# Creating Subdomain WordPress CMS Websites

On a Web Host, Like SiteGround

## Learning Objectives

- Learn how to create subdomain WordPress sites on a web host (like SiteGround) using CPanel
- Understand the difference between In-Directory and sub domain websites

# Creating a Subdomain WordPress CMS site is a multi-step process

- First create the subdomain
- Second Create an admin email account for the subdomain
- Third create a WordPress site as a subdomain site, not an in-directory site

#### STEP 1 – Access Your Web Host

## Open a web browser and navigate to the SiteGround web host login page

#### Web Hosting Services by SiteGround

www.siteground.com/ \*

Quality-crafted web hosting: top site speed, unmatched security, 24/7 fast support! Trusted by 250000 domains.

#### Login

User Login. Username: Password: Forgot Your Password? Login ...

#### Joomla Templates

High-quality Joomla templates to best suit your website: personal ...

Web Hosting

#### SiteGround reviews

Unedited SiteGround reviews compiled since 2004 posted by ...

#### Free Templates

The best collection of FREE themes and templates for Open ...

Contact us

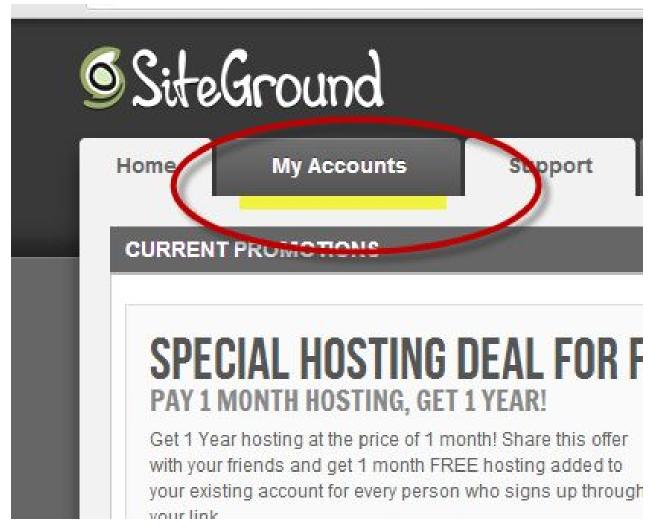
## STEP 2 – Login to Your Web Host

Login to your web host account



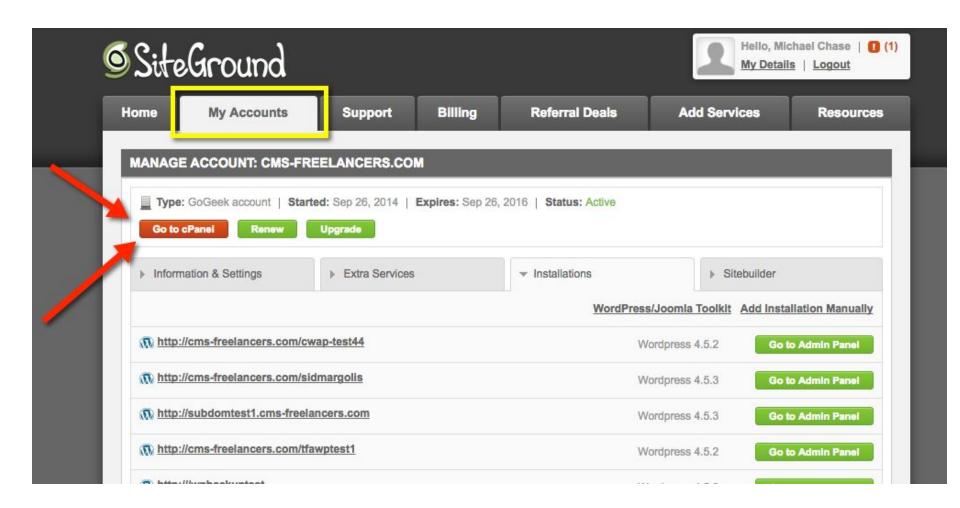
## STEP 3 – My Accounts

Select the "My Accounts" tab



#### STEP 4 - cPanel

#### Select the "Go to cPanel" button



## Sub domain vs. In-Directory CMS Sites

- We will be creating only in-directory CMS sites in IT320 for activities and assignments
- If you want to practice with sub-domain CMS you may need a non-free SiteGround account.
  - Last quarter I noticed that some of the student free accounts did not support sub domain site creation
- Please check your web host to see if your account supports both types
- IT 320 Assignments will only be in-directory sites

### Sub Domains On SiteGround

 The following slides are for those who wish to experiment with CMS sites as sub domain sites.

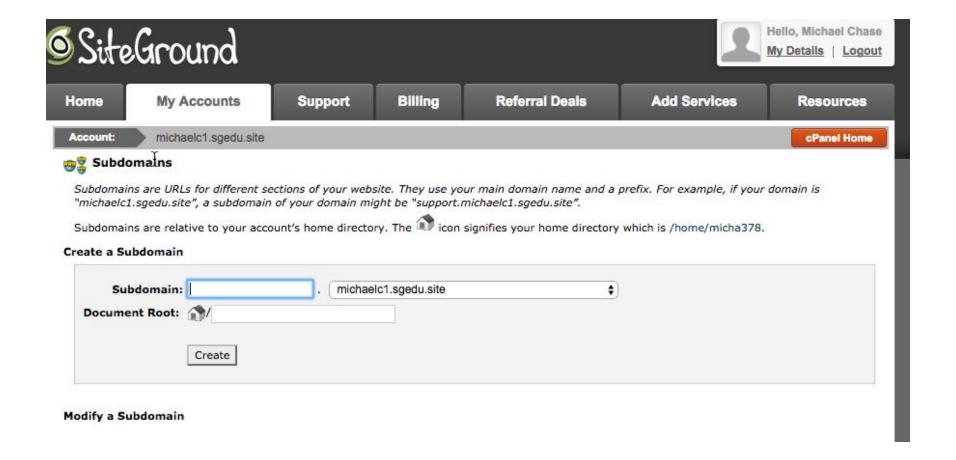
## Creating Sub domain WordPress Sites

- Sub domains are URLs for different sections of your website. They use your main domain name and a prefix.
- For example, if your domain is michaelc1.sgedu.site a sub-domain named support of your domain would be michaelc1.sgedu.site
- Sub domains are relative to your account's home directory.
- The icon signifies your home directory which is /home/michaelc1.sgedu.site.

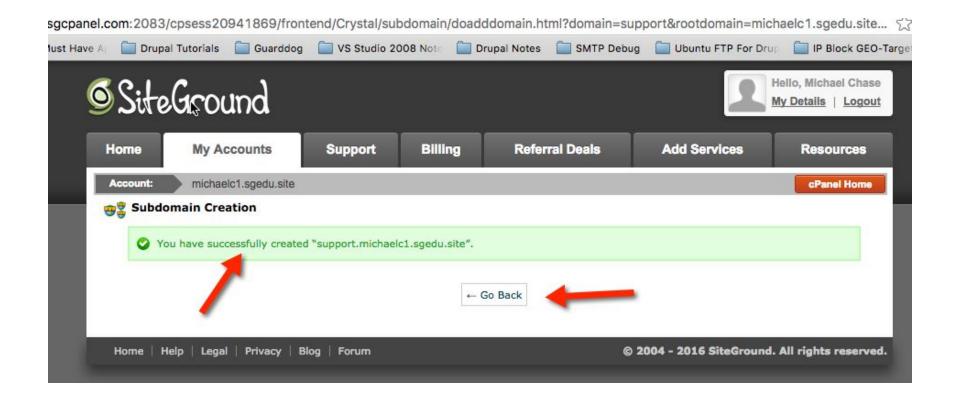
## Create the Subdomain cPanel Select Subdomains



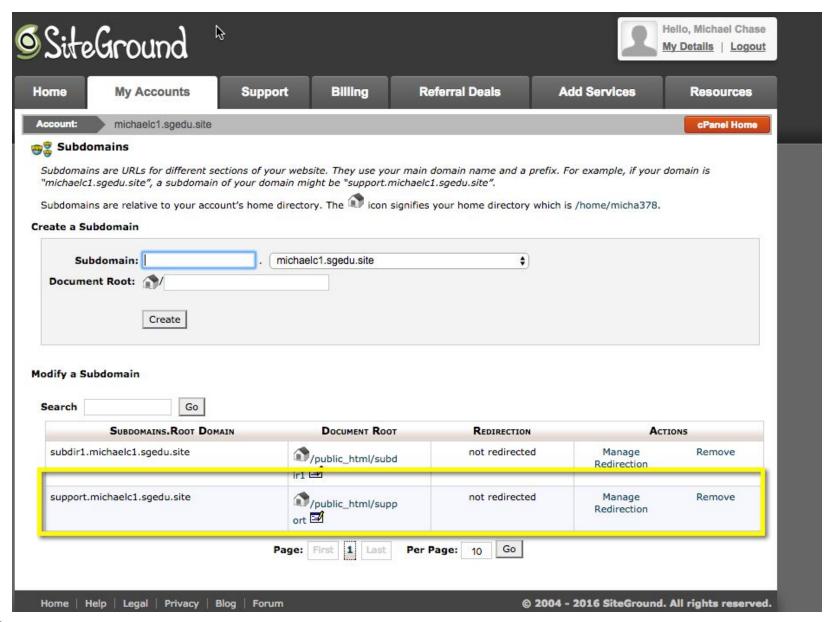
# Enter the Subdomain name "support" and press Create



# The subdomain has been created Select the Go Back button

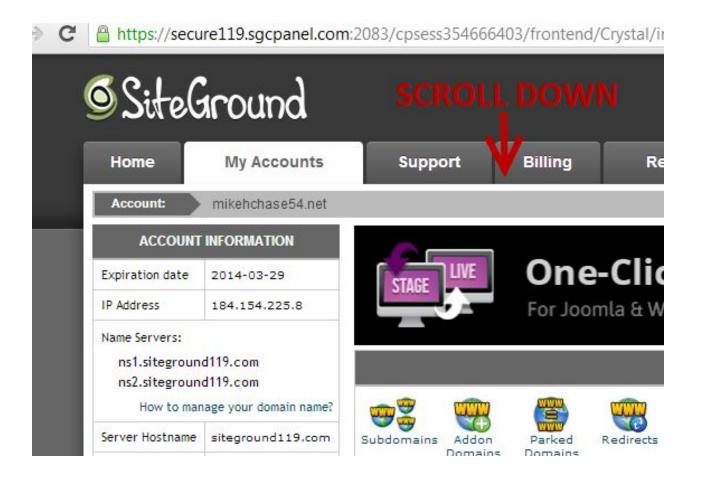


#### The list of subdomains on my Free Student SiteGround Account



#### Create the WordPress Site

Go to the cPanel and scroll down the cPanel until you see the SITEBUILDING SOFTWARE section



# Create a Subdomain Admin Email ACCOUNT

- When you create the Subdomain WordPress site, the build script is expecting an existing Administrator email account for the subdirectory
- Let's Create one for the "support" subdomain

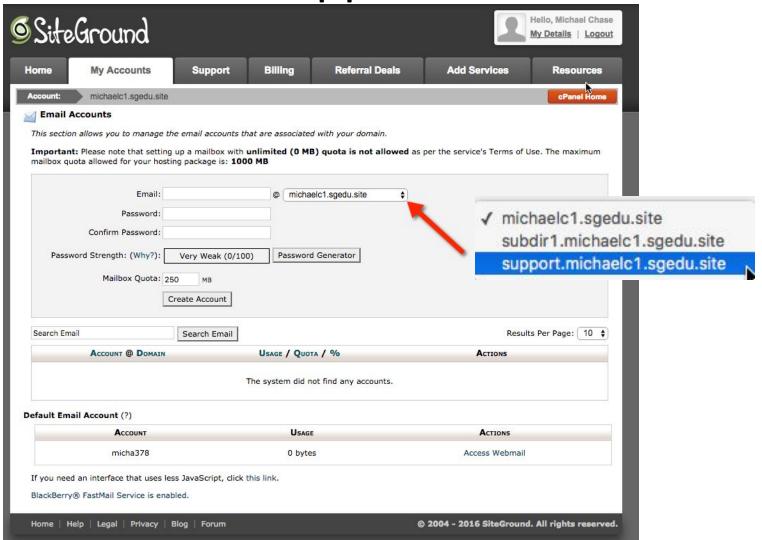
# cPanel – Scroll down and select Email Accounts icon

| Monthly Transfer  | 0 bytes / ∞ MB |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Email Accounts    | 0/∞            |
| Subdomains        | 2 / ∞          |
| Parked Domains    | 0/∞            |
| Addon Domains     | 0/0            |
| FTP Accounts      | 0/∞            |
| All SQL Databases | 0/∞            |

expand stats

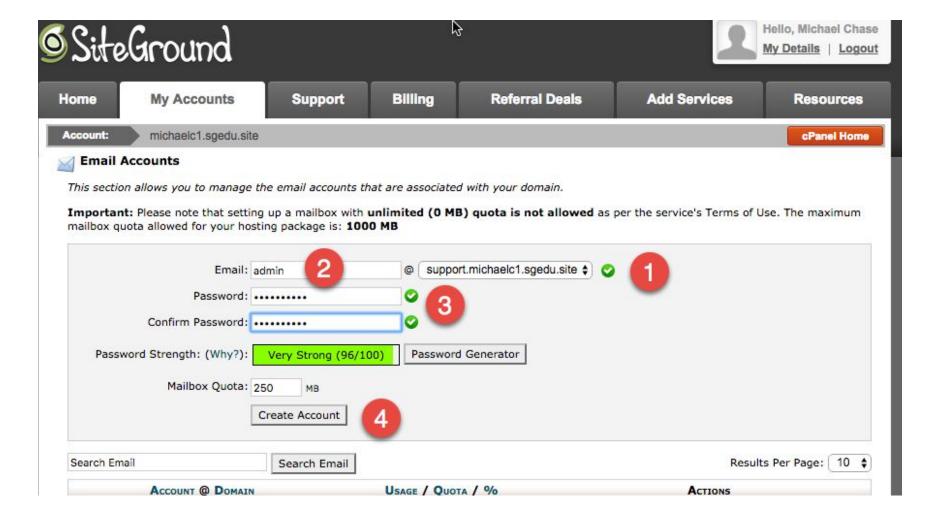


Open the domain dropdown list and select the support subdomain

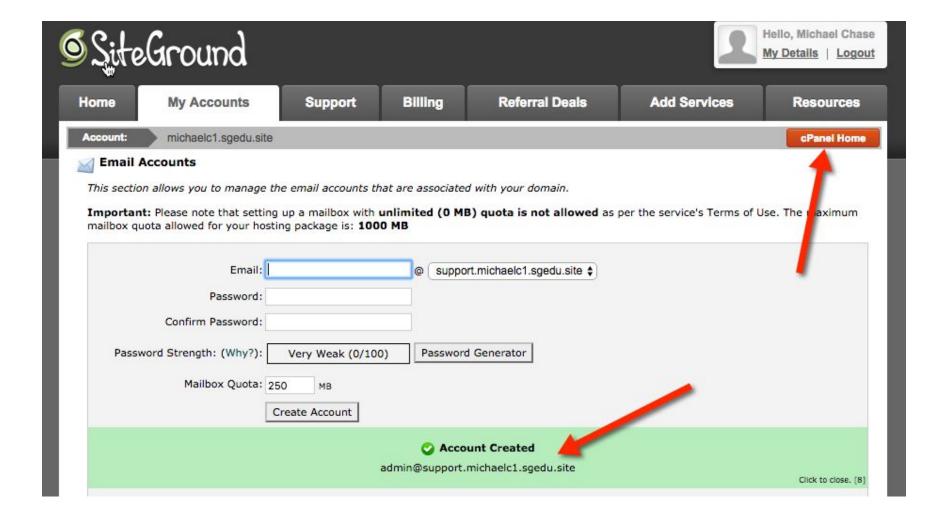


## (1) Select correct subdomain(2) Enter admin

## (3) Strong password & Confirm password (4) Create the account



## Account Created, Go back to cPanel Home



#### Select the WordPress icon in the AUTOINSTALLERS section

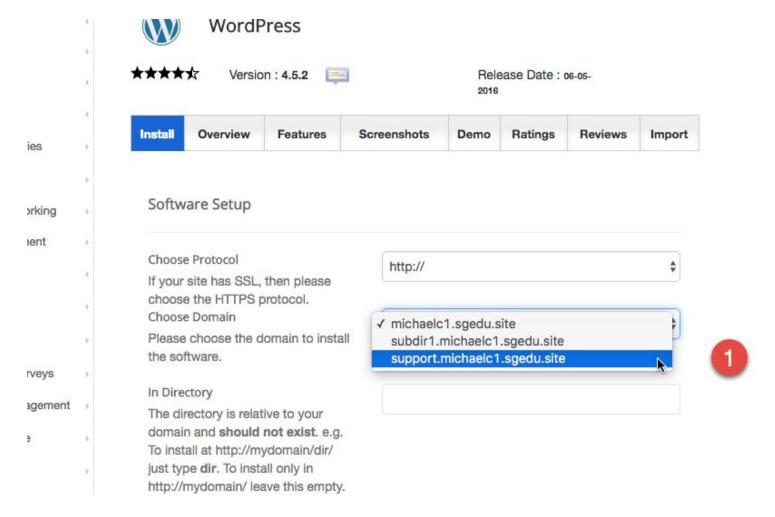


#### STEP 7

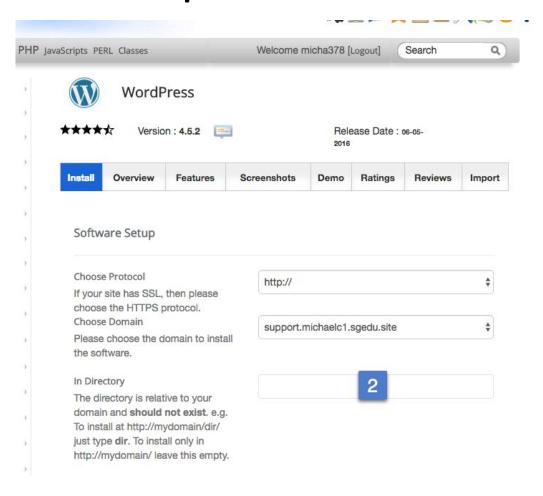
#### Select the "Install" button



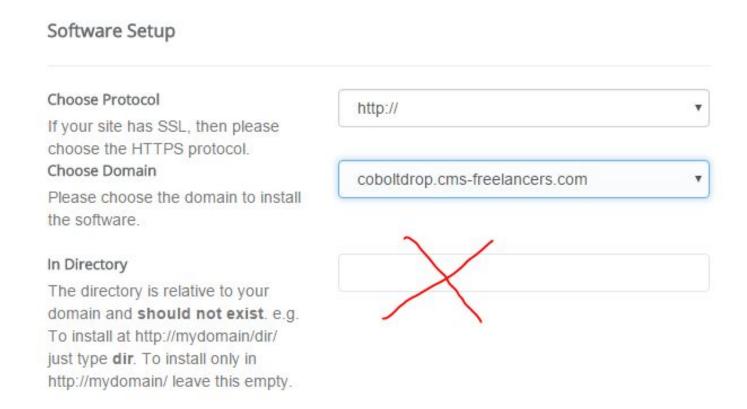
# Select the Choose correct domain name dropdown



# DO NOT ENTER an In Directory The build script will still create a folder



## Do Not Enter In Directory Name



#### DO NOT Enter an In Directory name

SiteGround will still create a folder for the site

# Step 9 Enter the Site Name And Description



- (C) Replace "My Blog" with your WordPress Site Name
- (D) Replace "My WordPress Blog" with your **site description**

# Don't Check Enable Multisite (this option is very new)



#### STEP 10 – User Name and Password

The WP Site Create Form – Page 3
SiteGround enforces safe Admin Passwords. You
must have a password rating of at least 51/100
NOTICE THE Amin Email – It's the admin we added

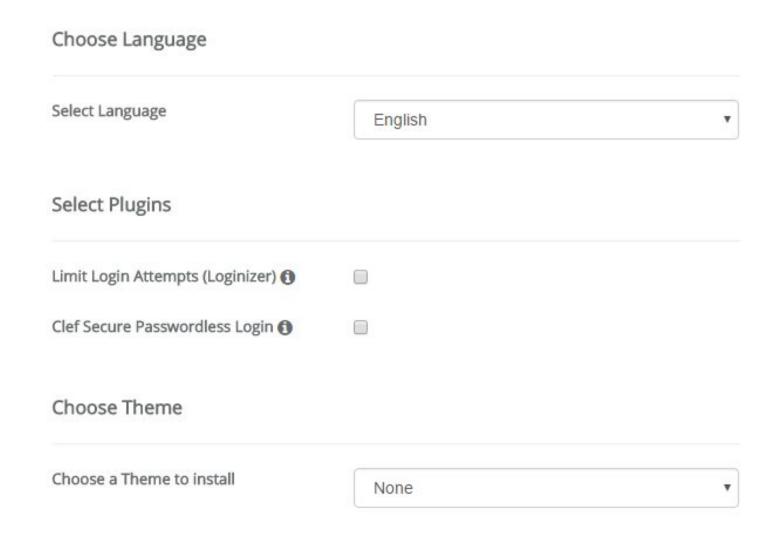


## Step 10 User Name And Password

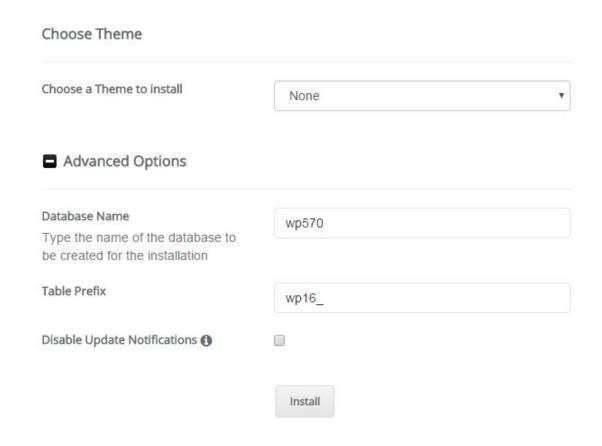
- This one click setup script is using an auto-generated user name and password
  - That's a good thing
- You can change the user name, please never change it to "admin" or "Admin" or "administrator" or "Administrator" ← These names are unsafe!
- Record the user name and password somewhere safe
  - I either keep a password protected document on my desktop of CMS site user names and passwords
  - Or I use the same user name and password for my sites.
    - If I'm doing Drupal sites, this pays off when I have to update a lot of them quickly.

## Keep default language

#### Do not set theme on create site



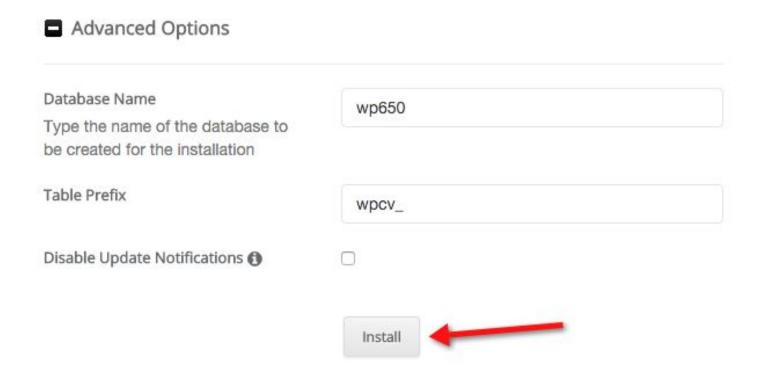
# Open Advanced Options Keep default database name and table prefix Write them down



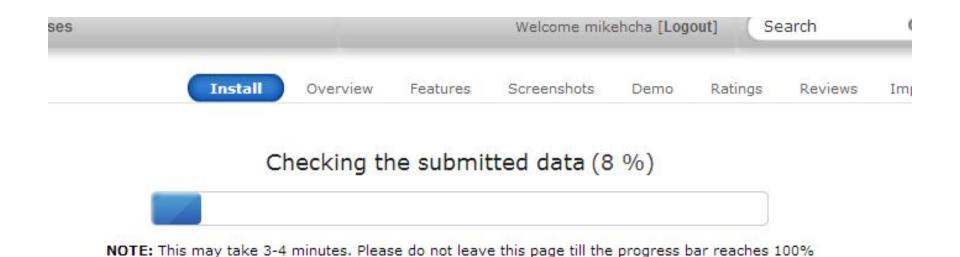
# Selected Plugins Is Up To You: I un-check Limit logins so in case I screw up the login, I do not lock myself out of the site

# Select Plugins Limit Login Attempts (Loginizer) Clef Secure Passwordless Login Choose Theme

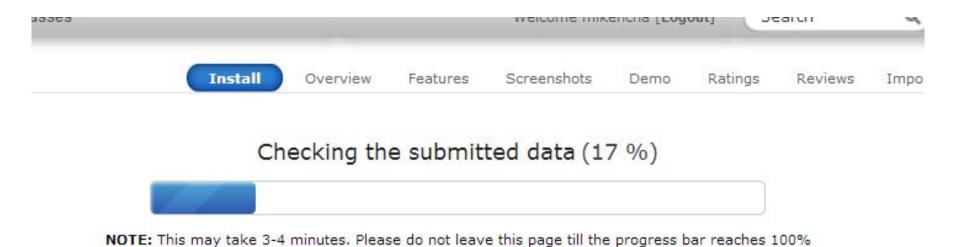
# Record Database Name and Table Prefix, and Press Install



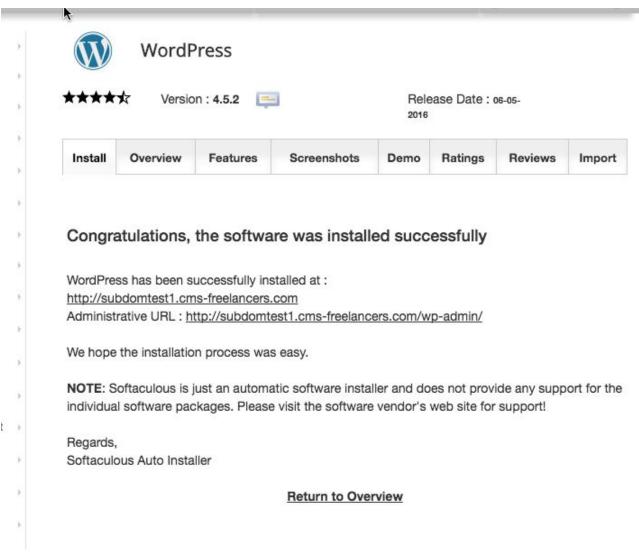
## SiteGround Building your New CMS Site...



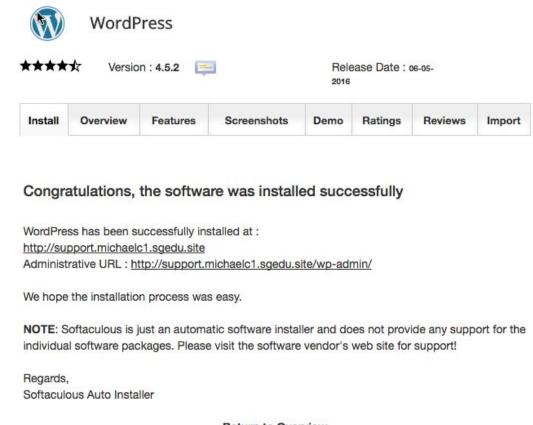
## Building The Site...



# Finished Page Displays with 2 URLs

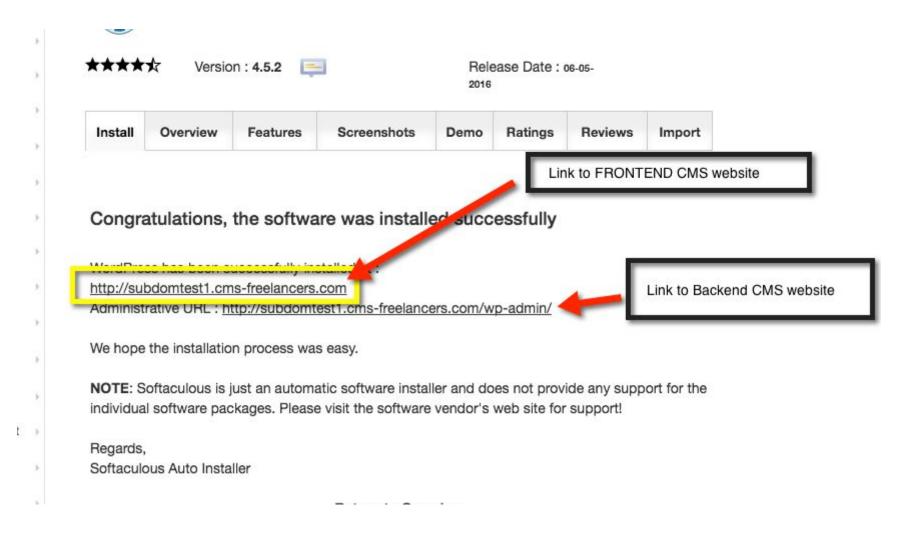


# 2nd Example Subdomain Site support@michaelc1.sgedu.site



Return to Overview

## Finished Page Displays with 2 URLs – CMS Front & Backend URLs



## Congratulations

- You have a WordPress CMS subdomain website
- So what do you really have?
  - A Content Management Application (CMA)
    - Also known as the backend & it's a CMS Website
    - Also know as the <u>Admin Interface</u>
  - A Content Delivery Application (CDA)
    - Also known as the front end & it's a CMS Website
    - Also know as the client facing interface (CFI)
  - A whole lot of source files on the SiteGround File
     System in a folder under your host Web-Root folder.
    - This code is the CMA & CDA
  - A database (MySQL) to store all the content and settings info