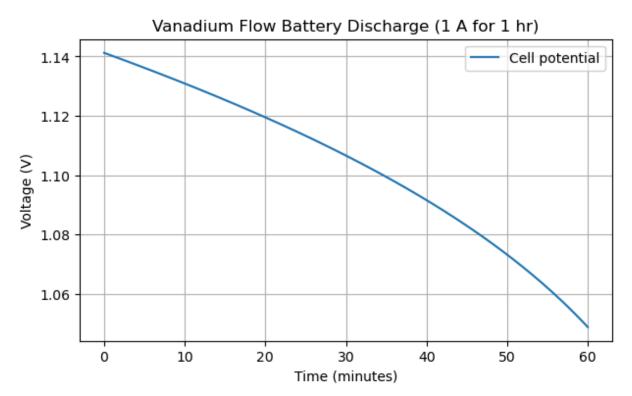
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```
In [5]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from math import log, asinh
        #3a
        # Constants
                    # C/mol
        F = 96485
        R = 8.314
                     # J/(mol*K)
        T = 298
                      # K
        alpha = 0.5
        # Given data
        i0 = 0.5
                    # A/m^2 (exchange current density)
        A = 1.0
                     # m^2 (electrode area)
        I = 1.0
                      # A (total current)
        V = 1.0
                       # L
        E_eq_0 = 1.35 \# V  this is the value computed in ps2a
        # Initial concentrations (mol/L)
        ci v2 = 0.1
        ci_v3 = 0.1
        ci vo2p = 1.0
        ci_vo2pp = 1.0
        pH = 1
        cH = 10**(-pH)
        time = np.linspace(0, 3600, 200) # seconds
        I density = I / A
                                          # A/m^2
        v_h = -2
        v vo2p = +1
        v_vo2pp = -1
        v v3p = +1
        v v2p = -1
        # Helper functions
        def conc(ci, I, F, V, t, vi):
            return ci + (I * vi / (F * V)) * t
        def E_eq(E_eq_0, c_vo2p, c_vo2pp, c_v3p, c_v2p, cH):
            return E_{eq_0} - (R * T / F) * log((c_vo2p / (c_vo2pp * cH**2)) * (c_v3p)
        def overpotential(i, i0, alpha):
            # We are able to use the sinh form since alpha = 0.5
            return (2 * R * T / F) * asinh(i / (2 * i0))
        # Compute everything over time
        Ecell values = []
        for t in time:
            # concentrations at time t
            c_v2_t = conc(ci_v2, I, F, V, t, v_v2p)
            c_v3_t = conc(ci_v3, I, F, V, t, v_v3p)
            c_{vo2p_t} = conc(ci_{vo2p}, I, F, V, t, v_{vo2p})
```

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```
c_{vo2pp_t} = conc(ci_{vo2pp_t}, I, F, V, t, v_{vo2pp_t})
    c_h_t = conc(cH, I, F, V, t, v_h)
    # print(c h t)
    Eeq_t = E_eq(E_eq_0, c_vo2p_t, c_vo2pp_t, c_v3_t, c_v2_t, c_h_t)
    eta_anode = overpotential(I_density, i0, alpha)
    eta cathode = overpotential(I density, i0, alpha)
    Ecell t = Eeg t - (eta anode + eta cathode)
    Ecell_values.append(Ecell_t)
# Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))
plt.plot(time[:len(Ecell values)]/60, Ecell values, label="Cell potential")
plt.xlabel("Time (minutes)")
plt.ylabel("Voltage (V)")
plt.legend()
plt.title("Vanadium Flow Battery Discharge (1 A for 1 hr)")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
#3b
power efficiency = 0
for t in time:
   # concentrations at time t
   c_v2_t = conc(ci_v2, I, F, V, t, v_v2p)
   c_v3_t = conc(ci_v3, I, F, V, t, v_v3p)
   c_{vo2p_t} = conc(ci_{vo2p_t}, I, F, V, t, v_{vo2p_t})
    c_{vo2pp_t} = conc(ci_{vo2pp_t}, I, F, V, t, v_{vo2pp_t})
    c_h_t = conc(cH, I, F, V, t, v_h)
    Eeq_t = E_eq(E_eq_0, c_vo2p_t, c_vo2pp_t, c_v3_t, c_v2_t, c_h_t)
    eta_anode = overpotential(I_density, i0, alpha)
    eta_cathode = overpotential(I_density, i0, alpha)
    V discharge = Eeg t - eta cathode - eta anode
    V_charge = Eeq_t + eta_cathode + eta_anode
    power efficiency += V discharge / V charge
print("Power efficiency over the cycle:", power_efficiency / len(time))
```

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Power efficiency over the cycle: 0.8589377649352695

In []: