```
COUNTING SORT
   Counting sort is used to sort integers that are known to be nonnegative
   and have an upper bound (cannot be larger than some value).
   counting_sort(A):
6
     // A is an array of integers indexed from 0 to A.size()-1.
     // We must know ahead of time (or pre-compute it here) the largest possible
     // integer in the collection (MAX_INT).
9
10
     Create a vector/array indexed from 0 to MAX_INT, called count[0..MAX_INT],
11
       with all elements initialized to zero.
12
13
14
     for i = 0 to A.size()-1:
       count[A[i]]++ // count the number of items each item appears
15
16
17
     nextpos = 0
     for i = 0 to MAX_INT:
                             // distribute the items back into A
18
       for j = 0 to count[i]
19
20
         A[nextpos] = i
         nextpos++
21
22
23
   RADIX SORT
24
25
   Radix sort is used to sort integers that are always known to be nonnegative
26
   and have an upper bound (cannot be larger than some value). Can be used to sort
27
   strings as well (26 buckets).
28
29
   radix sort(A):
30
     // A is an array of integers indexed from 0 to A.size()-1.
31
     // We must know ahead of time (or pre-compute it here) the number of digits
32
     // in the largest possible integer in the collection (NUM_DIGITS).
33
34
     Create a vector/array of 10 "buckets," where each bucket may hold multiple items
35
       in the order in which they are inserted (e.g., each bucket can be a linked list).
36
       Call this vector buckets[0..9].
37
38
39
     for d = NUM DIGITS down to 1: // start at right-most digit in each integer
       Clear all the buckets.
40
41
       Distribute the values of A into the buckets:
42
       for i = 0 to A.size()-1:
43
         nextdigit = d'th digit of A[i] // assume zero if digit doesn't exist.
44
         Add A[i] to the end of bucket[nextdigit]
45
46
       Copy the buckets back to A:
47
       nextpos = 0
48
49
         copy elements of buckets[digit] into the next buckets[digit].size()
50
           positions of A starting at position nextpos.
51
         nextpos += buckets[digit].size()
52
53
```

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