

# Informatik 1 - Biomedical Engineering

## Tutor Session 0 - Setup / anaconda / packages / jupyter



### 1) Installing python on your system

Plain Python: <https://www.python.org/downloads/> (<https://www.python.org/downloads/>)

For this course: <https://www.anaconda.com/download/> (<https://www.anaconda.com/download/>) (Select the default Python 3.6 version 64 bit version)

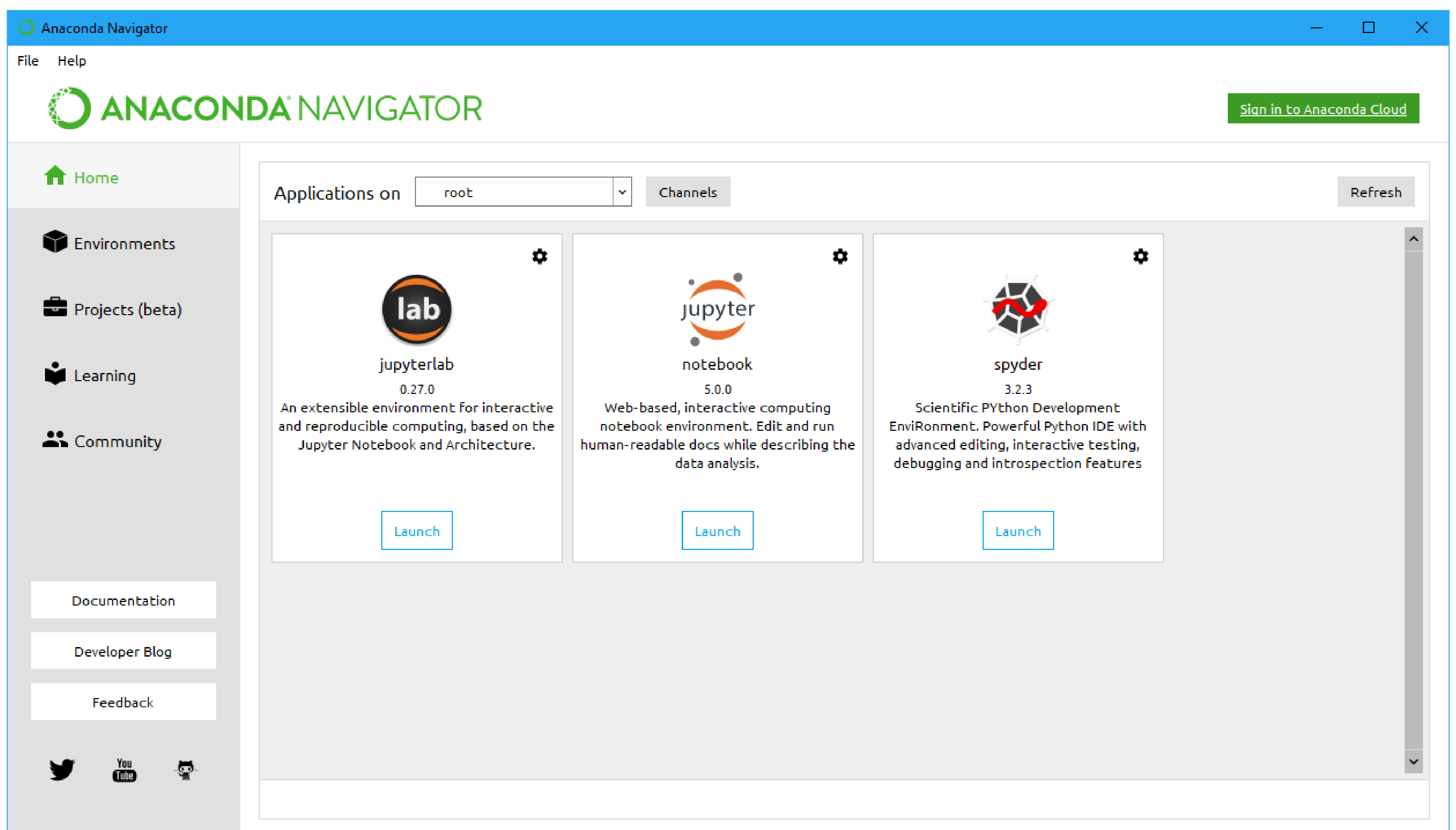


#### 1.1) What is Anaconda?

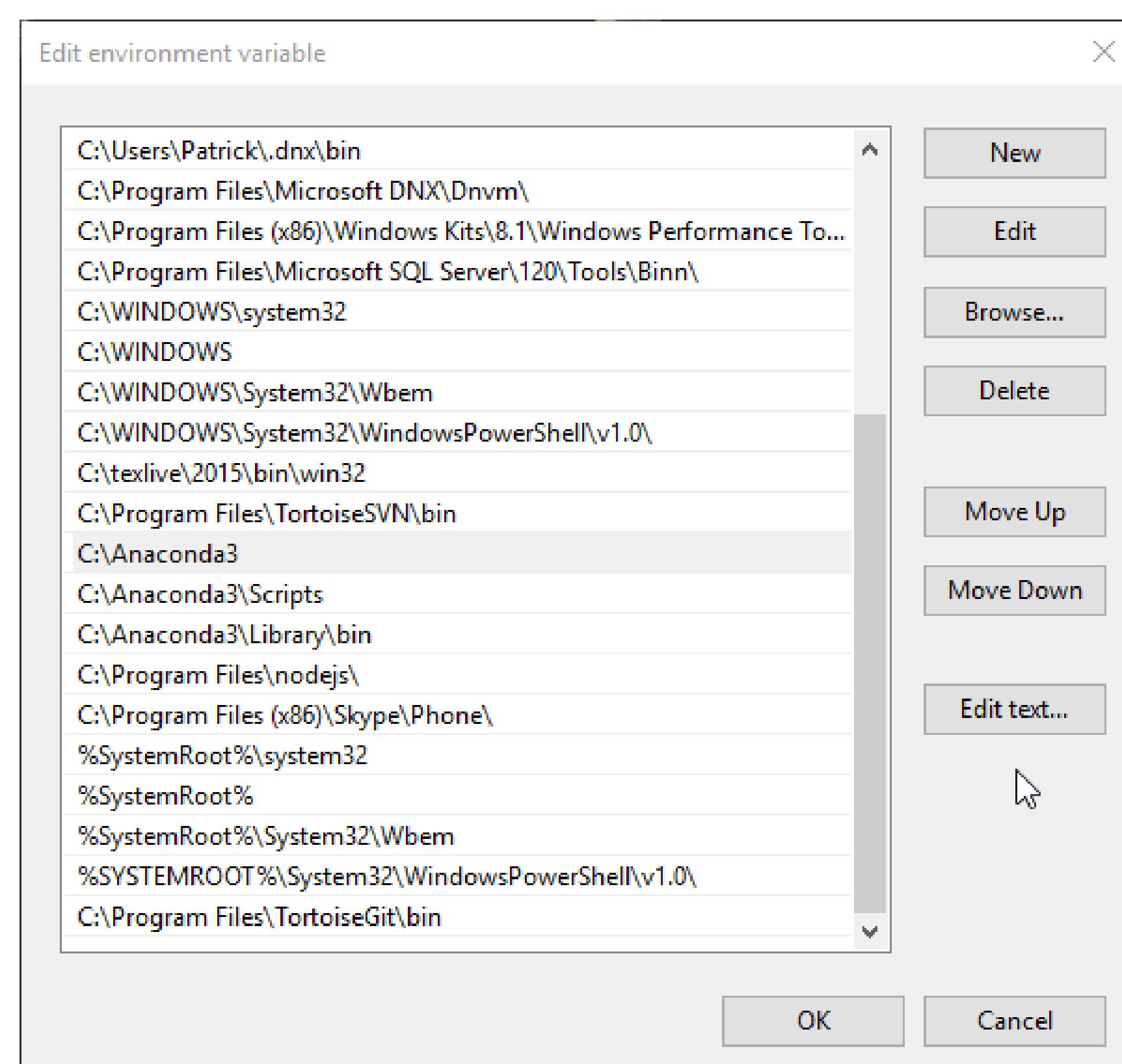
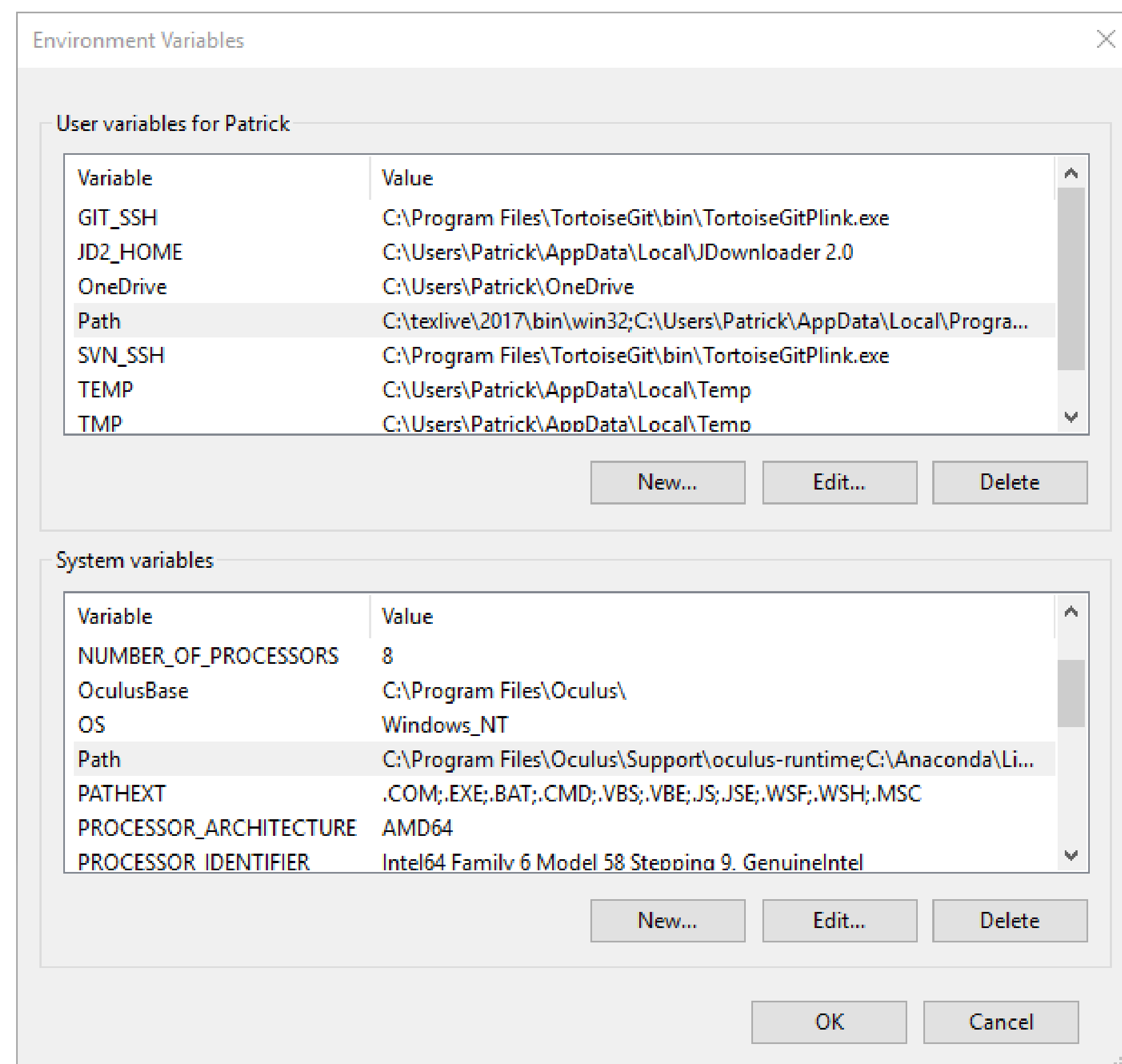
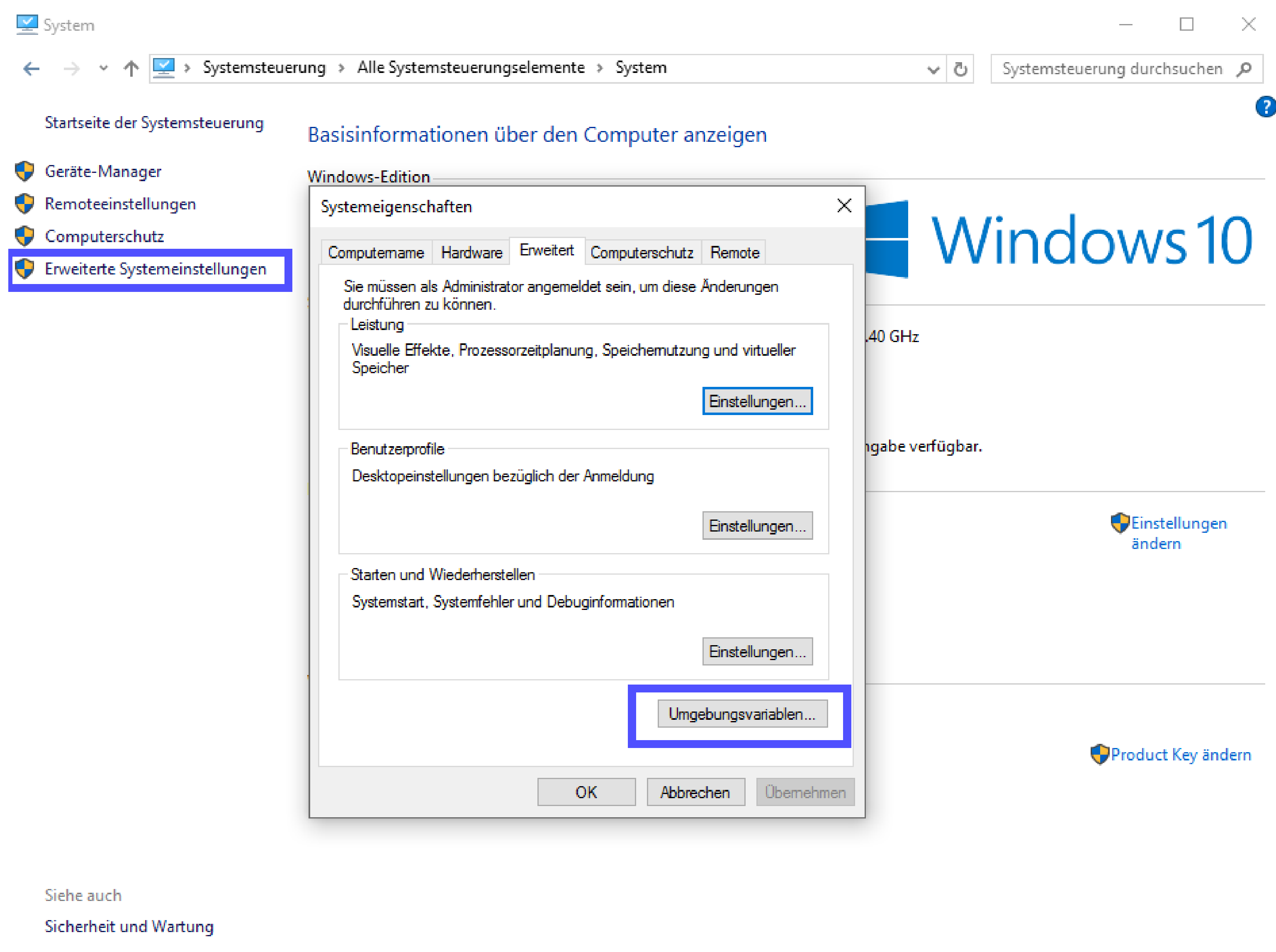
Anaconda is a complete suite for Python development in the scientific domain. And it takes care of the setup for you...

It contains:

- The interpreter
- A large number of useful packages
- A command line interface. (Anaconda prompt/anaconda command prompt)
- Anaconda Navigator (launching can take a bit)
  - A package manager
  - The Spyder IDE
  - jupyter notebooks
  - Extensive learning resources

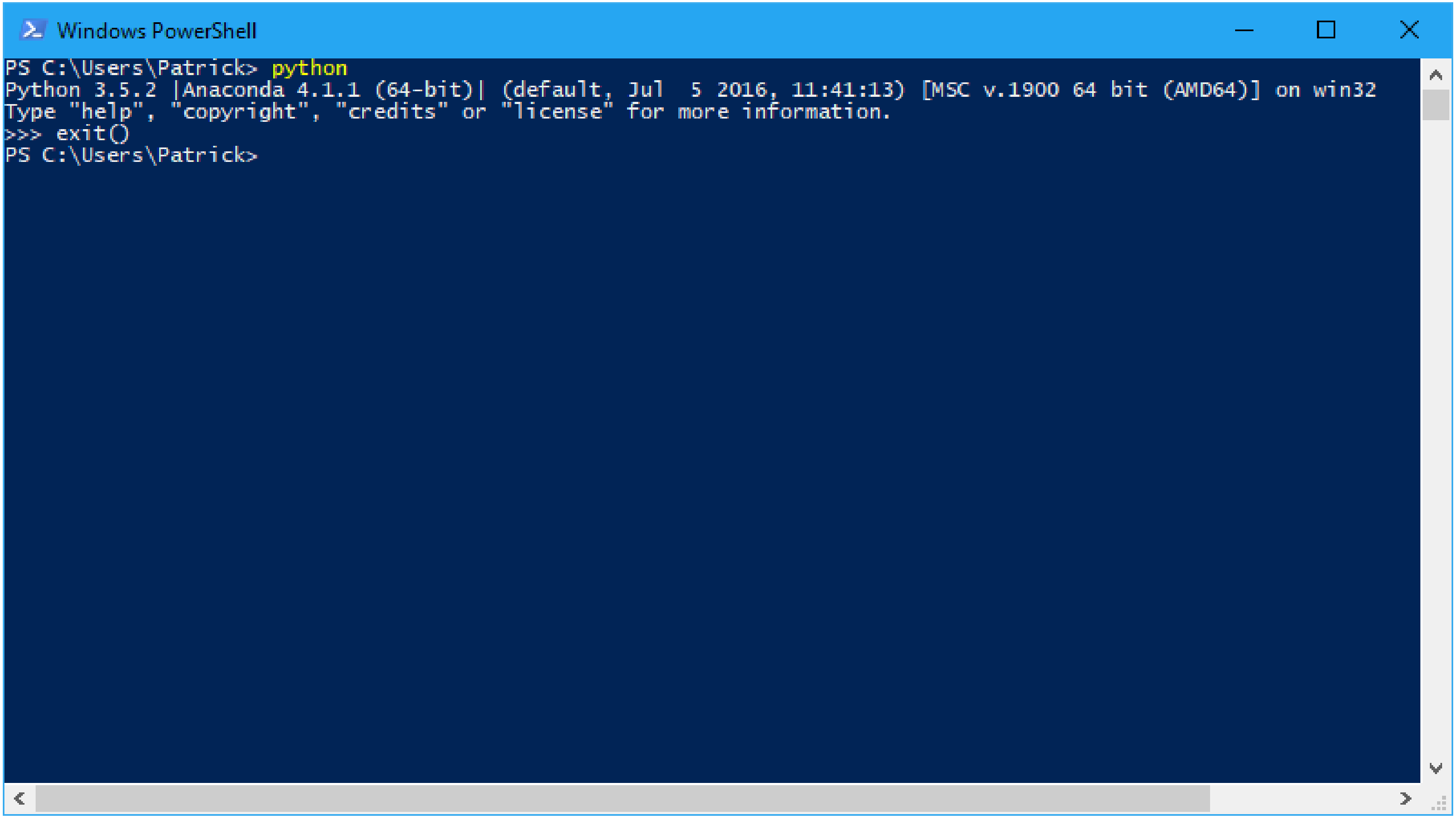


#### 1.2) Environment Variables (if not set automatically)

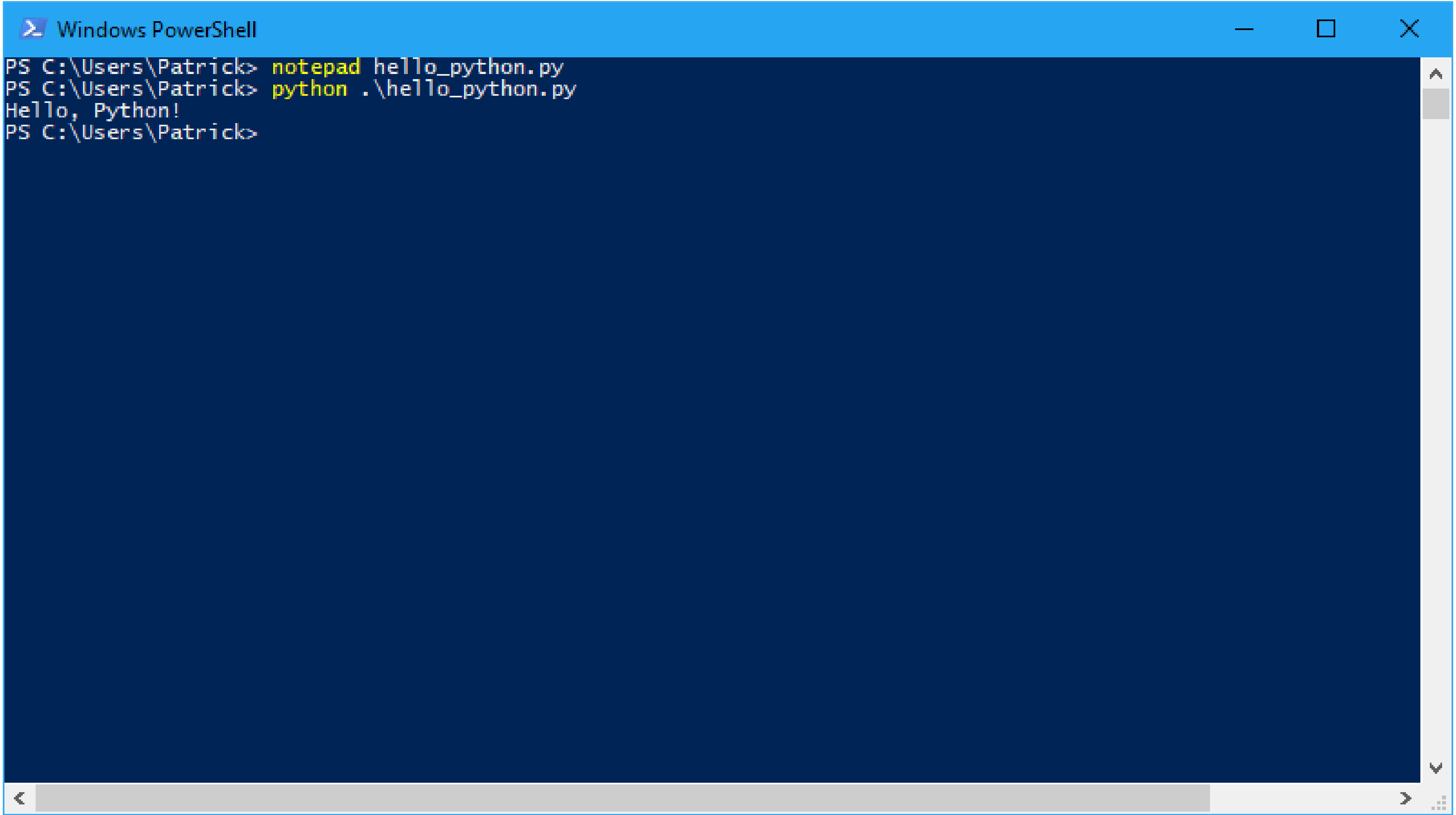


## 2) See if it works

1. Open your console of choice
2. Type python
3. See what happens. Your precise text might be different (i.e.:version number...)
4. Exit by typing exit() and pressing enter



1. Create a textfile and name it hello\_python.py
2. Open the file and write the following: print("Hello, Python!")
3. Save the file
4. Use a console (cmd or powershell for windows) and navigate to the folder of the previously created file
5. type python hello\_python.py



## 3) Jupyter

Launch via Anaconda Navigator

Default address: <http://127.0.0.1:8888/tree> (<http://127.0.0.1:8888/tree>) (localhost on unix systems)

Upload Tutorial sheets and play around

### 3.1) Basic Usage

- Code is written in cells
- Cells can be executed individually and out of sequence. (You can run cell 1, cell 2 and then cell 1 again)
- System state is saved
- Hotkey to run a cell: Shift + Enter
- "File -> Download as -> Python (.py) " to get the full source
  - Open in editor and clean up the comments if you use this for submitting
- It can do a lot more which is not needed for now...

### 3.2) Example

```
In [ ]: print("Hello, World!")
```

3.3) Working with cells

- 1. Run the 1st cell (a = 0) below
- 2. Run the 3rd cell (print(a))
- 3. Run the 2nd cell (a = a + 1). That increases the value by 1. Repeat as often as wanted.
- 4. Run the 3rd cell (print(a)) again

In [ ]:

a = 0

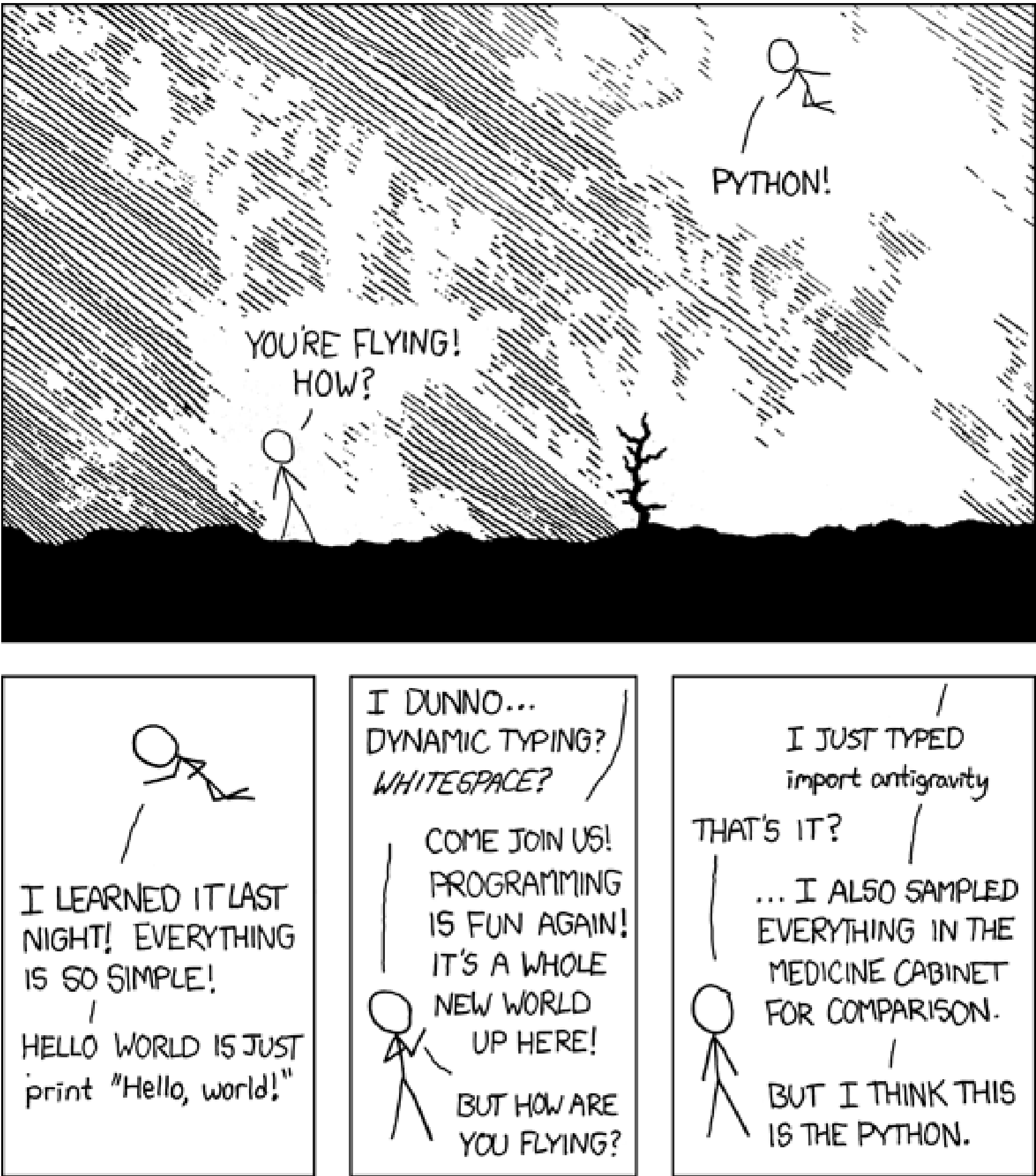
In [ ]:

a = a+1

In [ ]:

print(a)

4) You are good to go!



["Python" by "Randall Munroe (XKCD)"]