

1. Write two to three sentences on why Django is so popular among web developers.

Django is a Python framework, which is one of the world's most popular languages. It is flexible, scalable and can be used for large scale APIs.

2. After some research, list five large companies that use Django. Specify what the company's product or service is and what they use Django for.

Instagram – for sharing photos and videos. Used to scale app for serving millions of users.

Spotify – for streaming audio. Used to scale app for serving millions of users.

Youtube – for sharing videos. Used to scale app for serving millions of users.

Pinterest – for sharing photos. Used to scale app for serving millions of users.

Dropbox – for hosting repositories of work. Used to scale app for serving millions of users.

3. For each of the following scenarios, explain if you would use Django (and why or why not):

- You need to develop a web application with multiple users.** Yes. Django is meant to scale apps to serve millions of users and requests.
- You need fast deployment and the ability to make changes as you proceed.** If deploying app then use Django as it is a framework for deploying APIs.
- You need to build a very basic application, which doesn't require any database access or file operations.** No. Vanilla python is enough for small scale apps. Django is not meant for this.
- You want to build an application from scratch and want a lot of control over how it works.** Use vanilla Python instead of Django as you can't necessarily build apps from scratch in an existing framework.
- You're about to start working on a big project and are afraid of getting stuck and needing additional support.** If it is large scale then use Django, it is meant to scale large apps.

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Collecting tzdata
  Downloading tzdata-2023.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (341 kB)
Collecting asgiref<4,>=3.6.0
  Downloading asgiref-3.7.2-py3-none-any.whl (24 kB)
Collecting typing-extensions>=4
  Using cached typing_extensions-4.8.0-py3-none-any.whl (31 kB)
Installing collected packages: tzdata, typing-extensions, sqlparse, asgiref, django
Successfully installed asgiref-3.7.2 django-4.2.7 sqlparse-0.4.4 typing-extensions-4.8.0 tzdata-2023.3

[notice] A new release of pip available: 22.2.2 -> 23.3.1
[notice] To update, run: python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip
(web-dev) PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts> django-admin --version
4.2.7
(web-dev) PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts>
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● PS C:\Users\kapad> cd "C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts"
● PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts> ./activate
● (web-dev) PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts> pip install django
Collecting django
  Downloading Django-4.2.7-py3-none-any.whl (8.0 MB)
    8.0/8.0 MB 2.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting sqlparse>=0.3.1
  Downloading sqlparse-0.4.4-py3-none-any.whl (41 kB)
    41.2/41.2 kB 2.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting tzdata
  Downloading tzdata-2023.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (341 kB)
    341.8/341.8 kB 5.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting asgiref<4,>=3.6.0
  Downloading asgiref-3.7.2-py3-none-any.whl (24 kB)
Collecting typing-extensions>=4
  Using cached typing_extensions-4.8.0-py3-none-any.whl (31 kB)
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● (web-dev) PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts> django-admin --version
4.2.7
● (web-dev) PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts> python --version
Python 3.10.7
○ (web-dev) PS C:\Users\kapad\web-dev\Scripts>
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