PAYMON KHORRAMI

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Appointments

Imperial College Business School

Assistant Professor of Finance, 2019 - present

Education

The University of Chicago

Ph.D. in Financial Economics, 2019

Thesis Title: "The Risk of Risk-Sharing: Diversification and Boom-Bust Cycles"

B.A., Economics, 2009

Working Papers

"The Risk of Risk-Sharing: Diversification and Boom-Bust Cycles"

<u>Abstract:</u> In this paper, I model a shock whereby financial intermediaries can better diversify borrowers' idiosyncratic risks. A sector-specific diversification improvement induces intermediaries to reallocate funds toward the shocked sector. As lending spreads fall, intermediaries build up leverage over time. The result is a fragile sectoral boom that can end in an economy-wide bust. This cycle is amplified if the diversification-shocked sector is higher-risk or more external-finance dependent. I apply the model quantitatively to the recent housing cycle. Feeding in a novel mortgage diversification index, the model generates the measured increase in household credit coincident with a 1-2% decline in mortgage spreads. In the subsequent bust, spreads in all sectors spike by 2% as aggregate output drops.

"Entry and slow-moving capital: using asset markets to infer the costs of risk concentration" (R&R at Journal of Financial Economics)

<u>Abstract:</u> Risk concentration is a major outstanding explanation for crisis dynamics of asset prices and macroe-conomic quantities. Apparently, capital flows are slow to correct these crises. By considering costly entry in a canonical limited participation model, I illustrate how asset prices encode costs of risk concentration. These costs must be enormous to match risk premia levels and variability. This finding is robust: auxiliary features that increase risk premia levels mitigate their dynamics, through endogenous entry. In short, either entry costs are large, or limited risk-sharing arises for other reasons. One appealing possibility is extrapolative expectations, which complements entry well.

"Comparative Valuation Dynamics in Models with Financing Restrictions" with Lars Hansen and Fabrice Tourre

<u>Abstract:</u> This paper develops a theoretical framework to nest many recent dynamic stochastic general equilibrium economies with financial frictions into one common generic model. Our goal is to study the macroeconomic and asset pricing properties of this class of models, identify common features and highlight areas where these models depart from each other. In order to characterize the asset pricing implications of this family of

models, we study their term structure of risk prices and risk exposures, the natural extension of impulse response functions in economic environments exhibiting non-linear behaviors.

"Commonality in Credit Spread Changes: Dealer Inventory and Intermediary Distress" with Zhiguo He and Zhaogang Song

Abstract: Two intermediary-based factors - an intermediary financial distress measure and a dealer corporate bond inventory measure - explain about 50% of the puzzling common variation of credit spread changes beyond canonical structural factors. A simple model, in which intermediaries facing margin constraints absorb supply of assets from customers, accounts for the documented explanatory power and delivers further implications with strong empirical support. First, the effect of intermediary factors remains the same across bonds with characteristics not tied with margin requirement. Second, dealer inventory affects prices of assets within the corporate credit market only, whereas intermediary distress affects even the non-corporate-credit market. Third, an important component of dealers' inventory change is tied with supply shock of (severely) downgraded bonds by institutional investors, e.g., insurance companies. Instrumenting the effect of dealer inventory on bond prices using institutional sales of "fallen angel", as well as insured losses due to natural disasters, supports this interpretation.

"Financial Frictions and Aggregate Fluctuations"

Abstract: Concentrated idiosyncratic risk positions may generate aggregate fluctuations. I study a canonical macroeconomic model with a standard moral hazard friction but with a single innovation: fundamental shocks are correlated (but still aggregate to zero). Experts hold concentrated asset positions, while less productive households hold diversified positions in experts' equity. I prove that aggregate output and the wealth distribution have aggregate volatility if and only if observability and contractibility are imperfect. This failure of the law of large numbers holds generically and does not require any assumptions about fat-tailed size distributions. Even though aggregate volatility disappears with perfect contractibility, it can increase with partial contractibility improvements, due to market segmentation between experts and households. These results are immune to allowing agents to frictionlessly hedge the endogenously-arising aggregate shocks.

Work in Progress

"Market Power as Skin-in-the-Game" with Jung Sakong

<u>Abstract:</u> We show that, when households have mistaken beliefs or less information, intermediary market power can limit over-investment, improve resource allocation, and reduce asset price volatility. If intermediaries are compensated based on their returns, market power increases their compensation, leading to better incentives to invest according to the social good. The results are analogous if intermediaries are compensated based on assets under management in a dynamic world: market power creates skin-in-the-game incentives, even if they are absent in the contract. We devise a series of empirical tests, in both finance and non-finance arenas, as to the interacting effects of household irrationality and intermediary competition.

Honors and Awards

2019
2019
2018
2017
2016
2016
2015-2016
2014
2013
2012
2012-2016

Presentations

2019.

Duke Fuqua, Imperial College London, Northwestern Kellogg, UPenn Wharton, UCLA Anderson, Princeton, Western Finance Association (WFA), CESifo Macro-Money-Int'l

2018.

Platform for Advanced Scientific Computing (PASC), University of Zurich, Young Economists Symposium (YES)

2017.

Chicago Initiative in Theory and Empirics (CITE), Macro-Financial Modeling (MFM) Summer Session, Crossing Disciplinary Boundaries (University of Chicago)

2016.

Trans-Atlantic Doctoral Conference (TADC)

Discussions

2019.

- Xiang Fang and Yang Liu, "Volatility, Intermediaries, and Exchange Rates" at Midwest Finance Association (MFA)
- Evgeny Lyandres, Berardino Palazzo, and Daniel Rabetti, "Are Tokens Securities? An Anatomy of Initial Coin Offerings" at the Adam Smith Workshop

2018.

- Redouane Elkamhi and Chanik Jo, "Time-Varying Market Participation: A Potential Resolution of Asset Pricing Puzzles" at Young Economists Symposium (YES)

2017.

-Jincheng Tong and Chao Ying, "Dynamic-Agency Based Asset Pricing in a Production Economy," at Midwest Finance Association (MFA)

2016.

- Nuno Clara and João Cocco, "An Analysis of Consumer Debt Restructuring" at Trans-Atlantic

Teaching Experience

Lecturer:

Mathematics for Finance (MSc), Imperial College London	Autumn 2019
Introduction to Finance (undergraduate), University of Chicago	Spring 2018
Introduction to Finance (undergraduate), University of Chicago	Winter 2015

Teaching Assistant:

Corporation Finance (MBA), Booth School of Business, Prof Kelly Shue	Spring 2016
Financial Institutions (MBA), Booth School of Business, Prof Doug Diamond	Spring 2015
Financial Instruments (MBA), Booth School of Business, Prof John Heaton	Autumn 2014
Theory of Income II (PhD), University of Chicago, Prof Nancy Stokey	Winter 2014
Asset Pricing I (PhD), Booth School of Business, Prof John Cochrane	Autumn 2013

Previous Experience

Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, Associate Economist

2010-2012

References

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Veronica GuerrieriPietro VeronesiBooth School of BusinessBooth School of Business(773) 834-7834(773) 702-6348veronica.guerrieri@chicagobooth.edupietro.veronesi@chicagobooth.edu