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EDA Credit Case study Overview

Risk analytics in banking and financial services and understand how data is used to minimise the risk of losing money while lending to customers

Two types of risks are associated with the bank's decision:

- If the applicant is likely to repay the loan, then not approving the loan result in a loss of business to the company
- If the applicant is not likely to repay the loan, i.e., he/she is likely to default, then approving the loan may lead to a financial loss for the company

Below information can be taken from loan application

1. The client with payment difficulties
2. All other cases

Four types of decisions that could be taken by client/company

1. Approved
2. Cancelled
3. Refused
4. Unused offer

Business Objectives

1. Identify the variable which are strong indicator of default
2. These variable will be utilized in portfolio and risk assessment

Understanding Data

1. **'application_data.csv'** contains all the information of the client at the time of application. The data is about whether a client has payment difficulties.
2. **'previous_application.csv'** contains information about the client's previous loan data. It contains the data whether the previous application had been Approved, Cancelled, Refused or Unused offer.
3. **'columns_description.csv'** is data dictionary which describes the meaning of the variables

Identification of variables and data types

In [1845]:

```
# Filtering out the warnings
import warnings
```

```
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

In [1846]:

```
# All library imports
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import plotly.express as px
```

In [1847]:

```
# Reading csv and assign to variable
# For simplicity, let's call dataframes as 'application_df' and 'prev_application_df'

application_df = pd.read_csv('application_data.csv')
prev_application_df = pd.read_csv('previous_application.csv')
```

In [1848]:

```
application_df.head()
```

Out[1848]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INC
0	100002	1	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	
1	100003	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0	
2	100004	0	Revolving loans	M	Y	Y	0	
3	100006	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	
4	100007	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	

5 rows × 122 columns

In [1849]:

```
prev_application_df.head()
```

Out[1849]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT	AM
0	2030495	271877	Consumer loans	1730.430	17145.0	17145.0	0.0	
1	2802425	108129	Cash loans	25188.615	607500.0	679671.0	NaN	
2	2523466	122040	Cash loans	15060.735	112500.0	136444.5	NaN	
3	2819243	176158	Cash loans	47041.335	450000.0	470790.0	NaN	
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395	337500.0	404055.0	NaN	

5 rows × 37 columns

In [1850]:

```
application_df.shape
```

Out[1850]:

(307511, 122)

In [1851]:

```
prev_application_df.shape
```

Out[1851]:

(1670214, 37)

In [1852]:

```
application_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 307511 entries, 0 to 307510
Columns: 122 entries, SK_ID_CURR to AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR
dtypes: float64(65), int64(41), object(16)
memory usage: 286.2+ MB
```

In [1853]:

```
prev_application_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1670214 entries, 0 to 1670213
Data columns (total 37 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---                                -
0   SK_ID_PREV                           1670214 non-null int64
1   SK_ID_CURR                           1670214 non-null int64
2   NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE                   1670214 non-null object
3   AMT_ANNUITY                          1297979 non-null float64
4   AMT_APPLICATION                      1670214 non-null float64
5   AMT_CREDIT                           1670213 non-null float64
6   AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT                     774370 non-null float64
7   AMT_GOODS_PRICE                      1284699 non-null float64
8   WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START           1670214 non-null object
9   HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START              1670214 non-null int64
10  FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT          1670214 non-null object
11  NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY               1670214 non-null int64
12  RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT                    774370 non-null float64
13  RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY                 5951 non-null float64
14  RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED              5951 non-null float64
15  NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE                1670214 non-null object
16  NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS                 1670214 non-null object
17  DAYS_DECISION                        1670214 non-null int64
18  NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE                    1670214 non-null object
19  CODE_REJECT_REASON                   1670214 non-null object
20  NAME_TYPE_SUITE                       849809 non-null object
21  NAME_CLIENT_TYPE                     1670214 non-null object
22  NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY                  1670214 non-null object
23  NAME_PORTFOLIO                       1670214 non-null object
24  NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE                    1670214 non-null object
25  CHANNEL_TYPE                         1670214 non-null object
26  SELLERPLACE_AREA                     1670214 non-null int64
27  NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY                 1670214 non-null object
28  CNT_PAYMENT                          1297984 non-null float64
29  NAME_YIELD_GROUP                     1670214 non-null object
30  PRODUCT_COMBINATION                  1669868 non-null object
31  DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING                   997149 non-null float64
32  DAYS_FIRST_DUE                       997149 non-null float64
33  DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION            997149 non-null float64
34  DAYS_LAST_DUE                        997149 non-null float64
35  DAYS_TERMINATION                     997149 non-null float64
36  NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL            997149 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(15), int64(6), object(16)
memory usage: 471.5+ MB
```

In [1854]:

```
# Numerical values
application_df.describe(include=[np.number])
```

Out[1854]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	REGI
count	307511.000000	307511.000000	307511.000000	3.075110e+05	3.075110e+05	307499.000000	3.072330e+05	

	mean	278180.518577	0.080729	0.417052	1.687979e+05	5.990260e+05	27108.573909	5.383962e+05	REGI
	std	102790.175348	0.272419	0.722121	2.371231e+05	4.024908e+05	14493.737315	3.694465e+05	
	min	100002.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2.565000e+04	4.500000e+04	1615.500000	4.050000e+04	
	25%	189145.500000	0.000000	0.000000	1.125000e+05	2.700000e+05	16524.000000	2.385000e+05	
	50%	278202.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.471500e+05	5.135310e+05	24903.000000	4.500000e+05	
	75%	367142.500000	0.000000	1.000000	2.025000e+05	8.086500e+05	34596.000000	6.795000e+05	
	max	456255.000000	1.000000	19.000000	1.170000e+08	4.050000e+06	258025.500000	4.050000e+06	

8 rows × 106 columns

In [1855]:

```
# Numerical and categorical values
application_df.describe(include='all')
```

Out[1855]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDRE
count	307511.000000	307511.000000	307511	307511	307511	307511	307511.0000
unique	NaN	NaN	2	3	2	2	NaN
top	NaN	NaN	Cash loans	F	N	Y	NaN
freq	NaN	NaN	278232	202448	202924	213312	NaN
mean	278180.518577	0.080729	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.4170
std	102790.175348	0.272419	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.7221
min	100002.000000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.0000
25%	189145.500000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.0000
50%	278202.000000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.0000
75%	367142.500000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	1.0000
max	456255.000000	1.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	19.0000

11 rows × 122 columns

In [1856]:

```
# Numerical values
prev_application_df.describe(include=[np.number])
```

Out[1856]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	HOUSING
count	1.670214e+06	1.670214e+06	1.297979e+06	1.670214e+06	1.670213e+06	7.743700e+05	1.284699e+06	
mean	1.923089e+06	2.783572e+05	1.595512e+04	1.752339e+05	1.961140e+05	6.697402e+03	2.278473e+05	
std	5.325980e+05	1.028148e+05	1.478214e+04	2.927798e+05	3.185746e+05	2.092150e+04	3.153966e+05	
min	1.000001e+06	1.000010e+05	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	-9.000000e-01	0.000000e+00	
25%	1.461857e+06	1.893290e+05	6.321780e+03	1.872000e+04	2.416050e+04	0.000000e+00	5.084100e+04	
50%	1.923110e+06	2.787145e+05	1.125000e+04	7.104600e+04	8.054100e+04	1.638000e+03	1.123200e+05	
75%	2.384280e+06	3.675140e+05	2.065842e+04	1.803600e+05	2.164185e+05	7.740000e+03	2.340000e+05	
max	2.845382e+06	4.562550e+05	4.180581e+05	6.905160e+06	6.905160e+06	3.060045e+06	6.905160e+06	

8 rows × 21 columns

In [1857]:

```
# Numerical and Categorical values
prev_application_df.describe(include='all')
```

Out[1857]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT
count	1.670214e+06	1.670214e+06	1670214	1.297979e+06	1.670214e+06	1.670213e+06	7.743700e+0
unique	NaN	NaN	4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
top	NaN	NaN	Cash loans	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
freq	NaN	NaN	747553	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
mean	1.923089e+06	2.783572e+05	NaN	1.595512e+04	1.752339e+05	1.961140e+05	6.697402e+0
std	5.325980e+05	1.028148e+05	NaN	1.478214e+04	2.927798e+05	3.185746e+05	2.092150e+0
min	1.000001e+06	1.000010e+05	NaN	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00	-9.000000e-0
25%	1.461857e+06	1.893290e+05	NaN	6.321780e+03	1.872000e+04	2.416050e+04	0.000000e+0
50%	1.923110e+06	2.787145e+05	NaN	1.125000e+04	7.104600e+04	8.054100e+04	1.638000e+0
75%	2.384280e+06	3.675140e+05	NaN	2.065842e+04	1.803600e+05	2.164185e+05	7.740000e+0
max	2.845382e+06	4.562550e+05	NaN	4.180581e+05	6.905160e+06	6.905160e+06	3.060045e+0

11 rows × 37 columns

In [1858]:

```
application_df.dtypes
```

Out[1858]:

```
SK_ID_CURR          int64
TARGET              int64
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  object
CODE_GENDER         object
FLAG_OWN_CAR        object
...
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY  float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON  float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT  float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR float64
Length: 122, dtype: object
```

In [1859]:

```
# since we are unable to see all columns
for column in application_df:
    print(column, '\t', application_df[column].dtypes)
```

```
SK_ID_CURR    int64
TARGET        int64
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  object
CODE_GENDER    object
FLAG_OWN_CAR   object
FLAG_OWN_REALTY object
CNT_CHILDREN   int64
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL float64
AMT_CREDIT     float64
AMT_ANNUITY    float64
AMT_GOODS_PRICE float64
NAME_TYPE_SUITE object
NAME_INCOME_TYPE object
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE object
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS object
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE object
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE float64
DAYS_BIRTH     int64
DAYS_EMPLOYED  int64
DAYS_REGISTRATION float64
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH int64
OWN_CAR_AGE    float64
FLAG_MOBIL     int64
FLAG_EMP_PHONE int64
FLAG_WORK_PHONE int64
```

```
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE    int64
FLAG_PHONE          int64
FLAG_EMAIL          int64
OCCUPATION_TYPE     object
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS     float64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT int64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY int64
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START object
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START int64
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION int64
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION int64
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION int64
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY int64
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY int64
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY int64
ORGANIZATION_TYPE  object
EXT_SOURCE_1       float64
EXT_SOURCE_2       float64
EXT_SOURCE_3       float64
APARTMENTS_AVG     float64
BASEMENTAREA_AVG   float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG float64
YEARS_BUILD_AVG    float64
COMMONAREA_AVG     float64
ELEVATORS_AVG      float64
ENTRANCES_AVG      float64
FLOORSMAX_AVG      float64
FLOORSMIN_AVG      float64
LANDAREA_AVG       float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG float64
LIVINGAREA_AVG     float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG float64
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG  float64
APARTMENTS_MODE    float64
BASEMENTAREA_MODE  float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE float64
YEARS_BUILD_MODE   float64
COMMONAREA_MODE    float64
ELEVATORS_MODE     float64
ENTRANCES_MODE     float64
FLOORSMAX_MODE     float64
FLOORSMIN_MODE     float64
LANDAREA_MODE      float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE float64
LIVINGAREA_MODE    float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE float64
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE float64
APARTMENTS_MEDI    float64
BASEMENTAREA_MEDI  float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI float64
YEARS_BUILD_MEDI   float64
COMMONAREA_MEDI    float64
ELEVATORS_MEDI     float64
ENTRANCES_MEDI     float64
FLOORSMAX_MEDI     float64
FLOORSMIN_MEDI     float64
LANDAREA_MEDI      float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI float64
LIVINGAREA_MEDI    float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI float64
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI float64
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE object
HOUSETYPE_MODE     object
TOTALAREA_MODE     float64
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE object
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE object
OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE float64
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE float64
OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE float64
DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE float64
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE float64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_2     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_3     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_4     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_6     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_7     int64
```

```

FLAG_DOCUMENT_8      int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9      int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_10     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_11     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_12     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_14     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_15     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_16     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_18     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_19     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_20     int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_21     int64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR    float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY    float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK    float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON    float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT    float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR    float64

```

In [1860]:

```

# since we are unable to see all columns
for column in prev_application_df:
    print(column, '\t', prev_application_df[column].dtypes)

```

```

SK_ID_PREV      int64
SK_ID_CURR      int64
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE    object
AMT_ANNUITY      float64
AMT_APPLICATION    float64
AMT_CREDIT      float64
AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT    float64
AMT_GOODS_PRICE    float64
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START    object
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START    int64
FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT    object
NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY    int64
RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT    float64
RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY    float64
RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED    float64
NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE    object
NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS    object
DAYS_DECISION      int64
NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE    object
CODE_REJECT_REASON    object
NAME_TYPE_SUITE    object
NAME_CLIENT_TYPE    object
NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY    object
NAME_PORTFOLIO      object
NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE    object
CHANNEL_TYPE      object
SELLERPLACE_AREA    int64
NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY    object
CNT_PAYMENT      float64
NAME_YIELD_GROUP    object
PRODUCT_COMBINATION    object
DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING    float64
DAYS_FIRST_DUE      float64
DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION    float64
DAYS_LAST_DUE      float64
DAYS_TERMINATION    float64
NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL    float64

```

Fixing the rows and columns

From the observation, **application_df** has 124 columns, of which there are many irrelevant columns that may not be required for analysis and are off the objective of the analysis. In this section we will remove such columns first and then we will remove the rows which are insufficient for analysis

Example: EXT_SOURCE_1, EXT_SOURCE_2, EXT_SOURCE_3 and so on

In [1861]:

```
# marking irrelevant columns (mostly 0 or no information) and removing it
irrelevant_columns = [i for i in range(41,122,1)]
application_df.drop(application_df.columns[irrelevant_columns], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

In [1862]:

```
# verification
print(application_df.shape)
application_df.head()
```

(307511, 41)

Out[1862]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INC
0	100002	1	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	
1	100003	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0	
2	100004	0	Revolving loans	M	Y	Y	0	
3	100006	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	
4	100007	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	

5 rows × 41 columns

In [1863]:

```
prev_application_df.head()
```

Out[1863]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT	AM
0	2030495	271877	Consumer loans	1730.430	17145.0	17145.0	0.0	
1	2802425	108129	Cash loans	25188.615	607500.0	679671.0	NaN	
2	2523466	122040	Cash loans	15060.735	112500.0	136444.5	NaN	
3	2819243	176158	Cash loans	47041.335	450000.0	470790.0	NaN	
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395	337500.0	404055.0	NaN	

5 rows × 37 columns

In [1864]:

```
application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'] = application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].apply(lambda x: round(x, 2))
```

In [1865]:

```
application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE']
```

Out[1865]:

```
0          351000.0
1         1129500.0
2         135000.0
3         297000.0
4         513000.0
...
307506      225000.0
307507      225000.0
307508      585000.0
307509      319500.0
307510      675000.0
Name: AMT_GOODS_PRICE, Length: 307511, dtype: float64
```


Missing value treatment

In [1866]:

```
# finding null values through out the dataframe
application_df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[1866]:

```
SK_ID_CURR      0
TARGET          0
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  0
CODE_GENDER     0
FLAG_OWN_CAR    0
FLAG_OWN_REALTY  0
CNT_CHILDREN    0
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL  0
AMT_CREDIT      0
AMT_ANNUITY     12
AMT_GOODS_PRICE 278
NAME_TYPE_SUITE 1292
NAME_INCOME_TYPE  0
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE  0
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS  0
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE  0
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE  0
DAYS_BIRTH      0
DAYS_EMPLOYED   0
DAYS_REGISTRATION  0
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH  0
OWN_CAR_AGE     202929
FLAG_MOBIL      0
FLAG_EMP_PHONE  0
FLAG_WORK_PHONE  0
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE  0
FLAG_PHONE      0
FLAG_EMAIL      0
OCCUPATION_TYPE 96391
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS  2
REGION_RATING_CLIENT  0
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY  0
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START  0
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START  0
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION  0
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION  0
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION  0
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY  0
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY  0
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY  0
ORGANIZATION_TYPE  0
dtype: int64
```

In [1867]:

```
application_df.shape
```

Out[1867]:

```
(307511, 41)
```

In [1868]:

```
# from the above 2 cells, we can see that column 'OCCUPATION_TYPE' and 'OWN_CAR_AGE' contains
#significantly amount of null value

# let's inspect 'OWN_CAR_AGE': Age of client's car
application_df['OWN_CAR_AGE'].isna().sum()
```

Out[1868]:

```
202929
```

In [1869]:

```
# seems like nan is for the clients who never own car, we may create new column 'HAS_OWN_CAR', as it will be
# useful to derive more insights
application_df['HAS_OWN_CAR'] = np.where(application_df['OWN_CAR_AGE'].isnull(), False, True)
```

In [1870]:

```
# verification
application_df[application_df['HAS_OWN_CAR']==False]
```

Out[1870]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AM
0	100002	1	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	
1	100003	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0	
3	100006	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	
4	100007	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	
5	100008	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	0	
...
307506	456251	0	Cash loans	M	N	N	0	
307507	456252	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	
307508	456253	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	
307509	456254	1	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	
307510	456255	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0	

202929 rows × 42 columns

In [1871]:

```
# let's inspect 'OCCUPATION_TYPE'
application_df['OCCUPATION_TYPE'].isna().sum()
```

Out[1871]:

96391

In [1872]:

```
application_df['OCCUPATION_TYPE'].unique()
```

Out[1872]:

```
array(['Laborers', 'Core staff', 'Accountants', 'Managers', nan,
      'Drivers', 'Sales staff', 'Cleaning staff', 'Cooking staff',
      'Private service staff', 'Medicine staff', 'Security staff',
      'High skill tech staff', 'Waiters/barmen staff',
      'Low-skill Laborers', 'Realty agents', 'Secretaries', 'IT staff',
      'HR staff'], dtype=object)
```

In [1873]:

```
# from the above observation, null values are significantly high,
# seems like the client refrain to tell information, low chances of human error
# let's call all those null values as 'Others'
application_df['OCCUPATION_TYPE'].fillna('Others', inplace=True)
```

In [1874]:

```
# verification
application_df['OCCUPATION_TYPE'].isna().sum()
```

Out[1874]:

0

In [1875]:

```
application_df['OCCUPATION_TYPE'].unique()
```

Out[1875]:

```
array(['Laborers', 'Core staff', 'Accountants', 'Managers', 'Others',  
      'Drivers', 'Sales staff', 'Cleaning staff', 'Cooking staff',  
      'Private service staff', 'Medicine staff', 'Security staff',  
      'High skill tech staff', 'Waiters/barmen staff',  
      'Low-skill Laborers', 'Realty agents', 'Secretaries', 'IT staff',  
      'HR staff'], dtype=object)
```

In [1876]:

```
# let's inspect column 'NAME_TYPE_SUITE': Who was accompanying client when he was applying for the loan  
application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].unique()
```

Out[1876]:

```
array(['Unaccompanied', 'Family', 'Spouse, partner', 'Children',  
      'Other_A', nan, 'Other_B', 'Group of people'], dtype=object)
```

In [1877]:

```
application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].isna().sum()
```

Out[1877]:

1292

In [1878]:

```
# value is insignificantly low; let's see what are the most used values because its a categorical variable  
application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].value_counts()
```

Out[1878]:

```
Unaccompanied    248526  
Family            40149  
Spouse, partner   11370  
Children          3267  
Other_B           1770  
Other_A           866  
Group of people    271  
Name: NAME_TYPE_SUITE, dtype: int64
```

In [1879]:

```
# most of the applications has 'NAME_TYPE_SUITE' as 'Unaccompanied', so let's fill it with 'Unaccompanied'  
application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].fillna('Unaccompanied', inplace=True)
```

In [1880]:

```
# verification  
application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].unique()
```

Out[1880]:

```
array(['Unaccompanied', 'Family', 'Spouse, partner', 'Children',  
      'Other_A', 'Other_B', 'Group of people'], dtype=object)
```

In [1881]:

```
In [1881]:
```

```
application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].isna().sum()
```

```
Out[1881]:
```

```
0
```

```
In [1882]:
```

```
# let inspect Column 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE': For consumer loans it is the price of the goods for which the loan is given
```

```
application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].isna().sum()
```

```
Out[1882]:
```

```
278
```

```
In [1883]:
```

```
application_df[application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].isna() & application_df['TARGET']==1]
```

```
Out[1883]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AM
	7880	109190	1	Revolving loans	F	N	N	0
	41099	147593	1	Revolving loans	F	N	N	0
	50540	158525	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	56002	164897	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	69461	180561	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	1
	78786	191335	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	2
	86000	199789	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	86005	199794	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	124770	244697	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	1
	152898	277210	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	153801	278254	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	186634	316367	1	Revolving loans	M	N	Y	1
	190113	320433	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	1
	210718	344187	1	Revolving loans	F	N	N	1
	214803	348904	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	2
	226725	362616	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	229877	366256	1	Revolving loans	M	N	Y	0
	249616	388813	1	Revolving loans	F	N	N	0
	253126	392897	1	Revolving loans	M	N	Y	1
	260704	401702	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0
	270616	413674	1	Revolving loans	F	N	Y	0

21 rows × 42 columns

```
In [1884]:
```

```
# only 21 clients are having difficulty in paying loans and all of the loans are revolving loans  
# that is why there no value for AMT_GOODS_PRICE
```

```
In [1885]:
```

```
# let's inspect AMT_ANNUITY  
application_df[application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'].isnull()]
```

```
Out[1885]:
```

Out[1885]:

SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AM
47531	155054	0	Cash loans	M	N	N	0
50035	157917	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0
51594	159744	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0
55025	163757	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0
59934	169487	0	Cash loans	M	Y	N	0
75873	187985	0	Cash loans	M	Y	N	0
89343	203726	0	Cash loans	F	Y	N	0
123872	243648	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0
207186	340147	0	Cash loans	M	N	N	0
227939	364022	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0
239329	377174	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0
241835	379997	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	0

12 rows × 42 columns

In [1886]:

```
#since only insignificant amount of null values, so dropping off those
application_df = application_df[~application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'].isnull()]
```

In [1887]:

```
# verification
application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'].isnull().sum()
```

Out[1887]:

0

In [1888]:

```
# inspecting prev_application_df
prev_application_df.shape
```

Out[1888]:

(1670214, 37)

In [1889]:

```
prev_application_df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[1889]:

SK_ID_PREV	0
SK_ID_CURR	0
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	0
AMT_ANNUITY	372235
AMT_APPLICATION	0
AMT_CREDIT	1
AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT	895844
AMT_GOODS_PRICE	385515
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START	0
HOURLY_APPR_PROCESS_START	0
FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT	0
NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY	0
RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT	895844
RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY	1664263
RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED	1664263
NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE	0
NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS	0
DAYS_DECISION	0

```
NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE          0
CODE_REJECT_REASON         0
NAME_TYPE_SUITE             820405
NAME_CLIENT_TYPE           0
NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY        0
NAME_PORTFOLIO             0
NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE          0
CHANNEL_TYPE               0
SELLERPLACE_AREA           0
NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY       0
CNT_PAYMENT                372230
NAME_YIELD_GROUP           0
PRODUCT_COMBINATION        346
DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING         673065
DAYS_FIRST_DUE             673065
DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION  673065
DAYS_LAST_DUE              673065
DAYS_TERMINATION           673065
NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL  673065
dtype: int64
```

In [1890]:

```
# value is insignificantly low; let's see what are the most used values because its a categorical variable
prev_application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].value_counts()
```

Out[1890]:

```
Unaccompanied    508970
Family            213263
Spouse, partner   67069
Children          31566
Other_B           17624
Other_A           9077
Group of people   2240
Name: NAME_TYPE_SUITE, dtype: int64
```

In [1891]:

```
# most of the applications has 'NAME_TYPE_SUITE' as 'Unaccompanied', so let's fill it with 'Unaccompanied'
prev_application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].fillna('Unaccompanied', inplace=True)
```

In [1892]:

```
# verification
prev_application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].unique()
```

Out[1892]:

```
array(['Unaccompanied', 'Spouse, partner', 'Family', 'Children',
       'Other_B', 'Other_A', 'Group of people'], dtype=object)
```

In [1893]:

```
prev_application_df['NAME_TYPE_SUITE'].isnull().sum()
```

Out[1893]:

```
0
```

In [1894]:

```
# since most of the data missing from columns RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY and RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED,
# hence dropping those columns
prev_application_df.drop(columns=['RATE_INTEREST_PRIMARY', 'RATE_INTEREST_PRIVILEGED'], inplace=True)
```

In [1895]:

```
prev_application_df.head()
```

Out[1895]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT	AM
0	2030495	271877	Consumer loans	1730.430	17145.0	17145.0	0.0	
1	2802425	108129	Cash loans	25188.615	607500.0	679671.0	NaN	
2	2523466	122040	Cash loans	15060.735	112500.0	136444.5	NaN	
3	2819243	176158	Cash loans	47041.335	450000.0	470790.0	NaN	
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395	337500.0	404055.0	NaN	

5 rows × 35 columns

In [1896]:

```
# since most of the data missing from columns
#DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING
#DAYS_FIRST_DUE
#DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION
#DAYS_LAST_DUE
#DAYS_TERMINATION
#NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL
# hence dropping these columns

prev_application_df.drop(columns =
['DAYS_FIRST_DRAWING', 'DAYS_FIRST_DUE', 'DAYS_LAST_DUE_1ST_VERSION',
'DAYS_LAST_DUE', 'DAYS_TERMINATION', 'NFLAG_INSURED_ON_APPROVAL'],
inplace = True)
```

In [1897]:

```
prev_application_df.head()
```

Out[1897]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT	AM
0	2030495	271877	Consumer loans	1730.430	17145.0	17145.0	0.0	
1	2802425	108129	Cash loans	25188.615	607500.0	679671.0	NaN	
2	2523466	122040	Cash loans	15060.735	112500.0	136444.5	NaN	
3	2819243	176158	Cash loans	47041.335	450000.0	470790.0	NaN	
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395	337500.0	404055.0	NaN	

5 rows × 29 columns

In [1898]:

```
# AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT and RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT are missing significantly and cannot be assume some value
# hence dropping those columns
prev_application_df.drop(columns = ['AMT_DOWN_PAYMENT', 'RATE_DOWN_PAYMENT'],
inplace = True)
```

In [1899]:

```
prev_application_df.head()
```

Out[1899]:

	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	WEEK
0	2030495	271877	Consumer loans	1730.430	17145.0	17145.0	17145.0	

1	SK_ID_PREV	SK_ID_CURR	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_APPLICATION	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	WEEK
2	2523466	122040	Cash loans	15060.735	112500.0	136444.5	112500.0	
3	2819243	176158	Cash loans	47041.335	450000.0	470790.0	450000.0	
4	1784265	202054	Cash loans	31924.395	337500.0	404055.0	337500.0	

5 rows × 27 columns

In [1900]:

```
prev_application_df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[1900]:

```
SK_ID_PREV                0
SK_ID_CURR                0
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE        0
AMT_ANNUITY              372235
AMT_APPLICATION            0
AMT_CREDIT                1
AMT_GOODS_PRICE          385515
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START 0
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START    0
FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT 0
NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY     0
NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE      0
NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS        0
DAYS_DECISION              0
NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE           0
CODE_REJECT_REASON          0
NAME_TYPE_SUITE             0
NAME_CLIENT_TYPE            0
NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY         0
NAME_PORTFOLIO              0
NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE           0
CHANNEL_TYPE                0
SELLERPLACE_AREA           0
NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY        0
CNT_PAYMENT               372230
NAME_YIELD_GROUP            0
PRODUCT_COMBINATION        346
dtype: int64
```

In [1901]:

```
prev_application_df.shape
```

Out[1901]:

```
(1670214, 27)
```

In [1902]:

```
# Columns AMT_ANNUITY, AMT_GOODS_PRICE, CNT_PAYMENT are almost 20% null
# removing those rows

prev_application_df = prev_application_df[~prev_application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'].isnull()]
prev_application_df = prev_application_df[~prev_application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].isnull()]
prev_application_df = prev_application_df[~prev_application_df['CNT_PAYMENT'].isnull()]
```

In [1903]:

```
# verification
prev_application_df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[1903]:

```
SK_ID_PREV                0
SK_ID_CURR                0
dtype: int64
```



```
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE      0
AMT_ANNUITY              0
AMT_APPLICATION          0
AMT_CREDIT               0
AMT_GOODS_PRICE          0
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START 0
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START  0
FLAG_LAST_APPL_PER_CONTRACT 0
NFLAG_LAST_APPL_IN_DAY   0
NAME_CASH_LOAN_PURPOSE    0
NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS      0
DAYS_DECISION             0
NAME_PAYMENT_TYPE         0
CODE_REJECT_REASON        0
NAME_TYPE_SUITE           0
NAME_CLIENT_TYPE          0
NAME_GOODS_CATEGORY       0
NAME_PORTFOLIO            0
NAME_PRODUCT_TYPE         0
CHANNEL_TYPE              0
SELLERPLACE_AREA          0
NAME_SELLER_INDUSTRY      0
CNT_PAYMENT               0
NAME_YIELD_GROUP          0
PRODUCT_COMBINATION       0
dtype: int64
```

In [1904]:

```
prev_application_df.shape
```

Out[1904]:

```
(1246320, 27)
```

In [1905]:

```
application_df.shape
```

Out[1905]:

```
(307499, 42)
```

Outlier treatment

Let's try to find outliers for below columns

from application_df

- AMT_INCOME_TOTAL
- AMT_CREDIT
- AMT_ANNUITY
- AMT_GOODS_PRICE

from prev_application_df

- AMT_ANNUITY
- AMT_CREDIT
- AMT_GOODS_PRICE

In [1906]:

```
# let's inspect column AMT_INCOME_TOTAL from application_df
application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL.describe().apply("{0:.2f}".format)
```

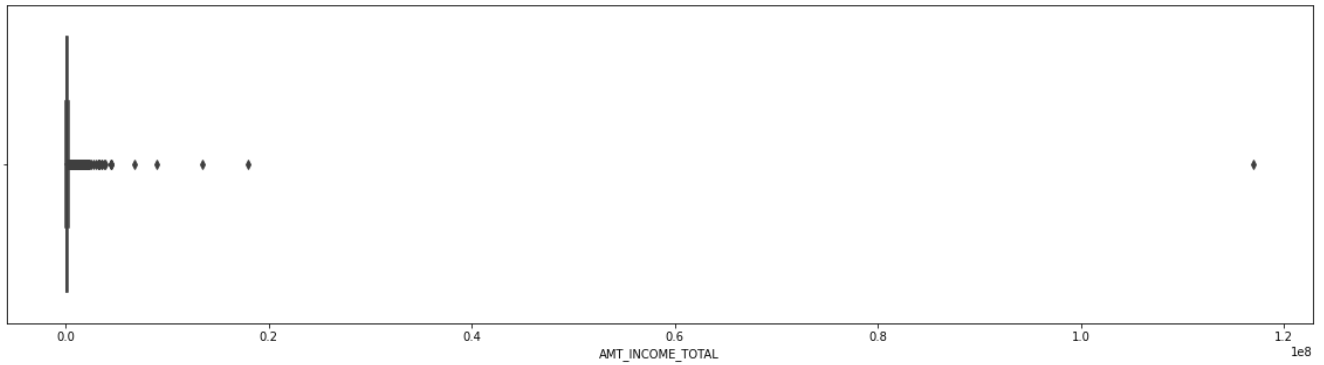
Out[1906]:

```
count    307499.00
mean      168797.23
std       237127.37
```

```
min          25650.00
25%          112500.00
50%          146997.00
75%          202500.00
max          117000000.00
Name: AMT_INCOME_TOTAL, dtype: object
```

In [1907]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[20,5])
sns.boxplot(application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL)
plt.show()
```



In [1908]:

```
application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL.quantile([0.05,0.10,0.5,0.7,0.85, 0.9,0.95, 0.99])
```

Out[1908]:

```
0.05      67500.0
0.10     81000.0
0.50    146997.0
0.70    180000.0
0.85    234000.0
0.90    270000.0
0.95    337500.0
0.99    472500.0
Name: AMT_INCOME_TOTAL, dtype: float64
```

In [1909]:

```
application_df[application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL>337500].describe()
```

Out[1909]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	REGIO
count	14035.000000	14035.000000	14035.000000	1.403500e+04	1.403500e+04	14035.000000	1.402900e+04	
mean	278022.099394	0.058140	0.477948	4.727078e+05	1.002075e+06	44962.611044	9.210827e+05	
std	102949.543339	0.234017	0.759432	1.024482e+06	5.366317e+05	22417.031995	5.052322e+05	
min	100010.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.375450e+05	4.500000e+04	3523.500000	4.500000e+04	
25%	189469.500000	0.000000	0.000000	3.600000e+05	5.925600e+05	30838.500000	4.995000e+05	
50%	277411.000000	0.000000	0.000000	4.050000e+05	9.000000e+05	42142.500000	9.000000e+05	
75%	368321.000000	0.000000	1.000000	4.500000e+05	1.306008e+06	54846.000000	1.179000e+06	
max	456240.000000	1.000000	5.000000	1.170000e+08	4.050000e+06	258025.500000	4.050000e+06	

8 rows x 29 columns

In [1910]:

```
application_df[(application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL>3375000.0) & (application_df.TARGET ==1)]
```

Out[1910]:

SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT
12840	114967	1	Cash loans	F	N	Y	1

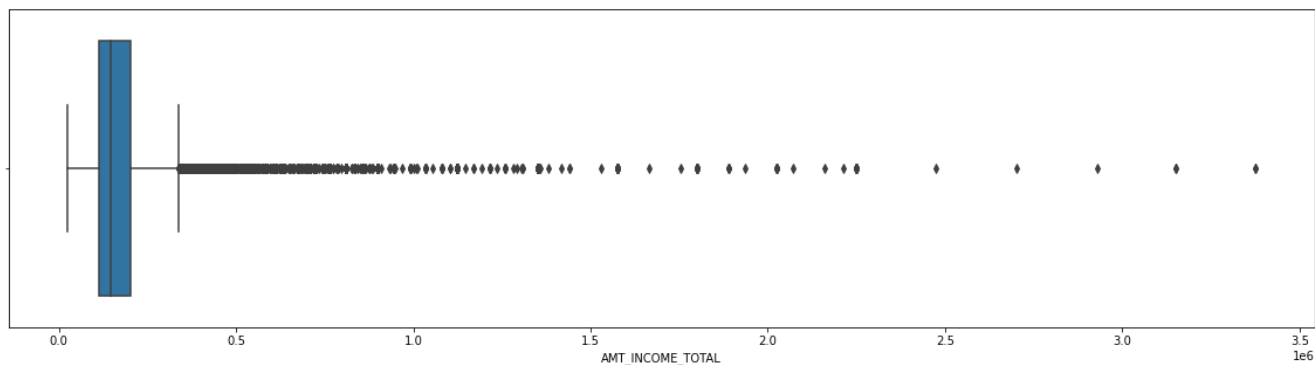
1 rows × 42 columns

In [1911]:

```
# from the above, we can remove clients above 95% as they are high earner and only one client is h
aving
# difficulty paying the Installment
application_df = application_df[~(application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL>3375000)]
```

In [1912]:

```
#verification
plt.figure(figsize=[20,5])
sns.boxplot(application_df.AMT_INCOME_TOTAL)
plt.show()
```



In [1913]:

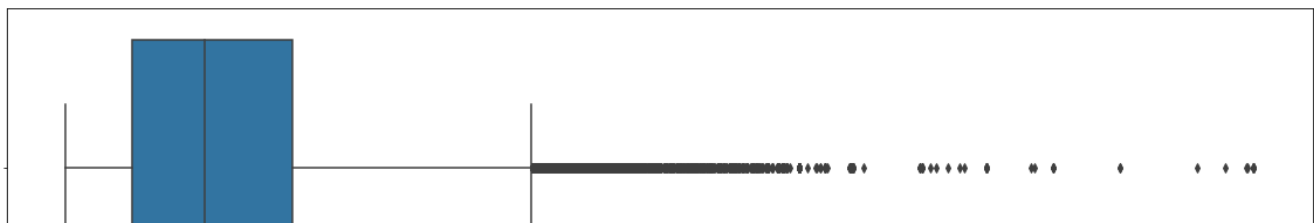
```
# let's inspect column AMT_CREDIT from application_df
application_df.AMT_CREDIT.describe().apply("{0:.2f}".format)
```

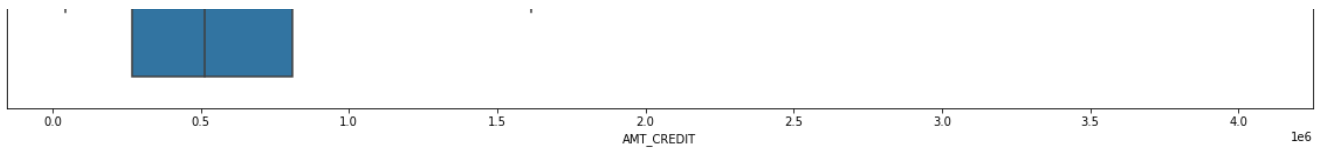
Out[1913]:

```
count      307486.00
mean       599006.65
std        402475.60
min         45000.00
25%        270000.00
50%        513531.00
75%        808650.00
max       4050000.00
Name: AMT_CREDIT, dtype: object
```

In [1914]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[20,5])
sns.boxplot(application_df.AMT_CREDIT)
plt.show()
```





In [1915]:

```
application_df.AMT_CREDIT.quantile([0.05,0.10,0.5,0.7,0.85, 0.9,0.95, 0.99])
```

Out[1915]:

```
0.05    135000.0
0.10    180000.0
0.50    513531.0
0.70    755190.0
0.85    1024740.0
0.90    1133748.0
0.95    1350000.0
0.99    1854000.0
Name: AMT_CREDIT, dtype: float64
```

In [1916]:

```
application_df[(application_df.AMT_CREDIT>1854000.0) & (application_df.TARGET ==1)]
```

Out[1916]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AM
	678	100784	1	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0
	5069	105925	1	Cash loans	F	Y	N	0
	8940	110403	1	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	0
	10149	111813	1	Cash loans	M	N	N	0
	11474	113359	1	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0

	295674	442560	1	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	3
	297164	444280	1	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	2
	299225	446646	1	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	1
	301841	449691	1	Cash loans	F	Y	Y	0
	305180	453583	1	Cash loans	M	Y	N	0

124 rows × 9 columns

In [1917]:

```
application_df[(application_df.AMT_CREDIT>1854000) & (application_df.TARGET ==0)]
```

Out[1917]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AM
	189	100219	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	1
	337	100389	0	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	0
	341	100393	0	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	2
	441	100508	0	Cash loans	F	Y	Y	0
	485	100559	0	Cash loans	F	Y	Y	0

	307055	455739	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0
	307095	455785	0	Cash loans	F	Y	Y	0
	307165	455868	0	Cash loans	F	Y	Y	0

307214	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT_CHILDREN	AM
307422	456155	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	0	

2950 rows x 42 columns

In [1918]:

```
# Although only 124 clients with extremely high credit, are having difficulty paying and 2950 have no issues .
# these are the credit amount, shouldn't be imputed
```

In [1919]:

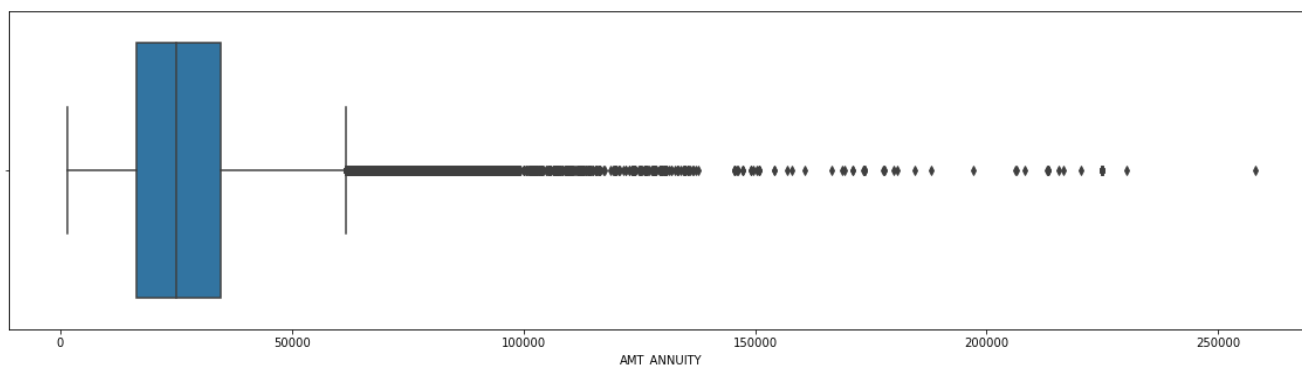
```
# let's inspect column AMT_ANNUITY from application_df
application_df.AMT_ANNUITY.describe().apply("{0:.2f}".format)
```

Out[1919]:

```
count      307486.00
mean       27106.19
std        14485.40
min         1615.50
25%        16524.00
50%        24903.00
75%        34596.00
max        258025.50
Name: AMT_ANNUITY, dtype: object
```

In [1920]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[20,5])
sns.boxplot(application_df.AMT_ANNUITY)
plt.show()
```



In [1921]:

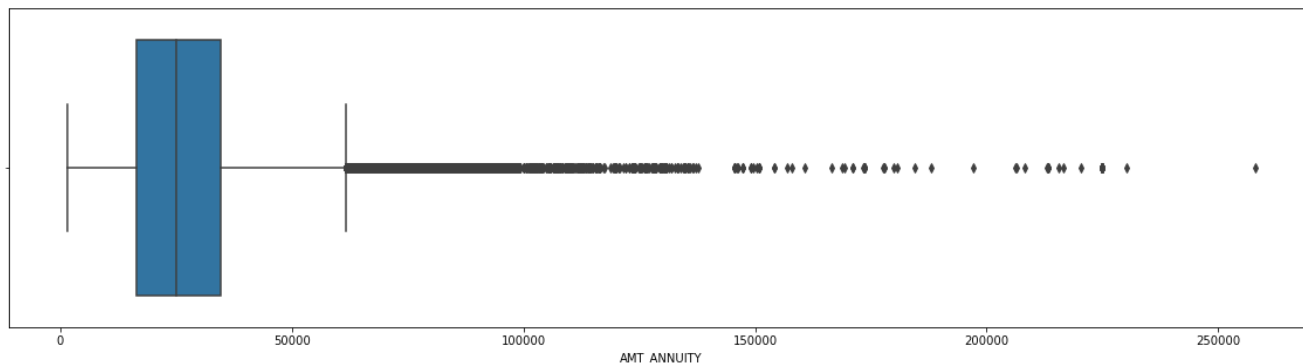
```
# let's inspect column AMT_GOODS_PRICE from application_df
application_df.AMT_GOODS_PRICE.describe().apply("{0:.2f}".format)
```

Out[1921]:

```
count      307208.00
mean       538376.64
std        369427.12
min         40500.00
25%        238500.00
50%        450000.00
75%        679500.00
max        4050000.00
Name: AMT_GOODS_PRICE, dtype: object
```

In [1922]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[20,5])
sns.boxplot(application_df.AMT_ANNUITY)
plt.show()
```



In [1923]:

```
# AMT_GOODS_PRICE and AMT_ANNUITY are the factor that may affect the credit with difficulties;
# further analysis will be done in multivariate analysis section
# hence keeping all the records even outliers at this point of time
```

Standardising values

In [1924]:

```
# Rounding off all the numerical values to 2 decimal and transforming FLAGS to Boolean type
```

In [1925]:

```
application_df['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL'] = application_df['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1926]:

```
application_df['AMT_CREDIT'] = application_df['AMT_CREDIT'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1927]:

```
application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'] = application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1928]:

```
application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'] = application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1929]:

```
prev_application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'] = prev_application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1930]:

```
prev_application_df['AMT_CREDIT'] = prev_application_df['AMT_CREDIT'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1931]:

```
prev_application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'] = prev_application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'].apply(lambda x:round(x,2))
```

In [1932]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].unique()
```

Out[1932]:

```
array(['N', 'Y'], dtype=object)
```

In [1933]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'] = application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].apply(lambda x : True if x=='Y' else False)
```

In [1934]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].unique()
```

Out[1934]:

```
array([False,  True])
```

In [1935]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].dtype
```

Out[1935]:

```
dtype('bool')
```

In [1936]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].unique()
```

Out[1936]:

```
array(['Y', 'N'], dtype=object)
```

In [1937]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY']=application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].apply(lambda x : True if x=='Y' else False)
```

In [1938]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].unique()
```

Out[1938]:

```
array([ True, False])
```

In [1939]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].dtype
```

Out[1939]:

```
dtype('bool')
```

In [1940]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].unique()
```

Out[1940]:

```
array([ True, False])
```

In [1941]:

```
application_df['AGE'] = application_df['DAYS_BIRTH'].apply(lambda x: round(abs(x/365)))
```

In [1942]:

```
application_df['AGE']
```

Out[1942]:

```
Out[1942]:
```

```
0      26
1      46
2      52
3      52
4      55
..
307506  26
307507  57
307508  41
307509  33
307510  46
Name: AGE, Length: 307486, dtype: int64
```

Categorical Unordered Univariate Analysis

Unordered variable in application_df

- TARGET
- CODE_GENDER
- FLAG_OWN_CAR
- FLAG_OWN_REALTY
- NAME_FAMILY_STATUS

```
In [1943]:
```

```
application_df['TARGET'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[1943]:
```

```
0      282662
1       24824
Name: TARGET, dtype: int64
```

```
In [1944]:
```

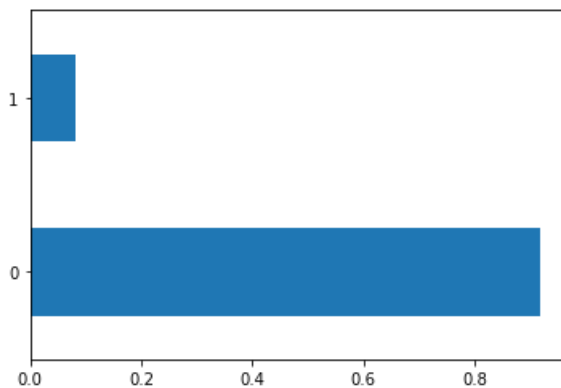
```
application_df['TARGET'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

```
Out[1944]:
```

```
0      0.919268
1      0.080732
Name: TARGET, dtype: float64
```

```
In [1945]:
```

```
application_df['TARGET'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.barh()
plt.show()
```



```
In [1946]:
```

```
application_df['CODE_GENDER'].value_counts()
```


Out[1946]:

```
F      202437
M      105045
XNA         4
Name: CODE_GENDER, dtype: int64
```

In [1947]:

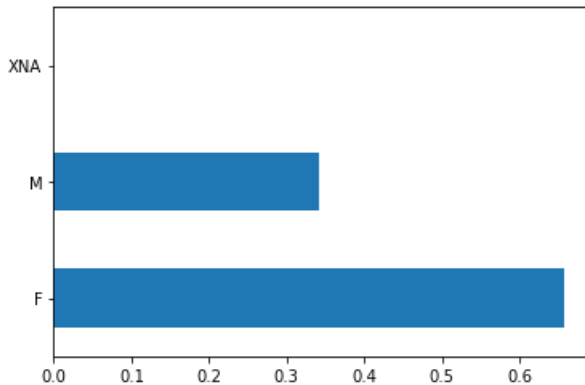
```
application_df['CODE_GENDER'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

Out[1947]:

```
F      0.658362
M      0.341625
XNA     0.000013
Name: CODE_GENDER, dtype: float64
```

In [1948]:

```
application_df['CODE_GENDER'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.barh()
plt.show()
```



In [1949]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].value_counts()
```

Out[1949]:

```
False    202912
True     104574
Name: FLAG_OWN_CAR, dtype: int64
```

In [1950]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

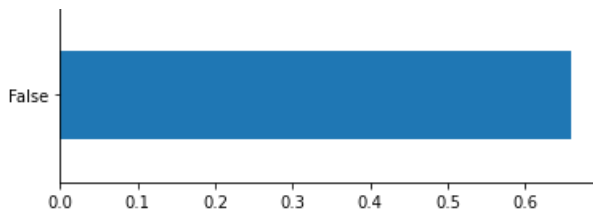
Out[1950]:

```
False    0.659906
True     0.340094
Name: FLAG_OWN_CAR, dtype: float64
```

In [1951]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_CAR'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.barh()
plt.show()
```





In [1952]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].value_counts()
```

Out[1952]:

```
True      213303
False     94183
Name: FLAG_OWN_REALTY, dtype: int64
```

In [1953]:

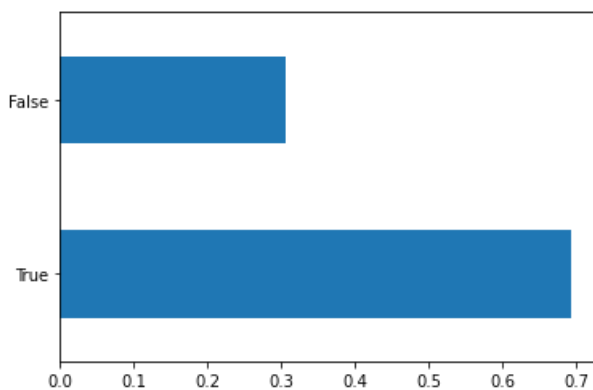
```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

Out[1953]:

```
True      0.6937
False     0.3063
Name: FLAG_OWN_REALTY, dtype: float64
```

In [1954]:

```
application_df['FLAG_OWN_REALTY'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.barh()
plt.show()
```



In [1955]:

```
application_df['NAME_FAMILY_STATUS'].value_counts()
```

Out[1955]:

```
Married          196417
Single / not married  45438
Civil marriage   29771
Separated        19770
Widow            16088
Unknown          2
Name: NAME_FAMILY_STATUS, dtype: int64
```

In [1956]:

```
application_df['NAME_FAMILY_STATUS'].value_counts(normalize=True)
```

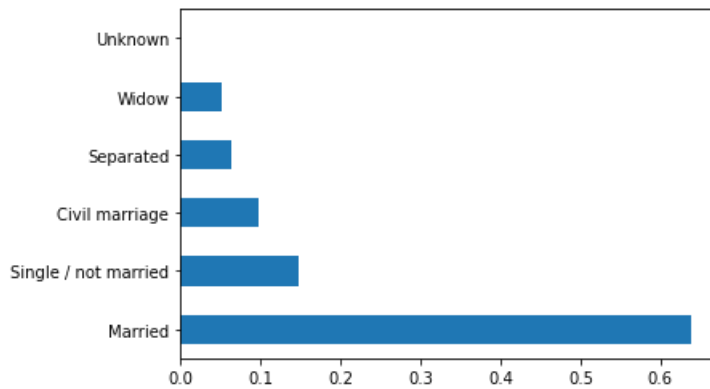
Out[1956]:

```
Married          0.638784
Single / not married  0.147773
```

```
Civil marriage      0.096821
Separated           0.064296
Widow               0.052321
Unknown             0.000007
Name: NAME_FAMILY_STATUS, dtype: float64
```

In [1957]:

```
application_df['NAME_FAMILY_STATUS'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.barh()
plt.show()
```



Categorical Ordered Univariate Analysis

Ordered variable in application_df

- NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE

In [1958]:

```
application_df['NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE'].value_counts()
```

Out[1958]:

```
Secondary / secondary special    218382
Higher education                 74849
Incomplete higher                10276
Lower secondary                  3815
Academic degree                  164
Name: NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE, dtype: int64
```

In [1959]:

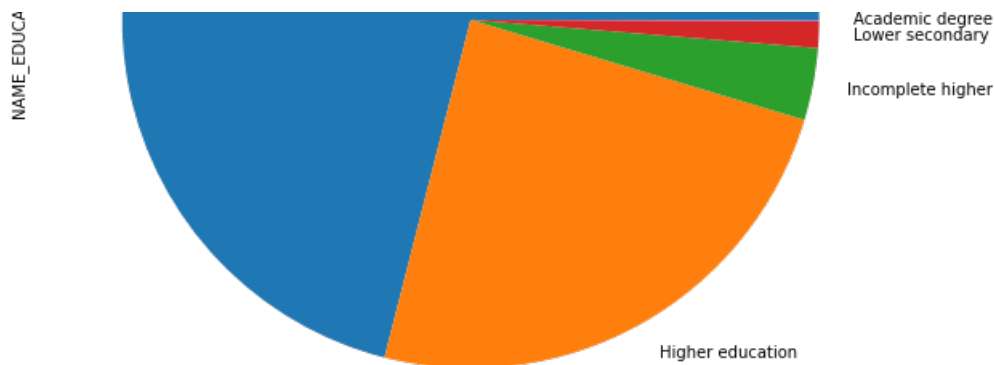
```
plt.figure(figsize=[10,10])
application_df['NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot.pie(title="Distribution by Education type")
plt.show()
```

Distribution by Education type

Secondary / secondary special

NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE





Numerical Bivariate and Multivariate Analysis

In [1960]:

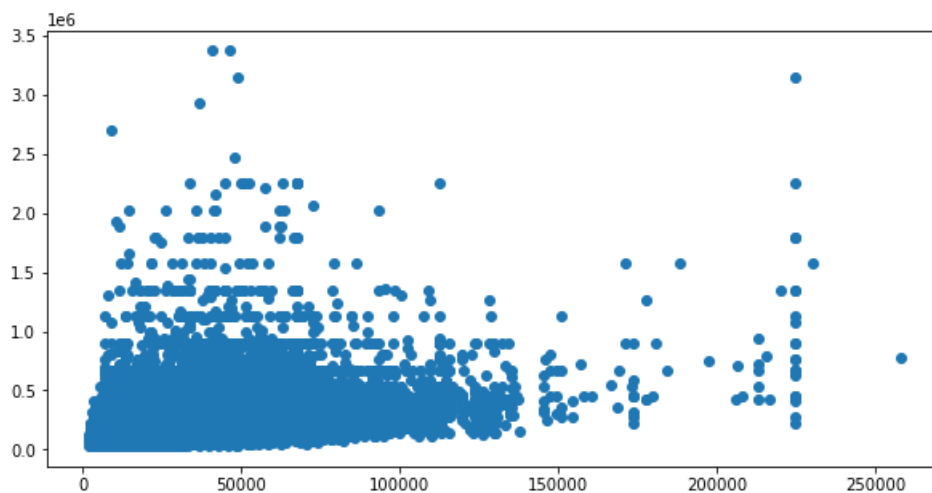
```
# AMT_INCOME_TOTAL      float64
# AMT_CREDIT             float64
# AMT_ANNUITY            float64
# AMT_GOODS_PRICE
application_df.dtypes
```

Out[1960]:

```
SK_ID_CURR      int64
TARGET          int64
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  object
CODE_GENDER      object
FLAG_OWN_CAR     bool
FLAG_OWN_REALTY  bool
CNT_CHILDREN     int64
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL float64
AMT_CREDIT       float64
AMT_ANNUITY      float64
AMT_GOODS_PRICE  float64
NAME_TYPE_SUITE  object
NAME_INCOME_TYPE object
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE object
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS object
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE object
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE float64
DAYS_BIRTH       int64
DAYS_EMPLOYED    int64
DAYS_REGISTRATION float64
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH  int64
OWN_CAR_AGE      float64
FLAG_MOBIL       int64
FLAG_EMP_PHONE   int64
FLAG_WORK_PHONE  int64
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE int64
FLAG_PHONE       int64
FLAG_EMAIL       int64
OCCUPATION_TYPE  object
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS  float64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT int64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY int64
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START object
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START int64
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION int64
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION int64
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION int64
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY int64
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY int64
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY int64
ORGANIZATION_TYPE object
HAS_OWN_CAR      bool
AGE              int64
dtype: object
```

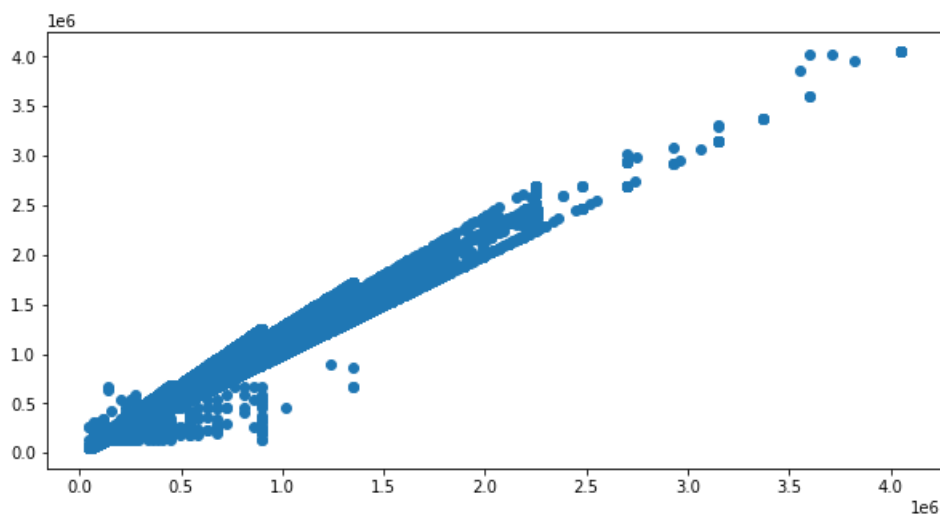
In [1961]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 5])
plt.scatter(application_df['AMT_ANNUITY'], application_df['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL'])
plt.show()
```



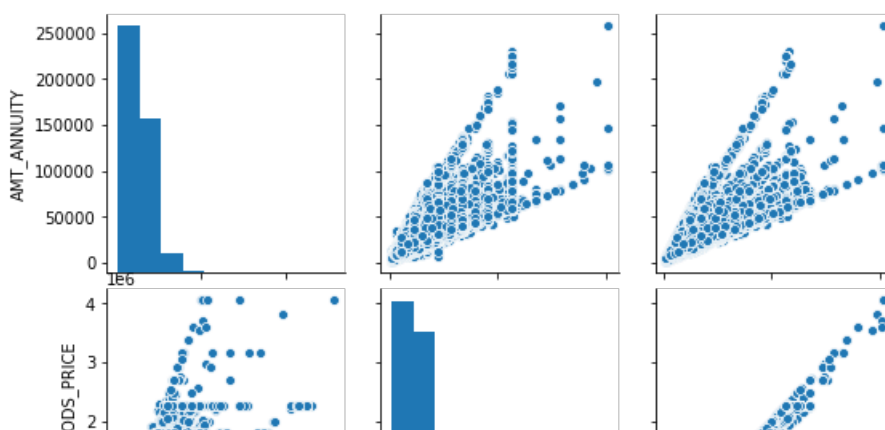
In [1962]:

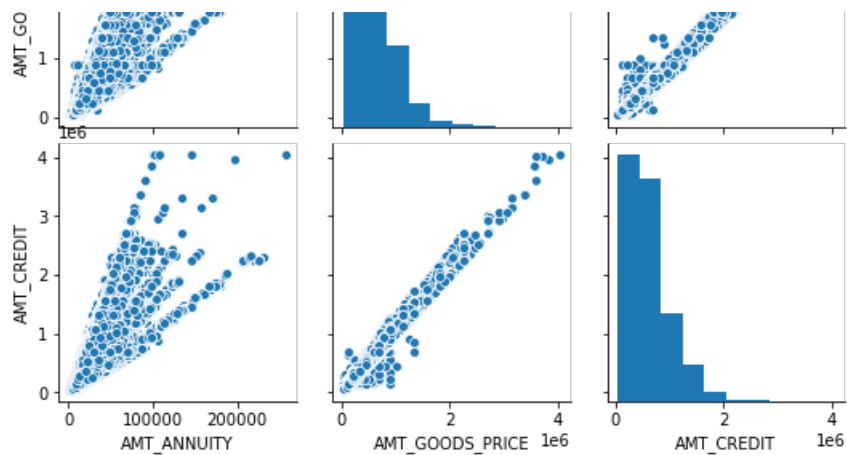
```
plt.figure(figsize=[10, 5])
plt.scatter(application_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'], application_df['AMT_CREDIT'])
plt.show()
```



In [1963]:

```
sns.pairplot(data=application_df, vars=['AMT_ANNUITY', 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE', 'AMT_CREDIT'])
plt.show()
```





Correlation Analysis

In [1964]:

```
application_df[['AMT_ANNUITY', 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE', 'AMT_CREDIT']].corr()
```

Out[1964]:

	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_GOODS_PRICE	AMT_CREDIT
AMT_ANNUITY	1.000000	0.775237	0.770295
AMT_GOODS_PRICE	0.775237	1.000000	0.986968
AMT_CREDIT	0.770295	0.986968	1.000000

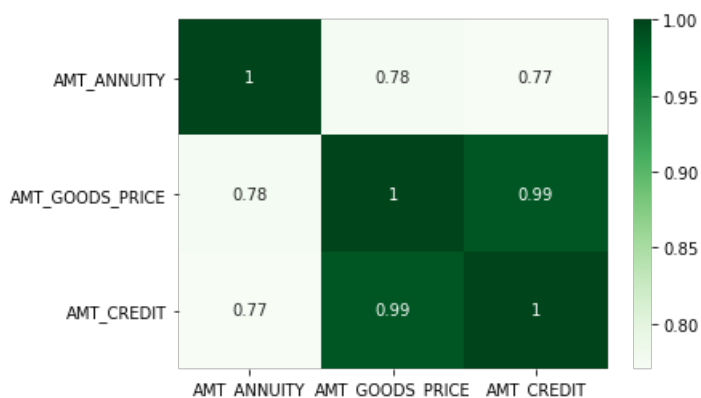
Correlation heatmap

In [1965]:

```
sns.heatmap(application_df[['AMT_ANNUITY', 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE', 'AMT_CREDIT']].corr(), annot=True, cmap='Greens')
```

Out[1965]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f99f1115190>

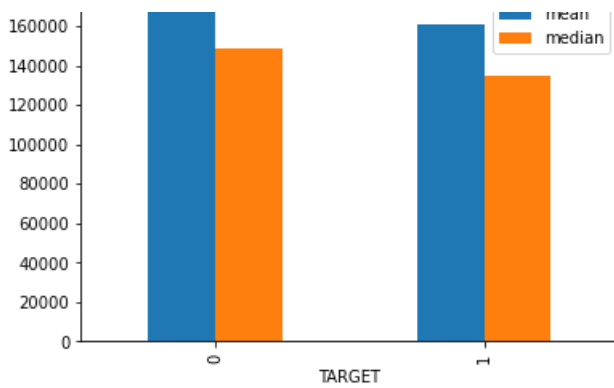


In [1966]:

```
# let's analyse TARGET vs AMT_INCOME_TOTAL
application_df.groupby('TARGET')['AMT_INCOME_TOTAL'].aggregate(['mean', 'median']).plot.bar()
```

Out[1966]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f99f058ba60>



In [1967]:

```
# parallel graph
fig = px.parallel_categories(application_df, dimensions=['NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE', 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE',
'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS', 'TARGET'],
                           color="AGE", color_continuous_scale=px.colors.sequential.Inferno,
                           labels={'NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE': 'Contract type', 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE': 'Education Level', 'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS': 'Family status', 'TARGET': 'Having difficulties'})
fig.show()
```

Conclusion from above

- Most of the contract types are Cash loans
- Most of the application are from Married and Single/not married categories
- Single/ not married with lower education are having difficulties
- Older applicants are having less difficulties and tends to apply for cash loans