CME211 Final Project Part 1

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1 Overview

This project involves creating a program to solve the 2D steady state heat equation on a simple geometry using a sparse matrix solver and finite difference and Conjugate Gradient Methods. The system to be solved is one where hot liquid is being transferred in the pipe which is being cooled with cool air jets. The goal is to find the mean temperature within pipe walls which is done through analysis of a periodic section of the pipe wall.

2 Program Implementation

Three main elements of the program:

- The CG algorithm: Solves the linear system Ax = b with A sparse where A would reflect the heat system being analyzed in this case. x is used as u in the pseudocode for efficient storage. b is the solution vector. The CG algorithm uses only 4 helper functions for efficient coding.
- Sparse Matrix: A class that contains the structure of sparse matrix A. It has methods to resize the matrix in the required form, add entries in the matrix, convert to CSR storage efficiency, and ability to perform matrix vector multiplication. We use this sparse matrix A in the HeatEquation2D class.
- HeatEquation2D: A class that sets up the system where A is filled in based on the pipe stencil, x as an initial guess of 1s, and b as temperatures based on the point in the pipe stencil. These 3 attributes are then passed to the solver which invokes the CGSolver and writes the solution to output files.

Here is the pseudocode for the CG Algorithm:

Initialize x_0;
$r_0 = b - Ax_0$;
$L2normr0 = ||r_0||_2$;
$p_0 = r_0$;
$niter = 0$;
while $niter < nitermax$ **do**
    $niter = niter + 1$;
    $alpha = ({r_n}^T r_n)/({p_n}^T A p_n)$;
    $x_{n+1} = x_n + alphap_n$;
    $r_{n+1} = r_n - alphaAp_n$;
    $L2normr = ||r_{n+1}||_2$;
    if $L2normr/L2normr0 < threshold$ **then**
        break;
    end
    $beta = (r_{n+1}^T r_{n+1})/({r_n}^T r_n)$;
    $p_{n+1} = r_{n+1} + betap_n$;
end

Algorithm 1: CG Algorithm

3 Users Guide

System Solved in C++: To compile the code, use the make command which is provided by the makefile. To run the program from the command line call main with input file and solution prefix. Running this will result in an output that alerts if the solver converges or not in the solver and creates solutions files.

Postprocessing and visualization in Python: The python file computes the mean temperature and creates pseudocolor plots for temperature distribution in the pipe. To run the program from the command line call python3 with postprocess.py input file and solution file.

4 Visualization from post processing

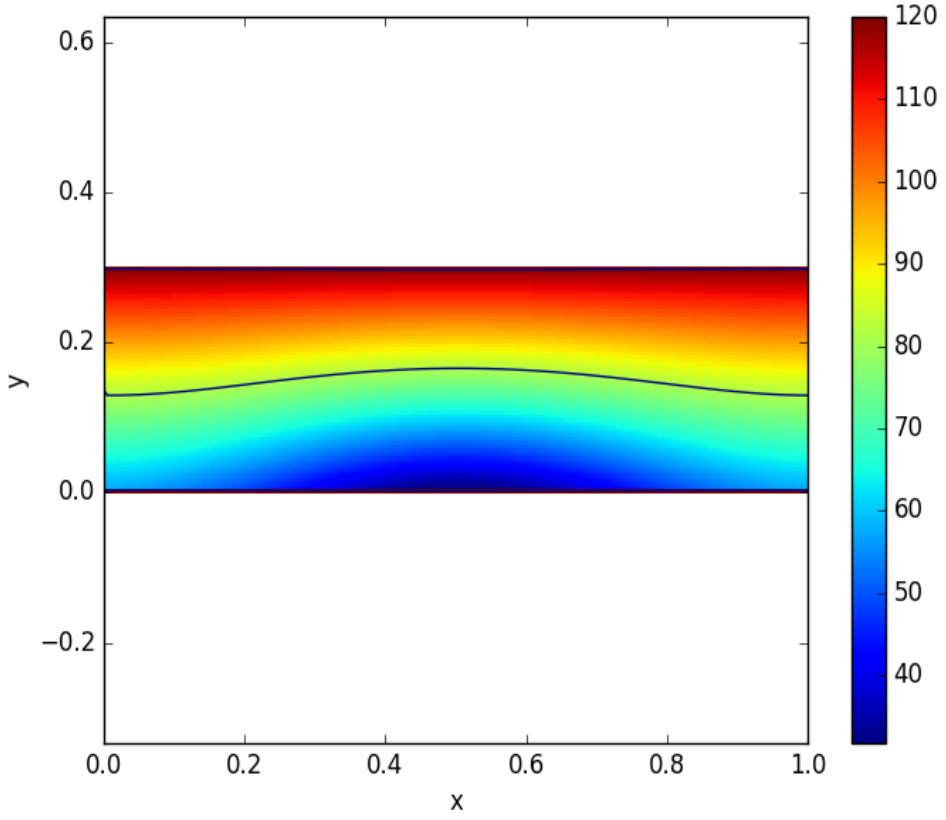

Figure 1: Pseudocolor plot for input2.txt solution

References

[1] cme211-project-part-1.pdf

[2] cme211-project-part-2.pdf