ps3_ipynb

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[11]: # p2a
     import numpy as np
     # we want to compute different values for error
     # approximation is \frac{F \eta}{RT}
     \hookrightarrow-\frac{\alpha c F \eta}{RT} \right) =
     F = 96485.3329 \# C/mol
     R = 8.3145 \# J/(mol*K)
     T = 298.15 \# K
     transfer = [(0.5, 0.5), (0.1, 0.9)]
     taylor_eta_values = [0.01, 0.02, 0.05] # V
     for alpha_a, alpha_c in transfer:
          for eta in taylor_eta_values:
               approximation = (F * eta) / (R * T)
               exact = np.exp((alpha_a * F * eta) / (R * T)) - np.exp((-alpha_c * F_{\sqcup}
       →* eta) / (R * T))
               error = (exact - approximation) / exact * 100
               print(f"Alpha_a: {alpha_a}, Alpha_c: {alpha_c}, Eta: {eta} V, Error: U
      →{error:.2f}%")
     print("----")
     # p2b
     tafel eta values = [0.05, 0.1, 0.2] # V
     tafel_eta_values = [-x for x in tafel_eta_values] # Correct way
     for alpha_a, alpha_c in transfer:
          for eta in tafel_eta_values:
               approximation = -np.exp(-(alpha_c * F * eta) / (R * T))
               exact = np.exp((alpha_a * F * eta) / (R * T)) - np.exp((-alpha_c * F_{\sqcup}
       →* eta) / (R * T))
               error = (exact - approximation) / exact * 100
               print(f"Alpha_a: {alpha_a}, Alpha_c: {alpha_c}, Eta: {eta} V, Error:
       Alpha_a: 0.5, Alpha_c: 0.5, Eta: 0.01 V, Error: 0.63%
     Alpha_a: 0.5, Alpha_c: 0.5, Eta: 0.02 V, Error: 2.48%
     Alpha_a: 0.5, Alpha_c: 0.5, Eta: 0.05 V, Error: 14.20%
```

Alpha_a: 0.1, Alpha_c: 0.9, Eta: 0.01 V, Error: -16.11% Alpha_a: 0.1, Alpha_c: 0.9, Eta: 0.02 V, Error: -33.14% Alpha_a: 0.1, Alpha_c: 0.9, Eta: 0.05 V, Error: -86.89%

```
Alpha_a: 0.5, Alpha_c: 0.5, Eta: -0.05 V, Error: -16.66%
    Alpha_a: 0.5, Alpha_c: 0.5, Eta: -0.1 V, Error: -2.08%
    Alpha_a: 0.5, Alpha_c: 0.5, Eta: -0.2 V, Error: -0.04%
    Alpha_a: 0.1, Alpha_c: 0.9, Eta: -0.05 V, Error: -16.66%
    Alpha_a: 0.1, Alpha_c: 0.9, Eta: -0.1 V, Error: -2.08%
    Alpha_a: 0.1, Alpha_c: 0.9, Eta: -0.2 V, Error: -0.04%
import sympy as sp
    # I want to evaluate \frac{RT \ln 10}{(n+\beta eta q)} for beta = 1/2
    n, q = sp.symbols('n q')
    beta = 1/2
    R = 8.314 \# J/(mol*K)
    T = 298
               # K
    F = 96485 \# C/mol
    expr = (R * sp.ln(10)) / ((n + beta * q) * F)
    print(expr.simplify())
    exp2 = R*T*sp.ln(10)/F
    print(exp2.simplify())
```

19.1436924631525/(96485*n + 48242.5*q)

0.0591265000157479