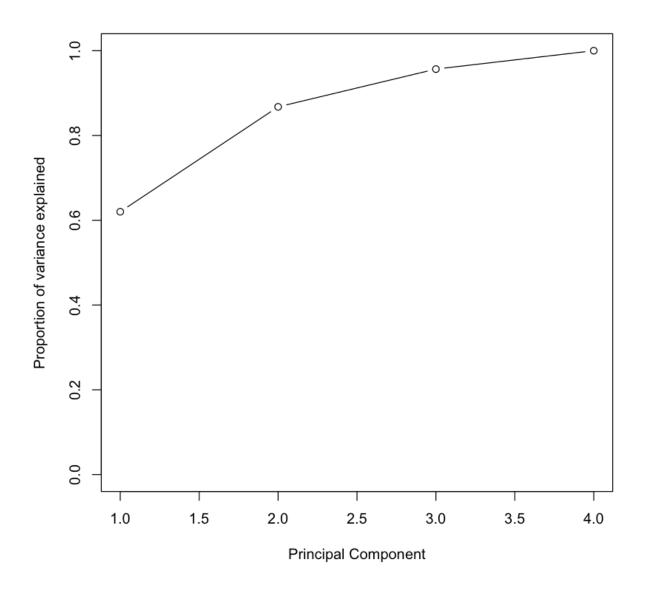
```
In [20]: #To compute the proportion of variance explained by each PC
#we simply divide the variance explained by each PC
#by the total variance explained by all four PC

pve=pr.var/sum(pr.var)
pve
```

```
In [21]: 1 #PC1 explains 62% of the variance in the data, PC2 24.7% and so or
```







#### **#Lab 2: Clustering**

```
In [23]:
                #k-means clustering
In [24]:
                set.seed(2)
                x=matrix(rnorm(50*2),ncol=2)
                x[1:25,1]=x[1:25,1]+3
                x[1:25,2]=x[1:25,2]-4
In [25]:
                Х
             2.10308545 -4.838287148
             3.18484918 -1.933698644
             4.58784533 -4.562247053
             1.86962433 -2.724284488
             2.91974824 -5.047572627
             3.13242028 -5.965878241
             3.70795473 -4.322971094
             2.76030198 -3.064137473
             4.98447394 -2.860770197
             2.86121299 -2.328381233
             3.41765075 -5.788242207
             3.98175278 -1.968757481
             2.60730464 -4.703144333
             1.96033102 -3.841835237
             4.78222896 -3.493765203
             0.68893092 -4.819995106
             3.87860458 -5.998846995
             3.03580672 -4.479292591
             4.01282869 -3.915820096
             3.43226515 -4.895486611
             5.09081921 -4.921275666
             1.80007418 -3.669550497
```

4.58963820 -4.141660809

```
4.95465164 -3.565152238
3.00493778 -4.053722626
-2.45170639
            -0.907110376
0.47723730
             1.303512232
-0.59655817
             0.771789776
0.79220327
             1.052525595
0.28963671
            -1.410038341
0.73893860
             0.995984590
0.31896040 -1.695764903
1.07616435 -0.533372143
-0.28415772 -1.372269451
-0.77667527 -2.207919779
-0.59566050
             1.822122519
-1.72597978
            -0.653393411
-0.90258448
            -0.284681219
-0.55906191 -0.386949604
-0.24651257
             0.386694975
-0.38358623
             1.600390852
-1.95910318
             1.681154956
-0.84170506 -1.183606388
1.90354747 -1.358457254
0.62249393 -1.512670795
1.99092044 -1.253104899
-0.30548372
             1.959357077
-0.09084424
             0.007645872
-0.18416145 -0.842615198
```

```
In [26]: 1 km.out=kmeans(x,2,nstart=20)
```

-1.19876777 -0.601160105

In [27]: 1 km.out

K-means clustering with 2 clusters of sizes 25, 25

Cluster means:

[,1] [,2] 1 3.3339737 -4.0761910 2 -0.1956978 -0.1848774

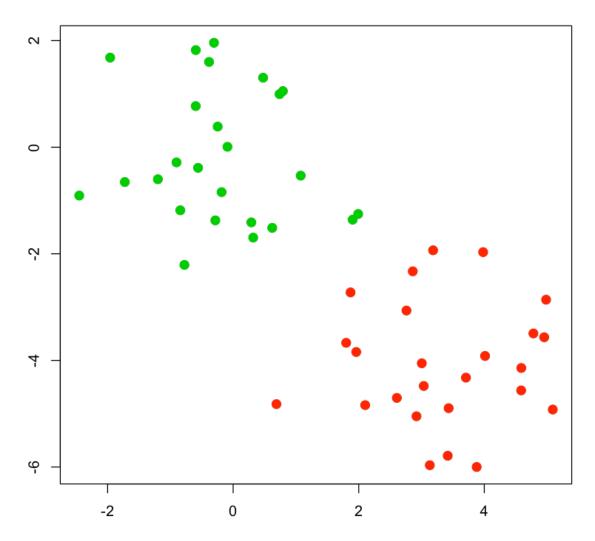
Clustering vector:

Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:
[1] 63.20595 65.40068
 (between\_SS / total\_SS = 72.8 %)

Available components:

[1] "cluster" "centers" "totss" "withinss" "tot.
withinss"
[6] "betweenss" "size" "iter" "ifault"

## k-means clustering results with K=2



```
In [29]:
            set.seed (4)
            km.out=kmeans(x,3,nstart=20)
            km.out
        K-means clustering with 3 clusters of sizes 17, 23, 10
        Cluster means:
                           [,2]
                [.1]
        1 3.7789567 -4.56200798
        2 -0.3820397 -0.08740753
        3 2.3001545 -2.69622023
        Clustering vector:
         2 2 2 2 2 2
        [39] 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 2 2
        Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:
        [1] 25.74089 52.67700 19.56137
         (between_SS / total_SS = 79.3 %)
        Available components:
        [1] "cluster"
                          "centers"
                                                     "withinss"
                                        "totss"
                                                                   "tot.
        withinss"
        [6] "betweenss"
                                        "iter"
                                                     "ifault"
                          "size"
            km.out=kmeans(x,2,nstart=20)
In [30]:
In [31]:
            km.out$cluster
```

2 2 2 2 2 2 2

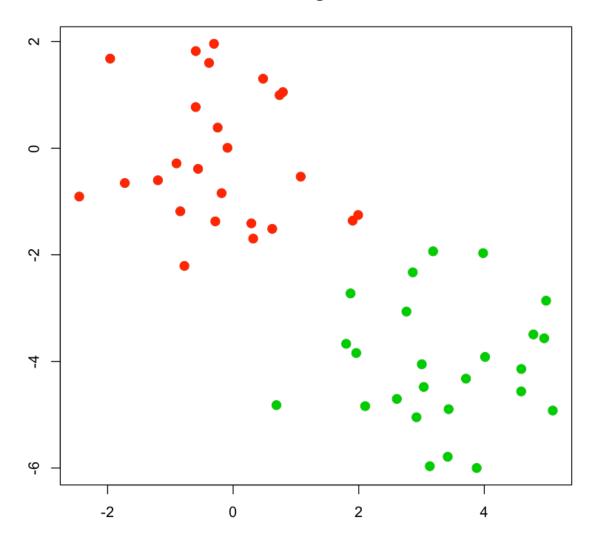
2 2

2 2 2 2 2 2 2

2

2 2 1 1

## K-Means Clustering Results with K=2

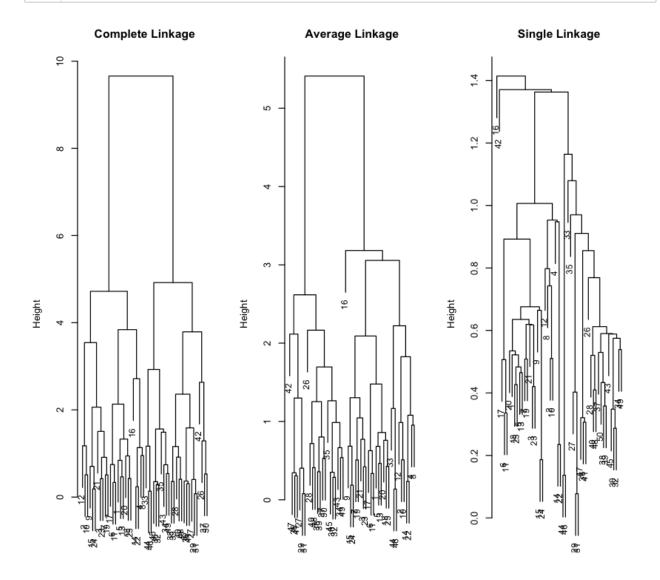


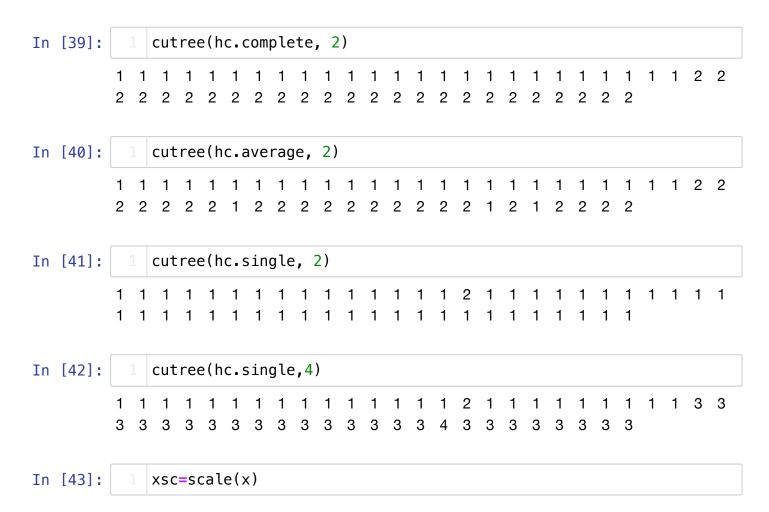
```
In [33]:
            set.seed(6)
            km.out=kmeans(x,3,nstart=20)
            km.out
        K-means clustering with 3 clusters of sizes 10, 23, 17
        Cluster means:
                           [,2]
                [.1]
        1 2.3001545 -2.69622023
        2 -0.3820397 -0.08740753
        3 3.7789567 -4.56200798
        Clustering vector:
         2 2 2 2 2 2
        [39] 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2
        Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:
        [1] 19.56137 52.67700 25.74089
         (between_SS / total_SS = 79.3 %)
        Available components:
        [1] "cluster"
                          "centers"
                                                      "withinss"
                                        "totss"
                                                                    "tot.
        withinss"
        [6] "betweenss"
                                        "iter"
                                                      "ifault"
                          "size"
In [34]:
            set_seed(4)
            km.out=kmeans(x,3,nstart=1)
            km.outstot.withinss
        104.331921973392
In [35]:
            km.out=kmeans(x,3,nstart=20)
            km.outstot.withinss
```

97.9792674793981

# **#Hierarchical Clustering**

```
hc.complete=hclust(dist(x), method="complete")
In [36]:
In [37]:
             hc.average=hclust(dist(x), method="average")
             hc.single=hclust(dist(x), method="single")
```

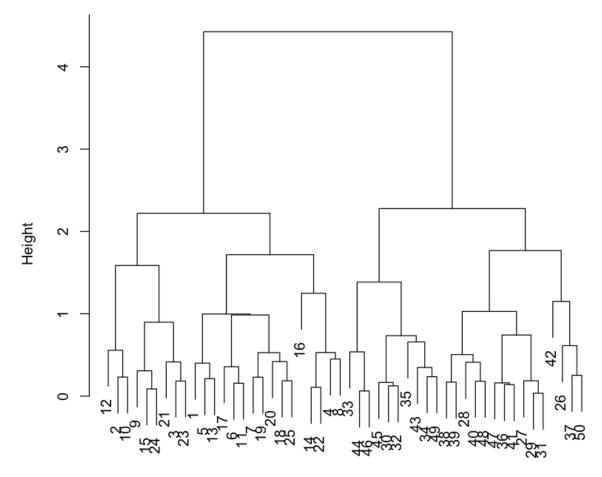




In [44]:

plot(hclust(dist(xsc), method="complete"), main="Hierarchical Clustering with Scaled Features")

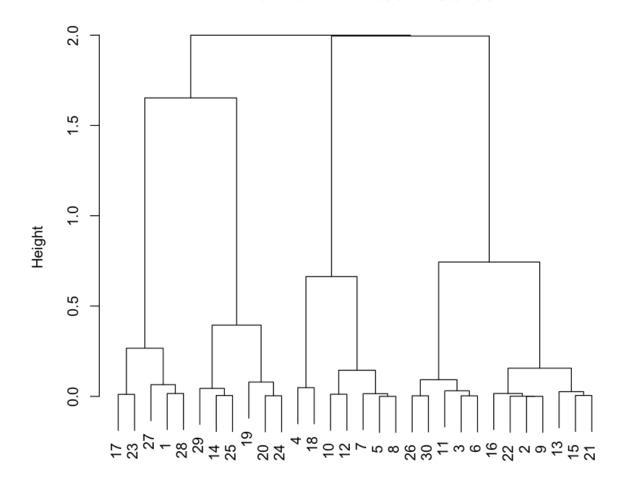
### Hierarchical **Clustering with Scaled Features**



dist(xsc) hclust (\*, "complete")

```
In [45]: 1     x=matrix(rnorm(30*3), ncol=3)
2     dd=as.dist(1-cor(t(x)))
3     plot(hclust(dd, method="complete"), main="Complete Linkage
4     with Correlation -Based Distance", xlab="", sub="")
```

# Complete Linkage with Correlation -Based Distance

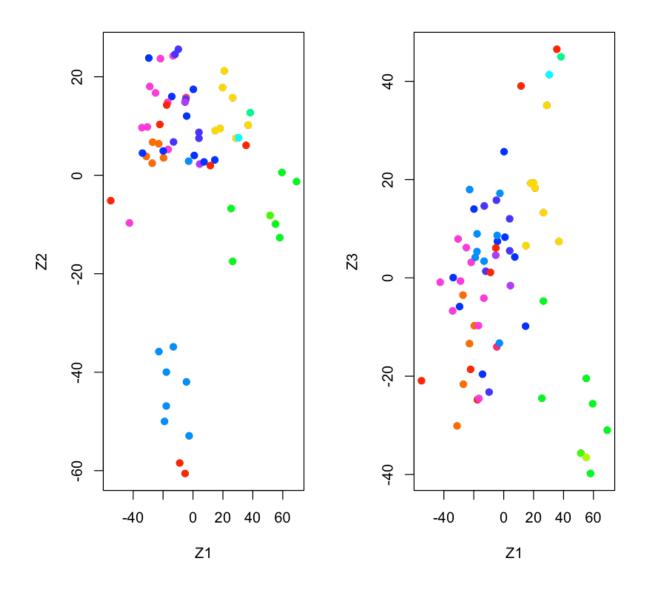


# **#Lab 3: NCI60 Data Example**

In [46]:		library(ISLR)
In [47]:	1 2	nci.labs=NCI60\$labs nci.data=NCI60\$data

```
In [48]:
              dim(nci.data)
          64 6830
In [49]:
              nci.labs[1:4]
          'CNS' 'CNS' 'CNS' 'RENAL'
In [50]:
              table(nci.labs)
          nci.labs
               BREAST
                               CNS
                                          COLON K562A-repro K562B-repro
                                                                              LEUKEM
          IΑ
                    7
                                 5
                                              7
                                                           1
                                                                        1
          6
          MCF7A-repro MCF7D-repro
                                      MELANOMA
                                                       NSCLC
                                                                  OVARIAN
                                                                              PROSTA
          TE
                                                           9
                                              8
                                                                        6
                    1
                                 1
          2
                RENAL
                           UNKNOWN
                    9
In [51]:
              nci.labs
          'CNS' 'CNS' 'CNS' 'RENAL' 'BREAST' 'CNS' 'CNS'
                                                            'BREAST'
                                                                      'NSCLC'
```

'CNS' 'CNS' 'CNS' 'RENAL' 'BREAST' 'CNS' 'CNS' 'BREAST' 'NSCLC' 'NSCLC' 'RENAL' 'RENAL' 'RENAL' 'RENAL' 'RENAL' 'RENAL' 'RENAL' 'BREAST' 'NSCLC' 'RENAL' 'UNKNOWN' 'OVARIAN' 'MELANOMA' 'PROSTATE' 'OVARIAN' 'OVARIAN' 'OVARIAN' 'OVARIAN' 'PROSTATE' 'NSCLC' 'NSCLC' 'NSCLC' 'LEUKEMIA' 'K562B-repro' 'K562A-repro' 'LEUKEMIA' 'LEUKEMIA' 'LEUKEMIA' 'LEUKEMIA' 'COLON' 'COLON' 'COLON' 'COLON' 'COLON' 'COLON' 'MCF7A-repro' 'BREAST' 'MCF7D-repro' 'BREAST' 'NSCLC' 'NSCLC' 'NSCLC' 'MELANOMA' 'BREAST' 'BREAST' 'MELANOMA' 'MELANOMA' 'MELANOMA' 'MELANOMA' 'MELANOMA' 'MELANOMA' 'MELANOMA'

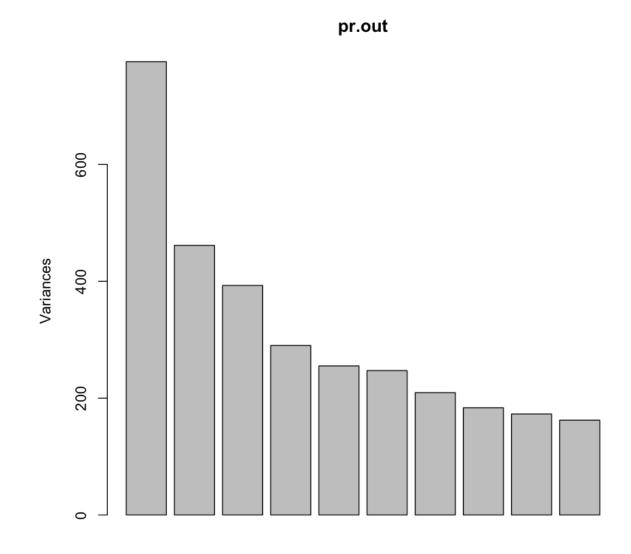


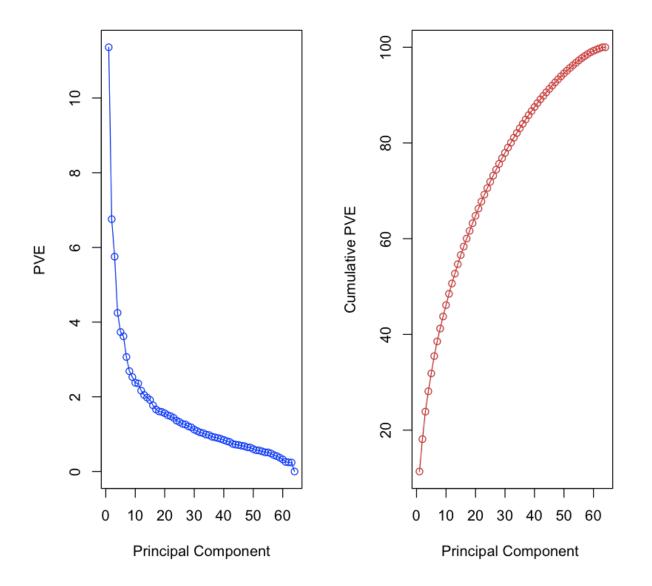
```
In [55]:
              summary(pr.out)
         Importance of components:
                                      PC1
                                               PC2
                                                         PC3
                                                                   PC4
                                                                            PC5
         PC6
                                  27.8535 21.48136 19.82046 17.03256 15.97181 15
         Standard deviation
          .72108
                                           0 06756
                                                              ል ልላጋላይ
         Dronartian of Variance
                                   A 1126
                                                     A A5752
                                                                        A A2725
```

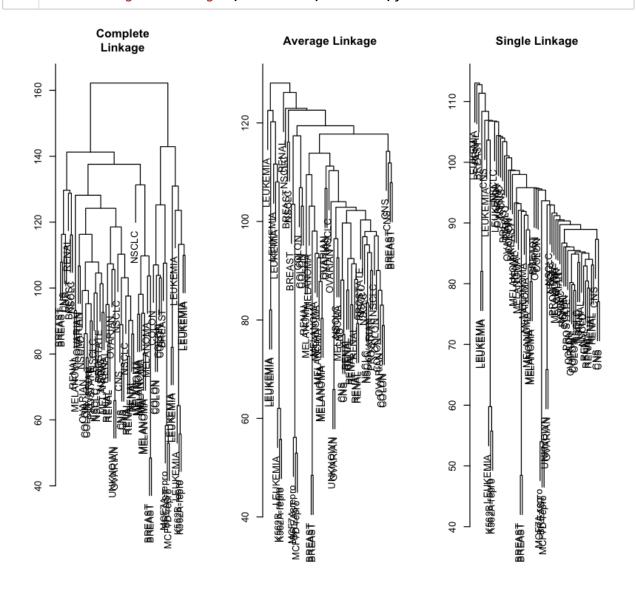
.03619	A: TT70	<b>0.007JU</b>	שנונטוט	<b>8.847</b> 40	ש נכוכטים	,
Cumulative Proportion .35468	0.1136	0.18115	0.23867	0.28115	0.31850 0	)
DC4.2	PC7	PC	B PC9	PC10	PC11	
PC12 Standard deviation 2.15769	14.47145	13.54427	7 13.14400	12.73860	12.68672 1	L
Proportion of Variance 0.02164	0.03066	0.02686	6 0.02529	0.02376	0.02357	
Cumulative Proportion 0.50646	0.38534	0.41220	0.43750	0.46126	0.48482	
PC18	PC13	PC14	4 PC15	PC16	PC17	
Standard deviation 0.48880	11.83019	11.62554	4 11.43779	11.00051	10.65666 1	L
Proportion of Variance 0.01611	0.02049	0.01979	9 0.01915	0.01772	0.01663	
Cumulative Proportion 0.61635	0.52695	0.54674	4 0.56590	0.58361	0.60024	
	PC19	PC20	PC21	PC22	PC23 F	)
C24 Standard deviation 766	10.43518	10.3219	10.14608	10.0544 9	.90265 9.64	1
Proportion of Variance 363	0.01594	0.0156	0.01507	0.0148 0	.01436 0.01	L
Cumulative Proportion 575	0.63229	0.6479	0.66296	0.6778 0	.69212 0.70	)
	PC25	PC26	PC27	PC28 P	C29 PC30	)
PC31 Standard deviation	0 50764	0 33253 (	2 27320 0	0000 8 08	117 8.75003	2
8.59962	3130704	J. JJ2JJ .	J127320 J1	0300 0130	117 0175005	,
Proportion of Variance 0.01083	0.01324	0.01275 (	0.01259 0.	0121 0.01	181 0.01121	Ĺ
Cumulative Proportion 0.79027	0.71899	0.73174 (	0.74433 0.	7564 0.76	824 0.77945	5
7 0000	PC32	PC33	PC34	PC35	PC36 PC3	3
7 PC38 Standard deviation 6 7.82127	8.44738	8.37305 8	3.21579 8.	15731 7.9	7465 7.9044	ļ
Proportion of Variance 5 0.00896	0.01045	0.01026 (	0.00988 0.	00974 0.0	0931 0.0091	L
Cumulative Proportion 7 0.85803	0.80072	0.81099 (	0.82087 0.	83061 0.8	3992 0.8490	)
	PC39	PC40	PC41	PC42 P	C43 PC44	
PC45 Standard deviation	7.72156	7.58603	7.45619 7.	3444 7.10	449 7.0131	
6.95839 Proportion of Variance 0.00709	0.00873	0.00843 (	0.00814 0.	0079 0.00	739 0.0072	
2 2 2 2						

Cumulative Proportion 0.866/6 0.8/518 0.88332 0.8912 0.89861 0.9058 0.91290 PC46 PC47 PC48 PC49 PC50 PC51 PC52 Standard deviation 6.8663 6.80744 6.64763 6.61607 6.40793 6.21984 6.20326 Proportion of Variance 0.0069 0.00678 0.00647 0.00641 0.00601 0.00566 0.00563 Cumulative Proportion 0.9198 0.92659 0.93306 0.93947 0.94548 0.95114 0.95678 PC53 PC55 PC54 PC56 PC57 PC58 **PC59** Standard deviation 6.06706 5.91805 5.91233 5.73539 5.47261 5.2921 5.02117 Proportion of Variance 0.00539 0.00513 0.00512 0.00482 0.00438 0.0041 0.00369 Cumulative Proportion 0.96216 0.96729 0.97241 0.97723 0.98161 0.9857 0.98940 PC60 PC61 PC62 PC63 **PC64** Standard deviation 4.68398 4.17567 4.08212 4.04124 1.237e-14 Proportion of Variance 0.00321 0.00255 0.00244 0.00239 0.000e+00 Cumulative Proportion 0.99262 0.99517 0.99761 1.00000 1.000e+00

In [56]: 1 plot(pr.out)







In [60]:

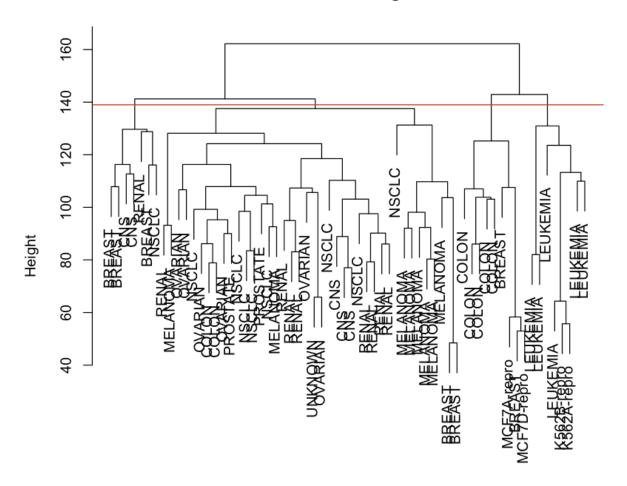
hc.out=hclust(dist(sd.data))
hc.clusters=cutree(hc.out,4)
table(hc.clusters,nci.labs)

nci.labs hc.clusters BREAST CNS COLON K562A-repro K562B-repro LEUKEMIA MCF7A-r epro 

nci.labs

hc.clusters MCF7D-repro MELANOMA NSCLC OVARIAN PROSTATE RENAL UNKNOWN 

#### **Cluster Dendrogram**



dist(sd.data) hclust (\*, "complete")

```
In [62]: 1 hc.out
```

Call:

hclust(d = dist(sd.data))

Cluster method : complete
Distance : euclidean

Number of objects: 64

> hc.clusters km.clusters 1 2 1 11 0 0 2 9 0 0 0 8 0 4 20 7 0

#### In [66]:

- hc.out=hclust(dist(pr.out\$x[,1:5]))
  plot(hc.out, labels=nci.labs, main="Hier. Clust. on First
  Five Score Vectors ")
  table(cutree(hc.out,4), nci.labs)
  - nci.labs

BREAST CNS COLON K562A-repro K562B-repro LEUKEMIA MCF7A-repro MCF

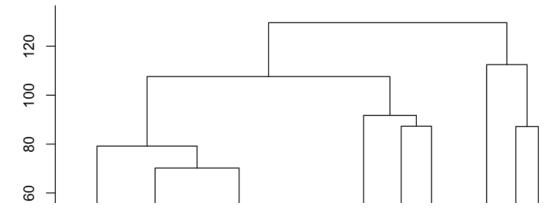
-	7D-repro							
	1	0	2	7	0	0	2	0
(	9							
	2	5	3	0	0	0	0	0
(	<b>0</b>	•	•	•	4	4	4	_
	3	0	0	0	1	1	4	0
,	ð 4	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
	<del>4</del> 1	2	V	V	V	U	U	1

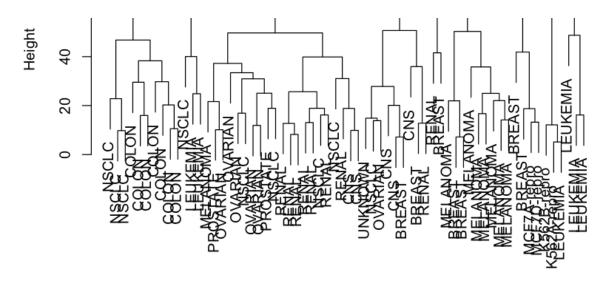
nci.labs

MELANOMA NSCLC OVARIAN PROSTATE RENAL UNKNOWN

1	1	8	5	2	7	0
2			1		2	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0

# Hier. Clust. on First Five Score Vectors





dist(pr.out\$x[, 1:5]) hclust (\*, "complete")

|--|