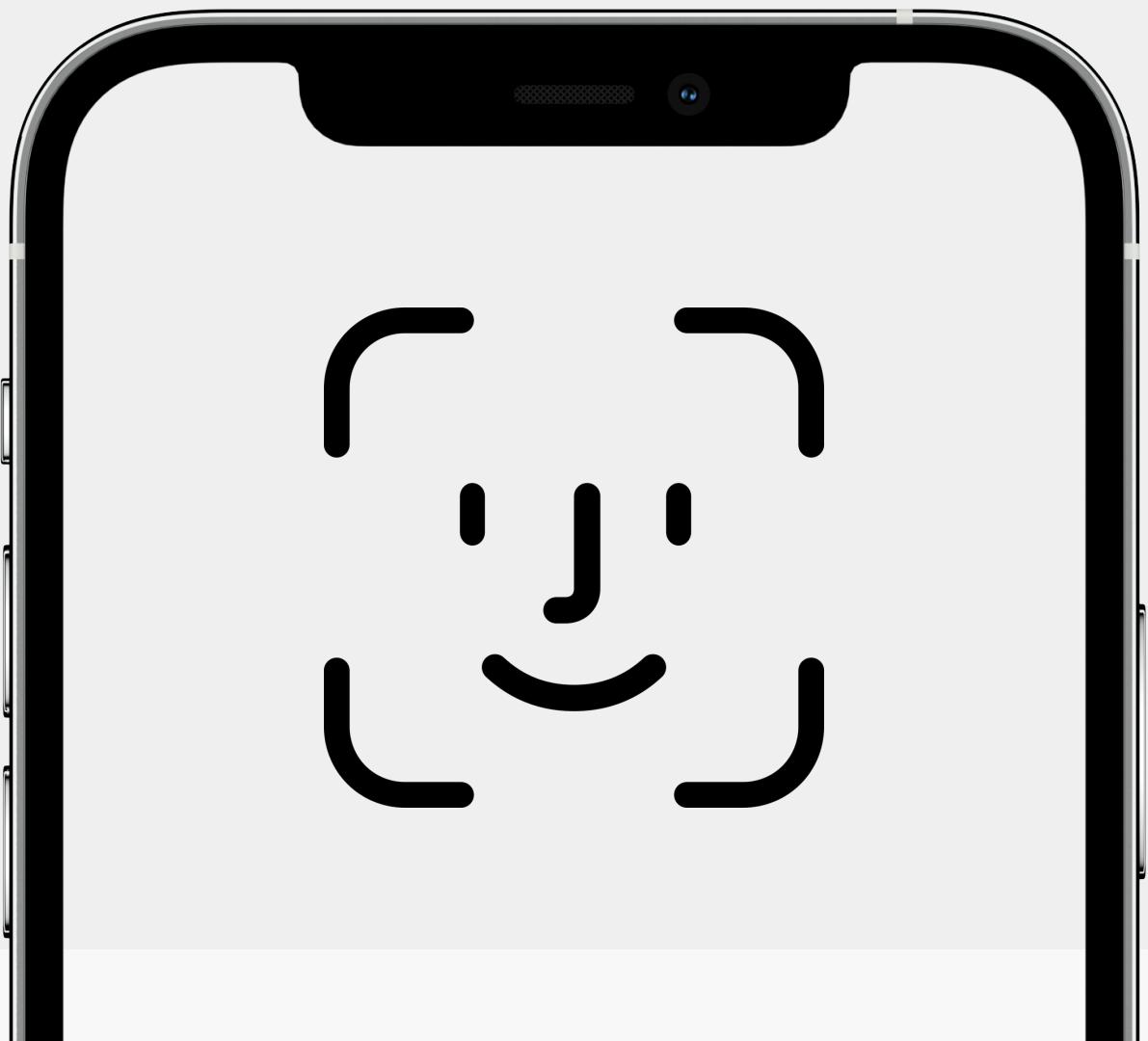


# FACIAL RECOGNITION

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USER AUTHENTICATION



## Team Members

6388093 Ntit Ngamphotchanamongkol  
6388117 Siranut Akarawuthi  
6388206 Tawan Meethong

**ITCS461**  
Computer and  
Communication Security

# OUR CONCEPT

---

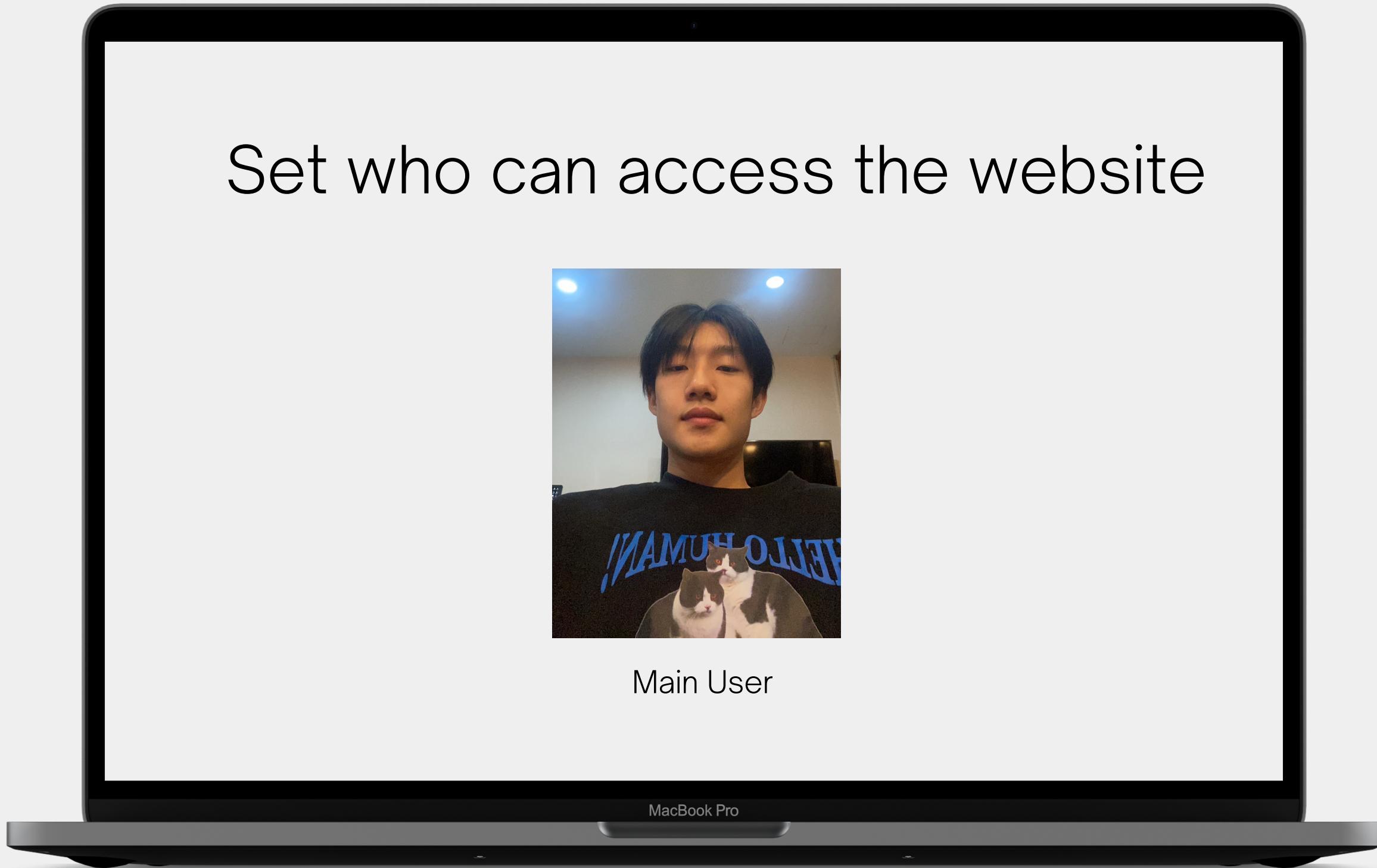
01

02

03

»

# OUR CONCEPT



01

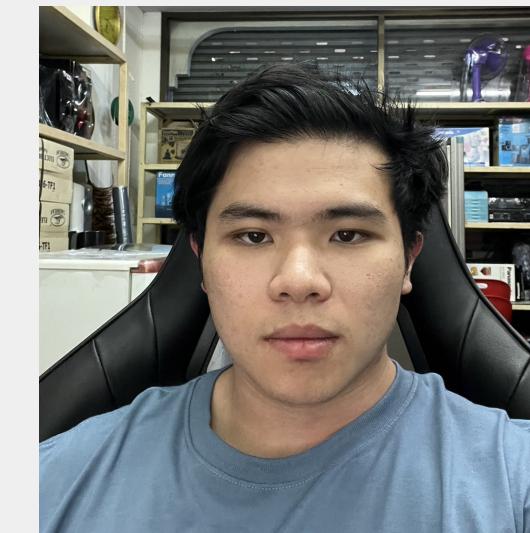
02

03

# OUR CONCEPT



Main User



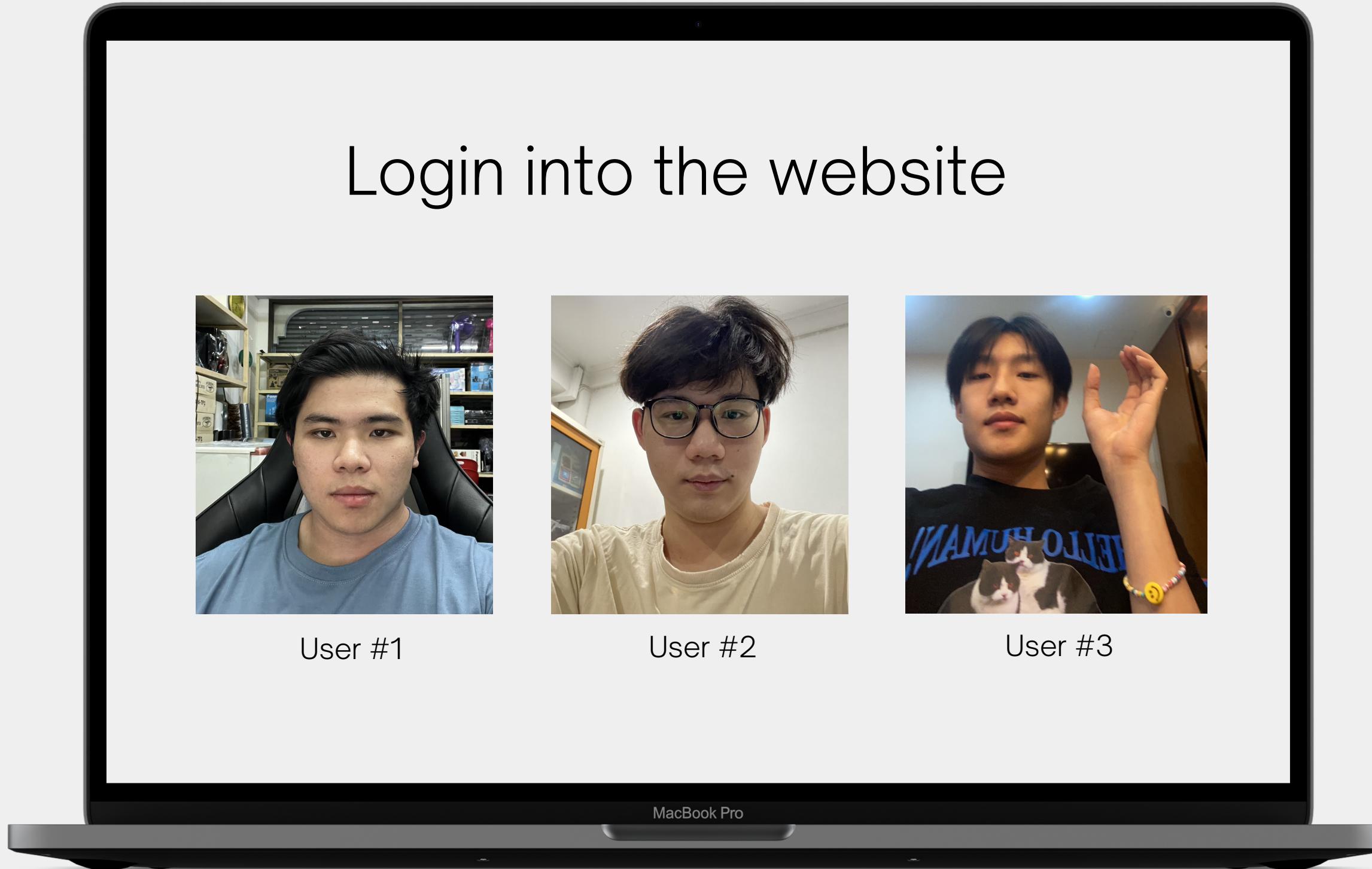
User #1



User #2



User #3



01

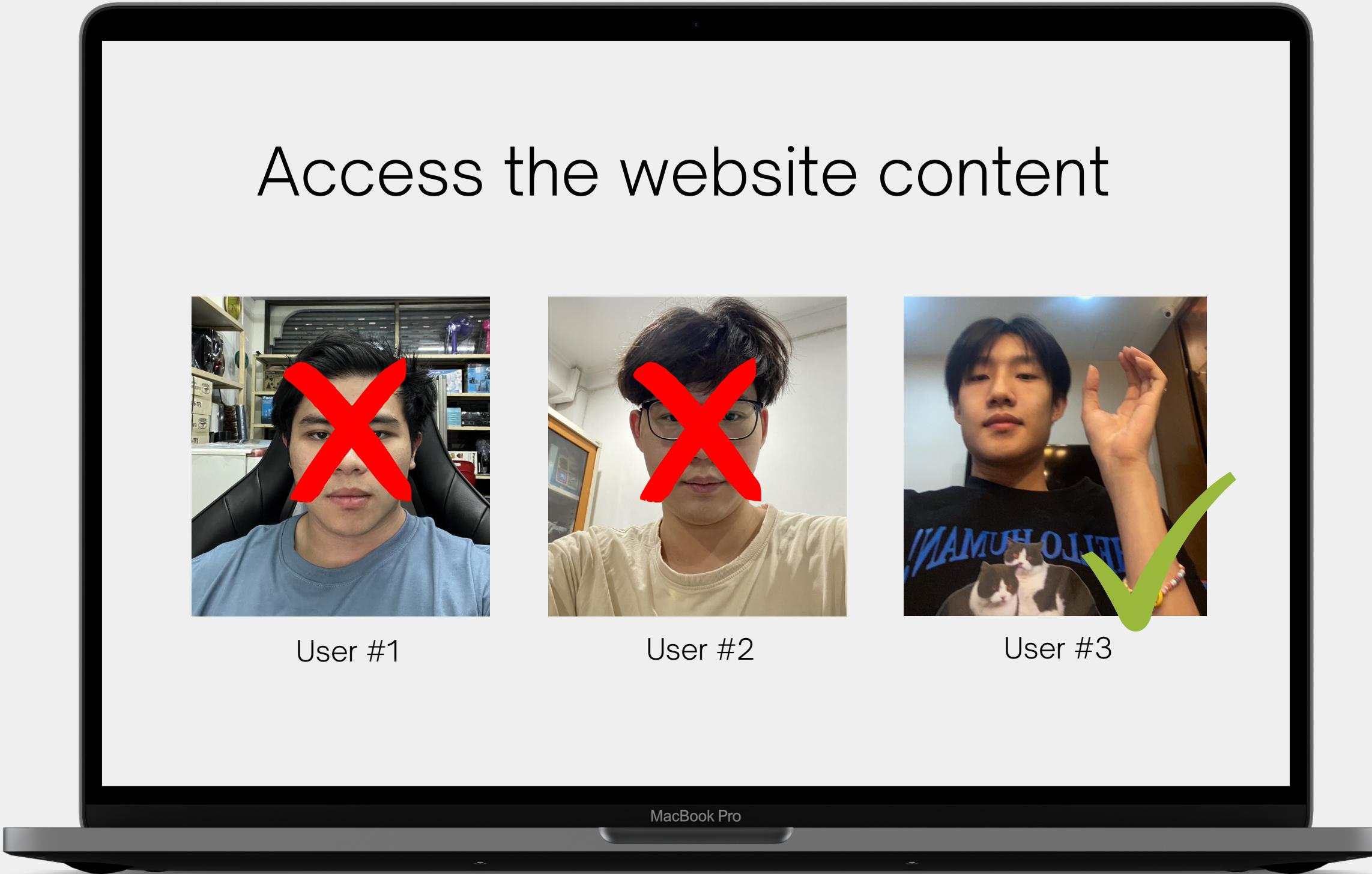
02

03

# OUR CONCEPT



Main User



User #1

User #2

User #3

01

02

03

# OUR CODE

---



```
import face_recognition
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for

app = Flask(__name__)

# Dummy data for demo purposes
users = [
    {'username': 'Nitit', 'image_path': 'D:/Mahidol University/year 3/Security/Project/Data/Nitit_data.png'},
]

# Homepage
@app.route('/')
def index():
    message =
        return render_template('index.html', error=message)

# Dashboard page
@app.route('/dashboard')
def dashboard():
    return render_template('dashboard.html')
```

»

```
@app.route('/login', methods=['POST'])
def login():
    image_file = request.files['fileInput']

    for user in users:
        try:
            known_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(user['image_path'])
            known_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(known_image)[0]
            unknown_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(image_file)
            unknown_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(unknown_image)[0]
            face_distances = face_recognition.face_distance([known_encoding], unknown_encoding)
        except:
            message = 'We were unable to verify your identity based on the uploaded image. Please try again.'
            return render_template('index.html', error=message)

        print(face_distances[0])

        if face_distances[0] < 0.5:
            return redirect(url_for('dashboard'))

    message = 'We were unable to verify your identity based on the uploaded image. Please try again.'
    return render_template('index.html', error=message)
```

»

# **face\_recognition**

# **PACKAGE**

---

»

```
known_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(user['image_path'])
known_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(known_image)[0]
unknown_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(image_file)
unknown_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(unknown_image)[0]
face_distances = face_recognition.face_distance([known_encoding], unknown_encoding)
```

## **face\_recognition.api.load\_image\_file(file, mode='RGB')**

Loads an image file (.jpg, .png, etc) into a numpy array

Parameters

- file – image file name or file object to load
- mode – format to convert the image to. Only ‘RGB’ (8-bit RGB, 3 channels) and ‘L’ (black and white) are supported.

**Returns** image contents as numpy array

»

```
known_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(user['image_path'])
known_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(known_image)[0]
unknown_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(image_file)
unknown_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(unknown_image)[0]
face_distances = face_recognition.face_distance([known_encoding], unknown_encoding)
```

**face\_recognition.api.face\_encodings(face\_image, known\_face\_locations=None, num\_jitters=1, model='small')**  
Given an image, return the 128-dimension face encoding for each face in the image.

#### Parameters

- `face_image` – The image that contains one or more faces
- `known_face_locations` – Optional - the bounding boxes of each face if you already know them.
- `num_jitters` – How many times to re-sample the face when calculating encoding. Higher is more accurate, but slower (i.e. 100 is 100x slower)
- `model` – Optional - which model to use. “large” or “small” (default) which only returns 5 points but is faster.

**Returns** A list of 128-dimensional face encodings (one for each face in the image)

»

```
known_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(user['image_path'])
known_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(known_image)[0]
unknown_image = face_recognition.load_image_file(image_file)
unknown_encoding = face_recognition.face_encodings(unknown_image)[0]
face_distances = face_recognition.face_distance([known_encoding], unknown_encoding)
```

### **face\_recognition.api.face\_distance(face\_encodings, face\_to\_compare)**

Given a list of face encodings, compare them to a known face encoding and get a euclidean distance for each comparison face. The distance tells you how similar the faces are.

#### Parameters

- `face_encodings` – List of face encodings to compare
- `face_to_compare` – A face encoding to compare against

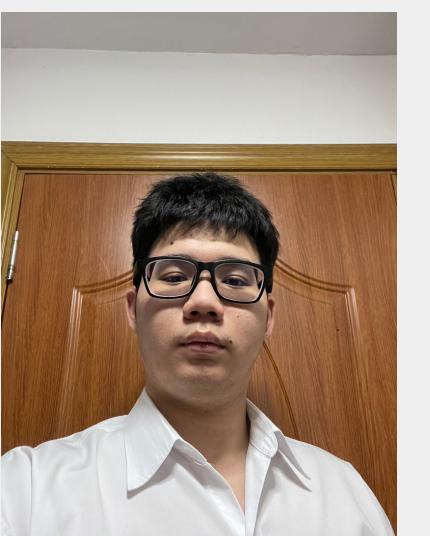
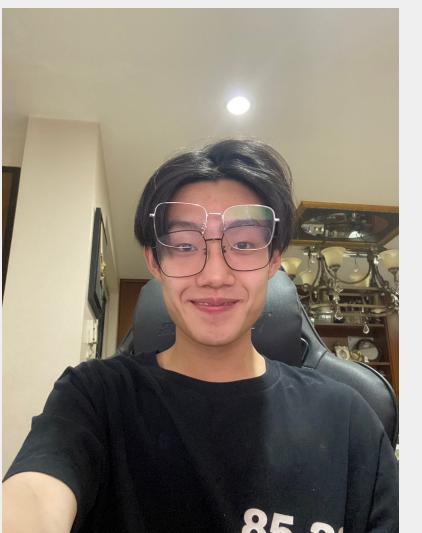
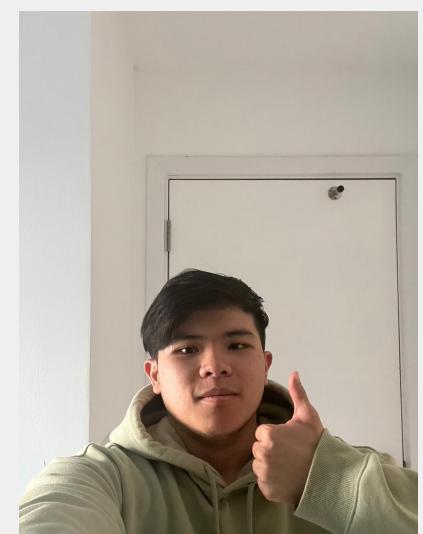
**Returns** A numpy ndarray with the distance for each face in the same order as the ‘faces’ array

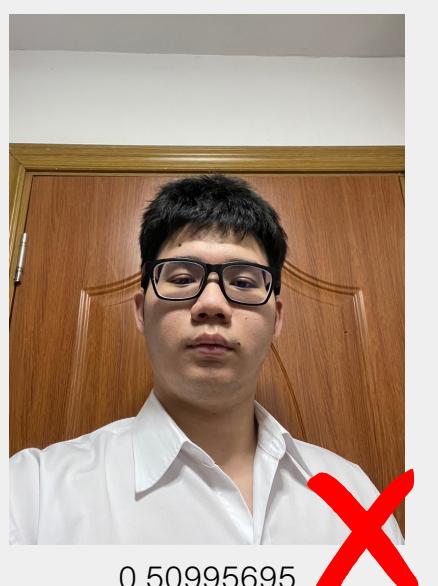
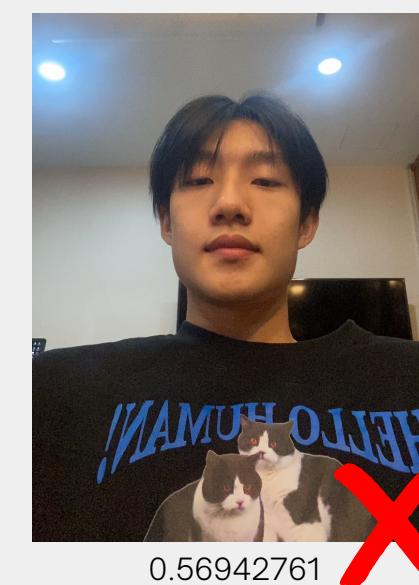
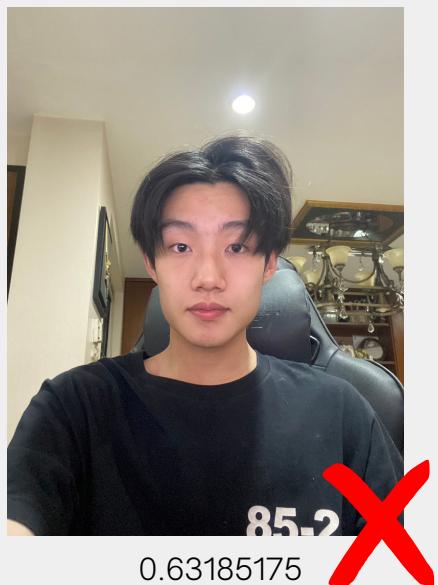
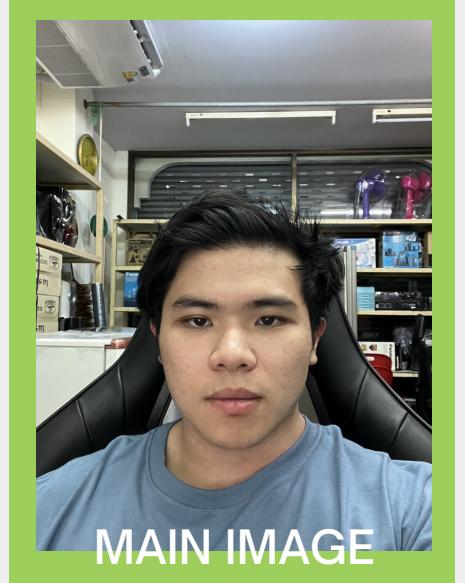


# **TEST RESULTS**

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# LIVE DEMO

