Quiz, 5 questions

1 point		
1. You are training a classification model with logistic		
regression. Which of the following statements are true? Check		
all that apply.		
	Introducing regularization to the model always results in equal or better performance on examples not in the training set.	
	Adding many new features to the model makes it more likely to overfit the training set.	
	Introducing regularization to the model always results in equal or better performance on the training set.	
	Adding a new feature to the model always results in equal or better performance on examples not in the training set.	
1 point 2.		

Suppose you ran logistic regression twice, once with  $\lambda=0$ , and once with  $\lambda=1$ . One of the times, you got

Regularization

Quiz, 5 questions

parameters 
$$heta = egin{bmatrix} 74.81 \\ 45.05 \end{bmatrix}$$
 , and the other time you got

$$heta = egin{bmatrix} 1.37 \ 0.51 \end{bmatrix}$$
 . However, you forgot which value of

 $\lambda$  corresponds to which value of heta. Which one do you

think corresponds to  $\lambda=1$ ?

$$\theta = \begin{bmatrix} 1.37 \\ 0.51 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta = \begin{bmatrix} 74.81 \\ 45.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

1 point

3.

Which of the following statements about regularization are

true? Check all that apply.

Because regularization causes $J( heta)$ to no longer be convex,
gradient descent may not always converge to the global minimum
(when $\lambda>0$ , and when using an appropriate learning rate $lpha$ ).

Using a very large value of  $\lambda$  cannot hurt the performance of your hypothesis; the only reason we do not set  $\lambda$  to be too large is to avoid numerical problems.

Using too large a value of  $\lambda$  can cause your hypothesis to underfit the data.

Because logistic regression outputs values  $0 \le h_{\theta}(x) \le 1$ , its range of output values can only be "shrunk" slightly by regularization anyway, so regularization is generally not helpful for it.

Quiz, 5 questions

4.

In which one of the following figures do you think the hypothesis has overfit the training set?

Figure:

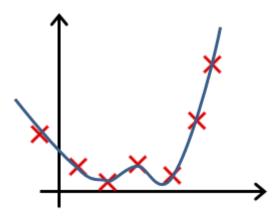


Figure:

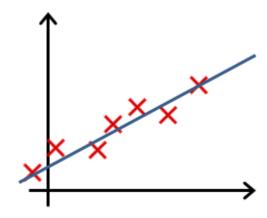


Figure:

Quiz, 5 questions

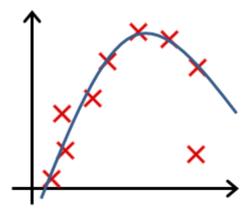
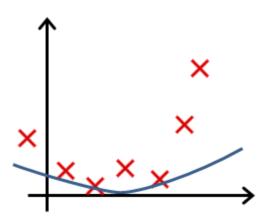


Figure:



1 point

5.

In which one of the following figures do you think the hypothesis has underfit the training set?

Figure:

Quiz, 5 questions

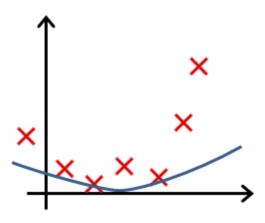


Figure:

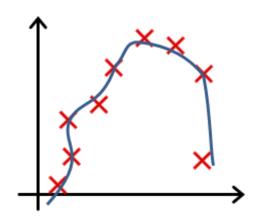


Figure:

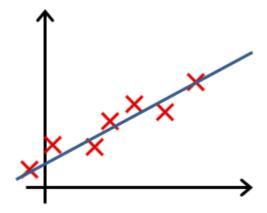
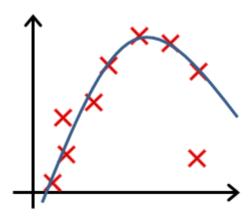


Figure:

Quiz, 5 questions



I understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in permanent failure of this course or deactivation of my Coursera account.

Learn more about Coursera's Honor Code

Ping Phing Kho

Submit Quiz





