

# G0W0

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## 1 Derivation of Factors

Initially, we have the expression

$$A_{iajb} = \delta_{ij}\delta_{ab}(\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i) + (\underline{ia}|\underline{jb}) \quad (1)$$

all is in terms of spin orbitals. We want to derive the conversion into spatial orbitals.

$$(\underline{ia}|\underline{jb}) = \sum_{\sigma_1\sigma_2\sigma_3\sigma_4} \int dr_1 \int dr_2 \phi_{i,\sigma_1}(r_1) \phi_{a,\sigma_2}^*(r_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_{j,\sigma_3}(r_2) \phi_{b,\sigma_4}^*(r_2) \quad (2)$$

The spin at a given index has to be the same, So

$$= \sum_{\sigma_1\sigma_2} \int dr_1 \int dr_2 \phi_{i,\sigma_1}(r_1) \phi_{a,\sigma_1}^*(r_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_{j,\sigma_2}(r_2) \phi_{b,\sigma_2}^*(r_2) \quad (3)$$

Because we are working in a direct approximation, we only care about the Coloumb ones of

$$(ia|jb) \rightarrow (i_\alpha a_\alpha | j_\beta b_\beta), (i_\beta a_\beta | j_\alpha b_\alpha); (i_\alpha a_\alpha | j_\alpha b_\alpha), (i_\beta a_\beta | j_\beta b_\beta) \quad (4)$$

which 2 does this correspond to and is my logic correct? Next, we have:

$$W_{p,q,i,a} = \sum_{\underline{p,q,i,a}} (\underline{pq}|\underline{ia}) \quad (5)$$

which is the same as

$$W_{p,q,i,a} = \sum_{p,q,i,a} \sum_{\sigma_1\sigma_2\sigma_3\sigma_4} \int dr_1 \int dr_2 \phi_{p\sigma_1}(r_1) \phi_{q\sigma_2}^*(r_1) \frac{1}{r_{12}} \phi_{i\sigma_3}(r_2) \phi_{a\sigma_4}^*(r_2) \quad (6)$$

I am not sure where to go from here.