PRACTICAL-1: - Hadoop installation and basics of HDFS

<u>Task 1:</u> Identify the local file system in your Linux OS system. (Command followed by the output screenshot is expected).

Solution: df -Th

```
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ df -Th
Filesystem
                              Used Avail Use% Mounted on
              Type
                        Size
udev
                                           1% /dev
              devtmpfs
                        2.0G
                              8.0K 2.0G
                              476K 395M
tmpfs
              tmpfs
                        396M
                                           1% /run
/dev/xvdal
              ext4
                         99G
                               28G
                                     67G
                                          30% /
               tmpfs
                        4.0K
                                 0 4.0K
                                           0% /sys/fs/cgroup
none
              tmpfs
                        5.0M
                                 0 5.0M
                                           0% /run/lock
none
                        2.0G
                                    2.0G
                                           0% /run/shm
none
               tmpfs
                                 0
                        100M
                                 0 100M
                                           0% /run/user
               tmpfs
none
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$
```

<u>Task 2:</u> Study of Hadoop installation. Study of Hadoop configurations files. Enlist the contents of the files core-site.xml and hdfs-site.xml

Solution:

1) Content of core-site.xml

```
* for all.</description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>hadoop.proxyuser.hduser.hosts</name>
            <value>*</value>
            <description>
                   What user hosts are allow to connect to the HDFS proxy.
                   * for all.
            </description>
     </property>
2) Content of hdfs-site.xml
     cproperty>
            <name>dfs.replication</name>
            <value>2</value>
            <description>The default replication factor of files on HDFS</description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>dfs.block.size</name>
            <value>16777216</value>
            <description>The default block size in bytes of data saved to HDFS</description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>dfs.namenode.rpc-bind-host</name>
            <value>0.0.0</value>
            <description>
                   controls what IP address the NameNode binds to.
                   0.0.0.0 means all available.
            </description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>dfs.namenode.servicerpc-bind-host</name>
```

```
<value>0.0.0.0</value>
            <description>
                   controls what IP address the NameNode binds to.
                   0.0.0.0 means all available.
            </description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>dfs.namenode.http-bind-host</name>
            <value>0.0.0</value>
            <description>
                   controls what IP address the NameNode binds to.
                   0.0.0.0 means all available.
            </description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>dfs.namenode.https-bind-host</name>
            <value>0.0.0</value>
            <description>
                   controls what IP address the NameNode binds to.
                   0.0.0.0 means all available.
            </description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>nfs.dump.dir</name>
            <value>/tmp/.hdfs-nfs</value>
            <description>A temporary working directory for files coming into the HDFS
proxy.</description>
     </property>
     cproperty>
            <name>nfs.metrics.percentiles.intervals</name>
            <value>100</value>
```

```
<description>
             Enable the latency histograms for read, write and commit requests.
             The time unit is 100 seconds in this example.
       </description>
</property>
cproperty>
      <name>nfs.exports.allowed.hosts</name>
      <value>* rw</value>
       <description>Host permissions for connecting to the proxy.</description>
</property>
cproperty>
       <name>dfs.permissions</name>
       <value>true</value>
       <description>Enforce permissions</description>
</property>
cproperty>
       <name>dfs.permissions.supergroup</name>
       <value>hadoop</value>
       <description>The name of the group of Hadoop super-users.</description>
</property>
```

Task 3: Study and run following commands on the hadoop cluster and show the output.

JPS: to check out all the **Hadoop** daemons like DataNode, NodeManager, NameNode, and ResourceManager that are currently running on the machine.

```
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ jps
27606 Jps
```

Fsck: to check health of the HDFS.

```
irwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ hdfs fsck /user/hirwuser150430/MYNEWDIRECTORY -files -blocks -locations
onnecting to namenode via http://ec2-54-92-244-237.compute-1.amazonaws.com:50070
SCK started by hirwuser150430 (auth:SIMPLE) from /172.31.45.217 for path /user/hirwuser150430/MYNEWDIRECTORY at
user/hirwuser150430/MYNEWDIRECTORY <dir>
\(\text{\text{viser}/\text{hirwiser}150430/\text{\text{MYNEWDIRECTORY}/\dwp-payments-aprill0.csv} 3326129 \text{ bytes, 1 block(s): OK}\)
\(\text{0. BP-2125152513-172.31.45.216-1410037307133:blk_1075416868_1676131 len=3326129 Live_repl=2 [DatanodeInfoWithStorage[172.31.46.124:50010,DS-fe24aecb-f56f-4c9c-8cf9-a3b1259bc0d0,DISK], DatanodeInfoWithStorage[172.31.45.216:5001
,DS-d0d9eb5c-f35f-4a12-bfdf-544085d693a3,DISK]]
tatus: HEALTHY
                   3326129 B
Total size:
Total dirs:
Total symlinks:
Minimally replicated blocks:
Over-replicated blocks:
                                        1 (100.0 %)
Under-replicated blocks:
Mis-replicated blocks:
Default replication factor:
Average block replication:
                                        2.0
Corrupt blocks:
Missing replicas:
                                         0 (0.0 %)
Number of data-nodes:
Number of racks:
SCK ended at Sat Jun 12 07:23:13 UTC 2021 in 1 milliseconds
The filesystem under path '/user/hirwuser150430/MYNEWDIRECTORY' is HEALTHY
```

Touchz: to create an empty file.

```
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ hdfs dfs -touchz emptyexample.txt
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$
```

copyFromlocal: to copy a file from local file system to HDFS.

```
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ hadoop fs -copyFromLocal /hirw-starterkit/hdfs/commands/dwp-payments-aprill0.csv ILOVEBIGDATA
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ hadoop fs -ls ILOVEBIGDATA
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r-- 3 hirwuser150430 hirwuser150430 3326129 2021-06-12 06:45 ILOVEBIGDATA/dwp-payments-aprill0.csv
```

copyToLocal: to copy a file from HDFS to local file system.

```
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ hadoop fs -copyToLocal ILOVEBIGDATA/dwp-payments-april10.csv . copyToLocal: /home/hirwuser150430/dwp-payments-april10.csv._COPYING_ (Permission denied)
```

cat: to print the content of a specific file.

```
hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~$ hadoop fs -cat ILOVEBIGDATA/dwp-payments-aprill0.csv

Department for Work and Pensions ,Jobcentre Plus,30/04/2010, PRINTING STATIONERY IT & CONSUMABLES, JOBCENTRE PLUS, XEROX UK LIMITED,2015 125301,91.38,,
Department for Work and Pensions ,Jobcentre Plus,30/04/2010, PRINTING STATIONERY IT & CONSUMABLES, JOBCENTRE PLUS, XEROX UK LIMITED,2015 125301,14.17,
Department for Work and Pensions ,Jobcentre Plus,30/04/2010, PRINTING STATIONERY IT & CONSUMABLES, JOBCENTRE PLUS, XEROX UK LIMITED,2015 125301,91.66,,
Department for Work and Pensions ,Jobcentre Plus,30/04/2010, PRINTING STATIONERY IT & CONSUMABLES, JOBCENTRE PLUS, XEROX UK LIMITED,2015 125301,15.07,,
Department for Work and Pensions ,Jobcentre Plus,30/04/2010, PRINTING STATIONERY IT & CONSUMABLES, JOBCENTRE PLUS, XEROX UK LIMITED,2015 125301,10.18,
```

moveFromLocal: to move a file from local file system to HDFS.

Hadoop fs -moveFromLocal < local source > < destination >

Put:

Similar to copyFromLocal.

Get:

Similar to copyToLocal.

Rmr: to remove a file or directory recursively.

hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~\$ hdfs dfs -rm -r test-antony-derectory Deleted test-antony-derectory

Setrep: to change the replication factor of a file/directory in HDFS. By default the value is 3.

hirwuser150430@ip-172-31-45-217:~\$ hadoop fs -setrep 2 MYNEWDIRECTORY/dwp-payments-aprill0.csv Replication 2 set: MYNEWDIRECTORY/dwp-payments-aprill0.csv