single deference

1 one e

$$\langle \Psi | H_0 | \Psi(k \to k') \rangle = h^{\alpha\beta} \left(-1 \right)^{\varepsilon \left(\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa'_i, \dots, \kappa_j, \dots, \kappa_n \right)} \langle 0 | \left(\prod_{\kappa = (\kappa_n \dots \kappa_2)} a_\kappa \right) a_1 a_\alpha^{\dagger} a_\beta a_{\kappa_{1'}}^{\dagger} \left(\prod_{\kappa' = (\kappa_2 \dots \kappa_n)} a_{\kappa'}^{\dagger} \right) | 0 \rangle$$

$$= (-1)^{\varepsilon \left(\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa'_i, \dots, \kappa_n \right)} h^{11'}$$

$$= (-1)^{\varepsilon \left(\kappa_1, \dots, \kappa'_i, \dots, \kappa_n \right)} h^{(1)(1')} \delta_{[1][1']}$$

$$(3)$$

2 two e

$$\langle \Psi | V | \Psi(m \to p) \rangle = (-1)^{\varepsilon(\kappa)} (1/2) * \sum_{PQRS} v^{PQRS} \langle 0 | \left(\prod_{\kappa = (\kappa_n \dots \kappa_2)} a_\kappa \right) a_m a_P^{\dagger} a_R^{\dagger} a_S a_Q a_p^{\dagger} \left(\prod_{\kappa' = (\kappa_2 \dots \kappa_n)} a_{\kappa'}^{\dagger} \right) | 0 \rangle$$

$$= (-1)^{\varepsilon(\kappa)} \sum_{n = spinIntersection} (v^{mpnn} - v^{mnnp})$$

$$= (-1)^{\varepsilon(\kappa)} \sum_{n = spinIntersection} ((mp|nn) \delta_{[m][p]} \delta_{[n][n]} - (mn|np) \delta_{[m][n]} \delta_{[n][p]})$$

$$= (6)$$