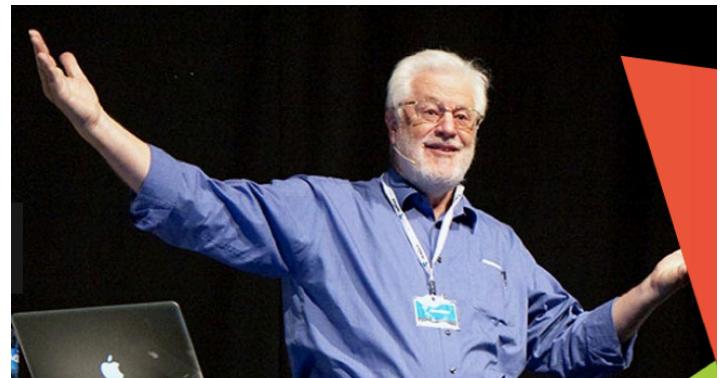


Power to the Programmers !

**Agile Change thru Software Engineering
Quantified Proven Real Best Practices**

**Krakow
ACE! Conference
17th June 2014 Keynote
1 hour, 10:30 to 11:30
@ImTomGilb
Tom at Gilb dot com
Gilb.com
These slides are at
<http://www.gilb.com/dl821>**



The Leader of the Revolution
Motto “Join or Die”

“Code or
Create,
To determine your fate”

Sorry ! (not *really* ☺)

- I *like* fully filled-up, BUSY, DENSE, slides
- They reflect *my* reality: ***detailed facts***, like ‘code’
- If you don’t like dense slides



- Close your eyes for the rest of this talk



You can download my slides afterwards, and...
them deeply,

- when you feel more-technically receptive and motivated

PS If you prefer very simple slides
and presentations

see <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kOfK6rSLVTA>
or Google: ‘Tom Gilb TEDx’



Confessions of a Coder

- **I was a programmer (1958-1978),**
 - **But I decided I wanted more *power and influence***
 - *on the quality and usefulness of my work*
 - *I did not want to be part of the 50% totally failed IT projects*
 - *I wanted my projects to ALWAYS succeed*
 - **And I was tired of being told what to do by managers and users**
 - **Who did not strike me as blindingly savvy**

17 June 2014

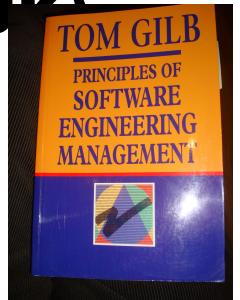
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Agile Credibility

- **Agile ‘Grandfather’ (Tom)**

- **Practicing ‘Agile’ IT Projects since 1960**
- **Preaching Agile since 1970’s (CW UVA)**
- **Acknowledged Pioneer by Agile Gurus and Research**
 - Beck, Sutherland, Highsmith, Cohn, Larman etc.
 - Ask me for details on this! I am too shy to show it here!



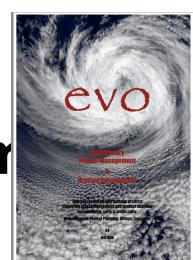
- **Agile Practice**

- **IT: for decades (Kai and Ton)**

Tuesday, 17 June 14

© Gilb.com

- **Organisations: for Decades**





OK I am not that shy!

Agile References:

"Tom Gilb invented *Evo*, arguably the first Agile process. He and his son Kai have been working with me in Norway to align what they are doing with Scrum."

Kai has some excellent case studies where he has acted as Product Owner. He has done some of the most innovative things I have seen in the Scrum community."

Jeff Sutherland, co-inventor of Scrum, 5Feb 2010 in Scrum Alliance Email.

"Tom Gilb's Planguage referenced and praised at #scrumgathering by Jeff Sutherland. I highly agree" Mike Cohn, Tweet, Oct 19 2009

"I've always considered Tom to have been the original agilist. In 1989, he wrote about short iterations (each should be no more than 2% of the total project schedule). This was long before the rest of us had it figured out." Mike Cohn <http://blog.mountaingoatsoftware.com/?p=77>

Comment of Kent Beck on Tom Gilb's book , "Principles of Software Engineering Management": "A strong case for evolutionary delivery – small releases, constant refactoring, intense dialog with the customer". (Beck, page 173).

In a mail to Tom, Kent wrote: "I'm glad you and I have some alignment of ideas. I stole enough of yours that I'd be disappointed if we didn't :-), Kent" (2003)

Jim Highsmith (an Agile Manifesto signatory) commented: "Two individuals in particular pioneered the evolution of iterative development approached in the 1980's – Barry Boehm with his Spiral Model and Tom Gilb with his *Evo* model. I drew on Boehm's and Gilb's ideas for early inspiration in developing Adaptive Software Development. Gilb has long advocated this more explicit (quantitative) valuation in order to capture the early value and increase ROI" (Cutter It Journal: The Journal of Information Technology Management, July 2004page 4, July 2004).

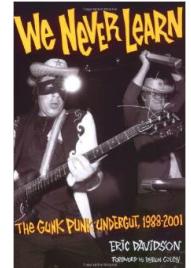


© Gilb.com Agility is the Tool

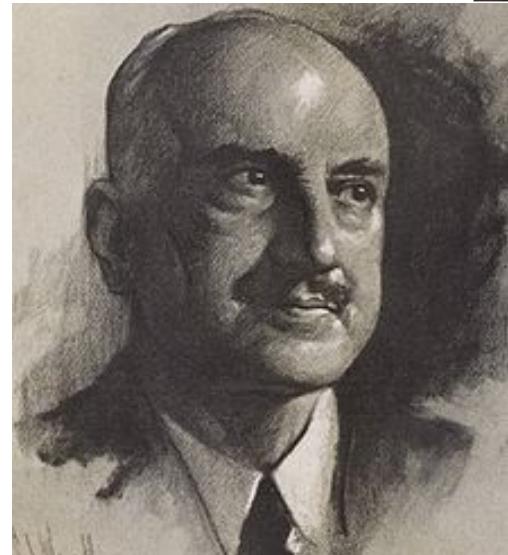


6

Will we never learn ?



- **“Those who cannot remember the past are condemned to repeat it.”**
- *The Life of Reason (1905-1906)*
 - Vol. I, *Reason in Common Sense*



Jorge Agustín Nicolás Ruiz de Santayana y Borr
known as **George Santayana**
(December 16, 1863 – September 26, 1952),
was a philosopher, essayist, poet, and novelist.

Grandpa Guru Tom Speaks

- **I am your historian.**
- **I joined IBM in 1958**
- **And lived intensively through the entire computer age**
- **I'll tell you what I have learned, before I go.**
- **But this might be your last chance.**
- **You, and your teachers, have missed all other such opportunities up to now**
- **Are YOU doomed to repeat the errors of the software past?**

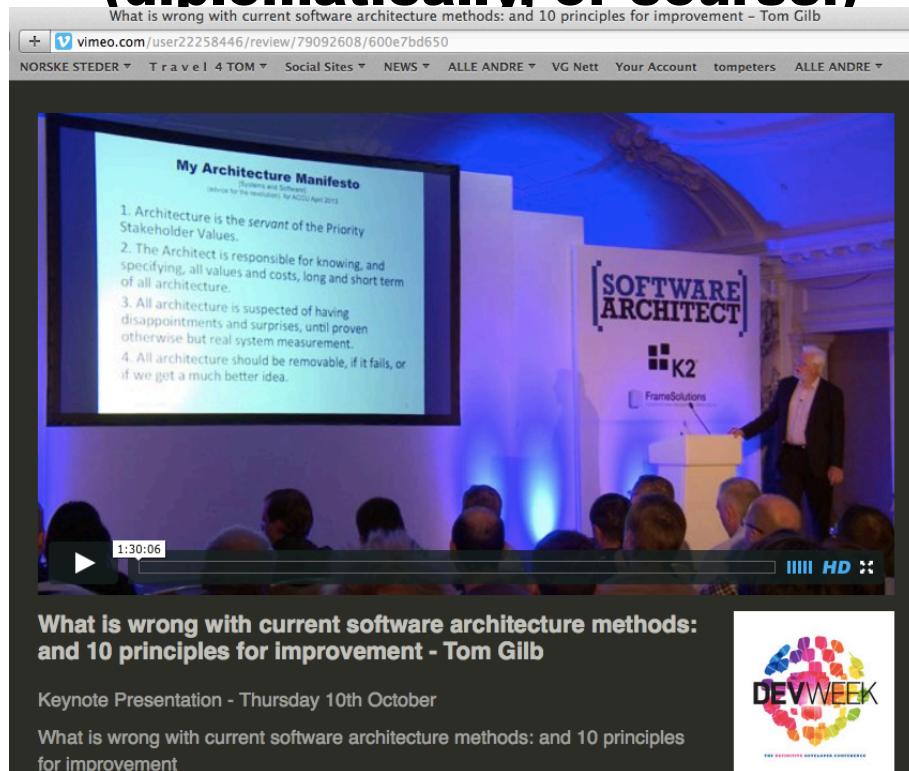


Basic ideas: of this talk

- **Power to the Programmers**

- Delegation of power to programmers is a smart idea.
- It is provably and measurably smarter than
 - leaving the power with
- **managers (BOO !)**
 - to design the *developer's own* work environment, and
- **with IT architects (BOO !) to design the technology,**
 - that we are then told to code.
- **Delegating the power to DEVELOPERS (YESSSS !) ,**
 - to create a better working-environment,
 - and to design the technology for our stakeholders,
 - is better - because
 - developers are closer to the action,
 - are more informed in practical detail;
 - and they can rapidly and frequently, test and measure, that their ideas *really* work.

Tom, telling 300 IT Architects that they are ridiculous, incompetent, immature, embarrassing, and pompous (diplomatically, of course!)



VIDEO = <http://vimeo.com/user22258446/review/79092608/600e7bd650>

How?



- Make developers responsible
 - for delivery of the ‘quantified’ critical requirements
 - (Performance, Qualities, cost, deadline)
- Give them the freedom to decide the right designs
 - With immediate responsibility to *measure* that they are delivering the results
- Get the ‘unprofessional’ users and **customers** ‘off their backs’
 - Avoid receiving features and stories

**Cases: Raytheon and IBM
use ‘Defect prevention Process’
‘DPP’,= CMM Level 5) to
EMPOWER DEVELOPERS**

TO RADICALLY CHANGE THEIR OWN WORK ENVIRONMENT



Designing Your Own Organization ?

Management Decides our fate

WE decide our fate



Background 1970-1980

MANAGERS FAIL

- Michael Fagan and Ron Radice co-invent ‘Software Inspection’
 - The intent was to collect data on bugs and defects
 - Use it to find frequent common causes
 - To improve development processes
 - The attitude was explicitly
 - ‘managers should manage’ (MEF to TsG)
 - **THEY FAILED TO GET REAL PROCESS IMPROVEMENT**

1980

The ‘Troops’ succeed, where the Generals Failed

- Robert Mays and Carol L. Jones, at IBM Research Triangle Park, NC
- Invent ‘Defect Prevention Process’ → Ch 17
- Major idea:
 - Delegate power to devs to
 - Analyze their OWN defects
 - And fix their OWN process
- THAT *WORKED*



Software Process Improvement at Raytheon

- Source : Raytheon Report 1995
 - <http://resources.sei.cmu.edu/library/asset-view.cfm?assetid=12403> (this is a header to the download) Tested May 2014
 - Search “Dion & Raytheon” (Dion is Florida retired in 2014)
 - http://resources.sei.cmu.edu/asset_files/TechnicalR

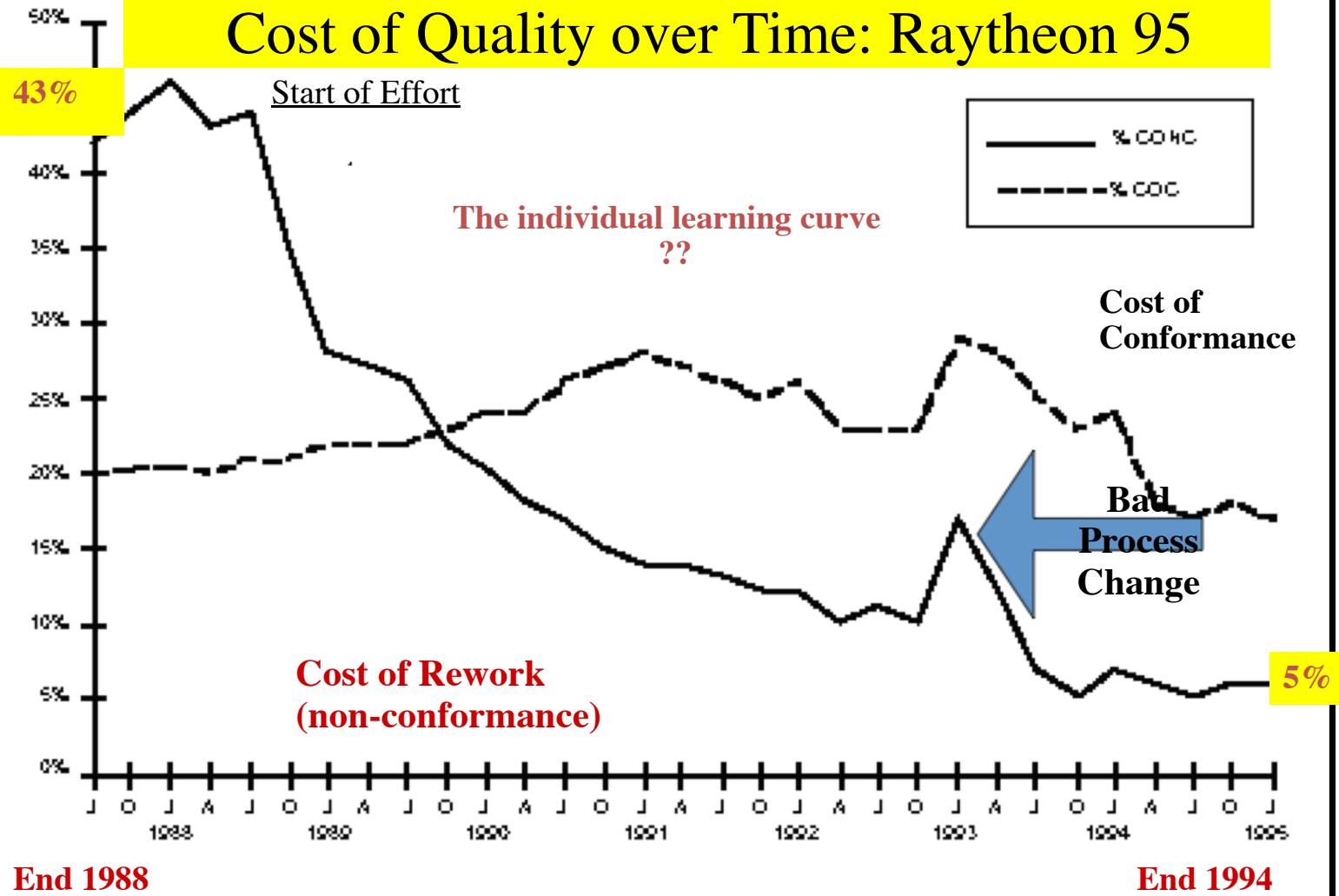
Technical Report
CMU/SEI-95-TR-017
ESC-TR-95-017

Raytheon Electronic Systems Experience in Software Process Improvement

Tom Haley
Blake Ireland
Ed Wojtaszek
Dan Nash
Ray Dion

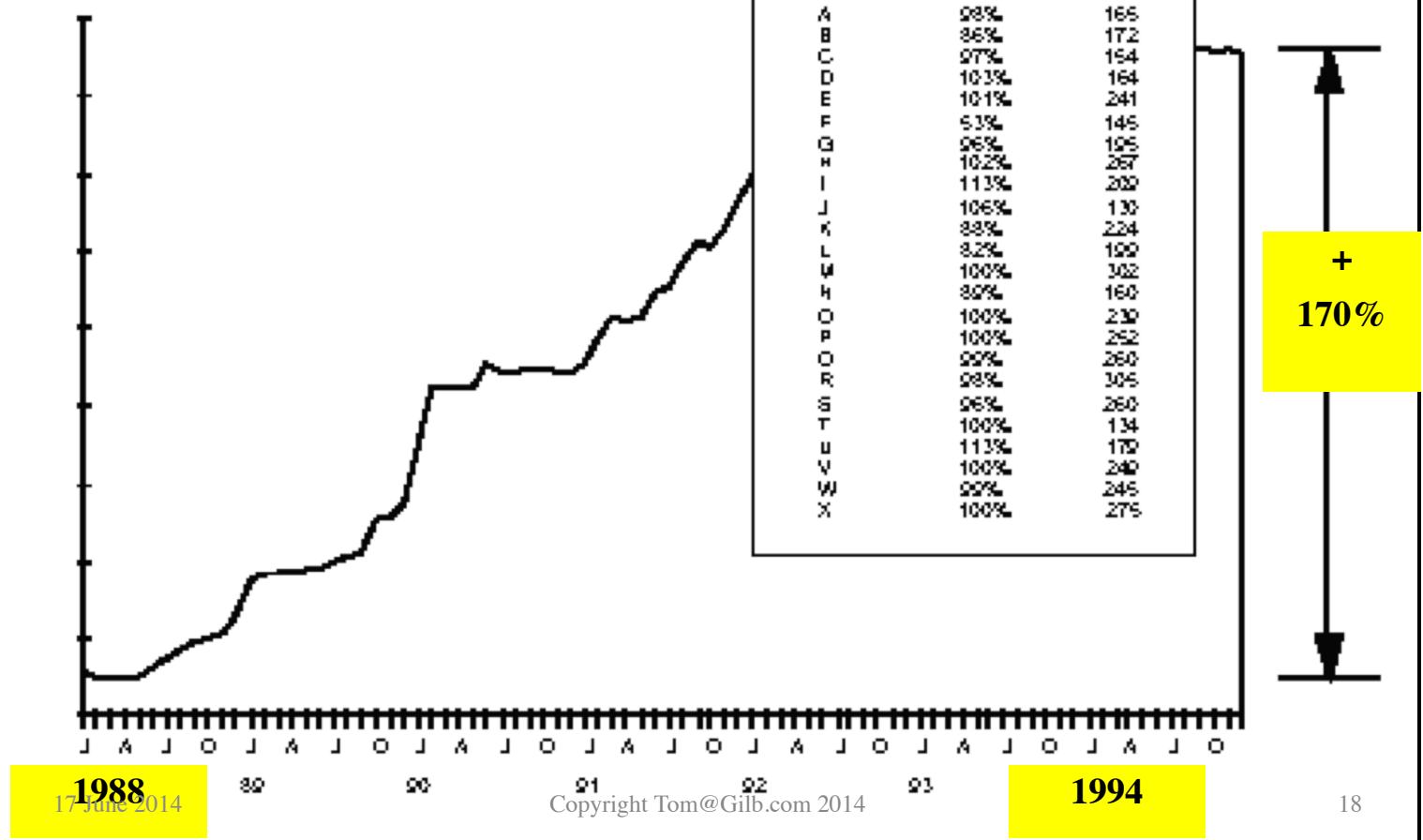
November 1995

Cost of Quality over Time: Raytheon 95

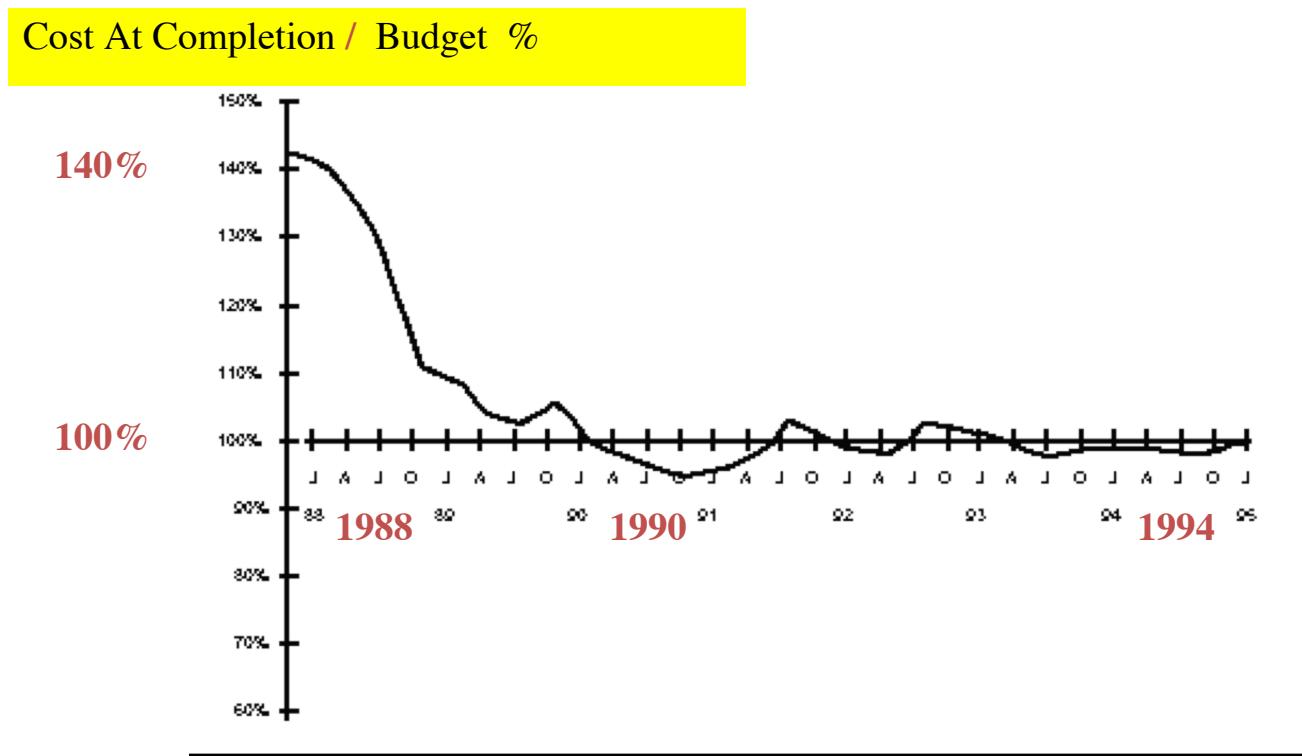


Raytheon 95 Software Productivity 2.7X better

Productivity



Achieving Project Predictability: Raytheon 95



Examples of Process Improvements: Raytheon 95

- **Process Improvements Made**

- **Erroneous interfaces during integration and test -**

- Increased the detail required for interface design during the requirements analysis phase and preliminary design phase - Increased thoroughness of inspections of interface specifications

- **Lack of regression test repeatability -**

- Automated testing - Standardized the tool set for automated testing - Increased frequency of regression testing

- **Inconsistent inspection process -**

- Established control limits that are monitored by project teams - Trained project teams in the use of statistical process control - Continually analyze the inspection data for trends at the organisation level

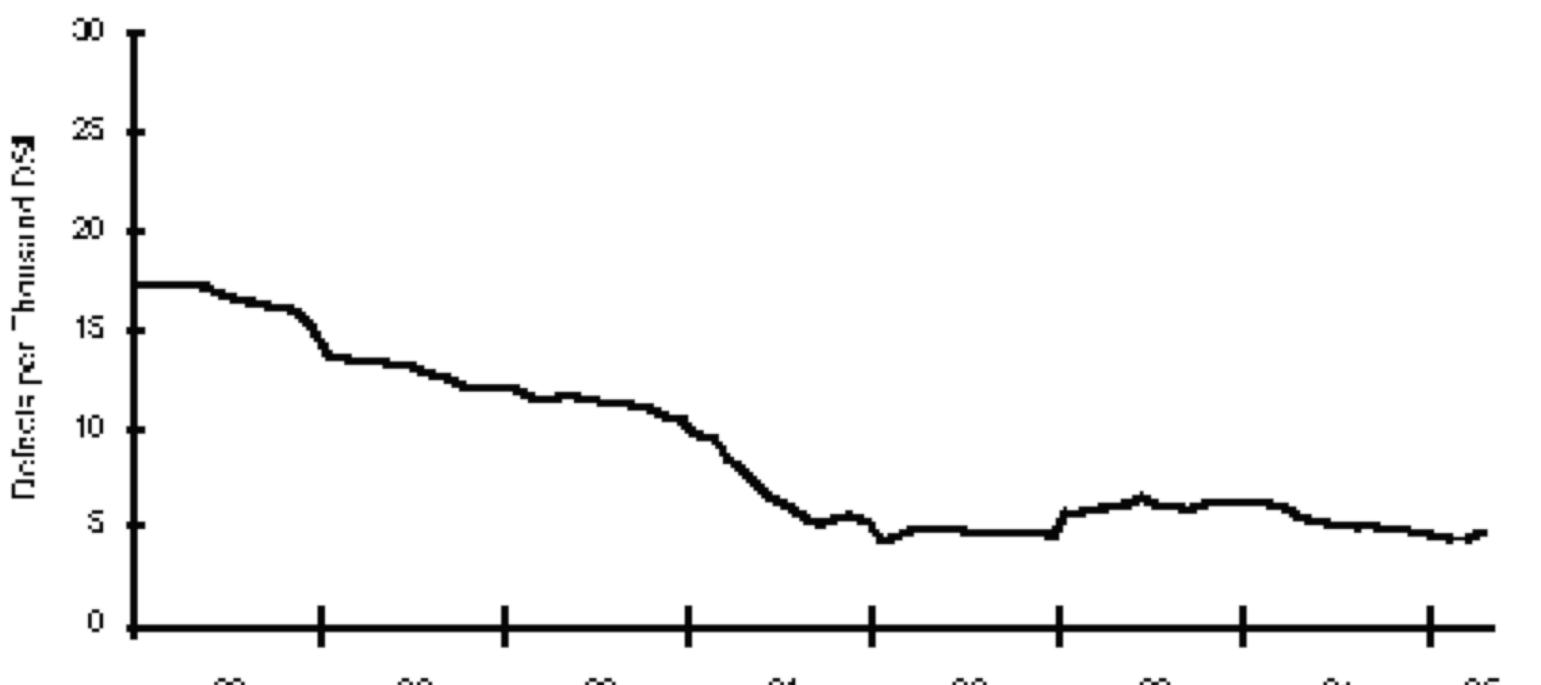
- **Late requirements up-dates -**

- Improved the tool set for maintaining requirements traceability - Confirm the requirements mapping at each process phase

- **Unplanned growth of functionality during Requirements Analysis**

- Improved the monitoring of the evolving specifications against the customer baseline - Continually map the requirements to the functional proposal baseline to identify changes in addition to the passive monitoring of code growth - Improved requirements, design, cost, and schedule tradeoffs to reduce impacts

Overall Product Quality: Raytheon 95

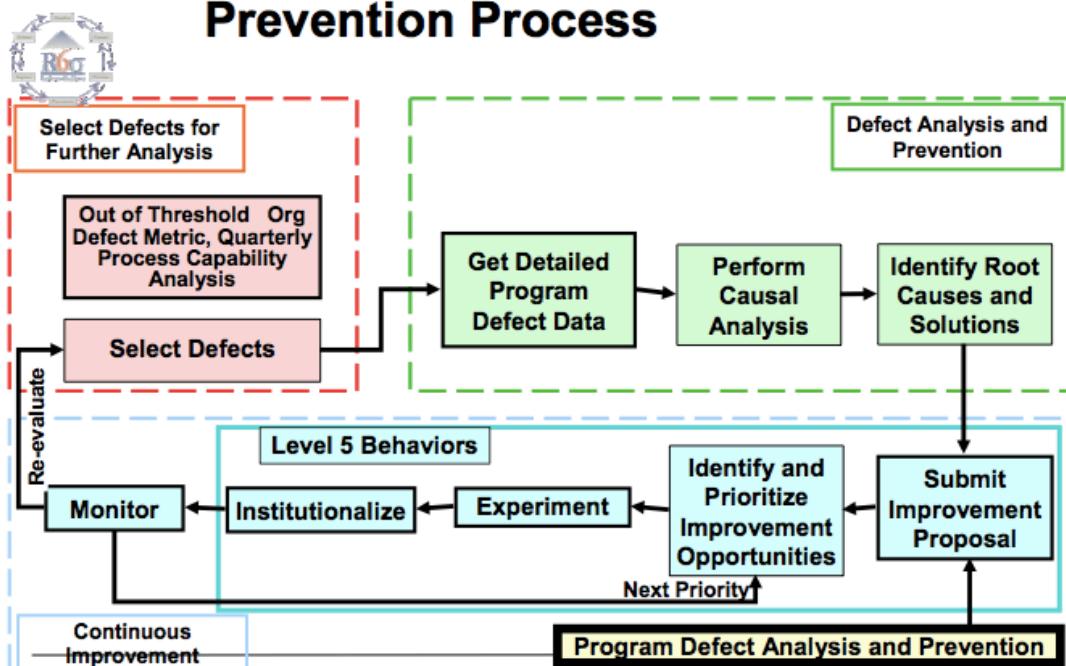


Return On Investment

- \$7.70 per \$1 invested at Raytheon
- Sell your improvement program to top management on this basis
- Set a concrete target for it
 - PLAN [Our Division, 2 years hence] 8 to 1

The DPP Process

Organization Defect Analysis and Prevention Process



What's Going on Here?

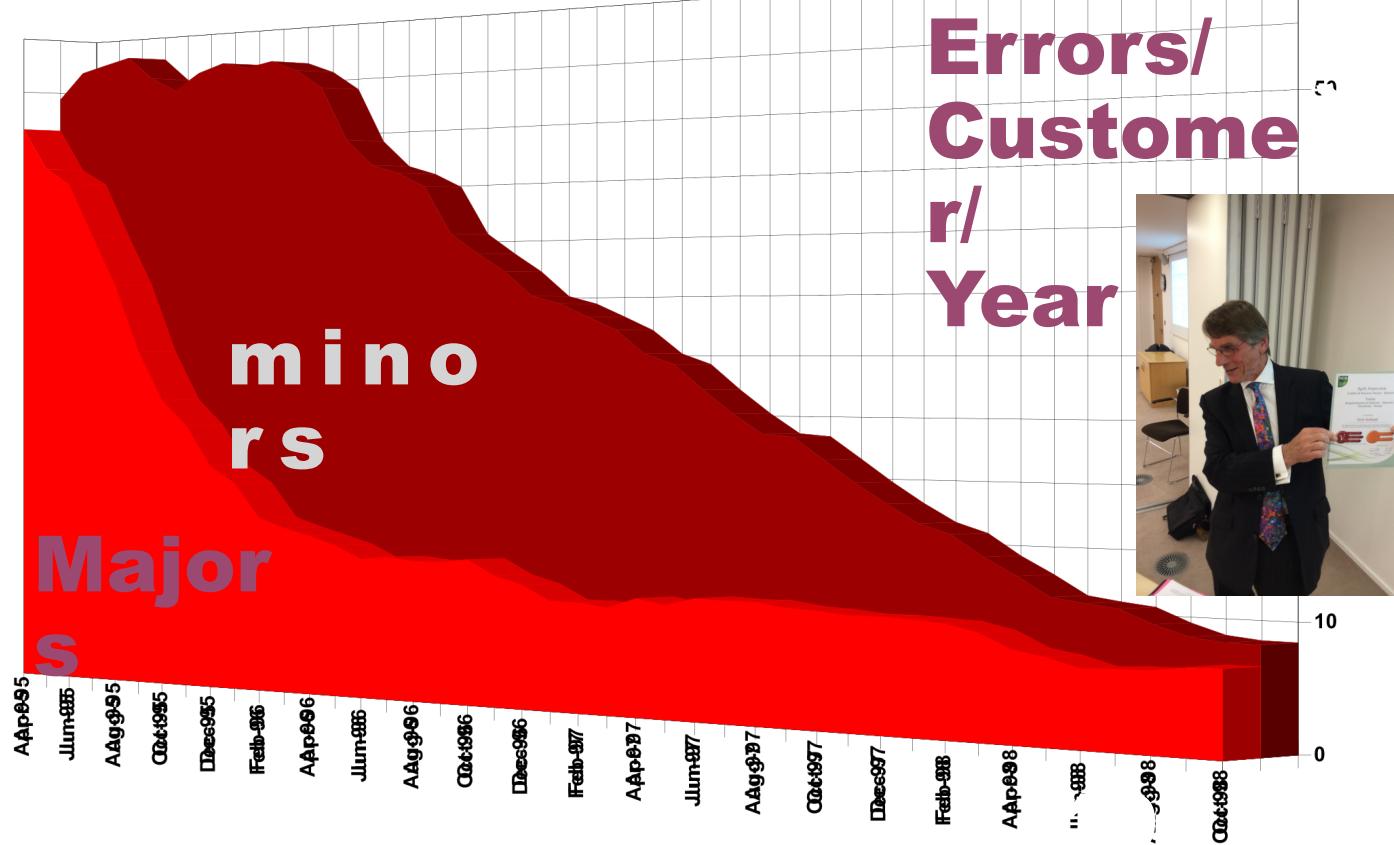
- 1,000 programmers
 - Later joined by 1,000 merged new programmers
 - Are
 - Analyzing their **own** bugs and spec defects
 - Suggesting their **own** work environment changes
 - And reducing their 43% rework by 10 X
- Power has been delegated to the programmers

Improving the *Reliability* Attribute

Primark, London (Gilb Client)

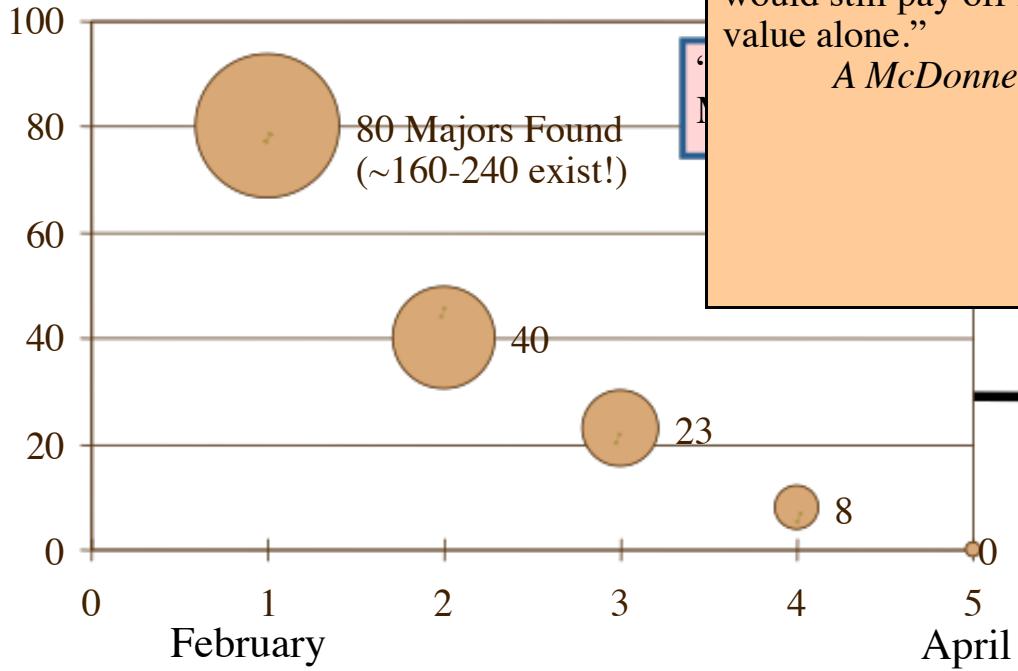
see case study Dick Holland, "Agent of Change" from Gilb.com

Using, Inspections, Defect Prevention, and Planguage for Management Objectives⁶⁰



Positive Motivation Personal Improvement

Defects/Page

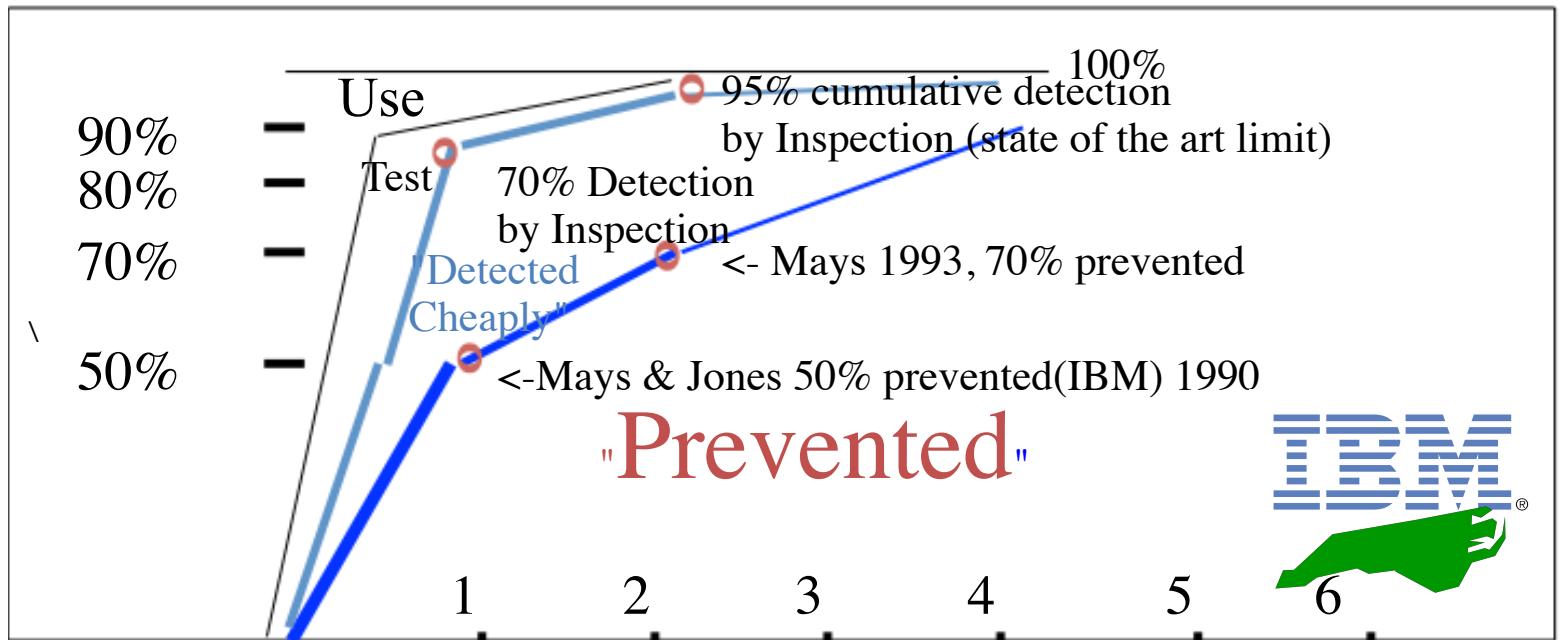


"We find an hour of doing Inspection is worth ten hours of company classroom training."

A McDonnell-Douglas line manager
"Even if Inspection did not have all the other measurable quality and cost benefits which we are finding, then it would still pay off for the training value alone."

A McDonnell Douglas Director

Prevention + Pre-test Detection is the most effective and efficient

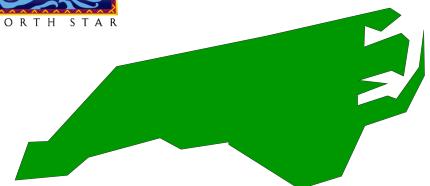


- Prevention data based on state of the art prevention experiences (IBM RTP), Others (Space Shuttle IBM SJ 1-95) 95%+ (99.99% in Fixes)
- Cumulative Inspection detection data based on state of the art Inspection (in an environment where prevention is also being used, IBM MN, Sema UK, IBM UK)

IBM MN & NC DP Experience

- **2162 DPP Actions implemented**

- between Dec. 91 and May 1993 (30 months)<-Kan
- RTP about 182 per year for 200 people.<-Mays 1995
 - 1822 suggested ten years (85-94)
 - 175 test related
- RTP 227 person org<- Mays slides
 - 130 actions (@ 0.5 work-years)
 - 34 causal analysis meetings @ 0.2 work-years
 - 19 action team meetings @ 0.1work-years
 - Kickoff meeting @ 0.1 work-years
 - TOTAL costs 1% of org. resources



- ROI DPP 10:1 to 13:1, internal 2:1 to 3:1
- Defect Rates at all stages 50% lower with DPP

Summary DPP

Managers: 0 Devs : 1



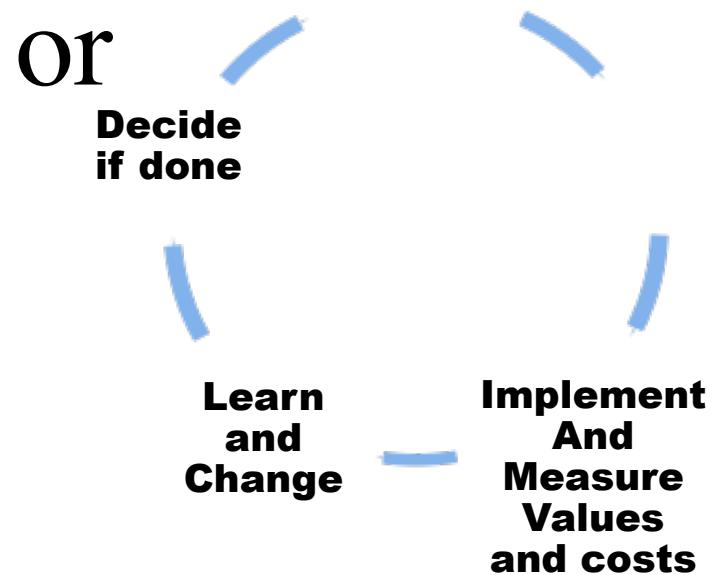
- Developers are *better* at managing their own work environment, than their managers are
- ‘Directors’ should NOT design the work environment
- Developers should ‘evolve the environment’
 - through practical deep personal insights,
 - and take responsibility for their own work situation

Case: Delegating Software product design to the Developers

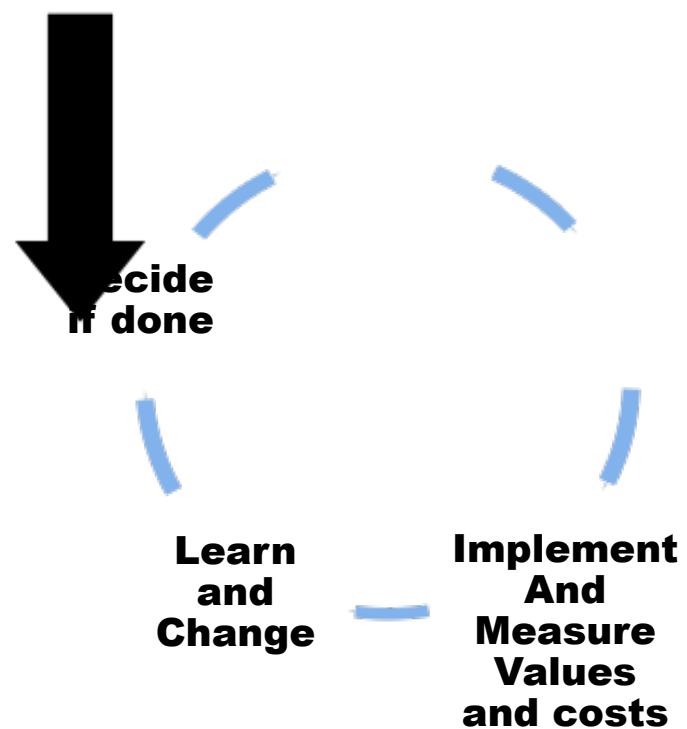


"In the interest of overcoming my reluctance to delegate, starting Monday I want you to do all of my worrying for me."

Product/IT System Design



Programmer Team does *design* and *measurement* of their design



The Confirmit Case Study 2003-2014



Their product =

confirmit®



Trond Johansen

We gave them a 1 day briefing on
our Evo method and Planguage

That's all they needed to succeed!

They were Real engineers



Customer Successes in Corporate Sector



Real Example of 1 of the 25 Quality Requirements

Usability.Productivity:

Scale for quantification: Time in minutes to set up a typical specified Market Research-report

Past Level [Release 8.0]: 65 mins.,

Tolerable Limit [Release 8.5]: 35 mins.,

Goal [Release 8.5]: 25 mins.



17 June 2014

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Market
Research
& Feedback



Trond Johansen

36

Shift: from Function to Quality

- **Our new focus is on the daily operations of our Market Research users,**
 - **not a list of features. that they might or might not like. 50% never used!**
 -
 - **We KNOW that increased efficiency, which leads to more profit, will please them.**
 - **The ‘45 minutes actually saved x thousands of customer reports’**

Quantified Value Delivery Project Management in a Nutshell

Quantified Value Requirements, Design, Design Value/cost estimation, Measurement of Value Delivery, Incremental Project Progress to Date

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							E	Recoding			
4								Estimated impact	Actual impact		
5	Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%	
6				Usability.Replacability (feature count)							
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8				Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)							
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12				Usability.Intuitiveness (%)							
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14				Usability.Productivity (minutes)							
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25				
16				Development resources							
17											
18											
19											
20											
21											
Pri ori ty											
Next week											
Warn inn											

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June 17, 2014

Every user, every day, was using an average of 65 minutes to set up a report

Usability.Productivity

Scale for quantification: Time in minutes to set up a typical specified Market Research-report

Past Level [Release 8.0]: 65 mins.,

Tolerable Limit [Release 8.5]: 35 mins.,

Goal [Release 8.5]: 25 mins.



				G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5	
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10	
12				Usability,In enness (%)				
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		60	80		
14				Usability,Productivity (minutes)				
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00 50,00 38,00 95,00
20				Development resources				
21		101,0	91,8		0		110	4,00 3,64 4,00 3,64

The worst acceptable case requirement, for the next quarterly world release, is 35 minutes, or better; less is ‘intolerable’

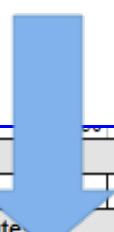
Usability.Productivity

Scale for quantification: Time in minutes to set up a typical specified Market Research-report

Past Level [Release 8.0]: 65 mins.

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A	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13	0,00	0,0	0,0	0
14				80
15	20,00	45,0	112,5	65 35 25
20				20,00 50,00 38,00 95,00
21		101,0	91,8	0 110 4,00 3,64 4,00 3,64

Step9 Recoding									
Estimated impact					Actual impact				
Units	%	Units	%		Units	%	Units	%	
0									
5									
5									
10									

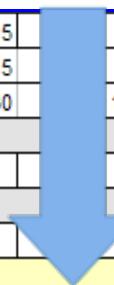
The committed *target level requirement*, the ‘Goal’, is to get the user task down to 25 minutes or better.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	
1												
2		Current Status	Imp.									
3												
4												
5		Units	Units									
6												
7		1,00										
8												
9		5,00										
10		10,00	10,00									
11		0,00										
12												
13		0,00	0,0	0,0	0	60						
14					Usability/Productivity (minutes)							
15		20,00	45,0	112,5	65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00	
20					Development resources							
21			101,0	91,8	0			110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

**The weekly ‘value delivery cycle’ resource is 110 work-hours
(4 days, effective time for the team of 3 to 4 people)**

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2		Current Status	Improvement								
3											
4		Units	Units								
5											
6											
7	1,00	1,0									
8											
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15		5			
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15		5			
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30		10			
12				Usability.Intuitiveness (%)							
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60					
14				Usability.Productivity (minutes)							
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35		20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20				Development resources							
21		101,0	91,8		0	110		4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

**Work Hours available
this weekly delivery
cycle.
For 4 people.
110 effective hours**



The developer team can choose the requirement they want to prioritize, and work on, this week. They chose the 0.0 (no improvement yet, in last 8 weeks) of the 'Productivity requirement

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2											
3		Current Status	Improvements								
4					Past						
5		Units	Units	%							
6					Usabilit						
7	1,00	1,0		50,0							
8					Usabilit						
9	5,00	5,0		100,0		0	15	5			
10	10,00	10,0		200,0		0	15	5			
11	0,00	0,0		0,0		0	30	10			
12					Usability.Intuitiveness (%)						
13	0,00	0,0		0,0		0	60	80			
14					Usability.Productivity (minutes)						
15	20,00	45,0	0,0			65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00
20					Development resources						
21			101,0	91,8		0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00
											3,64

**The team chooses to work on a weak point.
This is 'dynamic prioritization' – Decisions based on the weekly 'state of play'**

Every user, every day, was using an average of 65 minutes to set up a report. We want a 40 minute improvement to that, to 25 minutes

	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1				
2	Step9			
3	Recoding			
4				
5	Estimated impact		Actual impact	
6	Units	%	Units	%
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13	0,00	0,0	0,0	0 60 80
14				Usability.Productivity (minutes)
15	20,00	45,0	112,5	65 35 25
20				Development resources
21		101,0	91,8	0 110
				4,00 3,64 4,00 3,64

The team has a 30 minute ‘design’ meeting, to suggest designs which might help move from 65 minutes for the task, towards the 25 minute Goal level

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact		Actual impact		
5		Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6					Usability.Replacability (feature count)						
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8					Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)						
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12					Usability.Intuitiveness (%)						
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14					Usability.Productivity (minutes)						
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
16					Development resources						
17		101,0	91,8		0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

'Recoding' is the name of 1 of 12 suggested, brainstormed, designs for saving user effort, by any member of the developer team

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact		Actual impact		
5	Units		Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6	Usability.Replacability (feature count)										
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8	Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)										
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12	Usability.Intuitiveness (%)										
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14	Usability.Productivity (minutes)										
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20	Development resources										
21		101,0	91,8		0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

'Recoding' was estimated, by the suggester, to save 20 minutes time for the users

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact		Actual impact		
5		Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6					Usability.Replacability (feature count)						
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8					Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)						
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12					Usability.Intuitiveness (%)						
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14					Usability.Productivity (minutes)						
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20					Development resources						
21		101,0	91,8	0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64	

'Recoding' was also estimated to take the entire 4 day delivery cycle available. No time left to add more solutions, in order to try to get closer to the target, on this delivery cycle.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact		Actual impact		
5		Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6					Usability.Replacability (feature count)						
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8					Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)						
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12					Usability.Intuitiveness (%)						
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14					Usability.Productivity (minutes)						
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20					Development resources						
21		101,0	91,8	0	0	0	0	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

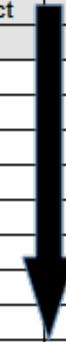
And 20 minutes saving, was the best ‘impact’ estimated from the 12 total suggestions made by the team members. So ‘Recoding’ (of marketing codes) was chosen as the best thing to do that week.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4				Estimated impact		Actual impact					
5	Units		Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6	Usability.Replacability (feature count)										
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8	Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)										
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12	Usability.Intuitiveness (%)										
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14	Usability.Productivity (minutes)										
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20	Development resources										
21		101,0	91,8		0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

And 20 minutes saving, is equivalent to 50% of the way between Past and Goal ($65 - 25 = 40$, $20/40 = 50\%$).

This is another way of expressing the expected impact of Recoding

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact	Actual impact			
5	Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%	
6	Usability.Replacability (feature count)										
7	1,00	1,0	50,0	2	1	0					
8	Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)										
9	5,00	5,0	100,0	0	15	5					
10	10,00	10,0	200,0	0	15	5					
11	0,00	0,0	0,0	0	30	10					
12	Usability.Intuitiveness (%)										
13	0,00	0,0	0,0	0	60	80					
14	Usability.Productivity (minutes)										
15	20,00	45,0	112,5	65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00	
16	Development resources										
17				0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64	
18		101,0	91,8								



The team commits to the ‘Recoding’ solution. They code, test and handover to Microsoft usability Labs in Washington State, who volunteered to independently measure all the Usability designs.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact	Actual impact			
5	Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%	
6	Usability.Replacability (feature count)										
7	1,00	1,0	50,0	2	1	0					
8	Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)										
9	5,00	5,0	100,0	0	15	5					
10	10,00	10,0	200,0	0	15	5					
11	0,00	0,0	0,0	0	30	10					
12	Usability.Intuitiveness (%)										
13	0,00	0,0	0,0	0	60	80					
14	Usability.Productivity (minutes)										
15	20,00	45,0	112,5	65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00	
20	Development resources										
21		101,0	91,8	0	110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64		

The result was a saving, or improvement of 38 minutes, or 95% of the way to the target requirement of 25 minutes

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvements		Goals			Step9				
3							Recoding				
4							Estimated impact		Actual impact		
5		Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6					Usability.Replacability (feature count)						
7	1,00	1,0	50,0		2	1	0				
8					Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)						
9	5,00	5,0	100,0		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	200,0		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	30	10				
12					Usability.Intuitiveness (%)						
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14					Usability.Productivity (minutes)						
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20					Development resources						
21		101,0	91,8	0		110		4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

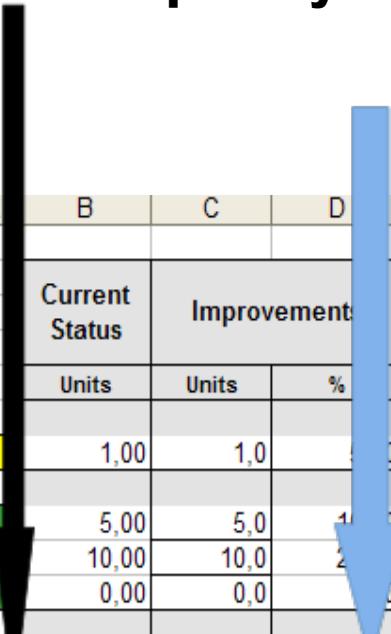


**This was not good enough for Trond Johansen.
And he did not want to use 1 of the 3 remaining weeks to release (10, 11, 12th weeks) in
order to get to 100% of the target.
So, he asked one team member to spend the weekend tuning the ‘Recoding’ solution.
And he managed to get the timing down to 20 minutes.
12.5% more than the 25 minutes targeted.
Thus total impact is 112.5%**



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvement	Goals	Step9							
3				Recoding							
4				Estimated impact	Actual impact						
5	Units	Units	%	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%	
6				Usability.Replacability (feature count)							
7	1,00	1,0	100	0	2	1	0				
8				Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)							
9	5,00	5,0	100	0	15	5					
10	10,00	10,0	100	0	15	5					
11	0,00	0,0	0,0	0	30	10					
12				Usability.Intuitiveness (%)							
13	0,00	0,0	0,0	0	60	80					
14				Usability.Productivity (minutes)							
15	20,00	45,0	112,5	65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00	
20				Development resources							
21		101,0	91,8	0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64	

And the priority flag turns Green (no priority, Goal reached)



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BX	BY	BZ	CA
1											
2	Current Status	Improvement			Goals			Step9			
3								Recoding			
4								Estimated impact	Actual impact		
5	Units	Units	%		Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	%	Units	%
6					Usability.Replacability (feature count)						
7	1,00	1,0	100		2	1	0				
8					Usability.Speed.NewFeaturesImpact (%)						
9	5,00	5,0	100		0	15	5				
10	10,00	10,0	100		0	15	5				
11	0,00	0,0	0		0	30	10				
12					Usability.Intuitiveness (%)						
13	0,00	0,0	0,0		0	60	80				
14					Usability.Productivity (minutes)						
15	20,00	45,0	112,5		65	35	25	20,00	50,00	38,00	95,00
20					Development resources						
21		101,0	91,8		0		110	4,00	3,64	4,00	3,64

EVO Plan Confirmit 8.5 in Evo Step Impact Measurement
 4 product areas were attacked in all: **25 Qualities** concurrently, one quarter of a year. Total development staff = 13

Impact Estimation Table: Reportal codename "Hyggen"														
Current Status	Improvements		Reportal - E-SAT features						Current Status	Improvements		Survey Engine .NET		
	Units	Units %	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	Units %	Past	Tolerable	Goal				
75,0	25,0	62,5	50	75	90	83,0	48,0	80,0	40	85	95			
14,0	14,0	100,0	0	11	14	0,0	67,0	100,0	67	0	0			
15,0	15,0	107,1	Usability.Consistency.Interaction (Components)	0	11	14	4,0	59,0	100,0	63	8	4		
5,0	75,0	96,2	Usability.Productivity (minutes)	80	5	2	10,0	397,0	100,0	407	100	10		
5,0	45,0	95,7	Usability.Flexibility.OfflineReport.ExportFormats	50	5	1	94,0	2290,0	103,9	2384	500	180		
3,0	2,0	66,7	Usability.Robustness (errors)	1	3	4	10,0	10,0	13,3	0	100	100		
1,0	22,0	95,7	Usability.Replacability (nr of features)	7	1	0	774,0	507,0	51,7	1281	600	300		
4,0	5,0	100,0	Usability.ResponseTime.ExportReport (minutes)	8	5	3	5,0	3,0	60,0	2	5	7		
1,0	12,0	150,0	Usability.ResponseTime.ViewReport (seconds)	13	13	15	0,0	0,0	0,0	?	?	?		
1,0	14,0	100,0	Development resources	15	1	1	3,0	35	97,2	38	3	2		
203,0	0	0		91	91	0,0	800	100,0	800	0	0	Runtime.ResourceUsage.MemoryLeak		
						350	1100	146,7	150	500	1000	RuntimeConcurrency (number of users)		
						64	64	0	0	84	Development resources			

Reportal - MR Features														
Current Status	Improvements		Reportal - MR Features						Current Status	Improvements		XML Web Services		
	Units	Units %	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	Units %	Past	Tolerable	Goal				
1,0	1,0	50,0	Usability.Replacability (feature count)	14	13	12	7,0	9,0	81,8	16	10	5		
20,0	45,0	112,5	Usability.Productivity (minutes)	65	35	25	17,0	8,0	53,3	25	15	10		
4,4	4,4	36,7	Usability.ClientAcceptance (features count)	0	4	12	943,0	-186,0	#####	170	60	30		
101,0	0	0	Development resources	0	0	86	5,0	10,0	95,2	15	7,5	4,5		

XML Web Services														
Current Status	Improvements		XML Web Services						Current Status	Improvements		Reportal - E-SAT features		
	Units	Units %	Past	Tolerable	Goal	Units	Units %	Past	Tolerable	Goal				
7,0	9,0	81,8	TransferDefinition.Usability.Efficiency	16	10	5	83,0	48,0	80,0	40	85	95		
17,0	8,0	53,3	TransferDefinition.Usability.Response	25	15	10	0,0	67,0	100,0	67	0	0		
943,0	-186,0	#####	TransferDefinition.Usability.Intuitiveness	170	60	30	4,0	59,0	100,0	63	8	4		
5,0	10,0	95,2	Development resources	15	7,5	4,5	10,0	10,0	100,0	100	100	100		
2,0	0	0		0	0	84	64	0	0	84	Development resources			



Confirmit Evo Weekly Value Delivery Cycle

	Development Team	Users (PMT, Pros, Doc writer, other)	CTO (Sys Arch, Process Mgr)	QA (Configuration Manager & Test Manager)
Friday	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ PM: Send Version N detail plan to CTO + prior to Project Mgmt meeting ✓ PM: Attend Project Mgmt meeting: 12.00-15.00 ✓ Developers: Focus on general maintenance work, documentation. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Approve/reject design & Step N ✓ Attend Project Mgmt meeting: 12-15 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Run final build and create setup for Version N-1. ✓ Install setup on test servers (external and internal) ✓ Perform initial crash test and then release Version N-1
Monday	✓ Develop test code & code for Version N	✓ Use Version N-1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Follow up CI ✓ Review test plans, tests
Tuesday	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Develop Test Code & Code for Version N ✓ Meet with users to Discuss Action Taken Regarding Feedback From Version N-1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Meet with developers to give Feedback and Discuss Action Taken from previous actions 	✓ System Architect to review code and test code	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Follow up CI ✓ Review test plans, tests
Wednesday	✓ Develop test code & code for Version N			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Review test plans, tests ✓ Follow up CI
Thursday	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Complete Test Code & Code for Version N ✓ Complete GUI tests for Version N-2 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Review test plans, tests ✓ Follow up CI



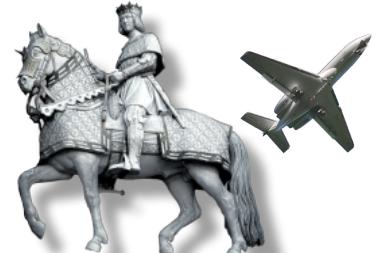
Evo's impact on Confirmit product qualities 1st Qtr

- Only 5 highlights of the 25 impacts are listed here

tion of requirement/work task



Release 8.5



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Developers love 'Empowered Creativity'

- **EVO has resulted in**
 - increased motivation and
 - enthusiasm amongst developers,
 - it opens up for *empowered creativity*



- **Developers**
 - embraced the method and
 - saw the value of using it,
 - even though they found parts of EVO difficult to understand and execute (without training)

confirm it ✓

17 June 2014

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Trond Johansen

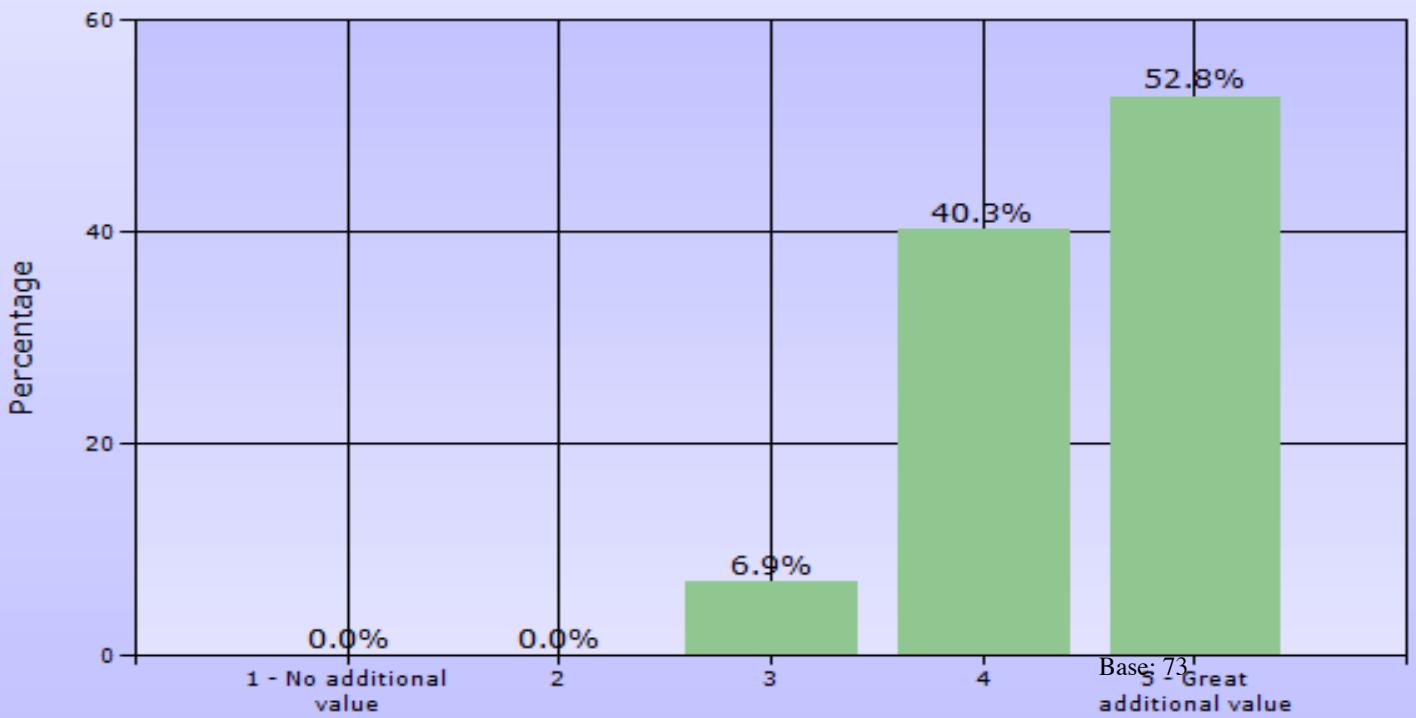
58

Initial Customer Feedback on the new Confirmit 9.0

November 24th, 2004

Initial perceived value of the new release (Base 73 people)

To what extent do you feel Confirmit 9.0 will give you additional value?



Evo's impact on Confirmit 9.0 product qualities Results from the second quarter of using Evo. 1/2

Product quality	Description	Customer value
Intuitiveness	Probability that an inexperienced user can intuitively figure out how to set up a defined Simple Survey correctly.	Probability increased by 175%
Productivity	Time in minutes for a defined advanced user, with full knowledge of 9.0 functionality, to set up a defined advanced survey correctly.	Time reduced by 38%

Product quality	Description	Customer value
Productivity	Time (in minutes) to test a defined survey and identify 4 inserted script errors, starting from when the questionnaire is finished to the time testing is complete and is ready for production. (Defined Survey: Complex survey, 60 questions, comprehensive JScripting.)	Time reduced by 83% and error tracking increased by 25%

Evo's impact on Confirmit 9.0 product qualities

Results from the second quarter of using Evo. 2/2

Product quality	Description	Customer value
Performance	Max number of panelists that the system can support without exceeding a defined time for the defined task, with all components of the panel system performing acceptable.	Number of panelists increased by 1500%
Scalability	Ability to accomplish a bulk-update of X panelists within a timeframe of Z second	Number of panelists increased by 700%
Performance	Number of responses a database can contain if the generation of a defined table should be run in 5 seconds.	Number of responses increased by 1400%

Case:
Delegating Developer Environment
to Developers
using **Multimensional Engineering**

Technical debt

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Causes of technical debt include

- (a) Business pressures
- (b) Lack of process or understanding
- (c) Lack of building loosely coupled components,
- (d) Lack of test suite,
- (e) Lack of documentation,
- (f) Lack of collaboration
- (g) Parallel
- (h) Delayed Refactoring

Technical debt consequence s of poor software architecture and software development within a codebase.

There is a smarter way

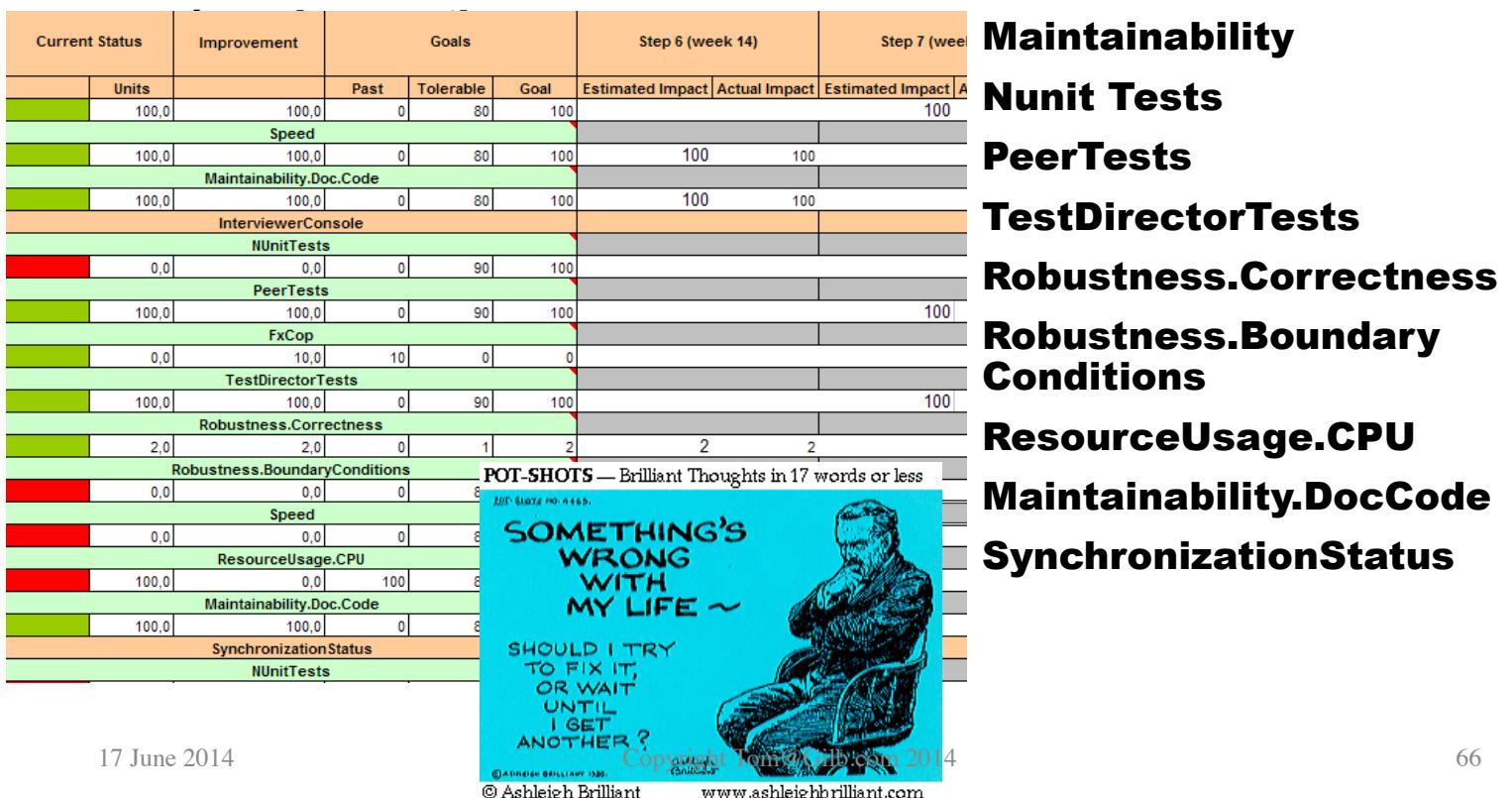
- But it means we have to become **real** software *engineers*,



- Not just- - - *softcrafter*s*

Code quality – "green" week Empowered Creativity: for Maintainability

- **Instead of Refactoring 1 day a week (failed)**
- **Let the Dev Teams engineer using 'agile' (Evo): Design Dev Quality in to their own process**
- **To meeting their own internal stakeholder Speed**



Same Process as for their External (User, Customer) stakeholders

- 1. define better quality dev and testing environment **QUANTITATIVELY**
 - Scale of measure and Goal level
- 2. Figure out, brainstorm ANY systems engineering design or architecture to get to their self determined improvement goals
 - Not just code refactoring, but any tools, processes, motivations, hardware etc that **WORK**
- 3. Implement, measure
 - Keep the stuff that works
 - Dump the stuff that does not **MEASURABLY work**

The Monthly ‘Green Week’

User Week 1

- Select a Goal
- Brainstorm Designs
- Estimate Design Impact/Cost
- Pick best design
- Implement design
- Test design
- Update Progress to Goal

User Week 2

- Select a Goal
- Brainstorm Designs
- Estimate Design Impact/Cost
- Pick best design
- Implement design
- Test design
- Update Progress to Goal

User Week 3

- Select a Goal
- Brainstorm Designs
- Estimate Design Impact/Cost
- Pick best design
- Implement design
- Test design
- Update Progress to Goal

Developer Week 4

- Select a Goal
- Brainstorm Designs
- Estimate Design Impact/Cost
- Pick best design
- Implement design
- Test design
- Update Progress to Goal

Conclusion: Technical Debt

- **Developers**

Acting like real software engineers

Can engineer technical debt reduction

It is NOT about refactoring, and patterns

though if they work measurably best, we can use them.

But, did you ever see measurement or re they just belief systems?

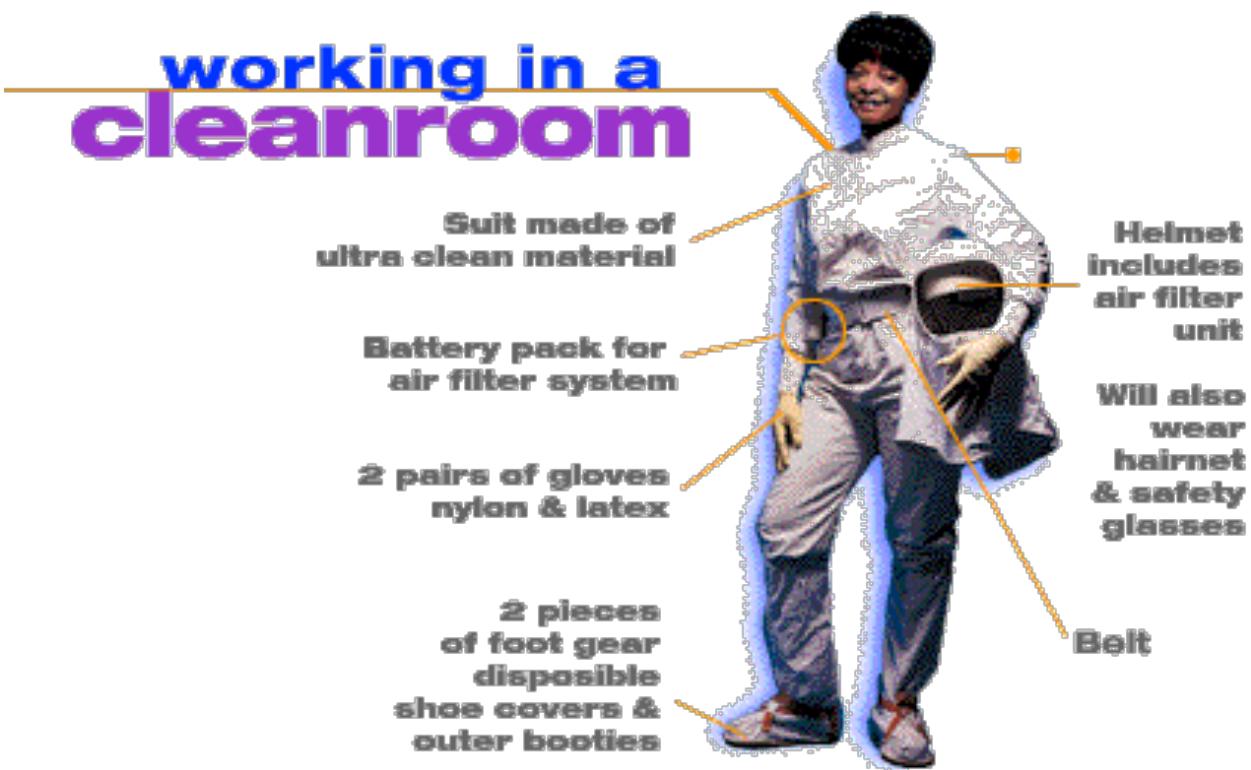
It is about mature teams, with common goals, and practical experience, taking charge of their own fate

If management resists, I suggest going on strike!

Why should we suffer agonizing technical debt, wasting 50% or more of our work hours,

Surely we have better things to do!

Cleanroom



In the Cleanroom Method, developed by IBM Harlan Mills 1970-1980 they reported: IBM SJ 4/80



- “Software Engineering began to emerge in FSD” (IBM Federal Systems Division, from 1996 a part of Lockheed Martin Marietta) “some ten years ago [Ed. about 1970] in a continuing evolution that is still underway:
- Ten years ago general management expected the worst from software projects – cost overruns, late deliveries, unreliable and incomplete software
- Today [Ed. 1980!], management has learned to expect on-time, within budget, deliveries of high-quality software. A Navy helicopter ship system, called LAMPS, provides a recent example. LAMPS software was a four-year project of over 200 person-years of effort, developing over three million, and integrating over seven million words of program and data for eight different processors distributed between a helicopter and **a ship in 45 incremental deliveries** [Ed. Note 2%!]s. **Every one of those deliveries was on time and under budget**
- A more extended example can be found in the NASA space program,
- - Where in the past ten years, FSD has managed some 7,000 person-years of software development, developing and integrating over a hundred million bytes of program and data for ground and space processors in over a dozen projects.
- - **There were few late or overrun deliveries in that decade, and none at all in the past four years.”**

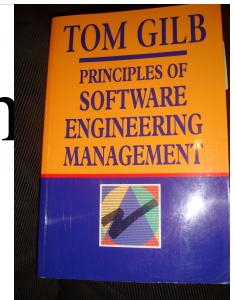


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PERFECT SOFTWARE PROJECTS: by

- “Software Engineering feedback can to emerge in
in 45 incremental deliveries
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incremental years
- Today [Ed. 1980!], management has learned to
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Quinnan: IBM FSD Cleanroom *Dynamic Design to Cost*



Quinnan describes the process control loop used by IBM FSD to ensure that cost targets are met.

'Cost management. . . yields valid cost plans linked to technical performance. Our practice carries cost management farther by introducing design-to-cost guidance. Design, development, and managerial practices are applied in an integrated way to ensure that software technical management is consistent with cost management. The method [illustrated in this book by Figure 7.10] consists of developing a design, estimating its cost, and ensuring that the design is cost-effective.' (p. 473)

-
He goes on to describe a design iteration process trying to meet cost targets by either redesign or by sacrificing 'planned capability.' When a satisfactory design at cost target is achieved for a single increment, the 'development of each increment can proceed concurrently with the program design of the others.'

'Design is an iterative process in which each design level is a refinement of the previous level.' (p. 474)

It is clear from this that they avoid the big bang cost estimation approach. Not only do they iterate in seeking the appropriate balance between cost and design for a single increment, but they iterate through a series of increments, thus reducing the complexity of the task, and increasing the probability of learning from experience, won as each increment develops, and as the true cost of the increment becomes a fact.

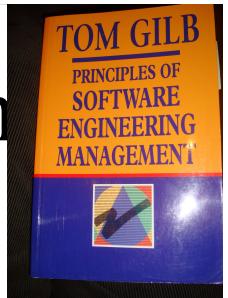
'When the development and test of an increment are complete, an estimate to complete the remaining increments is computed.' (p. 474)

Source: Robert E. Quinnan, 'Software Engineering Management Practices', IBM Systems Journal, Vol. 19, No. 4, 1980, pp. 466~77

This text is cut from Gilb: The Principles of Software Engineering Management, 1988

Quinnan: IBM FSD Cleanroom

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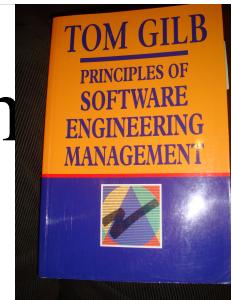
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'Cost management... yields valid cost plans linked to technical performance. Our practice carries cost management farther by introducing design-to-cost guidance. Design, development, and managerial practices are applied in an integrated way to ensure that software technical management is consistent with cost management. The method [illustrated in this book by Figure 7.10] consists of developing a design, estimating its cost, and ensuring that the design is cost-effective.' (p. 473)

-
He goes on to
sacrificing 'planned
the 'development

'Design is an iter

It is clear from
the appropriate
increments, thus
experience, won

'When the devel
increments is co

Source: Robert E. Q

This text is cut from

**iteration process
trying to meet cost
targets by either
*redesign or by
sacrificing 'planned
capability'***

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for a single increment,
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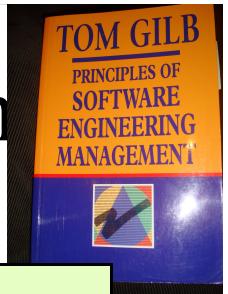
ous level.' (p. 474)

do they iterate in seeking
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J. 19, No. 4, 1980, pp. 466~77

Quinnan: IBM FSD Cleanroom *Dynamic Design to Cost*



Design is an iterative process

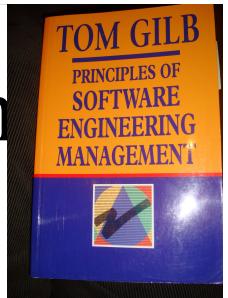
It is clear from this that they avoid the big bang cost estimation approach. Not only do they iterate in seeking the appropriate balance between cost and design for a single increment, but they iterate through a series of increments, thus reducing the complexity of the task, and increasing the probability of learning from experience, won as each increment develops, and as the true cost of the increment becomes a fact.

'When the development and test of an increment are complete, an estimate to complete the remaining increments is computed.' (p. 44)

Source: Robert E. Quinnan, 'Software Engineering Management Practices', IBM Systems Journal, Vol. 19, No. 4, 1980, pp. 466~77
This text is cut from Gilb: The Principles of Software Engineering Management, 1988

Quinnan: IBM FSD Cleanroom *Dynamic Design to Cost*

Quinnan describes the process control loop used by IBM FSD to ensure that cost targets are met.



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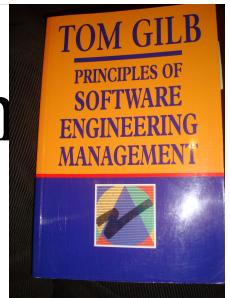
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A story of devs
refusing to be told how to design
by Bank IT architects. Focussing
on a few critical value measurable
Objectives;
and delivering **on time** for **full user**
satisfaction: 100% success
Using Agile Evo: The Engineering
Agile Method



**Richard
Smith**

“ I attended a 3-day course with you and Kai whilst at Citigroup in 2006”

17 June 2014

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Previous IT Project Management Methods: No ‘Value delivery tracking’. No change reaction ability



Richard
Smith

- “However, (**our old** project management methodology) main failings were that
- it almost **totally missed the ability to track delivery of actual value improvements to a project's stakeholders**,
- and **the ability to react to changes**
 - **in requirements and**
 - **priority**
 - **for the project's duration”**



We only had the illusion of control.
But little help to testers and analysts



Richard
Smith

- “The (old) toolset generated lots of charts and stats
- that provided **the illusion of risk control**.
- But actually provided very little help to the analysts, developers and testers actually doing the work at the coal face.”



The proof is in the pudding;



**Richard
Smith**

- “The proof is in the pudding;
- I have used Evo
(albeit in disguise sometimes)
- on two large, high-risk projects in front-office investment banking businesses,
- and several smaller tasks. “



Experience: if top level requirements are separated from design, the ‘requirements’ are **stable!**



Richard
Smith

- “On the largest critical project,
- the original ***business functions & performance objective requirements document,***
- ***which included no design,***
- essentially remained ***unchanged***
- over the **14 months** the project took to deliver,....”

“ I attended a 3-day course with you and Kai whilst at Citigroup in 2006”, Richard Smith

17 June 2014

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Dynamic (Agile, Evo) design testing: not unlike ‘Lean Startup’



**Richard
Smith**

- “... but **the detailed designs**
 - (of the GUI, business logic, performance characteristics)
- **changed many many times,**
 - guided by lessons learnt
 - and **feedback** gained by
 - delivering a succession of early deliveries
 - to real users”

“ I attended a 3-day course with you and Kai whilst at Citigroup in 2006”, Richard Smith



It looks like the stakeholders liked
the top level system qualities,
on first try



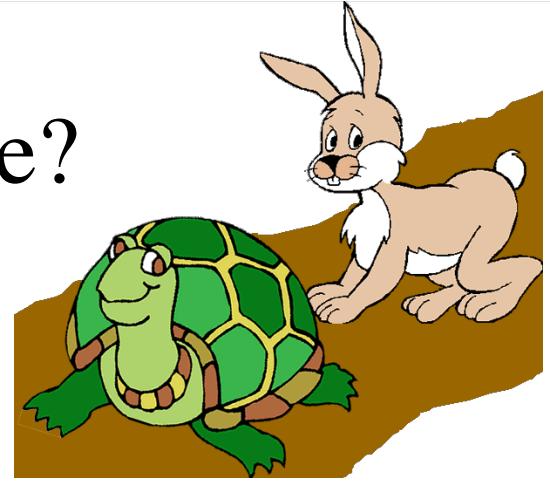
Richard
Smith

- “ In the end, the new system responsible for 10s of USD billions of notional risk,
- **successfully went live**
- **over one weekend**
- **for 800 users worldwide**,
- and **was seen as a big success**
- **by the sponsoring stakeholders.”**

“ I attended a 3-day course with you and Kai whilst at Citigroup in 2006” , Richard Smith

Is it so hard to change?

- **NOT** if we **delegate power to the people in the trenches**
 - And that means giving them information about the problems
 - Letting them be driven by **stakeholder values** and goals
 - But finding their *own* solutions to these challenges
 - And giving them a
- **YES IT IS damned HARD**
 - If managers try top down, command and control
 - And dictate solutions like agile, lean, CMMI
 - With a deadline next year
 - And hard if outside or inside consultants, are the source of the ‘big change ideas’
 - It is the **many small practical ideas** that win in the long term



My 10 Principles of Improvement

Work Environment

1. Delegate to the doers
2. Measure the improvements
3. Let troops identify common cause defects
4. Let them suggest root causes
5. Let them suggest and try cures

Product Development

6. Let troops choose the value goal to work on
7. Let them estimate the power of their ideas
8. Let them decide which design to implement
9. Let them measure the results, this week and total to date
10. Credit them for the results, and reward success



The Revolution is here

- Programmers of the world Unite!



For a free underground revolutionary Handbook
for changing
Coder -> Software Engineer.
(The Revolution)

But it might take 10,000 hours to Master it all !

Email to **Tom @ Gilb . Com**
with Subject “ACE”



Go back a slide